

InFocus User Manual - Current (v2019)

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1 Getting Started

Overview

InFocus is a dynamic solution that bridges form and function to create a powerful user experience. Understanding InFocus is paramount to running a successful system. The InFocus User Manual is simply a reflection of these concepts and acts as a guide to the end user. Browse the manual by chapter/topic (descriptions below) or by clicking the "Search" link displayed above. If questions arise beyond the reach of this manual, please feel free to contact us directly via <u>Clearview Support</u>. Enjoy!

Getting Started

Includes an overview on InFocus core functionality, navigation and technical specs.

InFocus Foundations

Provides a walk-through of the InFocus User Interface (UI) and discusses key InFocus concepts and Terminology.

InFocus Setup

Walks through the setup of InFocus from the ground up.

InFocus Modules and Applets

Provides a comprehensive, detailed description of each area within InFocus.

InFocus System Reports

Provides a description of each report that comes shipped with InFocus.

InFocus Tutorials

Provides a step-by-step guide to standard processes used in InFocus.

InFocus Advanced

Provides a guide to advanced processes used in InFocus.

1.1 InFocus Overview

InFocus Core Features

InFocus is a dynamically deployed, A&E geared solution that focuses on the following features

Dashboard

Always up-to-date, visual view of your firm's most vital information. Customize it with dozens of widgets and tiles.

Accounting

Full real-time accounting and our Automated Reverse Entry System means up-to-date reports and fewer mistakes.

Project Planning

Top Down, Bottom Up, or somewhere in between. It's your project, InFocus lets you decide how to manage it.

Actions (Automated Workflow)

New

Actions are powerful sql-based macros that allow endless possibilities for automating even the most complex workflows.

Project Central New

A project manager's best friend. Quickly see how every project is doing and easily manage budget and resources.

Billing

The industry's most powerful invoicing system allows you to create any invoice your client requires.

Resource Allocations

Easily see real-time utilization by job title or employee and compare scheduled versus available.

Accounts Receivable

Up to 6 Aging Periods, support for multiple A/R Accounts, customizable Statements of Account and more.

Marketing & Sales

Track prospects, clients and contacts and maintain a centralized calendar. No need for a separate CRM.

Time & Expense

Power and mobility. Enter time and expenses at your desktop or with your iOS or Android mobile device

Project Management

Extensive reporting and online bill review that helps bridge the gap between accounting and project managers.

Multi-currency New

Multi-currency is now built into the heart of InFocus so you can do business from anywhere to anywhere.

Org. Units & Profit Centers

Establish unlimited divisions, offices, departments or work groups. Opening a new branch is a simple copy and paste.

Navigation

InFocus utilizes a *Module>Applet* approach where the Module represents the area of core functionality and the Applet represents the child activities. InFocus navigates from left to right: When selecting a Module>Applet, InFocus displays the interactive contents (Tabs, Buttons, Grids, etc) of the selected applet.

Getting Started Tutorials

The following brief video tutorials will be foundational to your understanding of InFocus.

2 InFocus Foundations

2.1 InFocus User Interface

2.1.1 InFocus UI Basics

Overview

The InFocus User Interface (UI) is designed to be a user-friendly work environment. Below are the major features of the UI.

General Navigation

InFocus utilizes a *Module>Applet* approach where the Module represents the area of core functionality and the Applet the on-screen activities. For purposes of this manual, InFocus locations are referenced as follows (for example): *Project Management>Project Central*. InFocus navigates from left to right: When selecting a Module>Applet, InFocus displays the interactive contents (Tabs, Buttons, Grids, etc) of the selected applet. The InFocus main screen additionally supports Split Tab making it easy for users to cross reference work or view applet information side by side. Additionally, many InFocus screens contain hyperlinks which allow you to quickly navigate to a specific record.

Favorites

Favorites allow you to pin **applets** and key **reports** to the **main menu**. Favorited applets also support Open on Login. More on working with Favorites

2.1.2 Standard Toolbar Options

Overview

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. That being said, the following menu options are always available.

Toolbar Options

- File Give the following options:
 - o Dashboard Brings up the Dashboard. More on Dashboards.
 - o New Creates a new record.
 - Save Saves current changes to the record.
 - o Delete Deletes the currently loaded record.
 - Logout Logs the user out of InFocus.
 - Exit Closes out of InFocus completely.
- Help Gives the following options:
 - o Change Password Allows the currently logged in user to change their password.
 - o About Displays current InFocus application information
 - o Manual Opens a web version of the InFocus User Manual.
 - Support Opens the following options:

- Clearview Support Launches Clearview Support.
- Personal Support Key Launches Clearview Support, bypassing login with a generated user support key
- Webex Launches Clearview Support remote assistance via WebEx
- New Creates a new record.
- Copy Copies the currently loaded record, prompting for the information needed to create the new record (e.g. New Code, New Name, etc.)
- Save Saves the currently loaded record.
- Delete Deletes the currently loaded record.
- UDF Designer Brings up the UDF Designer. More on User Defined Fields.
- Print All "Applet Name" When clicked, the user is directed to the Applet List report. Each of the Master File Applets have a "List Report" that gives you a quick printout of the data.

2.1.3 Searching and Lookups

Overview

The Lookup Control offers alternate ways to narrow down your choices within an Applet Screen throughout the InFocus program. The Lookup Control is an important tool to use when you are searching through hundreds and thousands of rows of data. The Lookup Control is usually found on the top right of your screen, but may also appear in other areas of the InFocus interface.

Object Lookup Control



Capabilities

- <u>Pressing "Enter" or "Tabbing Out"</u> Throughout InFocus, each lookup object has unique lookup properties (i.e., code, path, etc.). If you type in the unique record identifier (e.g., employee code in employee screen, client code in Client screen) and then hit **Enter** (or **Tab Out**) it will bring up the corresponding record. Each lookup object has different lookup filters. Use the different filters to narrow down your search.
- <u>Pressing the magnifying glass</u> By pressing the magnifying glass, you will get a window showing all of
 the unique record identifiers available in that section. You can narrow down your search by using the F3
 and F4 buttons (illustrated below).
- Option: Auto Fill Lookup Forms (located in <u>Administration>Global Settings>General Tab</u>) When checked, all active records for master field applets will display in the lookup list when the magnifying glass is clicked. For journal screens it means all records since transactions are not marked active/inactive.
- <u>Using the F4 button</u> When in the Lookup box, type in at least two characters of what you are searching for, then push F4. Any item that contains the characters in the code or name field will be returned.

- <u>Journal Searching</u> InFocus Journals offer some great search options listed below. Quickly pull up recent transactions or search on key information.
 - a. F3 Pressing F3 from the lookup box brings back the 10 most recent transactions within the Journal.
 - b. Key Search fields Start typing in the Journal lookup box and InFocus will return a filtered list of results according to the key search fields below:
 - i. Sales Sales Transaction ID and Invoice Number
 - ii. Receipts Receipts Transaction ID, Check Number and Sales Invoice Number
 - iii. Purchases Purchase Transaction ID and Invoice Number
 - iv. Disbursements Disbursements Transaction ID, Check Number and Purchases Invoice Number

2.1.4 InFocus Navigator

Overview

This is an extremely powerful search (navigation) function. It affects the most commonly used screens and makes finding transactions and/or records much easier. The selections available in the InFocus Navigator are driven by data queries. Each of these system queries can be edited as needed. Additionally, custom queries can be written to be utilized by the Navigator. Navigator queries (system and custom) are edited in Navigator Queries">Litilities>Navigator Queries. Below is a discussion of this applet. For a list of available queries, click here

*Keystroke Note: Utilize the InFocus Navigator by clicking Ctrl + Tab and selecting Navigator in the Tools section of the pop up.

Navigator Queries

Utilities>Navigator Queries

<u>Queries Drop-down</u> - When you click on the drop-down, a list of both system and custom queries to select show up here. The queries in the list are specific to the applet that you are currently in (Fig. 1 is currently in the Projects applet).

Query Return Window - The window displays the results of the query selected in the Drop-down.

<u>Queue Window</u> - This window displays all items selected from the Query Return Window. To get items to display here, Left-click and highlight the items. Next, click the Add To Queue button. Once items are here, you are able to move through them using the arrows at the bottom of the window.

Note - You are able to export the gueries to Excel for personal use.

References

Navigator

2.1.5 Grids

Overview

InFocus leverages dynamic grids for maximum convenience and usability. Nearly all grids throughout InFocus have been enhanced with the functionality described below. Reports are also enhanced with a View Data option which presents the reported data in a grid view.

- Arrow Key Navigation Easily navigate through cells using your arrow keys
- Type to Edit To edit the cell of a grid, simply start typing in editable cells
- <u>Link Throughs</u> All Journal Grids and many other system grids display link throughs to corresponding
 applets. For example: link directly to the Projects applet from the Sales Journal detail. The selected
 project will load with the applet. This can be accessed by the hot key combination Ctrl+L
- <u>Column Order and Width persistence</u> User changes made to grids are dynamically recalled by the system.
- <u>Custom Columns</u> Most grids give you the option to create custom columns. Custom Columns are
 available when you see a second tab labeled "Custom Columns" when the Column Chooser is open.
 Custom Columns are available to everyone and give you the ability to create private custom columns with
 the data available in that grid. If you are granted the "Can Manage Public Custom Columns" right, located
 in Employees / Employee Information, you have the ability to create "Public" custom columns that will
 appear for all users.
- Column Chooser Allows the user to view additional columns relevant to the grid displayed.
- Row Numbers
- <u>Grid Export</u> All dynamic grids can be exported to multiple formats by using the hot key combination: Ctrl +Shift+E.

Grid Functions

Description - Sorting and/or filtering grids offers alternate ways of narrowing down and ordering data for easier viewing.

Sorting

You are able to sort any column in InFocus by clicking on the column header. If you click on the same column header again, it will reverse sort.

Filtering

By clicking on the funnel located in the column header, you are able to narrow down your results.

References

The following tutorial details grid functionality and customization.

Base Grids

2.1.6 Keyboard Shortcuts

Overview

Keyboard shortcuts offer alternate ways of invoking a command that would otherwise be accessible only through different levels of the InFocus user interface. Keyboard shortcuts expedite common InFocus operations.

Keyboard Shortcut Descriptions

- Ctrl + Tab: Toggles between open Applets and Navigator options
- Ctrl + L: Auto-clicks a cell's drill through link when the cell is highlighted
- Ctrl + Shift + E: Exports the content of a grid (multiple formats supported)
- Ctrl + W: Exports the content of a grid to Microsoft Word
- Ctrl + P: Exports the content of a grid to Print View
- Ctrl + N, R, B, W or H: Sets the Bill Status of a highlighted row(s) respectively in the PA Bill Review
 Applet. Note, you can highlight multiple rows by either holding your cursor down and dragging or using
 Shift+Click. Below is each command with corresponding Bill Status.
 - Ctrl + N = Never Bill
 - Ctrl + R = Ready to Bill
 - Ctrl + B = Billed
 - Ctrl + W = Write Off
 - Ctrl + H = Hold
- **Delete** (Grids): Deletes a highlighted Grid row(s). Note, you can highlight multiple rows by either holding your cursor down and dragging or using Shift+Click.
- **F2**: Copy/Pastes grid rows. F2 will copy the content of a highlighted grid row and paste (insert) it into a new row. Likewise, if a new row is highlighted, F2 will copy the previous row to the new row.

- **F3**: Displays the the 10 most recent transactions from a Journal Lookup box. From any Journal Lookup, pressing F3 will bring back a list of the 10 most recent transactions
- **F4**: Auto-searches from the Lookup based on the entered search text. For instance, from the Sales Journal Lookup, typing "10" and pressing F4 will display Invoice Numbers and Transaction ID's that contain "10".

2.2 Key Concepts and Terms

2.2.1 Glossary

Overview

The following is an alphabetized list of commonly used terms throughout InFocus and the InFocus Manual.

Key Terms

- Applet The subcategories seen when you click a tab on the sidebar (ie. Click Personal, Applets Expense Sheets, My Work Orders, Time sheets). Applets are a part of the InFocus application where
 security can be established. Everything at the second level of the Main Menu is an applet. Applets can be
 thought of as screens.
- Bad Debt The write off of open accounts receivable.
- Base Code The part of a general ledger account that describes the account but does not include an
 organizational unit.
- Bill Rate The rate that is billed to the client.
- Bill Terms Node (Project Level) The node where most project attributes are assigned. This will usually be the top node, but in the case of the presence of a roll-up node, it will be the second level node.
- Billed Revenue Revenue from actual invoicing.
- Bottom nodes (also known as terminal nodes) are nodes with no children.
- Burdened Cost Rate The burden rate is the allocation rate at which indirect costs are applied to the
 direct costs of labor. You should add burden to the direct cost of labor when you want to present the total
 absorbed cost.
- Chart of Accounts (COA) List of all general ledger accounts. InFocus categorizes project management amounts through the Chart of Accounts.
- Critical Path InFocus calculates Critical Path by taking the longest path to the end of the project
- Diluted Pay Rates Diluted pay rates are a calculated pay rate for salaried employees for a given pay period, based on the number of hours for the period. By default, when you establish a pay rate for a salaried employee in InFocus, it is the average pay rate (typically the annual salary divided by 2080 hours). Alternatively, you can run a utility after timesheets have been approved to recalculate rates for non-overtime time entries for salaried employees. The employee salary per period amount is divided by the number of hours worked, excluding overtime, and the resultant rate is then applied to the timesheets. For instance, an employee earning \$1,000/week would have an average pay rate of \$25/hr based on a 40 hour work week. If in a given work week the employee worked 50 hours, the diluted pay rate would be \$1000/50 or \$20/hr.
- Delimiter A single character that separates the node codes with a path. Delimiters used in InFocus are

- period, hyphen, and colon.
- Effort Effort includes all cost charges against a project at the prevailing billable rate. For labor, that
 would be the established bill rate typically defined on a rate schedule. For non-labor transactions, that
 would be the cost plus the expense markup. All transactions are part of effort, regardless of their billing
 status.
- ICC In-Contract Consultants. All project-related consultants' expenses that are built into a fixed fee.
- Job Cost Rate A job cost rate is a user-definable rate for analyzing project labor charges. Basically, its
 the cost of the job to the company. Typically, companies use it to look at a burdened cost rate on
 projects. This would be done by setting the job cost rate to the pay rate, times a calculated or predicted
 overhead multiplier for the company. This would best be accomplished by defining a singular job cost
 schedule and then setting it as the default schedule in Global Settings. The schedule could then be
 modified on a periodic basis (typically annually).
- Labor Employee and sub-contractor time. Sub-contractors are defined as workers who enter time sheets and are billed out like employees. However, they receive 1099's rather than W2's.
- Late Charge Late charges for unpaid invoices.
- Main Menu After you login into InFocus you receive the main screen with a Two-level menu system anchored to the left hand side of the screen. That is the main menu.
- Module A group of applets organized by the area of a business that they address. Modules are the items
 at the first level of the Main Menu.
- Node A node is an individual record or point in a tree structure (hierarchy), such as a phase or task.
- OBS Organizational Breakdown Structure. In InFocus, we refer to the organization as the organization break down structure.
- OCC Out-of-Contract Consultants. All project-related consultants expenses that are not built into a fixed fee.
- ODC Other Direct Charges. All project-related expense other than labor and consultants.
- Path A path is the code sequence that uniquely identifies a node. It is formed by concatenating all
 parent (project) codes together separated by a delimiter.
- Pay Rate The Rate that you pay the employee to complete a job.
- PM Comments PM comments stand for project management comments. These comments can be made on any cost (labor or non-labor) transaction and can optionally appear in Project Management reports and invoices.
- Post The action of saving a transaction and making it available to general ledger reporting.
- Premium Time Synonymous with overtime.
- Project Code Also called a "node code," is the code given to a project.
- Project Level The relative position of a node to the beginning of the tree.
- Retainage Monies held back during invoicing until project completion.
- Retainer Monies received prior to project work.
- Roll-up Node Allows multiple projects to be subtotaled together in project management reports
- RDL RDL stands for Report Definition Language. An RDL file is the file containing the design of a report (in XML format) used in InFocus
- Subcontractor A non-W2-employee who enters a time sheet.
- Top nodes (also known as root nodes) are level one nodes (nodes with no parent).
- Transaction An entry that affects the general ledger or time and expense. Transactions in InFocus are time sheet entries and adjustments, purchases, disbursements, employee reimbursements, expense sheets, sales, receipts, and general adjustments.
- Tree Data that is related in a hierarchy is called a tree. There are two trees in InFocus Organizational Units and Projects.

- Unbilled Revenue Earned revenue.
- WBS Work Breakdown Structure, In InFocus we refer to a project structure as the work break down structure.
- WIP Work In Progress, all transactions against a project that have a bill status of Ready to Bill or Hold.

2.2.2 Organizational Structure

Overview

InFocus uses a parent/child system to represent the levels of hierarchy within an Organization Unit.

Key Concept

InFocus refers to these as Organizational Units (Org Units). Org Units, defined in <u>General</u>

<u>Accounting>Organizational Units</u>, are classified by Labels and can represent entities such as: Office,
Department, Division, etc. For example, an organization structured by location and department could be represented as follows. More on Organizational Units

Organizational Units

Boston (BO)
 Architecture (AR)

Corporate (CO)

Electrical (EL)

Mechanical (ME)

Los Angelos (LA)

Architecture (AR)

Corporate (CO)

Electrical (EL) Mechanical (ME)

2.2.3 COA Metrics and PM Types

Overview

InFocus categorizes project management amounts through the Chart of Accounts. It accomplishes this by using two major properties assigned at the account level. These two properties are Metrics and Project Management Types (PM Types). More on Chart of Accounts

Metrics

In-Focus currently tracks the following metrics:

<u>Cost</u> - This covers both Labor and Non-Labor Expense. However, in the case of project management

reporting, labor costs come from time sheets, not the general ledger. This is the only exception in metrics. One reason for this exception is that labor costs posted to the general ledger are done at a project level, not an employee level. The second reason is, that by using time sheets, multiple valuations (pay, job cost and bill rates) can be used.

Billed Revenue - Revenue from actual invoicing.

Unbilled Revenue - Earned revenue.

WIP - Work in progress

<u>Retainage</u> - Monies held back during invoicing until project completion.

<u>Retainer</u> - Monies received up front prior to project work.

Bad Debt - Revenue write offs.

Late Charge - Late charges for unpaid invoices.

PM Types

The first four metrics listed (Cost,Billed Revenue,Unbilled Revenue and WIP) can be subdivided into four PM types:

<u>Labor</u> - Employee and sub-contractor time. Sub-contractors are defined as non-W2 employees who enter time sheets and are billed out like employees.

<u>Out-of-Contract Consultants (OCC)</u> - Consultants whose invoices are passed to project billing, potentially with a markup and for reimbursement.

<u>In-Contract Consultants (ICC)</u> - Consultants whose invoices are not passed to project for reimbursement. Instead, their fee is buried inside the fixed fee for a project.

Other Direct Charges (ODC) - All non-consultant and non-labor charges to a project.

2.2.4 Firms

Overview

In InFocus, firms are a generic term for companies and organizations with which you conduct business. They can be prospects, vendors, clients or any combination thereof. When you first set up a firm, the screen you use automatically assigns the firm type. So firms first added through Vendor Setup are vendors. Firms first added through Client Setup are clients. Firms added through Firms Setup in Marketing default to prospect (if not marked prospect, they are considered clients).

Once a firm exists as a client (prospect or otherwise) or a vendor, simply calling them up under the opposing setup screen and saving them allows them to be both types.

Firms can also have parent firms. This allows for the association of firms (especially for roll-up purposes) and

is exposed in areas of the program such as the A/R and A/P sub-ledgers and Client and Vendor Queries.

2.2.5 Project Nodes

Overview

This section discusses different types of nodes used in configuring Projects: Roll-up, Bill-Term, and Other

Roll-up

- Exists only at level 1
- No attributes other than a code and a name
- Allows multiple projects to be subtotaled together in project management reports
- A separate WBS delimiter can be used from the rest of the WBS delimiter. For instance, 9801.01-A-001 is a four-level structure where the roll-up is 9801; the project is 01; the first level beneath project is A; the bottom level is 001.
- More on Rollup Nodes

Bill Term (aka Project)

- If no roll-up node exists, it is defined at level 1, else at level 2
- Project leaders (PIC, PM, Project Accountant) are defined here
- Client is defined here.
- Invoice design is defined here. An invoice design can have multiple labor and expense sections. In the case where multiple contractual elements (i.e., fixed fee, lumps sum, T&M, not to exceed) need to appear on one invoice, there are two methods. Method A involves establishing an invoice filter at the level below the Project level. The filter is simply a code that will be assigned on each of the nodes below the project. Then multiple invoice sections will be added to an invoice design that will limit the scope to the particular nodes with the corresponding code.
- Method B is to assign multiple projects to the same <u>Invoice Group</u>. In this method each project that is part of an invoice group can have its own invoice design. While the individual projects will print out as separate invoices, the actual invoice number assigned to each will be the same. It will also post as one invoice in the InFocus A/R sub-ledger. A special invoice design section called a cover sheet can be added to the invoice group that will provide a recap of the projects involved along with a grand total. The major difference between the two methods is invoice format. The first method, in essence uses one invoice report design, so in the case where there is a mixture of contract types (fixed fee, T&M), the report design can accommodate whether or not a page break occurs between the types. In the second method, each project is its own report, so a page break will always happened between the projects.
- Determines what level of the WBS is used for upsets and fixed fee amounts. Please note that if fixed fee and upsets are established on the same project they need to exist at the same level. Contract amounts can exist up to three levels below the bill term level.
- Profit center ownership is defined here.
- Determines at what level sharing profit centers will be defined.

- Determines minimum level where non-labor transactions can be applied.
- Can have expense groups defined
- Overall ODC and consultant markups can be defined here

Other

- Exist below the bill term node
- If level is directly below the project then invoice filters can be defined
- Only bottom nodes can have labor charged to them.
- First three below the bill term node can appear on invoicing. They can all use upsets and fixed fee
 amounts. The contractual level is established on a project-by-project basis for labor, expense and
 consultant.
- Time and expense can be activated and inactivated on data range
- Can have rate schedules and multipliers defined. In this case the rate potentially overrides schedules at higher levels.
- · Can have sharing profit centers defined
- · Can identify taxable items
- All budgeting occurs on bottom nodes
- Expense multipliers can be defined

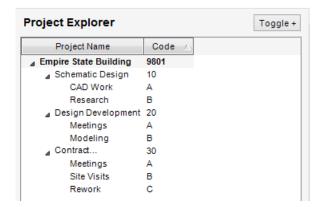
2.2.6 Project WBS Structure

Overview

InFocus utilizes a parent/child structure to represent the relational hierarchy (tree) in a project structures. Commonly, a given project will consist of child levels often referred to as phases and tasks. Consider the following project tree.

InFocus utilizes a parent/child structure to represent the relational hierarchy (tree) in a project structures. Commonly, a given project will consist of child levels often referred to as phases and tasks. Consider the following project tree.

Projects -- Empire State Building (9801)



Nodes

In the above diagram we have a project linked to three phases, each of which are linked to two or more tasks. Each item on the tree is called a node. Therefore, Empire State Building, schematic design, and cad work are all nodes. The numbers and letters in parenthesis are generically referred to as node codes. So 9801 (typically referred to as the project code) is a node code as is 10 for phase schematic design. Two other terms used in this manual in regards to trees are top nodes and bottom nodes. Top nodes (also known as root nodes) are level one nodes (nodes with no parent). Bottom nodes (also known as terminal nodes) are nodes with no children. Nodes must be uniquely coded in respect to their immediate parent- level one nodes must be unique to all other level one nodes.

Project Path

Since some nodes can have the same code (e.g., cad work and meetings) it is necessary to refer to nodes not only by their code, but also by what branch of the tree they live on. The way InFocus accomplishes this is to cite each code along the branch to the node in question. For purposes of clarity, a separating character (also know as a delimiter) is used between each node code. This notation is called a path. An example of a path would be 9801-10-A. In this example, the project is Empire State Building, the phase is Schematic Design, and the task is CAD work. A hyphen is used as the delimiter.

Parent-Child

Nodes can have parents and children. For instance, CAD Work has an immediate parent called Schematic Design but no children. Schematic design has an immediate parent called Empire State Building and two immediate children called Cad work and research. The use of the word immediate means adjacent to. In other words Empire State building is a non-immediate parent to CAD work since it is related to CAD work indirectly through Schematic Design.

Level

The relative position of a node to the beginning of the tree is called the level. In the above example, 9801 is on level one, phases 10,20 and 30 are on level two. All other nodes are on level three. Levels can be labeled so we can refer to them in real world terms such as project, phase and task.

2.2.7 Journal Transactions

Overview

The following tutorial will discuss transactions in InFocus. Transactions cover all G/L transactions plus labor entries and personal transactions (timesheets and expense sheets). All the journals share some common operations, such as voiding a transaction. These operations will be discussed in the Common Journal Operations chapter. Account journals support both *Batch* and *Real-Time* entry.

Batch Entry

Batch entry can only be used for new entries and is only available if enabled in Global Settings. Batch entry allows for a series of transactions to be entered under a batch number. Totals for the entries can be viewed prior to posting the batch. Until an entry is marked posted, it does not appear in any accounting or project

management reports and cannot be part of any accounting process. While it is saved, it is not part of the system. More on Batch Entry

Real Time Entry

In Real-Time mode, entries are flagged as posted as soon as they are saved. This makes them available to all reports and operations in the system. Once a transaction is posted all revisions to that entry are automatically done as real-time entries.

Audit Trail

InFocus employs a unique auditing feature. Depending on settings in <u>Global Settings>General Tab>Full Audits Section</u>, it automatically determines if a change to a transaction line item should alter the existing data, or, instead, make a background reversing entry of the prior state of the line and insert a new line containing the changes. This technique makes corrections far simpler than a pure batch entry system and results in a more accurate audit trail. It also allows for adjustments to naturally been seen down to the line level.

The audit trail options are *full* or *not full*. When in full mode any change to critical data (In general, project, amounts, G/L accounts) causes an immediate reversing entry. When not in full audit mode, changes to critical data only generate a reversing entry if they are also accompanied by a change to the G/L period. Every time a transaction contains one or more auto-reversals, a new revision number is displayed in the header of the transaction. You can scroll backwards to view prior revisions. Each line item will also have the revision number on which they were created. In normal operation, revisions are virtually transparent to the user. For instance, if an entry contained five lines and you modified each line and saved the changes, the transaction would still show five lines with the new values.

Employee Reimbursables

Accounts Payable>Employee Reimbursables

The Employee Reimbursable Journal is where employee reimbursements are entered. Typically, they have been imported from employee expense sheets, but they can also be directly entered here. This journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the header amount is a credit so when you enter a positive amount it saves it behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).

For more information about Employee Reimbursables, see the <u>Employee Reimbursables</u> section of this manual.

Expense Sheets

Personal>Expense Sheets

Expense sheets are for employees entering job-related expenses. There is no period cycle for expense sheets.

For more information about Expense Sheets, see the Expense Sheets section of this manual.

Timesheets

Personal>Time Sheets

Timesheets can be entered by employees or sub-contractors. Typically, these users enter their own timesheets, but timesheet administrators (when given special rights) can enter them in their stead.

For more information about Timesheets, see the Timesheets section of this manual.

Timesheet Adjustments

Human Resources>Timesheets Adjustments

The Timesheet Adjustments Journal is used to make adjustments against an already existing timesheet. You cannot enter new timesheets here. Once you modify an existing timesheet it can no longer be sent back to the manager or owner (timesheet rejection). Modifications to the timesheet, via timesheet adjustments, will not effect the original version of the timesheet.

For more information about Timesheet Adjustments, see the Timesheet Adjustments section of this manual.

Purchases (Vendor Invoices)

Accounts Payable>Purchase Journal

The Purchase Journal is where vendor invoices are entered. Transactions entered here must be offset against an accounts payable account (this is the header or control side of the transaction). This journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the header amount is a credit, so when you enter a positive amount it saves it behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).

For more information about Purchases, see the Purchase Journal section of this manual.

Sales (Client Invoices)

Accounts Receivable>Sales Journal

The Sales Journal is where client invoices are entered. Transactions entered here must be offset against an accounts receivable account (this is the header side of the transaction). Typically, most transactions in the sales journal are entered automatically from automated invoicing. This journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the detail amount is a credit, so when you enter a positive amount it saves it behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).

For more information about Sales, see the Sales Journal section of this manual.

Cash Disbursements

Accounts Payable>Disbursements Journal

The Cash Disbursements Journal is where all outgoing checks are entered. Typically entries here have been entered automatically from A/P or E/R check writing but can also be entered here manually. This journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the header amount is a credit so when you enter a positive amount is saves it behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).

For more information about Cash Disbursements, see the Disbursement <u>Journal</u> section of this manual.

Cash Receipts

Accounts Receivable>Receipts Journal

The Receipts (Cash Receipts) Journal is where all incoming checks or payments are entered. This journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the detail amount is a credit so when you enter a positive amount it saves it behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).

For more information about Cash Receipts, see the Receipt Journal section of this manual.

General Adjustments

General Accounting>General Journal

The General Journal holds both accounting adjustments and special transactions, such as labor distributions, revenue recognition and end of year closings. While you can make transactions that affect project management figures, these transactions cannot be part of invoicing, accounts receivable, or accounts payable reporting. Project-related transactions can, however, appear on project management reports. This is the only journal where there is no header control account or amount. Instead, the sum of all line items must zero out. Unlike other journals, no assumption is made about debits and credits. Debits are positive values, while credits are negative values. Entry rules, as far as type of account and organizational unit, are relaxed in this journal.

For more information about General Adjustments, see the General Journal section of this manual.

Common Journal Operations

For common journal operations, see the **How to** sections at the end of each journal chapter within this manual. Also, you can go to the **Tutorials** chapter of this manual to see these as well.

2.2.8 InFocus Processes

Overview

The following discusses special processes available in InFocus.

Activities

Marketing>Activities

Activities are an appointment system. While listed under Marketing, they could be used by anyone in the system with the required permissions. Activities can be entered directly into the calendar or can be entered when recording Notes. The main activity navigation is a calendar. The type of calendar (daily, weekly, monthly) can be toggled from the tool bar. You cannot only view your own activities but activities for other employees. On the left hand side of the screen there are check boxes to control whether to see all activities or certain users' activities. If you check the Group by Owner option you will see a separate calendar for each selected user.

Work Orders

Project Management>Work Orders

Work orders are used by project leaders to communicate with team members. Work orders are normally an assignment of work to be accomplished, but can also be requests to internal employees for quotes. There are two work order applets: Work Orders and My Work Orders. For more information about Work orders, see either the Work Orders or My Work Orders sections of this manual.

PM Bill Review

Project Management>PM Bill Review

The PM Bill Review (Project Manager Bill Review) applet is used by project managers to communicate billing and charging instructions to the project accountant. Only project managers have access to this applet. For more information about PM Bill Review, see the PM Bill Review section of this manual.

PA Bill Review

Accounts Receivable>PA Bill Review

This applet is used by project accountants to perform time and expense modifications on a project-by-project basis prior to invoicing. Only project accountants can access this applet unless the logged-in user has the special permission "Can Override Project Accountant Restriction". For more information about PA Bill Review, see the <u>PA Bill Review</u> section of this manual. To make adjustments on PA Bill review, see the "How to <u>Make Adjustments to PA Bill Review</u>" section of this manual.

Labor Distribution

Human Resources>Labor Distribution

The purpose of labor distribution is to post labor to the general ledger and mirror payroll. For more information about Labor Distribution, see the Labor Distribution section of this manual.

Revenue Recognition

Project Administration>Projects

This utility serves two purposes: (1) It posts earned revenue and (2) It performs profit sharing within projects. For more information about Revenue Recognition, see the Understanding Revenue Recognition / Profit Centers section of this manual.

Project Planning

Project Management>Project Planning

The project planning applets allows project managers to plan, schedule and allocate resources to their projects. For more information about Project Planning, see the <u>Project Planning</u> section of this manual.

Resource Projections

Human Resources>Resource Projections

The resource projection is used to aggregate and analyze schedule data from project planning. Scheduled hours can be viewed by employee or job title and compared against available hours to show predicted utilization. For more information about Resource Projections, see the <u>Resource Projections</u> section of this manual.

Accounts Payable Check Writing

Accounts Payable>A/P Check Writing

Checks processes from A/P check writing are generated from the vendor invoices entered into the purchase journal. The checks themselves are posted into the disbursements journal. To understand more about writing A/P Checks, see the A/P Check Writing section of this manual.

Employee Reimbursable Check Writing

Accounts Payable>E/R Check Writing

Checks processed from E/R check writing are generated from the employee reimbursable entered into the employee reimbursable journal. The checks themselves are posted into the disbursements journal. To understand more about writing E/R Checks, see the <u>E/R Check Writing</u> section of this manual.

Automated Invoicing

Accounts Receivable>Automated Invoicing

Automated Invoicing streamlines the billing process. Invoices are printed and posted into the Sales Journal based on User-entered criteria. To understand more about Automated Invoicing, see the <u>Automated Invoicing</u> section in this manual.

A/R Collections

Accounts Receivable>A/R Collections

The A/R Collections applet is used to facilitate the collection of outstanding invoices. To understand more about collections, see the A/R Collections section of this manual.

Overhead Allocation

Utilities>Overhead Allocation

There are two ways to view overhead on project management reports. The most common method is to use the job cost rate to include any overhead burden, which allows the user to view figures down to the transaction level (i.e., employee and work date). The second method, overhead allocation, can be used in the event that you use the job cost rate for other purposes, or if rate calculations do not yield the desired effect. Overhead allocation can be made only to the bottom nodes of the WBS and to an accounting period. You cannot apply it to an employee or work date. When you use this method, you now can use the specific overhead variables in Project Management Report Design. These are not used in the default shipped reports. To understand more about Overhead Allocation, see the Overhead Allocation section of this manual.

Form 1099

Accounts Payable>Form 1099

Form 1099 can be sent to vendors and employees. The system will fill out the forms automatically by the user and can override any information, including financial amounts. To understand more about using Form 1099, see the Form 1099 section of this manual.

Recalculate Labor Rates

<u>Human Resources>Recalculate Rates</u>

The Recalculate Rates Utility is used when you set up rates or rate schedule after you enter timesheets. This is, of course, not the preferred method. The three different types of rates (pay, job cost, and bill) can all be recalculated. To understand more about using the Recalculate Rates Utility, see the <u>Recalculate Rates</u> section of this manual.

Convert to Cash Basis

General Accounting>Chart of Accounts>Toolbar

Cash basis conversion is accomplished by the use of two screen-less journals: one for disbursements and one for receipts. The utilities scan the Disbursements and Receipts Journals. Any transactions that are applied against an accounts payable or accounts receivable account are researched in the Purchase and Sales Journals, based on the invoice number of the transaction. The non-subledger accounts (income and expense) found in the Sales Journal or Receipt Journal are then transferred to the Cash-based Journal for the G/L period in the Disbursement or Receipt Journal. In the case of partial payments, the amount of the receipt

or disbursements is proportionately spread against the income and expense accounts. This conversion is a "point in time" conversion. If a Purchase or Sales Journal is revised, depending on the G/L periods involved, you may need to re-run the utility. Automated cash base conversion cannot address all possible conversion scenarios. Adjustments can be made by entering cash only adjustments in the General Journal. To use the CCB utility see the "How to Run a Cash Based Conversion" section of this manual.

End of Year Closing

Utilities>End of Year Closing

End of year closing in InFocus is an automated journal entry. The purpose is to take the year-to-date amounts in all income and expense accounts and reverse them into retained earnings. This effectively zeros out the income and expense accounts for a fiscal year. To understand more about using the End of Year Closing utility, see the End of Year Closing section of this manual.

Project History

Utilities>Project History

Project history is used to enter historical labor against a project. Metrics can be entered through the accounting journal (General Journal). A special screen is needed for labor, since it would be difficult (sometimes impossible) to enter this in timesheet adjustments without going down to the detail level. Entries in this screen are transferred into the timesheet tables. They are flagged as historical entries so they will not appear in timesheet adjustments; neither can they be invoiced or be part of labor distribution. They will appear on project management reports. To understand more about using the Project History utility, see the Project History section of this manual.

2.2.9 SQL Data Views

Overview

Every SQL table in the InFocus database is also represented by a SQL view. A SQL view is a stored query that appears to other applications as a table. A SQL view simplifies user queries by joining tables for you. InFocus provides two classes of SQL views for end-users to use for queries: Standard Views (SV) and Extended Views (EV)

Standard Views (SV)

Standard View names are the same as the table name, but with a prefix of "SV_". Standard Views contain all the columns of their table and, in addition, all code and title fields from related tables. For instance, if you query timesheet items (which holds timesheet line items) you would see columns such as projectid, jtid, etc. These are keys fields relating the projects and job titles tables. In Standard Views, you would see the joined in code and title fields from the related table. The Standard View would also contain projectcode, projectname, projectpath, projectlongname, jtcode and jtname.

Extended Views (EV)

Extended Views are the other view class. These have a name beginning with "EV_". Extended Views are useful views that were created by InFocus. EV examples include, but are not limited to

<u>EV_ProjectTransactions</u> - Gathers project related transactions. Field compliment is same as aggregate and non-aggregate in project management report designer.

EV Marketing - Marketing contact information

EV Wip - Work in progress data.

2.2.10 InFocus Report Design

Overview

The following tutorial will discuss Report Design in InFocus. All reports in InFocus use the Microsoft Report Designer that ships with all versions of SQL 2005.

Reports are broken down into five categories: Invoices, Project Management, Financial Statements, Standard Reports, and Custom Reports. The first three employ unique wizards geared to the report styles to simplify report creation. Report design for standard reports is limited to layout only. Custom reports are the only reports where the user can define the interface.

Report Components

All reports have three components: Interface, Layout, Dataset.

Interface

The interface refers to the passing of print criteria at run time. The interface is fixed and cannot be changed by the user (except for custom reports). The interface is different for each report type. The criterion is used for two purposes: (1) to dynamically populate the data in the dataset, and (2) to provide the conditional formatting employed by the layout.

Layout

Layout refers to the print layout that is controlled by the Microsoft Report designer. A vast array of format issues can be controlled here. Examples are columns to print, subtotals, grouping of data, underlining totals, and indentation.

Dataset

The dataset refers to the fields presented and controlled by the layout. In the case of invoices and project management, the fields are selected by the wizard and, therefore, vary from design to design. In all other reports the field list is static. The data that populates the dataset is based on selections made in the interface.

Microsoft has various web sites and forums providing information on the use of the Report Designer.

Report Categories

Invoices

Invoice design is segmented into sections. Each section controls a particular area of an invoice. An invoice design can have an unlimited number of sections. All section types, except for the border, can appear multiple times on an invoice. However, no section design can appear twice. Section designs can be reused between invoice designs.

For more information about Invoices, see the Invoice Design section of this manual.

Project Management Reports

Project management reports are project-based. Only data related to projects are available.

For more information about PM Reports, see the PM Report Designer section of this manual.

Financial Statements

Financial statement designer provide for very flexible statement generation. Balance sheets, profit & loss (consolidated and by profit center), and other statements can be created here. The basic premise is that and group of G/L accounts can be combined to appear on a financial statement design.

For more information about Financial Statements, see the <u>Financial Statement Designer</u> section of this manual.

Standard Reports

All reports not covered under one of the three specific report designers are called standard reports. Examples of standard reports are journal reports, general ledger reports, utilization reports, checks, etc. All standard reports can be copied and modified using the Report Management applet. You cannot modify the original report, but you can mark it inactive.

For more information about Standard Reports, see the Report Management section of this manual.

Custom Reports

This designer allows the end user to construct their custom reports that will be housed in the application and will appear on InFocus menus. Knowledge of SQL is required.

For more information about Custom Reports, see the Custom Reports section of this manual.

2.2.11 Common Tools/Processes

2.2.11.1 Batch Entries

Overview

Batches allow the user to manually input transactions into the system and check them against the *Batch Amount (Total)*. Once all transactions are entered, the user can then post them in the *Batch*.

Key Concepts & Settings

- Batch entry must be enabled by checking Use Batch Entries in Journals in <u>Administration>Global</u>
 Settings>General Tab.
- When enabled, a Batch ID is visible in the top-right of supporting journals. There you can assign/edit the batch associated with the transaction.
- Batch entries are available in all journals except for the General Journal (General Accounting>General Journal)
- Batches can be created via Menu>Tools>Batches or by clicking Batches from the toolbar.

More on working with Batches

Field Descriptions

Batches Header

- Batch Count Number of Transactions in the Batch that is being added.
- Batch Amount Dollar amount that is to be used in the Batch.
- Add Batch Adds Batch to the Batched Grid.

Batches Top Grid

- Select Select the batch for approval. By clicking "Close Selected Batches", you are Posting the entries.
- Batch ID When you click Save, the system will then add a batch to the list with a unique batch ID.

Note - When you add transactions, you can enter a Batch ID. All subsequent new entries will then default to that Batch ID.

- Transaction Count The Batch Count that was entered before the Batch was added to the list.
- Entered Count The number of the transaction associated with the Batch. They are added by selecting
 the Batch ID in the top-right of the journal and clicking Save.
- Batch Amount The Batch Amount that was entered before the Batch was added to the list.
- Entered Amount The Amount of the transaction associated with the Batch. They are added by selecting
 the Batch ID in the top-right of the journal and clicking Save.

Batches Bottom Grid

- Firm Code The Code of the Firm associated with the transaction.
- Firm Name The Name of the Firm associated with the transaction.

- Invoice No. The Invoice/Check No. associated with the transaction.
- Invoice Date The Invoice/Check Date associated with the transaction.
- Amount The Amount associated with the transaction.

2.2.11.2 **Bookmarks**

Overview

Bookmarking a transaction helps a user find a commonly used transaction quickly. It is useful in copying a transaction as a new transaction.

Key Concepts

- Bookmarks are available in all journals.
- There are two *Bookmark* icons in the toolbar of a journal. The one to the left is disabled until you have a transaction on the screen.
 - Bookmark Button When selected, this button "Bookmarks" the transaction that is currently pulled up in the journal.
 - Bookmarked Button When selected, this drop-down selects the "Bookmarked" transaction.

2.2.11.3 Passwords

Overview

Password management is key to securing InFocus. Each InFocus user has the ability to change their password at any time via **Help>Change Password** from all screens. Additionally, InFocus admins can fully manage user passwords by establishing company policies related to strength and expiration, setting user passwords and pushing out required resets.

Best Practices

Our recommended best practice is to establish a global company policy for passwords. This will streamline the general management of passwords and how often users must change them.

Once established, the admin can then explicitly set passwords and force a reset for new users or as otherwise needed.

Password Management

Admins

From and administrative perspective, passwords are managed via the Administration Module.

Establish a password policy

- 1. Browse to AD>Global Settings>General Tab>Password Settings Section.
- 2. In the Password Settings area, configure the following options
 - o Min. Password Length Sets the minimum character length for passwords
 - Password Expire Days When set, InFocus will prompt users to change their password according to the configured value
 - o Require Number When checked, user passwords must include a number
 - o Require Special Character When checked, user passwords must include a special character
 - o Require Lower Case Letter When checked, user passwords must include a lower case letter
 - Require Upper Case Letter When checked, user passwords must include an upper case letter

Managing User Passwords

- 1. Browse to AD>Permissions
- 2. Clicking the user lockbox
- Complete the password dialogue
- 4. Click Save

Password Reset

- 1. Browse to AD>Permissions
- 2. Check the Require Reset box for the appropriate user(s)

Upon next login (whether through InFocus Desktop or Mobile) the user will be prompted to reset their password.

Users

Description - InFocus users can change their password at anytime via the following methods.

InFocus Desktop

- Browse to Help>Change Password
- 2. Complete the dialogue. If no password has been given, leave the current password field blank.

3. Click Save

InFocus Mobile

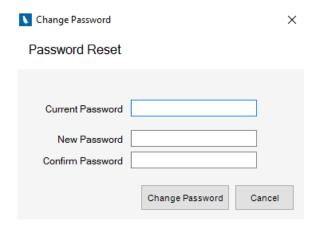
- 1. Browse to your InFocus Launch URL
- 2. Click Login to InFocus Mobile below the InFocus Launch button
- 3. Login to InFocus Mobile
- 4. Click Reset Password
- 5. Complete the dialogue. If no password has been given, leave the current password field blank.
- 6. Click Save

2.2.11.3.1 How To

2.2.11.3.1.1 Change Passwords

InFocus users can change their password at anytime via the following methods.

InFocus Desktop



- 1. Browse to Help>Change Password
- 2. Complete the dialogue. If no password has been given, leave the current password field blank.
- 3. Click Save

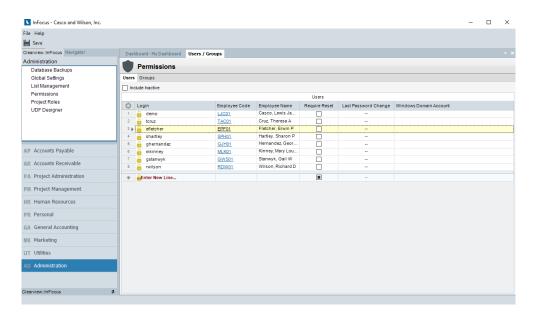
InFocus Mobile

- 1. Browse to your InFocus Launch URL
- 2. Click Login to InFocus Mobile below the InFocus Launch button
- 3. Login to InFocus Mobile
- 4. Click Reset Password
- 5. Complete the dialogue. If no password has been given, leave the current password field blank.
- 6. Click Save

Back to Starting up a new system

2.2.11.3.1.2 Reset a User Password

From and administrative perspective, passwords are managed via the Administration Module. To reset a user's password, please complete the following:



- 1. Browse to AD>Permissions
- 2. Clicking the user lockbox
- 3. Complete the password dialogue
- 4. Click Save

2.2.11.3.1.3 Reset the Admin Password

Overview

If the administrator's password is lost, contact Clearview Software via support@clearviewsoftware.net or 804-361-6300 for instructions on resetting the password.

2.2.11.4 Recurring Entries

Overview

Recurring Entries allow you to create journal entries that occur multiple times over a time frame.

Key Concepts

- Recurring entries can be made for all journals except Employee Reimbursable, Receipts and Cash Disbursements. Recurring entries are implemented by using a mass copy operation.
- To make a recurring entry, you must first enter one transaction. After entering a transaction, click on the "Recurring Entry" button located on the toolbar to copy a specified number of times, beginning with a specified G/L period.
- In the case of purchases and sales, the assigned invoice number is the same as the G/L period code.
 The "Recurring Entry" button becomes activated when you recall an existing transaction to the screen.

This will be the transaction it copies.

The user must have the required G/L periods established. They do not have to be open periods.

Field Descriptions

- Number of Transactions Number of copies
- G/L Period The G/L Period is the first or starting period for the first copy. It will automatically increment for each subsequent copy.
- Transaction Date The first transaction date for the first copy automatically adds thirty days for each subsequent copy.

2.2.11.5 Queries Applets

Overview

There are seven query applets in InFocus: Client, Contacts, Firms, Opportunities, Vendors, Projects, and Employees.

Key Concepts

- The concept of the query tools is to allow the user to define lists of data based on a user query definition without having to necessarily know how to write SQL code to get results.
- The list can then be used to navigate to the individual records within the list or can be exported to Excel.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- New Query This brings up the Query Designer which allows you to create a reusable query. This action can also be called by Right-Clicking in the Queries Window.
- Edit Query This brings up the Query Designer which allows you to edit the selected query. This action can also be called by Right-Clicking in the Queries Window.
- Delete Query This brings up the Query Designer which allows you to delete the selected query. This action can also be called by Right-Clicking in the Queries Window.

Field Descriptions

Queries Window

Queries Window - This window contains all of the queries that have been created within the Queries
 Applet.

Parameters Window

Description - The Parameters window displays the Parameters selected on the Input Tab. Here you are able to filter the data using the selected Field, choosing an Operator (>,<,=, etc.) and adding a Value 1 and/or Value 2 value. When you click **Run**, the data returned in the Results window will be filtered.

- File The table name that the selected field is retrieved from.
- Field The Column Name of the field that is retrieved.
- Operator The comparison method that is used to compare the Field to the Returned Data. Examples are >,<,=, etc. This is used to filter the Results list.
- Value 1 The first value that is used to compare the Field to the Returned Data. It is used in conjunction
 with the Operator to filter the Result list.
- Value 2 The second value that is used to compare the Field to the Returned Data when using the Between Operator. It is used in conjunction with the Operator to filter the Result list. This acts as the second value in the range.

Results Window

Description - The Results Grid gives you the results of the Parameters entered in the Parameters Grid and the selections made on the Query Designer. The columns are dependent upon the selections made on the Output tab in the Query Designer. More on the Query Designer

Running a Query

- Click on the Run button to fill the Results tab based on the query definition. If the result sets contain any
 key fields, they will appear in blue with an underline (like an internet hyperlink). By clicking on one of
 these, the associated master file screen will launch, with the associated record filled in. The primary key
 fields are vendor code, client code, project path, and employee code.
- Dragging a Result column to the area above the Results grid will group the results in a hierarchical style.
- Clicking on the Export button will prompt the user for a filename. This will be the Excel file to which the
 result set is exported. Note: If the results set was grouped, the grouping will be preserved in the export.

2.2.11.5.1 Query Designer

Overview

The Query Designer pop-up allows you to create named queries that allow you to bring back data specific to the applet that it references.

Field Descriptions

Definition Tab

- Name Name of query as it will appear to user. Must be unique.
- Type Query type. There are three choices: personal, private and public. Personal queries are visible only
 to the user who designs them. Private queries are only available to users who have permission to view
 private queries. Public queries are viewable by everyone. The type of query a user is allowed to create
 depends on permissions.
- Use Manual Filter When checked, the user can enter a manual filter. This is an advanced option.
 Manual filters are SQL 'Where Clauses'.

Input Tab

Description - The input tab is where you can specify input parameters and filters for your query. An input parameter prompts a user for values of fields to filter or limit the query by. A filter is a predefined limit to the returned data, for which the user is not prompted. The Parameters selected here display in the Parameters Window grid on the main queries screen.

- Table InFocus table name. See data dictionary for more information.
- Column InFocus column name. See data dictionary for more information.
- Parameter When checked, this column will appear as a prompt.
- Filter When checked, the result set will be filtered by this column using the following three fields to define the filter.
- Filter Operator Choices are =, <>, >, <, >=, <=, between, and is not null. Is not null is synonymous with a blank or empty field.
- Filter 1 Used with all filter operators except is not null. This is the value that completes the filter
 operation (except in the case of the between operator). In the case of the between this represents the
 lower range.
- Filter 2 Used only with the between operator. This represents the upper range.

Output Tab

Description - The output tab defines what columns appear in the Results Window on the main queries screen.

Table - InFocus table name. See data dictionary for more information.

- Column InFocus column name. See data dictionary for more information.
- Display Name Column name that should be used in result set. If left blank, InFocus column name will be used.
- Show When checked, column will appear in result set.
- Column Order Numerical order from left to right where column appears in result set.
- Sort Order Numerical sort precedent for sorting result set. For example, if you want to sort first by state and then by city, put a 1 on the state row and a 2 on the city row.
- Ascending When checked, data is sorted in ascending order if a sort order is specified; otherwise, descending order is used.

3 InFocus Setup

3.1 Initial Setup

Overview

Once you have installed the InFocus application, you will need to initialize the system prior to set-up for actual use. InFocus installs with an empty password on an Admin login account. You use this account to set up and account for the employee who will act as system administrator. This employee will typically be granted full access to all modules within InFocus. The best practice is to create a user group titled "Admin" within InFocus and assign the administrator to this group. By using a group, you will be allowing for the potential assignment of other employees as administrator in the future.

Login

When you first launch InFocus you will be prompted to login. Type in "Admin" and then click *Login*. Note, the Admin login exposes the following applets: *Time Sheet Groups*, *Employees*, *Permissions*

System Setup

Below is a step-by-step guide to initial system setup

- <u>Time Sheet Groups</u> Once you are logged in, the first thing you need to do is create a Time Sheet Group. For detailed instructions, go to <u>Creating Time Sheet Groups</u> under the <u>Setting up your Program</u> section of this manual.
- <u>Create System Administrator</u> Next you need to add the employee who will be the system
 administrator. For detailed instructions go to <u>Creating An Employee</u> under the "Employees" section in the
 Setting up your program section of this manual. this time, only minimum information can be entered:
 Code, First Name, Last Name, User Name (which can be auto-generated) and Timesheet Group.
- 3. <u>Create Admin Group</u> Once the employee has been added, use the permissions applet to first create an admin group. To create an Admin group, refer to the <u>Creating Groups and Users</u> section in the <u>Security</u> and <u>Permissions</u> section of this manual.

- 4. <u>Create an Administrator</u> Once the Admin group is created, add the employees to the group. For detailed instructions go to the <u>Members Tab</u> section under the <u>Setting up Your Program</u>section of this manual.
- 5. <u>Set Permissions</u> Finally, to assign permissions to the "Admin" user, refer to the <u>User Permissions</u> section of this manual. Refer to the <u>Group Permissions</u> section of this manual if you are assigning permissions to a group. Set the permissions for this group to have all rights for all applets in the system. See the **Security and Permissions** section in this manual for further detail. Please note, it is a good idea to establish a password for the Admin account. While logged in as Admin choose *Change Password* for the Main Screen help tool menu. Here you will be prompted for the new password. Refer to the <u>Passwords</u> section of this manual for details.

At this point you can log out of the system and re-login under the new user "Admin" account. Your menu should contain the complete list of applets in the InFocus system.

3.2 Application Setup

Overview

The following tutorial explains the continuous setup of InFocus after you have followed the steps in the Initial Setup section of this manual.

Order of Setup

The applets below are given to you in the order in which you would set them up to begin use. The one notable exception is global settings. While many of the fields in global settings should be setup up initially, some will require returning to global settings after other section setups are completed.

List Management

Administration>List Management

Lists are found in most drop-down boxes in InFocus, as well as in cases where there are more than two selections. Lists can be of two types System and User. System lists cannot be added to, edited, or deleted. System lists are viewable for reference purposes only. User lists are completely in control of the user. You can add, edit, delete and reorder these lists. Please note, the use of the individual lists will be referenced after the overview of the pertinent setup module.

For more detailed information, see the <u>List Management</u> section of this manual.

Global Settings

Administration>Global Settings

Global settings contain all system-wide settings for InFocus. In general, settings are configuration switches for the application. Typically, these are set during the initial installation of the application or when needed modules are brought into use. While many of the settings can be set up immediately upon installation, some settings must be configured after their corresponding module has been initialized. This is especially true for settings that act as default values.

For more detailed information, see the Global Settings section of this manual.

Organizational Units

General Accounting>Organizational Units

Organizational units represent the corporate structure. They can contain an infinite number of levels. Examples of levels would be division, office, discipline or department. They can also be used for target markets, though that may be handled better using the market sector feature in InFocus. Employees, projects and G/L base accounts can be attached to org units in various scenarios. Employees can be assigned only to the lowest level of the org structure. This ensures proper revenue recognition calculations. Projects can be shared among org units at the specified level established in global settings. Projects can be owned at any level equal to or above the share level. In the case of project charging, allowable org units include not only the established owner or sharing org unit, but all its children.

For more detailed information, see the Organizational Units section of this manual.

Chart of Accounts

General Accounting>Chart of Accounts

Chart of Accounts represents the allowable G/L Accounts. An allowable G/L account is comprised of potentially two parts: a base account and, optionally, an organization path. In other words, base accounts can be attached to any org path In other words, base accounts can be attached to any org path, or to no org path. Base accounts also contain properties that interact with project management and accounting processes. This is where the integration of accounting and project management is established.

For more detailed information, see the Chart of Accounts section of this manual.

GL Budgets

General Accounting>G/L Budgets

Budgets can be maintained for any and all general ledger accounts per accounting period. Budgets for both accrual and cash balances can be entered. Budgets can appear and be part of calculations in financial statements.

- Show Budgets For: Choices are Accrual, Cash or Both.
- Fiscal Year: Designates fiscal year for budgeting.

All columns can be both pinned (column does not scroll) and filtered (only rows with designated column value will show). The push pin in the column header controls pinning and the funnel in the column header controls filtering.

For more detailed information, see the GL Budgets section of this manual.

Clients

Accounts Receivable>Clients

Clients, vendors and prospects are all considered Firms in InFocus. When you add a client it can later be flagged to also act as a vendor or vice verse. Prospects are firms that you are hoping become clients. Once they become clients they are no longer considered to be prospects. Clients are required for billable projects.

For more detailed information, see the Clients section of this manual.

Expense Groups and Codes

Project Administration>Expense Codes Project Administration>Expense Groups

Expense codes provide two primary functions. First, they allow for non-labor expenses to be grouped into categories. This is beneficial because it allows for billing categories to be established without the need for changing the chart of accounts. For instance, if a client demands that air travel is separated from local travel, you would not have to set up a separate ODC travel G/L account. Secondly, Expense Groups and Codes provide a mechanism for varied unit billing and markups. Once expense codes are established, they are then placed in expense groups. An expense code can belong to many groups. In turn, groups are applied to projects. Groups also can have effect dates allowing for the revision of markups/rates on perhaps an annual basis. Basically, expense groups are the expense equivalent of labor rate schedules.

For more detailed information, see the Expense Groups and Codes section of this manual.

Vendors

Accounts Payable>Vendors

Like clients, vendors are also firms. If the vendor you want to set up already exists as a client or prospect, simply recalling the firm to the screen and clicking on Save will establish it as a vendor. Vendors are a requirement to maintain accounts payable sub-ledgers.

For more detailed information, see the Vendors section of this manual.

Job Titles

Human Resources>Job Titles

Job Titles can be established for employees. Examples of a job title are Senior Mechanical Engineer, Surveyor, Cad Operator etc. Employees can be assigned to one or more job titles. At the project level, employees can be assigned an override set of job titles. Rate schedules can be set up based on job titles. Job titles also can provide the G/L posting accounts for labor distribution. These posting accounts override those in global settings.

Code: Job title codeTitle: Job title name

Active: Flag indicating if job title is active.

For more detailed information, see the <u>Job Titles</u> section of this manual.

Labor Codes

Project Administration>Labor Codes

Labor Codes are used to group time together for items (such as site time, meetings, phone call, etc.) that are not part of the WBS. Labor codes can be subtotals in project management reports. They are not exposed in billing, nor do they have budgets. Labor codes, when set up, are global and can be used against any project. They can be restricted to direct or indirect projects.

Active: Indicates if labor code is active.

Labor Code: Labor CodeLabor Name: Labor Name

Type: Designates what type of project the labor code can be used with (direct or indirect).
 Note that Indirect refers to all non-direct project types.

For more detailed information, see the Labor Codes section of this manual.

Timesheet Groups

Human Resources>Employees

Timesheet Groups provide a mechanism for the preparation of time sheet coverage periods. Timesheet coverage periods simply means the starting date and ending date for a time sheet. InFocus allows for multiple time sheet coverage periods. For instance, you can have a group of employees putting in weekly timesheets and another putting in biweekly timesheets. You can even have multiple groups putting in weekly timesheets but each starting on a different day of the week.

For more detailed information, see the Timesheet Groups section of this manual.

Employees

Human Resources>Employees

Employees and sub-contractors are entered in employee setup. These are the only items that can have time sheets entered against them. InFocus is licensed-based on active employee count (subcontractors count as employees).

For more detailed information, see the Employees section of this manual.

WBS Templates

Project Administration>WBS Templates

Work Breakdown Structure Templates are tree fragments. They can represent multiple levels of nodes linked together or simply one unlinked level. WBS templates are used for fast WBS setups. After creating a project or WBS structure you can right click on a node and apply a WBS template to that node or all nodes of the same level. Please note that WBS codes must be unique with respect to parent node within a template. Since the top level has no parent nodes all top nodes must be unique among themselves within the template.

For more detailed information, see the WBS Template section of this manual.

Rate Schedules

Project Administration>Rate Schedules

Rate schedules are used to control job cost and bill rate schedules in the application. Once rate schedules are setup they can then be applied to projects. Rate schedules are date sensitive so as to all period changes to schedules perhaps on an annual basis. When time sheets are entered or edited in the system they immediately pick up rates and store them in the time sheet module so that they are available for reporting. If you want to apply rates retroactively to time entries, this can be accomplished via the Recalculate Rates Utility.

For more detailed information, see the Rate Schedules section of this manual.

Projects

Project Administration>Projects

There are five types of projects in InFocus: billable, indirect, projection, opportunity, and plan. Billable Projects can be invoiced and require a client. Indirect Projects are overhead projects that can be charged to but never invoiced. Opportunities are similar to Indirect Projects but, are client-related, and charges can be placed on hold. If an Opportunity becomes a Billable Project, the charges on hold can then be either billed or written off. The final two, Projection and Plan, cannot receive charges. Plans exist only for the purpose of project planning. Projections are used to record estimated revenue for future endeavors. Projects can always change their type. All projects can have an unlimited breakdown, called the Work Breakdown Structure (WBS). You can assign names to the levels of the WBS such as phase and task. An entire WBS can be created from a template project, or portions of the WBS can be constructed from WBS templates.

When a project is first created, the top level is known as the Bill Terms Node (Project). This is the node that receives the bulk of the project information, such as who the client is, what type of project it is, etc. All nodes beneath the Bill Terms Node (Project) can

have limited information entered such as contractual caps, allowable charging date ranges, budgets and rate schedules. While the Bill Terms Node (Project) is typically the top node, it can also live at the second level. This is accomplished by inserting a roll-up

node above the Bill Terms Node (Project). In this way multiple Bill Terms Nodes (Projects) can be grouped together for project reporting purposes. Charge levels are important in the setup of projects. Charge Levels need to be established for ODC, OCC and ICC

charges. The setting dictates to what level of the WBS that charges can be applied. By default that level is the bill terms level. Labor can only be charged to a bottom node (a node with no children).

For more detailed information, see the **Projects** section of this manual.

Accounting Periods

General Accounting>Accounting Periods

Accounting periods (also referred to as G/L periods) need to be established before transactions (other than time sheets) can be entered into the system.

For more detailed information, see the Accounting Periods section of this manual.

Firms

Marketing>Firms

Firms are organizations that you have done business with or would like to do business with. They can be

vendors, clients, or prospects. Any entry in firms is also accessible from the client and vendor applets. The Firm navigation screen is laid out like a rolodex with alphabetic tabs representing the first letter of the firm name. An All tab contains all firms. On each tab, one or more columns will show specific data about the firm, such as firm name or main phone. These columns are customizable by the user. If you click on a firm inside of a tab a detail form will come up for that firm where you can view or change the data, depending on your permissions. The New Firm button on the tool bar allows you to enter a new firm. Note that only clients and prospects can be added from this form. By default the system assumes prospect. There is also an export button to export the contents of the grid on the currently selected tab.

For more detailed information, see the Firms section of this manual.

Opportunities

Marketing>Opportunities

Opportunities are a specific type of project, typically a marketing effort. Time and expense can be charged to opportunities. Opportunities are treated as indirect projects. The opportunity applet is a streamlined view of opportunity projects. Opportunities can also be accessed from the main Project Setup applet. The Opportunity applet exposes certain columns of a project that are relevant to opportunity projects. For instance, there is no billing/invoice information since it is not applicable. The navigation for the opportunity applet is a grid. You can click on any column header to either sort by that column or to filter by that column. Clicking on a row in the grid will bring up the Opportunity Detail screen for that opportunity. There is also an export button to export the contents of the grid.

For more detailed information, see the Opportunities section of this manual.

Contacts

Marketing>Contacts

Contacts, in general are people. They can be employees of your company or employees of a firm with which you do business. Contacts can also be associated with project's but only contacts for that projects client. In other words, contacts cannot exist for a project that does not already exist for that project's client.

For more detailed information, see the Contacts section of this manual.

User Defined Fields

User definable fields can be created for the following applets in InFocus: Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects, Contacts. Whenever you are in one of these five setup screens, a "UDF Designer" button will appear on the tool bar, assuming you have proper permissions. You can also access any of the UDF designers from the UDF Designer applet located in the Administration module.

For more detailed information, see the <u>User Defined Fields</u> section of this manual.

Addresses

Addresses can be set up for the following items in InFocus:

- Company Refers to the licensed operator of InFocus, and is accessible via global settings.
- Firms Is accessible in Firms, Vendors, and Client screens, as all are considered firms.
- Projects Can inherit client addresses.
- Employees Can have both a work and home address.

Contacts - Refer to people, either employees or members of vendors and clients.

Addresses can be NAMED to categorize addresses for reuse. For instance, clients may have many office addresses. You can set up an address for each office, and then associate client contacts with a particular office address. If the information of the NAMED address changes, you can cascade those changes to all associated (linked) addresses in entirety, or only for fields that have a value. Sometimes addresses have specific uses, as in the case of Bill To, Pay To, and Remit To addresses. These can be unassociated addresses or linked addresses. Most often they will be linked addresses, which means you will first want to enter them as a named address prior to referencing them as a Bill To, or Remit To.

For more detailed information, see the Addresses sections of this manual.

Notes

Notes can be recorded for firms, contacts and projects. There is no limit to the number of notes or the length of any singular note. Notes are stored with a date and time stamp of when they are entered. While the creator of the note is also recorded, all users allowed into a particular Notes applet can access all notes, regardless of creator. Activities can also be associated and established with notes. Activities are calendar events. Before you can enter a note you need to establish a least one activity type in List Management. Note that types are used to categorize notes. Examples of note types might be marketing or customer support. Before you can enter an activity, you need to establish a least one activity type in List Management. Activity types are used to categorize activities. Examples of activity types might be *call back* or *appointment*.

For more detailed information, see the Notes section of this manual.

4 InFocus Modules and Applets

The following chapters are arranged in the order that they appear in the InFocus program, starting from the top of the Modules and working downward. Within each Module you have the Applet sections that are described. Within each Applet section, there is an explanation of each Tab and/or Toolbar that affects that screen. At the end of each Applet section, there is a "How To" section that describes most of the functions that you may need to use. To understand more about the InFocus Interface, see the InFocus UI Basics section of this manual.

4.1 Dashboard

Overview

The starting place in InFocus is your Dashboard- it is the first thing you see when logging in and can serve as a launch pad for business analytics and streamlining your work in InFocus.

Dashboards in InFocus are sourced from one of two types: Classic and Analytic.

Classic Dashboards

Classic Dashboards allow you to augment InFocus and streamline common activities. For instance, receive an alert when a project goes over budget or when Receivables go past due. Alternatively, many reports in InFocus can be run, directly from Classic Dashboards and Gridgets, allow you to display- even update- data through a dynamic grid.

Analytic Dashboards

Analytic Dashboards use rich data visualizations allowing you to perform business analysis and gain powerful insights into your data. For instance, view Utilization across departments with running trend lines. Use Charts, Grids, Maps, etc. to dynamically filter and interact with your data - all in real-time.

More on <u>Classic Dashboards</u> More on <u>Analytic Dashboards</u>

4.1.1 Dashboard Applet

Dashboard Applet

Classic and Analytic Dashboards are housed and consumed through the Dashboard applet which makes accessible all dashboards a user has permission to consume.

Permissions to each dashboard is managed using Dashboard Groups (UT>Dashboard Groups).

Field Descriptions

Menu Options

File

- Dashboard Quick link back to the Dashboard
- Logout Logs the current user out of InFocus
- Exit Exists the application

Dashboards

Displays a list of all available Dashboards for the logged in user. The user can easily switch between Dashboards by selecting the Dashboard from the list or using Ctrl+Shift+Number where the number represents the number assigned to the Dashboard in the list. Example: Ctrl+Shift+1 loads the 01 - Dashboard.

Configure

- Dashboards Launches the Dashboard dialogue through which available Widgets and views can be
 added and configured or removed. Analytic Dashboards can additionally be configured to show a
 particular view as the default (Default Load). Available widgets and views are determined by the governing
 Dashboard Group the user is assigned to.
 - Widgets View Use this option to hide and/or show Widgets available to the currently loaded Dashboard
 - Analytic Dashboard Container Use this option to show/hide the Analytic Dashboard views. Optionally set one of the views as the Default Load, which will automatically load the selected view when opening the Analytic Dashboard.
- Save Current Layout This saves the current layout of the loaded dashboard. If administering the "Default" dashboard for a Dashboard Group, this option saves the layout for that dashboard and affects all user instances of it.
- Reset Layout This reverts the loaded dashboard back to the most recently saved layout of that dashboard

Help (see InFocus UI Basics for descriptions)

Toolbar Options

Refresh All Widgets

Refreshes widgets on the currently loaded dashboard.

4.1.2 Classic Dashboard

Overview

Classic Dashboards allow you to augment InFocus and streamline common activities. For instance, receive an alert when a project goes over budget or when Receivables go past due. Alternatively, many reports in InFocus can be run, directly from Classic Dashboards and Gridgets, allow you to display- even update- data through a dynamic grid.

Classic Dashboards consist of **Widgets** that gives real-time access to the most important aspects of your work in InFocus. The Widgets available to a user's Dashboard are governed by the **Dashboard Group** the user is assigned to. Once available Widgets have been assigned to a Dashboard the user can then order and size the Widgets to create a layout meaningful and helpful to them.

Below are the applets involved in configuring Classic Dashboards. Each applet is available from the Utilities Module

- Dashboard Queries Manager
- Dashboard Groups

Next: Classic Dashboards - Moving Parts

4.1.2.1 Moving Parts

Overview

Like any other report, Classic Dashboards rely on a dataset- we call this a Dashboard Query. Each query is written for the widget it supports (e.g. Chart, Alert, Tile, etc.) and draws from a **data source** (typically InFocus).

Each aspect of Classic Dashboards is governed by assigned User Permissions.

Moving Parts

- Permissions Govern user access to applets, models and dashboards
- Data Source The source of data used in the Dashboard Query. Defaults to InFocus, but third party data sources are supported
- Dashboard Widgets/Queries Dashboard Widgets are populated through Dashboard Queries
- Dashboard Groups Used to distribute Dashboards

Next: Classic Dashboards - Permissions Setup

4.1.2.2 Permissions

Overview

Permissions for working with Classic Dashboards are assigned in **AD>Permissions**.

Please complete the steps below to grant permissions as appropriate to the applets used by this tool.

Tutorial

- 1. Browse to Administration>Permissions
- 2. Select the Groups and/or Users you wish to grant permissions to
- **3.** On the row next to the Group/User, click the **lockbox**. A dialogue will display.
- **4.** From the Groups and/or Users Permissions tab, grant permissions as appropriate. Below is a list of permissions and what they grant access to.

5. Once the permissions have been selected, click Save.

Module	Applet	Special Rights	Description
Utilities	Dashboard Groups	n/a	Access to manage Dashboard Groups. Analytic Dashboards are distributed via UT>Dashboard Groups.
	Dashboard Groups	Can Save Default Layout	Access to save a dashboard design layout as the default view
	Dashboard Queries Manager	n/a	Access to manage Analytic Models and other Classic Dashboard queries
	Marketplace Purchases	n/a	Access to download and distribute Analytic Models and Classic Dashboard widgets from InFocus Marketplace
	Query Builder	n/a	Access to Query Builder applet (optional - advanced users only)

Next: Classic Dashboards - Data Source Setup

4.1.2.3 Data Source Setup

Overview

As discussed, each Dashboard Query relies on a data source for the data it contains. Classic Dashboards support both native (InFocus) and third party data sources- selected when building the query. This means that, in addition to your InFocus data, you can utilize outside data across other areas of business.

Third party data sources are considered either external (e.g. SQL Database, etc.) or custom. **External Data Sources** can be configured globally in AD>Global Settings or when building the Dashboard Query using a connection string.

Note

Most users will simply use the default **InFocus** data source. If InFocus will be your **only data source**, no additional data source setup is required.

Tutorial

- 1. Browse to Administration>Global Settings
- 2. Click the External Data Sources tab

- 3. Complete the grid as appropriate
 - o If checked, Use Integrated Security will use Windows Authentication
- 4. Click Save

Next: Classic Dashboards - Dashboard Widgets/Queries

4.1.2.4 Dashboard Widgets/Queries

Overview

Dashboard Widgets/Queries are at the core of building classic dashboards. Dashboard Widgets are populated through Dashboard Queries and as such they are generally used synonymously throughout documentation on Classic Dashboards.

While we've given you the tools to build your own queries/widgets, Clearview offers several pre-written widgets- available through InFocus Marketplace.

Whether downloaded or custom built, Dashboard Widgets/Queries are managed in the <u>Dashboard Queries</u> <u>Manager</u> applet.

Tutorials

Installing Widgets from InFocus Marketplace

As mentioned above, Clearview offers several InFocus-optimized widgets, available in the InFocus Marketplace. Below are the steps for downloading and installing your first widget.

- 1. Browse to InFocus Marketplace
- 2. Select a Dashboard Widget
- 3. Download/Purchase the widget

Once downloaded, complete the following steps in InFocus:

- 1. Browse to **UT>Marketplace Purchases**. Note, if you don't see this applet, ensure you have permissions via <u>AD>Permissions</u> (listed under Utilities>Marketplace Purchases).
- 2. Select the Dashboard Widget
- 3. Click Install/Update from the toolbar
- 4. Click the Manage link (**gear icon** to the right of the model)

Your Widget is installed and ready to be managed via UT>Dashboard Queries Manager.

Next: Distributing Classic Dashboards

4.1.2.5 Distributing Classic Dashboards

Overview

Classic Dashboards are configured and distributed through Dashboard Groups using the Widgets listed there.

Click for more information on working with Dashboard Groups

Setup Complete

Further details on managing/using Classic Dashboards is available by clicking the links below.

- Dashboard Queries Manager
- Dashboard Groups
- Configuring a Classic Dashboard

4.1.3 Analytic Dashboards

Overview

Analytic Dashboards use rich data visualizations allowing you to perform business analysis and gain powerful insights into your data. Analytic Dashboards are built on two components: **Data** and **Design**. As such, we've built dedicated applets for working with each. Each applet is available from the Utilities Module.

- Dashboard Queries Manager
- Analytic Dashboard Designer
- Analytic Dashboards Applet

Depending on your firm's environment, you may have different staff managing the data and design separately (e.g. someone who writes/manages the queries and someone else who designs the dashboards based on those queries). Generally, documentation of this feature will follow this tone. However, if you fill both of these roles- not to worry- both components can be easily managed by one user. Regarding data/queries, Clearview offers several queries optimized for InFocus- available through InFocus Marketplace.

In the discussion that follows we'll cover the **moving parts** of Analytic Dashboards, what's involved with **setup** for building and managing them, and how to **distribute your new dashboards**.

Note It's worth pointing out that this discussion focuses heavily on the administration of this powerful tool. Most users will simply interact with either the design tool (described below) or the finished dashboards themselves.

Next: Analytic Dashboards - Moving Parts

4.1.3.1 Moving Parts

Overview

As previously mentioned, Analytic Dashboards are built on the components of data and design.

Like any other report, Analytic Dashboards rely on a dataset- we call this an <u>Analytic Model</u>. Each model contains a query that draws from a **data source**.

Analytic Models provide the data for designing dashboards, which can be done with the <u>Analytic Dashboard</u> Designer. Created dashboards are then managed in the <u>Analytic Dashboards</u> applet.

Each aspect of an Analytic Dashboard is governed by assigned User Permissions.

Moving Parts

- Permissions Govern user access to applets, models and dashboards
- Data Source The source of data used in Analytic Models. Defaults to InFocus, but third party data sources are supported
- Analytic Models Datasets used to design dashboards. InFocus-optimized models are available in InFocus Marketplace. Additionally, models can be built and managed with Dashboard Queries Manager (UT>Dashboard Queries Manager).
- Analytic Dashboard Designer Design tool used to create your Analytic Dashboards. Available in UT>Analytic Dashboard Designer
- Analytic Dashboards Applet used for managing Analytic Dashboards (UT>Analytic Dashboards)

Next: Analytic Dashboards - Permissions Setup

4.1.3.2 Permissions Setup

Overview

Permissions for working with Analytic Dashboards are assigned in **AD>Permissions**.

Please complete the steps below to grant permissions as appropriate to the applets used by this tool.

Tutorial

- 1. Browse to Administration>Permissions
- 2. Select the Groups and/or Users you wish to grant permissions to
- 3. On the row next to the Group/User, click the **lockbox**. A dialogue will display.
- **4.** From the Groups and/or Users Permissions tab, grant permissions as appropriate. Below is a list of permissions and what they grant access to.
- **5.** Once the permissions have been selected, click **Save**.

Module	Applet	Special Rights	Description
Utilities	Analytic Dashboard	n/a	Access to use the

Module	Applet	Special Rights	Description
	Designer		designer
	Analytic Dashboards	n/a	Access to manage Analytic Dashboard views
	Dashboard Groups	n/a	Access to manage Dashboard Groups. Analytic Dashboards are distributed via UT>Dashboard Groups.
	Dashboard Groups	Can Save Default Layout	Access to save a dashboard design layout as the default view
	Dashboard Queries Manager	n/a	Access to manage Analytic Models (and other Classic Dashboard queries)
	Marketplace Purchases	n/a	Access to download and distribute Analytic Models (and other items) from InFocus Marketplace
	Query Builder	n/a	Access to Query Builder applet (optional - advanced users only)

Next: Analytic Dashboards - Data Source Setup

4.1.3.3 Data Source Setup

Overview

Each Analytic Model relies on a data source for the data it contains. Analytic Dashboards support both native (InFocus) and third party data sources- selected when building the design. This means that, in addition to your InFocus data, you can now visualize outside data across other areas of business- making InFocus a central hub for business analysis.

Third party data sources are considered either External (e.g. SQL Database, etc.) or Custom (e.g. SQL, OLAP, Microsoft Excel / CSV, etc.) and can be <u>added when designing an Analytic Dashboard view</u>. <u>External Data Sources</u> can be configured globally in AD>Global Settings for use in other InFocus applets. <u>Custom Data Sources</u> are added when designing with the Analytic Dashboard Designer.

Note

Most users will simply use the default **InFocus** data source. If InFocus will be your **only data source**, no additional data source setup is required. You can skip to the <u>Analytic Models Setup</u> section below.

Tutorial

- 1. Browse to Administration>Global Settings
- 2. Click the External Data Sources tab
- 3. Complete the grid as appropriate
 - o If checked, Use Integrated Security will use Windows Authentication
- 4. Click Save

Next: Analytic Dashboards - Analytic Model Setup

4.1.3.4 Analytic Models Setup

Overview

Analytic Models are at the core of building great dashboards. It is also worth noting that **model** is just another term for **query** (e.g. "select * from ev_projecttransactions" or similar). While we've given you the tools to build your own models, Clearview offers several InFocus-optimized models- available through InFocus Marketplace.

Whether downloaded or custom built, Analytic Models are managed in the <u>Dashboard Queries Manager</u> applet.

Tutorials

Installing an Analytic Model from InFocus Marketplace

As mentioned above, Clearview offers several InFocus-optimized models, available in the InFocus Marketplace. Below are the steps for downloading and installing your first model.

- 1. Browse to InFocus Marketplace
- 2. Select an Analytic Model
- 3. Download/Purchase the model

Once downloaded, complete the following steps in InFocus:

- 1. Browse to **UT>Marketplace Purchases**. Note, if you don't see this applet, ensure you have permissions via AD>Permissions (listed under Utilities>Marketplace Purchases).
- 2. Select the Analytic Model
- 3. Click Install/Update from the toolbar
- 4. Click the Manage link (**gear icon** to the right of the model)

Your Analytic Model is installed and ready to be managed via UT>Dashboard Queries Manager.

Managing Analytic Models

Below is a tutorial for managing Analytic Models and making them available to your designers.

- 1. Browse to Utilities>Dashboard Queries Manager
- 2. Select Analytic Models from the drop-down
 - Note, if Analytic Models have not been installed, download one from <u>InFocus Marketplace</u> to get started.
- 3. **Double-click** the model you wish to manage
- 4. Edit the model as appropriate (click here for further details)
 - Most users will simply work with distributing pre-written models (as discussed above)
 - o If writing your own model, as a best practice use Field Lists/Descriptions to describe the fields contained in the model. This will be helpful when designing the dashboards.
- 5. Distribute the Model for use in the designer
 - Click the Model Permissions tab
 - o Assign permissions as appropriate
- 6. Click Save

Click for more information on working with Analytic Models

Next: Analytic Dashboard Designer Setup

4.1.3.5 Analytic Dashboard Designer

Overview

Analytic Dashboard Designer applet features an intuitive, interactive design environment that displays your dashboards in real-time as you build them. Each design uses a Data Source (defaults to InFocus) and an Analytic Model.

When clicking **New**, you'll be prompted to select an Analytic Model- the data source will default to InFocus. That said, you'll note that the designer supports multiple data sources and multiple models per design (advanced designs).

Once selected, you're ready to begin using the design tools.

Tutorial

Let's walk through this process together:

- 1. Browse to Utilities>Analytic Dashboard Designer
- 2. Click New
- **3.** When prompted for an Analytic Model, click **Yes**.
- 4. Select a model from the list. Your model will load into the left hand pane.
 - Note, if you don't see Analytic Models listed, it is likely because either you don't have permissions to an Analytic Model, or there aren't any installed in your system. To fix, review Analytic Models Setup.
- **5. IMPORTANT** click the **Refresh icon** (circular arrows) above the Query list. This populates your analytic model with data from the data source and makes it available to the design.
- 6. Design your Dashboard (watch a tutorial)
 - a. Insert an item (Pivot, Grid, Chart, etc.)
 - b. Drag-and-Drop your data fields into the Design Items pane as appropriate
 - c. Your dashboard will populate as you add fields and other items.

- 7. Click Save and complete the dialogue that appears
 - o Grouping is used to organize similar Analytic Dashboards together for display purposes.

Click for more information on using the Analytic Dashboard Designer

Next: Analytic Dashboards Applet Setup

4.1.3.6 Analytic Dashboards

Overview

Once an Analytic Dashboard is created, you'll **manage** your new dashboard in the <u>Analytic Dashboards</u> applet (UT>Analytic Dashboards). Similar to other reporting applets, Analytic Dashboards allow you to Edit, Copy, Delete, Import and Export your dashboard.

Additionally, **designer permissions** can be granted for others to work with the dashboard design. Other management options include activate/deactivate, grouping, titles, etc.

Note, Analytic Dashboards are actually distributed via Utilities>Dashboard Groups.

More information on the Analytic Dashboards applet

Next: Distributing Analytic Dashboards

4.1.3.7 Distributing Analytic Dashboards

Overview

Analytic Dashboards are distributed through <u>Dashboard Groups</u> using a new Widget type of **Analytic Container**. An Analytic Container is simply used to list multiple Analytic Dashboard views in the Dashboards applet.

Tutorial

To make your dashboard available to staff, complete the following steps:

- 1. Browse to UT>Dashboard Groups
- 2. Double-click a Dashboard Group
- 3. Select the Widgets tab
- 4. Check Allowed next to Analytics Container
- 5. Select the Analytic Dashboards tab
- 6. Check Allowed next to the appropriate Analytic Dashboards
- 7. Click Save
- 8. Click Configure Dashboard from the toolbar.
- 9. From the dialogue, click the green + located in the Dashboards drop-down (upper left)
- **10.** When prompted, enter a **Name** for the dashboard. This will be the name that shows on your dashboard list.

- 11. Select the Analytic Dashboard radio button
- 12. Click Create
- 13. Double-click the Analytic Dashboard Container widget listed
- 14. Check Show for the dashboard views you wish to display on the Dashboard
- 15. Click Save

Note At next login those assigned to the Dashboard Group will see the newly created Analytic Dashboard.

Click for more information on working with Dashboard Groups

Setup Complete

Further details on Analytic Dashboards are available by clicking the links below. You can also review this setup in our Analytic Dashboard - White Paper.

- Dashboard Queries Manager
- Analytic Dashboard Designer
- Analytic Dashboards Applet

4.2 Accounts Payable

4.2.1 A/P Check Writing

Overview

Accounts Payable Checks are written from this applet. Checks processed from A/P check Writing are generated from the Vendor Invoices that are entered manually into the Purchase Journal. More on the

Purchase Journal

Key Concepts

- The checks themselves are posted to the Disbursements Journal. <u>More on the Disbursement Journal</u>
- Out of the box, InFocus checks use the Deluxe / Nebs DLM102 Check Stock Layout. Other check stocks are available in the InFocus Marketplace.
- Custom Check stock can be developed for a fee. Please inquire through InFocus Support.

4.2.1.1 A/P Check Writing Toolbar

Overview

The A/P Check Writing toolbar gives the user (if given the appropriate permissions) numerous capabilities within the A/P Check Writing applet. Below is a list of those capabilities.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- Tools Additional Tools options
 - EFT Bank Info This allows you to Add/Modify the EFT Bank information used when processing an
 EFT.
 - Save to Batch This allows you to save your selections as a batch for future use.
 - Load from Batch This allows you to save your selections as a batch for future use.
 - Clear Batch This allows you to clear your selections from the batch.
- Save to Batch This allows you to save your selections as a batch for future use.
- Load from Batch This allows you to save your selections as a batch for future use.
- Clear Batch This allows you to clear your selections from the batch.
- Clear Check Sessions This is used when you receive and error message stating that another user is
 currently writing checks against this bank account when no other users truly are. This error can occur if a
 user improperly exits InFocus in the middle of a check writing session.

4.2.1.2 Selections Tab

Overview

The Selection Tab displays the settings that determine which invoices are to be processed. Checks that are processed from A/P Check Writing are generated from the vendor invoices that have been entered into the Purchase Journal. The checks themselves are then posted into the Disbursement Journal.

Field Descriptions

Accounts

- Bank Account The bank account to which checks will be posted. More on Chart of Accounts
- Void Check Account G/L Account to use as offset for void checks. (All transactions in InFocus require at least two sides).
- A/P Account A/P account to use for invoice selection. Leave blank for all.
- Discount Account G/L Account to use for net discounts.
- Next Check Number Next check number to use. Defaults from the next control number field of the bank
 account record on the Account Associations tab in <u>General Accounting>Chart of Accounts</u>. The Edit
 button next to the check number allows a user to directly change the next check number in this screen.

 Next EFT Number - Next check EFT number to use. Defaults from the next control number field of the bank account record on the Account Associations tab (EFT column) in <u>General Accounting>Chart of</u> <u>Accounts</u>. <u>More on EFTs</u>

Settings

- G/L Period The G/L period to which checks are posted. More on G/L Periods
- Check Date Date of checks
- Default "Pay" to Selected When checked, defaults to pay the selected invoices.

Date Range

- No Range When checked, no range will be used for invoice selection
- Use Range When checked, a date range will be used for invoice selection.
- From Starting date of invoice selection
- To Ending date of invoice selection
- Apply to Due Date When checked, invoices with a due date between the From and To Dates will be selected.
- Apply To Invoice Date When checked, invoices with an invoice date between the From and To Dates will be selected.

Vendors

- All When checked, open invoices for all vendors will be included.
- Specific When checked, open invoices for the specified vendors will be selected.

Printing

- Print Check Number When checked, the check number will print on the face of the check.
- Check Report Report design to be used to print the check. More on A/P Check Reports
- Label Report Report design used to print check labels More on A/P Check Labels
- Long Stub Report Report design used to print long stubs. Long stubs are a separate report for checks
 that cover more invoices than can be printed on one stub. More on A/P Long Stub Reports
- EFT Report Report design to be used to print the EFT check. More on A/P EFT Reports
- Max. Number of Invs. on Check Stub Maximum number of invoices that will fit on one check. The default
 of 10 applies to the check report design that ships with InFocus.

4.2.1.3 Results Tab

Overview

In the *Results* Tab, you will see a list of vendors (Firms) and respective invoices that were found based on the settings from the selections step. The *Results* Tab is split into two grids: 1) the vendor grid and 2) the invoice grid. Please note, selecting a row in the *Vendor* Grid will display the associated invoices in the *Invoice* Grid.

Field Descriptions

Vendor Grid

- Pay/Unpay All When selected, All items in the grid below are selected/unselected.
- Pay When selected, a check will be printed for his vendor.
- Separate Check When checked, a separate check will be printed for each invoice for this vendor.
 Defaults to setting in Vendor Setup record.
- Firm Vendor
- Amount Due Total amount due this vendor.
- Amount Applied Amount to pay vendor for this invoice. Defaults to the balance due of the invoice less
 any discount. You can override this amount by changing the field value.
- EFT When selected, check will be processed as an EFT.

Invoice Grid

- Pay/Unpay All When selected, All items in the grid below are selected/unselected.
- Pay When selected, a check will be printed for this vendor.
- A/P Account Accounts Payable Account from the Purchase Journal.
- Firm Vendor name. Read only.
- Invoice No. Invoice number. Read only.
- Invoice Date Invoice Date. Read only.
- Due Date Due Date from the Purchase Journal.
- Invoice Amount Invoice amount. Read Only.
- Amount Due Amount due on invoice. Read Only.
- Discount Amount Amount of discount to take on invoice. Calculated based on Vendor Setup record settings. You can override this amount here.
- Amount Applied Amount to pay vendor for this invoice.

4.2.1.4 Post Tab

Overview

In the Post tab, a user can print checks, post checks, and void checks. The grid on the top of the Post tab is

the check queue. When you first enter this tab, the system will display a list of checks that have been prepared to be printed. The normal operation is to first print the checks. Once you have printed the checks, a flag will be marked next to the checks. You can now print labels and long stubs for all checks that are flagged as printed. Finally, you post the checks to the Disbursement Journal. Checks will be posted for only those checks that are flagged as printed (or voided). Once the checks have been posted, they are removed from the queue.

Note - In the case of printer jams you may need to void or reprint checks. The grid at the bottom of the screen retains the list of voided checks.

Field Descriptions

Check Queue Columns

- Printed When checked, the check is considered printed. Once you have the printed the checks, the
 'Printed" flag will be automatically checked next to the checks.
- Firm Vendor. Read only.
- Memo Check memo to print on check face. Can be edited when check printed flag is not set. This Memo
 can be pulled from the Check Memo box at <u>Vendors>General Tab</u>
- Check Number Check number. Read Only
- Check Amount Check amount. Read only

Check Queue Buttons

- Void When selected, a check range to have voided can be entered. All checks in the range will move
 from the check queue to the void log and new check numbers will be assigned in their stead. Voids will
 get posted along with regular checks. You cannot move a void back into the check queue without starting
 over.
- Print Test Check Print test check should be done to plain paper and held over a check against a light source to verify alignment. Test checks do not generate a void.
- Print Long Stubs When selected, a long stub will print for every check marked printed, where there
 maximum number of invoices have been exceeded.
- Print Labels When selected, mailing labels will print for every check marked printed. This is optional and
 used when windowed envelopes are not used.
- Print Checks Prints all checks not flagged as printed and then marks them as printed.
- Print EFTs Prints all EFT checks.
- Post Posts all checks flagged as printed, as well as the voids, to the Disbursements journal. Removes

posted items from the queue and the void log.

4.2.2 Credit Card Cash Posting

Overview

This utility creates automated cash basis General Journal entry for credit card charges.

Key Concepts

- Employees can enter Credit Card expenses into their Expense Sheets, which are then imported into the
 Employee Reimbursables Journal. Expense Checks are then cut to the employees which upon posting,
 creates a Disbursement Journal entry. Credit Card expenses do not get checks, therefore, do not end up
 having a Disbursement Journal entry made for them. The Disbursement Journal is used when performing
 Cash and Accrual financial reporting.
- To recognize Credit Card expenses in Cash and Accrual Reporting, the Credit Card Cash Posting utility creates a General Journal entry (flagged as 'Both') that "posts" credit card entries. General Journal entries flagged as 'Both' will have no adverse effect in the system.
- The ability to mark the entry as 'Cash' is there because many companies run their books on both cash and accrual. They may operate on an accrual basis, but report taxes on a cash basis. This is why the General Journal gives you the choice to mark an entry as Cash, Accrual or Both. For instance, a bank balance should be the same whether it is on cash basis or accrual basis. Therefore, General Journal entries effecting the bank account should be marked both. Year end closings, however would be either cash only or accrual only. That is why when running the system on both cash and accrual basis you close the year twice; once for cash and once on accrual.
- To use this utility, you need to enable the "Separate Credit Card Charges on Expense Sheet Import" option located at Global Settings>A/P Tab>Credit Cards and Cash Basis Section. When this option is enabled the import of an expense sheet can potentially result in two employee reimbursable transactions; one for lines that are flagged as Credit Card and one that is not.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

 Post - When selected, all items marked as Post are included in the General Journal Entry that is created. More on the General Journal

4.2.2.1 Credit Card Cash Posting Detail

Overview

This Credit Card Cash Posting Detail window is where you enter the selection criteria in preparation to create the automated cash basis general journal entry for credit card charges.

Field Descriptions

E/R Account

E/R Account - Employee Reimbursable Account that was used during the Import of Expenses to the E/R
Journal. More on Expense Sheet Import

Credit Card Clearing Account

Credit Card Clearing Account - G/L Account that is used to clear Credit Card transactions. More on G/L
Accounts

Header Section

- Summarize to G/L on Post When selected, similar G/L Accounts are combined in the General Journal entry that is created.
- Include Unreconciled Transactions When selected, Items that are not marked as Reconciled during
 Credit Card Reconciliation, are brought into the CCC Posting grid to be included in the posting. More on
 Credit Card Reconciliation
- Load Transactions When selected, all transactions that can be included in the current CCC Posting session fill into the grid.
- G/L Period G/L Period that the posting will be recognized in.
- Select All When selected, all of the items in the grid will be flagged to Post.
- Select By Clearing ID The look-up allows you to select a group of transactions by Credit Card Reconciliation IN number. <u>More on Credit Card Reconciliation</u>
- Show All Versions When selected, all versions of the transactions will show in the grid.

Grid Section

- Post When selected, the item will be included in the posting.
- CC Header ID If the item was a part of a Credit Card Reconciliation, the Header ID number will show here.
- Employee Code Code of the Employee that entered the expense.
- Employee Name Proper Name of the Employee that entered the expense.
- Project Path Path of the project that the expense was entered against.
- Project Name Name of the project that the expense was entered against.
- Transaction Date Date of the expense that was entered.
- G/L Code G/L Code of the Expense that was entered.
- G/L Name G/L Name of the Expense that was entered.

- Qty Quantity of the Expense that was entered.
- Unit Rate Unit Rate of the Expense that was entered.
- Amount Amount of the Expense that was entered.
- Cleared Amount If the item was a part of a Credit Card Reconciliation, the Amount that was cleared.
- Original If checked, the transaction is the original.
- ER ID The Employee Reimbursable Journal ID number. More on the Employee Reimbursable Journal
- ER Line ID The Line number that the transaction represents in the Employee Reimbursable Journal transaction.
- Exp. Line ID The Line number that the transaction represents in the Expense Sheet transaction.
- Internal Comments Text from the G/L Comment on the line item in the Employee Reimbursable Journal transaction.
- ES ID The Expense Sheet ID number. More on the Expense Sheet
- ES Create Date The date that the Expense Sheet was created.

4.2.3 Credit Card Reconciliation

Overview

The Credit Card Reconciliation applet is used to reconcile company credit card charges that have been entered via Expense Sheets (and Imported to the E/R Journal) and have been marked as Credit Card.

Key Concepts

- Double-click on a contact inside the grid to bring up the "Contact Detail" pop-up. Data can be viewed or changed, depending on the user's permissions.
- Within the "Contact Detail" pop-up, there are multiple tabs that show specific data about the contact, such as name or main phone.
- Only contacts and employees can be added from this form.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- Edit Additional Edit options
 - Clearing Account Allows you to change the Credit Card Clearing G/L Account that is used.
- Credit Card Reconciliation Report Runs the Credit Card Reconciliation Report. More on the Credit Card
 Reconciliation Report

References

Please browse to the following Video to see the Credit Card Reconciliation at work.

CC Reconciliation

4.2.3.1 Purchase Look-up Window

Overview

The Purchase Look-up window is where you pull up Vendors that may have Credit Card charges against

them.

Key Concepts

- Purchase Journal entries that go against the selected Firm shows up here. More on the Purchase Journal
- Double-Click to load the invoice.

Field Descriptions

Firm

 Look-up - The look-up gives you a list of Clients and Vendors that may have Credit Card charges against them, for example, MasterCard.

Invoices

- Invoice No. The Purchase Journal Invoice Number.
- Date Date of the Invoice.
- Amount Amount of the Invoice

Additional Field Descriptions

Column Chooser (Sprocket icon)

- Firm Code Code of Firm associated with the Invoice.
- Firm Name Name of Firm associated with the Invoice.
- Transaction ID Internal ID number of the Invoice.
- Due Date Due Date of the Invoice

4.2.3.2 Credit Card Rec Header/Footer

Overview

The Credit Card Reconciliation Header / Footer of Credit Card Reconciliation contains important information about the current session.

Key Concepts

Purchase Journal entries that go against the selected Firm populate the header info. More on the
 Purchase Journal

Field Descriptions

Header

- Firm Name (no label) The Firm Name is the top item that displays in the Header.
- Invoice No. Invoice Number of the selected Purchase Journal.
- Purchase ID Internal ID number of the selected Purchase Journal.
- Clearing Date Clearing Date of the Credit Card Reconciliation session.
- Clearing Amount Clearing Amount of the Credit Card Reconciliation session.
- Comment Internal Comments
- Cut-Off Cut-off date for transactions that show in the Charges grid.
- · Reconciled When checked, the Credit Card Reconciliation session is considered to be Reconciled.

Footer

- Cleared Charges Total of charges flagged as Cleared in the current session. More on Charges
- Missing Charges Total of charges added to the Missing Charges Tab. More on Missing Charges
- Total Charges Cleared plus Missing Charges
- Balance Clearing Amount minus Total Charges

4.2.3.3 Charges Tab

Overview

The Charges Tab is where you clear charges that were entered by Employees against the Vendors that were marked as Credit Card transactions.

Key Concepts

• The footer amounts will auto-calculate with the totals.

Field Descriptions

- Cleared When selected, the item is considered to be cleared and is part of the current session.
- Employee Code Code of the Employee who entered the Expense.
- Employee Name Name of the Employee who entered the Expense.
- Project Path Project that the Expense was entered against.
- Exp. Amount Amount of the Expense.
- CC Amount Amount of the Expense to be used in the current session (Fills when the Cleared box is selected).

4.2.3.4 Missing Charges Tab

Overview

The Missing Charges Tab is where you add missing charges that were made by Employees but were not entered through an Expense Sheet.

Key Concepts

• The Missing Charges footer amount will auto-calculate when saved.

Field Descriptions

- Employee Code Code of the Employee who entered the Expense.
- Employee Name Name of the Employee who entered the Expense.
- Description Description of the Missing Charge.
- Amount Amount of the Missing Charge.

4.2.3.5 Employee Totals

Overview

The Employee Totals section displays all charges that are part of the current Credit Card Reconciliation session (Cleared & Missing charges)

Field Descriptions

- Employee Name of the Employee who entered the Expense.
- Amount Amount of the Charge.

4.2.4 Disbursement Journal

Overview

The Disbursements Journal is where all outgoing checks are entered.

Key Concepts

- Entries here, are generated in two ways:
 - They are automatically generated though the Check Writing applets (A/P and E/R)
 - They are entered manually through the Disbursement Journal interface and Printed using the Manual Check option on the Toolbar.
- The Disbursement Journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the Header amount is a credit, so when you enter a positive amount it saves it behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

Menu Bar

- File Additional options under the File button.
 - Void Voids the current Journal Transaction.
- View Additional options under the View button.
 - o Bookmarked Allows you to select Bookmarked Transactions. More on Bookmarks
- Tools Additional options under the Tools button.
 - Auto-balancing Allows user to enable auto-balance for journal entry. Available types of Auto Balance include:
 - Off Disables this functionality
 - Top Down Distributes the remaining Header Amount listed into each new line item.
 - Bottom Up Enters the sum of the line items into the Journal Header Amount
 - New Entry On Save If On is selected, a new Journal Entry screen will load when saving another
 Journal Entry. Otherwise the saved Journal Entry remains loaded on the screen.
 - o Change Period for Current Revision This will change the G/L period for the current journal revision
 - Change Bank Account Allows the user to change the Bank account for the current journal entry
 - o Show Unposted Shows unposted journal entries for a given G/L period
 - Print Check Prints a check for the currently loaded Journal Transaction. <u>Report Management>Manual Check</u>

- o Bookmark Bookmarks the journal entry for future retrieval. More on Bookmarks
- Batches When clicked, a batches box will pop up. Batches are a way for a user to manually input transactions into the system and check them against the batch total. Once all of the transactions are entered, the user can then post all of the transaction within the batch. More on Batch Entries

Toolbar Options

- New Creates a new journal transaction
- · Copy Copies the current journal transaction to the journal
- Save Saves the current journal transaction
- Void Voids the current Journal Transaction
- Delete Deletes the current journal transaction
- Batches When clicked, a batches box will pop up. Batches are a way for a user to manually input transactions into the system and check them against the batch total. Once all of the transactions are entered, the user can then post all of the transaction within the batch. More on Batch Entries
- Bookmark Bookmarks the current journal transaction. More on Bookmarks
- Bookmarked Displays a list of Bookmarked transactions for quick reference
- Documents Opens the Document Management pop-up. There you are able to upload, view, modify and delete archived documents.
- Print Prints the Journal Single Transaction Report

4.2.4.1 Disbursement Header

Overview

The Disbursement Journal header section contains all common data for a disbursement transaction. It contains the bank account and transaction amount and is referred to as the control side.

Key Concepts

 The Disbursement Journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the Header amount is a credit, so when you enter a positive amount it saves it behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).

Field Descriptions

** Indicates a required field

- Transaction ID The unique identification number of this transaction. This displays in the header next to "Disbursement Journal".
- Printed Signifies that a Manual Check has been printed for this transaction.
- Batch ID The Batch ID that the selected transaction is a part of. More on Batch Entries
- ** Bank Bank account
- Payee Type Can be a vendor, employee, or client. If allowed by <u>Global Settings>General Tab>Misc.</u>
 <u>Section>Allow Disbursements to Payees Not on File</u>, then a payee not on file can be added here.
- ** Pay To Check payee (any vendor, employee, client, or payee not on file).
- Check Memo Text entered here will appear on face of check in memo area, conversely when text is
 entered in the Check Memo line in A/P and E/R Check Writing will be displayed here.
- Comments Comments to appear in G/L report. Will show on control side and, if no G/L comment is
 entered on the line item, will also print on those as well.
- Amount Amount of check. Must match to the Amount total in the Detail section.
- Check Number Check number. Combination of bank account and check number must be unique. If left blank, system will apply next check number upon save.
- Check Date Date of the check.
- G/L Period General ledger period for this transaction or revision to affect. Defaults to current period and only open periods are allowed. The Default Current Period is set at <u>General Accounting>Accounting</u> Periods>Current Period
- Batch ID Number of the batch that you are working with. Batched are enabled at <u>Global</u>
 Settings>General Tab>Misc. Section>Use Batch Entries in Journals

4.2.4.2 Disbursement Detail

Overview

The Disbursement Journal Detail section displays the detail of how the checks were distributed.

Key Concepts

- The Detail Section gives the detail of how the checks were distributed.
- If you are on a new row, F2 duplicates the row from above; otherwise, it copies the row you are on to a new line.

Field Descriptions

- 1 of ? This shows the version of the journal entry that you are currently viewing. This is enabled by checking "Journals" at Global Settings>General Tab>Full Audits.
- Current Version Period The GL Period that the current version of the transaction falls in. A "Change Period for Current Revision" option is located under Tools in the toolbar, allows you to change the current period.
- Show Audit Trail When checked, all entries (including reversing entries) will display. It will also include a
 line for the header section of the transaction. Auto-reversals and header lines will be grayed out and
 cannot be altered. This also displays the Create By, Create Date, Modify By and Modify Date of the
 transaction.
- Rev. No. The number of the revision of the Journal entry. The original entry is 1.
- SJID Sales Journal ID number if the Disbursement is linked to a Sales Journal (Client Invoice).
- Sales Invoice No. Sales Journal Invoice Number if the Disbursement is linked to a Sales Journal (Client Invoice).
- G/L Account The G/L account allowed is determined by the payee type. For instance, when client is the payee type, then an A/R account is allowed. More on Chart of Accounts
- G/L Account Name Displays the GL Account Name in the detail section. This is optionally shown through the Column Chooser.
- Invoice No. Used only when G/L account is either Accounts Payable or Accounts Receivable.
- Project Path WBS Path. Available only when payee type is Vendor and G/L account is metric type Cost.
- Project Name Displays the Project Name in the detail section. This is optionally shown through the Column Chooser.
- Exp. Code Expense code. Available only when payee type is Vendor and G/L account is metric type Cost.
- GL Period Displays the GL Period of the line item in the detail section. This is optionally shown through the Column Chooser. <u>More on Accounting Periods</u>
- Amount Extended amount. Read only. Sum of gty X unit rate.
- Bill Status Billing status. Available only when payee type is Vendor and G/L account is metric type Cost.
- G/L Comments General ledger comments. Will print on G/L reports in place of comments on header of transactions for this line item.
- PM Comments Project management comments. Appears on project management reports and invoices.

Available only when payee type is Vendor and G/L account is metric type Cost.

4.2.5 E/R Check Writing

Overview

Checks processed from E/R Check Writing are generated from the employee reimbursable entered into the Employee Reimbursable Journal. The checks themselves are posted into the Disbursements Journal. Our system checks use the Deluxe/Nebs DLM102 Check Stock layout.

Key Concepts

 Invoices are synonymous with reimbursements. A reimbursement is a transaction in the employee reimbursement journal.

4.2.5.1 E/R Check Writing Toolbar

Overview

The E/R *Check Writing* toolbar gives the user (if given the appropriate permissions) numerous capabilities within the E/R *Check Writing* applet. Below is a list of those capabilities.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- Tools Additional Tools options
 - EFT Bank Info This allows you to Add/Modify the EFT Bank information used when processing an EFT.
 - Save to Batch This allows you to save your selections as a batch for future use.
 - o Load from Batch This allows you to save your selections as a batch for future use.
 - Clear Batch This allows you to clear your selections from the batch.
- Save to Batch This allows you to save your selections as a batch for future use.
- Load from Batch This allows you to save your selections as a batch for future use.
- Clear Batch This allows you to clear your selections from the batch.
- Clear Check Sessions This is used when you receive and error message stating that another user is currently writing checks against this bank account when no other users truly are. This error can occur if a user improperly exits InFocus in the middle of a check writing session.

4.2.5.2 Selections Tab

Overview

The Selection Tab displays the settings that determine which invoices are to be processed. Checks that are processed from E/R Check Writing are generated from the Employee Reimbursables Journal that may have been imported from Expense sheets. The checks themselves are then posted into the Disbursement Journal.

Field Descriptions

Accounts

- Bank Account The bank account to which checks will be posted. More on Chart of Accounts
- Void Check Account G/L Account to use as offset for void checks. (All transactions in InFocus require at least two sides).
- E/R Account E/R account to use for invoice selection. Leave blank for all.
- Next Check Number Next check number to use. Defaults from the next control number field of the bank
 account record on the Account Associations tab in <u>General Accounting>Chart of Accounts</u>. The Edit
 button next to the check number allows a user to directly change the next check number in this screen.
- Next EFT Number Next check EFT number to use. Defaults from the next control number field of the bank account record on the Account Associations tab (EFT column) in <u>General Accounting>Chart of</u> Accounts. More on EFTs

Settings

- G/L Period The G/L period to which checks are posted. More on G/L Periods
- Check Date Date of checks
- Default "Pay" to Selected When checked, defaults to pay the selected reimbursement.

Date Range

- No Range When checked, no range will be used for reimbursement selection
- Use Range When checked, a date range will be used for reimbursement selection.
- From Starting date of reimbursement selection
- To Ending date of reimbursement selection

Employees

- All When checked, open reimbursement for all employees will be included.
- Specific When checked, open reimbursement for the specified employees will be selected.
- EFT Type When selected, open reimbursement for the specified EFT Type will be selected.

Printing

- Print Check Number When checked, the check number will print on the face of the check.
- Check Report Report design to be used to print the check. More on E/R Check Reports
- Label Report Report design used to print check labels. More on E/R Label Reports
- Long Stub Report Report design used to print long stubs. Long stubs are a separate report for checks
 that cover more invoices than can be printed on one stub. More on E/R Label Reports
- EFT Report Report design to be used to print the EFT check. More on E/R EFT Reports
- Max. Number of Invs. on Check Stub Maximum number of invoices that will fit on one check. The default
 of 10 applies to the check report design that ships with InFocus.

4.2.5.3 Results Tab

Overview

In the *Results* Tab, you will see a list of Employees and respective reimbursements that were found based on the settings from the selections step. The *Results* Tab is split into two grids: 1) the Employee grid and 2) the Reimbursements grid. Please note, selecting a row in the *Employee* Grid will display the associated invoices in the *Invoice* Grid.

Field Descriptions

Employees Grid

- Pay When checked, the selected check(s) will be processed for printing.
- Separate Check When checked, a separate check will be printed for each reimbursement for this Vendor.
- Employee Employee
- Amount Due Total amount due this employee.
- Amount Applied Total amount to pay this employee. Defaults to amount due. Shows running total of selections from reimbursement grid.
- EFT When selected, check will be processed as an EFT.

Reimbursement Grid

- Pay When checked, the selected check(s) will be processed for printing.
- E/R Account Employee Reimbursable Account from the Employee Reimbursable Journal.
- Employee Employee name. Read only.

- Invoice No. Reimbursement. Transaction ID from employee reimbursement journal. Read only.
- Invoice Date Invoice Date. Read only.
- Invoice Amount Invoice amount. Read Only.
- Amount Due Amount due on invoice. Read Only.
- Amount Applied Amount to pay employee for this reimbursement.

4.2.5.4 Post Tab

Overview

In the Post tab, a user can print, post, or void checks. The grid on the top of the Post tab is the check queue. When you first enter this tab, the system will display a list of checks that have been prepared to be printed. The normal operation is to first print the checks. Once you have the printed the check, a flag will appear next to the check in the check queue. You can now print labels and long stubs for all checks that are flagged as printed. Finally, you post the checks. Checks will be posted only for checks flagged as printed or voided. Once the checks have been posted they are removed from the queue.

Key Concepts

• In the case of printer jams you may need to void or reprint checks. The grid at the bottom of the screen retains the list of voided checks.

Field Descriptions

Check Queue Columns

- Printed When selected, the check is considered printed.
- Employee Employee Name. Read only.
- Memo Check memo to print on check face. Can be edited when check printed flag is not set.
- Check Number Check number. Read Only
- Check Amount Check amount. Read only

Check Queue Buttons

 Void - When selected, a check range can be entered to have voided. All checks in the range will move from the check queue to the void log and new check numbers will be assigned in their stead. Voids will get posted along with regular checks. You cannot move a void back into the check queue without starting over.

- Print Test Check Print test check should be done to plain paper and held over a check against a light source to verify alignment. Test checks do not generate a void.
- Print Long Stubs When selected, a long stub will print for every check marked printed that has exceeded a maximum number of reimbursements.
- Print Labels When selected, mailing labels will print for every check marked printed. This is optional and used when windowed envelopes are not used.
- Print Checks Prints all checks not flagged as printed and then marks them printed.
- Print EFTs Prints all EFT checks.
- Post Posts all checks flagged as printed. It also enters the voids in the Disbursements Journal.
 Removes posted items from the queue and the void log.

4.2.6 Employee Reimbursables

Overview

The Employee Reimbursables Journal is where employee reimbursements are entered.

Key Concepts

- Entries here, are generated in two ways:
 - They are automatically generated though the Import Expense Sheets Utility located in the Toolbar.
 More on Importing Expenses
 - o They are entered manually through the Employee Reimbursables Journal interface.
- This journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the Header amount is a credit, so when you enter a positive amount it saves it behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

Menu Bar

- File Additional options under the File button.
 - Void Voids the current Journal Transaction.
- View Additional options under the View button.
 - Bookmarked Allows you to select Bookmarked Transactions. <u>More on Bookmarks</u>
- Tools Additional options under the Tools button.

- Auto-balancing Allows user to enable auto-balance for journal entry. Available types of Auto Balance include:
 - Off Disables this functionality
 - Top Down Distributes the remaining Header Amount listed into each new line item.
 - Bottom Up Enters the sum of the line items into the Journal Header Amount
- New Entry On Save If On is selected, a new Journal Entry screen will load when saving another
 Journal Entry. Otherwise the saved Journal Entry remains loaded on the screen.
- o Change Period for Current Revision This will change the G/L period for the current journal revision
- o Show Unposted Shows unposted journal entries for a given G/L period
- Change E/R Account Allows the user to change the E/R account for the current journal entry
- Import Expense Sheets Launches a dialogue to evaluate and post a range of Expense Sheets. <u>More on Importing Expense Sheets</u>
- Clear All Pending Expense Sheet Transactions Will clear out all of the pending expense sheet transactions from the grid.
- o Recurring Entry Allows the user to have an entry that is recurring for a given number of cycles
- o Bookmark Bookmarks the journal entry for future retrieval. More on Bookmarks
- Recurring Entry Allows the user to have an entry that is recurring for a given number of cycles. More
 on Recurring Entries
- Batches When clicked, a batches box will pop up. Batches are a way for a user to manually input transactions into the system and check them against the batch total. Once all of the transactions are entered, the user can then post all of the transaction within the batch. <u>More on Batch Entries</u>

Toolbar Options

- New Creates a new journal transaction
- Save Saves the current journal transaction
- Copy Copies the current journal transaction to the journal
- Void Voids the current Journal Transaction
- Delete Deletes the current journal transaction.
- Recurring Entry Allows the user to have an entry that is recurring for a given number of cycles. <u>More on</u>
 Recurring Entries
- Batches When clicked, a batches box will pop up. Batches are a way for a user to manually input transactions into the system and check them against the batch total. Once all of the transactions are entered, the user can then post all of the transaction within the batch. More on Batch Entries
- Recurring Entry Allows the user to have an entry that is recurring for a given number of cycles
- Bookmark Bookmarks the current journal transaction. <u>More on Bookmarks</u>
- Bookmarked Displays a list of Bookmarked transactions for quick reference

- Documents Opens the Document Management pop-up. There you are able to upload, view, modify and delete archived documents.
- Print Prints the Journal Single Transaction Report

4.2.6.1 Employee Reimbursables Header

Overview

The header section contains all common data for an E/R transaction. It contains the employee reimbursable account and transaction amount, and is referred to as the control side.

Key Concepts

• This journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the Header amount is a credit, so when you enter a positive amount it saves it behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).

Field Descriptions

** Indicates a required field

- Transaction ID The unique identification number of this transaction. This displays in the header next to "Employee Reimbursables".
- Batch ID The Batch ID that the selected transaction is a part of. More on Batch Entries
- ** E/R Account Employee reimbursable sub-ledger account.
- Employee The employee for whom the transaction is intended.
- E/R Comment Internal E/R Comment.
- G/L Comments Comments to appear in G/L report. Will show on control side and, if no G/L comment is entered on the line item, will also print on those as well.
- Amount Amount of check. Must match to the Amount total in the Detail section.
- Invoice Date Date of the check.
- G/L Period General ledger period for this transaction or revision to affect. Defaults to current period and only open periods are allowed. The Default Current Period is set at <u>General Accounting>Accounting</u> Periods>Current Period

Batch ID - Number of the batch that you are working with. Batched are enabled at <u>Global</u>
 <u>Settings>General Tab>Misc. Section>Use Batch Entries in Journals</u>

4.2.6.2 Employee Reimbursables Detail

Overview

The Employee Reimbursables Detail section displays the detail of how the reimbursements were distributed.

Key Concepts

 If you are on a new row, F2 duplicates the row from above; otherwise, it copies the row you are on to a new line.

Field Descriptions

- 1 of ? This shows the version of the journal entry that you are currently viewing. This is enabled by checking "Journals" at Global Settings>General Tab>Full Audits.
- Current Version Period The GL Period that the current version of the transaction falls in. A "Change Period for Current Revision" option is located under Tools in the toolbar, allows you to change the current period.
- Show Audit Trail When checked, all entries (including reversing entries) will display. It will also include a
 line for the header section of the transaction. Auto-reversals and header lines will be grayed out and
 cannot be altered. This also displays the Create By, Create Date, Modify By and Modify Date of the
 transaction.
- Rev. No. The number of the revision of the Journal entry. The original entry is 1.
- Project Path WBS path. Optional
- SJID Sales Journal ID number if the Disbursement is linked to a Sales Journal (Client Invoice).
- Expense Code Defaults in from vendor setup if also setup on project (Optional). <u>More on Expense</u>
 <u>Codes</u>
- G/L Account If expense code is entered, it defaults in either the direct or indirect cost G/L account from
 the expense code setup, depending on type of project. When project is specified, you are limited to the
 appropriate direct/indirect cost accounts. More on Chart of Accounts
- GL Account Name Displays the GL Account Name in the detail section. This is optionally shown through the Column Chooser.
- GL Period Displays the GL Period in the detail section. This is optionally shown through the Column Chooser. More on Accounting Periods
- Transaction Date Date of reimbursement line item

- Project Name Displays the Project Name in the detail section. This is optionally shown through the Column Chooser.
- Sales Invoice No. Sales Journal Invoice Number.
- Qty Quantity. This is optionally shown through the Column Chooser by selecting "Quantity and Rate".
 When selected, the "Amount" column becomes Read Only and calculates off of the Qty and Unite Rate columns.
- Unit rate Unit cost rate. This is optionally shown through the Column Chooser by selecting "Quantity and Rate". When selected, the "Amount" column becomes Read Only and calculates off of the Qty and Unite Rate columns.
- Amount Extended amount. Read only. Sum of qty X unit rate.
- Ext. Bill Amount Amount of Employee Reimbursable including the markup.
- Bill Status Name of the Transaction Status.
- Bill Status Code Code of the Transaction Status.
- G/L Comments General ledger comments. Will print on G/L reports in place of comments on header of transactions for this line item.
- PM Comments Project management comments. Appears on project management reports and invoices.

4.2.6.3 Expense Sheet Import

Overview

The Expense Sheet Import allows you to Approve/Reject Expense Sheets and import them into the Employee Reimbursables Journal so that you can issue the checks to the employees. <u>More on Expense Sheets</u>

Field Descriptions

Pop-up Buttons

- Load Expense Sheets When clicked, this takes you to the Expenses Tab.
- Accept All When on the Expenses Tab, this button will mark all of the items in the Gris as "Accepted".
- Post Expense Sheets to E/R When selected, all transactions in the Expenses grid will be Posted to the
 Employee Reimbursables Journal. You will then be prompted for the G/L period and invoice date.
- Reset Resets the selections.
- Cancel Cancels the Import process.

Search Criteria Tab

Filters

Description - This tab allows the user to filter available expense sheets and establish posting accounts.

Note - When deriving G/L accounts from base accounts the system will first attempt to use the Employee Profit Center and if unsuccessful then the Project Profit Center.

- All Employees When selected, all employee expense sheets will be analyzed.
- Single Employee When selected, only the selected employee's expense sheets will be analyzed.
- Transaction Cut-Off Date When selected, only transactions As-of the selected date will appear in the Expenses Grid.
- Org. Unit Path When filled out, only employees belong to this org unit, or one of its child org units will be analyzed.

Accounts

- E/R The Base Account must have a Subledger setting of "Employee Reimbursable". More on Chart of Accounts
- Direct ODC The Base Account must have a Metric Type of "Cost, Cost Type of "Direct" and PM Type of Other Direct Charges.
- Direct OCC The Base Account must have a Metric Type of "Cost, Cost Type of "Direct" and PM Type of
 Out of Contract Consultants.
- ICC The Base Account must have a Metric Type of "Cost, Cost Type of "Direct" and PM Type of In Contract Consultants.
- Indirect Exp. The Base Account must have a Metric Type of "Cost, Cost Type of "Indirect" and PM Type
 of Other Direct Charges.
- Indirect CNS. -The Base Account must have a Metric Type of "Cost, Cost Type of "Indirect" and PM Type
 of Out of Contract Consultants.
- Error Account Error G/L account. Used when a G/L account cannot be derived.
- Credit Card Clearing Account This is the offset account for credit card line items.
- Employee Non-Reimbursements This is the variance account for non-reimbursements.

Search Criteria Tab

Description - This Tab displays all unprocessed expense sheet line items. Here you flag which line items should be processed. allows you to approve, reject and ignore expense sheets.

- Action A drop-down list of possible actions for the respective row. The actions are as follows:
 - Ignore Do not process this line item. It will be available in future conversions.
 - o Accept The line item is approved and will be part of the created transaction.
 - Decline The line item is rejected and will not be part of the created transaction. The employee will not be reimbursed.

- Emp. Name The name of the employee that submitted the expense.
- Transaction Date The Expense Sheet Transaction Date.
- Charge Amount Amount of the Expense. This includes Company Credit Card Charges that are not paid to the employee.
- Reimbur. Amount Amount to be reimbursed to the employee.
- Credit Card Company Credit Card Amount. This is indicated by checking the Credit Card check-box in the expense sheet.
- Exp. Code Expense Code of the Expense. More on Expense Codes

4.2.7 Form 1099

Overview

Form 1099 can be sent to vendors and employees. The system will fill out the forms automatically.

Key Concepts

- The user can override any information, including financial amounts.
- The main Applet screen shows the fields that can be entered on the 1099 form.
- An individual's 1099 form can be entered / changed here manually.
- You can also load vendor and employee 1099 forms by using the Load 1099 Recipients button located in the toolbar.

4.2.7.1 Form 1099 Toolbar

Overview

The Form 1099 Toolbar gives the user (if given the appropriate permissions) numerous capabilities. Below is a list of those capabilities.

Additional Toolbar Options

- File Additional File options
 - Load 1099 Recipients Launches the Form 1099 Loading Criteria Dialogue. More on 1099 Loading
 Criteria
- Load 1099 Recipients Launches the Form 1099 Loading Criteria Dialogue. More on 1099 Loading

Criteria

- Print 1099's Launches <u>Print Criteria dialogue box</u> for printing 1099's that subsequently runs the *Form* 1099 Report. <u>More on the Form 1099 Report</u>.
- Print Labels Launches report dialogue to print mailing labels to send 1099 forms
- Save Saves the current session. This session can be reloaded by clicking Load 1099 Recipients and checking "Use Previously Saved Values" in that dialogue.

4.2.7.2 Form 1099 Loading Criteria

Overview

Complete this dialogue to load in Vendors and/or Employees for 1099 processing. More on Filling out the 1099

Field Descriptions

Options

- Year Calendar year that should be analyzed.
- 1099 Minimum Minimum amount paid out before a 1099 should be generated for a given vendor or employee.
- Run Cash Conversion When checked, the cash based conversion utility will be run prior to generating 1099's. Cash journals are used in 1099 calculations.
- Use All Accounts When checked, all G.L accounts are considered for 1099 pay amount; otherwise, only
 accounts that are flagged in the chart of accounts as 1099 accounts will be used.

Vendors

- No Vendors When checked, no vendors are selected.
- All Vendors When checked, all vendors are selected.
- Types of Vendors When selected, vendors with a selected 1099 Type (<u>Vendors>Settings Tab>Vendor Types>1099</u>). The 1099 list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Vendor 1099 Types</u>.
- Selected Vendors A user is able to select individual vendors here.

Employees

- No Employees When checked, no Employees are selected.
- All Employees When checked, all employees are selected.
- Selected Employees If All Employees is not checked, you can select individual employees here.

Buttons/Check boxes

- Use Previously Saved Values When checked, values from the previously saved session will be loaded
- · Load Loads the selections
- Cancel Cancels and closes the dialogue

4.2.7.3 Form 1099 Print

Overview

How to use the 1099 form.

Field Descriptions

Address

- Address drop-down Lists your company addresses set in <u>Global Settings>Offices Tab</u>
- Payer Name Typically your Company Name
- Payer ID Number Your Federal EIN.

Note - If you are not using windowed envelopes, you can print labels by selecting 1099 labels from the toolbar.

4.2.8 Purchase Journal

Overview

The Purchase Journal is where vendor invoices are entered. This is often referred to as the Vendor Invoice Journal.

Transactions entered here must be offset against an Accounts Payable account (this is the header or control side of the transaction). This journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the header amount is a credit, so when you enter a positive amount it saves it behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).

The journal reports provide a listing for transactions entered within the respective journal. Typically, these are printed once a month.

Field Descriptions

In addition to standard menu and toolbar options, the Purchase Journal supports the following:

Menu

- File Additional options under the File button.
 - o Void Voids the current Journal Transaction.
- View Additional options under the View button.
 - Bookmarked Allows you to select Bookmarked Transactions. More on Bookmarks
- Tools Additional options under the Tools button.
 - Auto-balancing Allows user to enable auto-balance for journal entry. Available types of Auto Balance include:
 - Off Disables this functionality
 - Top Down Distributes the remaining Header Amount listed into each new line item.
 - Bottom Up Enters the sum of the line items into the Journal Header Amount
 - New Entry On Save If On is selected, a new Journal Entry screen will load when saving another Journal Entry. Otherwise the saved Journal Entry remains loaded on the screen.
 - Change A/P Account Allows the user to change the A/P account for the current journal entry.
 - o Change Period for Current Revision This will change the G/L period for the current journal revision.
 - o Show Unposted Shows unposted journal entries for a given G/L period.
 - o Bookmark Bookmarks the journal entry for future retrieval. More on Bookmarks
 - Batches When clicked, a batches box will pop up. Batches are a way for a user to manually input transactions into the system and check them against the batch total. Once all of the transactions are entered, the user can then post all of the transaction within the batch. <u>More on Batch Entries</u>
 - Recurring Entry Allows the user to have an entry that is recurring for a given number of cycles. More
 on Recurring Entries

Toolbar

- New Creates a new journal transaction
- Save Saves the current journal transaction
- Copy Copies the current journal transaction to the journal
- Void Voids the current Journal Transaction
- Delete Deletes the current journal transaction
- Batches When clicked, a batches box will pop up. Batches are a way for a user to manually input transactions into the system and check them against the batch total. Once all of the transactions are entered, the user can then post all of the transaction within the batch. More on Batch Entries
- Bookmark Bookmarks the current journal transaction. More on Bookmarks
- Bookmarked Displays a list of Bookmarked transactions for quick reference
- Documents Opens the Document Management pop-up. There you are able to upload, view, modify and delete archived documents.
- Recurring Entry Allows the user to have an entry that is recurring for a given number of cycles. <u>More on</u> Recurring Entries
- Print Prints the Journal Single Transaction Report

Purchase Order Toolbar Options

When Purchase Orders are enabled, the following toolbar options will be displayed in the Purchase Journal.

- Link PO Used to view and manage Purchase Order line-items linked to the highlighted Purchase Journal line
- Convert to PJ Converts a pre-billed Purchase Order to a formal Purchase Journal (e.g. Purchase Journal crediting A/P and debiting Expense)
- New from PO Creates a new Purchase Journal from a specified Purchase Order
- Add from PO Adds line-items from an existing Purchase Order to the loaded Purchase Journal

4.2.8.1 Purchase Header

Overview

The header section contains the common data for a vendor invoice. It contains the Accounts Payable account and amount. This section is referred to as the control side.

Key Concepts

- This journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the header amount is a credit, so when you enter a positive amount it saves it behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).
- There are three key fields that uniquely identify a vendor invoice:
 - o The Accounts Payable account
 - The Vendor
 - o The Invoice Number
- If you have permissions, you can edit (on an already saved record) the vendor or invoice number. This can be done by selecting the notes icon next to each field. No audit is retained on the change.

Field Descriptions

** Indicates a required field

- Transaction ID The unique identification number of this transaction. This displays in the header next to "Purchase Journal".
- Batch ID The Batch ID that the selected transaction is a part of. More on Batch Entries
- ** A/P Account Accounts Payable G/L account. This is the control account. It must have a sub-ledger type of accounts payable. A/P sub-ledger reports can be printed for an individual or combined account (account indifferent).
- ** Vendor Vendor for this transaction. Once saved, you need special permission to change.
- ** Invoice Number Vendor invoice number. Once saved, you need special permission to change.
- A/P Comments Appears on Accounts Payable report.
- G/L Comments Comments to appear in G/L report. Will show on control side and, if no G/L comment is entered on the line item, will also print on those as well.
- Amount Amount of check. Must match to the Amount total in the Detail section.
- Amount Status Status of the amount invoiced, statuses include: Paid, Unpaid or Partial. You can view
 the associated transaction by clicking the status. The break out list contains additional links to the actual
 disbursements.

- Invoice Date Vendor invoice date.
- Due Date Automatically calculated by adding net days from the vendor setup to the invoice date. That is set at <u>Accounts Payable>Vendors>General Tab>Payment Terms</u>. The Due Date can be overridden here.
- G/L Period General ledger period for this transaction or revision to affect. Defaults to current period and only open periods are allowed. The Default Current Period is set at <u>General Accounting>Accounting</u> Periods>Current Period
- Batch ID Number of the batch that you are working with. Batched are enabled at <u>Global</u>
 <u>Settings>General Tab>Misc. Section>Use Batch Entries in Journals.</u>

4.2.8.2 Purchase Detail

Overview

The Purchase Detail section displays the detail of how the purchase is distributed to G/L accounts and WBS paths.

Key Concepts

If you are on a new row, F2 duplicates the row from above; otherwise, it copies the row you are on to a
new line.

Field Descriptions

Standard Columns

- 1 of ? This shows the version of the journal entry that you are currently viewing. This is enabled by checking "Journals" at General Tab>Full Audits">Global Settings>General Tab>Full Audits.
- Current Version Period The GL Period that the current version of the transaction falls in. A "Change Period for Current Revision" option is located under Tools in the toolbar, allows you to change the current period.
- Show Audit Trail When checked, all entries (including reversing entries) will display. It will also include a
 line for the header section of the transaction. Auto-reversals and header lines will be grayed out and
 cannot be altered. This also displays the Create By, Create Date, Modify By and Modify Date of the
 transaction.
- Rev. No. The number of the revision of the Journal entry. The original entry is 1.
- Project Path Project the transaction is being entered against (Optional).
- Expense Code Defaults in from vendor setup if it is also setup on the entered project (Optional). More on
 Expense Codes
- G/L Account If expense code is entered, it defaults in either the direct or indirect cost G/L account from

the expense code setup depending on type of project. When project is specified, you are limited to the appropriate direct/indirect cost accounts.

- Amount Extended cost amount. Must be the same amount as the "Amount" box in the Header.
- Bill Status Billing status
- G/L Comments General ledger comments. Will print on G/L reports in place of comments on header of transactions for this line item.
- PM Comments Project management comments. Appears on project management reports and invoices.

Additional Columns

Description - The following are additional columns that can be displayed through the column chooser.

- PJLineID Internal ID of the line item.
- Do Not Recalc This flags the transaction to be excluded from Recalculation processes. <u>More on Recalculating Markups</u>
- Expense Markup (Markup) Markup amount associated with the Expense Code. More on Expense Codes
- Expense Markup Type Type of markup associated with the Expense Code.
- Exp. Code Name Name of the Expense Code.
- G/L Period Displays the G/L Period in the detail section. More on Accounting Periods
- Period ID G/L Period internal system ID
- Qty Quantity. Available when entering a transaction on a Vendor flagged as Unit Biller at <u>Accounts</u>
 Payable>Vendors>General Tab
- Unit rate Unit cost rate. Available when entering a transaction on a Vendor flagged at <u>Accounts</u>
 Payable>Vendors>General Tab
- Account Name Name of the G/L Account. More on Chart of Accounts
- Bill Status Code Billing status code
- Create By User that entered the transaction line item.
- Create Date Date the transaction line item was created
- Modify By Indicates the last user to modify the line item
- Modify Date Date the line item was modified
- Ext Bill Amount Billing extension of the line item.
- Is G/L Flag indicating if entry is to be considered as part of general ledger. Only set to zero by project management opening entries.
- Project ID Internal ID of the project associated with the line item
- Project Name Project Name of the project associated with the line item
- Sales Invoice No. Sales Journal Invoice Number.
- SJID Internal ID of the associated Sales Journal ID

4.2.9 Vendor Queries

Overview

There are seven query applets in InFocus: Client, Contacts, Firms, Opportunities, Vendors, Projects, and Employees. The concept of the query tools is to allow the user to define lists of data based on a user query definition. The list can then be used to navigate to the individual records within the list or can be exported to Excel. More on the Query Applets

4.2.10 Vendors

Overview

A vendor is a person or business that supplies goods or services to a company. Generally, when the vendor

delivers the goods or services it will also send an invoice to the company.

Key Concepts

- Like Clients, Vendors are considered firms. If the Vendor you want to set up already exists (as a client, or prospect) simply recall the firm to the screen and click **Save**. This will establish it as a Vendor.
- Vendors are a requirement to maintain Accounts Payable sub-ledgers.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar Options</u>

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

Print All Vendors - Runs the Vendors List Report. More on the Vendor List Report

4.2.10.1 Vendors Header

Overview

Vendors are Firms that do work for you. You typically receive invoices from them. Like Clients, Vendors are also firms. If the Vendor you want to set up already exists (as a client, or prospect) simply recall the firm to the screen and clicking **Save**. This will establish it as a Vendor.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Employee Header section.

** Indicates a required field

- ** Code Entered Vendor Identification Code; each vendor must have a unique code.
 - Re-Code The Re-Code link allows the user to change the code for an existing vendor firm. The link is required in order to prevent the accidental changing of a vendor code. Clicking on this link will open up the vendor code field, making it editable. To re-code, enter the new code to which you would like to change the vendor's identification and click **Save**. This will change the vendor code here and on all related entries, and transactions, throughout the system.
- ** Name Vendor Name.
- Active When checked, designates this as an active vendor and available for transactions and assignments
- Web Site Vendors Web Site
- Parent Firm Parent firm code. Firms can have parents. Only two levels are supported in the current version. This allows for the association of firms (especially for roll-up purposes) and is exposed in areas of the program such as the A/R and A/P sub-ledgers and Vendor Queries.
- Consultant When checked, the vendor is flagged as a consultant. It is necessary when using pay when
 paid reports and it can also be used to filter results in other reports like the Vendor Inquiry. This has no
 effect on the Labor Distribution process.

4.2.10.2 General Tab

Overview

The General Tabs holds key information for each Vendor.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the General tab.

General

- EIN Employer Identification Number
- Default Exp Code Default expense code when the Vendor is used in a Journal entry.
- Check Memo Memo to be written on the checks for this vendor.

Options

- Unit Biller When checked, a units (quantity) field will automatically show in the Purchase Journal for the selected vendor.
- Receives 1099 When checked, designates that the vendor normally receives a 1099.
- Separate Checks Per Invoice When checked, the vendor will receive a separate check per invoice.

Payment Terms

- Payment Term Vendor payment terms. Informational only. A User Defined Field. The Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Payment Terms</u>.
- Net Days Net days to add to vendor invoice to calculate due date.

Discounts

- Days Number of days past invoice date when a discount can be realized.
- Percentage Percentage to apply against invoice amount to calculate discount.

Default Base Code

- Direct Default G/L base account for direct charges
- Indirect Default G/L base account for indirect charges

Pay To

- Attention Pay To Attention.
- Office Drop-down list of Addresses that are located on the Addresses Tab
- Street 1 Address line 1
- Street 2 Address line 2
- Street 3 Address line 3
- Street 4 Address line 4
- City City
- State State
- Zip Zip Code
- State State
- Country Country
- Phone Telephone number
- Fax Fax number

4.2.10.3 Settings Tab

Overview

The Settings Tabs holds key information for each Vendor.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Settings tab.

Alternate 1099 Name

Alternate 1099 Name - If there is a value there, then that name will be used for 1099's.

Vendor Types

- Standard This is a user-definable list type you can populate in the List Management applet. It can be used to filter A/P reports and A/P Check Writing sessions. The Standard list is managed under Administration>List Management>Vendor Types.
- 1099 This is a user-definable list type you can populate in the List Management applet. It can be used
 to filter 1099 print runs. The 1099 list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Vendor 1099</u>
 Types.

EFT Setup

The following information is to be filled out if using EFT.

- Enable EFT When checked, the EFT Setup will allow you to enter Vendor EFT information.
- Company ID Typically Federal EIN #.
- Company Name "Doing Business As" Name
- ABA/Routing # Company Account Routing #.
- Account # Company Account #.
- Savings When checked, flags account as an Savings account. Otherwise considered an Checking account.
- EFT Type (SEC) Standard Entry Class (SEC) Code
- Clear EFT Information Click to explicitly clear EFT Setup information. Simply unchecking Enable EFT (see above) does not clear the information.

4.2.10.4 Addresses Tab

Overview

The Addresses Tab contains the addresses of the selected firm.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Addresses Tab.

- Name Named address. Not available for employee contacts.
- Street 1 Address line 1
- Street 2 Address line 2
- Street 3 Address line 3
- Street 4 Address line 4
- City City
- State State
- Zip Zip Code
- State State
- Country Country
- Phone Telephone number
- Fax Fax number
- Latitude Latitude of Address
- · Longitude Longitude of Address
- Copy to Clipboard Copies address to the clipboard of the local workstation. (Only seen in Address Editor)
- Geocode When clicked, the Latitude and Longitude are filled in with the location of the Main Address.
 This can be used in the Map Viewer applet. More on the Map Viewer. (Only seen in Address Editor)

Note 1: Clicking on a the pencil icon will bring up an Address Editor that will make data entry easier.

Note 2: Addresses can be NAMED to categorize them for reuse. For instance, a client can have many offices with an address for each office, as well as associate client contacts with a particular office address. If the information of the NAMED address changes, you can cascade those changes to all associated (linked) addresses in entirety, or only for fields that have a value.

Sometimes addresses have specific uses, as in the case of *bill to, pay to,* and *remit to* addresses. These can be unassociated addresses or linked addresses. Typically, they will be linked addresses, which means they must first be entered as a named address, prior to referencing them as a *bill to, pay to,* or *remit to.*

4.2.10.5 Contacts Tab

Overview

The Contacts Tab associates a Contact with a particular Firm.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Contacts Tab.

** Indicates a required field when adding to the list

- Add New Contact Brings up the Contact Detail page that allows you to create a New Contact.
- ** Contact Name of the Contact associated with the Firm.
- ** Relationship The contact's relationship with the Project. A User Defined Field. The Relationship list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Firm Contact Types</u>.
- Title Title of the Contact.
- Work Phone
- Cell Phone
- Home Phone

4.2.10.6 Recent Tab

Overview

The Recent tab shows transactions that go against the firm that is currently pulled up. Users can link over to the specific journals if they are granted the appropriate permissions. More on Permissions

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Recent Tab.

Include

- Sales Journal Displays all Sales Journal transactions that have an Invoice date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.
- Receipts Displays all Receipt Journal transactions that have an Check date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.
- Purchase Journal Displays all Purchase Journal transactions that have an Invoice date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.
- Disbursements Displays all Disbursement Journal transactions that have an Check date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.

Transactions Since

Date - The Transaction Since Date filters the Recent Transactions Grid. It displays only transactions

whose transaction date falls on or above the selected date.

- Arrow Button Loads the Recent Transaction window.
- Export to Excel Exports the items in the Recent Transaction window to an Excel file.

Note - The grid includes the Transaction ID, Transaction Date, Invoice Number, Check Number, Comments, Transaction Type, and Amount.

4.2.10.7 AP History Tab

Overview

The AP History Tab is used for quick look-up of accounts payable transactions (Field Descriptions Below).

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the A/P History Tab.

Options

- Open Only Shows only open items against the selected Vendor.
- Combine Accounts Removes the A/P Account from the grid to group together items.

Note - The grid includes the Transaction ID, Journal, A/P Account, Invoice No., Invoice Date, Due Date, Check No., Check Date, Amount, Days Old, Invoice Balance and Comments.

4.2.10.8 Notes Tab

Overview

Notes can be entered against a Contacts, Firms, and Projects (including Opportunities). More on Notes

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Notes Tab.

** Indicates a required field

Note Details

- Comment Body of the Note
- Note Type Type of Note Posting (ex. Phone Call, Meeting, E-Mail, Appointment, Lunch, and Dinner are the choices). A User Defined Field. The Note Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u> <u>Management>Note Types</u>
- Contact Contact associated with the note.

Project - Project associated with the note.

Add a follow-up Activity?

- Add Create a a follow-up activity that appears on the Activity Calendar. More on Activities
- Require Complete When checked, the follow-up activity shows up on the Activity calendar until it is marked complete.
- Type Type of Activity. A User Defined Field. The Activity Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u> Management>Activity Types
- Date Date of follow-up Activity.
- Time Time of follow-up Activity.
- Duration Duration of follow-up Activity.

Existing Notes

 Notes associated with the Contacts, Firms, or Projects that have been created. Double-click on them to bring into focus.

4.2.10.9 Custom Fields (UDF) Tab

Overview

User-definable fields (UDFs) can be created for Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects, Project Level2 and Contacts. More on User Defined Fields.

4.2.10.10 Documents Tab

Overview

Documents tab allows you to upload, view, modify and delete archived documents in relation to the loaded record. Uploaded documents and related information will be listed in the grid. More on Document Management

4.2.10.11 Warnings Comment Tab

Overview

Vendor warnings can be noted using the text box on this tab. When warnings are entered and saved, a **Warning icon** will appear in the upper-right-hand corner of the applet for the loaded vendor.

4.2.10.12 Purchasing Tab

Overview

Vendors Purchasing tab defines settings for the Purchasing module on a per-vendor basis.

While Global Settings establishes system-wide configurations, settings made here further define key points of setup for each vendor used in the Purchasing module.

Unless noted, settings made here are considered additive (as apposed to overrides) to the configurations in Global Settings.

So, for instance, when a Purchase Order is created for a specified vendor, the allowable Ship To addresses are defined by the sum of address categories defined in Global Settings + Vendors.

Field Descriptions

- Bill To
 - Default Bill To Bill To address to include on Purchase Orders. Overrides Global Settings>Purchasing tab Default Bill To.
 - o Allow Override When checked, Default Bill To can be overridden on the Purchase Order
- Terms
 - o F.O.B. Freight on Board terms. List is defined in AD>List Management
 - o Shipping Shipping terms. List is defined in AD>List Management
- Special Settings
 - o Purchases Require PO When checked, PO's are a prerequisite for entering a Purchase Journal
 - Single Project per PO When checked, all lines on a single Purchase Order must charge the same project
 - o Require Items on PO When checked, all lines on a Purchase Order must be assigned an Item Code.
- Overrides
 - o PO Approver Override Designates a vendor-specific approver
 - Allow Override on PO When checked, the PO Approver can be overridden on the Purchase Order
- · PO Address Default address for Purchase Orders created for the loaded vendor
- Approval Requirement Conditions Defines a set of criteria for determining if a Purchase Order line-item requires approval. Rules can be further defined per Vendor and/or Purchase Item.
 - o Require All Conditions When checked, all criteria must be met to require approvals
- Allowable Ship To Defines where a Purchase Order item can be shipped. Alternatively, a Specific Address can also be listed.
 - Overridable on PO When checked the Ship To address can be overridden on the Purchase Order

4.3 Accounts Receivable

4.3.1 A/R Collections

Overview

The A/R Collections applet is used to facilitate the collection of outstanding invoices. The screen allows for the filter of receivables by A/R account, client, and transaction date. Transaction balances can be aged by invoice or due date.

Key Concepts

- Like other grids in InFocus the collection grid can be filtered and sorted by each column using the column filters (funnel).
- Unlike other grids, this grid is a hierarchy. At the top of the hierarchy are the sales transactions. When partial payments, refunds or credit memos exist against an invoice they will appear at the second level of the hierarchy and a dill down plus (+) symbol will appear to the immediate left of the invoice.

Field Descriptions

Header

Load Collections - When selected, the grid will display all outstanding A/R that meet the selected criteria.

Dates

- As Of Period Period used to cut off the outstanding invoices.
- Aging Date Date used to determine the Age (Days Old) of an invoice.

Age By

- Invoice Date When selected, the Invoice Date is used in conjunction with the Aging Date to determine
 the Age of an invoice.
- Due Date When selected, the Due Date is used in conjunction with the Aging Date to determine the Age
 of an invoice.

Clients

- All Clients When selected, the A/R Collections grid will show all outstanding A/R.
- Selected Client When a client is selected, the A/R Collections grid will show only outstanding A/R for that client.

A/R Accounts

- All A/R Accounts When selected, the A/R Collections grid will show all outstanding A/R.
- Selected A/R Account When an A/R Account is selected, the A/R Collections grid will show only
 outstanding A/R for that A/R Account.

Project Leaders

- Project Manager When a Project Manager is selected, the A/R Collections grid will show only outstanding A/R for projects that have the specified Employee as a Project Manager.
- Project Accountant When a Project Accountant is selected, the A/R Collections grid will show only
 outstanding A/R for projects that have the specified Employee as a Project Accountant.
- Principal In Charge When a Principal In Charge is selected, the A/R Collections grid will show only
 outstanding A/R for projects that have the specified Employee as a Principal In Charge.

A/R Collections Grid

- Pencil icon When selected, the user is redirected to the transaction that the line item represents. This
 feature is available at both levels of the hierarchy.
- Code Firm code
- Firm Firm name
- Age Days old
- Projects Project that invoice is associated with
- Contact Name entered in Bill To Attention line in the Client file located at Clients>General Tab.
- Phone Client phone number
- Invoice No. Invoice number
- Invoice Date Invoice Date.
- Invoice Amount Amount of invoice.
- Balance Amount due
- Invoice Comments Invoice comments entered either in PA Bill Review or on the Billing Tab in the
 Project. When invoice Comments are entered here, the date of the entry and the person who entered the
 comment is also recorded. This feature is available only on the top level of the hierarchy.
- Firm Note This is a note saved at the Client Level. Clicking on the firm note icon will bring up the A/R memo screen. Here you can record collection notes.

4.3.2 Automated Invoicing

Overview

Automated invoices streamlines the billing process.

Invoices are printed and posted into the Sales Journal based on user-defined criteria. Once an invoice is posted, all transactions in the system that comprised the invoice are flagged as Billed (Bill Status = Billed) and are linked to the Sales Journal entry. Deleting or voiding the invoice reverts the bill statuses to Ready to Bill and removes the link for posted invoices.

Additionally, Automated Invoicing makes invoice management more efficient by allowing the user to email (InFocus 2.0+), print and archive posted invoices directly from InFocus.

Key Concepts

- Only projects with assigned invoice designs can print. Invoice Designs are assigned to a project at Projects>Billing Tab under Invoicing
- Invoices are printed and posted into the Sales Journal based on user-entered criteria. More on the Sales
 Journal
- All transactions in the system that comprised an invoice are flagged as Billed (bill status equal to billed)
 and are linked to the Sales Journal entry
- The user can email invoices directly from Automated Invoicing (InFocus 2.0 +)
- Deleting or Voiding an invoice in the Sales Journal reverts the bill status to Ready to Bill and removes
 the link for posted invoices. Note: documents archived to the Sales Journal entry must be removed prior
 to deleting the invoice.
- Automated Invoicing supports simultaneous billings for multiple users through Invoice Sessions

Invoice Sessions

Automated Invoicing was designed to allow multiple users to bill simultaneously. However, in order to prevent two users from billing the same project, user sessions are maintained. When the logged-in user runs Automated Invoicing, a new session for that user is created, but only after deleting that user's previous session. That user's session is closed (deleted) when the user exits Automated Invoicing.

If a user exits Automated Invoicing abnormally (e.g. power loss or shutting down the system without exiting normally) the user's session will not be deleted. Projects maintained in that session would not be available for invoicing until that user's session is properly cleared. In this event, you can run **Clear All Invoice Sessions** (see below) to correct the situation. This occurrence can only occur when multiple users have been in this applet.

Field Descriptions

Below is a list of standard applet fields/buttons/elements used in the Automated Invoicing menu and toolbar.

Menu Options

• File/Help - Lists standard InFocus File and Help options

Toolbar Options

The Automated Invoicing toolbar has one button: **Clear All Invoices Sessions**. Running this utility will clear all current Automated Invoicing sessions (see below). Access to this feature is governed by the "Can Clear Invoice Sessions" special right via Global Settings>Permissions.

Clear all Invoice Sessions - When selected, the utility will clear out all current user sessions.
 Automated Invoicing was designed to allow multiple users to bill simultaneously. In order to prevent two users from billing the same project, user sessions are maintained.

4.3.2.1 Selection Criteria Tab

Overview

The Selection Criteria tab filters the projects for which you wish to process invoices.

Note Only projects with an assigned Invoice Design can be processed.

Field Descriptions

Projects

Single Project

Single Project - When checked, the entered project is the only project that will be selected for invoicing.

Selection Based

The following criteria will be used to establish which projects get selected for invoicing.

- Project Accountant When entered, only projects assigned to this accountant will be selected.
- Project Manager When entered, only projects assigned to this manager will be selected.
- Principal in Charge When entered, only projects assigned to this principal will be selected.
- Billing Group When entered, only projects assigned to this billing group will be selected. Billing groups are items that can be used for filtered runs or batches of automated invoices. Billing groups are commonly used as a separate group for each week of a month. You could then assign projects to a group and that way process invoices throughout the month. A User Defined Field. The Billing Group list is managed under List Management>Billing Groups">Administration>List Management>Billing Groups.
- Invoice Group When entered, only projects assigned to this invoice group will be selected. The Invoice
 Group allows for Projects to be invoiced as one invoice. When used, cover sheets can be designed to
 summarize individual project billings. More on Invoice Groups
- Limit Results to Project Reviewed by a Project Manager When checked, only projects that have been reviewed in the supplied G/L period by a project manager will be selected.
- Limit Results to Project Reviewed by a Project Accountant When checked, only projects that have been reviewed in the supplied G/L period by a project accountant will be selected.
- Review Period The G/L Period used by the PM or PA to Limit Results to Project Reviewed.

G/L Period Dates

- G/L Period For Posting G/L Period invoices will be posted to. This is defaulted in by the *Invoicing Period* selected in General Accounting Periods
- As-of-Date As-of-date for unbilled transaction selection. The As-of-date is either compared to the

Transaction Date or the End Date of G/L period as determined by Global Settings>Invoicing Tab>Cutoff Dates.

Invoice Date - Invoice Date to apply to invoices. This will be the Invoice Date in the Sales Journal. More
on Sales Journal

Invoice Styles

Invoice Styles looks at the Style of a custom invoice set at <u>Utilities>Invoice Design>Invoice Designs</u>

<u>Tab>Style Section</u> to determine what to invoice.

- Labor/Combined When selected, only invoice designs with a Style of with Labor Only or Combined will be selected.
- Expense Only When selected, only invoice designs with a Style of with Expense Only or Combined will be selected.

Invoice Labels Report

Use this to select a Mailing Label Report design to use.

Invoice Labels Report - Mailing label report design to use. These are printed from the top-right of the
 <u>Automated Invoicing>Invoices Tab</u>. Simply click on the Print Labels button when you are on that tab
 during an invoicing session.

Sort By

Defines how loaded results are ordered. Two level sorting is supported (e.g. Order results by Project Manager and, then, Client Code).

- 1st When selected, the Invoices grid will sort the returned invoices 1st by the selection.
- 2nd When selected, the Invoices grid will sort the returned invoices by the 1st selection, then by the 2nd selection.

4.3.2.2 Posting Accounts Tab

Overview

The Posting Accounts tab displays the default posting G/L Accounts for invoicing. Each account is used to post to a specified type of revenue. As such, InFocus will only allow accounts that match the metric profile of the type of account (e.g. Fixed Fee should utilize an account configured for Income - Billed Revenue - Labor - Fixed Fee).

Note While these accounts can be overridden per user, default accounts can be established company-wide in AD>Global Settings>Revenue Posting Accounts tab.

Field Descriptions

Posting Accounts

- A/R Account A/R account to process. Required.
- Direct Labor Base account to which the base amount for hourly labor is posted.
- Overhead Base account to which the DPE plus OH amount for hourly labor is posted.
- Labor Profit Base account to which the profit portion for hourly labor is posted.
- Fixed Fee Base account to which the fixed fee is posted.
- Direct ODC Base account to which the non-marked up portion of OCC expenses is posted.
- Profit ODC Base account to which the marked-up portion of ODC expenses is posted to.
- Direct OCC Base account to post non-marked up portion of OCC expenses to.
- Profit OCC Base account to post marked-up portion of OCC expenses to. If not supplied, direct account
 is used.
- ICC Base account to which ICC portion of fixed fee is posted.
- Retainage Base account to use for retainage.
- Retainer Base account to use for retainers.
- Error G/L G/L account to use when an account derivation cannot be achieved.

4.3.2.3 Invoices Tab

Overview

After completing <u>Selection Criteria</u>, <u>Posting Accounts</u> and clicking Run, the Invoices tab will load with a grid of all projects that meet the specified criteria. Some projects, while listed, will not be able to print an invoice due to either: 1) No dollars calculated or 2) No Invoice Design. You can optionally show Printable or Unprintable projects by clicking **Show** from the toolbar.

Once loaded, invoices can be processed one at a time or en masse. Use the check boxes to select the invoice(s) for processing and then leverage the listed Actions to process the invoice(s).

Field Descriptions

Toolbar Actions

- Show Show/Hide listed invoices based on printable status
 - o Printable Project has billable dollars
 - o Unprintable Project does not have billable dollars. Select this option to print zero dollar invoices.
 - o Both Shows all invoices
- Assign Assigns an invoice number to checked invoices
- Reset Rolls back invoice assignment
- Preview Renders a .PDF preview of the selected invoices. Note, multiple invoices can be rendered to create one .PDF containing multiple invoices. Once clicked, the Preview dialogue contains the following

options

- o Open (+ button) Opens the rendered .PDF file
- o Save Saves the rendered .PDF
- Print Prints the rendered .PDF. Note, printing from this dialogue treats all invoices as a single document. If you are using double-sided printing or collation, it is best to use the Print button listed on the toolbar (see below).
- o Arrows (Up & Down) Scroll through the rendered .PDF
- o Find Use to search the rendered .PDF
- Magnifying Glasses Use to adjust the zoom of the rendered .PDF
- Print Prints the selected invoices
- Post & Archive Launches the <u>Invoice Post & Archive</u> dialogue where invoices can be posted to the Sales Journal and Archived to Document Management or a folder. Note, also supports Post only.
- Email Click to <u>email posted invoices</u> to designated recipients. Recipients are designated in <u>Clients>Billing Tab</u> or <u>Projects>Billing Tab</u> (email override)
- Print Labels Print labels for the current invoicing session
- View Cover Sheet Click to view cover sheet if associated with listed invoices. More on Invoice Groups

Automated Invoicing Grid

- Check/Uncheck All Selects/Deselects all listed invoices
- Selection box Check to select invoice for processing
- View Renders a preview of a single invoice. Once clicked, the View dialogue contains the following options
 - Navigation Arrows Used to browse through pages
 - o Refresh Refreshes the preview
 - o Print Prints the previewed invoice
 - o Print Layout Displays the print layout of the invoice
 - o Page Setup Used to adjust the page setup options for printing
 - Save Saves the previewed invoice with support for multiple formats (e.g. Excel, Word DOC, .PDF, etc.)
 - Drop Down Adjusts the zoom level of the previewed invoice
- Status Invoice status (None, Assigned, Posted)
- Firm Client associated with the project being invoiced.
- Project Path Path of Project being invoiced.
- Project Name Name of Project being invoiced.
- Invoice No. Invoice number. When an invoice number has not been assigned, this will display Draft.
- Labor The total amount of Labor transactions to be billed on the selected invoice.
- ODC The total amount of ODC (Other Direct Charge) transactions to be billed on the selected invoice.
- OCC The total amount of OCC (Out of Contract Consultant) transactions to be billed on the selected invoice.
- Fixed Fee The total amount of Fixed Fees (or Lump Sums) to be billed on the selected invoice.
- Retainer The total Retainer amount being applied to the selected invoice.
- Retainage The total Retainage amount being applied to the selected invoice.
- Taxes The total amount of Taxes being applied to the selected invoice.
- Total Invoice total
- SalesID Once you Post, this fills in with the SJID (Sales Journal Identification number).

4.3.2.4 Invoice Printing & Exporting

Overview

Invoices can be printed and/or exported directly from the Invoices tab in Automated Invoicing.

Printing

Selected invoices can be printed by clicking the **Print button** from the toolbar of the Invoices tab.

Printing from Preview

Notably, invoices can be also printed from two other dialogues in Automated Invoicing: View and Preview.

View

Clicking the **View button** next to a single invoice renders a preview of that **single invoice**. From the View dialogue, the invoice can be printed by clicking **Print**.

Preview

Clicking the **Preview button** from the toolbar renders a .PDF preview of **all selected invoices**. From the Preview dialogue, selected invoices can be printed by clicking **Print**.

Note Printing from this dialogue treats all invoices as a **single document**. If you are using double-sided printing or collation, it is best to use the Print button listed on the toolbar.

Exporting

Selected invoices can be exported as a single .PDF by clicking the **Preview button** from the toolbar of the Invoices tab.

Export to multiple formats (e.g. Excel, Word DOC, .PDF, etc.) is supported for **single invoi**ces by clicking the **View button** listed in the invoice grid.

4.3.2.5 Invoice Post & Archive

Overview

Automated Invoicing makes invoice posting and archiving seamless with Post & Archive, available from the Invoice tab toolbar. Clicking **Post & Archive** launches the dialogue through which you can Post (only) or Post & Archive the selected invoice(s).

Note Archiving to Document Management requires that Document Management be setup, which is managed via AD>Global Settings>Document Management.

Field Descriptions

Invoice Naming

Using a name pattern organizes your Invoice files with a naming convention that's meaningful to your users. The default naming convention is fixed to Invoice_xxx, where xxx represents the Sales Journal ID. We've provided you with several variables that make the naming unique.

Naming Variables

- @InvoiceNo@ Invoice Number
- @SJID@ Sales Journal transaction ID
- @ProjectPath@ Project Path (e.g. 20140000–100)
- @ProjectID@ Internal Project ID
- @ProjectName@ Project name

For example, using the Name Pattern Invoice_@InvoiceNo@_SJID_@SJID@ would yield the following file name: Invoice 49 SJID 2965.pdf.

Archive Destination

InFocus supports archival to Document Management, archival to a specified Folder or None (e.g. no archival)

- Archive to Document Management Each invoice is archived directly to InFocus and stored in the
 applet(s) specified by the configuration in Utilities>Document Management. For example, each invoice
 could be attached to the Sales Journal entry, Project record and Client record. If this option is unavailable,
 please contact Clearview Support for assistance with enabling this feature.
- Archive to a Folder This option allows the user to select a local (or network) folder location for archival. The file(s) are stored outside of InFocus in the specified location.
 - o Include Merged PDF When checked, all rendered invoices will be archived in one .PDF file. For instance, if running invoices for a single client you could archive and send them one single file.
- None No invoices are archived. The selected invoices will only be Posted to the Sales Journal.

Buttons

- Post Clicking will first post selected invoices to the Sales Journal. If successfully posted, InFocus will
 then archive the rendered invoice(s) as specified under Archive Destination. If None is selected as the
 Archive Destination, the invoice will only be Posted to the Sales Journal.
- · Cancel Cancels the Post & Archive

4.3.2.6 Emailing Invoices

Overview

Emailing invoices expedites A/R and lessens the impact on collections. Additionally, this serves your clients by making it easy to receive and respond to your invoice. This effort can be centralized with InFocus Automated Invoicing.

Automated Invoicing helps you process invoices in a batch which means you can also **email invoices** in a batch. This greatly reducing the time you spend sending invoices.

When clicking Email from the Invoice Tab toolbar, you'll be prompted with the Email Invoices dialogue.

Field Descriptions

- cc: Add cc'd (carbon copy) recipients
- bcc: Add bcc'd (blind carbon copy) recipients
- subject: Subject of the email. While the default is configured in Global Settings, this can be edited here.
- body Body of the email. While the default is configured in Global Settings, this can be edited here.

- · recipients Review recipient details.
- Email addresses can be entered/edited here. Alternatively, you can setup a default email address for each client in Accounts Receivable>Clients>Billing tab. This default address can be overridden per project via Project Administration>Projects>Billing tab. □All recipients will be checked to receive an email, however, uncheck the box next to the recipient should you wish to exclude. Note this does not affect the invoice posting process, only the email(s) to be sent.
- From: From address for the email. If clients reply to your email, it will be delivered to this address.
- Invoices, Recipients Indicates the number of invoices and number of recipients
- Send preview to: Send a preview email to a specified email address. Enter the email address and click Send Preview
- Send button Sends the email(s)
- · Close button Closes the dialogue

Using Variables

Variables are used to personalize your emails. For instance, include the Invoice Number in the body of your email and InFocus will tailor your email for each recipient accordingly. Variables are supported for use in the subject line and body of emails.

Example

"Please find the following invoice attached for project @PROJECTPATH@, Invoice Number @INVOICENO@."

becomes

"Please find the following invoice attached for project 20140000-001, Invoice Number 51.

Supported Variables

Please note, use ALL CAPS when using variables.

- @FIRMCODE@ InFocus firm code. Available to both Subject and Body of email in Automated Invoicing.
- @FIRMNAME@ InFocus firm name. Available to both Subject and Body of email in Automated Invoicing.
- @INVOICEAMOUNT@ Amount of the invoice. Available to both Subject and Body of email in Automated Invoicing.
- @INVOICENO@ Invoice number. Available to both Subject and Body of email in Automated Invoicing.
- @PROJECTPATH@ Project path (e.g. 20140000-100). Available to both Subject and Body of email in Automated Invoicing.
- @PROJECTNAME@ Project name. Available to both Subject and Body of email in Automated Invoicing.

4.3.3 Client Queries

Overview

There are seven query applets in InFocus: Client, Contacts, Firms, Opportunities, Vendors, Projects, and Employees. The concept of the query tools is to allow the user to define lists of data based on a user query definition. The list can then be used to navigate to the individual records within the list or can be exported to Excel. More on the Query Applets

4.3.4 Clients

Overview

A client is a person or business that receives professional services from a company. Generally, when the client receives goods and/or professional services it will also receive an invoice.

Key Concepts

Like Vendors, Clients (and Prospects) are considered firms in InFocus. When a client is added, it can
later be flagged to act as a vendor. The opposite is also true. Prospects are firms that are prospective
clients. Once they become clients, they are no longer prospects. Clients are required for billable projects.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar</u> Options

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

Print All Clients - Runs the Client List Report. More on the Client List Report

4.3.4.1 Clients Header

Overview

Clients are Firms that you are doing work for. Clients are required for billable projects. You typically will be sending them an invoice (AR).

Note: Like Vendors, Clients are also firms. If the Client you want to set up already exists (as a vendor, or prospect) simply recall the firm to the screen and clicking **Save**. This will establish it as a Client.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Employee Header section.

** Indicates a required field

- ** Code User-entered Client Identification Code. Each Client must have a unique code.
 - Re-Code The Re-Code link allows the user to change the code for an existing client firm. The link is required in order to prevent the accidental changing of a client code. Clicking on this link will open up the client code field, making it editable. To Re-Code, enter the new code to which you would like to

change the client's identification and click *Save*. This will change the client code here and on all related entries and transactions throughout the system.

- ** Name Client Name.
- Active When checked, designates that this is an active client and available for transactions and assignments.
- · Web Site Clients Web Site.
- Parent Firm Parent firm code. Firms can have parents. Only two levels are supported in the current version. This allows for the association of firms (especially for roll-up purposes) and is exposed in areas of the program such as the A/R and A/P sub-ledgers and Client Queries.
- Prospect When checked, designates this is a prospect, rather than a billable client.

4.3.4.2 General Tab

Overview

The General Tabs holds key information for each Client.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Employee Information tab.

Bill To

Note - This is the *Bill-To Address*. The *Bill-To Address* can print on invoices, statements, and Accounts Receivable reports. It can be overridden on the project at Projects>Billing Tab>Bill-To Address.

- Attention Bill-To Attention. Can be selected from a list of contacts or typed in manually.
- Office Drop-down list of Addresses that are located on the Addresses Tab
- Street 1 Address line 1
- Street 2 Address line 2
- Street 3 Address line 3
- Street 4 Address line 4
- City City
- · State State
- Zip Zip Code
- · State State
- Country Country
- Phone Telephone number

Fax - Fax number

Client Type / Specialty

- Type Type of Client. A User Defined Field. The Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u>
 <u>Management>Client Types</u>.
- Specialty The specialty area of the client. A User Defined Field. The Specialty list is managed under Administration>List Management>Client Specialties.

Internal Contacts

- Main Contact Employee who acts as main contact for this client.
- Comments Note for main contact.
- Sales Contact Employee who acts as sales contact for this client.
- Comments Note for sales contact.
- Marketing Contact Employee who acts as marketing contact for this client.
- Comments Note for marketing contact.
- Other Contact Employee who acts as a miscellaneous contact for this client.
- Comments Note for contact.

4.3.4.3 Addresses Tab

Overview

The Addresses Tab contains the addresses of the selected firm.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Addresses Tab.

- Name Named address. Not available for employee contacts.
- Street 1 Address line 1
- Street 2 Address line 2
- Street 3 Address line 3
- Street 4 Address line 4
- · City City
- State State
- Zip Zip Code

- State State
- Country Country
- Phone Telephone number
- Fax Fax number
- Latitude Latitude of Address
- Longitude Longitude of Address
- Copy to Clipboard Copies address to the clipboard of the local workstation. (Only seen in Address Editor)
- Geocode When clicked, the Latitude and Longitude are filled in with the location of the Main Address.
 This can be used in the Map Viewer applet. More on the Map Viewer. (Only seen in Address Editor)

Note 1: Clicking on a the pencil icon will bring up an Address Editor that will make data entry easier.

Note 2: Addresses can be NAMED to categorize them for reuse. For instance, a client can have many offices with an address for each office, as well as associate client contacts with a particular office address. If the information of the NAMED address changes, you can cascade those changes to all associated (linked) addresses in entirety, or only for fields that have a value.

Sometimes addresses have specific uses, as in the case of *bill to, pay to,* and *remit to* addresses. These can be unassociated addresses or linked addresses. Typically, they will be linked addresses, which means they must first be entered as a named address, prior to referencing them as a *bill to, pay to,* or *remit to*.

4.3.4.4 Billing Tab

Overview

The Addresses Tab contains the addresses of the selected firm.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Addresses Tab.

Main Email

Email Address - Main email address of the client.

Payment Terms

Type - Payment Type. A User Defined Field. The Type list is managed under Administration>List

Management>Billing Terms. This information can be overridden on the project.

 Net Days - When a sales journal entry is made, this value is added to the invoice date to determine the due date. This information can be overridden on the project.

Late Charges

- Type Type of late charge. Choices are a one time add-on amount and a percentage of total invoice. Late charges can be shown as a calculated amount on A/R reports, but are not automatically booked.
- Amount Late charge amount. Either a flat amount or percentage, depending on type.

Invoicing / PO

- Next Inv. Number Next Invoice Number is active when invoice incrementing in Global Settings is set to "By Client". The Global Setting is located at <u>Administration>Global Settings>Invoicing Tab>Invoice</u> Numbering.
- Client PO Number Client Purchase Order Number. Available in Invoice Design.

4.3.4.5 Contacts Tab

Overview

The Contacts Tab associates a Contact with a particular Firm.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Contacts Tab.

** Indicates a required field when adding to the list

- Add New Contact Brings up the Contact Detail page that allows you to create a New Contact.
- ** Contact Name of the Contact associated with the Firm.
- ** Relationship The contact's relationship with the Project. A User Defined Field. The Relationship list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Firm Contact Types</u>.
- Title Title of the Contact.
- Work Phone
- Cell Phone
- Home Phone

4.3.4.6 Projects Tab

Overview

The Projects Tab displays the association of the Client with Billable, Indirect and Plan Projects.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the General Tab.

- ** Project Path Unique Path of the Project associated with the Contact.
- Name Name of the Project associated with the Contact.
- Charge Type Charge Type of the Project. The charge type is configured in <u>Project</u>
 Administration>Projects>General Tab.

4.3.4.7 Opportunities Tab

Overview

The Projects Tab displays the association of the Client with Opportunity Projects.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the General Tab.

- ** Project Path Unique Path of the Project associated with the Contact.
- Name Name of the Project associated with the Contact.

4.3.4.8 Recent Tab

Overview

The Recent tab shows transactions that go against the firm that is currently pulled up. Users can link over to the specific journals if they are granted the appropriate permissions. More on Permissions

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Recent Tab.

Include

 Sales Journal - Displays all Sales Journal transactions that have an Invoice date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.

- Receipts Displays all Receipt Journal transactions that have an Check date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.
- Purchase Journal Displays all Purchase Journal transactions that have an Invoice date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.
- Disbursements Displays all Disbursement Journal transactions that have an Check date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.

Transactions Since

- Date The Transaction Since Date filters the Recent Transactions Grid. It displays only transactions
 whose transaction date falls on or above the selected date.
- Arrow Button Loads the Recent Transaction window.
- Export to Excel Exports the items in the Recent Transaction window to an Excel file.

Note - The grid includes the Transaction ID, Transaction Date, Invoice Number, Check Number, Comments, Transaction Type, and Amount.

4.3.4.9 AR History Tab

Overview

The AR History Tab is used for quick look-up of accounts receivable transactions.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the A/P History Tab.

Options

- Open Only Shows only invoices with a non-zero balance.
- Combine Accounts When checked, the system will show the A/R account and balances will be
 calculated with respect to the A/R account. If you do not have more than one A/R account this option has
 no affect.

Note - The grid includes the Transaction ID, Journal, A/P Account, Invoice No., Invoice Date, Due Date, Check No., Check Date, Amount, Days Old, Invoice Balance and Comments.

4.3.4.10 Notes Tab

Overview

Notes can be entered against a Contacts, Firms, and Projects (including Opportunities). More on Notes

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Notes Tab.

** Indicates a required field

Note Details

- Comment Body of the Note
- Note Type Type of Note Posting (ex. Phone Call, Meeting, E-Mail, Appointment, Lunch, and Dinner are the choices). A User Defined Field. The Note Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u> <u>Management>Note Types</u>
- Contact Contact associated with the note.
- Project Project associated with the note.

Add a follow-up Activity?

- Add Create a a follow-up activity that appears on the Activity Calendar. More on Activities
- Require Complete When checked, the follow-up activity shows up on the Activity calendar until it is marked complete.
- Type Type of Activity. A User Defined Field. The Activity Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u> <u>Management>Activity Types</u>
- Date Date of follow-up Activity.
- Time Time of follow-up Activity.
- Duration Duration of follow-up Activity.

Existing Notes

 Notes associated with the Contacts, Firms, or Projects that have been created. Double-click on them to bring into focus.

4.3.4.11 Warnings Tab

Overview

The Warning Tab is used to record potential issues when dealing with a particular client. If any warning or comment is recorded, a stop sign will appear here in the header of the client record.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Warnings Tab.

Warning Type

- Hands Off When checked, client should be avoided at all costs.
- Credit Risk When checked, client has a poor credit history.
- Potential Conflict When checked, a professional conflict may exist.
- Warning Comments Used to record other warnings not listed.

4.3.4.12 Documents Tab

Overview

Documents tab allows you to upload, view, modify and delete archived documents in relation to the loaded record. Uploaded documents and related information will be listed in the grid. More on Document Management

4.3.4.13 Custom Fields (UDF) Tab

Overview

User-definable fields (UDFs) can be created for Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects, Project Level2 and Contacts. More on User Defined Fields.

4.3.4.14 Invoice Groups

Overview

Invoice groups allow for billing more than one project on a single invoice. Each project still has its own invoice design. A coversheet is used to summarize the invoices.

Key Concepts

- Invoice Groups are established on the client record. Tey are accessed from the toolbar Accounts
 Receivable>Clients>Tools (Toolbar)>Invoice Groups.
- They allow for multiple Projects (Bill Terms Node) from a common client to be invoiced under a single invoice number.
- Each project uses it own master invoice design. This means, while projects share the same invoice and are generated in the same run, they do not appear on the same piece of paper.
- A cover sheet invoice section can be assigned that will summarize the multiple projects' current billing info.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Invoice Group pop-up.

Name

- Name Name of Invoice Group. This appears in the "Name" grid on the left after you save.
- Tracking No. This is the "Next invoice number" for this billing group. Note: Only used when invoice
 incrementing is set to "Project".
- Description User-entered description.

Remit To Address

- Office Company office as established in global settings
- Attn. Attention that shows on the Coversheet when invoicing.

Bill To Address

- Use Client Bill-To Address When checked, client Bill-to address is used.
- Use Other Address Specifies an already established client address to use in place of the client Bill-to address.
- Bill-To Attention Attention line.

Cover Sheet

- System System cover sheet design to use.
- Custom User cover sheet design. Not applicable when Clearview is used.

4.3.5 PA Bill Review

Overview

This applet is used by project accountants to perform time and expense modifications on a project-by-project basis prior to invoicing.

Key Concepts

- Only project accountants can access this applet, unless the logged-in user has the special permission
 Can Override Project Accountant Restriction. More on Permissions
- The project accountant typically uses this applet after the project managers have reviewed their projects through PM Bill Review. More on PM Bill Review. However, this is not a requirement.
- Project accountants have free reign to change any project transactions. They will, of course, be able to view the manager's changes.
- Project accountants are not restricted to the projects they are assigned to.
- When all adjustments have been made, the project should be marked as Reviewed. This is done by checking the box labeled Reviewed. This helps the Project Accountant know what has been completed.
- Like the *PM Bill Review* applet, there is a *View Invoice* option in the toolbar. Unlike the *PM Bill Review* applet, this does not immediately bring up a draft invoice. Instead, it brings up the *Automating Invoice* applet for the currently selected project. The accountant can then make changes, view the draft invoice, and then finalize and post the invoice on a project-by-project basis.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- View Additional View options
 - o Columns Additional columns that can be displayed on the Transactions Tab.
 - Job Code Job Title Code. More on Job Titles
 - Job Name Job Title Name.
- Reports
 - o View Invoice Takes the user to Automated Invoicing where they can view the invoice. More on Automated Invoicing
 - Bill Review Report When selected, the system Bill Review Report is rendered. This report is managed at <u>Global Settings>A/R Tab</u>.
 - Pre-Bill Report When selected, the system Pre-Bill Review Report is rendered.
- View Invoice Takes the user to Automated Invoicing where they can view the invoice. More on Automated Invoicing
- Bill Review Report When selected, the system Bill Review Report is rendered. This report is managed at Global Settings>A/R Tab. More on the Bill Review Report
- Pre-Bill Report When selected, the system Pre-Bill Review Report is rendered. More on the Prebill Report
- Set Bill Status Changes the Bill Status of the Transactions. To use, you must first select the transactions that you would like to change the status of. Then click the button and select the status.
- Move Project Tx Moves Transactions from the current project to a new destination project.. To use, you must first
 select the transactions that you would like to move. Then click the button and select the destination. <u>More on Move
 Project Transactions</u>

4.3.5.1 PA Bill Review Header

Overview

The Header section shows important Project and Billing information .

Field Descriptions

Header

- Current Invoicing period set in Accounting Periods. More on Accounting Periods
- Project Name Name of the Project. You are able to click on this to "link over" to the projects applet.

Note - If you hover over the (?) icon next to the name, you will see important project information.

Project Code - Code of the Project.

Note - If you click on the (!) icon next to the code, you will get a Project Note Pop-up. This will save on the General Note tab on the project located at <u>Projects>General Note Tab.</u>

- Client Client Name located in the top-right of the header.
- Last Invoice Date Date of the last invoice (Sales Journal) against the selected project.
- Do Not Bill Informational Only. Used to flag the project as Do Not Bill.
- PM Reviewed Marked by the PM. Used to inform the Project Accountant that the project has been reviewed.
- Reviewed Used by the Project Accountant to mark project as reviewed.

Status Box

- Ready Displays the total amount of transactions As of the given date that have a status of Ready to Bill.
- Hold Displays the total amount of transactions As of the given date that have a status of Hold.
- Retainer Balance Remaining balance of the retainer. <u>More on Retainers</u>
- Current Retainer The current retainer that will be applied in the next billing cycle. This can be added here.
- Never Bill Displays the total amount of transactions As of the given date that have a status of Never Bill.
 Enabled at Global Settings>A/R Tab>PA/PM Bill Review Settings
- Write-off Displays the total amount of transactions As of the given date that have a status of Write-off.
 Enabled at Global Settings>A/R Tab>PA/PM Bill Review Settings

- ICC WIP Displays the total amount of transactions As of the given date that are considered ICC WIP.
 Enabled at Global Settings>A/R Tab>PA/PM Bill Review Settings
- Rate Schedule Displays the Rate Schedule associated with the project. More on Rate Schedules
- Invoice Comments These are comments that will show up on the invoice header of the system invoice designs. This can also be modified on the project at Projects>Billing Tab>Invoice Comments
- Instructions to Biller These are internal notes intended for the Project Accountant. As the invoicing
 period is changed, the comments are saved, however, they are blank for the new period.

4.3.5.2 Filter Window

Overview

The filter window is available to assist in narrowing down your search.

Field Descriptions

Filter Window (Grid)

- Path Project Path
- Name Project Name

Filter Window (Bottom)

- Quick Filter (Text Box) A Quick Filter is at the top of the panel. This will filter projects whose path begins
 with the entered characters.
- As of Date Used as a cut-off date to limit the transactions that you are reviewing.
- Project Leader Depending on the selection in the Limit To drop-down, projects that have the selected leader as the Leader type will be returned.
- Limit To When checked (and the Project Leader drop-down is filled out), only projects, where the stated
 Project Leader is a project manager, will be returned.
- Show Only PM Reviewed When checked, only projects that have the PM Reviewed check-box checked will be returned.
- Has Fixed Fee When checked, only projects that have Fixed Fee values will be returned.

- Has WIP When checked, only projects that have WIP values will be returned.
- Load When selected, all projects that match the filter criteria will fill into the Filter Window.

Additional Field Descriptions (Column Chooser)

Filter Window Grid

- · Client Client associated with the Project.
- WIP Total WIP
- PA Reviewed Check-box that displays the PA Reviewed status.
- PM Reviewed Check-box that displays the PM Reviewed status.
- Do Not Bill Check-box that displays the Do Not Bill status.
- Retainer Retainer Amount
- Last Invoice Date Date of the last invoice (Sales Journal) against the selected project.

4.3.5.3 Transactions Tab

Overview

The *Transactions* tab is used by project accountants to perform time and expense modifications on a project-by-project basis prior to invoicing.

Key Concepts

- When all adjustments have been made, the project should be marked as reviewed. This helps the project accountant know what has been completed.
- To see Transactions for a specific project, click on the project in the Filter Window.
- When selected, the Transactions Tab displays the transactions entered against the project.
- The PA can then make bill and journal adjustments.
- Columns in the detail grid can be dragged to change order.

Field Descriptions

Arrange By

Arrange By - The drop-down allows you to select different ways in which you would like to see the
 Transaction detail grouped. The options are Journal, Project Path, Bill Status, Transaction Date and

None.

Transactions Grid

• JN - Journal. By clicking on the pencil icon, you get the Invoice Billing Adjustment pop-up. This allows you to modify individual transactions. More on the Invoice Billing Pop-up

Note - When changes are made here, no audit trail entry is made.

- ID Identification number of the transaction. By clicking on the pencil icon, you get redirected to the location of the transaction (ie. Time sheet Adjustments or Journal).
- S Bill Status. This shows the Bill Status of the transaction.
- Project Path Project Path of the transaction.
- Name Name of the Project Manager assigned to the project.
- Labor/Exp. Code Displays the Labor Code for Labor and Expense Code for Expenses. More on Labor
 Codes More on Expense Codes
- Transaction Date Date of the Transaction.
- Bill Rate/MU Displays the Bill Rate for Labor and the Marked Up rate for Expenses.
- Units/Hrs Displays the Hours for Labor and Units for Expenses.
- Amount Amount of the Transaction
- Time/Expense Comments Displays the PM Comments entered on the transaction.
- Instructions To Biller These are internal notes intended for the Project Accountant. As the invoicing
 period is changed, the comments are saved, however, they are blank for the new period.
- ICC Amount ICC Effort Amount. <u>Enabled at Global Settings>A/R Tab>PA/PM Bill Review Settings</u>
- Never Bill Never Bill Amount. Enabled at Global Settings>A/R Tab>PA/PM Bill Review Settings
- Writeoff Writeoff Amount. Enabled at Global Settings>A/R Tab>PA/PM Bill Review Settings

Additional Field Descriptions (Column Chooser)

Transactions Grid

- Project Name Name of the Project
- Project Long Name Name of the project including the concatenation of the lower nodes of the project.
- Job Code Job Title Code More on Job Titles
- Job Name Job Title Name
- Labor/Exp. Name Displays the Labor Name for Labor and Expense Name for Expenses
- OT Overtime

4.3.5.4 Fixed Fee Tab

Overview

The *Fixed Fee* tab is used by project accounts to perform fixed fee modifications on a project-by-project basis prior to invoicing.

Key Concepts

- To see Fixed Fee items for a specific project, click on the project in the Filter Window.
- Columns in the detail grid can be dragged to change order.

Field Descriptions

PC Formula

- Percent Complete Formula The drop-down contains predefined formulas managed in <u>Global Settings>A/</u>
 R Tab>Percent Complete Calculation Default Formula
- Calculate All When selected, the *Calculate All* button will calculate the percent complete for all contract *WBS* nodes. The *Calculate All* button will calculate percent complete for the *WBS* node on the given line.
- Allow Percent Complete Below Previous Value When Unchecked, the check box will prevent the calculated percent complete from going below the previously recorded percent complete.

Fixed Fees Grid

- Project Path Project Path
- Project Name Project Name
- Contract Amount This is the amount entered in the Contract Levels / Caps within the project being viewed.
- Effort This is total effort to date.
- Billed This is Fixed Fee + ICC Billed Revenue.
- BTD% Billed to Date Percentage
- Current Amt. This is the calculated revenue to bill based on contract X percent complete less previously billed.
- Prior % Complete The previous percent complete amount. Note When the Current % Complete amount has been saved, it becomes the Previous % Complete number.
- Current % Complete The current percent complete amount that is being billed.
- Current ICC to Apply The current ICC amount to be applied to this billing transaction.
- ICC Contract Amount ICC Contract amount entered in the Contract Levels / Caps within the project

being viewed

- Lump Sum Current Lump Sum amount to be billed.
- Calc PC Runs the PC Formula on the individual line item.
- Fixed Fee Notes Internal notes associated with the Fixed Fee.
- Invoice Description Invoice Description notes associated with the contract level of the project.

Additional Field Descriptions (Column Chooser)

Fixed fees Grid

- Project Long Name Name of the project including the concatenation of the lower nodes of the project.
- Labor Budget Labor Budget amount entered through Project Planning. <u>More on Project Planning</u>
 Budgets
- ODC Budget Other Direct Charges Budget amount entered through Project Planning.
- ICC Budget In Contract Consultants Budget amount entered through Project Planning.
- OCC Budget Out of Contract Consultants Budget amount entered through Project Planning.
- Total Budget All Budget amounts entered through Project Planning.
- Labor Effort Labor Effort against the contract level.
- ODC Effort Other Direct Charges Effort against the contract level.
- ICC Effort In Contract Consultants Effort against the contract level.
- OCC Effort Out of Contract Consultants Effort against the contract level.
- Labor Contract Labor Contact Cap.
- ODC Contract Other Direct Charges Contact Cap.
- OCC Contract Out of Contract Consultants Contact Cap.
- Fixed Fee Billed Fixed Fee Billed Revenue.
- Labor Billed Labor Billed Revenue.
- ODC Billed Other Direct Charges Billed Revenue.
- ICC Billed In Contract Consultants Billed Revenue.
- OCC Billed Out of Contract Consultants Billed Revenue.
- Labor WIP Labor Work in Progress.
- ODC WIP Other Direct Charges Work in Progress.
- ICC WIP In Contract Consultants Work in Progress.
- OCC WIP Out of Contract Consultants Work in Progress.
- Total WIP Total Work in Progress.

4.3.5.5 Invoice Billing Adjustment pop-up

Overview

The Invoice Billing Adjustment pop-up allows you to modify individual transactions in PA Bill Review. There are different options for labor and non-labor transactions.

Field Descriptions

Labor Transactions

- · Bill Status Bill Status of the Transaction
- Job Title Job Title of the Transaction. More on Job Titles
- Bill Hrs Bill Hours of the Transaction
- Labor Code Labor Code of the Transaction. More on Labor Codes
- Location Location of the Transaction. More on Locations
- PM Comment Comment
- Base Regular Rate Regular Pay rate
- Premium Multiplier Overtime multiplier
- Premium Rate Overtime rate
- Bill Rate Bill (Effort) rate
- Bill DPE Multiplier Direct Personnel Expense Multiplier
- Bill Overhead Multiplier Overhead Multiplier
- Bill Profit Multiplier Profit Multiplier
- Re-Calc Rates When selected, the transaction will recalculate on Save to adjust rates. When unchecked, you are able to specify the rates that you would like the transaction to reflect.

Non-Labor Transactions

- Bill Status Bill Status of the Transaction
- Markup Type Markup Type of the Expense. Options are Markup, Flat Amount and Add-on. More on

Expense Types

- Markup Amount Markup Amount of the Expense
- PM Comments Comment

4.3.6 Receipt Journal

Overview

The Cash Receipts Journal is where all incoming checks or payments are entered.

Key Concepts

 The Cash Receipts Journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the detail amount is a credit. When you enter a positive amount, it is saved behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

Menu Bar

- File Additional options under the File button.
 - Void Voids the current Journal Transaction.
- View Additional options under the View button.
 - Bookmarked Allows you to select Bookmarked Transactions. More on Bookmarks
- Tools Additional options under the Tools button.
 - Auto-balancing Allows user to enable auto-balance for journal entry. Available types of Auto Balance include:
 - Off Disables this functionality
 - Top Down Distributes the remaining Header Amount listed into each new line item.
 - Bottom Up Enters the sum of the line items into the Journal Header Amount
 - New Entry On Save If On is selected, a new Journal Entry screen will load when saving another
 Journal Entry. Otherwise the saved Journal Entry remains loaded on the screen.
 - Retainer Wizard When clicked, the retainer wizard pops-up and walks the user through allowing the
 user to enter data that creates both the Sales and Receipt Journal entries. <u>More on the Retainer</u>
 Wizard
 - o Change Period for Current Revision This will change the G/L period for the current journal revision.
 - Show Unposted Shows unposted journal entries for a given G/L period.
 - o Change Bank Account Allows the user to change the Bank account for the current journal entry.

- o Bookmark Bookmarks the journal entry for future retrieval. More on Bookmarks
- Batches When clicked, a batches box will pop up. Batches are a way for a user to manually input transactions into the system and check them against the batch total. Once all of the transactions are entered, the user can then post all of the transaction within the batch. More on Batch Entries
- Find By Invoice No. This feature allows you to look up sales entries, solely by invoice number. It
 returns a list of sales entries that match the invoice number. Selecting an entry from the returned list
 will fill out most of the required fields for the receipt.

Toolbar Options

- New Creates a new journal transaction
- Save Saves the current journal transaction
- Copy Copies the current journal transaction to the journal
- Void Voids the current Journal Transaction
- Delete Deletes the current journal transaction
- Batches When clicked, a batches box will pop up. Batches are a way for a user to manually input transactions into the system and check them against the batch total. Once all of the transactions are entered, the user can then post all of the transaction within the batch. <u>More on Batch Entries</u>
- Bookmark Bookmarks the current journal transaction. More on Bookmarks
- Bookmarked Displays a list of Bookmarked transactions for quick reference.
- Find By Invoice No. This feature allows you to look up sales entries, solely by invoice number. It returns a list of sales entries that match the invoice number. Selecting an entry from the returned list will fill out most of the required fields for the receipt.
- Documents Opens the Document Management pop-up. There you are able to upload, view, modify and delete archived documents.
- Print Prints the Journal Single Transaction Report

4.3.6.1 Receipt Header

Overview

The Receipt Journal Header contains all common data for a receipt transaction. It contains the bank account and transaction amount, and is referred to as the control side.

Key Concepts

• The Receipt Journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the detail amount is a credit. When you enter a positive amount, it is saved behind the scenes as a negative (a credit).

Field Descriptions

- Transaction ID The unique identification number of this transaction. This displays in the header next to "Receipt Journal".
- Batch ID The Batch ID that the selected transaction is a part of. More on Batch Entries
- Bank Bank G/L account
- Payee Type Can be a vendor, employee, or client. If allowed by <u>Global Settings>General Tab>Misc.</u>
 <u>Section>Allow Disbursements to Payees Not on File</u>, then a payee not on file can be added here.
- Payer Check Payer.
- · Deposit Number Bank deposit number.
- · Deposit Date Date of deposit.
- Comments Comments to appear in G/L report. Will show on control side and, if no G/L comment is entered on the line item, will also print on those as well.
- Amount Amount of check or payment.
- Check Number Check number. If not a check, then some identifying notation.
- Check Date Date of check
- G/L Period General ledger period for this transaction or revision to effect. Defaults to current period and only open periods are allowed.
- Show Audit Trail When checked, all entries including reversing entries will display. It will also include a
 line for the header section of the transaction. Auto-reversals and header lines will be grayed out and
 cannot be altered.
- Wizard Icon When checked, the you get the Client Invoice Wizard that allows you to distribute a receipt. More on the Client Invoice Wizard

4.3.6.2 Receipt Detail

Overview

The Receipt Journal Detail section displays the detail of how the receipt is distributed to G/L accounts and

WBS paths.

Key Concepts

 If you are on a new row, F2 duplicates the row from above; otherwise, it copies the row you are on to a new line.

Field Descriptions

- 1 of ? This shows the version of the journal entry that you are currently viewing. This is enabled by checking "Journals" at Global Settings>General Tab>Full Audits.
- Current Version Period The GL Period that the current version of the transaction falls in. A "Change Period for Current Revision" option is located under Tools in the toolbar, allows you to change the current period.
- Show Audit Trail When checked, all entries (including reversing entries) will display. It will also include a
 line for the header section of the transaction. Auto-reversals and header lines will be grayed out and
 cannot be altered. This also displays the Create By, Create Date, Modify By and Modify Date of the
 transaction.
- Rev. No. The number of the revision of the Journal entry. The original entry is 1.
- G/L Account The G/L account allowed is determined by the payee type. For instance, when Client is the
 payee type then an A/R account is allowed.
- G/L Account Name Displays the GL Account Name in the detail section. This is optionally shown through the Column Chooser.
- Invoice No. Only used when G/L account is either Accounts Payable or Accounts Receivable.
- Project Path WBS Path. Only available when payee type is Client and G/L account is Accounts Receivable. This is optionally shown through the Column Chooser.

Note: To enter cash receipts to any level of the WBS you must check the "Breakdown Receipts To WBS" check-box in Global Settings>A/R Tab>Receipt Wizard Breakdown Section

- Project Name Displays the Project Name in the detail section. This is optionally shown through the Column Chooser.
- G/L Period Displays the GL Period in the detail section. This is optionally shown through the Column Chooser.
- Amount Must be the same amount as the "Amount" box in the Header.
- RT (Revenue Type) This allows you to earmark how much of a receipt should be considered a certain revenue type. This affects revenue allocation in the new Pay When Paid reports.

Note: To enter use Revenue Types in the Receipt Journal you must check the "Breakdown Receipts To Revenue Type" check-box in Global Settings>A/R Tab>Receipt Wizard Breakdown Section

- G/L Comments General Ledger comments. This line item will print on G/L reports in place of comments on transaction header.
- PM Comments Project Management Comments. Appears on project management reports and invoices.
 Available only when payee type is Client and G/L account is Accounts Receivable.

4.3.6.3 Retainer Wizard

Overview

The Retainer Wizard is a quick and easy way to enter and post an advanced payment.

Key Concepts

- When you use the Wizard, both a Sales and Receipt Journal entry are created.
- When you finally want to apply the retainer, just add it to the "Current Retainer" box in PA Bill Review.
 More on PA Bill Review
- You can view this video to see the Retainer Wizard in use More on Retainer Wizard

Field Descriptions

- Bank Bank Account used in the Header of the Receipt when creating the journal entry.
- A/R Account A/R Account used in the Header of the Sales Journal when creating the entry.
- Retainer Account The Retainer Account used in the Detail of the Sales Journal when creating the entry.
- Client Client used when creating both transactions.
- Project Project used when creating both transactions.
- Invoice Number The invoice number populates the following areas:
 - o Receipt Journal Invoice No. in the detail section.
 - Sales Journal Invoice Number in the Header section.
- Comments This comment populates the G/L Comments/Comments box in both transactions.
- Check Number The Check Number populates the "Check Number" box located in the Header of the Receipt Journal.
- Check/Invoice Date The Check/Invoice Date populates the following:
 - o Receipt Journal "Check Date" located in the Header of the Receipt Journal.
 - o Sales Journal "Invoice Date" located in the Header of the Sales Journal.
- Deposit Date The Deposit Date populates the "Check Date" located in the Header of the Receipt Journal.

- Deposit Number The Deposit Number populates the "Check Number" located in the Header of the Receipt Journal.
- G/L Period This G/L Period populates the G/L Period in both transactions.
- Amount This Amount populates the Amount in both transactions.

4.3.6.4 Client Invoice Wizard

Overview

The Client Invoice Wizard is a quick and easy way to distribute a payment.

Field Descriptions

Header

- Check Amount Amount of the received check that is going to be applied.
- Distributed Amount Running calculation of the Amounts entered in the Projects grid. Read Only.
- A/R Account A/R Account in the Header of the invoices that will populate the window.
- Include Closed Invoices When checked, closed invoices using the same AR account for the same Payer will display.
- Spread When selected, the wizard will attempt to spread the amount across the available invoices.
- Pay off When selected, the wizard will attempt to pay off the selected invoice.

Invoices

- Invoice No. Invoice Number of the Sales Journal.
- Invoice Date Invoice Date of the Sales Journal.
- Balance Unpaid Balance of the Invoice.
- Original Invoice Amount The original invoice amount before any payments were applied.

Projects

- Project Path Project that is to be paid on the Invoice.
- Invoice Date Invoice Date of the Sales Journal.

- Balance Unpaid Balance of the Invoice.
- Amount Amount to be applied to the invoice.
- Rev. Type This allows you to earmark how much of a receipt should be considered a certain revenue type. This affects revenue allocation in the new Pay When Paid reports.

4.3.7 Sales Journal

Overview

The Sales Journal is where client invoices are entered.

Key Concepts

- Transactions entered here must be offset against an Accounts Receivable account. This is the header side of the transaction.
- Most transactions in the sales journal are entered automatically from automated invoicing. <u>More on Automated Invoicing</u>
- The Sales Journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the detail amount is a credit, so
 when you enter a positive amount, it is saved behind the scenes as a negative (credit).

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

Menu Bar

- File Additional options under the File button.
 - Void Voids the current Journal Transaction.
- View Additional options under the View button.
 - o Bookmarked Allows you to select Bookmarked Transactions. More on Bookmarks
- Tools Additional options under the Tools button.
 - Auto-balancing Allows user to enable auto-balance for journal entry. Available types of Auto Balance include:
 - Off Disables this functionality
 - Top Down Distributes the remaining Header Amount listed into each new line item.
 - Bottom Up Enters the sum of the line items into the Journal Header Amount
 - Change A/R Account Allows the user to change the Accounts Receivable account for the current journal entry.
 - New Entry On Save If On is selected, a new Journal Entry screen will load when saving another

- Journal Entry. Otherwise the saved Journal Entry remains loaded on the screen.
- Linked Transactions When selected, a pop-up will display showing all of the transactions that are linked to the Sales Journal that is selected. The bottom left of the pop-up has a Print icon. Report
 Management> Linked Transaction Report
 - Print Icon runs the Linked Transactions Report. More on the Linked Transactions Report
- o Batches When clicked, a batches box will pop up. Batches are a way for a user to manually input transactions into the system and check them against the batch total. Once all of the transactions are entered, the user can then post all of the transaction within the batch. More on Batch Entries
- o Change Period for Current Revision This will change the G/L period for the current journal revision.
- o Show Unposted Shows unposted journal entries for a given G/L period.
- Bookmark Bookmarks the journal entry for future retrieval. More on Bookmarks
- Recurring Entry Allows the user to have an entry that is recurring for a given number of cycles. More
 on Recurring Entries

Toolbar Options

- New Creates a new journal transaction
- Save Saves the current journal transaction
- Copy Copies the current journal transaction to the journal
- Void Voids the current Journal Transaction
- Delete Deletes the current journal transaction.
 - Recurring Entry Allows the user to have an entry that is recurring for a given number of cycles. <u>More on Recurring Entries</u>
- Batches When clicked, a batches box will pop up. Batches are a way for a user to manually input transactions into the system and check them against the batch total. Once all of the transactions are entered, the user can then post all of the transaction within the batch. More on Batch Entries
- Bookmark Bookmarks the current journal transaction. More on Bookmarks
- Bookmarked Displays a list of Bookmarked transactions for quick reference.
- Print Prints the Journal Single Transaction Report.

4.3.7.1 Sales Header

Overview

The Sales Journal Header section is referred to as the control side. It contains the common data for a client invoice, A/R Account and Transaction Amount.

Key Concepts

- The Sales Journal makes assumptions on debits and credits. It assumes the detail amount is a credit, so when you enter a positive amount, it is saved behind the scenes as a negative (credit).
- There are three key fields that uniquely identify a client invoice.
 - The Accounts Receivable Account
 - The Client
 - The Invoice Number
- With proper permissions, the client or invoice number can be edited on a previously saved record. Select
 the Notes icon next to each field. No audit is retained on the change.

Field Descriptions

- Transaction ID The unique identification number of this transaction. This displays in the header next to "Sales Journal".
- Batch ID The Batch ID that the selected transaction is a part of. More on Batch Entries
- ** A/R Account The Accounts Receivable G/L account is the control account. It must have a sub-ledger type of Accounts Receivable. A/R sub-ledger reports can be printed for an individual or combined account (account indifferent). More on Chart of Accounts
- ** Client Client for this transaction. Once saved, you need special permission to change. More on Clients
- ** Invoice Number Client invoice number. Once saved, you need special permission to change.
- Bill To Address Assigned *bill-to* address for this invoice. Clicking on it will generate a list of available addresses, as well as the currently selected one. If button text is red, no address has been assigned.
- G/L Comments Comments to appear in G/L report. Will show on control side and, if no G/L comment is
 entered on the line item, it will also print on those as well.
- Amount Amount of invoice. Must balance to the line entries in the detail section.
- Amount Status Status of the amount invoiced, statuses include: Paid, Unpaid or Partial. You can view
 the associated transaction by clicking the status. The break out list contains additional links to the actual
 receipts.
- Invoice Date Client invoice date.
- Due Date Automatically calculated by adding net days from the client setup to the invoice date. This is

set at <u>Accounts Receivable>Clients>Billing Tab>Payment Terms Section.</u> The Due Date can be overridden here.

As Of Date - The As of Date that was use when running Automated Invoicing. <u>More on Automated Invoicing</u>

4.3.7.2 Sales Detail

Overview

The Sales Journal Detail section displays the detail of how the client invoice is distributed to G/L accounts and WBS paths.

Key Concepts

• If you are on a new row, F2 duplicates the row from above; otherwise, it copies the row you are on to a new line.

Field Descriptions

- 1 of ? This shows the version of the journal entry that you are currently viewing. This is enabled by checking "Journals" at Global Settings>General Tab>Full Audits.
- Current Version Period The GL Period that the current version of the transaction falls in. A "Change Period for Current Revision" option is located under Tools in the toolbar, allows you to change the current period.
- Show Audit Trail When checked, all entries (including reversing entries) will display. It will also include a
 line for the header section of the transaction. Auto-reversals and header lines will be grayed out and
 cannot be altered. This also displays the Create By, Create Date, Modify By and Modify Date of the
 transaction.
- Rev. No. The number of the revision of the Journal entry. The original entry is 1.
- Project Path Project the line item is being entered against. Optional. More on Projects
- Expense Code Displays the Expense Code of the transaction. Optional. More on Expense Codes
- G/L Account Limited to billed and unbilled revenue, WIP, retainage, retainer, bad debt, and late charge
 accounts. More on Chart of Accounts
- Amount Line item amount. The total must equal the Amount in the Header.
- G/L Comments General ledger comments. Will print on G/L reports in place of comments on header of transactions for this line item.
- PM Comments Project management comments. Appears on project management reports and invoices.

Additional Columns

- Account Name Name of the G/L Account
- Exp. Code Name Name of the Expense Code
- G/L Org Name Name of the Organizational Unit associated with the G/L Account used on the line item
- G/L Period Period code
- Is G/L Flag indicating if entry is to be considered as part of general ledger. Only set to zero by project management opening entries.
- Project Code Code of the project the line item is being entered against. While Project Path shows the full WBS path (e.g. 2014000-001), Project Code displays only the code of the assigned WBS node (e.g. 001).
- Project ID Internal ID of the project associated with the line item
- Project Name Project Name of the project associated with the line item
- SJID Internal Sales Journal ID
- SJLineID Internal ID of the line item

4.3.8 Set Bill Status

Overview

This Set Bill Status Utility allows the user to change the bill status for selected or multiple projects within a date range.

Field Descriptions

Projects

- All Projects When selected, the status of the transactions that match the given criteria will be changed for all projects.
- Selected Projects When selected, the status of the transactions that match the given criteria will be changed for the selected projects.

Dates

- Transaction Start Date The date selected will be used as the beginning date to filter out transactions.
- Transaction End Date The date selected will be used as the ending date to filter out transactions.

Bill Status

- From Status The status selected will be used as the status to be changed from on transactions.
- To Status The status selected will be used as the status to change the transactions to.

Journals

- Disbursements When selected, transactions from the Disbursements Journal will be included when determining which statuses to change.
- Employee Reimbursables When selected, transactions from the Employee Reimbursables Journal will be included when determining which statuses to change.
- Purchases When selected, transactions from the Purchase Journal will be included when determining which statuses to change.
- Timesheets When selected, transactions from the Timesheets will be included when determining which statuses to change.

Additional Settings

Exclude Billed Transactions Already Associated with an Invoice - When selected, any transaction that has
a status of Billed and is linked to a Sales Journal will not be modified by the utility.

4.4 Project Administration

4.4.1 Expense Codes

Overview

Expense Codes/Groups allow for the categorization of expenses for transaction entry, project reporting and invoicing. Examples are *Prints*, *Travel*, *Meals*, *etc*. They allow for varied markup per category.

Key Concepts

- There are three types of Expense Markup Type. Markups can be Multiplier, Add-on of flat Amount.
- Can be assigned Direct Cost, Indirect Cost, and Revenue G/L Accounts.
- Can be restricted to PM types (ex., ODC,OCC,ICC)
- Can default in billing status (ex., Ready to Bill, Never Bill, etc.)
- Can be budgeted in Project Planning
- Expense Groups allow for subsets and overrides of expense codes that can be assigned to a project.
- Expense Groups allow for non-labor expenses to be grouped into categories. This allows for billing categories to be established without the need for changing the chart of accounts. For example, if a client demands that air travel be separated from local travel, it would not be necessary to set up a separate ODC travel G/L account.
- Expense Groups provide a mechanism for varied unit billing and markups.

Note 1 - Once expense codes are established, they are then placed in expense groups. An expense code can belong to many groups. In turn, groups are applied to projects. Groups can also have effect dates,

allowing for the revision of markups/rates on perhaps an annual basis. Expense groups are the expense equivalent of labor rate schedules.

Note 2 - Expense Codes need to be created before they can be added to Expense Groups. Adding Expense Codes is as simple as filling out a new row in the grid and clicking *Save*.

Field Descriptions

Expense Codes Grid

- Show in Expense Sheet When checked, the expense will be a selectable option in an employee expense sheet during expense sheet entry.
- Active When checked, the expense code is active and can be added to an Expense Group.
- Code Expense code. The code that will be associated with this Expense. The Code must be unique.
- Name Expense Name. The Name that will be associated with this Expense.
- Currency Enabled with Multi-Currency Setup. Represents the transactional currency in which the
 expense code is utilized. For example, if entering a Purchase Journal using an AP Account (USD) only
 Expense Codes of similar currency would be available to the transaction. For complete instructions on
 setting up a Multi-Currency environment, go here: More on Multi-Currency
- Exp. Code Type Allowable PM types for the expense code are chosen here. They include *Other Direct Charges*, *Out-of-Contract Consultants*, *In-Contract Consultants*, *Consultants* (either *OCC* or *ICC*) and *Any*.
- Expense Markup Type There are three types of Expense Markup Types: (a) Markup, (b) Add-on, and (c) Flat Amount (see Fig.1). Below shows how each Markup type is calculated.
 - o Markup Unit Rate X Qty X Markup (Amount entered in Markup Column)
 - o Add-on [Unit Rate + Markup (Amount entered in Markup Column)] X Qty
 - Flat Amount Qty X Markup (Amount entered in Markup Column))
- Markup This changes depending on the Expense Markup Type selected. Note: The amount entered in the Markup Column can be the Markup, Add-on, or the Flat Amount depending on what Markup Type you select.
 - Markup Multiplier used to mark up the Unit Rate.
 - o Add-on Amount you would like to add on to the unit rate.
 - Flat Amount Flat amount that you would like to charge per unit.
- Unit Rate Unit cost rate. The amount you pay, per unit, for the expense. This can be overridden in the Expense Journal. Typically used for things like Gas, Printing, etc., when you have a set unit rate amount.

Note - This will default in all Expense Sheets and Expense Journals.

Bill Status - Bill status that defaults into a transaction when this Expense Code is used.

- Direct Cost This is the default G/L base account for direct expense.
- Overhead This is the default G/L base account for indirect expense.
- Direct Bill Revenue This is the default G/L base account for expense billed revenue direct portion.
- Markup Billed Revenue This is the default G/L base account for expense billed revenue markup portion
- Unbilled Revenue This is the default G/L base account for expense unbilled revenue.
- Comment Template This is where you assign a comment template to the expense code. The template
 will display when the user clicks on the PM Comments box in the Expense Sheet. More on Comment
 Templates
- Comment Required When checked, the expense code is requires that a PM Comment be added when this expense is added to an expense sheet.
- Internal Comment Template This is where you assign a comment template to the expense code. The
 template will display when the user clicks on the Notes (Internal) box in the Expense Sheet. This comment
 is for internal purposes only. More on Comment Templates
- Internal Comment Required When checked, the expense code is requires that a Note be added when this expense is added to an expense sheet.
- Non-Reimbursable When checked, the expense codes is flagged as non-reimbursable for expense sheets.

4.4.2 Expense Groups

Overview

Once Expense Codes are created, they can then be added to Expense Groups. An Expense Code can belong to many groups. In turn groups are applied to projects. Groups also have effect dates (Periods) allowing for the revision of markups/rates on perhaps an annual basis. Basically.To apply an Expense Code Group to a project, an Expense Code Group drop-down is available at Project Administration>Projects>Expense & GL Tab.

Field Descriptions

Periods

- Start Date This is the start date of the selected Expense Group.
- End Date This is the end date of the selected Expense Group. If it is blank, there is no end date for the Expense Group. This date fills in when a new period is added to the Expense Group.

Expense Codes

• Expense Code - This is the expense code. It must already exist to be applied to a group.

Note - Selecting a code will fill out the rest of the grid. You can, however, override these values here.

- Name Expense Name
- Currency Enabled with Multi-Currency Setup. Represents the transactional currency in which the
 expense code is utilized. For example, if entering a Purchase Journal using an AP Account (USD) only
 Expense Codes of similar currency would be available to the transaction. For complete instructions on
 setting up a Multi-Currency environment, go here: More on Multi-Currency
- Exp. Code Type Allowable PM types for the expense code are chosen here. They include *Other Direct Charges*, *Out-of-Contract Consultants*, *In-Contract Consultants*, *Consultants* (either *OCC* or *ICC*) and *Any*.
- Expense Markup Type There are three types of Expense Markup Types: (a) Markup, (b) Add-on, and (c)
 Flat Amount. Below shows how each Markup type is calculated.
 - Markup Unit Rate X Qty X Markup (Amount entered in Markup Column)
 - o Add-on [Unit Rate + Markup (Amount entered in Markup Column)] X Qty
 - Flat Amount Qty X Markup (Amount entered in Markup Column))
- Markup This changes depending on the Expense Markup Type selected. *Note: The amount entered in the Markup Column can be the Markup, Add-on, or the Flat Amount depending on what Markup Type you select.*
 - Markup Multiplier used to mark up the Unit Rate.
 - o Add-on Amount you would like to add on to the unit rate.
 - Flat Amount Flat amount that you would like to charge per unit.
- Unit Rate Unit cost rate. The amount you pay, per unit, for the expense. This can be overridden in the Expense Journal. Typically used for things like Gas, Printing, etc., when you have a set unit rate amount.

Note - This will default in all Expense Sheets and Expense Journals.

- Bill Status Bill status that defaults into a transaction when this Expense Code is used.
- Direct Cost This is the default G/L base account for direct expense.
- Overhead This is the default G/L base account for indirect expense.
- Direct Bill Revenue This is the default G/L base account for expense billed revenue direct portion.
- Markup Billed Revenue This is the default G/L base account for expense billed revenue markup portion
- Unbilled Revenue This is the default G/L base account for expense unbilled revenue.
- Comment Template This is where you assign a comment template to the expense code. The template
 will display when the user clicks on the PM Comments box in the Expense Sheet. More on Comment
 Templates

- Comment Required When checked, the expense code is requires that a PM Comment be added when this expense is added to an expense sheet.
- Internal Comment Template This is where you assign a comment template to the expense code. The
 template will display when the user clicks on the Notes (Internal) box in the Expense Sheet. This comment
 is for internal purposes only. More on Comment Templates
- Internal Comment Required When checked, the expense code is requires that a Note be added when this expense is added to an expense sheet.
- Non-Reimbursable When checked, the expense codes is flagged as non-reimbursable for expense sheets.

4.4.3 Labor Codes

Overview

Labor Codes are used to designate the "work" that an employee is doing. Labor codes can be subtotals in *Project Management* reports. They are not exposed in billing, nor do they have budgets. Similar to Expense Groups, they are put into groups that are used to classify the work done on a project. An employee is able to enter a Labor Code on the time Sheet. Examples of Labor Codes include site time, meetings, phone calls, etc.

Key Concepts

- Users can be given the ability to use Labor Codes in their time sheets at <u>Global Settings>Time and</u>
 Expense Tab>Misc>Use Labor Codes.
- Labor Codes are not part of the WBS.
- Labor Codes are entered in time sheets.
- Labor Codes can be used to group or identify Labor on PM Reports.
- Labor Codes can be used to group or identify labor on T&M type invoices.
- Labor Codes can be used to identify taxable items.
- Labor Codes cannot vary rate schedules by labor code.
- Labor Codes cannot budget labor codes.

Note: When Labor Codes are set up, they are global and can be used against any project. They can, optionally, be restricted to direct or indirect projects.

Field Descriptions

Labor Codes Grid

Active - When checked, indicates if labor code is active.

- Labor Code Labor code
- Labor Name Labor name
- Type Designates what type of project the labor code can be used with. Choices are Direct, Indirect, or Both. Note that Indirect refers to all non-direct project types.
- Comment Required This requires that the employee enter a PM Comment on the time sheet when this Labor Code is used.

4.4.4 Labor Code Groups

Overview

Labor Code Groups work like Expense Groups in that they are assigned to a Project and can limit the Labor Codes available for use in a project. Labor Code Groups also have the ability to have Comment Templates associated with them that can require the entry of specified information before a time sheet can be submitted. To apply a Labor Code Group to a project, a Labor Code Group drop-down is available at Project Administration> Projects> Expense & GL Tab.

Field Descriptions

Labor Code Group

Labor Code Group - The name of the Labor Code Group.

Labor Codes Grid

- Code Labor code
- Name Labor name
- Comment Template This is where you assign a comment template to the Labor Code. The template will
 display when the user clicks on the PM Comments box in the Time Sheet. More on Comment Templates
- Comment Required This requires that the employee enter a PM Comment on the time sheet when this Labor Code is used.

4.4.5 Move Project Transactions

Overview

The Move Project Transactions utility allows the mass movement of project transactions from one project node to another project node.

Key Concepts

- Project Administration will allow the mass move of projects transactions from one project/node to another
 project node. It is specific to the node selected. This does not move all transactions throughout a whole
 project at one time. For example, If you select the Project level node of the source project and the task
 level of the destination project, all of the transactions, in the source project, will be moved to the task
 level, of the destination project. All other transactions remain.
- This utility will permit the movement of transactions regardless of contract level rules established in the project. For instance, this utility will allow you to move timesheets to non-bottom project nodes.

Field Descriptions

Projects

- Source Project Project to which you are moving transactions from.
- Include Children Nodes When checked, all transaction of the source project children nodes will be moved to the Destination Project node.
- Destination Project Project to which you are moving transactions to.

Transaction Date Range

- Start Start date that will include all transactions that are to be moved.
- End End date that will include all transactions that are to be moved.

Audit Trail

Current Version Only - When checked, an audit trail will be documented showing the transfer of all time,
 expense, etc.

Note - If you are moving transactions for the purpose of deleting a project, leave this box unchecked.

- New G/L Period New G/L period for the transferred transactions to fall in.
- Bill Status Filter Filters out transactions with a specific bill status. Leave blank for all.

Transaction Types

- Time Sheets Filters out Time Sheet transactions
- Expenses Filters out Expense transactions
- Sales Filters out Sales Journal transactions
- · Adjustments Filters out General Journal transactions

4.4.6 Post Earned Revenue

Overview

The Post Earned Revenue (Revenue Recognition) utility is used to recognize Unbilled Revenue and WIP on the General Ledger.

Key Concepts

- Revenue Recognition is activated at <u>Global Settings>Revenue Recognition</u> by selecting "Use Revenue Recognition"
- When the utility is run, an entry is made to the *General Journal* posting revenue against Unbilled Revenue and WIP accounts. More on the General Journal
- The entry is recorded to the appropriate WBS level and Expense Code, if any. These entries are marked
 as coming from revenue recognition. <u>More on Expense Codes</u>
- This utility can be run at any interval (daily, monthly, hourly).
- There is an option in Global Settings to delete all revenue recognition entries in the current period prior to
 posting. This is useful if a user wants to post revenue on a daily basis but does not want a cluttered
 ledger. This is located at Global Settings>Revenue Recognition by selecting "Post Single Journal Entry
 Per Period"
- A user can exclude projects from participating in revenue recognition by flagging them in the project setup profit center section. More on Project Setup
- A user can also make revenue adjustments in the General Journal and flag them to be excluded from revenue calculations by selecting "Ignore In Rev. Rec.". More on the General Journal Header

Field Descriptions

Period

 Period - General ledger period. Used as cutoff for transactions and for posting. More on Accounting Periods

Error Account

Error Account - General ledger account to use if an account cannot be derived. More on GL Accounts

Unbilled Revenue Base Codes

- Labor Unbilled labor revenue base account (non subcontractor)
- Other Direct Charges (ODC) Unbilled ODC revenue base account
- Out-of-Contract Consultants (OCC) Unbilled OCC revenue base account
- In-Contract Consultants (ICC) Unbilled ICC revenue
- Labor Upset Unbilled labor revenue upset base account
- ODC Upset Unbilled ODC revenue upset base account
- OCC Upset Unbilled OCC revenue upset base account
- ICC Upset Unbilled ICC revenue upset base account
- Subcontractor Unbilled labor revenue base account (subcontractor)

WIP Base Codes

- · Labor Work-in-progress labor base account
- Other Direct Charges (ODC) Work-in-progress ODC base account
- Out-of-Contract Consultants (OCC) Work-in-progress OCC base account
- In-Contract Consultants (ICC) Work-in-progress ICC base account

4.4.7 Profit Sharing

Overview

This utility is primarily meant for companies with multiple profit centers (aka <u>Organizational Units</u>) that would recognize revenue as billed. Typically, this utility would be run once a month after billing has been completed. <u>More on Profit Sharing</u>

Field Descriptions

Period

Period - General ledger period. Used as cutoff for transactions and for posting. More on Accounting

Periods

As of

As of - As of Date. Used as cutoff for transactions and for posting.

Error Account

• Error Account - General ledger account to use if an account cannot be derived. More on GL Accounts

Billed Revenue Base Codes

- Labor Labor Billed revenue base account
- Overhead Overhead revenue base account
- Labor Profit Labor Profit revenue base account
- Direct ODC Direct ODC base account
- Profit ODC Profit ODC base account
- Direct OCC Direct OCC base account
- Profit OCC Profit OCC base account
- ICC ICC base account

4.4.8 Projects

Overview

Projects are used to manage jobs throughout InFocus.

Key Concepts

- All projects can have an unlimited breakdown (WBS).
- You can assign names, such as *phase* and *task*, to the levels of the WBS.
- An entire WBS can be created from a template project.
- Portions of the WBS can be constructed from system WBS templates. More on WBS Templates

4.4.8.1 Projects Toolbar

Overview

The Projects Toolbar gives the user (if given the appropriate permissions) numerous capabilities within the Projects applet. Below is a list of those capabilities.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar Options</u>

Additional Toolbar Options

- View
 - o Project Figures Launches the Project Figures report for the currently loaded record.
- Tools Lists advanced options
 - Project Members Wizard Opens a pop-up that walks you through setting up your team members on a project.
 More on the Project Team Members Wizard.
 - Project Level Labels Opens a pop-up containing an editable list of Project Level Labels. More on Project Level
 Labels
- Project Level Labels Opens a pop-up containing an editable list of Project Level Labels. More on Project Level Labels.
- Project Plan Opens up the Project Planning applet with the currently loaded project loaded.
- Print All Projects Runs the Project List Report. More on the Project List Report

4.4.8.2 General Tab

Overview

The General Tab contains information that lays the groundwork for a new project.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the General Tab.

** Indicates a required field

Project Info

- Active -When checked, the project is active. Once a project is inactive it cannot receive charges.
- ** Code Project (Node) Code. Must be unique (Unless you are using a Rollup Node. More on Rollup Nodes)

- ** Name Project (Node) Name.
- ** Charge Type Determines the type of project. There are five types of projects in InFocus. The choice
 affects the chargeable nature of the project.
 - o Billable Projects Projects that can be invoiced and require a client.
 - o Indirect Projects Projects that are overhead projects. They can be charged to but, never invoiced.
 - Projection A projection cannot receive charges. Projections are used to record estimated revenue for future endeavors. Projects can always change their type.
 - Opportunities Opportunities are similar to indirect projects. However, they are client-related, and charges can be placed on hold. If an opportunity becomes a billable project, the charges on hold can then be either billed or written off.
 - o Plan Plans cannot receive charges. Plans only exist for the purpose of project planning.
- ** Client Client for whom this project is for.
- Template When checked, the project is considered a template. Templates cannot receive charges and are visible in the project setup. They are used to create new projects.

Project Types

Contract Type - Contract Types can appear on Project Management reports. Examples of contract types
are Fixed Fee, T&M, and Cost Plus. Contract types are used for filtering projects. A User Defined Field.
The Contract Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Contract Types</u>.

Note - Contract Types do not limit the project to that contract type.

 Report Type - Report types are reporting groups that can act as filters when printing project management reports. A User Defined Field. The Report Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u> <u>Management>Project Report Types</u>.

Projections

- Expected Revenue The expected revenue from this project. This can appear on project management reports, but is otherwise informational only.
- Win Probability Probability of winning the contract. This can appear on project management reports, but is otherwise informational only.

Project Dates

- Project Start The estimated project start date. Informational only. When a project has a plan, this field is automatically filled out by *Project Planning* and is unavailable here.
- Project End Estimated project end date. Informational only. When a project has a plan, this field is automatically filled out by *Project Planning* and is unavailable here.

Planning PM Level Lockout

Project Planning Level Lock out - Level in which all nodes at that level (and above) are locked from being

altered by project planning. You can choose a specific level, lock out all levels, or unlock all levels.

Note - This feature allows for the division of WBS control between accountants and project managers.

Require

- Labor Code When checked, employees will be required to provide a Labor Code. More on Labor Codes
- Expense Comments When checked employees, will be required to provide an comment in the PM Comments field when their expense sheets are saved.
- Timesheet Comments When checked employees, will be required to provide an comment in the PM Comments field when their time sheets sheets are saved.
- Estimates-to-Complete When checked, employees will be required to provide an estimate-to-complete
 for all bottom nodes of the WBS to which they charged time during the current time sheet period (typically
 a week long).

Chat Handle

Chat Handle - Handle for instant messaging applications like Slack, Skype, etc.

4.4.8.3 General Note Tab

Overview

The General Note Tab is used to store general notes regarding the project.

4.4.8.4 Market Sectors Tab

Overview

The term Market Sector is typically used to describe a part of the economy. It can be a set of businesses that are buying and selling similar goods and services that are in direct competition with one another. A project can be assigned to one or more market sectors. A percentage can be placed next to each market sector to designate the percentage of the project's cost and revenue that should be assigned to a particular market sector. Financial statements can use these percentages. Also, project management reports can be printed by market sector.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Market Sectors Tab.

- Apply Selects the Market Sector(s) to be used on the current project.
- Sector Name Name of the Market Sector. A User Defined Field. The Market Sector list is managed under Administration>List Management>Market Sectors.

 % - Designates the percentage of the project's cost and revenue that should be assigned to a particular market sector.

4.4.8.5 Members Tab

Overview

The Members Tab establishes Project Leaders, Team Members, and Organizational Charging of a project.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Members Tab.

Project Leaders

- Principal In Charge The Principal that owns this project. Acts as a filter in *Project Management* reporting. Also allows permission for the creation of work orders.
- Project Accountant The Project Accountant acts as a filter in Project Management reporting. It also allows the user to make billing adjustments and invoice this project. It also allows permission for the creation of work order.
- Project Manager The Project Manager acts as a filter in *Project Management* reporting. It also allows the user to plan a project, review project billings, and generate work orders for that project.

Line-Item Approval

- Time Sheets When Time Line-Item Approval is enabled (<u>Global Settings</u>), these fields are used to govern whether the time against the Project needs to be approved by line or not.
- Expense Sheets When Time Line-Item Approval is enabled (<u>Global Settings</u>), these fields are used to govern whether the time against the Project needs to be approved by line or not.

Note: There are 4 options:

- 1. Default Looks at the Global setting of Required or Not Required
- 2. Required
- 3. Not Required
- 4. Required (Allow Approver) Allows the Assigned Approvers (HR> Employees> Accounting Rates Tab) to approve line items in addition to the Project Leaders.

Member Settings

Restrict Time and Employee Expense to Team Members - When checked, only employees who are team
members can charge to this project. Project leaders are implicitly considered team members and do not
need to be listed.

Organizational Charging

Owning Org Unit. - The Owning Organizational Unit has the primary responsibility for a project. The level
of the org unit must be equal to or above the sharing profit center level as established in Global Settings.
If no owner is established, the project is considered open, and any organization can charge to it. More on Organizational Units

Note - The Owning Org Unit is especially significant in revenue recognition and automated invoicing.

Organizational Charging Settings

- Allow All Cross Charging When checked, all org units can charge to this project. Cross-charging in *InFocus* means the organizations (not the owning organization or a sharing organization) that charge to this project will have the cost of the charges transferred to the owning organization. Likewise, the owning organization receives all revenue for those charges.
- Always Allow Owning Organization When checked, the owning organization is always permitted to charge to this WBS, regardless of sharing organization settings.

Team Members

- Team Members Team members are assigned for three reasons:
 - a. To restrict charging to a project.
 - b. For informational purposes.
 - c. To alter or override their allowable job titles on a project. (To assign alternate job titles, add an employee to a row in the grid. Click on the button at the right edge of the row to add job titles.)
- Wizard Button Clicking on this option will open up a screen listing all Employees and all Job Titles. You
 can select multiple employees and assign them a series of job titles. This option is designed to add
 multiple project members with the same job title(s). It does not show what job tile members are currently
 assigned to. The wizard merely facilitates adding new members and assignments.

Below are field descriptions for the Team Members Grid

- Employee Code Code of the Employee associated with the Project.
- Employee Name Name of the Employee associated with the Project.
- Default Job Title Default Job Title given to the employee on this project by using the Icon (3 people) described below. More on Job Titles
- Role Project Role of the Employee. A User Defined Field. The Project Role list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Project Roles</u>. More on Project Roles
- Icon (3 people) Allows a user to override the Employees default Job Title. You can also establish a list of Job Titles available to the employee when entering time.

4.4.8.6 Billing Tab

Overview

The Billing Tab establishes Billing terms, Billing addresses(Remit to & Bill to), Late Charges, Retainer, Retainage, and Billing groups/Invoicing.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Billing Tab.

Billing Terms

- Term Type Billing (Payment) terms of this project. Informational only. A User Defined Field. The Term
 Type list is managed under Administration>List Management>Billing Terms.
- Net Days Number of days added to the Invoice Date (Sales Journal) to calculate the Due Date (Sales Journal).

Remit-To-Address

- Office Company office, set up at <u>Administration>Global Settings>Offices Tab</u>, where payments should be sent. Appears on system invoice designs as the Remit to Address.
- Attention Attention line for remit to address. Appears on system invoice designs as the Attention item.

Retainage

- Description A portion of the agreed upon contract that is deliberately withheld until the work is substantially complete to assure that the client will satisfy its obligations and complete a construction project.
- Max Maximum amount of retainage to be withheld.
- Percentage Percentage of labor revenue to withhold as retainage.

Retainage Inclusions

- Hourly Labor charged against this project is included in the retainage amount.
- Fixed Fee Fixed Fee Billings against this project are included in the retainage amount.
- OCC Out of Contract Consulting (Sub-consultant charges) against this project is included in the retainage amount.
- ODC Other Direct Charges (Expense) charges against this project is included in the retainage amount.

Retainer

• Apply Current Amount - Amount of retainer to be applied on next invoice. When invoiced, this amount is automatically reduced by amount that was applied.

Billing Group

Billing Group - Billing groups are items that can be used for filtered runs or batches of automated invoices. Billing groups are commonly used as a separate group for each week of a month. You could then assign projects to a group and that way process invoices throughout the month. A User Defined Field. The Billing Group list is managed under Administration>List Management>Billing Groups.

Invoicing

- Invoice Email Billing email address associated with the Project. Will be the email used if the emailing functionality in Automated Invoicing is enabled. More on setting up emailing within InFocus
- Main Invoice Main invoice design assigned to the Project.
 Note When "Separate Expense Invoice" is checked, this label of this box changes to "Labor Invoice". At that point an Invoice design must have the Style attribute of "Labor Only" selected, on the Invoice Design, for the invoice design to show in this drop-down. More on Invoice Designs
- Separate Expense Invoice When checked, the Expense Invoice cell will activate. This will allow for a
 project to run an invoice for expenses separately from invoices that include labor and Fixed Fees.
- Expense Invoice Invoice designs must have the Style attribute of "Expense Only" selected, on the Invoice Design, for the invoice design to show in this drop-down. More on Invoice Designs
- Next Inv. Number Next Invoice Number is active when invoice incrementing in Global Settings is set to "By Project". The Global Setting is located at <u>Administration>Global Settings>Invoicing Tab>Invoice</u> Numbering.
- Invoice Group The Invoice Group allows for Projects to be invoiced as one invoice. When used, cover sheets can be designed to summarize individual project billings. <u>More on Invoice Groups</u>
- PO Number When filled out this will override the client PO Number in invoicing.

Late Charge

- Description While late charges can be manually entered into the system and appear on A/R reports, they are not automatically calculated and booked. The following two fields are part of A/R reports and can be used to customize the reports by the user.
- Type Designates the type of Late charge to be calculated. Choices are "Percentage of Balance Due" and "Flat Amount".
- Amount The amount of late charge to be added or percentage to calculate. Depends on the "Type" selected.

Bill-To Address

- Use Client's Bill-To When checked, no address will appear here in the project set-up, but client's default bill-to address will be used in invoicing.
- Use Custom Bill-To When checked, an address that is different from the client's default bill-to address
 can be entered here and used when generating invoices for this project.
- Use Custom Bill-To Drop-down After selecting Use Custom Bill-To, select dropdown to fill in the client's
 default bill-to address. You may then modify it, as needed, for this particular project. For example, you
 could enter a different contact person while using the rest of the default address for this project's
 invoices.

Custom Bill-To Address

- Attention Bill-To Attention. You can type in a custom or use the look-up to select from Firm Contacts.
- Street 1 Address line 1
- Street 2 Address line 2
- Street 3 Address line 3
- Street 4 Address line 4
- · City City
- State State
- Zip / Postal Zip Code
- Country Country

Invoice Comments

Invoice Comments - Text that can optionally appear on an invoice, typically on the first page invoice
header section. This text will appear and can be edited in the "Invoice Comments" located in the header
of PA Bill Review. More on PA Bill Review

4.4.8.7 Multi-Currency Tab

Overview

In IMC, projects must be assigned designations for both Project and Invoicing Currency and can optionally include Project specific currency and exchange rate overrides. This configuration is completed on the Multi-Currency tab in *Project Administration>Projects*. These settings impact how the project and invoicing amount currencies are determined on a given transaction. For instance, when a Purchase Journal (USD) is entered against a project and a Currency override exists on the project for the specified Purchase Journal

evaluation date and transactional currency, the defined rate override(s) will be used for the project and/or invoice currency amounts respectively. If this match is not found, these amounts will be determined using the currency exchange relationship defined between the transactional currency (Purchase Journal) and main project currency. For complete instructions go here: More on Multi-Currency

Field Descriptions

Settings

Description - This section holds the Project and Invoicing currency designations. Note the designated currencies must be configured in *General Accounting>Multi Currency*.

- Invoice Currency The transactional, real world currency used in invoicing (Sales Journal) for the selected project- used for project contracts and invoicing.
- Project Currency The currency used in project administration and project planning for the selected project. Project Management reports can optionally print using this currency for the selected project.
- Project Equals Invoice Currency Indicates that the Project currency will always equal the Invoice currency and disables the ability to set Project currency and exchange rate overrides.
- Separate Exchange Rates Allows currency and exchange rate overrides for both Labor and Non-Labor

Currencies

Description - This section defines the project specific currency and exchange rate overrides for the previously designated Project and Invoicing currencies. The available overrides are derived from the defined exchange relationships (General Accounting>Multi-Currency) and only affect project and invoicing currencies for the selected project.

- Use Indicates the ability to utilize the specified currency
- % Button Sets the exchange rate override.

Rate Tester

Description - This utility provides an evaluation of the rate exchange between the specified originating currency and the destination Invoice and Project currencies accounting for configured overrides.

- Currency Originating currency to test.
- Amount Originating currency amount to test.
- As of Date Date by which to test the rate exchange.
- Invoice Labor Converted destination Invoice currency amount for Labor.

- Invoice Non-Labor Converted destination Invoice currency amount for Non-Labor.
- Project Labor Converted destination Project currency amount for Labor.
- Project Non-Labor Converted destination Project currency amount for Non-Labor.

4.4.8.8 Exp. | G/L Tab

Overview

Defines expense and labor controls for the loaded project.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Billing Tab.

Expense Group

Expense Group Drop-down - Predefined group of Expense Codes that are able to be used with this
project. More on Expense Groups

Labor Code Group

Labor Code Group Drop-down - Predefined group of Labor Codes that are able to be used with this
project. More on Labor Groups

Pensoft Payroll Export Code

Pensoft Payroll Export Code Drop-down - Leave code for accrued leave time (Vacation, sick, etc.). More
on Payroll Export

Labor Distribution Base Codes

- Note Not used on billable projects. More on Labor Distribution
- Hourly Cost A direct labor cost G/L base account that is not flagged for sub-contractors.
- Salaried Cost A direct labor cost G/L base account that is not flagged for sub-contractors
- Sub-Contractor A direct labor cost G/L base account that is flagged for sub-contractors
- Labor Markup CR A direct labor cost G/L base account. Offset for Labor Markup DB.
- Labor Markup DB A direct labor cost G/L base account. Capture markup portion in labor distribution.

Setup: Back to Labor Distribution Setup

4.4.8.9 Taxes and Surcharges Tab

Overview

The Taxes and Surcharges tab establishes taxes and/or Surcharges used for the project selected. In order to enforce the tax/surcharge, a *Taxes* section must be used in the Invoice Design for the invoice being used for the selected project. Taxes and Surcharges are established in <u>Administration>Global Settings>Taxes and Surcharges Tab</u>.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Taxes and Surcharges Tab.

- Use When checked, the tax will be used in the selected project.
- Tax Code Code of the tax.
- Tax Name Name of the tax.
- Tax 1 % Percentage of the first Tax/Surcharge applied to this project. Used in the first tax field in the Invoice Design.
- Inv. Text 1 Text that shows up on the invoice next to the first tax/surcharge.
- Tax 2 % Percentage of the second Tax/Surcharge applied to this project. Used in the second tax field in the Invoice Design.
- Inv. Text 2 Text that shows up on the invoice next to the second tax/surcharge.
- WBS level The WBS level in which the Tax/Surcharge is enforced.
- Exclusions In the *Exclusions* column, click the icon and a pop up will appear. You will see the 3 following sections. Checking the box next to the item will exclude if from the tax.
 - o Project Exclusions Checking the box next to any Project Path that you want to exclude the tax from.
 - Labor Code Exclusions Checking the box next to any Labor Code that you want to exclude the tax from. In order for this to work, users must be entering Labor Codes on their time sheets. <u>More on</u> <u>Labor Codes</u>
 - Expense Code Exclusions Checking the box next to any Expense Code that you want to exclude the tax from. In order for this to work, users must be entering Expense Codes on Expenses, Purchases and Disbursements that are passed to billing. More on Expense Codes

4.4.8.10 Contacts Tab

Overview

The Contacts Tab associates an Project with a particular Contact.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Contacts Tab.

- ** Indicates a required field when adding to the list.
- ** Contact Name of the Contact associated with the Opportunity.
- ** Relationship The Opportunities's relationship with the Contact. A User Defined Field. The Relationship list is managed under Administration>List Management>Project Contact Types

4.4.8.11 Addresses Tab

Overview

The Addresses Tab contains the addresses of the selected Project.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Addresses Tab.

- Name Named address. Not available for employee contacts.
- Street 1 Address line 1
- Street 2 Address line 2
- Street 3 Address line 3
- Street 4 Address line 4
- City City
- State State
- Zip Zip Code
- State State
- Country Country
- Phone Telephone number
- Fax Fax number
- Latitude Latitude of Address
- Longitude Longitude of Address
- Copy to Clipboard Copies address to the clipboard of the local workstation. (Only seen in Address Editor)
- Geocode When clicked, the Latitude and Longitude are filled in with the location of the Main Address.
 This can be used in the Map Viewer applet. More on the Map Viewer. (Only seen in Address Editor)

Note 1: Clicking on a the pencil icon will bring up an Address Editor that will make data entry easier.

Note 2: Addresses can be NAMED to categorize them for reuse. For instance, a client can have many offices with an address for each office, as well as associate client contacts with a particular office address. If the information of the NAMED address changes, you can cascade those changes to all associated (linked) addresses in entirety, or only for fields that have a value.

Sometimes addresses have specific uses, as in the case of *bill to, pay to,* and *remit to* addresses. These can be unassociated addresses or linked addresses. Typically, they will be linked addresses, which means they must first be entered as a named address, prior to referencing them as a *bill to, pay to,* or *remit to*.

4.4.8.12 Documents Tab

Overview

Documents tab allows you to upload, view, modify and delete archived documents in relation to the loaded record. Uploaded documents and related information will be listed in the grid. More on Document Management

4.4.8.13 Recent Tab

Overview

The Recent tab shows transactions that go against the Project that is currently pulled up. Users can link over to the specific journals if they are granted the appropriate permissions. More on Permissions

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Recent Tab.

Include

- Sales Journal Displays all Sales Journal transactions that have an Invoice date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.
- Purchase Journal Displays all Purchase Journal transactions that have an Invoice date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.
- Employee Reimbursables Displays all Purchase Journal transactions that have an Invoice date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.
- Receipts Displays all Receipt Journal transactions that have an Check date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.
- Disbursements Displays all Disbursement Journal transactions that have an Check date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.
- Adjustments Displays all General Journal transactions that have an Transaction date that falls on or

after the Transaction Since Date.

• Timesheets - Displays all Time sheet transactions that have an Work date that falls on or after the Transaction Since Date.

Transactions Since

- Date The Transaction Since Date filters the Recent Transactions Grid. It displays only transactions
 whose transaction date falls on or above the selected date.
- Arrow Button Loads the Recent Transaction window.
- Export to Excel Exports the items in the Recent Transaction window to an Excel file.

Note - The grid includes the Transaction ID, Transaction Date, Invoice Number, Check Number, Comments, Transaction Type, and Amount.

4.4.8.14 Notes Tab

Overview

Notes can be entered against a Contacts, Firms, and Projects (including Opportunities). More on Notes

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Notes Tab.

** Indicates a required field

Note Details

- Comment Body of the Note
- Note Type Type of Note Posting (ex. Phone Call, Meeting, E-Mail, Appointment, Lunch, and Dinner are the choices). A User Defined Field. The Note Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u> <u>Management>Note Types</u>

Add a follow-up Activity?

- Add Create a a follow-up activity that appears on the Activity Calendar. More on Activities
- Require Complete When checked, the follow-up activity shows up on the Activity calendar until it is marked complete.
- Type Type of Activity. A User Defined Field. The Activity Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u> Management>Activity Types
- Date Date of follow-up Activity.
- Time Time of follow-up Activity.

Duration - Duration of follow-up Activity.

Existing Notes

 Notes associated with the Contacts, Firms, or Projects that have been created. Double-click on them to bring into focus.

4.4.8.15 Custom Fields (UDF) Tab

Overview

User-definable fields (UDFs) can be created for Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects, Project Level2 and Contacts. More on User Defined Fields.

4.4.8.16 Right-Click on Project Top Level

Overview

Right clicking on the Project Name (Top Level of WBS) in the **Project Explorer Window** gives you a number of options. This sections deals with the options that you get when the "Edit Project Structure" box at the bottom left of the **Project Explorer** is **UNCHECKED**.

Options

Below are field descriptions for the pop-up.

Allowable Date Ranges

- Description Allowable Date Ranges are used to limit time and expense entry date ranges to a project.
 Date ranges are allowed to have no Start Date or End Date to leave them open-ended. Date ranges can also be controlled from project planning.
- Timesheet Entry The Employee will not be able to enter a Time Sheet against this project if the time sheet falls outside of the date range.
- Expenses The Employee will not be able to enter an Expense Sheet against this project if the time sheet falls outside of the date range.

Charge Levels

- Description Charge levels control to what level ICC (In Contract Consultants), OCC (Out of Contract Consultants), and ODC (Other Direct Charges) can be applied. No level needs to be established for time charges since they always occur at the bottom node. Options are taken from the Project Level Labels.
 More on Project Level Labels
- ICC Charge Level Level in which ICC (In Contract Consultants) charges can be applied.

- OCC Charge Level Level in which OCC (Out of Contract Consultants) charges can be applied.
- ODC Charge Level Level in which ODC (Other Direct Charges) charges can be applied.

Contract Levels / Caps

- Description This is where you establish Contract Caps (Labor, ODC and OCC), Fixed Fees, Lump Sums, and ICC portions.
- Project Management Type Drop-down The option are Labor, ODC and OCC. This navigates you through the different PM Types to establish contract amounts.
- WBS Level This establishes the level of the WBS (Work Breakdown Structure) that you want your contracts amounts to reside.
 - **Note** Labor PM Type Contract amounts **MUST** reside at the same level of the WBS. If you change levels and click Save, all data on the previous level will be deleted.
- Construction Fee Total amount of the Construction Project
- Fee % Percent of the Construction Project that the Total Fees of this project represent.
- Total Fee Total Fees of this project represent
- Set Contract Amounts Equal to Budgets By clicking this button you are given the option to update the
 Caps or Fees to match the Budgets set in Project Planning. More on Project Planning Budgets

PM Type Labor (Grid)

- Path Project Path
- Name Project Name
- CAP Labor Cap to be applied. Depending on the setup of the invoice design, the Labor Cap can prevent the project from billing Labor over this amount (aka Hard Cap).
- Fixed Fee Fixed Fee amount. This amount is used in both Percent Complete and Lump Sum Billing. In both cases, the total contract amount for the node should be put here.
- % Complete This is the Percent Complete of the node. This can also be set from Project Accountant Bill Review.
- Lump Sum This is the Lump sum portion of the Fixed Fee that is to be billed until it reached the Fixed Fee amount. It is also accessible in the PA/PM Bill Review screens. In order to use this feature, you must use an invoice design whose labor section has been designated to use this field. Two new invoice formats that support lump sum billing have been added. Lump Sum Level 1 works at the project level while Lump Sum Level 2 works at the phase level (2nd level).
- ICC FF Portion Dollar amount of fixed fee that should be attributed to ICC for the entire WBS node.
- ICC Current FF Dollar amount of fixed fee that should be applied to ICC on next invoice.
- % of Fee Looks at the "Total Fee" located in the "Percent of Construction" box and uses the % to come up with the Fixed Fee amount for that node.

Fixed Fee Notes - General Notes about the node can be stored here. These are accessible in PA & PM
 Bill Review.

PM Type Non-Labor (Grid)

- Path Project Path
- Name Project Name
- CAP ODC or OCC Cap to be applied. Depending on the setup of the invoice design, the Cap can prevent the project from billing non-labor transactions over this amount (aka Hard Cap).

Default Bill Status

Description - This allows you to set the default bill status for transactions that go against this project.
 These features do not limit the statuses; they simply specify the default value on a new transaction.

Expense Markups/Codes

Description - Expense Multipliers and Expense overrides on a per-project basis are established here.
 Project Override Expense for ODC (Other Direct Charges) and CNS (Consultant Expense), can be set at any level of the WBS (Work Breakdown Structure). Setting the Markup at lower levels will override higher levels (e.g. Task overrides Phase, Phase overrides Project).

Invoice Description

Description - Users can enter general invoice description comments here.

Invoice Filters

Description - This feature allows for using mixed style billings on a single project without the need to
create a roll-up project or an invoice group. A filter is a user-definable code that can be placed on the
second level nodes (usually called phases) within a project WBS. More on Invoice Filters

Invoice Posting Groups

 Description - This gives you an option to assign Invoice Posting Groups that override the default posing groups set in Automated Invoicing. <u>More on Invoice Posting Groups</u>

Rate Schedules

 Description - Rate Schedules drive the rates for labor entered against the project. Rates Schedules can be established here for Bill Rate, Job Cost Rates and/or Pay Rates. Rate schedules can be applied to any or all nodes of the WBS. Children nodes override parents nodes. More on Rate Schedules

Revenue Recognition/Profit Centers

 Description - Revenue Recognition is used to meet the GAAP principles of recognizing revenue in the same accounting period in which the expense was incurred. <u>More on Revenue Recognition / Profit</u> Centers

Time Sheet Comment Templates

Description - Comment Templates allow for the entry of specific data in the Comment box. Comment
 Templates for time sheets can be added to all levels of the WBS. More on Comment Templates

Labor Code Groups

Description - Labor Codes are used to designate the "work" that an employee is doing. Labor Code
groups can be added to all levels of the WBS. More on Labor Codes

4.4.8.17 Right-Click on Project Sublevel

Overview

Right clicking on a sublevel Project Name (Lower Level of WBS) in the **Project Explorer Window** gives you a number of options. This sections deals with the options that you get when the "Edit Project Structure" box at the bottom left of the **Project Explorer** is **UNCHECKED**.

Options

Below are field descriptions for the pop-up.

Allowable Date Ranges

- Description Allowable Date Ranges are used to limit time and expense entry date ranges to a project.
 Date ranges are allowed to have no Start Date or End Date to leave them open-ended. Date ranges can also be controlled from project planning.
- Timesheet Entry The Employee will not be able to enter a Time Sheet against this project if the time sheet falls outside of the date range.
- Expenses The Employee will not be able to enter an Expense Sheet against this project if the time sheet falls outside of the date range.

Default Bill Status

Description - This allows you to set the default bill status for transactions that go against this project.
 These features do not limit the statuses; they simply specify the default value on a new transaction.

Invoice Description

Description - Users can enter general invoice description comments here.

Sublevel UDFs

 Description - User-definable fields (UDFs) that are associated with the lower nodes of a project can be created here. In addition, the data entry for those fields happens here as well. <u>More on User Defined Fields</u>.

Time Sheet Comment Templates

Description - Comment Templates allow for the entry of specific data in the Comment box. Comment
 Templates for time sheets can be added to all levels of the WBS. More on Comment Templates

Labor Code Groups

Description - Labor Codes are used to designate the "work" that an employee is doing. Labor Code
groups can be added to all levels of the WBS. More on Labor Codes

4.4.8.18 Right-Click on Project (In Edit Project Structure Mode)

Overview

Right clicking on the Project Name in the **Project Explorer Window** gives you a number of options. This sections deals with the options that you get when the "Edit Project Structure" box at the bottom left of the **Project Explorer IS CHECKED**.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the pop-up.

- Add Here you may Add a section of the project structure. Note This will add a child to the level of the WBS that you have selected. For example, if you click on the project name, this will create a phase.
- Copy Here you may Copy a section of the project structure.
- Cut Here you may *Cut* a section of the project structure.
- Paste Once you have cut or copied a part of the project, you can paste it to another section of the

project. **Note -** This will past as a child to the level of the WBS that you have selected. For example, if you click on the project name, this will create a phase.

- · Cancel This will cancel the current action.
- Delete This will delete the section of the project that has been selected.
- Rename This will allow the user to rename the section of the project that has been selected.
- Apply WBS Template This allows you to apply a WBS template to the current project. <u>More on WBS</u>
 Templates
- Attach Existing Roll-up Only when you right-click on top level. This allows you to apply an existing roll-up to the current project. <u>More on Rollup Nodes</u>
- Create Roll-up Node Only when you right-click on top level. This allows you to create a new roll-up to attach to the current project.
- Detach Roll-up Node Only when you right-click on top level. This allows you to remove the roll-up that is attached to the current project.

4.4.8.19 Project Members Wizard

Overview

The Project Team Members wizard helps you build your team for a selected group of projects.

Options

Below are field options for the Project Team Members Wizard pop-up.

Employees Tab

- Description Allows you to select the employees that you would like to be on the team for the selected projects.
- Check All Checks the Apply box for all employees in the grid.
- Apply When checked, the member will be added to the team.
- Code Employee Code.
- Name Employee Name.
- Status Employee Status
- Action Action to be taken when the wizard is run. Options are Add/Modify and Remove
- Default Job Title What the Default Job Title will be for the employee after the wizard is run. More on Job Titles
- Project Role What the Project Role will be for the employee after the wizard is run. More on Project Roles

Filters Tab

- Description Allows you to filter the list of projects that you are creating teams for.
- Apply members to all projects Selecting this option applies the Employees selected from the Employees Tab to all Opportunity and Billable Projects
- Apply members to projects by filter Selecting this option applies the Employees selected from the Employees Tab to
 the list of projects created from the filters. Here is a list of the filters given:
 - Client Allows you to filter by a specific Client. More on Clients
 - Status Allows you to filter by Project Status. Options are Active and Inactive.
 - Charge Type Allows you to filter by Project Charge Type. Options are Billable and Opportunity.
 - Rate Schedule Allows you to filter by a specific Rate Schedule a Client. More on Rate Schedules
 - o Project Manager Allows you to filter by a specific Project Manager.
 - Report Type Allows you to filter by a specific Report Type assigned to the project (<u>Project Administration>Projects>General Tab</u>).
 - Contract Type Allows you to filter by a specific Contract Type assigned to the project (<u>Project Administration>Projects>General Tab</u>).

4.4.8.20 Project Level Labels

Overview

Project level labels are used to assign a familiar name to each level of the WBS.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Project Level Labels pop-up.

- Level Project Level. One is the first level.
- Singular Name Singular form of level name.
- Plural Name Plural form of level name.

4.4.8.21 Revenue Recognition / Profit Centers

Overview

This section gives a description of the Revenue Recognition / Profit Centers option when you right click on the project. More on Revenue Recognition Profit Centers

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Revenue Recognition pop-up that you get when you right-click on the project. More on Right-Clicking on the Project

Header

• Exclude from Revenue Recognition and Profit Sharing check-box - When checked, the project will be ignored in Profit Sharing adjustments.

Sharing Org. Units Tab

Project Management Type

 Project Management Type drop-down - Profit Center Sharing Levels are established for the four PM types (Labor, ODC, OCC, and ICC).

WBS Level

WBS Level drop-down (selected with a PM Type) - These levels not only dictate the part of the WBS to
which org members can charge, but also represent where organizations can establish intra-profit center
caps and rules for revenue recognition.

Projects Grid

- Path Path of current project at the level of the selected WBS.
- Name Name of current project at the level of the selected WBS.
- Overall Cap Overall caps can be entered here. When the overall cap is non-zero, over-runs/under-runs
 are absorbed by the primary Sharing Profit Center.

Org Units Grid

- Share When checked, this organization can share in the project.
- Path Path of Organizational Unit.
- Name Name of Organizational Unit.
- Is Primary When checked, this is the primary org unit for this WBS node. Only one org unit can be the
 primary. The primary absorbs any overruns/under-runs for the level when a cap is present in the projects
 grid.
- Cross Charge When checked, this org unit receives cross-charging for any org units not listed as a share. Only one org unit can be specified for cross-charging. Setting a cross-charge org unit opens up this WBS node and its children to all org units.
- Cap Cap (if any) to be used in revenue calculations for this org unit.
- PC Percent complete (if any) to be used for revenue calculations for an org unit.
- Revenue Method Revenue recognition methods. There are various calculations based on time and

material, caps, and percentage completions using various valuation rates. Below is a list of the Methods that can be selected.

Owning Org. Units Tab

Description: The Owning Org. Unit tab in Revenue Recognition is an optional feature. It can run a Revenue Recognition method and the Owner would get/lose revenue based on what the owner method specifies less all revenues earned by the sharing org units. So basically the idea is you could have a Fixed Fee job where the overall earned is based on percent complete, meanwhile the sharing Orgs earn at a T & M basis.

Project Management Type

 Project Management Type drop-down - Profit Center Sharing Levels are established for the four PM types (Labor, ODC, OCC, and ICC).

WBS Level

WBS Level drop-down (selected with a PM Type) - These levels not only dictate the part of the WBS to
which org members can charge, but also represent where organizations can establish intra-profit center
caps and rules for revenue recognition.

Revenue Methods

Labor Methods

- Pay rate with no cap Transactions are analyzed at pay rate. There is no maximum
- Job cost rate with no cap Transactions are analyzed at job cost rate. There is no maximum
- Bill rate with no cap Transactions are analyzed at bill rate. There is no maximum
- Pay rate with cap Transactions are analyzed at pay rate. They are capped if applicable.
- Job cost rate with cap Transactions are analyzed at job cost rate. They are capped if applicable.
- Bill rate with cap Transactions are analyzed at bill rate. They are capped if applicable.
- Percent complete Transactions are analyzed at a user enter percent complete versus cap.
- Cap amount Revenue is set equal to cap amount.

Expense Methods

- Cost amount with no cap Transactions are analyzed at cost. There is no maximum
- Bill amount with no cap Transactions are analyzed at marked up or billable value. There is no maximum
- Cost amount with cap Transactions are analyzed at cost. They are capped if applicable.
- Bill amount with cap Transactions are analyzed at marked up or billable value. They are capped if

applicable.

- Percent complete Transactions are analyzed at a user enter percent complete versus cap.
- Cap amount Revenue is set equal to cap amount.

4.4.8.22 Roll-up Node

Overview

This section discusses the concept of a Roll-up Node. More on Project Nodes

Key Concepts

- Roll-up Nodes exists only at level 1.
- Roll-up nodes allow multiple Bill Terms Nodes (Projects) to be connected together for the purpose of summarization in Project Management reports.
- Roll-up Nodes can contain no other attributes other than a code and a name
- Roll-up Nodes allows multiple projects to be subtotaled together in project management reports A
 separate WBS delimiter can be used from the rest of the WBS delimiter. For instance, 9801.01-A-001 is
 a four-level structure where the roll-up is 9801; the project is 01; the first level beneath project is A; the
 bottom level is 001. This is set at Global Settings>project Admin Tab>Delimeters Section.
- When roll-up nodes are inserted above an existing WBS, the WBS path now begins with the roll-up node
 and is separated by a delimiting character from the rest of the WBS path.

4.4.9 Rate Schedules

Overview

Rate schedules can be used to control Pay Rate, Job Cost and Bill Rates on individual projects. If Rate Schedules are not used the rates are pulled from the Pay Histories Tab (Pay Rate) and the Accounting / Rates Tab (Bill and Job Cost Rates) in the Employee file. More on Employees. Once rate schedules are set up, they can then be applied to Projects (Where to apply Project).

Key Concepts

- InFocus supports those firms that revise their rate schedules annually with date revisions of rate schedules. Time sheet work dates are compared to the Schedule Period ranges of the Rate Schedules when locking in on a rate.
- When time sheets are entered or edited in the system, they automatically pick up rates and store them in

the time sheet module, where they are available for reporting.

- If the Rate schedule is changed after time sheet have been submitted, the time sheets DO NOT
 recognize the new rate. The Recalculate Rates utility is used to retroactively apply rates to time entries.
 More on Recalculate Rates
- Rate schedules are date-sensitive to all period changes to schedules.
- If there is not a match when InFocus looks at the Rate Schedule, the rates are pulled from the Employee File. More on Employees

Field Descriptions

Name

- Name Name of the Rate Schedule. Must be unique.
- Schedule Type Type of Rate the Schedule controls.
 - o Bill Rate Schedule When selected, the current Rate Schedule is a Bill Rate Schedule.
 - o Job Cost Schedule When selected, the current Rate Schedule is a Job Cost Schedule.
 - Pay Rate Schedule When selected, the current Rate Schedule is a Pay Rate Schedule, however,
 Pay Rates cannot be multiplier based.
- Description Rate Schedule description

Schedule Period

- Schedule Period Date range where the selected Rate Schedule is active. By clicking the look-up, you
 can see all of the periods associated with the Rate Schedule.
- Add Period When you click on this, the user can create a new period to the current Rate Schedule.
- Delete Period When you click this button, the user can delete the current period from the current Rate
 Schedule.

Rate Schedules Grid

- Description The Rate Schedule Grid shows you all of the line items that make up the Rate Schedule. To
 add a line item click "Add Rate". To Edit a line, double-click on the line that you wish to edit.
- Job Code Job Title Code. This line looks for the specific Job Title. if left blank (* represents blank), any
 employee is a match. More on Job Titles
- Job Title Job Title Name
- Emp Code Employee Code. This line looks for the specific Employee. if left blank (* represents blank),
 any employee is a match.
- Emp Name Employee Name.
- Currency Name Enabled with Multi-Currency Setup. Represents the transactional currency in which the
 rate is utilized. For example, if entering a Time Sheet (U.S. Dollars) only Rates of similar currency would
 be used in bill, cost or pay rate evaluation. For complete instructions on setting up a Multi-Currency
 environment, go here: More on Multi-Currency
- DPE X The DPE (Direct Personnel Expense) Multiplier is applied to this row of the Rate Schedule. The Pay Rate from the Employee File (Unless the Pay Rate is overridden on the Rate Editor) is multiplied by

- the DPE multiplier to get a rate when a number is placed here. More on the Rate Editor
- OH X The OH (Overhead) Multiplier is applied to this row of the Rate Schedule. The Pay Rate from the
 Employee File (Unless the Pay Rate is overridden on the Rate Editor) is multiplied by the DPE multiplier
 then by the OH multiplier to get a rate when a number is placed here. More on the Rate Editor
- Profit X The Profit Multiplier is applied to this row of the Rate Schedule. The Pay Rate from the
 Employee File (Unless the Pay Rate is overridden on the Rate Editor) is multiplied by the DPE multiplier
 then by the OH multiplier, then by the Profit multiplier to get a rate when a number is placed here. More
 on the Rate Editor
- Flat Reg. Rate Displays the overriding Regular Rate when "Use Flat Rates" is checked in the Rate Editor. More on the Rate Editor
- Flat Prem. Rate Displays the overriding Premium Rate when "Use Flat Rates" is checked in the Rate
 Editor. More on the Rate Editor
- Add Rate When you click on this, you will get the Rate Editor pop-up that will allow you to add a new line to the Rate Schedule. More on the Rate Editor

4.4.9.1 Rate Editor

Overview

The Rate Editor allows you to Edit and Add line items to a Rate Schedule.

Key Concepts

- By leaving Employee blank means that any employee will be a match on the row.
- By leaving Job Title blank means that any Job Title will be a match on the row.
- By leaving both Employee and Job Title blank means that all time entries will match if there are no other
 matches. Typically, a final row will be added with both blank that will catch all of the non-matching time
 sheet entries. If this row is not added, then the Employee file is used to get this number.

Field Descriptions

Employee / Job Title

- Employee Employee to match; left blank, any employee is a match.
- Job Title Job Title to be matched; left blank, any job title is a match.

Use Flat Rates

- Use Flats Rates When checked, the rates in this section will be used as a Flat Rate ignoring the multipliers. When unchecked, multipliers will be used.
- Regular Overriding Flat Rate for regular time.

Premium - Overriding Flat Rate for premium time (Overtime).

Multipliers

- DPE Multiplier that represents the Direct Personnel Expense when calculating the rate.
- OH Multiplier that represents the Overhead when calculating the rate.
- Profit Multiplier that represents the Profit when calculating the rate.
- Apply Multipliers on Premium Portion When checked, the premium portion of overtime is marked up.
 - For Example, An Employee gets paid \$10/hr straight time and \$15/hr OT. The billing multiplier is 3.0.
 When apply MU on Premium is true formula on overtime item is \$15*3=\$45. When apply MU on
 Premium is false formula on overtime item is (\$10*3)+\$5=\$35

Base Rates (Regular and Premium)

- Override Regular Rate When checked, the entered in the "Pay Rate" field will be used as the Pay Rate.
 Otherwise the employee regular Pay Rate is used from the Employee File.
- Pay Rate Pay Rate to be used when "Override Regular Rate" is checked.
- Override Premium Multipliers When selected, the OT Multipliers selected below the button are used.
- Override Premium Rates When selected, the Employee Premium (Overtime) rates selected below the button are used.
- OT1, OT2, OT3 and OT4 Overtime typed that are enabled in <u>Global Settings at</u>
 Administration>Global Settings>Labels Tab

4.4.10 Recalculate Markups

Overview

The Recalculate Markups utility allows the user to recalculate the markups on non-labor project cost transactions. The ability to recalculate markups is used when the markup is set on a project or expense code after transactions have already been entered. To recalculate markups, the user must have permission (via the *Permissions* applet in the *Administration* module).

Key Concepts

• Project Override Expense for ODC (Other Direct Charges) and CNS (Consultant Expense), can be set at any level of the WBS (Work Breakdown Structure).

- Setting the Markup at lower levels will override higher levels (e.g., task overrides phase, phase overrides project).
- Access the Markup Overrides by right-clicking on the Project Name in the Project Explorer (in the Projects
 Applet). Accordingly, the Markup fields on the Exp/GL tab have been removed. More on Project Setup

Note: In order to access the Recalculate Markups Applet, you will need to have permission via the Permissions applet, located in the Administration Module.

Field Descriptions

Limit Transactions By (Dates)

- Do Not Limit Does not limit the recalculation by a date range
- Transaction Date Range Allows for the user to select a transaction date range to filter the transactions to be recalculated.
- Period Range Allows for the user to select a period range to filter the transactions to be recalculated.

Limit Transactions By (Expense Codes)

- Do Not Limit Does not limit the recalculation by a date range
- Expense Codes Allows for the user to select an Expense Code to filter the transactions to be recalculated.
- Expense Group Allows for the user to select an Expense Group to filter the transactions to be recalculated.

Statuses To Include

- Ready When checked, time line items with a bill status of Ready to Bill will be included.
- Hold When checked, time line items with a bill status of Hold will be included.
- Never Billed When checked, time line items with a bill status of Never Bill will be included.
- Billed When checked, time line items with a bill status of Billed will be included.
- Write Off When checked, time line items with a bill status of Write Off will be included.

Include PM Types

- ODC When checked, the recalculation includes expenses that are Other Direct Charges.
- OCC When checked, the recalculation includes expenses that are Out of Contract Consultants.
- ICC When checked, the recalculation includes expenses that are In Contract Consultants.

Only This Project (leave blank for all)

Lookup - Here you can select a specific project for which to recalculate markup or leave blank for all projects.

4.4.11 WBS Templates

Overview

WBS Templates allow you to create a project structure that is used often and apply it to multiple projects.

WBS Codes must be unique with respect to Parent node within a template. Since the top level has no parent nodes, all top nodes must be unique among themselves within the template.

Note - Work Breakdown Structure Templates are tree fragments. They can represent either multiple levels of nodes linked together or only one unlinked level. WBS templates are used for fast WBS setups.

Field Descriptions

Template Window

Template - This column contains the name of the WBS Templates. To create a WBS Template, click
 "New". Once saved, the name will appear in this column.

Template Grid

- Template Name of the WBS Template.
- Toggle Expands and collapses the WBS tree in the grid.
- Code Name of the WBS node. Top level nodes must be unique among themselves within the template.
- Name Name of the WBS node.

4.5 Project Management

4.5.1 PM Bill Review

Overview

The PM Bill Review (project manager bill review) applet is used by project managers to communicate billing and charging instructions to the project accountant.

Key Concepts

Only project managers have access to this applet. When the screen is first launched, all active projects
assigned to the logged-in project manager will load with their respective un-billed transactions through an
As of Date.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- View Additional View options
 - Columns Additional columns that can be displayed on the Transactions Tab. PM
 - Job Code Job Title Code. More on Job Titles
 - Job Name Job Title Name.
- Reports
 - View Invoice Takes the user to Automated Invoicing where they can view the invoice. More on Automated Invoicing
 - Bill Review Report When selected, the system Bill Review Report is rendered. This report is managed at Global Settings>A/R Tab.
 - o Pre-Bill Report When selected, the system Pre-Bill Review Report is rendered.
- View Invoice Renders the invoice to be reviewed.
- Bill Review Report When selected, the system Bill Review Report is rendered. This report is managed at Global Settings>A/R Tab.
- Pre-Bill Report When selected, the system Pre-Bill Review Report is rendered.
- Set Bill Status Changes the Bill Status of the Transactions. To use, you must first select the transactions that you would like to change the status of. Then click the button and select the status.
- Move Project Tx Moves Transactions from the current project to a new destination project.. To use, you must first
 select the transactions that you would like to move. Then click the button and select the destination. More on Move
 Project Transactions

Overview

Note: The As of Date defaults to the End Date of the current invoicing period but can be changed in *Global Settings*.

An instructional video is available in the Blog section of the Clearview web site at www.clearviewsoftware.net

The purpose of PM Bill Review is for project managers to (1) review each of their projects and (2) make

comments and instructions for the project accountant. Once all transactions have been reviewed and appropriate entries made, the project manager should mark the project as *Reviewed*. When a project is marked *Reviewed*, the project manager can no longer make changes, unless the project accountant (in the PA Bill Review applet) unflags the project as *Manager Reviewed*. When the project is marked *Reviewed*, it will automatically flag all associated transactions as reviewed. Therefore, when time and expense transfers from other projects are assigned to a reviewed project, they will appear as *Unreviewed*. This eliminates transactions from bypassing a review process.

Comments can be made both at the project level and the transaction level.

Note: Filters are available in the top panel of the applet to limit the displayed projects by manager and/or accountant.

- A user can filter transactions by an As of Date
- A user can limit the display of projects to those that have been reviewed by a manager.
- Limit To PM Leader When checked (and the Project Leader drop-down is filled out), only projects, where the stated Project Leader is a project manager, will be returned.
- A Has WIP check box will filter out projects with no WIP value.
- A Has Fixed Fee check box will filter out projects with no Fixed Fee value.
- A Quick Filter has been added. This will filter projects whose path begins with the entered characters.

A project can be marked as Do Not Bill.

4.5.1.1 Header Section

Overview

The Header section shows important Project and Billing information.

Field Descriptions

Header

- Current Invoicing period set in Accounting Periods. More on Accounting Periods
- Project Name Name of the Project. You are able to click on this to "link over" to the projects applet.

Note - If you hover over the (?) icon next to the name, you will see important project information.

• Project Code - Code of the Project.

Note - If you click on the (!) icon next to the code, you will get a Project Note Pop-up. This will save on the General Note tab on the project located at General Note Tab.">Projects>General Note Tab.

- Client Client Name located in the top-right of the header.
- Last Invoice Date Date of the last invoice (Sales Journal) against the selected project.
- Do Not Bill Informational Only. Used to flag the project as Do Not Bill.
- PM Reviewed Marked by the PM. Used to inform the Project Accountant that the project has been reviewed.

Status Box

- Ready Displays the total amount of transactions As of the given date that have a status of Ready to Bill.
- Hold Displays the total amount of transactions As of the given date that have a status of Hold.
- Retainer Balance Remaining balance of the retainer. <u>More on Retainers</u>
- Current Retainer The current retainer that will be applied in the next billing cycle. This can be added here.
- Never Bill Displays the total amount of transactions As of the given date that have a status of Never Bill.
 Enabled at Global Settings>A/R Tab>PA/PM Bill Review Settings
- Write-off Displays the total amount of transactions As of the given date that have a status of Write-off.
 Enabled at Global Settings>A/R Tab>PA/PM Bill Review Settings
- ICC WIP Displays the total amount of transactions As of the given date that are considered ICC WIP.
 Enabled at Global Settings>A/R Tab>PA/PM Bill Review Settings
- Rate Schedule Displays the Rate Schedule associated with the project. More on Rate Schedules
- Invoice Comments These are comments that will show up on the invoice header of the system invoice designs. This can also be modified on the project at Projects>Billing Tab>Invoice Comments
- Instructions to Biller These are internal notes intended for the Project Accountant. As the invoicing
 period is changed, the comments are saved, however, they are blank for the new period.

4.5.1.2 Filter Window

Overview

The filter window is available to assist in narrowing down your search.

Field Descriptions

Filter Window (Grid)

- Path Project Path
- Name Project Name

Filter Window (Bottom)

- Quick Filter (Text Box) A Quick Filter is at the top of the panel. This will filter projects whose path begins
 with the entered characters.
- As of Date Used as a cut-off date to limit the transactions that you are reviewing.
- Project Leader Depending on the selection in the Limit To drop-down, projects that have the selected leader as the Leader type will be returned. The Project Manager will be auto-filled into this look-up upon entry.
- Limit To When checked (and the Project Leader drop-down is filled out), only projects, where the stated
 Project Leader is a project manager, will be returned.
- Has Fixed Fee When checked, only projects that have Fixed Fee values will be returned.
- Has WIP When checked, only projects that have WIP values will be returned.
- Load When selected, all projects that match the filter criteria will fill into the Filter Window.

Additional Field Descriptions (Column Chooser)

Filter Window Grid

- Client Client associated with the Project.
- WIP Total WIP
- PA Reviewed Check-box that displays the PA Reviewed status.
- PM Reviewed Check-box that displays the PM Reviewed status.
- Do Not Bill Check-box that displays the Do Not Bill status.
- Retainer Retainer Amount
- Last Invoice Date Date of the last invoice (Sales Journal) against the selected project.

4.5.1.3 Transaction Tab

Overview

The *Transactions* tab is used by project managers to review time and expense on a project-by-project basis prior to approving for invoicing.

Key Concepts

- When a project has Labor and Expenses associated with it, a Project Manager can review it here. Once
 all transactions have been reviewed and appropriate entries made, the project manager should mark the
 project as Reviewed.
- To see Transactions for a specific project, click on the project in the Filter Window.
- When selected, the Transactions Tab displays the transactions entered against the project.
- Comments can be made both at the project level and the transaction level.
- Columns in the detail grid can be dragged to change order.

Field Descriptions

Arrange By

 Arrange By - The drop-down allows you to select different ways in which you would like to see the Transaction detail grouped. The options are Journal, Project Path, Bill Status, Transaction Date and None.

Transactions Grid

- Journal Journal of the transaction.
- Name Name of the Project Manager assigned to the project.
- S Bill Status. This shows the Bill Status of the transaction.
- Labor/Exp. Code Displays the Labor Code for Labor and Expense Code for Expenses. More on Labor
 Codes More on Expense Codes
- Project Path Project Path of the transaction.
- Transaction Date Date of the Transaction.
- Bill Rate/MU Displays the Bill Rate for Labor and the Marked Up rate for Expenses.
- Units/Hrs Displays the Hours for Labor and Units for Expenses.
- Amount Amount of the Transaction
- Time/Expense Comments Displays the PM Comments entered on the transaction.
- Instructions To Biller These are internal notes intended for the Project Accountant. As the invoicing
 period is changed, the comments are saved, however, they are blank for the new period.

- ICC Amount ICC Effort Amount. Enabled at Global Settings>A/R Tab>PA/PM Bill Review Settings
- Never Bill Never Bill Amount. <u>Enabled at Global Settings>A/R Tab>PA/PM Bill Review Settings</u>
- Writeoff Writeoff Amount. Enabled at Global Settings>A/R Tab>PA/PM Bill Review Settings

Additional Field Descriptions (Column Chooser)

Transactions Grid

- Project Name Name of the Project
- Project Long Name Name of the project including the concatenation of the lower nodes of the project.
- Job Code Job Title Code More on Job Titles
- Job Name Job Title Name
- Labor/Exp. Name Displays the Labor Name for Labor and Expense Name for Expenses
- OT Overtime

4.5.1.4 Fixed Fee Tab

Overview

The *Fixed Fee* tab is used by project accounts to perform fixed fee modifications on a project-by-project basis prior to invoicing. When a project has a contract level established, the fixed fee tab will contain all the nodes of the WBS at the contract level, as well as their respective contract amounts and prior percents complete. The project manager can enter the new percent here.

Key Concepts

- To see Fixed Fee items for a specific project, click on the project in the Filter Window.
- Columns in the detail grid can be dragged to change order.

Field Descriptions

PC Formula

- Percent Complete Formula The drop-down contains predefined formulas managed in <u>Global Settings>A/</u>
 R Tab>Percent Complete Calculation Default Formula
- Calculate All When selected, the Calculate All button will calculate the percent complete for all contract WBS nodes. The Calculate All button will calculate percent complete for the WBS node on the given line.

Allow Percent Complete Below Previous Value - When Unchecked, the check box will prevent the
calculated percent complete from going below the previously recorded percent complete.

Fixed Fees Grid

- Project Path Project Path
- Project Name Project Name
- Contract Amount This is the amount entered in the Contract Levels / Caps within the project being viewed.
- Effort This is total effort to date.
- Billed This is Fixed Fee + ICC Billed Revenue.
- BTD% Billed to Date Percentage
- Current Amt. This is the calculated revenue to bill based on contract X percent complete less previously billed.
- Prior % Complete The previous percent complete amount. Note When the Current % Complete amount has been saved, it becomes the Previous % Complete number.
- Current % Complete The current percent complete amount that is being billed.
- Current ICC to Apply The current ICC amount to be applied to this billing transaction.
- ICC Contract Amount ICC Contract amount entered in the *Contract Levels / Caps* within the project being viewed
- Lump Sum Current Lump Sum amount to be billed.
- Calc PC Runs the PC Formula on the individual line item.
- Fixed Fee Notes Internal notes associated with the Fixed Fee.
- Invoice Description Invoice Description notes associated with the contract level of the project.

Additional Field Descriptions (Column Chooser)

Fixed fees Grid

- Project Long Name Name of the project including the concatenation of the lower nodes of the project.
- Labor Budget Labor Budget amount entered through Project Planning. <u>More on Project Planning</u>
 Budgets
- ODC Budget Other Direct Charges Budget amount entered through Project Planning.
- ICC Budget In Contract Consultants Budget amount entered through Project Planning.
- OCC Budget Out of Contract Consultants Budget amount entered through Project Planning.
- Total Budget All Budget amounts entered through Project Planning.
- Labor Effort Labor Effort against the contract level.
- ODC Effort Other Direct Charges Effort against the contract level.

- ICC Effort In Contract Consultants Effort against the contract level.
- OCC Effort Out of Contract Consultants Effort against the contract level.
- Labor Contract Labor Contact Cap.
- ODC Contract Other Direct Charges Contact Cap.
- OCC Contract Out of Contract Consultants Contact Cap.
- Fixed Fee Billed Fixed Fee Billed Revenue.
- Labor Billed Labor Billed Revenue.
- ODC Billed Other Direct Charges Billed Revenue.
- ICC Billed In Contract Consultants Billed Revenue.
- OCC Billed Out of Contract Consultants Billed Revenue.
- Labor WIP Labor Work in Progress.
- ODC WIP Other Direct Charges Work in Progress.
- ICC WIP In Contract Consultants Work in Progress.
- OCC WIP Out of Contract Consultants Work in Progress.
- Total WIP Total Work in Progress.

4.5.2 Process Templates

Overview

Process Templates are used in conjunction with Work Orders. Process Templates allow you to create a process that a Work Order can progress through to eventual completion. A Process can have unlimited stages as well as specified roles, Tags, Custom Fields and Permissions.

Toolbar Options

- New Creates a New Process
- Save Saves the progress of the current Process Template. **Note -** Any changes pass through to processes that are currently in use.
- Copy Copies the currently selected Process Template.
- Delete Deletes the currently selected Process Template.
- Refresh Refreshes the current screen.

Workspace Options

- Name Name of the Process Template
- Active Status of the selected Process Template
- Template Name Name of the Process Template
- Collection Singular Name Singular Name that you want the Template to be referred to in the Work Orders screen. For example, the process template name may be Development Process, however, I

- would like for it to be referred to as a "Sprint" in the Work Orders applet.
- Collection Plural Name Plural version of the above name.
- Work Order Item Singular Name Singular Name that you want the specific items to be referred to in the Work Orders screen. For example, the you may want a Work Order to be referred to as a "Work Package" in the Work Orders applet.
- Work Order Plural Name Plural version of the above name.

4.5.2.1 Stages Tab

Overview

The Stages Tab is where you develop the stages of a process. Stages are custom processes that are valuable to your company. They can range from a basic KanBan (ToDo-Doing-Done) to a complex SCRUM. You are able to create unlimited stages with added features that make it easy to build a process that suits your needs.

Name

- Name Name of the Stage. This will be displayed in the Work Order Grid and will be turned into a "Swim Lane" on the Work Orders Card View. Note: The Order counts, so use the Up and Down arrows on the left to reorder the stages as necessary.
- Default Owner Type The default owner of the Work Order when a Work Order Enters this stage. Options
 are Creator, Currently Assigned, Team Member, Role, Prompt and Query.

Rules

- Can Skip When selected, the Stage can be skipped over in the designated process. If unselected, the stage must be entered from the previous stage.
- Enter Reverse When selected, the Stage can be entered into from a stage in front of it. If unselected, the can only be entered from previous stages.

Colors

- Back Color Back Color that the Stage will be highlighted as in the Grid View in Work Orders.
- Fore Color Fore Color that the Stage will be highlighted as in the Grid View in Work Orders.

Auto-Complete

Auto-Complete - Work Orders have a Status of Complete vs. Incomplete. The Grid and Card views can
filter out by the status. The Completion status typically signifies whether the work was actually completed
or not. When selected, the Work Order is switched to a status of Complete. When On Enter is selected,
the Work Order switches to this status when it enters this specific stage. When On Exit is selected, the
Work Order switches to this status when it exits this stage.

Auto-Incomplete

Auto-Incomplete - When selected, the Work Order is switched to a status of Incomplete. When On Enter
is selected, the Work Order switches to this status when it enters this specific stage. When On Exit is
selected, the Work Order switches to this status when it exits this stage.

Auto-Open

Auto-Open - Work Orders have a Status of Open vs. Closed. The Grid and Card views can filter out by
the status. The Open/Closed status typically signifies whether the work order is active or not. When
selected, the Work Order is switched to a status of Open. When On Enter is selected, the Work Order
switches to this status when it enters this specific stage. When On Exit is selected, the Work Order
switches to this status when it exits this stage.

Auto-Close

Auto-Close - When selected, the Work Order is switched to a status of Open. When On Enter is
selected, the Work Order switches to this status when it enters this specific stage. When On Exit is
selected, the Work Order switches to this status when it exits this stage.

Exit Events

 Exit Events - Exit events are custom Queries or Messages that can be designed to fire off an event when then Work Order Exits the specific Stage.

Enter Events

 Enter Events - Enter events are custom Queries or Messages that can be designed to fire off an event when then Work Order Enters the specific Stage.

4.5.2.2 Roles Tab

Overview

The Roles Tab is where determine the roles of individuals that will be a part of your process. Think of it like "mini permissions". You want certain users to be able to create Work Orders and you want others to be only able to move work Orders through a process. This allows you to create users with those specific abilities. Typically, you will create an "Admin" role and a "Standard User" role.

Note: These are actually assigned to specific users when you are creating a Process from the Template in the Work Orders screen.

Role

- Default When selected, the role will be the default role assigned to all users filled in.
- Role Name Name of the Role.

Items

- View All When selected, the users in this group can see all work orders within the Process. When
 unselected, they can only see items where they are assigned or a team member.
- Create When selected, the user can create new Work Orders in the process.
- Delete When selected, the user can delete new Work Orders in the process.
- Close When selected, the change the status of the Work Order to Closed in the process.
- Complete When selected, the change the status of the Work Order to Complete in the process.

View Closed

- Instance When selected, the user can view closed Instances that were created using this process. For example, if you create sprints using a process. The User would be able to view closed sprints that were worked in the past.
- Item When selected, the user can view closed Work Orders associated with the process.

Project

Assign Any - When selected, the user can assign any project to a specific Work Order.

ToDo's

- Manage When selected, the user can create ToDo's on a Work Order.
- Complete When selected, a user can mark ToDo's complete on a Work Order.

Time

Enter Time - When selected, users can enter time against Work Orders in this Process.

Modify

- Key Fields When selected, the User can modify Key fields located on the Info Tab of the Work Order.
- Assignments When selected, the user can modify the assignee of a Work Order in the process.
- Tags When selected, the user can check the Tags associated with a Work Order in the process.
- Docs When selected, the user can add documents to Work Orders in the process. This still honors the Original Permissions set up in Document Types.

Delete

When selected, the row is deleted.

4.5.2.3 Tags Tab

Overview

The Tags Tab allows you to create user definable items called "Tags" that can be used as filter items in the Work Orders applet.

Tag

- Tag Name of the Tag
- Back Color Back Color that the Tag will display as in the Grid/Card Views.
- Fore Color Fore Color that the Tag will display as in the Grid/Card Views.

4.5.2.4 Custom Fields Tab

Overview

The Custom Fields Tab allows you to create custom Data items that you can associate with a Work Order.

Columns

- Field Name Name of the Custom Field
- Caption The Label or "Display Name" of the Field on the Work Order.
- Hide Label When selected, the Caption of the Custom Field is hidden.
- Data Type Data Type of the Custom Field.
- Action ID If an Action is referenced, the ID number of the Action should be listed here.
- Required When selected, the Custom Field is a required field for the user to enter when saving.
- Grouping Groups the Custom Fields by the text that you enter. For Example: Custom Fields
- Role -
- RegEx -
- Min Value The Minimum Value of the field.
- Max Value The Maximum Value of the field.
- Min Date The Minimum Date Value of the field.
- Max Date The Maximum Date Value of the field.
- List You can create a comma delimited list to select from the drop-down. For Example, Option 1, Option
 2, Option 3
- URL Text Text that you want the URL Link to Show. For Example: Clearview Support
- URL Template URL To be launched when clicking on the link. For Example: https://support.clearviewsoftware.net/
- Order The Order that you would like the Custom Fields to appear in on the Work Order.

4.5.2.5 Create Permissions Tab

Overview

The Create Permissions Tab allows you to Assign Users/Groups the ability to Create Process Instances using the selected Process Template.

User/Group

Assign User/Groups the ability to Create Process Instances using the selected Process Template. <u>More on Permissions</u>

4.5.3 Project Central

Overview

Project Central a centralized work space for Project Managers. PMs can view multi-project metrics or work with a single project to view project to date figures, set budgets and contracts, schedule resources and perform bill review. Project Central is organized (left to right) by the Navigator and a primary screen with drill in detail that consists of the following tabs: Overview (default tab), Bill Review, Contract, Budget, Schedule, Team, Contacts, Documents, and Addresses. Please note that when selecting multiple projects, only the Overview tab (with corresponding Charts and Detail) is available. The chapters that follow discuss each area of functionality in this powerful new applet (InFocus 2.0 and greater).

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following option in the toolbar:

Menu Options

- File>New
 - o Plan Launches the Project Plan Settings dialogue used to develop a new plan
 - o Plan from Template Launches template selection to be used to develop a new plan
- Reports
 - Project Figures Launches the Project Figures report for the currently loaded project. Available only when viewing single projects.
- New
 - o Plan Launches the Project Plan Settings dialogue used to develop a new plan
 - o Plan from Template Launches template selection to be used to develop a new plan
- Settings
 - Launches the <u>Project Plan Setting</u> dialogue for the selected project. Note, only available via <u>Can Edit</u>
 Project Details special rights.
- Load Selected Projects
 - Loads the selected projects from the Navigator. Primarily used when selecting multiple projects.
- Refresh Refreshes the data in the primary screen
- Configure Charts Launches the Configure Charts Dialogue.
 - Chart Packs
 - This dialogue can be used to *Add Charts* to the current screen, add Chart Packs to the current screen or save the currently displayed Charts as a Chart Pack.
 - o Analytic Dashboard
 - Analytic dashboards allow you to use an analytic Dashboard in place of the standard Chart Pack

version of the dashboards. More on Configuring Project Central to use Analytic Dashboards

Fields and Formulas - Launches the Fields and Formulas Dialogue where the user can define Field
 Permissions for the Overview Tab and Formula Fields for use on the Overview Tab.

4.5.3.1 Getting Started

Overview

Foundational to Project Central is taking care of a few setup items. Please refer to this white paper to get your system ready.

Key Concepts

Loading Projects

- By default, Project Central utilizes the InFocus Navigator. The Navigator displays user defined lists from
 which a project (or multiple projects) can be selected and viewed. To work with a single project, simply
 double click the project from the list. To view multiple projects, drag the mouse over the desired projects
 and click Load Selected Projects. Please note, multiple projects can also be selected by pressing Ctrl
 while making selections with the mouse.
- In addition to using the Navigator, the user can load single projects at a time by using the dedicated Project Lookup. Once selected, project information is displayed in the Primary screen. <u>More on Lookups</u>.

Dynamic Save

 For ease of use Project Central does not display a Save button, but instead uses dynamic save to write back changes made to a project plan once the change has been made. This approach streamlines the planning process and creates a dynamic, interactive work space for the Project Manager.

Charts and Chart Packs

Charts bring your Project information to life by giving a clean visual representation of the underlying data.
 Charts are fully customizable and can be created/modified by clicking *Configure Charts* from the toolbar.
 A Chart Pack, is simply a group of charts typically meaningful to multiple users.

4.5.3.2 Overview Tab

Overview

The Overview Tab displays project to date figures for the select project(s). These figures are displayed in both grid and chart format.

Field Descriptions

The grids displayed reflect live project to date information. By double clicking any of the grid fields, details are dynamically displayed in the Details screen. If you double-click on any blue figure and the Detail section will populate with the detail that makes up the figure. The project to date information is broken into 3 time buckets - Current, YTD and Total. Here are the time frames that those buckets cover:

- Current All transactions that fall between the Start Date and End Date of the Current Invoicing GL Period. The current Invoicing Period is set in the <u>Accounting Periods</u> applet.
- YTD All transactions that fall between the Fiscal Year Start Date (GL Period starting with 01 for the year
 that the current invoicing period falls in) and End Date of the Current Invoicing GL Period. The current
 Invoicing Period is set in the <u>Accounting Periods</u> applet.
- Total All transactions that go against that project for all time.

Profit & Loss Window (Section)

- Contract Total Labor Contract Cap + Other Direct Charges (ODC) Contract Cap + Out of Contract Consulting (OCC) Contract Cap + Fixed Fee amounts. These are added in <u>Project</u> Administration>Project>Contract Levels/Caps
- Billed Transactions that go against a "Billed Revenue" GL Account. Billed Revenue refers to the Metric
 Type assigned to the GL Account in General Accounting>Chart of Accounts
- Other Billed Transactions that go against a "Other Revenue" GL Account. Other Revenue refers to the Metric Type assigned to the GL Account in General Accounting>Chart of Accounts
- Earned Transactions that go against either the "Billed Revenue" or "Other Revenue" GL Accounts.
 Billed Revenue and Other Revenue refer to the Metric Type assigned to the GL Account in General Accounting>Chart of Accounts
- Bad Debt Transactions that go against a "Bad Debt" GL Account. Bad Debt refers to the Metric Type assigned to the GL Account in <u>General Accounting>Chart of Accounts</u>
- Cost Transactions that go against a "Cost" GL Account. Cost refers to the Metric Type assigned to the GL Account in General Accounting>Chart of Accounts
- Overhead The number given depends on the *Project Central Overhead Calculation Method selected* in Global Settings>Project Admin Tab. The options are as follows:
 - Job Cost Less Pay If Job Cost Less Pay is selected, the amount comes from the Time Sheet transactions. It takes the Job Cost amount of each time sheet transaction and subtracts the Pay Cost Amount to get the Overhead. You must be using Job Cost Rates for this to work.
 - Overhead Allocation If Overhead Allocation is selected, the amount comes from an overhead allocation script that was run from the Overhead Allocation applet. More on <u>Overhead Allocation</u>
 - o None Returns a blank as this value.
- Profit The Profit amount is determined by the following calculation [Earned + Other Billed + Late Fee] -[Bad Debt] - [Cost] - [Overhead]
- Net Billings The Net Billings line subtracts any Retainage, Bad Debt or Other Revenue from Billed.
- Effective Labor Multiplier Labor Effort / Labor Cost
- · Labor Pay Cost Labor cost at the Pay Rate
- Labor Job Cost Labor Cost at the Job Cost Rate

Profit & Loss (Section)

- Hours Work hours from Time Sheets
- Budget Total Labor Budget + Other Direct Charges (ODC) Budget + Out of Contract Consulting (OCC)
 Budget + In Contract Consulting (OCC) Budget amounts. These are added in Project

Administration>Project Planning

- Labor Scheduled Labor hours scheduled. These are added in <u>Project Administration>Project Planning</u>
- Effort Labor and/or Cost charges at the Billing Rate
- Consultant Effort Consulting cost at the "Marked-Up" rate.
- Change Orders Total Labor Chang Order + Other Direct Charges (ODC) Chang Order + Out of Contract
 Consulting (OCC) Chang Order + In Contract Consulting (OCC) Chang Order amounts. These are added
 in Project Administration>Project Planning>Change Orders

Accounts Receivable (Section)

- A/R Transactions that go against GL Accounts with a Sub-ledger type of *Accounts Receivable* and that do NOT have a Metric Type of *Unbilled Revenue* or *Work in Progress*.
- Received Amounts entered in the Receipt Journal
- Unbilled Transactions from Time sheets, Purchase Journals, Employee Reimbursable's and Disbursements that have a status of Ready-to-Bill (R) or Hold (H)
- Retainer The current Balance of the Retainer on the project. Retainer is determined by transactions that go against a "Retainer" GL Account. Retainer refers to the Metric Type assigned to the GL Account in General Accounting>Chart of Accounts
- Retainage The current Balance of the Retainage on the project. Retainage is determined by transactions that go against a "Retainage" GL Account. Retainer refers to the Metric Type assigned to the GL Account in General Accounting>Chart of Accounts
- Write Off Transactions from Time sheets, Purchase Journals, Employee Reimbursable's and Disbursements that have a status of Write-Off (W)

Overview Charts

 The fully customizable charts display relevant project to date information helpful to Project Planning and Management. To see how to cuse Analytic Dashboards in place of your charts, CLICK HERE

Detail Grids

The Detail grid contains the detail that makes up figures displayed in the Overview grid.

4.5.3.2.1 PC Analytic Dashboard Setup

Overview

Project Central Supports using Analytic Dashboards in place of the standard Chart Pack Dashboard view. This section walks through the setup process for Analytic Dashboards to be

Permissions

To begin working with Analytic Dashboards in Project Central, you'll assign Project Central Permissions to the appropriate groups and/or users.

Those Permissions can be added in the following location:

Analytic Dashboards

Tutorial

Please complete the steps below to grant access permissions as appropriate.

- 1. Browse to Utilities> Analytic Dashboards> Project Central Permissions Tab
- **2.** Double click on the Analytic Dashboard that you want to give permissions to.
- 3. Select the **Users and/or Groups** you wish to grant permissions to.
- 4. Once the permissions have been selected, click Save.

Note: Check the "Supports Multiple Projects" Check-box, if you have developed an Analytic Dashboard using a Model that supports Multi-Selecting projects. Technically speaking, the "Where Clause" on the SQL Query must be able to process a comma delimited list of ProjectIDs. Otherwise, the dashboard will select one project at a time.

Application

To switch your dashboard to an Analytic Dashboard in Project Central, follow these instructions.

Note: The permission steps above have to be done before these steps.

Please complete the steps below to grant access permissions as appropriate.

- 1. Browse to Project Management> Project Central
- 2. On the toolbar, click Configure Charts.
- At the Top-Right of the pop-up, click the button labeled Analytic Dashboard and check Load next to the AD you would like to view.
- 4. Click Apply and the Dashboard will be loaded.

4.5.3.3 Bill Review Tab

Overview

The Bill Review Tab incorporates a full scale bill review including transaction level adjustments. In addition to inheriting all of the functionality of PM Bill Review, this tab enables PMs to change line item Billing Statuses and Move Project Transactions. These additional features are permission based. Each grid on the Bill Review Tab is dynamic and stores preferred display settings per user.

The purpose of Bill Review is for Project Managers to (1) review and adjust each of their projects and (2) make comments and instructions for the Project Accountant. Once all transactions have been reviewed and appropriate entries made, the Project Manager should mark the project as *Reviewed*. When a project is marked *Reviewed*, the project manager can no longer make changes, unless the Project Accountant (in the PA Bill Review applet) unflags the project as *Manager Reviewed*. When the project is marked *Reviewed*, it will automatically flag all associated transactions as reviewed. Therefore, when time and expense transfers from other projects are assigned to a reviewed project, they will appear as *Unreviewed*. This eliminates transactions from bypassing a review process.

Comments can be made both at the project level and the transaction level.

Field Descriptions

Bill Review Toolbar

- As of Defaults to the End Date of the current invoicing period but can be changed in Administration>Global Settings.
- Reset Resets changes the As of date to the end date of the current Invoicing G/L Period
- Set Bill Status Alters the Bill Status of the highlighted transaction(s)
- Invoicing Launches Current or Previous Invoice reports for the selected project
- Reports Launches Pre-Bill or Bill Review reports for the select project
- Move Project Transactions Launches a Projects dialogue box from which the user can select a destination project, moving the highlighted transactions.
- Reviewed Indicates the project has been reviewed
- Do Not Bill Indicates a Do not bill status for the selected project
- Invoice Comments Project level PM related comments for invoicing
- Instructions To Biller Project level PM instructions to Project Accountant

Transactions Grid

- Journal Journal of the transaction.
- Name Name of the Project Manager assigned to the project.
- S Bill Status. This shows the Bill Status of the transaction.
- Labor/Exp. Code Displays the Labor Code for Labor and Expense Code for Expenses. More on Labor
 Codes More on Expense Codes
- Project Path Project Path of the transaction.
- Transaction Date Date of the Transaction.
- Amount Amount of the Transaction
- Instructions To Biller These are internal notes intended for the Project Accountant. As the invoicing
 period is changed, the comments are saved, however, they are blank for the new period.

4.5.3.4 Contract Tab

Overview

Contracts (and Budgets if equal to Contracts) are managed from the Contracts tab. Currently only Fixed Fee projects are supported.

Field Descriptions

Contract Toolbar

- Contract = Budget Sets the budgets equal to the defined project contracts
- · Level Selects the project level contracts are to be entered at
- · Amount Allows the user to roll up the contract amounts from the defined project budgets
- Percent Complete Formula Applies user defined percent complete formulas to contract grid. This also represents the percent complete formula for fixed fee invoicing.

Contract Grid

- Path Path of the Project
- Name Name of the Project
- Project Long Name Name of the project including the concatenation of the lower nodes of the project.
- Cap Labor Cap Amount.
- Contract Amount Fixed Fee Amount on Project
- Percent Complete Percent Complete that is adjusted for billing.
- % of Fee Percentage the fee is of the total fee.
- BTD % Bill to Date percentage.

Contract Detail

This chart simply reflects a visual representation of the information in the Contract Grid.

4.5.3.5 Budget Tab

Overview

Budgets are managed from the Budgets tab. PMs can allocate Labor, ODC, OCC and ICC budgets in one dynamic grid for the selected project.

Field Descriptions

Budget Toolbar

- Level Selects the project level budgets are to be entered at
- · Save as Baseline Saves the defined budget as the Baseline budget for the selected project.

Budget Grid

This dynamic grid enables the user to set Budgets for Labor (Hours, Amounts and Percentages), ODC,
 OCC and ICC for the selected project. Many of the fields are displayed through the column chooser.

Contract Detail

This chart simply reflects a visual representation of the information in the Budget Grid.

4.5.3.6 Schedule Tab

Overview

One of the most powerful sections of this applet, the Schedule tab give the Project Manager real time access to Resource allocation and schedules for the selected project.

Field Descriptions

Schedule Toolbar

- Add Resource Launches the Schedule Labor dialogue
- Day/Week/Month Groups the Schedule accordingly
- WBS Filter Filters the Schedule by WBS level

Schedule Interface

Reflects scheduled resources for the selected project. Resources can be reallocated dynamically by moving, increasing or decreasing the allocated time. Clicking the listed employee will display the employee's availability chart below.

Scheduled / Availability Detail

This chart reflects each employees scheduled time based on project allocation.

4.5.3.7 Team Tab

Overview

Project Team members, with associated Job Titles are added from the Team tab.

Field Descriptions

Team Toolbar

- Add Member Launches an Employee lookup from which the user can select the employee to add. Once
 an employee is selected, the user will have the option to assign an alternative job title for the selected
 project.
- Job Titles Launches the alternative job titels dialogue for the highlighted team member in the Team grid below
- Save as Baseline Saves the defined budget as the Baseline budget for the selected project.

Team Grid

This dynamic grid displays team member settings for the selected project.

4.5.3.8 Contacts Tab

Overview

Project Contacts are added from the Team tab. More on Contacts

Field Descriptions

Contacts Toolbar

• Add Contact - Launches a Contact lookup from which the user can select the contact to add.

Contact Grid

This dynamic grid displays contacts added to the selected project.

4.5.3.9 Documents Tab

Overview

Project Documents are added via dialogue or Document Drop in the Documents Tab. <u>More about Documents</u> <u>Tab</u>

Field Descriptions

Documents Toolbar Buttons

- Add Document Launches the Document Upload dialogue
- Delete Deletes select document
- Search (Magnifying Glass) Opens the selected document
- Up Arrow Launches the Document Upload dialogue
- Down Arrow Begins dialogue to download the selected document
- Envelope Emails the selected document. Please note, Document Email is configured in Administration>Global Settings>Document Management tab.
- · Refresh Refreshes the document grid.

Documents Grid

This dynamic grid displays documents added to the selected project.

Document Drop

Documents can be uploaded via Document Drop by dragging a document from a Windows Explorer (or desktop location) and hovering over the intended document types folder. Drag the document by clicking on the document, holding the mouse click (while dragging the mouse to the InFocus Document Drop) until the intended document type folder is highlighted (a plus sign will display). Releasing the mouse click adds the document to the selected project, categorized under the intended document type.

4.5.3.10 Addresses Tab

Overview

Project Addresses are added from the Addresses tab. Addresses added are dynamically mapped using Google Maps.

Field Descriptions

Address Grid

This dynamic grid displays addresses added to the selected project. Clicking on the Edit icon launches the Address Editor.

4.5.4 Project Planning

Overview

Project plans are another project with a particular type. Unlike some systems, there is no disconnect between planning and actual projects. The Project Planning applet, allows Project Managers to plan, schedule, and allocate resources to their projects. Typically, projects begin as a "Plan" and then migrate to an "Opportunity" or "Billable" (Projects>General Tab>Contract Type) state. When in the "Planning" and "Opportunity" stages, the Project Manager has complete control of the project plan. WBS nodes can be added and removed, and budgets can be revised. Once the project has been changed to a billable or indirect project, the project manager can no longer alter budgets (unless they have special permission) or WBS nodes. The moment a project is changed to "Billable" or "Indirect" the current budgets are saved as the baseline budget. These can be used in project management reporting for performance analysis. Changes to the budgets at this point must go through the Change Order process. More on Change Orders. Moreover, when the project is changed to "Billable" or "Indirect", the Project Manager WBS Lockout can be set in the Projects applet. This restricts the Project Managers ability to add / remove WBS nodes to below the level defined in the lockout. The concept upon the lockout is to give the Project Manager the freedom to alter the WBS structure at a level lower than any that would affect accounting.

Key Concepts

- All Project Planning entries "Auto-save" once you leave the field. This eliminates having to save individual sections.
- Project Planning is broken into three sections: Project, Allocations and Resource Schedule
 - Project The Project section is where the Project Manager creates the WBS structure of the project, Modify Budget Amounts, Create & Approve Change Orders, etc. While the Project Window displays all levels of the WBS, only the lowest level is available for budget amounts (only when the project type,in the Projects applet, is Not Billable or Indirect). The WBS can be modified when the WBS button is selected in this window. More on Modifying the WBS of a Project Plan. The data can be modified when the Data button is selected in this window. More on the Project section.
 - Allocations The Allocations Window is where Project Managers make allocations to the WBS levels of a project. Allocations must be defined at the lowest level of the project. In the initial planning stages of a project, allocations typically represent the initial budget. As the project progresses, the allocations can be altered if desired. Additionally, *Estimates to Complete* can be entered against allocations. In the planning stage, *Estimate to Complete* will default in from the allocations amount. More on the Allocation Section.
 - Resource Schedule The Resource Schedule window is where a Project Manager schedule resources against allocations. They may be scheduled against individual vendors or against no particular vendor by using the *General* Vendor name. More on the Resource Schedule Section.
- You are able to schedule in different modes:

- Labor Mode The Labor Mode is used to schedule labor resources. Resource Scheduling is always made at the lowest level of the WBS. Clicking on the bottom node of the WBS, and the appropriate Allocation Job Title activates the Labor Resource Scheduling Window and allows the user to enter schedules for the selected WBS.
- Non-Labor (ICC, ODC, or OCC) Mode Resource Scheduling is made at the expense code level.
 Resource Scheduling is always made at the lowest level of the WBS. Click on the bottom node of the WBS, and the appropriate Allocation Job Title to activate the ICC, OCC, or ODC window, and then enter allocations and schedules for the selected WBS.

4.5.4.1 Project Planning Toolbar

Overview

The Project Planning Toolbar gives the user (If given the appropriate permissions) numerous capabilities within the Journals of InFocus. Below is a list of those Capabilities.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar Options</u>

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- File Additional File options
 - o New
 - New From Template With appropriate permissions, you can create a new plan from template.
- Edit Additional Edit options
 - Preferences When selected, the Planning Preferences window appears. <u>More on Planning</u>
 Preference
- View Additional View options
 - o Options When selected, the header showing the Project Name and Rate Schedule show in the

header.

- o Project Figures Prints the Project Figures Report for the current project.
- o Gantt Prints the Gantt chart for the current project. More on the Gantt Chart
- o Earned Value Gives you the Earned Value Pop-up. More on Earned Value
- Tools Additional Tools options
 - Save as Baseline Click this to save the budgeted amounts as the baseline for the project.
 - Recalculate Rates Allows you to recalculate rates for Allocations, Scheduled, and ETC.
- New
 - o Plan Creates a new Project Plan.
 - o New From Template With appropriate permissions, you can create a new plan from template.
- Print Runs the Project Planning Report. More on the Project Planning Report
- Gantt Prints the Gantt chart for the current project. More on the Gantt Chart
- Earned Value Gives you the Earned Value Pop-up. More on Earned Value
- Percent Complete History Opens up the Percent Complete History pop-up. The percent complete is a
 "best guess" value of completion of a particular phase at a specific moment in time. More on Percent

 Complete History
- Resource Groups Brings up the Reosurce Groups Pop-up. More on Resource Groups
- Planning Mode Controls the PM Type of the information that is viewed in Planning. Options are Labor,
 ODC, OCC and ICC
 - Labor Mode The Labor tab is used to allocate and schedule labor resources. Allocations are done at the job title level. The *Generic* job title can be used to allocate hours and dollars on the WBS to no particular job title. Allocations are always made at the lowest level of the WBS. Clicking on the bottom node of the WBS activates the Labor Allocations Window and allows the user to enter allocations and schedules for the selected WBS.
 - O ICC, ODC, or OCC Mode Allocations are made at the expense code level. A *Generic* expense is used to allocate units and dollars on the WBS to no particular expense code. Allocations are always made at the lowest level of the WBS. Click on the bottom node of the WBS to activate the ICC, OCC, or ODC window, and then enter allocations and schedules for the selected WBS.

4.5.4.2 Project Window

Overview

The Project Window is where project managers create the WBS structure of the project, make budget changes, etc. While the window displays all levels of the WBS (Fig.1), only the lowest level is available for budget amounts (only when the project type,in the Projects applet, is *Not Billable or Indirect*). The WBS can be modified when the *WBS* button is selected in this window. More on Modifying the WBS of a Plan. Data can be modified when the *Data* button is selected in this window.

Key Concepts

 All Project Planning entries "Auto-save" once you leave the field. This eliminates having to save individual sections.

Field Descriptions

Button Descriptions (Top of Grid)

- Pencil icon (Project Plan Settings) button By clicking on this button, a window will appear that allows
 you to edit the <u>Project Plan Settings</u> (ex., Code, Name, Client, etc.). Note, only available via <u>Can Edit</u>
 Project Details special rights.
- Green Arrow icon (Project Roll-ups) Button By clicking on this button, a window will appear that allows
 you to set roll-up options for the project. More on Project Rollups
- Change Orders Button By clicking on this button, a drop-down will appear that allows you to select between *Request Change Order* or *View Change Orders*. More on Change Orders
- Show Button The show button is a quick way to display any level of the WBS.
- Refresh Refreshes the currently loaded data.
- Sprocket icon (Column Chooser) By clicking on this button, a window will appear that allows you to select the columns that you would like to see in your *Project* section. For a description os the available columns follow this link: <u>More on Column Chooser Columns</u>

Button Descriptions (Bottom of Grid)

- Data Button By clicking on this button, you are able to modify the data in the Project Grid.
- WBS Button By clicking on this button, you are able to modify the WBS in the Project Grid.
- Papers icon (Apply WBS Template) Button This button allows you to apply a WBS Template to the current project.
- Greyscale Bars Button This button changes the grid view to a colorless view.
- Color Bars Button This button changes the grid view to a view with color.

Project Grid

- Code Code of the Project Level
- Name Name of the Project Level
- Start Date Project Start Date for the Project Level.
- End Date Project End Date for the Project Level.
- Labor Budget Hours Budgeted Hours. Must be entered at the lowest node of the project.
- Labor Budget Amount Budgeted Dollars. Must be entered at the lowest node of the project.
- For a description of the other available columns through the Column Chooser, follow this link: <u>More on Column Chooser Columns</u>

4.5.4.3 Allocations Window

Overview

The Allocations Window is where project managers make allocations to the WBS levels of a project. Allocations must be defined at the lowest level of the project. In the initial planning stages of a project, allocations typically represent the initial budget. As the project progresses, the allocations can be altered if desired. Additionally, *Estimates to Complete* can be entered against allocations. In the planning stage, *Estimate to Complete* will default in from the allocations amount.

Key Concepts

 All Project Planning entries "Auto-save" once you leave the field. This eliminates having to save individual sections.

Field Descriptions

Button Descriptions (Top of Grid)

- · Refresh Refreshes the currently loaded data.
- Sprocket icon (Column Chooser) By clicking on this button, a window will appear that allows you to select the columns that you would like to see in your *Project* section. For a description os the available columns follow this link: More on Column Chooser Columns

Button Descriptions (Bottom of Grid)

- Grid icon (Grid View) Button By clicking on this button, the Allocations window will display in the grid view.
- Chart icon (Chart View) Button By clicking on this button, the Allocations window will display in the chart view.

Allocations Grid

- Code Code of the Project Level
- Name Name of the Project Level
- Alloc. Units Allocated Units (Hours for labor / Units for non-labor).
- Alloc. Amount Allocated Dollars
- ETC Units Estimate to Complete Units (Hours for labor / Units for non-labor).
- ETC Amount Estimate to Complete Dollars
- Rate Displays the Labor Rate for Labor and the Cost or Marked Up rate for Expenses. This is driven by the "Budget By Rate" located in the Project Plan Settings. <u>More on Project Plan Settings</u>
- % of Budget Percentage of Budget that the Allocation represents. When filled out, the allocation will look at the Budget Amount from the Project grid to calculate the figures.
- For a description of the other available columns through the Column Chooser, follow this link: More on

Column Chooser Columns

4.5.4.4 Resource Schedule Window

Overview

Resource Schedules are entered against allocations. They may be scheduled against individual vendors or against no particular vendor by using the *General* Vendor name.

Key Concepts

- All Project Planning entries "Auto-save" once you leave the field. This eliminates having to save individual sections.
- Timeline / Timeline Window The Timeline has an adjustable "Timeline Window" that allows you to move
 and adjust the time frame of the data you are viewing in the schedule window. It also shows you the
 entire timeline of the project, start to finish.
- All resources represent a dot on the timeline letting you see if there are any resources scheduled anywhere throughout the life of the project. Both Actuals and Baselines can be shown on the timeline by going to Planning Preferences and selecting *Include Actuals* and *Include Baseline*. More on Planning Preferences

 There, you can click "Include Actuals" and "Include Baseline". There is a legend on the right of the timeline. The dots are color coded to allow you to differentiate between schedules, actuals and baseline data.
- An Auto Schedule utility is available on a "per row" basis. Simply hold down the Control key, Left-click on the desired cells and release the control key. The Auto Schedule utility will then pop-up. More on the Auto Schedule Utility

Field Descriptions

Button Descriptions (Top of Grid)

- Refresh Refreshes the currently loaded data.
- Wand icon (Schedule By Percentage Wizard) By clicking on this button, a window will appear that allows you to schedule an employee by percentage. More on Scheduling By Percentage
- Clock icon (Timeline Button) This button expands/collapses the Timeline.
- Lock icon When selected, the timeline is locked to the Start and End Dates.

- Start Date The start Date of the Timeline.
- End Date The End Date of the Timeline.
- Day, Week, Month (Data View Mode) Controls the "buckets" of units displayed in the Resource Schedule grid.

Note - The timeline displays up to 120 units of the selected Mode (i.e. 120 days).

- Window Range Displays the date range of the adjustable timeline window.
- Sprocket icon (Column Chooser) By clicking on this button, a window will appear that allows you to
 select the columns that you would like to see in your *Project* section. For a description os the available
 columns follow this link: <u>More on Column Chooser Columns</u>

Button Descriptions (Bottom of Grid)

- +/- The expander button expands and collapses the items in the Resource Schedule grid.
- u (Units / Hours) By clicking on this button, you are viewing Units in the Resource Schedule window.
- \$ (Dollars) By clicking on this button, you are viewing Dollars in the Resource Schedule window.
- u/\$ (Units & Dollars) By clicking on this button, you are viewing both Units and Dollars in the Resource Schedule window.

Resource Schedule Grid

- Resource Code Code of the Resource. In Labor Mode, that is the Employee Code. In Non-Labor Mode, that is the Vendor Code. More on Employees More on Vendors
- Resource Name Name of the Resource. In Labor Mode, that is the Employee Name. In Non-Labor Mode, that is the Vendor Name.
- Allocation Code Code of the Allocation. In Labor Mode, that is the Job Title Code. In Non-Labor Mode, that is the Expense Code. More on Job Titles More on Expense Codes
- Allocation Name Name of the Allocation. In Labor Mode, that is the Job Title Name. In Non-Labor Mode, that is the Expense Name.
- Date Columns Number of hours the employee has been scheduled for the specified time frame.
- Date Columns Number of hours the employee has been scheduled for the specified time frame.
- For a description of the other available columns through the Column Chooser, follow this link: More on

Column Chooser Columns

4.5.4.5 Column Chooser

Overview

The Column Chooser contains any additional columns that may not be displayed in the default layout of a grid. In this section is a description of additional columns available in Project Planning.

Field Descriptions

Project Grid

Labor

- Labor Alloc Amount Allocated dollars. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- Labor Alloc Hours Allocated hours. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- Labor Bgt. Amount Budget dollars. Manually entered or automatically populated from Roll-up.
- Labor Bgt. Amount PCT Percent total of the labor budget amount in relation to its parent node.
- Labor Bgt. Hours Budget hours. Manually entered or automatically populated from Roll-up.
- Labor Bgt. Hours PCT Percent total of the labor budget hours in relation to its parent node.
- LaborContractCap Labor Contract Cap. This amount updates from Budget Amounts when you click on the Roll up Button and select Contract=Budget and choose Cap.
- Labor Budget PC Labor budget percent complete.
- Labor ETC Amount Estimate to complete dollars. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- Labor ETC Hours Estimate to complete hours. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- LaborFixedFee Fixed Fee Amount. This amount updates from Budget Amounts when you click on the Roll up Button and select Contract=Budget and choose Fixed Fee.
- Labor Scheduled Amount Labor scheduled amount.
- Labor Scheduled Amount Forward Labor scheduled amount from the As of Date forward.
- Labor Scheduled Hrs Labor scheduled hours.
- Labor Scheduled Hrs Forward Labor scheduled hours from the *As of Date* forward.
- Labor Used Amount Used dollars. Read only. Accumulated from project transactions. Calculations are through the specified As Of Date. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the amounts with that bill status)
- Labor Used Amount Prev- Labor scheduled amount from the *As of Date* backward. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the amounts with that bill status)
- · Labor Used Hours Used hours are Read Only. Accumulated from project transactions. Calculations are

- through the specified *As Of Date*. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the hours with that bill status)
- Labor Used Hours Prev- Labor scheduled hours from the *As of Date* backward. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the hours with that bill status)

ODC (Other Direct Charges)

- ODC Alloc Amount Allocated dollars. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- ODC Alloc Units Allocated units. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- ODC Bgt. Amount Budget dollars. Manually entered or automatically populated from Roll-up.
- ODC Bgt. Amount PCT- Percent total of the ODC budget Amount in relation to its parent node.
- ODCContractCap Other Direct Charges Cap.
- ODC ETC Amount Estimate to complete dollars. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- ODC ETC Units Estimate to complete units. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- ODC Scheduled Amount ODC scheduled amount .
- ODC Scheduled Amount Fwd ODC scheduled amount from the As of Date forward.
- ODC Scheduled Units ODC scheduled units.
- ODC Scheduled Units Forward ODC scheduled units from the As of Date forward.
- ODC Used Amount Used dollars. Read only. Accumulated from project transactions. Calculations are through the specified As Of Date. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the amounts with that bill status)
- ODC Used Amount Prev ODC scheduled amount from the As of Date backward. (Additional columns
 that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the amounts with that bill status)
- ODC Used Units Used units. Read only. Accumulated from project transactions. Calculations are through the specified As Of Date. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the units with that bill status)
- ODC Used Units Prev ODC scheduled units from the *As of Date* backward. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the units with that bill status)

OCC (Out of Contract Consultants)

- OCC Alloc Amount Allocated dollars. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- OCC Alloc Units Allocated units. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- OCC Bgt. Amount Budget dollars. Manually entered or automatically populated from Roll-up.
- OCC Bgt. Amount PCT- Percent total of the OCC budget Amount in relation to its parent node.
- OCCContractCap Outside Consultant Charges Cap.
- OCC ETC Amount Estimate to complete dollars. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.

- OCC ETC Units Estimate to complete units. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- OCC Scheduled Amount OCC scheduled amount.
- OCC Scheduled Amount Fwd OCC scheduled amount from the As of Date forward.
- OCC Scheduled Units OCC scheduled units.
- OCC Scheduled Units Forward OCC scheduled units from the As of Date forward.
- OCC Used Amount Used dollars. Read only. Accumulated from project transactions. Calculations are through the specified *As Of Date*. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the amounts with that bill status)
- OCC Used Amount Prev OCC scheduled amount from the As of Date backward. (Additional columns
 that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the amounts with that bill status)
- OCC Used Units Used units. Read only. Accumulated from project transactions. Calculations are through the specified As Of Date. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the units with that bill status)
- OCC Used Units Prev OCC scheduled units from the *As of Date* backward. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the units with that bill status)

ICC (In Contract Consultants)

- ICC Alloc Amount Allocated dollars. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- ICC Alloc Units Allocated units. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- ICC Bgt. Amount Budget dollars. Manually entered or automatically populated from Roll-up.
- ICC Bgt. Amount PCT- Percent total of the ICC budget Amount in relation to its parent node.
- ICCContractCap Inside Consultant Charges Cap.
- ICC ETC Amount Estimate to complete dollars. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- ICC ETC Units Estimate to complete units. Read only. Accumulated from resource allocations.
- ICC Scheduled Amount OCC scheduled amount.
- ICC Scheduled Amount Fwd ICC scheduled amount from the As of Date forward.
- ICC Scheduled Units ICC scheduled units.
- ICC Scheduled Units Forward ICC scheduled units from the As of Date forward.
- ICC Used Amount Used dollars. Read only. Accumulated from project transactions. Calculations are through the specified *As Of Date*. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the amounts with that bill status)
- ICC Used Amount Prev ICC scheduled amount from the *As of Date* backward. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the amounts with that bill status)
- ICC Used Units Used units. Read only. Accumulated from project transactions. Calculations are through the specified *As Of Date*. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the units with

that bill status)

• ICC Used Units Prev - ICC scheduled units from the *As of Date* backward. (Additional columns that end in R,H,B,W and N bring back only the units with that bill status)

4.5.4.6 Project Rollups

Overview

The Project Rollups pop-up allows the user to roll-up in figures throughout Project Planning.

Field Descriptions

Rollups

- ETC = Scheduled Make Estimate to Complete equal to Schedules. This takes the existing schedule for allocations looking forward, and updates the ETC amounts of the allocation.
- Percent Complete = ETC Makes Budgeted Percent equal to Estimate to Complete. This takes the
 Estimate to Complete of the allocations, and compares it to the Used Amounts to record the Percent
 Complete at the WBS level.
- Allocated = Scheduled This makes the Allocated Amounts at the WBS level equal to the Scheduled
 Amounts from the associated schedules.
- Budget = Allocated This makes the *Budget Amounts* at the WBS level equal to the *Allocated Amounts* from the associated allocations. This is available only when the project type is *Plan* or *Opportunity*.
- Contract Amount = Budget Sets the Fixed Fee or Labor Cap and the Percent Complete on a project.
 The level that the contract amounts are set to is done in Projects (Right-Click on Project Contract Levels and Caps). Here a PA must select the WBS level that the contract levels will be set at.
- Project Dates = Scheduled This will set the Project Start and End dates to the first and last date that there is labor scheduled.
 - Include Non-Labor Scheduled When checked, the update will include non-labor items as well.
- Timesheet Allowable Dates = Project Dates When checked, the start and end dates on the nodes of the plan become the *Allowable Date Ranges* for Labor on the project. More on Project Setup
- Expense Allowable Dates = Project Dates When checked, the start and end dates on the nodes of the
 plan become the Allowable Date Ranges for Expenses on the project. More on Project Setup

4.5.4.7 Change Orders

Overview

The Change Order screen allows for the separation of entering and approving change orders. Project

Managers can then enter Change Order requests while giving the approval to someone else.

Key Concepts

- A special permission, Approve Change Orders, controls the ability to commit change orders. The Change Order tab is active only on direct and indirect project types.
- Unless the special permission Edit Budgets on All Project Types has been granted, Change Orders are
 required to modify the budget once a project has advanced to the direct or indirect stage.
- Adding a Change Order To create a change order click on Request Change Order, fill out the change order detail, and click Save.
- Deleting a Change Order Change Orders can be deleted as long as they have not been approved. To
 delete a Change Order, select *View Change Orders*. Existing Change Orders with be shown in the grid.
 Double -click on the Change Order to be deleted. Click *Delete*.
- Assuming the user has permissions, a Change Order can be committed by clicking on the *Unapproved Change Order* button in the Existing Change Orders grid, and then clicking the *Approve Change Order* button.

Field Descriptions

New Change Order (Header)

- Change Entry Date Change order. Informational only.
- Description Description of change order

New Change Order (Grid)

- Project Path Path of the Project.
- · Project Name Name of the Project.
- Labor Hrs Labor hours to be added to or subtracted from the existing budget.
- Labor Amt. Labor dollars to be added to or subtracted from the existing budget.

- ODC Amt. ODC dollars to be added to or subtracted from the existing budget.
- OCC Amt. OCC dollars to be added to or subtracted from the existing budget.
- ICC Amt. ICC dollars to be added to or subtracted from the existing budget.

4.5.4.8 Project Plan Settings

Overview

The Project Details Box is where the main project information is saved and can be changed.

Field Descriptions

Project Info

- Code Project Code.
- Name Project Name.
- Client Client associated with the project.
- Budget By Rate Rate that you want the plan to budget by. Budget By Rate has three types: labor can
 be at pay rate, job cost rate or bill rate. The name of this Rate Schedule is displayed on the header of the
 Project Plan when it is loaded in Project Planning.
- Start Date Start date of the project.
- End Date End date of the project.
- Resource Group Level Level that the Resource Group will be applied at. More on Resource Groups
- Template When checked, this Project is flagged a a template. When you select New (Toolbar) > Plan From Template, you will see this project in the Templates list.
- Restrict Time Entry to Members When checked, time entry is limited to those members associated with the <u>Project > Members Tab</u>.

Rate Method

Description - Rate Method (You can only select one) - Here you select the method in which your figures are calculated in the plan.

 Other - Rates default to the employee record to get the Job Cost Rate or the Bill Rate field located in Employees>Accounting/Rates Tab. Rate Schedule - The rates calculated in the plan are derived from the Rate Schedule that you assign here. More on Rate Schedules

Note - Rate schedules are date sensitive. Make sure that your rate schedule encompasses all of the time periods that you will be scheduling/allocating for.

- Multipliers Rates are calculated by taking the Pay Rate from the <u>Employees>Pay History Tab</u> and multiplying it by the multipliers set in the Labor Multipliers box on the right.
 - o Apply for Premium Time When checked, the multipliers will be applied to Overtime transactions.

Labor Multipliers

Description - Labor Multipliers used when you select "Multipliers" in the Rate Method box.

- DPE Multiplier that represents the Direct Personnel Expense when calculating the rate.
- OH Multiplier that represents the Overhead when calculating the rate.
- Profit Multiplier that represents the Profit when calculating the rate.

Filter Labor Allocations & Resources By

Description - (You can only select one) Here you select the availability of your resources in the look-ups when entering data in Allocations and Resource Schedules.

• None - There is no restriction to the Resource and Allocation that you choose. You may also use them in any combination.

Note - If you are using Resource Group Assignments located on the Toolbar, you must have Other selected here.

Rate Schedule - You are limited to the resources and their assigned Job Title (Allocation) set in the rate schedule. If there is an * in the rate schedule, you will be able to enter any resource or allocation with the corresponding item. For example- in the rate schedule you create a line set to Employee - *, Job Title - Architect. In that scenario you could select any employee with a Job Type of Architect.

Note - If the Rate schedule has a line that is Employee - * Job Title - *, then you would be able to schedule any employee with any job title.

- Project Team Leaders You are limited to the "Team Members" on the Project (Members Tab).
 - o If the "Restrict Time and Expenses to Team Members" check-box is checked, you are limited to only employees assigned here and the associated Job Titles. If no Job Title is assigned to the employees on the members tab, InFocus will look at their employee file for job titles available.
 - If the "Restrict Time and Expenses to Team Members" check-box is unchecked, you get the

employees on the Members Tab as well as all other employees and their assigned Job titles in Employees (Job Titles Tab). Employees that do not have any assigned Job Titles will not show up in the list.

Non-Labor

- Expense Group - Expense Group associated with this project. The expense group is used in calculating the amounts
 - Use Effort for Actuals When selected, non-labor transactions at the Marked-up rate will be used to calculate actuals.

Note - Expense Groups are date sensitive. Make sure that your expense group encompasses all of the time periods that you will be scheduling/allocating for..

4.5.4.9 Gantt

Overview

Project Planning's Gantt chart allows you to plan project tasks, order-of-work and gives you feedback on the impact of scheduled items- including <u>Critical Path</u>. Launched from the toolbar in Project Planning, a project's schedule is displayed in an interactive Gantt chart.

Use the Gantt to schedule each phase/task of the project based on start/finish dates or duration. Once set, these dates control the time frames in which you can schedule resources through Project Planning. As you build the schedule, use the Gantt bars to adjust schedules as appropriate. Clicking a phase/task in the WBS Grid re-centers the Chart.

Tutorial

- 1. Browse to PM>Project Planning
- 2. Load/Create the project you wish to work with
- 3. Click **Gantt** from the toolbar. The Gantt dialogue will launch.
- 4. Select a View Option
- 5. Schedule the WBS beginning with Start Dates
- 6. Add Finish Dates by increasing/decreasing Duration or adding a static Finish date
- 7. Use Predecessors (description below) to link WBS nodes together for ordered/hierarchical scheduling
- 8. Adjust schedules using the WBS Grid or by dragging the Gantt Bars displayed on the Gantt Chart
- 9. Click Save

Field Descriptions

View Options

- Days, Weeks, Months, Quarters, Years The Gantt chart can be viewed in units of Days, Weeks,
 Months, Quarters or Years. Change the view by clicking the corresponding button. When viewing in Days or Weeks, the current date is highlighted on the chart.
- Show Critical Path Displays Critical Path by color-coding the Gantt. InFocus calculates Critical Path by taking the longest path to the end of the project.
- Customize Settings Sets custom user settings for viewing Gantt information
 - Bar Settings
 - Color Default bar color
 - Date/Time Format Format to use for display text
 - Height Sets the height for bar rows
 - Inside Text Text to display on the bar
 - Left Text Text to display to the left of the bar
 - Right Text Text to display to the right of the bar
 - Show Tooltip When checked, hovering over the bar will display a tooltip
 - Text Color Bar text color
 - Critical Path
 - Critical Path Color Color for displaying critical path
 - Grid Settings
 - Row Height Sets the height for grid rows

WBS Grid

Description - The WBS Grid displays the project structure and associated planning. Each node can be scheduled and ordered using the fields contained in the grid.

- Index Index of the project node, primarily used for assigning predecessors (see below).
- WBS Project Path (read only)
- Name Project Name (read only)
- Duration Increase or decrease the amount of time allotted to a project node in increments of days or weeks (based on the selected view option). This updates associated Finish dates and Gantt Bars. Project Level duration is summarized and reflected in the number of planned days- start to finish.
- Start Planned start date
- Finish Planned end date
- Predecessors Indicated by the Index number, predecessors allows you to control, for instance, the schedules for a list of tasks underneath a project phase. Using a predecessor, you can effectively lock the schedules of a WBS together- rescheduling the predecessor has a ripple effect on the schedules of the linked nodes. The nature of the relationship between a predecessor task and a successor task

determines the type of task dependency to use. This relationship can be defined by typing the following codes into the Predecessors column prefixed by the Index ID (e.g. 2FS):

- FS (Finish-to-Start): Task A must finish before Task B can start. This is very commonly used and the default dependency created if only an Index ID is entered into the Predecessors column.
- SS (Start-to-Start): Task B can't start until Task A starts. Task B can begin any time after Task A begins. This method can be beneficial as it can help reduce the overall duration of the project as it allows for task overlap.
- FF (Finish-to-Finish): Task B can't finish until Task A is done. They don't have to end at the same time- Task B can end any time after Task A ends. Similar to SS, FF dependencies can also reduce the overall duration of a project.
- SF (Start-to-Finish): Task B cannot finish until the start of Task A. This is a VERY RARE scenario of Task in any type of Project.

Chart

The chart is reactive to the view options and the WBS Grid settings and displays two types of bars: Gantt bars and a Summary bar.

- Gantt Bars Gantt bars (blue) reflect the settings of the associated project node listed in the WBS chart.
 Gantt Bars can be moved by editing the WBS chart or by clicking and dragging the Gantt bar. This will adjust any associated schedules. You can alter the duration (and subsequently start and end dates) of a task by gripping the left or right edge of the Gantt bar and increasing or decreasing its length.
- Summary Bar The summary bar shows a running total of the time represented by all scheduled tasks.
 While Gantt bars can be edited, the Summary bar is read only.

Other Options

- Print Launches print preview for content of the Gantt Chart and WBS Grid
- Automatically move Schedules with Start Date When checked, Start Dates are impacted when sliding Gantt Bars
- Save Saves Gantt information
- Save & Close Saves Gantt information and closes the Gantt window
- Close Closes the Gantt window without saving

4.5.4.10 Planning Preferences

Overview

This is where the project preferences are set. These are set for all projects in project planning.

Field Descriptions

General Tab

- Include Unsubmitted Time Includes unsubmitted time in actuals
- Include Unapproved Time Includes unapproved time in actuals

Project Tab

- Show Labor Amount %
- Show Labor Hours %
- Show ODC Amount %
- Show OCC Amount %
- Show ICC Amount %

Allocations Tab

• Use Allocations - When unchecked, the allocations window is hidden.

Schedules Tab

Options

• Use Resources - When unchecked, the resources in the Resource Schedule window is hidden.

Scheduling

- Auto Calculate Dollars from Hours (Labor) When checked, Dollars will be calculated by comparing the Hours to the rate in the rate schedule.
- Allow Over Scheduling When checked, you will be allowed to over-schedule resources.
- Auto Fill From Rate Schedule When "Filter Labor Allocations & Resources By" on the <u>Project Plan Settings</u> is set to Rate Schedule, Zero hour resources fill in to every node. They stay there until this box is unchecked. This prevents you from having to enter the resource every time when creating a plan.
- Include Actuals When checked, Actual figures will be displayed in the Resource Schedule section on the Project Planning screen.
- Include Baseline When checked, Baseline figures will be displayed in the Resource Schedule section on the Project Planning screen. You must run the Save as Baseline feature located on the toolbar for these figures to populate.

Hours Per day

 Hours Per Day text-box- Number of hours to schedule per day on auto-scheduling. If zero, hours will be evenly distributed across date range.

Allowable Days

Allowable Days - Check off which days of the week can be included when scheduling.

4.5.4.11 Earned Value

Overview

Earned Value is an approach where you monitor the project plan (budget), actual work, and percent completed value to see if a project is on track. Earned Value shows how much of the budget and time should have been spent, considering the amount of work done so far.

Key Concepts

- Budget The budget is the sum of the budgeted dollars for the project over time. This is calculated from
 the Resource Schedule (Project Planning applet). Alternatively, if you do not want to build the schedule
 to determine the budget, you can enter the start and end date with a respective budget amounts at the
 lowest levels of the project and use the "Spread Budget by WBS Start/End date" option in the EVM pop
 up window.
- Actuals The actuals come from the Timesheets. You can optionally include both unsubmitted and unapproved time.

Field Descriptions

Header

- Spread Budgets by WBS Start / End Dates When checked, the budgets are spread throughout the chart using the start and end dates on the project WBS.
- Period Type Time increment that you would like the Earned Value chart to display in. Options are Day, Week, Two Week, Four Week, Thirty Day, Month and Year.
- Name Left window displays the Project Name for easy navigation.

Budgets (PV) - Planned Value

- Include Labor When checked, Labor Budgets will be included in the Planned Value (PV) figures.
- Include ODC When checked, ODC Budgets will be included in the Planned Value (PV) figures.
- Include OCC When checked, OCC Budgets will be included in the Planned Value (PV) figures.
- Include ICC When checked, ICC Budgets will be included in the Planned Value (PV) figures.

Actuals (AC) - Actual Cost

- Include Unsubmitted When checked, unsubmitted time will be included in the Actual Cost (AC) figures.
- Include Unapproved When checked, Unapproved time will be included in the Actual Cost (AC) figures.

Percent Complete (EV) - Earned Value

Use Only Labor - When checked, only labor will be used when calculating the Earned Value (EV) figures.

Show

Description - When checked, the following items will show in the Earned Value grid.

- Budget (PV)
- Budget Current
- Scheduled Variance (SV)
- Scheduled Performance Index (SPI)
- Earned Value (EV)
- Earned Value Actual
- Cost Variance (CV)
- Cost Performance Index (CPI)
- Actual Cost (AC)

4.5.4.12 Scheduling By Percentage

Overview

The Schedule by Percentage utility gives you the ability to schedule an employee and/or Job Title (Allocation) over a period of time. You are able to see Potential Hours as well as choose a percentage of hours that you would like to schedule.

Key Concepts

Located in the top-left of the Resource Schedule window. The Schedule by Percentage tool is enabled
when you click on the lowest node of the project WBS. By clicking the wand icon, you will get the
Schedule by Percentage Pop-up.

Field Descriptions

Pop-up

- Project info The Project Node selected is located at the top in bold.
- Employee The Employee lookup gives you a list of all Active Employees. If left blank, Generic Resource will be used as a "place holder".
- Job Title -Â The Job Title lookup gives you a list of all Active Job Titles. If left blank, Generic Job Title (Allocation Code) will be used as a "place holder".
- Start Date The date in which you want the scheduling to start.
- End Date The date in which you want the scheduling to end.
- Percentage The Percentage of Potential Hours or Available Hours.
- Potential Hours Looks at the "Hours per day" and the "Allowable
 Days" (Toolbar>Edit>Preferences>Schedules Tab) to come up with the potential hours within the start

- and end dates. Â
- Available Hours Looks at the time Scheduled for the selected Employee across ALL Projects and subtracts the hours scheduled for the selected Employee on the current Project. The Job Title will have an effect. If the Employee is "over scheduled", you will see a negative.Â
- Hours to Schedule The number of potential hours multiplied by the Percentage.

4.5.4.13 Percent Complete History

Overview

The percent complete is a "best guess" value of completion of a particular phase at a specific moment in time. While calculating this value has been the subject of many books, in InFocus, you simply enter the determined result in the new "Percent Complete History" screen.

Key Concepts

If you enter the budget through the Resource Schedule, you will need to save the baseline to use the
values in the Earned Value Screen. Once you have entered both your budget and entered a percent
complete history, you can use the new menu option to bring up the EVM screen. More on the Earned
Value

Field Descriptions

Header

Project - The window displays the project path of the selected row in the Project window.

Values Tab

- Date Date the Percent Complete is recognized.
- Percent Complete (Labor %, ODC %, OCC %, ICC %) This percent complete is then multiplied by the amount budgeted for the respective phase to the same moment in time. For example, if you had a 10 week project that was budgeted at \$100,000.00 spread evenly at \$10,000.00 per week, and you entered 60% complete at 6 weeks through, your Earned Value would be \$60,000.00, and you would be considered "on time".

Chart Tab

Description - The Chart is a visual representation of the Percent Complete History values.

4.5.4.14 Resource Schedule Auto Schedule

Overview

The Auto Schedule utility is an easy way to schedule a single resource over selected time slots.

Field Descriptions

- Resource Name of the Resource. Generic is used if none is selected.
- Allocation Name of Allocation. Generic is used if none is selected.
- Start Date Start Date of the selected cells.
- End Date End Date of the selected cells.
- Total Days Total days that have been selected.
- Schedulable Days within Weeks Number of days within the weeks that can be scheduled on. This is affected by the *Allowable Days* checked on the Planning Preferences. <u>More on Planning Preferences</u>
- Calculator Tool that assists in calculating the hours and amount.

Options

- A Automatic Assignment. Automatically assigns the Hours/Units and Amount to each schedulable day in the range.
- M Manual Assignment. Manually assigns the Hours/Units and Amount to the days in the range. This is
 affected by the Allowable Days checked on the Planning Preferences.
- %B Percentage of Budget Enter a percentage of the Budgeted amount to assigns the Hours/Units and Amount to each schedulable days in the range. Enter 25 for 25%.
- %A Percentage of Allocation Enter a percentage of the Allocated amount to assigns the Hours/Units and Amount to each schedulable days in the range. Enter 25 for 25%.

4.5.5 Project Queries

Overview

There are seven query applets in InFocus: Client, Contacts, Firms, Opportunities, Vendors, Projects, and Employees. The concept of the query tools is to allow the user to define lists of data based on a user query definition. The list can then be used to navigate to the individual records within the list or can be exported to Excel. More on the Query Applets

4.5.6 Resource Groups

Overview

Resource Groups are named groups of employees used to make data entry in Project Planning easier.

Key Concepts

- The purpose of a resource groups is to limit the list of possible employees to schedule in Project Planning.
- There's an "Auto-Fill" checkbox that allows for zero hour resources to fill in on the WBS so that you can enter time
 without having to fill in the resources every time. Once you are done, uncheck auto-fill and the zero hour resources will
 go away.
- "None" must be selected under "Fill Labor Allocations & Resources By" under Project Plan Settings for this functionality to work. More on Project Plan Settings

Field Descriptions

Resource Groups Grid

Name - This column contains the name of the Resource Group. To create a Resource Group, click "New".
 Once saved, the name will appear in this column.

Members Grid

- Employee Code Employee Code selected.
- Employee Employee Name.
- Job Title Job Title to be selected with the Employee.
- Group Leader Employee designated as the leader of the group. Informational Only

4.5.7 Resource Scheduler

Overview

The Resource Scheduler gives the Project Manager the ability to schedule employees' time on a project.

Key Concepts

- By using the filters, the PM Manager can schedule All or individual employees to certain projects for any given time.
- When viewing the Employees Tab, the grid displays in colors to give you a "Heat Map" to warn you about over scheduling. A Legend is at the bottom of the applet.

4.5.7.1 Resource Scheduler Detail

Overview

The Resource Scheduler screen has 3 windows; a top (Employee & Project Tabs), a middle (WBS Tab) and a bottom (Filters Tab). The top displays the summary of hours scheduled, the middle shows the detail and the bottom displays the filter options.

Note - You can left-click and hold on the blue header strip on the WBS & Filter sections of the window to "un-dock" them. To return them to their original locations, simply double-click on the blue header strip.

Field Descriptions

Employees Grid (top grid)

- Employee Name of the employee.
- Date Columns Number of hours the employee has been scheduled for the specified time frame.

Projects Grid (top grid)

- · Project Name of the Project.
- Project Code Code of the Project.
- Date Columns Number of hours the project has been scheduled for the specified time frame.

Work Breakdown Grid (middle grid)

Description - When you click on a cell containing a number on either of the top grids, the Work Breakdown grid will display the detail of that number.

- Project Path of the Project.
- Project Name Long Name of the Project.

- Employee Code Code of the Employee
- Employee Name Name of the Employee.
- Job Title Code Code of the Job Title. More on Job Titles
- Job Title Name Name of the Job Title.
- Hours Total of the hours for the line item.

Filters Grid

View Dates

- Start Date Starting date for schedules to evaluate.
- For Number of Date View units that the top grid will look forward.
- Date View Block of time that the top grid will look forward. Options are Days, Weeks Months Calendar Weeks and Calendar Months.
- Hours Per Day Between Allows you to specify the number of hours that can be scheduled per day.
- Group Detail When checked, the Work Breakdown section groups the line items by removing the Transaction Date.
- Planning Preferences When selected, the Project planning preferences screen will appear. <u>More on</u>
 Planning Preferences

Employee Info

- Employee When selected, only information for the specific Employee is displayed.
- Job Title When selected, only information for the specific Job Title is displayed.
- Home Org When selected, only information for the specific Home Org is displayed. This is set at Employees>Employee Information. More on Org Units
- Code / Level When entered / selected, only information for the specified Org Code / Level is displayed
- Resource Group When selected, only information for the specified Resource Group is displayed
- Always Show Generic When selected, the Employees Grid will show all of the Generic hours at the top
 of the grid.

Project Info

- Charge Type When selected, only project information for the specific Charge Type is displayed.
- Status When selected, only project information with the specific Status is displayed.
- Client When selected, only information for the specific Client is displayed.
- Org. When selected, only information for the specific Home Org is displayed. This is set at
 <u>Projects>Members Tab</u>. Organization unit and its children to include. If left blank, all org units are used.

 <u>More on Org Units</u>

Project Leaders

Project Manager - When selected, only information for the specific Project Manager is displayed.

- Project Accountant When selected, only information for the specific Project Accountant is displayed.
- Principal In Charge When selected, only information for the specific Principal In Charge is displayed.

Project UDFs

- UDF Field Drop-down includes any Project UDFs. More on User Defined Fields
- Operator Choices are =, <>, >, <, >=, <=, between, and is not null. Is not null is synonymous with a blank or empty field.
 - Value 1 Used with all filter operators except is not null. This is the value that completes the filter operation (except in the case of the between operator). In the case of the between this represents the lower range.
 - o Value 2 Used only with the between operator. This represents the upper range.
 - o And/Or Gives you the option of filtering using an And statement or an Or statement.

Legend

 Legend - Color-coded legend used to show the user if the schedule is properly structured (i.e., balanced, over-scheduled, etc.).

4.5.8 Work Orders

Overview

Work Orders are a tool that can be used by project leaders to communicate with team members what their specifi. Work Orders are usually an assignment of work to be accomplished, but can also be requests to internal employees for quotes. Work Orders contain meta-data ranging from Projects, Employees and Job Titles to Documents, Time Entry and Transition History.

Key Concepts

Work Orders provide a number of benefits:

- Work Orders allow for time collection without the knowledge of WBS paths. If used extensively, employees do not need to know anything about WBS paths, labor codes, or job titles. This makes time entry far simpler.
- Work Orders also allow project managers to construct project plans that fit the project rather than conforming to some strict generic company-wide coding system.
- Work Orders are proactive when used in place of emails. They alleviate much of the time transfer work that goes on after time collection.
- Small units of work can be managed without changing the project plan. Work Orders can be set to demand that Estimates to Complete be provided by the employee when citing the work order during time

sheet collection.

- Budgets can be assigned to work orders so that the project manager can analyze performance when maintaining the plan.
- Work Orders Work in conjunction with Process Templates to create stages that a Work Order Must go through to completion. <u>More on Process Templates</u>

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. More on Toolbar Options

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- Process (Description)
 - New [Process] When you have selected a Process Type in the Process Types Drop-down, you will be
 able to create a New Process Type of that selection.
 - Delete [Process] When you have selected a Process Type in the Process Types Drop-down, you will be able to delete the selected Process Type.
- New The New button on the toolbar creates a new Work Order.
- Save The Save button saves the current work order, but maintains focus on the new Work Order.
- Save / New The Save / New button saves the current work order, the blanks out the Work Order form to start a new Work Order.
- Delete Deletes the selected Work Order.
- Refresh Refreshes the Grid View grid.

Other Options

Work Orders has a couple other options that are used when filtering & searching Work Orders

- Assigned to Me When selected, Only Work Orders assigned to the Logged in user will show in the Grid/ Card Views.
- Over Due When selected, only Work Orders that are past the "Estimated Finish Date" on the Work Order
- Include Complete When selected, Work Orders that have a status of Complete will show in the Grid/ Card Views.
- Include Closed When selected, Work Orders that have a status of Closed will show in the Grid/Card Views.
- Search Box Text Search that seaches the Text, Comments and IS's of all Work Orders.

4.5.8.1 Work Orders Filters (Left Pane)

Overview

The Work Order Filters Pane contains important information to locate Work Orders that have been created.

Note - You will only be able to see Process Templates that the logged in user has Permissions to.

Field Descriptions

Top Filters

- Process Types The drop-down will display only Process Templates that the logged in user has access
 to. Additionally, you will see an option for Unattached Work Orders that displays all Work Orders that are
 not associated with a Process Template.
- Project WBS Filter When a Project Path is selected, the list of Processes will filter down to those
 processes associated with the WBS. Note: You have to go down to the lowest level of the WBS when
 using the filter.

[Process Type] Tab

- Check All When selected, the list of instances will be filtered to all Instances of that Process.
- Include Closed Processes When selected, All closed Instances of the selected Process will be displayed.
- Default Columns
 - o Show When selected, the Work Orders associated with that instance will be displayed.
 - o Name Name of the Process Instance
 - o Total Items Total Items in that Process Instance
- Other Columns (available through Column Chooser)
 - WBS Path Project Long Path
 - o WBS Name Project Long Name
 - o Project Path Project Path
 - Project Project Name
 - Completed Items Number of Items that have been completed in the Instance
 - o Items Total Number of Items that have been completed in the Instance

Filters Tab

- Stages Stages are populated from the stages associated with the selected Process Template
 - o Check Box When selected, the Work Orders are filtered by the selected Stage.
 - Stage Stage Name
- Tags Tags are populated from the Tags associated with the selected Process Template
 - Check Box When selected, the Work Orders are filtered by the selected Tag.
 - o Tag Tag Name

4.5.8.2 Work Orders Grid View

Overview

The Work Orders Grid View is allows you to see your Work Orders in a Horizontal Grid View. You are able to easily filter using Header Filters in addition to the Text Search and Filter Check-boxes. Additionally, you are able to Bulk change as well as drag & drop work Orders to other Processes from this view.

Note - Anything that needs to be highlighted for the users

Field Descriptions

Grid View Header

- Backward Moves the selected Work Order to the previous stage in the Process Instance.
- Forward Moves the selected Work Order to the next stage in the Process Instance.
- Bulk Edit Activated when you click the Check-boxes in the first column of the Grid. Allows you to change Key Fields in bulk. **Note:** Bulk Edit only works within One Process Instance at a time.
- Drag and Drop You are able to Drag and Drop Work Orders from One Process Instance to another. To
 Drag and Drop, left-click and drag on the numbers column on the left side of the Grid View (Fig.1) until all
 of the Work Orders that you want moved are highlighted. Release the mouse button, and left click and
 hold on any of the numbers in the left column. Drag over to the destination Process Instance and release.
 You will be prompted with a confirmation prompt that gives you the number of items that are being
 moved.

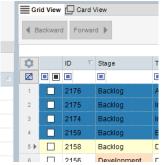


Fig.1

Check All - When selected, All Work Orders in the grid will be selected/de-selected.

Grid View

- Check-box Allows you to select multiple Work Orders to "Move Forward". "Move Backward" or Bulk Edit.
- ID Work Order ID
- Stage The Stage that the Work Order is currently in.
- Title Title of the Work Order
- Comments Comments on the Chat Tab. (Read / Total)
- ToDos Todos on the To Do Tab. (Complete / Total)
- Employee Code Code of the Employee assigned to the Work Order.
- Score User Definable Difficulty Score.

4.5.8.3 Work Orders Card View

Overview

The Work Orders Chart View is an interactive Board that allows you to see all of your Work Orders organized into "Swim Lanes" that are made up of the Stages in the Process Template. To see the Work Order detail, simply double-click on the Card.

Field Descriptions

Card View info

- Swim Lanes are made from the Stages in the Process Templates.
- Left-click and drag a card to another lane to advance a card.
- Swim Lane headers give a count of the visible Work Orders.

Card View Layout

- Work Order Number (ID)
- Work Order Summary
- Tag (Left Center)
- Chat (Right Center)
- Owner Name
- To Dos (Complete / Total)

4.5.8.4 Work Order Detail (Right Pane)

Overview

The Work Order Detail Screen is where the detail for a work order is entered. It is accessed by clicking on the *New* button in the Work Orders screen, or by double-clicking on a work order in the Navigator List.

Info Tab

- Subject A summary of what the Work Order is for.
- Description A detailed description of what the Work Order is for.

Stage

• Stage - Stage of the Process Instance that the Work Order is in.

Dates/Hours

• Estimated Start - Estimated start date of work order. (Calculator - If Estimated Hours and End Date are filled in the Start Date can be Calculated)

- Estimated Finish Estimated completion date of work order. (Calculator If Estimated Hours and Start
 Date are filled in the End Date can be Calculated)
- Estimated Hours Estimate hours required for work order. (Calculator If Estimated Start and End Date
 are filled in the Estimated Hours can be Calculated. Using Hours Per Day)
- ETC Date Estimated Completion Date
- ETC Hours Estimated to Complete as of the last time entry. Note: By default it starts as the same number as the Estimated Hours
- Hours Per Day Work Hours per day

Assignment

- Project Project WBS for which the work order is intended. More on Projects
- Employee Assigned employee. More on Employees
- Job Title Default job title. Can be overridden at time sheet entry. More on Job Titles
- Labor Code Default labor code. Can be overridden at time sheet entry. More on Labor Codes
- Bill Status Default bill status. Can be overridden as time sheet entry.
- · Score User Definable Difficulty Score.

Custom Fields

Custom Fields created on the Custom Fields Tab in Process Templates show up here. <u>More on Process</u>
 Templates Custom Fields Tab

Chat Tab

- The Chat tab is where anyone assigned to the Work Order can carry on a conversation
- Right-Clicking on a comment gives you the ability to Copy, Mark Unread or Delete a comment
- Chat supports Markdown

To Do Tab

- The To Do tab allows for the creation of a "punch-list" of To Dos associated with the Work Order.
- Check the Complete box to "strike through" the To Do.

Tags Tab

- The Tags tab you to Tag the Work Order with the predetermined list of Tags from the Process Templates applet. More on Process Templates > Tags Tab
- To add new To Dos, you must add them to the Process Template.

Time Tab

- The Time tab allows you to enter time against the Work Order.
- Allows you to select the Date, Hours, Minutes and the Time Type (Regular & OT).
- You can add Time Sheet comments.

- Auto Reduce ETC Hours When selected, the ETC Hours will be reduced by the hours entered on the Time Sheet.
- Show All Time When selected, All Time entered against the specific Work Order will be shown in the Time Grid.

Documents Tab

• The Documents tab allows you to associate Documents with the specific Work Orders.

Subscribers Tab

 The Subscribers Tab allows you to assign individuals to a Work Order who are not going to be assigned to it.

History Tab

- The History Tab shows the Historical movement from one stage to another within a Process.
- Note: When you move a Work Order to a new Process Instance, the History Tab is blanked out.

4.6 Purchasing

4.6.1 Overview

Purchasing in InFocus is used to manage the purchasing and receipt of **goods and services**.

Once enabled, each component of the Purchasing module can be used in whole or in part based on the requirements of each individual firm.

- Purchase Order Management
- Approvals
- Receipt of Goods
- Conversion to Purchase Journal

Purchase Order Management

Purchase Orders can be created and managed through the applets found in the Purchasing module. Governed by permissions, PO's inherit controls and settings from Global Settings, Employees and Vendors that define requirements for creation and management. Furthermore, created Purchase Orders can be subject to approval and/or receiving requirements as needed.

Approvals

If enabled, Purchase Orders will undergo an approval process prior to being issued. InFocus uses line-item approvals where each line can be marked Approved or Rejected.

Approvals can be granted automatically (based on a set of approval rules) or by an assigned approver or delegate.

Receipt of Goods

Purchase Order fulfillment can be tracked by enabling Receipt of Goods.

When enabled, this provides the ability to mark a Purchase Order as received. Similar to approvals, InFocus uses line-item receiving.

Conversion to Purchase Journal

Purchase Orders can be converted directly to the Purchase Journal and each applet in the Purchasing module makes this tool available. Additionally, InFocus supports pre-billing where a Purchase Order can be billed out prior to being issued.

4.6.2 Getting Started with Purchasing

4.6.2.1 Setup

4.6.2.1.1 Global Settings

Overview

Primary setup for the Purchasing module is completed in Global Settings. There, you'll **enable features** related to Purchasing and **define rules** for <u>Approvals</u>, <u>Pre-Billing</u>, <u>Shipping</u> and <u>Auto-Codes</u>.

Configurations are made using the following tabs in Global Settings:

- Purchasing Tab
- Auto Codes Tab

Purchasing Tab

Using the Purchasing tab, you'll enable the following features and controls used by Purchasing.

Note Use Purchase Orders is the only requirement for getting started with Purchasing. Each additional setting is used to further define settings and controls for working with Purchase Orders.

- Use Purchase Orders Enables the use of the Purchasing Module and related applets and fields
- Enable Receipt of Goods Enables the Receipt of Goods feature with the ability to mark ordered items as received.
- Enable Vendor Shipping Address Enables the use of Vendor Allowable Ship To rules for defining Shipping addresses available to Purchase Orders. Defined via AP>Vendors>Purchasing tab.
- Enable Employee Shipping Address Enables the use of Employee Allowable Ship To rules for defining Shipping addresses available to Purchase Orders. Defined via HR>Employees>Purchasing tab.
- Custom Comment Box 1 Label Defines the InFocus label text for the top custom comment box in the PO>Purchase Order applet
- Custom Comment Box 2 Label Defines the InFocus label text for the bottom custom comment box in the PO>Purchase Order applet
- Use Purchase Order Approval Enables approvals for Purchase Order items. Left unchecked, all Purchase Orders are auto-approved.
 - Employee PO Approver Approvals are made by an employee-assigned approver. Defined via HR>Employees>Purchasing.
 - Employee Timesheet Approver Approvals are made by an employee-assigned Timesheet Approver(s). Defined via HR>Employees>Accounting/Rates.
 - o Project Responsible Approvals are made by the project-assigned Project Leader (e.g. Project

Manager, Project Accountant, Principle-in-charge). Defined via PA>Projects>Members.

- Allow Purchase orders to be included in Sales Enables the ability to pre-bill Purchase Orders
 - o ICC Allow for ICC expense. Default Bill Status is also defined.
 - o OCC Allow for OCC expense. Default Bill Status is also defined.
 - o ODC Allow for ODC expense. Default Bill Status is also defined.
 - o PO AP Account Default AP Account to use in the Purchase Journal entry
 - o PO Liability Account Default PO Liab. Account to use in the Purchase Journal entry
- Default Bill To Bill To address to include on Purchase Orders
 - Overridable on Purchase Order When checked, Default Bill To can be overridden on the Purchase Order
- Default Allow Shipping To Defines where a Purchase Order item can be shipped to. Alternatively, a Specific Address can also be listed. This can be further defined per Employee and/or Vendor.
 - Overridable on Purchase Order When checked, Default Bill To can be overridden on the Purchase Order
- Global Approval Rules Defines a set of criteria for determining if a Purchase Order item requires approval. Rules can be further defined per Employee and/or Purchase Item.
 - o Approval Require All When checked, all criteria must be met to require approvals

Read more on the Purchasing Tab

Auto Codes Tab

Auto Codes can be used to auto-generate Purchase Order codes. Read More about the Auto Codes Tab.

4.6.2.1.2 Permissions

Overview

To begin working with Purchasing, you'll assign permissions to the appropriate groups and/or users.

Permissions are available for the following applets, defined in the tutorial below:

- Items
- My Purchase Orders
- Purchase Order Management
- Purchase Orders
- Receipt of Goods

Tutorial

Please complete the steps below to grant access permissions as appropriate.

- 1. Browse to Administration>Permissions
- 2. Select the **Groups and/or Users** you wish to grant permissions to
- 3. On the row next to the Group/User, click the lockbox. A dialogue will display.
- **4.** From the Groups and/or Users Permissions tab, grant permissions as appropriate. Below is a list of permissions and what they grant access to.
- 5. Once the permissions have been selected, click Save.

Note, click for more information on **Purchasing Special Rights**.

Module	Applet	Special Rights	Description
Purchasing	Items	n/a	Applet used to define frequently ordered items for quick reference when creating Purchase Orders
	My Purchase Orders	 Can create Purchase Journal Can issue Purchase Order Can set not received Can set received 	Management applet geared for general users to view their submitted Purchase Orders and/or manage Purchase Orders for which they are an Approver or Delegate
	Purchase Order Management	 Can create Purchase Journal Can issue Purchase Order Can set not received Can set received 	Administrative applet geared for Purchase Order Managers to view and manage all existing Purchase Orders
	Purchase Orders	 Can Cancel a Purchase Order Can create Purchase Journal Can edit after Issued Can Override X-rates Can set not received Can set received Change Key Fields Edit Grid 	Handles the creation and management of Purchase Orders
	Receipt of Goods	Can set not received	Administrative applet for managing the receipt of issued Purchase Orders. This applet is geared for staff who work in Receiving

4.6.2.1.3 List Management

List Management governs the **drop down lists** that appear throughout the Purchasing module and related applets and includes both System and User definable lists.

User Lists can be defined in AD>List Management and include the following:

- FOB Terms
- PO Item Receipts Status
- Shipping Terms
- Unit Types

4.6.2.2 Key Concepts

4.6.2.2.1 Purchasing Workflow

Overview

Purchasing in InFocus uses the following workflow. Enabled in <u>Global Settings</u>, much of the workflow is considered optional and based on the requirements of your firm.

Purchasing Workflow

- 1. Purchase Order Created
- 2. Purchase Order Approved (optional)
- 3. Purchase Order Issued
 - a. Purchase Order Pre-Billed (optional)
- 4. Purchase Order Received (optional)
- 5. Purchase Order Converted to a Purchase Journal

Purchase Order Management

Purchase Orders are managed throughout this workflow by completing one of the related tasks.

- Approval
- Issue
- Receipt of Goods
- Convert to Purchase Journal

These tasks can be performed across the following applets. The applet you use for management is a matter of preference based on your role.

- My Purchase Orders Can be used by any user to view the status of their submitted Purchase Orders and/or manage those Purchase Orders to which they are assigned as Approver or Delegate
- Purchase Order Management Administrative applet geared for Purchase Order Managers
- Receipt of Goods Administrative applet geared for staff who work in Receiving

Purchasing Workflow Descriptions

Purchase Order Created

Purchase Orders are created via the Purchase Orders applet.

Creating a new Purchase Order consists of assigning a unique PO Number, PO Name, Requester, PO Date and applicable line-items. All other fields are considered optional and are used as needed to support your firm's requirements for Purchasing.

Once created, a Purchase Order can be submitted for approval (optional - if not using approvals, the PO is

auto-approved).

Purchase Order Approved (optional)

If enabled, Purchase Orders can undergo an <u>approval process</u> prior to being issued. InFocus uses line-item approvals where each line can be marked Approved or Rejected. A Purchase Order's Approval Status is not marked Approved until all lines have been approved.

Approvals can be granted automatically (based on a set of approval rules) or by an assigned approver or delegate.

Approval options are available from the following applets for employees designated as an approver or <u>delegate</u> of an approver.

- Purchase Orders
- My Purchase Orders
- Purchase Order Management

Once approved, a Purchase Order can be issued to the vendor for fulfillment.

Purchase Order Issued

Once approved, whether by approval process or auto-approval, a Purchase Order is issued to the vendor for fulfillment.

Purchase Orders can be issued by clicking Issue from the toolbar of the following applets.

- Purchase Orders
- My Purchase Orders
- Purchase Order Management

Purchase Order Pre-Billed (optional)

Purchase Orders can be optionally <u>pre-billed</u> at the time they are issued to the vendor, prior to receiving an actual invoice.

This optional feature can help streamline the collection of reimbursable expense and be helpful for managing pay-when-paid contracts.

Once issued, the Purchase Order is marked Open and ready to be received.

Purchase Order Received (optional)

Purchase Order fulfillment can be tracked by enabling Receipt of Goods.

When enabled, this provides the ability to mark a Purchase Order as received. Similar to approvals, InFocus uses line-item receiving. A Purchase Order's Receipt Status is not marked Received until all lines have been received.

Receiving options are available from the following applets:

- My Purchase Orders
- Purchase Order Management

· Receipt of Goods

Purchase Order Converted to Purchase Journal

Purchase Orders are used to manage the purchasing process. However, until posted, a Purchase Order has no impact on Accounts Payable, Billing or the G/L.

Once a Purchase Order has been fulfilled, the associated invoice can be <u>posted to the Purchase Journal</u>, making the purchase available to A/P, Billing, etc.

Note In the case of a pre-billed Purchase Order, the pre-bill is simply updated to a formal Purchase Journal.

4.6.2.2.2 Line Item Management

A key concept to highlight is that Purchase Orders in InFocus are managed at the line-item level.

When created, a Purchase Order will include one or multiple lines. For management purposes, each line is managed separately and, as such, statuses are built from the sum of all lines.

So, for instance, if there are ten line-items on the Purchase Order and only nine have been approved, the Purchase Order is considered unapproved until all ten lines have been approved.

Note InFocus provides tools to update all lines at once (e.g. click the Approve button to approve all highlighted lines)

Line-Item Management extends to the following processes:

- Approvals
- Receipt of Goods
- Conversion to Purchase Journal

4.6.2.2.3 Purchase Order Approvals

Overview

Purchase Orders can, optionally, undergo an approval process prior to being issued.

Purchase Orders use <u>line-item approval</u> where each line-item can be marked Approved or Rejected. A Purchase Order's approval status is not set to Approved until all line-items have been approved.

If not enabled, all Purchase Orders will be auto-approved upon submission.

When enabled, approvals will be granted by an assigned employee approver, delegate or auto-approved based on a set of approval rules.

Employee Approvers

When enabling Purchase Order Approvals (Global Settings), you'll choose one of the following approval methods:

- Employee PO Approver
- Employee Timesheet Approver

• Project Responsible

Once a Purchase Order is submitted, the assigned approver (based on the method) is responsible to approve or reject each item listed on the Purchase Order.

Approvals can be made from the <u>Purchase Orders</u>, <u>My Purchase Orders</u> and <u>Purchase Order Management</u> applets

Employee PO Approver

Similar to Time & Expense Sheets, Purchase Orders are approved by an employee-assigned PO approver.

Employee PO Approvers are assigned via HR>Employees>Purchasing tab.

Employee Timesheet Approver

Using this option, Purchase Orders are approved by an employee-assigned Timesheet approver(s).

Employee Timesheet Approvers are assigned via HR>Employees>Accounting & Rates tab.

Project Responsible

Purchase Orders are approved by the project-assigned Project Leader (e.g. Project Manager, Project Accountant, Principle-in-charge).

Project Leaders are assigned via PA>Projects>Members.

Delegates

Delegates can be assigned approve Purchase Orders on behalf of an approver.

Configured in the Employees applet (HR>Employees>Delegates tab), each employee can be assigned one (or multiple) delegates to act on their behalf.

More on Delegates

Approval Rules

Approval Rules define a set of criteria used in determining if an item requires approval. For instance, a rule could be configured to enforce approvals on Purchase Order items exceeding \$1,000.00.

Approval Rules can be established Globally, per Employee, Vendor and/or Purchase Item.

- Global Settings AD>Global Settings>Purchasing tab
- Employee HR>Employees>Purchasing tab
- Vendors AP>Vendors>Purchasing tab
- Purchase Items PO>Purchase Items>Approval Rules column

If a Purchase Item meets any defined criteria, approval is required. If no criteria is met, the item is auto-

approved.

4.6.2.2.4 Purchase Order Statuses

Throughout the Purchasing workflow, a Purchase Order will receive status updates for Completion, Approval, Issuance and Receipt.

While each status is sourced from the sum of all line-item statuses on a Purchase Order, they can be viewed in summary in the Purchase Orders applet.

Completion

Status of the PO in the fulfillment process

- In Progress Purchase Order has been created
- Open Purchase Order has been issued but not received in full
- · Closed Purchase Order has been issued, received and invoiced

Approval

Status of the PO in the approval process

- Unsubmitted Purchase Order has been created but not submitted
- Submitted Purchase Order has been submitted for approval (or auto-approval)
- Rejected Purchase Order has been rejected by an approver
- Approved All lines on the Purchase Order have been approved

Issuance

Status of issuance

- Not Issued Purchase Order has not been issued
- Date/Time Stamp Date of issuance

Receipt

Status of Receipt of Goods. PO Item Receipt Statuses are user-defined via UT>List Management.

4.6.2.2.5 Ship To Addresses

When working with Purchase Orders, defining where an item can be **shipped to** is a key control. For example, you may not want to allow a new laptop to be shipped to an employee's home address.

For each Purchase Order issued, you'll select a Ship To address from a list of allowable addresses. Addresses are categorized in InFocus across various applets (e.g. Employees, Clients, Projects, etc.).

Allowable addresses are defined by category through <u>Global Settings</u> and, optionally, <u>Employees</u> and/or <u>Vendors</u>.

4.6.2.2.6 Vendors

Purchase Orders are assigned a vendor for fulfillment. This could be for the provision of goods and/or services.

For instance, a Purchase Order might be used to manage an order of supplies from a distributor in which case the vendor assigned would be the distributor. Likewise, the vendor could be a sub-consultant or sub-consulting firm assigned to provide a contracted service.

Based on the assigned vendor, the Purchase Order will inherit certain attributes configured in the Vendor record. While common vendor A/P settings will apply when converting the PO to a Purchase Journal, additional attributes can govern the creation of the Purchase Order itself, notably:

- Single Project per PO When checked, all lines on a single Purchase Order must charge the same project
- Require Items on PO As required, all line-items on a single Purchase Order may require the use of Item Codes. Additionally, individual Item Codes can be restricted for use to a specified vendor.
- PO Approver Override Vendors can be configured to use a vendor-specific approver
- Approval Requirements Vendors can be configured to use vendor-specific approval rules
- Allowable Ship-To Vendors can be configured to use vendor-specific allowable ship-to address categories

Additional settings are discussed under Vendors in the Purchasing tab.

4.6.2.2.7 Employees (Requested By)

Purchase Orders require an assigned Requester, which will either be you (the logged in employee) or an employee to which you are assigned as a delegate.

Based on the assigned requester, the Purchase Order will inherit certain attributes from Employee record. Notable attributes include:

- Approval Requirements Employees can be configured to use employee-specific approval rules
- Allowable Ship-To Employees can be configured to use employee-specific allowable ship-to address categories

Additional settings are discussed under Employees in the Purchasing tab.

4.6.2.2.8 Delegates

Delegates allow one employee to enter and/or approve Purchase Orders on behalf of another employee.

Configured in the Employees applet (HR>Employees>Delegates tab), each employee can be assigned one (or multiple) delegates to act on their behalf.

Delegates assigned to an employee are able to perform the following tasks:

- PO Entry Create a Purchase Order on behalf of the employee. When creating a Purchase Order, the delegate will select the employee as the Requester.
- PO Approvals Approve Purchase Orders on behalf of the employee. The delegate will have access to approve any Purchase Order for which the employee is assigned as an approver. Approvals can be made via PO>My Purchase Orders, PO>Purchase Orders and PO>Purchase Order Management

4.6.2.2.9 Pre-Billing

Overview

Purchase Orders can be pre-billed at the time they are issued to the vendor, prior to receiving an actual

invoice/voucher.

This optional feature expedites the collection of reimbursable expense and can be helpful for managing paywhen-paid contracts.

When utilized, InFocus posts a single, zero-dollar Purchase Journal entry marked Is Purchase Order. This entry, will not impact A/P reporting but will reflect when billing.

The entry will include a zero-dollar credit to Accounts Payable, a debit to Expense and a credit to a PO Liability Account, offsetting the expense.

Once the invoice is received from your vendor, you'll convert the existing Purchase Journal to a formal entry (e.g. Purchase Journal crediting A/P and debiting Expense) by clicking <u>Convert to PO</u> in the Purchase Journal applet. Expense lines will be marked billed, if already billed, and the vendor invoice can be processed normally using A/P Check Writing or other preferred method.

Setup

Setup for this optional feature is completed via AD>Global Settings>Purchasing tab under <u>Allow Purchase</u> Orders to be included in Sales.

Procurement End of Month

Depending on the accounting controls your firm has in place, you may be required to reverse pre-bills at month-end. Typically this will be for firms who wish to keep non-invoiced expenses off of their Financial Statements. This can be done using the Procurement End of Month applet where you'll manage the reversal of PO Liability and Expense.

4.6.2.2.10 Purchase Journal

Overview

Purchase Orders are used to manage the purchasing process. However, until posted, a Purchase Order has no impact on Accounts Payable, Billing or the G/L.

Once a Purchase Order has been fulfilled, the associated invoice can be posted to the Purchase Journal, making the purchase available to A/P, Billing, etc.

Purchase Orders can be posted to the Purchase Journal by using Convert to Purchase Journal found in the Purchasing applets or by using one of the following toolbar options found in the Purchase Journal: Convert to PJ (pre-billed Purchase Orders only), New from PO, Add From PO.

Alternatively, Purchase Journals can be created manually from the vendor invoice and then linked to the PO line-items using Link PO found in the toolbar of the Purchase Journal.

Each line in the Purchase Journal can be linked to one, or multiple, PO line-items and will inherit the attributes of those line-items (e.g. Project, Qty, Unit Rate, Expense Code, etc.).

Once created and linked, the Purchase Order is considered closed and the Purchase Journal will be used to track Project Cost, Billings and A/P Processing.

Field Descriptions

When Purchase Orders are enabled, the following toolbar options will be displayed in the Purchase Journal.

- Link PO Used to view and manage Purchase Order line-items linked to the highlighted Purchase Journal line.
- Convert to PJ Converts a pre-billed Purchase Order to a formal Purchase Journal (e.g. Purchase Journal crediting A/P and debiting Expense)
- New from PO Creates a new Purchase Journal from a specified Purchase Order
- Add from PO Adds line-items from an existing Purchase Order to the loaded Purchase Journal

4.6.3 Items

Overview

Items applet allows you to define **frequently ordered items** for quick reference when creating <u>Purchase</u> Orders.

While **optional**, Items can be helpful in that they centralize the management of commonly ordered items and pre-define the attributes used on the Purchase Order, including:

- Vendor Restriction (e.g. item is purchased exclusively through a designated vendor)
- Unit Cost Items are attributed a Unit Cost which is used for cost calculation in conjunction with the Quantity when added to the Purchase Order (e.g. Qty * Unit Cost)
- Expense Code Used when posting to the Purchase Journal
- G/L Base Code for Direct and Overhead expense
- Approval Rules InFocus supports <u>line-item approval</u>. Approval Rules are used in determining if an item requires approval.

Active Items are available to any user creating a Purchase Order. Though Items pre-define the line-item attributes, these can be overwritten when being added to the Purchase Order.

Field Descriptions

Toolbar

- Save Saves all Items in the grid
- · Refresh Refreshes grid with recently added items

Items Grid

- Active When checked, the Item is available for use in creating Purchase Orders
- Item Code Unique item code
- Description Item description
- Unit Unit of measurement an Item represents (e.g. Each, Dozen, Box, Day, etc.)
- Unit Cost Item cost per unit
- · Vendor Restricts an Item to a designated vendor
- Expense Code Expense Code to use in Purchase Journal Posting
- Direct Base Code Direct Base Code to use in Purchase Journal posting. Note, the Item's Direct Base Code will override the Direct Base Code associated with an Item's Expense Code.

- Overhead Base Code Overhead Base Code to use in Purchase Journal posting. Note, the Item's Overhead Base Code will override the Overhead Base Code associated with an Item's Expense Code.
- Approval Rules Used to add Approval Rules to an Item (e.g. Purchase Order Line Cost Amount > \$1,000.00)

Additional Fields

In addition to the displayed grid columns, Items makes additional columns available using the column chooser (gear icon). Definitions are listed under the standard Purchasing Columns.

4.6.4 My Purchase Orders

Overview

My Purchase Orders is a management applet geared for general users to view their submitted Purchase Orders and/or manage Purchase Orders for which they are an <u>Approver</u> or <u>Delegate</u>.

Using the filters in the header, Purchase Orders can be loaded and managed per line-item.

How to load Purchase Order lines

- 1. Set filters in the applet header
- 2. Click Run
- 3. Rows will load into the grid
- 4. Line-items can be managed individually from the grid or en masse by highlighting multiple rows

Field Descriptions

Toolbar

- · Approve Mark highlighted line-items as Approved
- Reject Mark highlighted line-items as Rejected
- Issue Issue an approved Purchase Order to the Vendor. Launches the Issue Purchase Order dialogue.
- Received Mark highlighted line-items as Received
- Convert to Purchase Journal Converts a received Purchase Order to a Purchase Journal for standard A/P Processing and Billing. Launches the Convert to Purchase Order dialogue.

Filters and Grid Columns

- # Purchase Order Items Label showing the number of selected line-items
- Toggle All Checks/Unchecks all loaded rows in the grid

My Purchase Orders uses standard Purchasing Filters and Columns.

4.6.5 Purchase Order Management

Overview

Purchase Order Management is an administrative applet geared for Purchase Order Managers to view and manage all existing Purchase Orders.

Using the filters in the header, Purchase Orders can be loaded and managed per line-item.

How to load Purchase Order lines

- 1. Set filters in the applet header
- 2. Click Run
- 3. Rows will load into the grid
- 4. Line-items can be managed individually from the grid or en masse by highlighting multiple rows

Field Descriptions

Toolbar

- Approve Mark highlighted line-items as Approved
- · Reject Mark highlighted line-items as Rejected
- Issue Issue an approved Purchase Order to the Vendor. Launches the <u>Issue Purchase Order</u> dialogue.
- Received Mark highlighted line-items as Received
- Convert to Purchase Journal Converts a received Purchase Order to a Purchase Journal for standard A/P Processing and Billing. Launches the Convert to Purchase Order dialogue.

Filters and Grid Columns

Toggle All - Checks/Unchecks all loaded rows in the grid

Purchase Order Management uses standard Purchasing Filters and Columns.

4.6.6 Purchase Orders

Overview

Purchase Orders applet handles the creation and management of Purchase Orders.

Purchase Orders are created to track the fulfillment of goods and services (e.g. Supplies, Sub-consultant contracts, etc.).

Creating a new Purchase Order consists of assigning a unique PO Number, PO Name, Requester, PO Date and applicable line-items. All other fields are considered optional and are used as needed to support your firm's requirements for Purchasing.

Purchase Orders are processed (Submitted, Approved, Issued, etc.) on a <u>line-item basis</u>. As such each Purchase Order must include at least one line-item.

Each line-item should include all information necessary to support the requirements of the Purchase Order. Additionally, if using Convert to Purchase Journal, each line-item should support your A/P and Billing requirements for the Purchase Journal entry. This may include attributes such as: Project, Expense Code, G/L Account, etc. Note, many attributes can be pre-defined using the Items applet.

While each Purchase Order may have varying levels of complexity, line-items can be added manually in the grid, added by using a pre-defined <u>ltem</u> or copied from an existing PO (<u>Add from PO</u>).

Field Definitions

Toolbar Buttons

- Save Saves the Purchase Order
- New Create a new Purchase Order
- Copy Creates a Copy of the loaded Purchase Order
- Delete Deletes the loaded Purchase Order. Note this deletes the entire Purchase Order. To delete individual rows, highlight the row(s) and use the **Delete** key.
- Documents Loads the <u>Documents dialogue</u> from which documents can be uploaded, viewed, modified and/or deleted.
- Submit Submits the Purchase Order for approval. InFocus supports line-item approval.
- Recall Recall a previously submitted Purchase Order
- Reject Reject all lines on a submitted Purchase Journal
- Approve Approve all lines on a Purchase Order
- Issue Issue an approved Purchase Order to the Vendor. Launches the <u>Issue Purchase Order</u> dialogue.
- Cancel Cancels an issued Purchase Order
- Add from PO Copies a line-item from an existing Purchase Order. Launches the Add from PO dialogue.
- Convert to Purchase Journal Converts a received Purchase Order to a Purchase Journal for standard A/P Processing and Billing. Launches the Convert to Purchase Order dialogue.
- Print Print the loaded Purchase Order

PO Header

- PO Lookup (upper right) Search by PO Number or internal ID
- Requester Employee requesting the purchase order. Required. Each logged in employee can select themselves or any employee to which they are assigned as a Delegate.
- PO Number Purchase Order number. Required and must be unique. Auto Codes are supported.
- PO Name Purchase Order name. Required.
- PO Date Purchase Order date. Required.
- Required By Date the Purchase Order should be fulfilled by. This field also supports plain text (e.g. "ASAP").
- Bill To Bill to address. Default set in Global Settings.
- Approver Default approver for Purchase Order line-items. InFocus supports line-item approval.
- Vendor Vendor responsible for fulfilling the Purchase Order
- Vendor Address Vendor address, typically a Pay To address
- Terms Vendor terms (e.g. 15 Days)
- F.O.B. Terms related Freight On Board
- Shipping Shipping terms
- Ship To Ship to address for shipped goods. Allowable Ship To addresses are sourced from Global Settings (AD>Global Settings>Purchasing tab), Employees (HR>Employees>Purchasing tab) and/or Vendor (AP>Vendors>Purchasing tab) settings.
- Custom Comment Box 1 (top) User definable text to display on the printed Purchase Order (e.g. Reference #, etc.). Defined via AD>Global Settings>Purchasing tab.
- Custom Comment Box 2 (bottom) User definable text to display on the printed Purchase Order (e.g. Reference #, etc.). Defined via AD>Global Settings>Purchasing tab.
- Template When checked, the Purchase Order is marked as a Template.
- Approval Status <u>Status of the PO</u> in the approval process. Based on the sum status of all line-items.
- Completion Status Status of the PO in the fulfillment process. Based on the sum status of all line-items.

- Receipt Status Status of receipt of goods. Based on the sum status of all line-items.
- Issue Status Status of issuance

PO Line Items

Purchase Orders uses standard Purchasing Columns.

Standard Columns

- Current (button) Displays the current version of the Purchase Order (default)
- Original (button) Displays the originally Issued version of the Purchase Order
- Line Num Row number in the grid
- Item Item Code. Optional. Click the lookup for a list of available Items.
- Quantity Quantity, used to calculate Extended cost (e.g. Quantity * Unit Price). Required.
- Unit User definable Unit Type, configured in AD>List Management.
- Unit Price Price per Unit (e.g. \$10.00 / Each, \$100.00 / Dozen, \$1500.00 / Day, etc.)
- Extended Cost extension (e.g. Quantity * Unit Price)
- Description Line-item description. Appears on Purchase Order report
- Comments Comments to appear on the Purchase Order report
- Project Path Project to be charged once Converted to Purchase Journal
- Expense Code Expense Code to govern line-item attributes when Converted to Purchase Journal (e.g. Markup, Direct G/L Base Code, etc.)
- G/L Account G/L Account to charge when Converted to Purchase Journal
- Approved Line-item approval status
- Received Line-item receipt status

Additional Columns

Below are additional columns available by clicking the column chooser (gear icon).

- Extended (Rounded) Cost extension, rounded to the nearest hundredth.
- Approved By User who approved the line item
- Approved Date Date approved
- Approver Emp ID Employee ID (internal) of the user who approved the line item
- Approver Emphame Employee Name of the user who approved the line item
- Approver Emp Code Employee Code of the user who approved the line item
- Base Cost XRate Cost Exchange Rate in Base System Currency (Multi-Currency only)
- Base Ext Cost Amount Cost extension in Base System Currency (Multi-Currency only)
- Base Ext Cost Amount Rnd Cost extension, rounded to the nearest hundredth in Base System Currency (Multi-Currency only)
- Comp Cost XRate Cost Exchange Rate in Company Currency (Multi-Currency only)
- Comp Ext Cost Amount Cost extension in Company Currency (Multi-Currency only)
- Comp Ext Cost Amount Rnd Cost extension, rounded to the nearest hundredth in Company Currency (Multi-Currency only)
- Create By User who created the record
- Create Date Date created
- Do Not Summarize Used to indicate if matching line-items should not be summarized into one line. Defaults to False (e.g. by default matching lines will be summarized).
- ECID Expense Code ID
- ECname Expense Code Name
- GLID G/L Account ID
- GLname G/L Account Name

- Note Internal notes
- Item ID Item ID
- Last Reject Date Date stamp of latest rejection
- Last Rejection Reason Reason for latest rejection
- Modify By User who last modified the record
- Modify Date Last date modified
- PJLineID Linked Purchase Journal Line ID. Established when processing Convert to Purchase Journal or by manually linking via AP>Purchase Journal>Link PO.
- POItem Approval Status ID Approval Status internal ID associated with the line item
- POItem Approval Status Code Approval Status Code associated with the line item
- POItem Receipt Status ID Receipt Status internal ID associated with the line item
- Project ID Project ID associated with the line item
- Projectname Project Name
- Project Code Project Code
- Line Internal line ID
- Project Long Name Concatenated project name (e.g. Million Dollar Bridge-Schematic Design-Task 1)
- Purchase Order ID Purchase Order ID associated with the line item
- Purchase Order Name PO Name associated with the line item
- Submit By User who submitted the Purchase Order
- Submit Date Date the Purchase Order was submitted
- Transmit By User who Issued the Purchase Order
- Transmit Date Date the Purchase Order was Issued
- Unit Typename Unit Type Name
- Received By User who marked the line-item received
- Received Date Date the line-item was received

4.6.7 Receipt of Goods

Overview

Receipt of Goods is an administrative applet for managing the receipt of issued Purchase Orders. This applet is geared for staff who work in Receiving.

Using the filters in the header, Purchase Orders can be loaded and marked as Received or Not Received.

Typically, a shipment's Purchase Order will be loaded based on the Vendor and evaluated for receipt.

How to load Purchase Order lines

- 1. Set filters in the applet header
- 2. Click Run
- 3. Rows will load into the grid
- 4. Line-items can be managed individually from the grid or en masse by highlighting multiple rows

Field Descriptions

Toolbar

- Not Received Mark highlighted line-items as Not-Received
- Received Mark highlighted line-items as Received

Filters and Grid Columns

Receipt of Goods uses a subset of standard Purchasing Filters and Columns.

4.6.8 Purchasing Tools

Overview

Below you'll find a list of standard tools used by applets in, or associated with, the Purchasing Module. Made available via <u>Permissions</u>, these tools are typically accessed from the toolbar.

4.6.8.1 Add From Purchase Order

Overview

Purchase Orders support the ability to copy a line-item from one Purchase Order to another.

Launched by clicking **Add from PO** in the Purchase Orders applet, this allows you to search existing Purchase Orders and select one or multiple lines to copy.

Search existing Purchase Orders by using the filters in the applet header.

How to Add Lines from an Existing Purchase Order

- 1. Set filters as appropriate
- Click Run
- 3. Optionally use the column filters (first row) to further refine results
- 4. Select the line-item(s) to include
- 5. Click Add Selected Lines

Field Descriptions

Add From Purchase Order uses standard purchasing Filters plus these additional fields:

- Add Selected Lines (button) Adds the highlighted rows to the loaded Purchase Order
- Cancel (button) Cancels and closes the dialogue

4.6.8.2 Add From Purchase Order (Purchase Journal)

Overview

Purchase Orders line-items can be added to an existing Purchase Journal directly from the Purchase Journal applet.

Launched by clicking **Add from PO** in the Purchase Journal applet, this allows you to search existing Purchase Orders and select one or multiple lines to add.

When added, the Purchase Journal will be versioned with added lines from the Purchase Order.

How to Add Lines from an Existing Purchase Order

- 1. Set filters as appropriate
- 2. Click Run
- 3. Optionally use the column filters (first row) to further refine results
- 4. Select the line-item(s) to include
- Click Add

Field Descriptions

Add from PO (Purchase Journal) uses standard Purchasing <u>Filters</u> and <u>Columns</u> along with the following dialogue-specific fields:

- Toggle All (check box) Selects or Deselects all line-items in the grid
- Valid (grid column) Validates the selected line-item. Errors must be resolved prior to adding to the Purchase Journal
- Filter Search Click to hide filters
- · Add (button) Adds the selected rows to the loaded Purchase Journal

4.6.8.3 Issue Purchase Order

Overview

Once a Purchase Order is approved, it can be issued to the vendor for fulfillment.

The Purchase Order is issued using a selected PO Report that can be Printed and sent, or Emailed directly to the vendor. The PO Report can optionally be archived to Document Manager (setup required).

Optionally, if enabled via Global Settings, Purchase Orders can be <u>pre-billed</u>. A pre-billed Purchase Order will be posted as a zero-dollar Purchase Journal until the vendor invoice has been received.

Once Issued, the Purchase Order will be marked Open.

Field Descriptions

- PO Report Report to generate and send to the vendor
- Send to Document Management When checked, the generated PO Report will be archived to Document Manager.
- Send Email? When checked, the PO Report will be emailed to the recipient defined by the specified SMTP Relay Account (defined in AD>Global Settings>SMTP Relay Servers tab). Email Subject and Body are also defined here.
- AP Account Accounts Payable Account to use if issuing a pre-bill
- PO Liability Account Liability Account to use if issuing a pre-bill
- GL Period Accounting Period for posting if issuing a pre-bill
- Invoice Number Invoice number to use if issuing a pre-bill
- Invoice Date Invoice Date to use if issuing a pre-bill
- Due Date Due Date to use if issuing a pre-bill
- Print Print the selected PO Report
- Refresh Button (upper right) Refreshes any listed errors
- Errors Box Reports any errors to address prior to Issuing the Purchase Order. All errors must be

resolved prior to Issuing.

- Issue and Prebill Issues the Purchase Order and posts a zero-dollar Purchase Journal for pre-bill
- · Issue Issues the Purchase Order
- Cancel Cancels the Issuance

4.6.8.4 Convert To Purchase Journal

Overview

Once an invoice has been received from the vendor, a Purchase Order can be converted to a Purchase Journal.

When converted, InFocus will post a Purchase Journal, crediting Accounts Payable and debiting Expense. Each line-item from the Purchase Order will be used to define the attributes of the Purchase Journal expense lines (e.g. Project, Expense Code, G/L Account, etc.).

Once converted, the newly created Purchase Journal will be available for billings and payments.

Convert To Purchase Journal can be run from:

- PO>My Purchase Orders
- PO>Purchase Order Management
- PO>Purchase Orders

Field Descriptions

- AP Account Accounts Payable to use in posting
- PO Liability Account PO Liability Account to use in posting as appropriate
- GL Period Accounting Period for posting
- Invoice Number Invoice Number received from the vendor (e.g. voucher number)
- Invoice Date Invoice Date for the Purchase Journal
- Due Date Due Date for the Purchase Journal
- Post (button) Posts the Purchase Order line-items to the Purchase Journal
- Cancel (button) Cancels the posting and closes the dialogue

4.6.8.5 Convert To Purchase Journal (Pre-Bills)

Overview

For Purchase Orders that have been **pre-billed**, once the PO has been fulfilled, the associated invoice can be posted using **Convert to PO** found on the Purchase Journal toolbar.

Note This tool is used for pre-billed Purchase Orders only

Field Descriptions

Convert to Purchase Journal will prompt for the following information. Once provided, click Convert to complete the conversion.

- Invoice Number Invoice number provided by the Vendor
- Invoice Date Date of the invoice
- Due Date Date the invoice is due for payment
- Convert Converts a pre-billed Purchase Order to a formal Purchase Journal (e.g. Purchase Journal crediting A/P and debiting Expense)
- Cancel Cancels the conversion

4.6.8.6 Link PO

Overview

The Linked Items dialogue is used to manage links between the Purchase Journal and an originating Purchase Order.

Launched by the Link PO toolbar button in the Purchase Journal, Linked Items allows you to view, add or remove linked PO line-items to/from the highlighted Purchase Journal line.

Each line in the Purchase Journal can be linked to one, or multiple, PO line-items.

Field Descriptions

- Add links to PO Items Launches the Add from PO dialogue to filter and select line-items to link to the Purchase Journal line.
- Unlink (button) Removes the link between the Purchase Order line and the PO line-item.

Additional Fields

Link PO uses standard Purchasing Columns.

4.6.9 Reference

Overview

Below you'll find a list of standard Filters and Grid Column descriptions used by applets found in the Purchasing Module.

4.6.9.1 Filters Index

Overview

Throughout the Purchasing module, you'll find a similar set of filters used for searching and loading records. Below is a list of definitions.

Field Descriptions

- Clear (button) Clears all filters
- Run (button) Performs a search of existing Purchase Order line-items based on the designated filters
- Purchase Order Number Filters by specified Purchase Order Number. Available to Purchase Order

Management applet only.

- Dates
 - PO Date Filters results based on From/Through PO Dates
 - Required By Date Filters results based on From/Through Required By dates
- Status Shows all Purchase Order line-items with the designated statuses
 - o Open Completion Status = Open
 - Closed Completion Status = Closed
 - Unsubmitted Approval Status = Unsubmitted
 - Submitted Approval Status = Submitted
 - Approved Approval Status = Approved
 - Rejected Approval Status = Rejected
 - o Received Receipt Status = Received
 - o Received Partial Receipt Status = Received Partial
 - Not Received Receipt Status = Not Received
- Staff Filters results based on staff assignments. Not available to My Purchase Orders applet.
 - o Mine Purchase Orders for which the logged in user is the creator
 - Where I'm Approver Purchase Orders for which the logged in user is an approver
 - o Where I'm Delegate Purchase Orders for which the logged in user is a delegate
- Requester and Approver
 - o Requester Filters results based on selected requester
 - o PO Approver Filters results based on selected approver
- Issue Status Filters results based on a selected issue status
- Vendor
 - Vendor Filters results based on a selected vendor
 - Vendor Address Filters results based on a selected vendor address
- Ship To
 - Address Type Filters results based on a selected address type
 - Address Filters results based on selected ship to addresses (supports up to two)
- By Item Purchase Orders that include the selected Item
 - o Item Only Returns only the lines that include the selected Item
 - o PO with items Returns all lines from Purchase Orders that include a line for the selected Item
- Proiects
 - Project Leader Purchase Orders that include projects to which the selected Project Leader is assigned
 - Item Only Returns only the lines that include the selected Project Leader
 - PO with items Returns all lines from Purchase Orders that include a line for the selected Project Leader
 - My Projects Purchase Orders that include projects to which the logged in user is assigned as a Project Leader
 - Include Templates Include line-items from Purchase Orders marked as a Template
- Required by Date Filters results using a date range against Purchase Order Required By setting
- PO Date Filters results using a date range against Purchase Order Date setting

4.6.9.2 Columns Index

Overview

Throughout the Purchasing module, you'll find a similar set of columns available to the base grids used by the related applets. Below is a list of definitions:

Field Descriptions

Standard Columns

- Current (button) Displays the current version of the Purchase Order (default)
- Original (button) Displays the originally Issued version of the Purchase Order
- Line Num Row number in the grid
- Item Item Code. Optional. Click the lookup for a list of available Items.
- Quantity Quantity, used to calculate Extended cost (e.g. Quantity * Unit Price). Required.
- Unit User definable Unit Type, configured in AD>List Management.
- Unit Price Price per Unit (e.g. \$10.00 / Each, \$100.00 / Dozen, \$1500.00 / Day, etc.)
- Extended Cost extension (e.g. Quantity * Unit Price)
- Description Line-item description. Appears on Purchase Order report
- Comments Comments to appear on the Purchase Order report
- Project Path Project to be charged once Converted to Purchase Journal
- Expense Code Expense Code to govern line-item attributes when Converted to Purchase Journal (e.g. Markup, Direct G/L Base Code, etc.)
- G/L Account G/L Account to charge when Converted to Purchase Journal
- Approved Line-item approval status
- Received Line-item receipt status

Additional Columns

Below are additional columns available by clicking the column chooser (gear icon).

- Extended (Rounded) Cost extension, rounded to the nearest hundredth.
- Approved By User who approved the line item
- Approved Date Date approved
- Approver Emp ID Employee ID (internal) of the user who approved the line item
- Approver Emphame Employee Name of the user who approved the line item
- Approver Emp Code Employee Code of the user who approved the line item
- Base Cost XRate Cost Exchange Rate in Base System Currency (Multi-Currency only)
- Base Ext Cost Amount Cost extension in Base System Currency (Multi-Currency only)
- Base Ext Cost Amount Rnd Cost extension, rounded to the nearest hundredth in Base System Currency (Multi-Currency only)
- Comp Cost XRate Cost Exchange Rate in Company Currency (Multi-Currency only)
- Comp Ext Cost Amount Cost extension in Company Currency (Multi-Currency only)
- Comp Ext Cost Amount Rnd Cost extension, rounded to the nearest hundredth in Company Currency (Multi-Currency only)
- Create By User who created the record
- Create Date Date created
- Do Not Summarize Used to indicate if matching line-items should not be summarized into one line. Defaults to False (e.g. by default matching lines will be summarized).
- ECID Expense Code ID
- ECname Expense Code Name
- GLID G/L Account ID
- GLname G/L Account Name
- Note Internal notes
- Item ID Item ID
- Last Reject Date Date stamp of latest rejection
- Last Rejection Reason Reason for latest rejection
- Modify By User who last modified the record
- Modify Date Last date modified

- PJLineID Linked Purchase Journal Line ID. Established when processing Convert to Purchase Journal or by manually linking via AP>Purchase Journal>Link PO.
- POItem Approval Status ID Approval Status internal ID associated with the line item
- POItem Approval Status Code Approval Status Code associated with the line item
- POItem Receipt Status ID Receipt Status internal ID associated with the line item
- Project ID Project ID associated with the line item
- Projectname Project Name
- Project Code Project Code
- Line Internal line ID
- Project Long Name Concatenated project name (e.g. Million Dollar Bridge-Schematic Design-Task 1)
- Purchase Order ID Purchase Order ID associated with the line item
- Purchase Order Name PO Name associated with the line item
- Submit By User who submitted the Purchase Order
- Submit Date Date the Purchase Order was submitted
- Transmit By User who Issued the Purchase Order
- Transmit Date Date the Purchase Order was Issued
- Unit Typename Unit Type Name
- Vendor Name Vendor name
- Expense Name Expense Code Name
- Direct Name Direct Base Account Name
- Overhead Name Overhead Base Account Name
- Require All Approval Rules Indicates if an Item requires all approval rules to be met to enforce approvals
- Ven ID Vendor ID
- Received By User who marked the line-item received
- Received Date Date the line-item was received

4.7 Human Resources

4.7.1 Benefit Accrual

Overview

The purpose of Benefit Accrual is to manage time-off benefits that accrue over time based on a predetermined accrual schedule. This applet works in conjunction with the Time Sheets applet to keep track of time earned and used in various Benefit Projects. Some examples of Benefit Projects include Vacation, Sick, Paid Time Off (PTO) and Comp/Banked Time.

Key Concepts

- InFocus can keep track of multiple accruals that work with a single Benefit project as well as handle multiple accruals for multiple Benefit Projects.
- Once the initial set-up is completed, the accruals can be run on a regular basis and InFocus will generate
 a Benefit balance that employees can readily access through the Time Sheets applet.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- File Additional File Options
 - o New Creates a new Benefit Accrual. More on Benefefit Accrual Setup
 - Edit Allows the user to edit the initial setup of the current Benefit Accrual. More on Benefefit Accrual
 Setup
 - Save Saves the current Benefit Accrual
 - Delete Deletes the current Benefit Accrual
- Tools Additional Tools Options
 - o Accrual Schedules Brings up a list of Accrual Schedules. More on Accrual Schedules
- New Creates a new Benefit Accrual. More on Benefefit Accrual Setup
- Edit Allows the user to edit the initial setup of the current Benefit Accrual. More on Benefefit Accrual
 Setup
- Save Saves the current Benefit Accrual
- · Delete Deletes the current Benefit Accrual
- Accrual Schedules Brings up a list of Accrual Schedules. More on Accrual Schedules
- Run Accruals When selected, you are able to run Accruals for a single or multiple Benefit Projects "As
 of" a specified Date.
- Print Runs and prints the Benefit Accrual Status report for the loaded Benefit Project including the Accrual settings plus the Accrued YTD, Hours Taken and Balance per Member. The Benefit Accrual Status report is also accessible from the <u>Utilities>Custom Reports applet</u>.

4.7.1.1 Getting Started with Benefit Accrual

Overview

When setting up Benefit Accrual, it is imperative that you know your firm's Accrual Policy.

Things to determine prior to the setup include:

- Does your firm differentiate between Vacation and Sick time or do you lump it all under one Benefit Project (Annual Leave, PTO, etc.)?
- When does your Accrual year start?
 - o If January 1st, you will use the Calendar > Calendar type of benefit accrual.
 - If it is different for each employee based on their Hire/Accrual Date then you will use the Calendar > Anniversary type of Benefit Accrual.
- Do new employees begin accruing immediately or have to wait for a period of time (30 days, 90 days, etc.) before they are eligible?

- If they begin accruing immediately you will use the Hire Date that is in their Employee record (this is the standard default).
- o If you make employees wait to begin accruing time off you will need to make sure that there is an Accrue Date of when they are eligible to begin accruing time in their Employee record in order for the system to be able to calculate the Benefit Accrual. The "Use Accrue Date" box will need to be checked in the Accrual set-up.
- Know your standard Accrual levels (there may be exceptions, but you can deal with that after initial setup)
 - Is Accrual based on length of time with the company? For example, during the first year of employment 80 hours of Vacation time is accrued but in Year 2 employees are eligible to accrue 88 hours.
 - O What are those tiers and Accruals?
- Does your firm allow carryover of unused hours?
 - o If so, how many?
 - o Is it the same for all employees or based on how many years they've been with the company?

Once you have determined the above you can move forward with setup of Benefit Accrual.

4.7.1.2 Benefit Accrual Setup

Overview

The Benefit Accrual Setup window is where the initial options are selected when configuring a benefit project.

Key Concepts

 Before you can create a Benefit Project, you must first create an Indirect Project that will represent the Benefit it represents (ie. Vacation, Sick, etc.) <u>More on Projects</u>

Field Descriptions

Header

- Active Status of the Benefit Project
- Use Accrue Date for Schedule Placement Check this box if the accrual is based on an Accrue Date rather than the default Hire Date in the Employee file.
- Name Benefit Accrual name. If there are multiple Benefit Accruals that are for a single Benefit Project, this is how you differentiate them.
- Project Benefit Project

Accrual Type

Description - When an employee is awarded benefit hours. The Accrual Type looks at the Hire Date (Accrue Date if the box is checked to use Accrue Date for Schedule Placement) to base the accrual on when calculating. These dates are located in the Employees>Employee Information Tab.

- Calendar Accrues over the course of a year. There will be a new Benefit Year every year.
 - Type The calendar type is how the system calculates when the benefit year begins and is also used for carryover hours (if allowed). Options are Anniversary (based on the Hire Date anniversary),

Calendar (January 1st), and Fiscal Year (beginning of the Fiscal Year).

- Hours Worked Accrues after an employee works a specified number of hours. Note: Carryover will not
 work with this Accrual Type as a new Benefit Year never takes place.
 - Project Exclusions There are Projects for which the system should not use the hours to count toward the Hours Worked calculation for Accrual such as Vacation, Sick, PTO, etc. These are the Projects that will be selected in the Project Exclusions section.

Maximums

- Maximum Hours When selected, you specify the maximum hours that are allowed to be accrued.
 Entering a -1 tells the system that it is unlimited.
- Maximum Carry Over When selected, you specify the maximum number of hours that can be accrued from one year to the next. Entering a -2 tells the system that it is unlimited.

Benefit Year

Description - Where you configure the year associated with the accrual if there is no Accrual Schedule in place.

- Days in Year Number of days in accrual year.
- Periods Per Year Number of periods in accrual year.
- Work Hours Per Year Number of Work hours in accrual year.
- Accrue Hours Per Year Number of accrue hours awarded in accrual year.
- Accrue Hours Per Period Number of accrue hours awarded in period. Note: Click "Calculate" for the system to run the calculation (Calculation = Accrue Hours Per Year / Periods Per Year)

Accrual Schedule

Accrual Schedule - You can optionally associate an accrual schedule with the project. <u>More on Accrual Schedules</u>

4.7.1.3 Benefit Accrual Detail

Overview

The Benefit Accrual detail is where you manage employees and their accruals.

Field Descriptions

Header

- Project Name Name of the Accrual Project.
- Project Code Code of the Accrual Project.
- Active Status of the Accrual Project.
- Check All Selects all of the items in the grid directly below it.
- (+) Add Button
 - Left of Screen Adds a New Employee to the Members Grid.
 - o Right of Screen Adds a Manual Benefit Entry to the Transactions Grid. Requires a Transaction Date,

Transaction Amount and a Comment.

- (x) Delete Button
 - o Left of Screen Deletes the selected Employee.
 - Right of Screen Deletes the selected Benefit Transaction.
- Import Button (arrow pointing to the left into a square) When selected, all active employees are imported into the Members grid.
- Refresh Button (blue arrows in a circle) Refreshes the grids.
- Delete Last Accrual Run Button (red circle with white line) Deletes the Last Accrual Run

Members grid

- Check-box When checked, the Employee is selected for the actions above.
- Employee Employee Proper Name.
- Accrued YTD Accrued hours for the year to date.
- Used YTD Used hours for the year to date. These are calculated from time sheets that go against the accrual project.
- Current Year Start The start date for the accrual project for the current benefit year.
- Balance Accrued minus Used hours
- Delete When selected, the line will be deleted.

Note: The Column Choose (gear icon) in the Header can be accessed to add the Employee Code. This is an easy way to hyper-link to the Employee file to check Hire/Accrue Date when setting up the Benefit Accrual.

Transactions grid

- Check-box When checked, the Employee is selected for the actions above.
- Employee Employee Proper Name.
- Amount Number of hours for the line item.
- Tx Date Transaction Date.
- Type Transaction Type. Used is populated from an approved time sheet. Standard is calculated by InFocus based on the Accrual. Manual is for a manual entry. Carry-Over is for hours carried over from a previous benefit year.
- Comment Internal Comments. This is populated from the manual entry comment field or by InFocus for carry-over entries.
- Delete When the red X is selected, the line will be deleted. If there is a black lock icon this entry cannot be deleted as it is system-generated from a time sheet entry.
- Balance Shows the amount of hours remaining from the Accrual less Used/Manual entries in the Transactions grid.

4.7.1.4 Accrual Schedule

Overview

Accrual Schedules allow you to create more detailed accrual schedules than the standard setup. It also can account for multiple tiers of accruals based on length of time of employment. Accrual schedules can also be used for overrides for those employees who are granted higher accruals than the standard accrual for the company.

Key Concepts

- The Accrual Schedule allows a user to create a schedule and use it on multiple projects without having to enter the same information multiple times.
- Also, this allows for a user to establish "tiers". Tiers allow for setting a time frame that includes a certain number of Accrual Hours based on length of employment. Once an employee reaches the next tier, they begin to accrue that level of Accruable time.
- A Benefit Accrual Schedule is optional to use when using Benefit Accrual. More on Benefit Accrual Setup
- Accrual Schedule Max Hours and Max Carryover take priority over those set in Benefit Accrual Setup.
- You can also apply a schedule for individual employees. When on the main screen, pull up the indirect
 projects (If you have imported the employees affected by this accrual, you will see a list of employees).
 Double-click on the Employee name and you will get the Employee Benefit Override pop-up. More on
 Benefit Accrual Employee Benefit Override

Field Descriptions

Schedules Window

 Name - Name of the Accrual Schedule. To add a new Schedule, click the green (+) at the bottom of the pop-up.

Tiers Window

- Start Month From the initial accrual run, the number of months that pass for the accrual to start in the specific tier.
- End Month From the initial accrual run, the number of months that pass for the accrual to end in the specific tier.

- Hours Per Year Number of Work hours in accrual year.
- Total Accruable Hours Total number of accruable hours for the tier per benefit year.
- Periods Per Year Number of periods in the benefit year.
- Accrue Per Period Number of accrue hours awarded in period. (This is a system-calculated field based on Total Accruable Hours / Periods Per Year)
- Hours Per Period Number of Work hours in Period. (This is a system-calculated field based on Hours Per Year / Periods Per Year)
- Max Hours Maximum number of hours that can be accrued for the tier. Entering a -1 allows the max to be accrued based on the tier.
- Max Carryover Maximum number of hours that can be carried over to another tier. Entering a -1 allows unlimited carryover.

Footer

- Green (+) When clicked, you are able to create a new Accrual Schedule.
- Red (x) When clicked, you are able to delete the selected Accrual Schedule.

4.7.1.5 Benefit Accrual Employee Benefit Override

Overview

The Benefit Accrual Employee Benefit Override gives you the ability to override accruals on an individual basis. This is especially helpful when an employee is granted benefits outside of the standard accrual policy.

Key Concepts

The override is accessed by double-clicking on the Employee name in the Benefit Accrual detail grid.

Field Descriptions

Header

- Override Project Settings When selected, the pop-up will activate, allowing you to override the accrual settings.
- Name Name of the Employee.

Accrual Type

Calendar - Accrues over the course of a year.

- o Type The calendar type used for the accrual. Options are Anniversary, Calendar, and Fiscal Year.
- Hours Worked Accrues after an employee works a specified number of hours.

Accrual Schedule (optional)

Calendar - You can optionally associate an accrual schedule with the project. <u>More on Accrual</u>
 Schedules

Maximums

- Maximum Hours When selected, you specify the maximum hours that are allowed to be accrued.
- Maximum Carry Over When selected, you specify the maximum number of hours that can be accrued from one year to the next.

4.7.2 Diluted Pay Rates

Overview

Diluted pay rates are for salaried people whose salary amount is divided by the number of hours worked in a given pay period. This option can be used in place of the standard average cost rate currently used for pay rate in InFocus.

Key Concepts

- To enable Diluted Pay Rates you must first go to <u>Global Settings>Time and Expense Tab</u> and select Use Diluted Pay Rates. This will give you access to the Diluted Pay Rates applet.
- When labor is entered into time sheets, it first uses the average pay rate. After the time sheets for a given
 period have been submitted and approved, the pay rates utility for that period of time would be run. It will
 establish diluted pay rates for each day and person within that period. It will also go back and recalculate
 pay amounts for time sheets for the specified date range.
- By default, when you establish a pay rate for a salaried employee (<u>Human Resources / Employees / Job Titles Tab</u>), the average pay rate is used (typically the annual salary divided by 2080 hours).
- To recalculate rates for salaried employees with non-overtime time entry, the user can run the Diluted Pay
 Rates utility after time sheets have been approved. When calculated, the employee salary per period
 amount is divided by the number of hours worked (excluding overtime), and the resultant rate is then
 applied to time sheets.

For example, an employee earning \$1,000/week would have an average pay rate of \$25/hr based on a 40 hour work week. If, in a given work week, the employee worked 50 hours, the diluted pay rate would be \$1000/50 or \$20/hr.

Additional Toolbar Options

The Diluted Pay Rates toolbar gives the user (if given appropriate permissions) the capability to calculate diluted pay rates.

Calculate Diluted Rates - By clicking the button, a pop-up will ask for information to calculate diluted pay
rates. More on the Calculate Diluted Pay Rates pop-up. Diluted pay rates are pay rates calculated for
salaried employees over a given pay period. These rates are based on the number of hours for the
period.

4.7.2.1 Calculate Diluted Rates Pop-up

Overview

The Calculate Diluted Rates Pop-up utility is how you calculate diluted rates.

Field Descriptions

Employees

- All When selected, all employees that meet the filter criteria will be included in the calculation.
- Selected When selected, the specified employees that meet the filter criteria will be included in the calculation.

Miscellaneous

- Pay Group When selected, all employees assigned to a specific Pay Group (<u>Employees>Employee</u>
 <u>Information Tab</u>) will be selected when running the Labor Distribution Utility. Payroll Groups are managed through <u>Administration>List Management>Payroll Groups</u>
- Start Date The start date of the pay period to which diluted pay rates should be applied.
- End Date The end date of the pay period to which diluted pay rates should be applied.
- Calculate button Applies and displays the diluted pay rate for the date range selected.

Steps to Calculating Diluted Rates

How to Calculate Diluted Pay Rates.

Step 1 - To establish a pay rate for a salaried employee (<u>Employees>Pay History Tab</u>), the average pay rate (usually the annual salary divided by 2080 hours) is used.

Step 2 - In the Diluted Pay Rates applet, click *Calculate Diluted Rates* (located on the toolbar). Choose All Employees (or a specific employee) and a Date Range. Click *Calculate*. This will automatically calculate the diluted pay rate for the time period.

Step 3 - To see or override the rates for an individual employee, go to the Diluted Pay Rates applet. Select the employee, choose the date range, and click *Get Rates*.

4.7.3 Employee Queries

Overview

There are seven query applets in InFocus: Client, Contacts, Firms, Opportunities, Vendors, Projects, and Employees. The concept of the query tools is to allow the user to define lists of data based on a user query definition. The list can then be used to navigate to the individual records within the list or can be exported to Excel. More on the Query Applets

4.7.4 Employees

Overview

The Employees applet is where all Employees and Subcontractors are managed.

Key Concepts

 Since time sheets are entered per employee, you'll need an employee record for each person in your firm who enters time (this can include sub-contractors).

Employees and Licensing

InFocus licensing is based on the number of active employees you may need to adjust your licenses as
you add new employees. Should your active employee count exceed your license count, you'll receive a
message at login.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar Options</u>

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

Print All Employees - Runs the Employee List Report. More on the Employee List Report

4.7.4.1 Employees Header

Overview

The Employees Applet is organized by header information and detailed tabs. The Employees header contains many of the fundamental fields involved in employee setup.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Employee Header section.

- ** Indicates a required field
- ** Code Employee code- must be unique
- Prefix A title that can be added before the employees name. The Prefix list is managed under Administration>List Management>Name Prefixes.
- ** First Employee first name
- Middle Employee middle name
- ** Last Employee last name
- Suffix A title that can be added to the end of the employees name. The Suffix list is managed under Administration>List Management>Name Suffixes.
- Proper Name The concatenation of the First, Middle and Last names entered. This is generated when
 you click the wand icon located in the text box.
- InFocus User Name This is the name that the user will use to login to InFocus.Clicking on Generate User name will auto-construct the login name.
- Active Check this box to make this an active employee. This will make the employee available for transactions and assignments.

4.7.4.2 Timesheet Groups

Overview

Timesheet Groups provide a mechanism for the preparation of time sheet coverage periods. Time sheet coverage periods refer to the starting and ending dates for a time sheet. InFocus allows for multiple time

sheet periods. For instance, one group of employees can put in weekly time sheets while another group puts in biweekly time sheets. It's also possible to have multiple groups putting in weekly time sheets, with each starting on a different day of the week. Weekly, biweekly, and semi-monthly are supported. Any coverage period can be chosen, regardless of the payroll cycle. The support for different cycles allows them to co-exist with already established procedures in the firm. A weekly coverage period is probably the best choice for most companies and is recommended by Clearview.

Once you establish a time sheet group or groups you then assign employees to them.

Each coverage period, a utility is run to initialize the coming period. This utility can override the group settings to allow for daily submissions is desired. It is, however, usually unnecessary, as even non-submitted time can be included in project management reports.

To access Timesheet Groups, on the toolbar click **Tools>Timesheet Groups**. When you get the pop-up, you are able to Add, Edit and Delete Timesheet Groups.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Timesheet Groups pop-up.

- Name Name of the Timesheet Group
- Next Start This should be the next coverage start date for the Timesheet Group. Every time the group is initialized for a new coverage period, this date will automatically update.
- Next End This should be the next coverage end date for the Timesheet Group. Every time the group is initialized for a new coverage period, this date will automatically update.
- Cycle Type Coverage period. Choices are Weekly, Bi-weekly, Semi-Monthly and Daily.
 - Semi- monthly is fixed to be 1st through the 15th for one period and 16th through end of month for the second.
- Holiday Calendar The Holiday Calendar that is associated with the Timesheet Group. The holiday
 calendar highlights holidays on the time sheet in blue and optionally fills in the hours. More on the Holiday
 Calendar

4.7.4.3 Locations

Overview

Locations are used to classify time sheets. They are typically used to identify where the actual work was done. The Location check-box must be selected in <u>Global Settings>Time and Expense Tab</u> in order to use this feature.

Key Concepts

- Users can be given the ability to use Locations in their time sheets at <u>Global Settings>Time and Expense</u> Tab>Allow Users to Edit Timesheet section.
- In many cases, Locations are used for Workers Compensation Insurance. For example, if an employee is in the Field, they are more likely to get injured than when they are in the office.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Locations pop-up.

- · Code The Location Code. This must be unique
- Location The Location Name. The name of the location (ex.Field, Office, etc.).
- Active When checked, the location is active and can be selected in time sheets.

4.7.4.4 Employee Information Tab

Overview

The Employee Information Tabs holds key information for each employee.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Employee Information tab.

** Indicates a required field

Contact Information

- · Attention Attention line
- Work Email Work email address
- Home Email Home email address
- Chat Handle Handle for instant messaging applications like Slack, Skype, etc.
- Mobile Phone Cell phone number
- Work Phone Work phone number
- Work Extension Work extension

- Home Phone Home phone number
- Fax Fax number

Personal Information

- Gender Employee gender
- Hire Date Employee hire date. Informational only. The Hire Date can have an affect on Benefit Accrual (See Accrue Date).
- Accrue Date Anniversary date for benefit accrual. When running Benefit Accrual, the Accrual types look
 at the Accrue Date (Hire date if no Accrue Date Entered) to base the accrual on when calculating.
- Birthday Employee date of birth. Informational only
- Termination Date Employee termination date. Informational only
- SSN Employee social security number. Prints as EIN on 1099 Misc.
- Years Experience Informational only

Company Information

- Location Locations are used to classify time sheets. They are typically used to identify where the actual
 work was done. Locations are configured via the Locations button from the toolbar.
- Job Type There are three choices of job types: Principal-in-Charge, Project Manager, and Project
 Accountant. These give special access rights in various areas of the application. Below is a breakdown of
 special rights per job type for Project reporting and for working in applets like **Projects** and **Project**Central:
 - Project Accountants Can see all projects
 - o Principals-In-Charge Can see projects where they are the Principal-In-Charge or Project Manager
 - Project Managers Can see only projects where they are the Project Manager
 - o Employees with no job type in their employee setup Cannot see any projects
- Pay Group Denotes the Payroll Group to which this employee belongs. Payroll Groups are a user-defined list that allows for multiple runs of the Labor Distribution posting procedure. More on Labor Distribution This is used when a company has multiple payrolls. Payroll Groups are managed through Administration>List Management>Payroll Groups. Once established, employees can be assigned to a group. Pay Groups are an optional feature. If you were navigating from the setup page, click here to return to Labor Distribution Setup
- ** Timesheet Group The Time sheet Group in which the employee is a member. The Timesheet Group
 is used to create time sheets for a group of employees. To learn more bout Timesheet Groups. More on
 Timesheet Groups
- Dashboard Group The Dashboard Group in which the employee is a member. The Dashboard Group

- populates the main Dashboard that a user first sees when they login to InFocus. To learn more about Dashboard Groups. More on Dashboard Groups
- Time & Expense Template The Time and Expense template that will auto-fill the employees time sheet.
 To learn more about Time & Expense Template. More on Time & Expense Templates
- Org. Unit The Organization Unit that the employee is a member of. To learn more about Organizational
 Units More on Org Units. In order to see this field, you must have the "Uses Organizational Units" checkbox checked in Administration>Global Settings>General Tab. The assigned Org. Unit must be at the
 bottom node.
- Subcontractor Flag indicating if this employee is a subcontractor. The only effect that this check-box
 has is when using Labor Distribution. If an employee is checked as a Subcontractor, the utility will split
 the Subcontractor labor from the direct labor.
- Firm Firm with which the subcontractor is associated. This field is activated when the Subcontractor box is checked.

Custom Grid Columns

• Can Manage Public Custom Columns - When checked, the employee can manage public custom columns used in various dynamic grids throughout InFocus. Custom Columns are created by clicking the gear icon in the upper left hand corner of dynamic grids.

4.7.4.5 General Note Tab

Overview

The General Note tab is used for internal notes that are specific to the employee.

4.7.4.6 Pay History Tab

Overview

The Pay History tab is a record of the pay rate and salary change history for employees. Their effective date range governs pay rate calculation in time sheet entry. Only one entry can have no end date; i.e., the entry for the most current pay change.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Employees Pay History tab.

- Start Date Effective start date of the pay information for that row.
- End Date Effective end date of the pay information for that row. Leave blank for the current pay information.
- Currency Enabled with Multi-Currency Setup. Designated currency utilized by the selected employee pay history. This designation determines the transactional currency of the employee's time sheets and

(therefore) the evaluation of available Rate Schedule rates for time entered. For complete instructions on setting up a Multi-Currency environment, go here: More on Multi-Currency

- Hourly When checked, indicates this is an hourly employee.
- Salary Per Pay Period Employee's salary per pay period is used for two things:
- 1. Used in Labor Distribution to post variance. <u>More on Labor Distribution</u>. If you were navigating from the setup page, click here to return to <u>Labor Distribution Setup</u>
 - 2. Used to calculate the Diluted Pay Rate.
- Pay Rate For hourly employees, it is the regular pay rate. For salaried employees, this is the average rate based on standard hours.
- OT Rate (Overtime 1) Overtime or premium hourly rate. To change the Label, go to
 <u>Administration>Global Settings>Labels Tab</u>. When the Overtime 1 label is filled out an additional column
 will appear on the Pay Histories tab for the OT Rate with the Label Name as a prefix to "Rate"
- OT Markup (Overtime 1) Overtime markup. Used only in certain job cost/bill rate calculations. When the Overtime 1 label is filled out an additional column will appear on the Pay Histories tab for the OT Markup with the Label Name as a prefix to "Markup".
- Change % Calculates the percent variation from the previous line entry (Read-only)
- Note Used for entering notes associated with the line entry (e.g. reason for change, etc.)

Additional Overtime Types - You are able to enable up to 4 overtime types. To enable additional overtime types, go to <u>Administration>Global Settings>Labels Tab</u> and type in a label name next to the Overtime number.

Overtime 2

- OT Rate When the Overtime 2 label is filled out an additional column will appear on the Pay Histories tab for the OT Rate with the Label Name as a prefix to "Rate"
- OT Markup -When the Overtime 2 label is filled out an additional column will appear on the Pay Histories tab for the OT Markup with the Label Name as a prefix to "Markup".

Overtime 3

- OT Rate When the Overtime 3 label is filled out an additional column will appear on the Pay Histories tab for the OT Rate with the Label Name as a prefix to "Rate"
- OT Markup -When the Overtime 3 label is filled out an additional column will appear on the Pay Histories tab for the OT Markup with the Label Name as a prefix to "Markup".

• Overtime 4

- OT Rate When the Overtime 4 label is filled out an additional column will appear on the Pay Histories tab for the OT Rate with the Label Name as a prefix to "Rate"
- OT Markup -When the Overtime 4 label is filled out an additional column will appear on the Pay Histories tab for the OT Markup with the Label Name as a prefix to "Markup".
- Change % This represents the calculated pay increase between rows in the pay history grid. The column uses the salary per pay period for its calculation so if you want to see the correct percentage you will need that filled out even on hourly employees. This will not affect any other operations within InFocus.

4.7.4.7 Job Titles Tab

Overview

A Job Title describes the position held (or Hat worn) by an employee. Depending on the job, a Job Title can describe the job responsibilities, the level of the job, or both. Job Titles can have Rates associated with them

and can be used in setting up Rate Schedules for specific Projects. Examples of Job Titles are Architect, Senior Mechanical Engineer, Surveyor, Cad Operator, etc.

Job Titles are assigned to employees via the Job Titles tab. Here, you can assign a single or multiple job titles. Employee job titles are weighted by percentage based the amount of time that employee is expected to work under the given title. The total percentage must equal 100%. Employee job titles can be overridden during Project setup.

Job Titles are created and managed in the Job Titles applet. To learn more about Job Titles <u>More on Job Titles</u>.

How are they used?

Job Titles are primarily used by time sheets and can impact an employee's bill rate when used in conjunction with a Rate Schedule. When entering time, the assigned job title with the highest percentage will default in. That said, an employee can select any of their assigned job titles when entering time.

Resource Projections utilize assigned Job Titles and their percentages. To learn more about Resource Projections More on Resource Projections.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Employees Job Titles tab.

- Available Job Titles Job Titles are created and managed in the Job Titles applet. To learn more about Job Titles More on Job Titles.
- Navigation Arrows Moves a selected job title from the "Available Job Titles" column to the "Current Job Titles" column (and vice verse).
- Current Job Titles List of Job Titles assigned to the employee.

Note: The total percentage must equal 100%.

4.7.4.8 Account/Rates Tab

Overview

The Accounting/Rates tab establishes the Bill Rates and Job Cost Rates for an employee. If no Rate Schedule is established on a project, this is where the Job Cost and Bill Rate numbers are captured.

Note: Bill Rates, Job Cost Rates and even Pay Rates can be overridden on a per project basis. Multipliers or Rate Schedules can be applied at any WBS level. To learn more about applying rates on per project basis. More on Applying Rate Schedules

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Employees Accounting / Rates tab.

Time / Expense Approverscapabilities

- Default Approver Primary time sheet approver for this employee.
- Alternate Approver Alternate time sheet approver for this employee.

Additional Time Approvers

Lists employees who can also approve time for the loaded employee

Additional Expense Approvers

• Lists employees who can also approve expense sheets for the loaded employee

Company Credit Card

Card Number - Company credit card number

Rates

- Bill Rate Default billing rate. Can be overridden by multipliers at the WBS level or by Rate Schedules.
- Premium (Overtime) Bill Rate Default premium/overtime bill rate. Can be overridden by multipliers at the WBS level or by Rate Schedules.
- Job Cost Rate Default job cost rate. Can be overridden by multipliers at the WBS level or by Rate Schedules.
- Premium (Overtime) Job Cost Rate. Default premium/overtime job cost rate. Can be overridden by multipliers at the WBS level or by Rate Schedules.
- Target PCT Target utilization percentage. This is the anticipated percentage of time an employee is to spend on billable work. Used in time utilization reports.

Rate Options

Pay and/or Job Cost Rate information is sensitive and while permissions govern the types of reports a user can run, these employee-specific rate settings govern the kind of information employees can see when running various reports in InFocus (e.g. PM Reports, Custom Reports- except Pay History, Standard Reports and My Projects widget).

While defaulted to unchecked, employees can be given access to view each type of rate (Pay and Job Cost) either in detail or in summary. In Summary check boxes allow for aggregated cost in reports that do not show detail below the WBS level to be viewed. If left unchecked, reports will return a zero when labor cost is involved.

- Can View Pay Rate When checked, employees can see labor cost in report details
- Can View Pay Rates in Summary When checked, employees can see labor cost in report summaries
- Can View Job Cost Rate When checked, employees can see labor cost in report details. This setting
 defaults to unchecked. Note, this setting does not impact the Pay History report found in UT>Custom
 Reports.
- Can View Job Cost Rates (in Summary) When checked, employees can see labor cost in report summaries. This setting defaults to unchecked. Note: this setting does not impact the Pay History report found in UT>Custom Reports.

4.7.4.9 Addresses Tab

Overview

Employees can have two addresses: a work address and a home address. The work address can be derived from an office address. Either the work or the home address can be used for employee reimbursement checks. To select which address is used, click on the radio button labeled "Reimbursable Checks" located above the address of your choice and click "Save".

General Address Notes

Addresses can be NAMED to categorize the addresses for reuse. Clients with multiple offices can be set up with a particular address for each office, as well as for associate client contacts. If the information of the NAMED address changes, the changes can be cascaded to all associated (linked) addresses, either in entirety, or for only those fields that have value.

All Master Files have Geocode buttons on their addresses that get the Latitude and Longitude of an address. These can be used in queries to develop your own custom map views.

Sometimes addresses have specific uses, as in the case of Bill To, Pay To, and Remit To addresses. These can be either unassociated addresses or linked addresses. They will usually be linked addresses, meaning they must first be entered as a NAMED address prior to referencing them as a Bill To, Pay To, or Remit To.

Field Descriptions

The following fields are located in the Addresses tab of the Employees applet.

Work Address

- Reimbursable Checks If selected, this will be the default address for Employee Reimbursement checks made out to this employee.
- Office A NAMED office address can be selected to pre-fill the employee work address. The named office addresses are configured via <u>Administration>Global Settings>Offices Tab</u>
- Street 1
- Street 2
- Street 3
- Street 4
- City
- State State has an optional drop-down list of states.. The States list is managed under
 Administration>List Management>Postal States.
- Zip / Postal
- Country
- Latitude Generated by the **Geocode** button.
- Longitude Generated by the Geocode button.
- Geocode Click this button to fill in the Latitude and Longitude values

Home Address

- Reimbursable Checks If selected, this will be the default address for Employee Reimbursement checks made out to this employee.
- Street 1
- Street 2
- Street 3
- Street 4
- City
- State State has an optional drop-down list of states.. The States list is managed under
 Administration>List Management>Postal States.
- Zip / Postal
- Country

- Latitude Generated by the Geocode button.
- Longitude Generated by the Geocode button.
- Geocode Click this button to fill in the Latitude and Longitude values

4.7.4.10 Contacts Tab

Overview

Each employee can have associated contacts. An example of using contacts related to an employee would be using it for emergency contact information.

Contacts are added to an employee by clicking the Add New Contact button. Once added, contact information will be listed here.

Field Descriptions

- Add New Contact button Launches the Contact Detail pop-up, pre-configured with the employee association.
 - Required Fields
 - First The First Name of the new contact.
 - Last The Last Name of the new contact.
 - Firm/Employee Employee associated with this contact (Auto-filled)
 - Relationship Type A Relationship Type is required to specify the relation to the employee (ex. wife, husband,etc.) The Relationship Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u> Management>Employee Contact Types.
- For descriptions follow this link: More on Contacts
- · Contact Grid Lists the details of associated contacts

4.7.4.11 Recent Tab

Overview

Recent Tab displays the hours worked by an employee for each project. This is a simple way for managers to review employee hours worked. Simply set a "Since" date and click the arrow button to display hours.

The top grid is a summary section that displays a total of hours for the project selected. When you click on the project, you will see the detail of the hours worked in the bottom grid. With the appropriate permissions, you can click on the Project Path or Timesheet ID to navigate to those locations.

Field Descriptions

Summary

- Project Path Project
- Name Project Name
- · Hours Worked Total hours worked since the selected "Since" date

Detail

- Timesheet ID Internal ID of the time sheet that holds the hours. Click to view the time sheet record.
- Work Date Date of the hours worked
- · Work Hours Hours worked
- · Job Title Job Title used on the time record
- Comments Timesheet comments

4.7.4.12 Documents Tab

Overview

Documents tab allows you to upload, view, modify and delete archived documents in relation to the loaded record. Uploaded documents and related information will be listed in the grid. More on Document Management

4.7.4.13 EFT Setup Tab

Overview

The EFT Tab holds the employee configurations for EFT (Electronic Funds Transfer).

About EFT with InFocus

Electronic Funds Transfer or EFT is a method of transferring money from one bank account to another. InFocus saves this EFT bank information from the sender and receiver into a file that has to be uploaded to your bank separately. The bank then uses the EFT information to make the money transfer. InFocus supports Automated Clearing House (ACH) transactions which are a common type of EFT.

Field Descriptions

The following information is to be filled out if using EFT.

Settings

- Enable EFT Check this box to enable EFT for this employee
- Individual ID Federal EIN of employee
- Individual Name Employee name
- ABA / Routing Employee's bank routing number
- EFT Account # Employees' bank account number
- Savings Account Check this box if it is a saving's account. Otherwise considered a checking account.
- EFT Type (SEC) Standard Entry Class code is how the EFT is classified to the bank. The supported
 EFT types are PPD (Prearranged Payments and Deposit), CCD (Cash Concentration or Disbursement)
 and CTX (Corporate Trade Exchange). Typically the PPD (Prearranged Payments and Deposit) type is
 used for company bank accounts.
- Clear EFT Information Click to explicitly clear EFT Setup information. Simply unchecking Enable EFT (see above) does not clear the information.

4.7.4.14 Purchasing Tab

Overview

Employees Purchasing tab defines settings for the Purchasing module on a per-employee basis.

While Global Settings establishes system-wide configurations, settings made here further define key points of setup for each employee using the Purchasing module.

Unless noted, settings made here are additive (as apposed to overrides) to the configurations in Global Settings. So, for instance, when an employee submits a Purchase Order, the allowable Ship To addresses are defined by the sum of address categories defined in Global Settings + Employees.

Field Descriptions

- Bill To
 - Default Bill To Bill To address to include on Purchase Orders. Overrides Global Settings>Purchasing tab Default Bill To.
 - Allow Override When checked, Default Bill To can be overridden on the Purchase Order
- Allowable Ship To Defines where a Purchase Order item can be shipped to. Alternatively, a Specific Address can also be listed.
- PO Approval
 - PO Approver Employee responsible for approving submitted Purchase Orders
 - Also Approver Override When checked, the PO Approver can be overridden on the Purchase Order
- Approval Requirement Conditions Defines a set of criteria for determining if a Purchase Order item requires approval. Rules can be further defined per Employee and/or Purchase Item.
 - o Require All Conditions When checked, all criteria must be met to require approvals

4.7.4.15 Delegates Tab

Overview

Employee Delegates tab is used to define employees who can act on behalf of the loaded employee with respect to the Purchasing module.

Delegates are listed in the grid and configured for PO Entry, PO Approval or both.

Employees can be assigned one or multiple Delegates.

Field Descriptions

- Employee Code Employee Code assigned as a delegate, selected from the lookup.
- Name Employee Name assigned as a delegate
- PO Entry When checked, the delegate can enter Purchase Orders on behalf of the loaded employee
- PO Approve When checked, the delegate can approve Purchase Orders on behalf of the loaded employee

4.7.4.16 Custom Fields (UDF) Tab

Overview

User-definable fields (UDFs) can be created for Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects, Project Level2 and Contacts. More on User Defined Fields.

4.7.5 Holiday Calendar

Overview

The Holiday Calendar allows you to create a list of holidays that can be "highlighted" on the time sheet.

Key Concepts

- The Holiday Calendar does not limit time entry on days specified in the calendar.
- Holiday Calendars can be used to pre-fill time sheets with a specified holiday project and hours.
- This does not limit time entered on a particularly configured holiday, but simply indicates the holiday and prefills (optionally) configured project and hours.
- When setting up Holiday Calendars, it's worth noting that they can span multiple years (by leaving the
 year blank). This means that you can have one ongoing Holiday Calendar which can be assigned to one
 (or multiple) Timesheet Groups. If you prefer to establish one Holiday Calendar per year, you can also
 configure the system this way.

Field Descriptions

Holiday Calendar Grid

 Holiday Calendar Name - This column contains the name of the Holiday Calendar. To create a Holiday Calendar, click "New". Once saved, the name will appear in this column.

Holiday Dates Grid

- Holiday Project Project to which holiday time should be charged.
- Hours Pre-filled hours for the specified days.
- Holiday Name Name of the holiday.
- Month Number of the month (e.g. January = 1).
- Day Day of the month.
- Year Year. If no year is specified, the date will be applied to all years.

4.7.6 Job Titles

Overview

A Job Title describes the position held (or Hat worn) by an employee. Depending on the job, a Job Title can describe the job responsibilities, the level of the job, or both. Job Titles can have Rates associated with them and can be used in setting up Rate Schedules for specific Projects. Examples of Job Titles are Architect, Senior Mechanical Engineer, Surveyor, Cad Operator, etc.

Key Concepts

- Users can be given the ability to use Job Titles in their timesheets at <u>Global Settings>Time and Expense</u>
 Tab>Allow Users to Edit Timesheet section.
- Employees can be assigned to one or more job titles.
- At the project level, employees can be assigned an override set of job titles.
- Rate Schedules can be set up based on job titles.
- Job titles also can provide the G/L posting accounts for labor distribution. These posting accounts override those in Global Settings.

Field Descriptions

Job Titles Window Grid

- Job Titles Window This window contains the Code and Name of all Job Titles in the system. To create a
 Job Title, click "New" fill out the information and click "Save". Once saved, the name will appear in this
 window.
- Show Inactive Check-box When checked, the list of Job Titles includes those that have the Active box unchecked.
- Code Job title Code. Must be unique.
- re-code Allows you to change the code of the Job Title.
- Name Job title Name.
- Active When checked, the Job Tile is flagged as Active and can be used in time sheets.

4.7.6.1 Properties tab

Overview

The Properties Tab is where you manage the Default Base Codes and Rates associated with Job Titles.

Field Descriptions

Direct Base Codes

- Hourly Direct labor cost base account for non-exempt employees.
- Salaried Direct labor cost base account for salaried employees.
- Markup Credit Direct labor cost base account to offset for the markup portion of direct labor.
- Markup Debit Direct labor cost base account to charge for the markup portion of direct labor.
- Sub-Contractor Direct labor cost base account for subcontractors.

Indirect Base Codes

- Hourly Indirect labor cost base account for non-exempt employees.
- Salaried Indirect labor cost base account for salaried employees.
- Sub-Contractor Indirect labor cost base account for subcontractors.

Average Rates

Pay - Average pay rate for job title for use in project planning.

Note - Average pay rate is used by project planning for job title budgets when planning budgets are based on pay rate.

- Job Cost Average job cost rate for job title for use in project budgeting.
- Bill Average bill rate for job title for use in project budgeting.

4.7.6.2 Employees Tab

Overview

The Employees Tab shows employees that are assigned to this job title.

Field Descriptions

Employees Grid

- Employee Code Code of the Employee.
- Employee Proper Name of the Employee

4.7.7 Labor Distribution

Overview

The Labor Distribution Pop-up contains the settings that will be used when you run the utility. <u>More on Labor Distribution</u>

Field Descriptions

Header & Footer

- Period G/L period to which the transactions will be posted.
- Error Account Error G/L account. Used if an account derivation cannot be achieved.
- Post button After clicking on Post, an entry will be made in the General Journal.

Settings Tab (Misc. & Employees)

- Payroll Group When selected, all employees assigned to a specific Pay Group (<u>Employees>Employee</u>
 <u>Information Tab</u>) will be selected when running the Labor Distribution Utility. Payroll Groups are managed through <u>Administration>List Management>Payroll Groups</u>
- Standard Day Standard hours in a day.
- Pay Multiplier Multiplier used when method is Pay Rate x Multiplier; otherwise, irrelevant.
- Work Start Date Timesheet starting work date, (normally the start date of payroll period).
- Work End Date Timesheet ending work date, (normally the end date of payroll period).
- Use Salary Amounts When checked, employee salary amount are used to capture variance.
- Use Compensatory Time When checked, a compensatory time project, as specified in Global Settings, is used to capture salary variance. <u>More on Compensatory Time</u>

- Treat Salaried as Hourly When checked, Salaried employees are treated in the same manner that Hourly employees are. See Notes 1&2 below
- Employees Optional filter list of employees. Leave blank for all.

Note 1 - In most scenarios *Use Salary Amounts* is checked and *Treat Salaried as hourly* is unchecked. Unchecking *Use Salary Amounts* is only done if you want to split a single labor distribution into two postings because the payroll transcends two G/P periods. Rarely, does anyone want to do that. Checking *Treat Salaried as hourly* is only done when 1) running diluted rates (More on Diluted Pay Rates) and 2) you prefer to have zero variance rather than payroll clearing exactly equaling gross pay. Again rarely does anyone want to do this.

Note 2 - If you do not have *Use Salary Amounts* checked then the system calculates salary variance on a per day basis based on the standard hours entered in this screen. For instance, if the standard hours is 8 and a salaried employee works 9 hours then one hour goes to variance.

Accounts Tab

Base Codes

- Direct Salary Default Cost Base Account for direct salary labor.
- Overhead Salary Default indirect salary labor cost base account.
- Direct Hourly Default direct non-exempt labor cost base account.
- Overhead Hourly Default indirect non-exempt labor cost base account.
- Direct Subcontractor Default direct subcontractor labor cost base account.
- Overhead Subcontractor Default indirect subcontract labor cost base account.
- Markup Debit Default markup debit direct labor cost account.
- Markup Credit -Default markup credit direct labor cost account.

G/L Accounts

Description - The offset of the direct and indirect postings are divided amount clearing and variance accounts. More on Clearing and Variance Accounts

- Salary Variance Salary variance G/L account.
- Payroll Clearing Payroll clearing G/L account.
- Subcontractor Clearing Subcontractor clearing G/L account.

Setup: Back to Labor Distribution Setup

4.7.8 Payroll Export

Overview

The Payroll Export Applet allows a user to export payroll hours to a file that can be uploaded into the Pensoft Payroll Program.

Field Descriptions

Work Date Ranges

- Start Start Date for which the Payroll Export tool will pick up work hours.
- End End Date for which the Payroll Export tool will pick up work hours

Other Options

- Includes Accruals (Vac, Sick, etc.) When checked, the export includes leave times (accruals)
- Use InFocus Rates When checked, the InFocus pay rates override the Pensoft pay rates.
- Use Original Timesheet When checked, uses time sheets prior to making any adjustments. Typically not checked.
- Include Salary Hours When checked, Salary hours will be included in the export file.

Export File

Export File - The location of the Export File to be exported.

Employees

- All When selected, all employees will be selected when running the Labor Distribution Utility.
- Employees in the following Payroll Group When selected, all employees assigned to a specific Pay
 Group (Employees>Employee Information Tab) will be selected when running the Labor Distribution
 Utility. Payroll Groups are managed through Administration>List Management>Payroll Groups
- Selected Employees When selected, the specified employees will be selected when running the Labor Distribution Utility.

4.7.9 Recalculate Rates

Overview

The Recalculate Rates Utility is used when rates or a rate schedule is set up after entering time sheets. This is not the preferred method.

Key Concepts

- When time sheets are entered, or edited, in the system, they immediately pick up rates and store them in
 the time sheet module so that they are available for reporting. If you retroactively want to apply rates to
 time entries this can be accomplished via the Recalculate Rates utility.
- All three types of rates (Pay Rate, Job Cost Rate, and Bill Rate) can be recalculated.

Field Descriptions

Projects

- All Projects When checked, time sheet line items are not limited by project charged.
- Specific Projects When checked, time sheet line items are limited by the specific project(s) listed.

Rate Schedule

Rate Schedule - When selected, the rate schedule will be used to recalculate the rates when the utility is
run. If left blank, the utility will use the rate schedule setup on the Project (preferred). If not rate schedule
is set up on the project, the rates will be pulled from the employee file.

Employee

- Employee When an employee is selected, they will be the only person who's rates will be recalculated.
 When left blank, all employees who fall into the selection criteria will be recalculated.
- Hourly/Salary/Both When selected, only employees of that type will be recalculated.

Statuses To Include

- Ready When checked, time line items with a bill status of Ready to Bill will be included.
- Hold When checked, time line items with a bill status of Hold will be included.
- Never Bill When checked, time line items with a bill status of Never Bill will be included.
- Billed When checked, time line items with a bill status of Billed will be included.

Write Off - When checked, time line items with a bill status of Write-off will be included.

Dates

- Start Date Starting date of work dates to be included.
- End Date Ending date of work dates to be included.

Options

- Do Pay Rate When checked, pay rate is recalculated.
- Do Job Cost Rate When checked, job cost rate is recalculated.
- Do Bill Rate When checked, bill rate is recalculated.

Note - The following options only display when "Allow Audit Trail Posting in Rate Recalculation" located at Global Settings>Time and Expense Tab>Additional Settings is checked.

- · Audit Pay Rate When checked, audit entries occur for a changed pay amount.
- Audit Job Cost Rate When checked, audit entries occur for a changed job cost amount.
- Audit Bill Rate When checked, audit entries occur for a changed billable amount.

4.7.10 Resource Projections

Overview

The Resource Projections Utility is used to aggregate and analyze schedule data from project planning.

Key Concepts

- Scheduled hours can be viewed by employee or job title and compared against available hours to show predicted utilization. Hours are scheduled through Project Planning. More on Project Planning
- Clicking on *Used* columns will cause a drill-down screen to pop up, displaying the distributions of the hours among the scheduled projects.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- View Additional View options
 - o Balance Column When selected, a Balance column appears in the Resource Projections grid.

Export - The Export button gives the user the ability to export the projections to Excel.

4.7.10.1 Resource Projections Detail

Overview

The Resource Projection screen has 2 windows; a top and a bottom. The top displays the detail and the bottom displays the filter options.

Note - You can left-click and hold on the blue header strip on the Filter section of the window to "un-dock" the filter section. To return it to its original location, simply double-click on the blue header strip on the Filter section.

Field Descriptions

Resource Projections Grid (top grid)

- Employee Name of the employee.
- Allowed Number of hours employee or job title can work for a given period of time.
- Used Number of hours employee or job title has been scheduled for a given period.
- Balance Allowed Minus *Used*. There is an option under View in the toolbar to hide this column.

Filters Grid

View Dates

- Start Date Starting date for schedules to evaluate.
- For Number of Date View units that the top grid will look forward.
- Date View Block of time that the top grid will look forward. Options are Days, Weeks Months Calendar Weeks and Calendar Months.
- Include Saturday When selected, Saturdays are included when retrieving the numbers.
- Include Sunday When selected, Sundays are included when retrieving the numbers.
- By Employee When checked, projections are by employee.
- By Job Title When checked, projects are by job title.

Employee Info

- Employee When selected, only information for the specific Employee is displayed.
- Job Title When selected, only information for the specific Job Title is displayed.
- Home Org When selected, only information for the specific Home Org is displayed. This is set at Employees>Employee Information. More on Org Units

Project Info

- Charge Type When selected, only project information for the specific Charge Type is displayed.
- Status When selected, only project information with the specific Status is displayed.
- Client When selected, only information for the specific Client is displayed.
- Org. When selected, only information for the specific Home Org is displayed. This is set at
 <u>Projects>Members Tab</u>. Organization unit and its children to include. If left blank, all org units are used.

 More on Org Units

Project Leaders

- Project Manager When selected, only information for the specific Project Manager is displayed.
- Project Accountant When selected, only information for the specific Project Accountant is displayed.
- Principal In Charge When selected, only information for the specific Principal In Charge is displayed.

Project UDFs

- UDF Field Drop-down includes any Project UDFs. More on User Defined Fields
- Operator Choices are =, <>, >, <, >=, <=, between, and is not null. Is not null is synonymous with a blank or empty field.
 - Value 1 Used with all filter operators except is not null. This is the value that completes the filter
 operation (except in the case of the between operator). In the case of the between this represents the
 lower range.
 - Value 2 Used only with the between operator. This represents the upper range.
 - And/Or Gives you the option of filtering using an And statement or an Or statement.

4.7.11 Time & Expense Templates

Overview

Time and Expense templates are used to auto fill time and expense sheets with commonly used projects, such as Admin, Vacation, or Sick. If no hours are put against these projects, the projects from the template will be removed upon submitting a Time or Expense sheet. Time & Expense Templates template are assigned in
Human Resources>Employees>Employee Information Tab">https://example.com/html/>
Human Resources>Employees>Employees>Employee Information Tab.

Field Descriptions

Template Name Grid

- Template Name This column contains the name of the Template Name. To create a Template Name,
 click "New". Once saved, the name will appear in this column.
- Name This text box contains the name of the selected Time & Expense Template. The name can be

edited here.

Time Utilization

- Show Direct PCT(%) When selected, Current Direct, Month Direct and Year Direct are displayed in the
 "% Billable" pop-up located on the toolbar in time sheets.
- Show Billable PCT(%) When selected, Current Billable, Month Billable and Year Billable are displayed in the "% Billable" pop-up located on the toolbar in time sheets.
- Show Target PCT(%) When selected Target % is displayed in the "% Billable" pop-up located on the
 toolbar in time sheets. The Target % is established at <u>Human Resources>Employees>Accounting Rates</u>
 Tab

Sort

Sort template projects to top of sheet - When checked, the projects specified in the Time & Expense
 Template will be sorted to the top of the Time and/or Expense Sheet.

Time & Expense Templates Grid Grid

- Path Path of Project.
- Use in Time When checked, the Project will auto fill in the time sheet.
- Use in Expense When checked, the Project will auto fill in the expense sheet.
- Labor Code When a Labor Code is selected, the Labor Code will auto fill. More on Labor Codes
- Expense Code When an Expense Code is selected, the Expense Code will auto fill. <u>More on Expense</u>
 <u>Codes</u>

4.7.12 Timesheet Adjustments

Overview

The Time sheet Adjustments Journal is used to make adjustments against an already existing time sheet. New time sheets cannot be entered here.

Key Concepts

- Once a time sheet has been modified, it can no longer be sent back to the manager or owner (time sheet rejection).
- Time sheet adjustments are most commonly used to move hours between projects. This is usually done by someone in the Accounts Receivable department.

Note: Modifications to the time sheet via time sheet adjustments will not effect the original version of the time sheet.

Giving TA Permissions - While a user can be given rights to make time sheet adjustments, the sum of
the adjustments must not alter the original hours and cost worked figures. This can be prevented by not
giving the user the standard Edit or Delete rights in Time sheet Adjustments. Instead, grant only Edit Grid
permission.

• Enabling Full Audit

- Enabled If Full Audit is enabled in <u>Global Settings>General Tab>Full Audits</u>, any change to critical data (Project, Home, or Charge Org Unit, Work Hours or the Dollar Amount that is used for Distribution) will result in the system recording an automatic reversing entry and storing your changes as a new item.
- Disabled If not enabled, the prior automatic adjustment will occur only if this line item has already been processed by Labor Distribution.
- The normal mode of operation in Time sheet Adjustments is for the user to record only hours when
 entering time items. The system automatically calculates rates, multipliers, and extended amounts. Any
 calculated stored information for a line item can be overridden. The system does not, however, make the
 automatic calculations. The user must change the extended amount if a rate is changed manually.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- Time sheet Additional Time sheet options.
 - Send Back to Manager When selected, the time sheet is marked as Unapproved so that the Time sheet Approver can make additional changes in the Time sheets applet.
 - Send Back to Owner When selected, the time sheet is marked as Unapproved so that the Employee can make additional changes in the Time sheets applet.

Note - If a time sheet is marked as Billed, these options will be deactivated.

- View Additional View Options
 - Project Name When selected, the Project Name will display in the Time sheet Adjustments grid.
 - o SJID When selected, the SJID (Sales Journal Unique Identifier) will display in the Time sheet Adjustments grid.
 - o Sales Invoice No. When selected, the Sales Invoice No. will display in the Time sheet Adjustments grid.
- Print Original When clicked, the Time sheet Report will print displaying the original time sheet.

4.7.12.1 Timesheet Adjustments Detail

Overview

The Time sheet Adjustments Detail grid displays the detail of any Submitted & Approved Time sheet. In Time sheet Adjustment, a time sheet can be modified and have different versions.

Field Descriptions

Header

Employee - Employee of the time sheet that is being displayed.

- Period Ending Period Ending date of the time sheet that is being displayed.
- 1 of ? This shows the version of the time sheet entry that you are currently viewing. This is enabled by checking "Journals" at Global Settings>General Tab>Full Audits.
- Show Audit Trail When checked, all entries (including reversing entries) will display. Auto-reversals and header lines will be grayed out and cannot be altered. This also displays the Create By, Create Date, Modify By and Modify Date of the transaction.

Hours

- Original Reg. & OT The numbers displayed here show the regular and overtime hours of the original time sheet.
- Current Reg. & OT The numbers displayed here show the regular and overtime hours of the current time sheet if any additional versions exist.

Amounts

- Original Reg. & OT The numbers displayed here show the regular and overtime amounts of the original time sheet.
- Current Reg. & OT The numbers displayed here show the regular and overtime amounts of the current time sheet if any additional versions exist.

Time Sheet Adjustments Grid

- Project The Project Path of the allowable WBS path for this employee.
- Project Name The Project Name of the allowable WBS path for this employee.
- Work Date Must be within time sheet coverage period.
- Labor Code Labor Code associated with the time sheet. More on Labor Codes
- Job Title Allowable job title for this employee on this project. More on Job Titles
- OT When checked, hours are overtime or premium.
- Hours Work Hours worked.
- Bill Status Billing status.
- Comments Comments that can appear on project management reports or invoices.
- Location Location associated with the time sheet. More on Locations

Overrides Tab

Description - Accessed for any line item by clicking on the *Overrides* button in the lower left hand portion of the screen.

Billing

- Base rate Base rate used when calculating bill rates.
- Base Prem. Mult. Multiplier applied against base rate for premium time. If changed, it auto-calculates

billing base premium rate.

- Base Prem. Rate Base premium rate used for calculating premium bill rate. When changed, it autocalculates premium multiplier.
- DPE Mult. Direct personnel expense multiplier.
- OH Mult. Overhead multiplier.
- Profit Mult. Profit Multiplier.
- Bill Rate Billing Rate

Job Cost

- Base rate Base rate used when calculating job cost rates.
- Base Prem. Mult. Multiplier applied against base rate for premium time. If changed, it auto-calculates billing base premium rate.
- Base Prem. Rate Base premium rate used for calculating premium job cost rate. When changed, it autocalculates premium multiplier.
- DPE Mult. Direct personnel expense multiplier.
- OH Mult. Overhead multiplier.
- Profit Mult. Profit Multiplier.
- JC Job Cost Rate.

Pay Rate

- Pay Rate Pay rate.
- OT Rate Overtime rate.
- OT Markup Overtime multiplier.

Misc

- Charge Org. Org unit that receives the cost of this line item.
- Home Org. Org. Unit to which employee belonged on this work date.
- Ext. Bill Extended bill amount (usually bill hours x bill rate).
- Ext. Pay.- Extended pay amount (usually work hours x pay rate).
- Ext JC Extended job cost amount (usually work hours x job cost rate).
- Is Hourly When checked, indicates that employee was classified non-exempt on this work date.

4.8 Personal

4.8.1 Approver

4.8.1.1 Overview

Geared specifically for approving time and expense, the Approvers applet will put all your approval tasks in one place and give you full control with support for <u>line-item approval</u> (optional).

The documentation that follows will walk you through the setup and concepts involved with Approvers and give you a full applet tutorial.

4.8.1.2 Getting Started With Approvals

4.8.1.2.1 Setup

4.8.1.2.1.1 Permissions

Overview

To begin working with the Approvers applet, you'll assign permissions to the appropriate groups and/or users.

Permissions are available for the following applets, defined in the tutorial below:

Approvers

Tutorial

Please complete the steps below to grant access permissions as appropriate.

- 1. Browse to Administration>Permissions
- 2. Select the Groups and/or Users you wish to grant permissions to
- 3. On the row next to the Group/User, click the **lockbox**. A dialogue will display.
- **4.** From the Groups and/or Users Permissions tab, grant permissions as appropriate. Below is a list of permissions and what they grant access to.
- 5. Once the permissions have been selected, click Save.

Note, click for more information on Approvers Special Rights

Module	Applet	Special Rights	Description
Personal	Approvers	 Can Force Approve Can Force Reject Can Force Submit 	Applet used to manage Time and Expense Sheet approvals. Special rights are applicable when using line-item approvals only and allow users to Approve, Reject or Submit a time / expense sheet even if the lines have not all been approved.
	Time Sheets	Time Sheet Administrator	Users granted this special right will be able to approve employee time sheets, if granted access to the Approvers applet.
	Expense Sheets	Expense Sheet Administrator	Users granted this special right will be able to approve employee

Module	Applet	Special Rights	Description
			expense sheets, if granted access to the Approvers applet.

4.8.1.2.1.2 Global Settings

Overview

The Approvers applet provides a single place for managing time and expense sheet approvals. Optionally, InFocus can be configured to support <u>line-item approval</u> via AD>Global Settings.

Configurations are made using the following tab via AD>Global Settings.

Note These setting will only be applicable to subsequently submitted Time / Expense Sheets. Currently submitted Time / Expense will not be governed by these rules.

Time and Expense Tab

Using the Time and Expense Tab tab, you'll enable the following features and controls used by the Approvers applet.

Time Line-Item Approval

- Use Time Line Approval Enables the use of line-item approval for time sheets.
- Project Approval Default Default line-item approval requirement setting for projects.
- Allowed Line Approvers When checked, <u>Project Leaders</u> have the ability to approve line-items associated with their projects.

Expense Line-Item Approval

- Use Expense Line Approval Enables the use of line-item approval for expense sheets.
- Project Approval Default Default line-item approval requirement setting for projects.
- Allowed Line Approvers When checked, <u>Project Leaders</u> have the ability to approve line-items associated with their projects.

4.8.1.2.2 Key Concepts

4.8.1.2.2.1 Approvers Workflow

Overview

Time and Expense Sheet approval follows this basic workflow.

Standard Approval Workflow

- 1. Time/Expense is Submitted
- 2. Time/Expense is reviewed via PR>Approvers
- 3. Time/Expense is marked Approved or Rejected
 - a. If Rejected, the Time/Expense Sheet is sent back to the employee for edits.

Line-Item Approval Workflow

For firms who elect to deploy line-item approvals, the workflow would be expanded as follows.

- 1. Time/Expense is Submitted
- 2. Time/Expense is reviewed via PR>Approvers
- 3. Time/Expense lines are each Approved or Rejected
 - a. If Rejected, the Time/Expense Sheet is sent back to the employee for edits.
- 5. Once all lines have been approved, the Time/Expense sheet can be marked Approved or Rejected a. If Rejected, the Time/Expense Sheet is sent back to the employee or edits.

4.8.1.2.2.2 Defining Approvers

Overview

For purposes of the Approvers applet, an approver is defined as any user eligible to approve an employee's time / expense sheet based on one of the following criteria.

- Employee Time / Expense Approver User is designated as an employee's approver via <u>HR>Employees</u> at one of the following tiers.
 - Default Approver
 - o Alternate Approver
 - o Additional Approver
- Project Leader (<u>Line-Item Approval only</u>) User is designated as a project leader on a project governed by <u>line-item approval</u>. Project Leaders are defined as:
 - o Project Manager
 - o Principle In Charge
 - Project Accountant
 - PM as designated by Project Roles
- Time / Expense Sheet Administrator User has been granted the special right of Time Sheet Administrator or Expense Sheet Administrator via UT>Permissions.

4.8.1.2.2.3 Line-Item Approval

Overview

When approving Time / Expense Sheets in InFocus, by default all associated lines-items are also considered approved. Similarly, when rejected, all line-items are considered rejected.

For firms that wish to more tightly govern their Time and/or Expense Sheet approvals, InFocus optionally supports line-item approval.

When enabled, all lines on a Time / Expense Sheet must be approved prior to approving the full Time / Expense Sheet.

So, for instance, if there were ten line-items on a Time Sheet and only nine had been approved, the Time Sheet would not be eligible for approval until all ten lines had been approved.

Enabling Line Item Approval

To leverage line-item approval, the feature must be enabled and configured via <u>AD>Global Settings</u>. As described below, certain Force Options can be granted to approvers via special rights.

Force Options

For scenarios where line-item approval requirements need to be overridden, InFocus makes force options available via specials rights (AD>Permissions). Force options exist for Approve, Submit and Reject.

Approver Additional Tabs

Once enabled, InFocus exposes two additional tabs in the Approvers applet specifically used for managing line-items.

- Time Sheet Lines
- Expense Sheet Lines

Approvers can leverage each tab to review and approve/reject line-items as appropriate.

Projects and Line-Item Approval

When using line-item approvals, InFocus exposes an additional project setting that governs whether a project is subject to line-item approvals and (if so) how approvers are defined.

Projects can be configured with the following options via PA>Projects>Members tab.

- Default Inherits the Project Approval Default setting defined in AD>Global Settings.
- Not Required Project is not subject to line-item approval
- Required Project requires line-item approval. Only the Project Leader(s) defined in AD>Global Settings
 can approve line-items associated with the project.
- Required (Allow Approver) Project requires line-item approval. Any approver can approve line-items associated with the project.

4.8.1.3 Time Sheets Tab

Overview

The Time Sheets tab allows approvers to review and approve (or reject) submitted time sheets.

How to Approve/Reject a Time Sheet

Using the <u>filters</u> in the left-hand pane, time sheets can be loaded into the Time Sheets grid for review and approval/rejection as appropriate.

When loaded, each row listed displays the current status of the Time Sheet. Clicking a Time Sheet row will load it's details into the Time Sheets Detail.

The steps below walk you through a basic approval process.

Note Firms using <u>line-item approval</u> must approve all lines via the Time Sheet Lines tab prior to approving the Time Sheet.

- 1. Browse to PR>Approver>Time Sheet tab
- 2. Use the filters to load Time Sheets for review

- 2. Click a row in the Time Sheets grid to review the related lines
- Approve/Reject the Time Sheet by checking the box in the Time Sheet grid and clicking Approve or Reject as appropriate. Multiple Time Sheets can be marked for bulk approval.
 - a. If rejecting, you'll be prompted to provide a reason.

The approval process has been completed for the selected Time Sheets.

Field Descriptions

Toolbar

· Refresh - Refreshes the applet

Buttons

- Submit (visible only with special rights) Submits the selected time / expense sheets governed by <u>line-item approval</u> regardless of the approval status of all lines.
- Reject Rejects the selected time / expense sheets
- Approve Approves the selected time / expense sheets
- Toggle Checked When checked, all of the time / expense sheets in the grid will be selected or deselected.

Time Sheets Grid

- Employee Employee associated with the loaded time sheet
- Status Approval status of the time sheet.
 - Unsubmitted Time Sheet has not been submitted
 - Pending Time Sheet lines are partially approved. Only available when using line-item approval.
 - Ready for Approval Time Sheet is submitted and ready for approval. When using <u>line-item approval</u>, also denotes all line items have been approved.
 - Approved Time Sheet has been approved
 - o Rejected Time Sheet has been rejected
- Period End Period End Date of the Time Sheet
- Regular Hours Regular Work Hours
- Premium Hours Overtime Hours
- Total Hours Total hours for the time sheet
- Documents Number of documents associated with the Time Sheet. Click to review documents.

Time Sheet Detail Grid

Time Sheet Detail Grid displays line items associated with the selected time sheet.

- Work Date Date the hours were worked
- · Hours Number of hours worked
- Is Premium When checked, the hours are considered overtime
- Path Project Path associated with the record
- Job Code Job Title code associated with the record
- · Labor Code Labor Code associated with the record
- Location Code Location associated with the record

Comment - Time Sheet line comment

Time Sheets tab uses standard Approvers applet Filters and Columns.

4.8.1.4 Time Sheet Lines Tab

Overview

Time Sheet Lines Tab is used when Line Item Approval is Enabled in Global Settings (<u>Global Settings> Time and Expense Tab> Time Line-Item Approval Section</u>). This is where your Project Leaders, or Allowed Approvers, can approve specific line items on specific Time sheets.

Note A Time Sheet cannot pass through to billing until all line items on the Time Sheet have been approved. Special Rights are available to Force Approvals and Rejections in scenarios where time needs to be billed and the approval process needs to be overridden. <u>More on Approvals Special Rights</u>

Field Descriptions

Filters

- Project Manager When selected, the grid will filter the list of line items to projects where the logged in user is the Project Manager (PA> Projects> Members Tab)
- Principal-In-Charge When selected, the grid will filter the list of line items to projects where the logged in user is the Principal-In-Charge (PA> Projects> Members Tab)
- Project Accountant When selected, the grid will filter the list of line items to projects where the logged in user is the Project Accountant (PA> Projects> Members Tab)
- Any Leader When selected, the grid will filter the list of line items to projects where the logged in user is any of the above Project Leaders (or Allowed Approver assigned on Project)

Time Sheet Lines Summary Grid

- Project Project Name associated with the item
- Code Project Code associated with the item
- Employee Employee associated with the item
- Hours Total Hours on Time Sheet

Time Sheet Lines Detail Grid

- Reject (button) Rejects the selected time / expense sheets
- Approve (button) Approves the selected time / expense sheets
- Toggle Checked When checked, all of the time / expense sheets in the grid will be selected or deselected.
- WBS Path Project Path associated with the line item
- Project Project Name associated with the line item
- Employee Employee associated with the item
- Period Start Period Start Date of the Time Sheet
- Period End Period End Date of the Time Sheet
- Total Hours Total Hours for the line item to be approved

Time Sheets Lines tab uses standard Approvers applet Filters and Columns.

4.8.1.5 Expense Sheets Tab

Overview

The Expense Sheets tab allows an approver to review and approve (or reject) submitted expense sheets.

How to Approve/Reject an Expense Sheet

Using the <u>filters</u> in the left-hand pane, expense sheets can be loaded into the Expense Sheets grid for review and approval/rejection as appropriate.

When loaded, each row listed displays the current status of the Expense Sheet. Clicking an Expense Sheet row will load it's details into the Expense Sheets Detail.

The steps below walk you through a basic approval process.

Note Firms using <u>line-item approval</u> must approve all lines via the Expense Sheet Lines tab prior to approving the Expense Sheet.

- 1. Browse to PR>Approver>Expense Sheet tab
- 2. Use the filters to load Expense Sheets for review
- 2. Click a row in the Expense Sheets grid to review the related lines
- 3. Approve/Reject the Expense Sheet by **checking the box** in the Expense Sheet grid and **clicking Approve or Reject** as appropriate. Multiple Expense Sheets can be marked for bulk approval.
 - a. If rejecting, you'll be prompted to provide a reason.

The approval process has been completed for the selected Expense Sheets.

Field Descriptions

Toolbar

• Refresh - Refreshes the applet

Buttons

- Submit (visible only with special rights) Submits the selected time / expense sheets governed by <u>line-item approval</u> regardless of the approval status of all lines.
- Reject Rejects the selected time / expense sheets
- Approve Approves the selected time / expense sheets
- Toggle Checked When checked, all of the time / expense sheets in the grid will be selected or deselected.

Expense Sheets Grid

- ESID Internal Expense Sheet ID. Click to view the Expense Sheet in PR>Expense Sheets.
- Status Approval status of the record.

- o Unsubmitted Expense Sheet has not been submitted
- Pending Expense Sheet lines are partially approved. Only available when using line-item approval.
- Ready for Approval Expense Sheet is submitted and ready for approval. When using <u>line-item</u> <u>approval</u>, also denotes all line items have been approved.
- Approved Expense Sheet has been approved
- Rejected Expense Sheet has been rejected
- Employee Employee associated with the loaded record
- Title Expense Sheet title
- Amount Total amount of the Expense Sheet
- Reimbursable Amount Total amount to be reimbursed to the Employee.
- Documents Number of documents associated with the Expense Sheet. Click to review documents.

Expense Sheet Detail Grid

Expense Sheet Detail Grid displays line items associated with the selected expense sheet.

- · Line Status Approval status of the line item
- WBS Path Project path associated with the record
- WBS Name Project long name associated with the record
- Tx Date Date of the expense
- Amount Total amount of the expense line
- Reimbursable Total amount to be reimbursed to the employee for the expense line (e.g. reimbursable portion of the expense line)
- Expense Code Expense Code associated with the expense line
- Credit Card When checked, the expense was made with a company credit card and is not reimbursable.
- Client Code Client code associated with the record
- Client Name Client name associated with the record
- Documents Number of documents associated with the Expense Sheet line. Click to review documents.

Expense Sheets tab uses standard Approvers applet Filters and Columns.

4.8.1.6 Expense Sheet Lines Tab

Overview

Expense Sheet Lines Tab is used when Line Item Approval is Enabled in Global Settings (<u>Global Settings> Time and Expense Tab> Expense Line-Item Approval Section</u>). This is where your Project Leaders, or Allowed Approvers, can approve specific line items on specific Expense sheets.

Note: A Expense Sheet cannot be imported to the E/R Journal until all line items on the Expense Sheet have been approved. Special Rights are available to Force Approvals and Rejections in scenarios where time needs to be billed and the approval process needs to be overridden. More on Approvals Special Rights

Field Descriptions

Filters

 Project Manager - When selected, the grid will filter the list of line items to projects where the logged in user is the Project Manager (PA> Projects> Members Tab)

- Principal-In-Charge When selected, the grid will filter the list of line items to projects where the logged in user is the Principal-In-Charge (PA> Projects> Members Tab)
- Project Accountant When selected, the grid will filter the list of line items to projects where the logged in user is the Project Accountant (PA> Projects> Members Tab)
- Any Leader When selected, the grid will filter the list of line items to projects where the logged in user is any of the above Project Leaders (or Allowed Approver assigned on Project)

Expense Sheet Lines Summary Grid

- Project Project Name associated with the item
- Code Project Code associated with the item
- Employee Employee associated with the item
- Amount Total amount of the Expense Sheet
- Reimbursable Amount Total amount to be reimbursed to the Employee
- Lead Type Logged in user's role (PM, PIC, PA) designated on the project associated with the item

Expense Sheet Lines Detail Grid

- Reject (button) Rejects the selected time / expense sheets
- Approve (button) Approves the selected time / expense sheets
- Toggle Checked When checked, all of the time / expense sheets in the grid will be selected or deselected
- Title Title of the Expense Sheet
- Amount Total amount of the line item
- Reimbursable Amount Total amount to be reimbursed to the Employee for the line item
- WBS Path Project Path associated with the line item
- WBS Name Project Name associated with the line item
- Employee Employee associated with the item

Expense Sheet Lines tab uses standard Approvers applet Filters and Columns.

4.8.1.7 Reference

Overview

Below you'll find a list of standard Filters and Grid Column descriptions used by the Approvers applet.

4.8.1.7.1 Filters Index

The following are used to filter the loaded Time / Expense Sheets for evaluation.

Note Approver filter buttons are used to load records associated with employees for which the logged in user is defined as an approver.

Time / Expense Sheet Tabs

- Approver Filters records for any employee to which you are assigned as the Default Approver
- Alternate Approver Filters records for any employee to which you are assigned as the Alternate Approver
- Additional Approver Filters records for any employee to which you are assigned as an Additional Approver
- Any Approver Filters records for any employee to which you are assigned as any approver (Default, Alternate or Additional).

- Include Unsubmitted When selected, Unsubmitted Time / Expense Sheets are included in the loaded records.
- Include Rejected When selected, Rejected Time / Expense Sheets are included in the loaded records.
- Include Submitted When selected, Submitted Time / Expense Sheets are included in the loaded records.
- Include Approved When selected, Approved Time / Expense Sheets are included in the loaded records.
- Include Pending When selected, Unapproved time / Expense Sheets that are awaiting line-item approval are included in the loaded records.
- Since Date (Time Sheets only) Date used to filter all time sheets that have a work date on or after the selected date.

Time / Expense Sheet Line Tabs

- Project Manager Filters records for any items associated with projects to which the logged in user is designated as the Project Manager (PA>Projects> Members Tab)
- Principal-In-Charge Filters records for any items associated with projects to which the logged in user is designated as the Principal-In-Charge (PA> Projects> Members Tab)
- Project Accountant Filters records for any items associated with projects to which the logged in user is designated as the Project Accountant (PA> Projects> Members Tab)
- Any Leader Filters records for any items associated with projects to which the logged in user is designated as any of the above Project Leaders (or Allowed Approver assigned on Project)

4.8.1.7.2 Column Index

Overview

Throughout the Approver applet, you'll find a similar set of columns available to the base grids used. Below is a list of definitions:

Field Descriptions

Standard Columns

Time Sheets Grid

- Employee Employee associated with the loaded time sheet
- Status Approval status of the time sheet.
 - Unsubmitted Time Sheet has not been submitted
 - Pending Time Sheet lines are partially approved. Only available when using **line-item approval**.
 - Ready for Approval Time Sheet is submitted and ready for approval. When using **line-item approval**, also denotes all line items have been approved.
 - Approved Time Sheet has been approved
 - o Rejected Time Sheet has been rejected
- Period End Period End Date of the Time Sheet
- Regular Hours Regular Work Hours
- Premium Hours Overtime Hours
- Total Hours Total hours for the time sheet
- Documents Number of documents associated with the Time Sheet. Click to review documents.

Time Sheet Detail Grid

Time Sheet Detail Grid displays line items associated with the selected time sheet.

- Work Date Date the hours were worked
- Hours Number of hours worked
- Is Premium When checked, the hours are considered overtime
- Path Project Path associated with the record
- Job Code Job Title code associated with the record
- Labor Code Labor Code associated with the record
- Location Code Location associated with the record
- Comment Time Sheet line comment

Expense Sheets Grid

- ESID Internal Expense Sheet ID. Click to view the Expense Sheet in PR>Expense Sheets.
- Status Approval status of the record.
 - Unsubmitted Expense Sheet has not been submitted
 - Pending Expense Sheet lines are partially approved. Only available when using **line-item approval**.
 - o Ready for Approval Expense Sheet is submitted and ready for approval. When using **line-item approval**, also denotes all line items have been approved.
 - Approved Expense Sheet has been approved
 - o Rejected Expense Sheet has been rejected
- Employee Employee associated with the loaded record
- Title Expense Sheet title
- Amount Total amount of the Expense Sheet
- Reimbursable Amount Total amount to be reimbursed to the Employee.
- Documents Number of documents associated with the Expense Sheet. Click to review documents.

Expense Sheet Detail Grid

Expense Sheet Detail Grid displays line items associated with the selected expense sheet.

- Line Status Approval status of the line item
- · WBS Path Project path associated with the record
- WBS Name Project long name associated with the record
- Tx Date Date of the expense
- Amount Total amount of the expense line
- Reimbursable Total amount to be reimbursed to the employee for the expense line (e.g. reimbursable portion of the expense line)
- Expense Code Expense Code associated with the expense line
- Credit Card When checked, the expense was made with a company credit card and is not reimbursable.
- Client Code Client code associated with the record
- Client Name Client name associated with the record
- Documents Number of documents associated with the Expense Sheet line. Click to review documents.

Time Sheet Lines Summary Grid

- Project Project Name associated with the item
- Code Project Code associated with the item
- Employee Employee associated with the item
- · Hours Total Hours on Time Sheet

Time Sheet Lines Detail Grid

- Reject (button) Rejects the selected time / expense sheets
- Approve (button) Approves the selected time / expense sheets
- Toggle Checked When checked, all of the time / expense sheets in the grid will be selected or deselected.
- WBS Path Project Path associated with the line item
- Project Project Name associated with the line item
- Employee Employee associated with the item
- Period Start Period Start Date of the Time Sheet
- Period End Period End Date of the Time Sheet
- Total Hours Total Hours for the line item to be approved

Additional Columns

Below are additional columns available by clicking the column chooser (gear icon).

Time / Expense Sheet Grid

- Approved By User who approved the line item
- Approved Date Date approved
- Documents Number of documents associated with the Time Sheet. Click to review documents.
- Employee Employee Name of the user who submitted the item
- Employee Code Employee Code of the user who submitted the item
- ESID Internal Expense Sheet ID
- Last Rejection Date Date of most recent rejection
- Last Rejection Reason Reason provided for most recent rejection
- Lines Approved Count of associated lines approved
- Lines Rejected Count of associated lines rejected
- Lines Waiting Count of lines awaiting approval/rejection
- Non-Reimbursement Amount Amount of non-reimbursable items
- Reimbursable Amount Amount of reimbursable items
- Period Days Number of days in the Time Sheet period
- Period End Period End Date of the Time Sheet
- Period Start Period Start Date of the Time Sheet
- Premium Hours Overtime Hours
- Regular Hours Regular Work Hours
- Status Approval status of the time/expense sheet.
 - Unsubmitted Time/Expense Sheet has not been submitted
 - Pending Time/Expense Sheet lines are partially approved. Only available when using **line-item approval**.
 - o Ready for Approval Time/Expense Sheet is submitted and ready for approval. When using **line-item approval**, also denotes all line items have been approved.
 - Approved Time/Expense Sheet has been approved
 - Rejected Time/Expense Sheet has been rejected
- Submit By User who submitted the item
- Submit Date Date submitted
- Time ID Internal Time Sheet ID
- Title Title of the Expense Sheet

Time/Expense Sheet Detail Grid

Amount - Amount of the expense line item

- Charge Code Charge Org Code associated with the item
- Charge Name Charge Org Name associated with the item
- Client (Name) Client Name associated with item
- Client Code Client Code associated with the item
- Comment Comments associated with the line item
- Credit Card Designation of whether the item as purchased with a Company Credit Card. 1=Yes/True.
- Documents Number of documents associated with the Time Sheet. Click to review documents.
- Emp Code Employee code associated with the item
- Emp Name (Employee) Employee name associated with the item
- ESID Internal Expense Sheet ID
- ESName Expense Sheet Name
- Expense Code Expense Code assosiated with the line item
- Expense Name Expense Code Name associated with the line item
- Hours Work hours
- Internal Comment Notes (internal) associated with the line item
- Is Premium Designation of overtime, 1=Yes/True
- Job Code Job Title code associated with the item
- Job Title Job Title name associated with the item
- Labor Code Labor Code associated with the item
- Labor Name Labor Code Name associated with the item
- Location Location associated with the item
- Location Code Location Code associated with the item
- Non Reimbursable Non-Reimbursable amount of the line item.
- Path Project Path associated with the item
- Project Code Project Code associated with the line item
- Project Name Project Name associated with the line item
- QTY Quantity
- Reimbursable Reimbursable amount of the line item
- Status Approval Status of the entry
- TxDate Expense date of the line item
- Unit Rate Unit Rate associated with teh line item
- WBS Path Project Path associated with the item
- WBS Name Project Long Name associated with the item
- Work Date Date the hours were worked
- Work ID Work Order ID associated with the item
- Work Order Work Order Title associated with the item

Time/Expense Sheet Lines Summary Grid

- Emp ID Internal ID of the employee associated with the item
- My Role Logged in user's role (PM, PIC, PA) designated on the project associated with the item
- Project ID Internal ID of the Project associated with the item

Time/Expense Sheet Lines Detail Grid

- Comments Comments associated with the line item
- Emp ID Internal ID of the employee associated with the line item
- ESID Internal ID of the Expense Sheet associated with the line item
- Internal Comment Notes (internal) associated with the line item
- Leader Type Logged in user's role (PM, PIC, PA) designated on the project associated with the item
- Line Line number of the row displayed in the grid
- Project Project associated with the item

- Project ID Internal ID of the Project associated with the item
- Project Code Project Code associated with the line item
- Time ID Internal ID of the Time Sheet

4.8.2 Expense Sheets

Overview

Similar to time entry, Expense Sheets are core to capturing Expense with InFocus. Employees can quickly enter project expenses and capture markups and reimbursable amounts as applicable. While timesheets are entered for periods of time, Expense Sheets do not carry the same requirement. Multiple expense sheets could be entered within a day, if desired.

Note - Expense sheet entry is also available for web/mobile via InFocus Mobile.

Expense Sheet Workflow

Expense Sheet Created

Description - Employees can create their own expense sheets via Personal>Expense Sheets by clicking New from the toolbar or the Create New Expense Sheet link when opening the applet. Expense sheet administrators can also create expense sheets on behalf of employees.

Expense Sheet Entered & Submitted

Description - Expense sheets, while typically entered by each employee, can optionally be entered on behalf of an employee by an expense sheet administrator.

Best Practices

- Enter expenses on a daily basis
- Projects must be associated with each expense
- Use Document Manager to attach receipts to the expense sheet
- Utilize Expense Codes to govern/automate mark up and expense/revenue tracking. Expense Codes,
 optionally required for entry, provide automated controls per expense line, including- but not limited to:
 - Markup and/or Unit Rate
 - Default comments via comment templates
 - Reimbursable vs Non-Reimbursable settings
 - o G/L Account assignment at the point of import the Employee Reimbursable Journal

- Bill Status
- Save your expense sheet while entering
- Ensure your expense sheet is complete before submitting. Once submitted, you cannot make edits unless
 enabled by your expense sheet approver.

Expense Review

Description - Submitting your expense, notifies your approver for review. If approved, your expense sheet is sent to Accounting for billing and/or reimbursement via <u>Employee Reimbursables</u>. If rejected, you'll receive your expense sheet back for edits. Once approved, expense sheets can be imported to <u>Employee</u>
<u>Reimbursables</u> and subsequently reimbursed and/or billed. Expenses do not appear on project management reports until they have been imported into the Employee Reimbursable journal.

Expense Sheets Tutorials

Creating Expense Sheets

- 1. Browse to Personal>Expense Sheets
- 2. Click New from the toolbar or click the Create New Expense Sheet when opening the applet

Entering Expenses

- 1. Browse to Personal>Expense Sheets
- Select the Expense Sheet for which you wish to enter your expenses. This can be accessed via the drop down to the right of the Expense Sheet label or by navigating Expense Sheets with the arrows to the left.
- 3. Enter your expenses, considering the following:

Selecting a Project

Description - Projects are required for each expense item and are specified via the Project Path. Simply begin typing the path (ex. 20140000-001) and InFocus will dynamically search for a match. You can also click the magnifying glass to search and select a project.

Expense Codes

Description - Utilize Expense Codes to govern automate mark up and expense/revenue tracking. Expense Codes, optionally required for entry, provide automated controls per expense line, including- but not limited to:

- Markup and/or Unit Rate
- Default comments via comment templates
- Reimbursable vs Non-Reimbursable settings
- G/L Account assignment at the point of import the Employee Reimbursable Journal
- Bill Status

Credit Cards

Description - Each expense line has an option for Credit Card. Check only if using a company credit card and no reimbursement is required. Checking this box forces a zero dollar Reimbursement amount. If you're entering a line item that requires reimbursement, leave this check box unchecked.

Notes & Comments

Description - Comments can be added on a per-entry basis via Notes and PM Comments. While Notes are internal, PM Comments are used in project reporting and appear on invoices. If you use boiler-plate comments for certain types of time, you can create a Snippet for quick reference via the Snippets button on the toolbar. Reuse your snippets by clicking the button and inserting the previously created snippet.

Receipts

Description - Receipts can be attached via the Documents button on the toolbar.

- Save your expense sheet by clicking Save from the toolbar
- 5. If needed, you can delete rows by highlighting the row (click the far left number column) and click Delete.
- 6. Submit the expense sheet by clicking Submit. Expense sheets can also be submitted via the Expense Sheet Menu option. Once submitted, the expense sheet status will reflect the submission. If approved, the status will be updated to Approved. If rejected, the status will reflect Rejected and include a reason for rejection.

Approving/Rejecting Time

- 1. Browse to Personal>Expense Sheets
- 2. Enter the employee's code in the lookup (upper right hand corner of the applet)
- 3. Select the Expense Sheet to review by using navigation arrows, the navigation drop down or the Open Expense Sheets tab located at the bottom of the screen. Note: Open Expense Sheets tab can be filtered to give you a pick list of unapproved expense sheets.
- 4. Click Approve or Reject as appropriate (this can also be done via Menu>Expense Sheet). If rejecting, provide instructions for the employee as appropriate.

Expense Sheet Field Descriptions

Description - Below is a discussion of Expense Sheet Field Descriptions.

Expense Sheet Toolbar

Description - The Expense Sheet toolbar gives the user (with appropriate permission) various capabilities within the Expense Sheet applet of InFocus. Those capabilities are as follows:

Menu Options

- Tools>Enable Arrow Key Navigation Allows the grid to be navigated with arrow keys. This also disables
 moving the cursor with the arrow keys when in a cell.
- Tools>Reset Declined Lines Resets expense lines with a declined status
- Tools>Copy Copies the loaded expense sheet to a new, specified expense sheet
- Expense Sheet>Submit Submits the loaded expense sheet
- Timesheet>Approve Approves the loaded expense sheet
- Timesheet>Reject Rejects the loaded expense sheet. You'll be prompted for a rejection reason if required via Administration>Global Settings>Time and Expense tab.

Toolbar Options

- New Creates a new expense sheet. You'll be prompted for a name.
- Edit Edits the name of the loaded expense sheet
- Copy Copies the loaded expense sheet to a new, specified expense sheet
- Save Saves the state of the loaded expense sheet
- Delete Deletes the loaded expense sheet
- Check Spelling Checks the spelling of the comments being edited (Notes or PM Comments)
- Snippets Launches the snippets dialogue for entering/adding common comments to the highlighted cell
- Print Runs the Timesheet report for the loaded expense sheet
- Documents Use this to load documents to your expense sheet

Expense Sheet Navigation & Statuses

- Expense Sheet ID label Internal ID of the expense sheet record
- Employee Lookup Used by administrators to load a expense sheet for review or entry on behalf of an employee
- Left/Right Arrows Use these arrows to browse expense sheet
- Down Arrow Click to browse expense sheet via a drop down list. Load a expense sheet from the list by double clicking.
- Submit Click to submit your expense sheet
- Approve Visible by expense sheet approvers once the expense sheet has been submitted, Click to Approve the expense sheet.
- Reject Visible by expense sheet approvers once the expense sheet has been submitted, Click to Reject the expense sheet.
- Employee Label Reflects the employee associated with the loaded expense sheet
- Status Label Reflects the current status of the expense sheet: Unsubmitted, Submitted, Approved,
 Rejected

 Rejection Reason - If a expense sheet has been rejected, the status will reflect accordingly and the rejection reason will be displayed.

Expense Sheet Grid

Grid Fields

Description - The expense sheet entry grid displays fields available to enter as a part of your expense sheet. Additional fields can be added/removed from the detail using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid. All fields can be reordered in the grid.

Below is a list of available grid and standard fields listed alphabetically.

- Amount Expense amount
- Expense Code** Expense code to associate with the transaction. When selected, the expense code will govern/automate mark up and expense/revenue tracking for the transaction.
- Project Project the transaction is being entered against. Only allowable projects can be used. An
 allowable projects is determined by a Project Active Flag, Expense Allow Date Entry, Profit Center
 Membership, and (potentially) a Project Team Membership list. The lookup for this field is split into two
 sections. The top section is used to select a Bill Terms Node (project). Once selected, the bottom section
 lists the allowable WBS nodes.
- Reimbursable Amt. Defaulting to the value entered in the Amount field, this is the amount to be reimbursed to the employee.
- Transaction Date Date expense was incurred

Note - Some fields listed below are only available if allowed via Administration>Global Settings>Time & Expense tab.

Standard Column Fields

Description - Fields can be selected using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid.

- Approved Checked if approved (read only)
- Check Number Check Number of the Disbursement associated with the expense
- Credit Card Check only if using a company credit card and no reimbursement is required. Checking this
 box forces a zero dollar Reimbursement amount. If you're entering a line item that requires
 reimbursement, leave this check box unchecked.
- Declined Checked if declined (read only)
- Project Name Project Name of the project associated with the line item
- Quantity and Rate

- o QTY Quantity
- o Unit Rate Rate to apply to the QTY (e.g. If QTY = 2 and Unit Rate = 5.00 then Amount = 10.00)
- Notes (Internal) Internal notes for communication with accounting
- PM Comments Comments that can appear on project management reports and invoices
- ERID Employee Reimbursable internal ID associated with the expense line
- ER Line ID Employee Reimbursable Line internal ID associated with the expense line
- Bill Status** Bill Status of the expense record
- Work Order** Work Order expense is being entered against. When a Work Order is used, the project (WBS) path will fill out automatically. The project cannot be overridden.

Note - Some fields listed below are only available if allowed via Administration>Global Settings>Time & Expense tab.

Expense Sheet Totals

Description - Expense Sheet Totals gives you at-a-glace information for the expense sheet, including a summary column, details for the highlighted cell and an Open Expense Sheet dialogue.

Open Expense Sheets

Description - Launch this dialogue by clicking or hovering with your mouse over the tab. This pane can be pinned to the bottom of the expense sheet applet by clicking the pin icon in the upper right hand corner of the opened tab.

- Display drop down Select to display expense sheets with the following statuses: Unsubmitted,
 Unapproved or Both
- Display list Reflects all expense sheets with the selected status.
- Refresh Button Refreshes the list
- Load Selected Expense Sheet Click to load the highlighted expense sheet in the Display list

4.8.2.1 Expense Sheet Toolbar

Overview

The Expense Sheets toolbar gives the user (if given appropriate permissions) various capabilities within the Expense Sheets applet. Below is a list of those capabilities.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. More on Toolbar Options

Additional Toolbar Options

- Expense Sheet Lists advanced options
 - o Submit Submits the Expense Sheet that is pulled up.
 - o Approve Approves the Expense Sheet that is pulled up.
 - o Reject Rejects the Expense Sheet that is pulled up.
- Tools
 - Enable Arrow Key Navigation When selected, arrow key navigation is enabled.
 - o Reset Declined Lines When selected, any lines that were rejected in the Expense Sheet Import are reset.
- Check Spelling When selected, the Spelling window pops up.
- Snippets When selected, the snippet editor comes up. More on Snippets
- Print Runs the Expense Sheet Report against the Expense Sheet that is loaded. More on the Expense
 Sheet Report

4.8.2.2 Expense Sheet Header

Overview

The Expense Sheet Header is where you can see and navigate Expense Sheets.

Field Descriptions

- Expense Sheet ID label Internal ID of the expense sheet record
- Employee Lookup Used by administrators to load a expense sheet for review or entry on behalf of an employee
- Left/Right Arrows Use these arrows to browse expense sheet
- Down Arrow Click to browse expense sheet via a drop down list. Load a expense sheet from the list by double clicking.
- Submit Click to submit your expense sheet
- Approve Visible by expense sheet approvers once the expense sheet has been submitted, Click to Approve the expense sheet.
- Reject Visible by expense sheet approvers once the expense sheet has been submitted, Click to Reject
 the expense sheet.
- Employee Label Reflects the employee associated with the loaded expense sheet
- Status Label Reflects the current status of the expense sheet: Unsubmitted, Submitted, Approved,
 Rejected
- Rejection Reason If a expense sheet has been rejected, the status will reflect accordingly and the rejection reason will be displayed.

4.8.2.3 Expense Sheet Detail

Overview

The expense sheet entry grid displays fields available to enter as a part of your expense sheet. Additional fields can be added/removed from the detail using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid. All fields can be reordered in the grid.

Field Descriptions

- Transaction Date Date expense was incurred
- Project Path Project the transaction is being entered against. Only allowable projects can be used. An
 allowable projects is determined by a Project Active Flag, Expense Allow Date Entry, Profit Center. More
 on Projects
- Expense Code** Expense code to associate with the transaction. When selected, the expense code will
 govern/automate mark up and expense/revenue tracking for the transaction. More on Expense Codes
- Amount Expense amount
- Reimbursable Amt. Defaulting to the value entered in the Amount field, this is the amount to be reimbursed to the employee.
- Credit Card Check only if using a company credit card and no reimbursement is required. Checking this
 box forces a zero dollar Reimbursement amount. If you're entering a line item that requires
 reimbursement, leave this check box unchecked.
- Notes (Internal) Internal notes for communication with accounting
- PM Comments Comments that can appear on project management reports and invoices
- Approval Status Status of the Line Item. This is enabled with Line Item Approval. More on Approvals

Additional Columns

Description - Fields can be selected using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid.

- Check Number Check Number of the Disbursement associated with the expense
- Project Name Project Name of the project associated with the line item
- Quantity and Rate
 - QTY Quantity
 - Unit Rate Rate to apply to the QTY (e.g. If QTY = 2 and Unit Rate = 5.00 then Amount = 10.00)
- ER Line ID Employee Reimbursable Line internal ID associated with the expense line
- Bill Status** Bill Status of the expense record

- Work Order** Work Order expense is being entered against. When a Work Order is used, the project (WBS) path will fill out automatically. The project cannot be overridden.
- Approved Checked if approved (read only)
- Membership, and (potentially) a Project Team Membership list. The lookup for this field is split into two
 sections. The top section is used to select a Bill Terms Node (project). Once selected, the bottom section
 lists the allowable WBS nodes.
- Declined Checked if declined (read only)
- ERID Employee Reimbursable internal ID associated with the expense line. Expense Sheets must be imported to the E/R Journal for this to have an ID associated with it.
- Docs Documents that have been associated with the line item of the expense sheet.

4.8.3 My Work Orders

Overview

My Work Orders is used by individuals to keep track of work that has been assigned to them. They can attribute time to work orders, mark work as completed, and carry on recorded communication with the project leaders. More on Work Orders

Key Concepts

- The My Work Orders screen contains all the work orders that have been assigned to the user. By default, it shows the Open list.
- This is essentially an Inbox. Use this screen to monitor the list of open work orders, respond to quote requests, reject work order assignments, close work orders, and enter time.
- Clicking on an Open work order opens up to three options under the Quote text box (in the middle of the right side of the screen). The options are Submit Quote, Reject, and Cancel.
- When a request for a Quote type work order is selected, the Quote text box will become enabled, and a Submit Quote button will appear. Fill in the Quote textbox with an estimation of work; then click on the Submit Quote button. The Quote response will be sent back to the project leaders and the work order will be removed from the user's list.
- When a work order is selected that is not mandatory, a Reject link button will appear under the Quote textbox. Clicking on this will remove the user's assignment from the work order, and the work order will no longer appear on the user's list.
- Whenever an open work order is selected, a Closed link button will appear under the Quote textbox.
 Clicking on the link will flag the work order as closed and remove it from the user's Open list. Closing a work order is how an assigned employee informs the project leaders that they have completed the work order.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar Options</u>

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

Print Work Order(s) - This prints the Work Order Detail OR Work Order Report. More on the Work Order
 Detail OR Work Order Reports

Field Descriptions

Work Order Navigator (Left Window)

- Description The left part of the Work Order applet is the Work Order Navigator. It lists the work order for
 projects of which the user is the project leader. At the top of the list are *Incomplete/Completed* buttons.
 Clicking these alters the list between completed and incomplete work orders. Work orders are built into
 the list and grouped by date periods, such as *two weeks old, more than a month, today,* etc.
- Open When selected, the grid only shows Work Orders that are open.
- Closed When selected, the grid only shows Work Orders that are closed.
- Speech Bubble The speech bubble indicates that communications exist for the work order. If the bubble
 icon is grayed out, it indicates that all existing communications have been read.
- Question Mark The question mark icon indicates that the work order is actually a request for a quote.
 This is activated by checking the "Quote Request" box in the Work Order Detail. More on Work Order Detail
- Red Flag The red flag icon indicates that the work order has been marked as high priority. This is
 activated by checking the "High Priority" box in the Work Order Detail. More on Work Order Detail
- ID The Unique Identifier of the Work Order.
- Project Project Path of the Project that the Work Order is in reference to. More on Work Order Detail
- Client Client that the Work Order is in reference to. More on Work Order Detail
- Subject This is pulled from the "Subject" box in the Work Order Detail. More on Work Order Detail
- Due Date Estimated Finish Date of the Work Order. More on Work Order Detail

Work Order Navigator (Left Window - Visual Indicators)

- Red Work orders in red indicate that the work order has not been assigned to an employee.
- Green Work orders in green indicate that the work order has been closed by employee.

• Bold - Work orders that appear in bold have time entered against them.

Work Order Window (Right Window)

- Description The right hand portion of the screen serves two purposes. First, it shows a quote (if one
 exists). Second, it provides a running dialogue between project leaders and the work order assigner.
- Work ID Work Order ID Number.
- Due Date Estimated Finish Date of the Work Order. More on Work Order Detail
- Project Project Path of the Project that the Work Order is in reference to. More on Work Order Detail
- Client Client that the Work Order is in reference to. More on Work Order Detail
- Description/Quote When "Quote Request" box is checked, the comment box is labeled "Quote" and a
 quote can be added. When "Quote Request" box is un-checked, the comment box is labeled
 "Description" and a description can be added. Both are stored so that you can go between the two.
- Reject Allows the employee to reject the Work Order. This un-assigns them from the Employee field in the Work Order Detail. More on Work Order Detail
- Close Signals the Project Leader that the work have been closed.

Comments (Right Window)

 Comments - Allows the Project Leaders to have conversations with the Employee assigned to the Work Orders.

4.8.4 Snippet Manager

Overview

Snippets are standard comments that can be saved for future use. You are able to use system variables (ex. @MYID@ brings back the EMPID of the user) to return dynamic text in a comment. You will now see a blue "Insert Snippet" link in the top right of the Comment box (Fig.1). Click on the link and you will see a list of available Snippets. To manage Snippets, a Snippet Manager (Fig.2) Applet has been added to Personal> Snippet Manager. Click here and go to the 1 minute 24 second mark to learn more about Snippets.

Field Descriptions

Snippets Grid

- Name This column contains the name of the Snippets. To create a Snippets, simply type in a new line and click *Save*. Once saved, the name will appear in this column.
- Snippet Editor This text box contains the text of the selected Snippet. The text can be edited here.

4.8.5 Time Sheets

Overview

Time entry is a core process in InFocus. Entered by each employee and/or consultant, timesheets have a direct impact on project reporting and utilization. The Timesheets applet gives you the tools you need to record time quickly and accurately.

Note - Time entry is also available for web/mobile via InFocus Mobile.

Timesheet Workflow

Timesheet Created

Description - Timesheets are created by your timesheet admin based on a Weekly, Bi-Weekly, Semi-Monthly or Monthly time cycle. Timesheets are generally created for a <u>Timesheet Group</u>. Alternatively, you can create a timesheet for a single employee (typically used when hiring a new employee mid-time cycle, for example).

Timesheet Entered & Submitted

Description - Once created, you'll enter and submit time via Personal>Timesheets. Time, while typically entered by each employee and/or consultant, can optionally be entered on behalf of an employee and/or consultant by a timesheet administrator.

Best Practices

- Enter your time on a daily basis. This will ensure your time impacts project reporting and planning as close to real-time as possible.
- Save your timesheet while entering
- Use helpful tools like Add Recent Projects, Add Scheduled Projects, Timer, etc
- Ensure your timesheet is complete before submitting. Once submitted, you cannot make edits unless enabled by your timesheet approver.

Other Considerations

Work Orders - When utilizing this feature, work orders can be assigned to an employee and include much
of the info (Project Path, Job Title, etc.) necessary to fill out the timesheet line, except for hours and date.
This frees employees from having to know Project Paths and contractual or billing information.

 Estimate to Complete - When using this feature, employees must enter an estimate to complete before submitting timesheets that contain hours against Projects or Work Orders flagged with this requirement.
 Enable this feature via Administration>Global Settings>Time & Expense tab.

Timesheet Review

Description - Submitting your time, notifies your time approver for review. If approved, your timesheet is sent to Accounting for billing. If rejected, you'll receive your timesheet back for edits. Once approved, timesheets can be reviewed and adjusted for billing. Completed via Human Resources>Timesheet Adjustments, Accounting has full control over the recorded time to adjust as needed for the final bill.

Administrative Note

Description - Upon timesheet approval, InFocus takes a snapshot of the original timesheet. This means that when viewing the approved timesheet in the Timesheets applet, the originally approved time is displayed-regardless of adjustments made for billing.

After the appropriate adjustments, time is billed.

Timesheet Tutorials

Creating Timesheets

Description - Timesheets can be created for a Timesheet Group or for an individual Employee.

Create a Timesheet for a Group

- 1. Browse to Personal>Timesheets
- 2. Select Admin>Timesheets>Create Timesheets for a Timesheet Group
- 3. From the dialogue that appears, select the Timesheet Group and set the Periods. Note: You can optionally add pre-filled Holiday Hours to the timesheet based on a Holiday Calendar. Holiday calendars are managed via Human Resources>Holiday Calendar and assigned to timesheet groups via Personal>Timesheets>Admin Menu>Timesheet Groups.
- 4. Click Preview affected Employees to ensure all intended employees will have a timesheet created
- Click Create. A timesheet will be created for each employee listed in Preview list.

Create a Timesheet for an Employee

- 1. Browse to Personal>Timesheets
- 2. Load the Employee you wish to create a timesheet for via the Employee Lookup
- 3. Select Admin>Timesheets>Create Employee Timesheet

- 4. From the dialogue that appears, select the Start and End Dates for the timesheet.
- 5. Click Create. A timesheet will be created for the loaded employee.

Entering Time

- 1. Browse to Personal>Timesheets
- Select the period for which you wish to enter time. This can be accessed via the drop down to the right of the Period label or by navigating timesheets with the arrows to the left.
- Enter your time. In short, your timesheet consists of the hours you worked on specified projects. Hours
 can be further defined by Job Tile and Comments (and optionally by Labor Code, Location, Bill Status
 and/or Work Order).

Selecting a Project

Description - Projects are specified via the Project Path. Simply begin typing the path (ex. 20140000-001) and InFocus will dynamically search for a match. You can also click the magnifying glass to search or select a recently used or scheduled project by clicking Add Recent Projects or Add Scheduled Projects.

Comments

Description - Comments are added on a per-entry basis via the Comments box beneath the timesheet grid or by typing "c" while in the timesheet grid. Once entered, you can apply the comment to all entries for the specified project for the timesheet by clicking Apply Hours to Weekdays, found below the timesheet grid or via the Comments dialogue (launched by typing "c" from the timesheet grid). Entries with comments are highlighted yellow in the timesheet grid. If you use boiler-plate comments for certain types of time, you can create a snippet for quick reference via the snippets link below the comments box. Reuse your snippets by clicking the link and inserting the previously created snippet. All comments for your timesheet can be viewed by clicking Show Comments from the toolbar or by hovering over the cell in the timesheet grid.

Overtime

Description - Overtime is designated as a part of the total time entered on a given project/day. For example, if you worked 8 hours on a given project and 2 of the hours were considered Overtime, you would enter the 10 hours in the timesheet grid and then designate the break out via the Regular and Overtime boxes below the timesheet grid or via the Overtime Entry dialogue, launched by typing "o" from the timesheet grid. Saving the entry publishes the breakout: 8 hours on the day and 2 hours to the Overtime column for the week.

Apply Hours/Comments to Weekdays

Description - This link is found below the timesheet grid and in the Comments and Overtime Entry dialogues. When checked, InFocus will apply your comment and/or hours to each day in the week for the entered Project.

- 4. Save your timesheet as you enter by clicking Save from the toolbar
- 5. If needed, you can delete rows by highlighting the row (click the far left number column) and click Delete.
- 6. Submit the timesheet by clicking Submit. Timesheets can also be submitted via the Timesheet Menu option. Once submitted, the timesheet status will reflect the submission. If approved, the status will be updated to Approved. If rejected, the status will reflect Rejected and include a reason for rejection.

Note - If any *Estimates to Complete* are required, a list will appear where the user can enter an estimate of remaining hours or, optionally, flag the item as complete

Approving/Rejecting Time

- 1. Browse to Personal>Timesheets
- 2. Click Open Employee Timesheets from the Toolbar and select the timesheet you wish to review
- Click Approve or Reject as appropriate (this can also be done via the Timesheet Menu). If rejecting, provide instructions for the employee as appropriate- the instructions will appear on the user's timesheet for their review/correction.

Timesheet Field Descriptions

Description - Below is a discussion of Timesheet Field Descriptions.

Timesheet Toolbar

Description - The Timesheets toolbar gives the user (with appropriate permission) various capabilities within the Timesheets applet of InFocus. Those capabilities are as follows:

Menu Options

- Timesheet>Submit Submits the loaded timesheet
- Timesheet>Approve Approves the loaded timesheet
- Timesheet>Reject Rejects the loaded timesheet. You'll be prompted for a rejection reason if required via Administration>Global Settings>Time and Expense tab.
- Admin>Modify Current Timesheet Period Launches a dialogue where the period can be altered by shifting the entire time entry period based on an anchor date, or altering the Start Date or End Date only.

- Admin>Timesheet Groups Launches a dialogue for managing Timesheet Groups. To learn more about
 Timesheet Groups <u>click here</u>.
- Admin>Timesheets Allows you to create a timesheet for an individual Employee of for a Timesheet
 Group
- Admin>Delete Current Timesheet Deletes the loaded timesheet
- View>Billable Percentage Shows the billable percentage
- View>Missing Timesheets Shows employees who haven't submitted their time for a specified Period End
 Date.
- View>Benefits Displays a summary of benefits for the loaded employee
- Tools>Compress Timesheet Lines Merges timesheet lines that contain like information (Projects+Labor code+Bill Status+Job Titles+Work Date+Work Order+PM Comments+Location+Comment Templates +Overtime Type)

Toolbar Options

- Save Saves the currently loaded timesheet record
- Copy Copies the currently loaded timesheet record and pastes to another timesheet specified via the Timesheet Copy. Copies can optionally include Hours and Comments. You can only paste to previously created Timesheets.
- Show Comments Shows a listing of all comments entered on the loaded timesheet. Once clicked, this button will read Hide Comments (click to hide the comments pane).
- Print Runs the Timesheet report for the loaded timesheet
- Documents Use this to load documents to your timesheet
- Timer Adds a Timer column to the Timesheet Grid. Clicking the timer column for a specified project's row starts the timer. Clicking the running timer again, stops the timer and fills in the time value for the day.
- % Billable See View>Billable Percentage above
- Benefits See View>Benefits above
- Open Employee Timesheet Provides you with a list of Employee timesheets to load for timesheet review and/or entry

Timesheet Navigation & Statuses

- Timesheet ID label Internal ID of the timesheet record
- Employee Lookup Used by administrators to load a timesheet for review or entry on behalf of an employee
- Left/Right Arrows Use these arrows to browse timesheets
- Timesheet Dates Indicates the Start and End dates of the loaded timesheet.

- Down Arrow Click to browse timesheets via a drop down list. Load a timesheet from the list by double clicking.
- Submit Click to submit your timesheet
- Approve Visible by timesheet approvers once the Timesheet has been submitted, Click to Approve the timesheet.
- Reject Visible by timesheet approvers once the Timesheet has been submitted, Click to Reject the timesheet.
- Add Recent Projects Displays a list of projects on which the employee has recently worked. The
 employee checks off which projects to apply to the current timesheets. Projects the employee has worked
 on in the last 30 days are considered Recent Projects. By default, projects are sorted in descending order
 by the last day on which they were worked.
- Add Scheduled Projects Displays a distinct list of scheduled projects based in the supplied date range.
 The employee checks off which projects to apply to the current timesheets.
- Employee Label Reflects the employee associated with the loaded timesheet
- Status Label Reflects the current status of the timesheet: Unsubmitted, Submitted, Approved, Rejected
- Rejection Reason If a timesheet has been rejected, the status will reflect accordingly and the rejection reason will be displayed.

Timesheet Grid

Grid Fields

Description - The timesheet entry grid displays fields available to enter as a part of your timesheet. Additional fields can be added/removed from the detail using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid. All fields can be reordered in the grid. The timesheet grid, specifically, allows you to pin a column (much like freezing a column in Excel). To do so, click the Pin icon contained in the column header. Below is a list of available grid and standard fields listed alphabetically.

- Days of the Week Columns Regular hours (non-overtime) worked for the Project on a given day
- J (Job Title) Job Title associated with the time record. List shows the allowable Job Titles for selection based on associated Rate Schedules, Project Membership and/or Employee Job titles.
- L (Labor Code)** Labor Code associated with the time record
- LOC (Location)** Location of the time record
- OT Total overtime hours for line item
- Project Path Project the transaction is being entered against. Only allowable projects can be used. An
 allowable projects is determined by a Project Active Flag, Timesheet Allow Date Entry, Profit Center
 Membership, and (potentially) a Project Team Membership list. The lookup for this field is split into two
 sections. The top section is used to select a Bill Terms Node (project). Once selected, the bottom section

lists the allowable WBS nodes.

- Reg Total regular hours for line item
- S (Bill Status)** Bill Status of the time record
- Total Total hours for line item
- Work Order** Work Order time is being entered against. When a Work Order is used, the project
 (WBS) path, the labor code, and the job title will fill out automatically. The project cannot be overridden.

Note - some fields listed below are only available if allowed via Administration>Global Settings>Time & Expense tab.

Standard Column Fields

DescriptionFields can be selected using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid

- Client Code Client Code associated with the line items (via the Project)
- Client Name Client Name associated with the line items (via the Project)
- Labor Name** Labor Name associated with the line item (via the Labor Code)
- Location Code** Location Code associated with the line item (via the Location selection)
- Location Name** Location Name associated with the line item (via the Location selection)
- OT Hours** Adding this adds an OT entry column for each day in the timesheet
- Project Name Project Name of the project associated with the line item

Note - Please note, some fields listed below are only available if allowed via Administration>Global Settings>Time & Expense tab.

Timesheet Totals

Description - Timesheet Totals gives you at-a-glace information for the timesheet, including a summarized column, details for the highlighted cell and a timesheet summary.

Timesheet Details

- Date Label Reflects the date of the highlighted cell
- Project Path Label Reflects the project path of the highlighted cell
- Comments Box View and/or Edits comments for the highlighted cell
- Snippets Launches the snippets dialogue for entering/adding common comments to the highlighted cell
- Regular View and/or Edit the Regular Hours associated with the highlighted cell
- Overtime View and/or Edit the Overtime Hours associated with the highlighted cell
- Apply Hours to Weekdays Copies the hours from the highlighted cell and pastes them into all weekdays in that row

Timesheet Summary

Description - Timesheet Summary gives you at-a-glace summary for the loaded timesheet.

- Submitted Label Date of submission
- · Approved Label Date of approval
- Direct Hours Hours entered against billable projects
- Indirect Hours Hours entered against non-billable projects
- Total Hours Total direct and indirect hours

4.8.5.1 Time Sheets Toolbar

Overview

The Time Sheets toolbar gives the user (if given appropriate permissions) various capabilities within the Time Sheets applet. Below is a list of those capabilities.

Additional Toolbar Options

- Time Sheet Lists advanced options
 - o Submit Submits the Time Sheet that is pulled up.
 - Approve Approves the Time Sheet that is pulled up.
 - Reject Rejects the Time Sheet that is pulled up.
- Tools
 - o Enable Arrow Key Navigation When selected, arrow key navigation is enabled.
 - Reset Declined Lines When selected, any lines that were rejected in the Expense Sheet Import are reset.
- Admin Contains Administrative options
 - Modify Current Timesheet Period When selected, you are able to modify the Timesheet period of the time sheet that is pulled up.
 - o Timesheet Groups Opens the Timesheet Groups pop-up. More on Timesheet Groups
 - Timesheets
 - Create Employee Timesheet Creates a timesheet for the Employee that is pulled up. Timesheet period must be available.
 - Create Timesheets for a Timesheet Group Creates timesheets for the all of the Employees in a specified Timesheet Group. More on Timesheet Groups
- View
 - Billable Percentages Shows the percentage of the billable hours for the employee.
 - Target % Reflects the Target PCT from HR>Employees>Accounting / Rates tab
 - Direct vs Billable Direct includes all time against a billable project regardless of transaction bill status. Billable does not include time with a bill status of N (Never Bill) or W (Write off).
 - Current Current Timesheet
 - Month Beginning of the calendar month based on the time sheet PS Date thru the PE Date
 - Year Beginning of the year (January 1) through the PE Date
 - Missing Timesheets Displays all Employees that have an active Pay Rate on the Pay HistoryTab (Human Resources> Employees) and DO NOT have a time sheet created as of the Period End Date selected. Note: When you check "Show for all Employees", you may see Inacive employees if you did not add an End Date to the Pay Rate in a terminated employees record.

- Benefits Shows the available benefits for the employee.
- Delete Current Timesheet Deletes the timesheet that is pulled up.
- Check Spelling When selected, the Spelling window pops up.
- Snippets When selected, the snippet editor comes up. More on Snippets
- Show Comments Shows a listing of all comments entered on the loaded timesheet. Once clicked, this button will read Hide Comments (click to hide the comments pane).
- Print Runs the Time Sheet Report against the Time Sheet that is loaded. More on the Time Sheet Report
- Timer Adds a Timer column to the Timesheet Grid. Clicking the timer column for a specified project's row starts the timer. Clicking the running timer again, stops the timer and fills in the time value for the day.
- % Billable Opens a pop-up window that displays the % of billable hours for the employee. Whether this
 displays or not is controlled by the Time and Expense Template being used on the employee. More on
 Time and Expense Templates.
- Benefits Shows the available benefits for the employee.
- Open Employee Timesheet Provides you with a list of Employee timesheets to load for timesheet review and/or entry

4.8.5.2 Time Sheet Header

Overview

The Time Sheet Header is where you can see and navigate Time Sheets.

Field Descriptions

- · Timesheet ID label Internal ID of the timesheet record
- Employee Lookup Used by administrators to load a timesheet for review or entry on behalf of an employee
- Left/Right Arrows Use these arrows to browse timesheets
- Timesheet Dates Indicates the Start and End dates of the loaded timesheet.
- Down Arrow Click to browse timesheets via a drop down list. Load a timesheet from the list by double clicking.
- Submit Click to submit your timesheet
- Approve Visible by timesheet approvers once the Timesheet has been submitted, Click to Approve the timesheet.
- Reject Visible by timesheet approvers once the Timesheet has been submitted, Click to Reject the timesheet.
- Add Recent Projects Displays a list of projects on which the employee has recently worked. The
 employee checks off which projects to apply to the current timesheets. Projects the employee has worked
 on in the last 365 days are considered Recent Projects. By default, projects are sorted in descending
 order by the last day on which they were worked.
- Add Scheduled Projects Displays a distinct list of scheduled projects based in the supplied date range.

The employee checks off which projects to apply to the current timesheets.

- Employee Label Reflects the employee associated with the loaded timesheet
- Status Label Reflects the current status of the timesheet: Unsubmitted, Submitted, Approved, Rejected
- Rejection Reason If a timesheet has been rejected, the status will reflect accordingly and the rejection reason will be displayed.

4.8.5.3 Time Sheet Detail

Overview

The time sheet entry grid displays fields available to enter as a part of your time sheet. Additional fields can be added/removed from the detail using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid. All fields can be reordered in the grid.

Field Descriptions

Description - The timesheet entry grid displays fields available to enter as a part of your timesheet. Additional fields can be added/removed from the detail using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid. All fields can be reordered in the grid. The timesheet grid, specifically, allows you to pin a column (much like freezing a column in Excel). To do so, click the Pin icon contained in the column header. Below is a list of available grid and standard fields listed alphabetically.

- Project Path Project the transaction is being entered against. Only allowable projects can be used. An
 allowable projects is determined by a Project Active Flag, Timesheet Allow Date Entry, Profit Center
 Membership, and (potentially) a Project Team Membership list. The lookup for this field is split into two
 sections. The top section is used to select a Bill Terms Node (project). Once selected, the bottom section
 lists the allowable WBS nodes. More on Projects
- Project Name Project Name of the project associated with the line item
- J (Job Title) Job Title associated with the time record. List shows the allowable Job Titles for selection based on associated Rate Schedules, Project Membership and/or Employee Job titles. More on Job Titles
- L (Labor Code)** Labor Code associated with the time record. More on Labor Codes
- LOC (Location)** Location of the time record. More on Locations
- Approval Status Status of the Line Item. This is enabled with Line Item Approval. More on Approvals
- Days of the Week Columns Regular hours (non-overtime) worked for the Project on a given day.
- Reg Total regular hours for line item. Negative entries are supported (e.g. -1).
- OT Total overtime hours for line item. Negative entries are supported (e.g. -1). Users can be given the
 ability to use Overtime in their time sheets at <u>Global Settings>Time and Expense Tab>Allow Users to Edit</u>
 <u>Timesheet section</u>. Overtime Types are also available. <u>More on Overtime Types</u>

Note - The overtime pop-up is triggered by clicking "o" on the keyboard.

- S (Bill Status) Bill Status of the time record. Users can be given the ability to modify Status in their time sheets at Global Settings>Time and Expense Tab>Misc>Allow Users to Edit Bill Status in Time and Expense
- Total Total hours for line item
- Work Order** Work Order time is being entered against. When a Work Order is used, the project (WBS) path, the labor code, and the job title will fill out automatically. The project cannot be overridden.
 More on Work Orders

Additional Columns

Description - Fields can be selected using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid.

- Client Code Client Code associated with the line items (via the Project). More on Clients
- Client Name Client Name associated with the line items (via the Project)
- Labor Name** Labor Name associated with the line item (via the Labor Code). More on Labor Codes
- Location Code** Location Code associated with the line item (via the Location selection). More on Locations
- Location Name** Location Name associated with the line item (via the Location selection)
- OT Hours** Adding this adds an OT entry column for each day in the timesheet. Users can be given the
 ability to use Overtime in their time sheets at <u>Global Settings>Time and Expense Tab>Allow Users to Edit</u>
 Timesheet section.

4.9 General Accounting

4.9.1 Accounting Periods

Overview

Accounting Periods (G/L periods) need to be established before non-labor transactions can be entered into the system.

Key Concepts

Fiscal Years

G/L Periods represent each period in the Fiscal Year. Before adding G/L Periods, the Seed Start Year (earliest Fiscal Year) and Seed Start Date must be established and should cover the oldest transaction to be entered in the system. This is done through <a href="https://doi.org/10.21/2016/nd.2

InFocus supports the following Fiscal Year Types. This is assigned through Global Settings>General Tab in

the Fiscal Calendar section.

- Calendar 12 Twelve periods. Start date of year is January 1st. End Date of year is December 31st. Each month is a period.
- Non-calendar 12 Twelve periods. Start date of year is specified by user. Each period begins on the same day of the month.
- 13 Periods Each period is 28 days long, starting on a user-specified start date.
- 5 x 4 x 4 Twelve periods. The first period of each quarter receives five weeks. All other periods receive four weeks.
- 4 x 5 x 4 Twelve periods. The second period of each quarter receives five weeks. All other periods receive four weeks.
- 4 x 4 x 5 Twelve periods. The third period of each quarter receives five weeks. All other periods receive four weeks.

Format

A G/L period contains a start and end date with a period code in the following format: YYYY-MM (e.g. 2016-10). In this format, YYYY = Fiscal Year and MM = the period- a number between 01 and 13 (12 for 12-period Fiscal Years).

Open/Closing Accounting Periods

When a period is checked open, the accounting period is open for transactions. Conversely, when unchecked, the accounting period is closed. Having a standard approach to opening and closing accounting periods is a recommended accounting control to have in place for your firm.

Allow Adjustments

That said, there are scenarios where adjustments must be made to transactions post-close. As an alternative to re-opening the period (and therefor increasing the margin of error), each period can be marked to **Allow Adjustments**. When checked, users with access to journals- including the special right **Allow Post Closing Adjustments**- can make adjustments even if the period is closed.

Tutorial - Allowing Adjustments Post Close

- 1. Browse to GA>Accounting Periods
- 2. Check Allow Adjustments as appropriate
- 3. Click Save
- 4. Browse to AD>Permissions
- 5. Click the **lockbox** next to the user and/or group you wish to edit
- **6.** Enable the Special Right **Allow Post Closing Adjustments** on each of the following applets as appropriate
 - o Purchase Journal
 - o Disbursements Journal
 - Employee Reimbursables Journal
 - Sales Journal
 - o Receipts Journal
 - General Journal

Field Descriptions

Menu

• File/Help - Lists standard InFocus File and Help options

Toolbar Options

Periods Menu

- Create New Fiscal Year When selected, this will create a new Fiscal Year. If it is your first time running
 this, InFocus will use the Seed Start Year and Seed Start Date to create the first year. Those are set at
 Global Settings>General Tab in the Fiscal Calendar section.
- Delete Most Recent Fiscal Year When selected, this will delete the most recent fiscal year.

Applet Fields

- Current Period This is the default G/L period. It must be an open period in the All Periods Grid. It acts as the default on new transactions and other procedures where a G/L period is required.
- Current Invoicing Period The default "As of" period for client invoicing.
- Open When checked, this period is open for transactions.
- Period Code System-generated. Cannot be changed.
- Start Date System-initialized but can be changed by user. This is the start date of the period.
- End Date System-initialized but can be changed by user. This is the end date of the period.
- Allow Adjustments Click to allow post close adjustments in the period. Note, only users with special journal permissions can make post close adjustments.

4.9.2 Bank Reconciliation

Overview

The Bank Reconciliation applet is used to match a company's Books with its Bank Account. More on Bank

Reconciliation

Key Concepts

- To initialize a bank account for first-time use in this module, enter a balance forward for a given account that represents the total of all cleared transactions that have NOT been entered in the system.
- The balance forward is entered in the chart of accounts in the new field adjacent to the Next Control Number field. More on Chart of Account Associations
- The Bank Rec. ending balance should match the Bank Statement's ending balance.
- Use the Bank Reconciliation applet to clear items as of the last statement.
- For ease of use, you can hold down the shift key and select multiple rows and then click on Clear or Unclear to flag multiple transactions. Also, clicking Control + A will clear/unclear all items.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- · Tools Here are additional options under the "Tools" drop-down
 - Show Adjustment Detail When selected, any details in the Adjustments section will display.
 - Change Statement Date When selected, you are prompted to enter a new Statement Date for the current Bank Reconciliation.
 - Bank Balance Forward Here a user enters the balance forward for a given account that represents the total of all cleared transactions that have NOT been entered in the system.
 - Find Checks in Bank Recs When selected, a pop-up appears that will allow a user to search for checks cleared on another bank rec.
 - Find Deposits in Bank Recs When selected, a pop-up appears that will allow a user to search for deposits cleared on another bank rec.
- Refresh Refreshes the current Bank Rec. session.
- Print Runs the Bank Reconciliation Report on the current Bank Rec. session. More on the Bank Reconciliation Report

4.9.2.1 Bank Reconciliation Header

Overview

The Header of Bank Reconciliation contains important information that pertains to the Bank Rec session that is pulled up.

Field Descriptions

Bank

Bank - The bank account the user wants to reconcile. More on Chart of Accounts

Statement Date

Statement Date - The bank statement date.

Bank Rec ID - Current Bank Reconciliation with which the user is working.

Comments

- Comments Internal comments.
- Balance Forward Calculated from prior bank statements. This is the ending balance from the previous bank statement.
- Ending Balance The account's balance forward, including all current cleared items. After a Bank Reconciliation, this becomes the new balance forward for the next statement.

Transactions

- Cleared When selected, only items that have been flagged as Cleared will show in the grids.
- Uncleared When selected, only items that have NOT been flagged as Cleared will show in the grids.

Uncleared Transactions

- Show All When selected, all uncleared transaction will show in the grids, ignoring the dates.
- Show As Of When selected, all uncleared transaction will show in the grids, As Of the selected date.
- None When selected, no uncleared transaction will show in the grids.

Transaction Totals

Description - The Transaction Totals, located on the right, give the user the running totals of Bank Rec. Transactions

- Cleared The running total of items that have been flagged as Cleared.
- Uncleared The running total of items that have NOT been flagged as Cleared.
- Total The total of both the Cleared and Uncleared items.

4.9.2.2 Disbursements Tab

Overview

The Disbursements tab displays cleared and uncleared Disbursement items. A user can select Show All to

display all uncleared transactions, or use an *As Of Date* to limit them. By selecting None, uncleared transactions will not be displayed. The Clear Disbursements button clears all items from the Display grid. More on Disbursements

Key Concepts

- A Find feature to search for a check or receipt cleared on another bank rec. <u>More on Bank Rec Toolbar</u>
 Options
- You can hold down the shift key and select multiple rows and then click on Clear or Unclear to flag multiple transactions.
- Ctrl-A will clear/unclear all items.

Field Descriptions

- Clear When selected, the item is marked as Cleared in the current Bank Rec session.
- · Check Date Date of the check.
- Payee Check payee (any vendor, employee, client, or payee not on file).
- Check Number Check number.
- Amount Amount of check.

4.9.2.3 Receipts Tab

Overview

The Receipts tab displays cleared and uncleared cash receipts. The user can select Show All to display all receipts or use an As Of date to limit them. By selecting None, uncleared transactions will not be displayed. The Clear Disbursements button clears all items from the Display grid. The Deposit date is shown for cash receipts. More on Cash Receipts

Key Concepts

- A Find feature to search for a check or receipt cleared on another bank rec. <u>More on Bank Rec Toolbar</u>
 Options
- You can hold down the shift key and select multiple rows and then click on Clear or Unclear to flag multiple transactions.

Ctrl-A will clear/unclear all items.

Field Descriptions

- Clear When selected, the item is marked as Cleared in the current Bank Rec session.
- Deposit Number Deposit Number of the Receipt entry.
- Deposit Date Deposit Date of the Receipt entry.
- Payer Check payer of the Check.
- Check Number Check number.
- Amount Amount of check.

4.9.2.4 Adjustments Tab

Overview

The Adjustments tab displays any General Journal entries. The user can select Show All to display all receipts or use an As Of date to limit them. By selecting None, uncleared transactions will not be displayed. The Clear Disbursements button clears all items from the Display grid. More on Adjustments

Key Concepts

- A Find feature to search for a check or receipt cleared on another bank rec. More on Bank Rec Toolbar
 Options
- You can hold down the shift key and select multiple rows and then click on Clear or Unclear to flag multiple transactions.
- Ctrl-A will clear/unclear all items.

Field Descriptions

- Clear When selected, the item is marked as Cleared in the current Bank Rec session.
- Transaction Date Date of the Adjustment entry.
- Comment Comment of the Adjustment entry.
- Transaction ID ID Number of the Adjustment entry.

Amount - Amount of check.

4.9.3 Chart of Accounts

Overview

The Chart of Accounts is a list of all financial accounts. It includes a unique number for each account that makes it easy to locate a specific account in each ledger. The Chart of Accounts represents the allowable G/L accounts. An allowable G/L account can be comprised of two parts - a base account and possibly an organization path. Base accounts can be attached to any org path or to no org path.

Base accounts also contain properties that interact with project management and accounting processes.

Note: This is where the integration of accounting and project management is established.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar</u> Options

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

Print All Accounts - Runs the Chart of Accounts List Report. More on the Chart of Accounts Report

4.9.3.1 Chart of Accounts Header

Overview

The Chart of Accounts Header is the top part of the applet screen that is visible when first going to the Chart of Accounts applet.

Field Descriptions

- Code Account Base Code. A unique number for each account.
- Re-Code The Re-Code link allows the user to change the code for an existing General Ledger account.
 It prevents the accidental changing of an account code. Clicking on this link will open the account Code
 field, making it editable. To re-code, enter the account's new identification code and click Save. The
 account code will then be changed here and on all related entries and transactions throughout the
 system.
- Name Account Base Name
- Description Description for the loaded Base Account
- Active When checked, base account is active.
- Can Be Used without Org. Units When checked, the base account does not require an organizational unit to form a valid General Ledger account.

4.9.3.2 Properties Tab

Overview

The Properties Tab manages the Properties of the G/L Accounts. InFocus categorizes project management amounts through the Chart of Accounts. It accomplishes this by using two major properties assigned at the account level. These two properties are *Metrics and Project Management Types (PM Types)*. To understand more about the Metrics and PM Types listed below, please refer to the Metrics and PM Types section of this manual.

Field Descriptions

Financial Type

Drop-down - Choices of financial types include Asset, Liability Capital, Income, and Expense.

Note - Income and Expense accounts will be zeroed-out to Retained Earnings when the <u>EOY (end of year)</u> posting is run.

Account Type

- Sub-ledger Account Choices include Bank, Accounts Receivable, Accounts Payable, and Employee Reimbursable.
- Other When selected, the account is not a sub-ledger account
 - Metric Type Determines what metric type the account represents for project related transactions. Choices are Cost, Billed Revenue, Work in Progress, Bad Debt, Late Fee, Retainer, Retainage, Unbilled Revenue, and Other Revenue.
 - Cost Type Cost type is available only when the metric type is cost. Choices include Direct and Indirect.
 - PM Type Project Management Type is available when the metric type is one of the following: Cost,
 Billed, Unbilled, or WIP. Those four metric types are then subdivided into Labor, ODC, OCC, and ICC.
 - Revenue Type Only available when the metric type is *Billed Revenue*. The Revenue Type splits revenue between its cost component and the marked-up component. Revenue Type is needed to calculate *Billed-to-Date* at some value, other than the marked-up amount, and compare to a capped figure in a *Not-to-Exceed* type invoice. Otherwise, select the first option "Direct". In the case of Non-Labor Revenue, there are two choices: *Direct and Markup*. In the case of Labor Revenue, there are four choices: *Direct, DPE, DPE + Overhead, and Profit*.

Register Type

Register Type (radio button) - The choices are Debit and Credit and the default setting is based on the

financial type selected. The Register Type represents the normal balance state of the account. The default is changed only in a few cases, such as a contra account. This Register Type affects only the sign in Financial Statements. InFocus stores debits as positive (+) values and credits as negative (-) values. Setting the Register Type to credit informs *Financial Statements* to reverse the sign.

Settings

- Can Consolidate When checked, the All Org Units for this base account will be merged if Consolidate is chosen when printing a G/L Report.
- Print Detail In G/L When checked, this account will print transaction detail when printing a detailed G/L report.
- Is 1099 Flag indicating whether charges to this account are considered for Form 1099-Misc. This is an optional feature as Form 1099 can be run to consider all payments to a vendor despite this flag.
- Is Subcontractor Indicates that this is a subcontractor cost account. Available only when the metric type
 is Cost and the PM type is Labor. It is used for labor distributions. Subcontractors different from other
 consultants because they enter time sheets like an employee.

4.9.3.3 Account Associations Tab

Overview

The Account Associations Tab manages the associations are made between base accounts and org paths. The grid shows every available org path that has been established, plus one row (the top row) to allow for base codes that have no association to an org unit.

EFT can also be configured here. More on EFT Setup

Field Descriptions

Account Associations Grid

- Use When check, the account is associated with the org. path. Multiple rows can be set at once by
 using the various options at the right of the grid. By default, the first row automatically is checked when a
 new base account is added.
- Active When checked, the Org. Path is Active.
- Level Denotes the level in the Org. Unit tree. More on Organizational Units
- Code Code of the Org. Unit
- Name Name of the Org. Unit

- Org. Path Path of the Org. Unit. More on the Org Structure
- Currency Enabled with Multi-Currency Setup. The designated currency defines transactional currency
 where the account is used. Designated currency utilized by the selected employee pay history. This
 designation determines the transactional currency of the employee's time sheets and (therefore) the
 evaluation of available Rate Schedule rates for time entered. For complete instructions on setting up a
 Multi-Currency environment, go here: More on Multi-Currency
- GL Name Override This is used to vary the account name between org paths. It is usually left empty;
 however, in cases such as a bank account where the user wants to use the same base code for the main bank in two different offices, but display the official name of the bank (e.g., Chase or Chemical), the G/L name override is used.
- Next Control Number A Next Control Number column will appear in the grid in the case of a bank
 account or A/R account. The next check number or next invoice number (when invoicing by A/R account)
 will be established here. This will show when the Incrementing Method is set to "A/R Account" in Global
 Settings at Administration>Global Settings>Invoicing Tab.
- EFT When the Financial Type of the account is Bank, you will get this column and the *Bank Info* button.

 More on setting up EFT in the Chart of Accounts

Selection Options (At top right)

- Show Row Filter enables the column row filters.
- Check Level Checks all org paths with the Level specified at the right.
- Uncheck Level Unchecks all org paths with the Level specified at the right.
- Check All Checks all org paths.
- Clear All Unchecks all org paths.
- Check Visible Checks only those org paths that are visible.
- Uncheck Visible Unchecks only those org paths that are visible.

4.9.3.4 Balances Tab

Overview

The Balances Tab is a quick reference for finding account balances.

Field Descriptions

- Recalculated G/L Balances are calculated when certain reports are run in InFocus. They can be
 manually recalculated here. Balances that are shown are through whatever the last Calculate date on this
 tab shows
- Show all Org. Units When un-checked, the G/L Budgets are consolidated.
- Fiscal Year Drop-down where you select the fiscal year of the G/L Budgets.
- Cash / Accrual (radio button) Balances are available in both cash and accrual depending on this selection.
- Refresh icon Refreshes the G/L Budgets.

G/L Balances Grid

- Prev. Bal. Fwd. Shows the prior Balance Forward amount from the Previous Fiscal Year.
- Period (# columns) Show the Balances for the specified period within the selected Fiscal Year.
- New Bal. Fwd. Shows the ending Balance Forward amount for the Current Fiscal Year.

4.9.3.5 FS Groups Tab

Overview

FS Groups gives the user the ability to group G/L Accounts when designing Financial Statements. FS Groups are defined in List Management, assigned to G/L Accounts here and leveraged when designing Financial Statements that use a Filter Range.

4.9.3.6 Convert to Cash (Cash Based Conversion)

Overview

When running reports on a "Cash Basis" you must first run the Convert to Cash Utility. To get to the utility, go to **General Accounting> Chart of Accounts> Tools (toolbar)> Convert to Cash**. The Convert to Cash utility populates the Cash Based Journals (Receipt & Disbursements) at the point of running it.

Key Concepts

- Description By running the Convert to Cash utility, you are able to do the following:
 - Accounting information can be reported based on accrual and cash figures.
 - Accrual figures are automatically kept in real time and require no calculation.
 - Cash figures updates are based only on the last time the conversion process from accrual to cash was executed.

Note: Accrual figures are maintained separately and are not impacted by this process. Cash reporting is available for the *General Ledger, Trial Balance, Financial Statements, and three journals (Receipts, Disbursements, and General Journal).*

4.9.3.7 EFT Setup

Overview

This section displays EFT information on the Accounts Association Tab when the Financial Type of the account is Bank. More on EFTs

Key Concepts

- When the Financial Type of the account is Bank, you will get this column and the Bank Info button.
- The EFT Column is where you configure the EFT Bank Account.
- The letters appear green when the account is configured and black when it is not.
- When you click on the Bank Info button you get the pop-up containing the fields below.

Field Descriptions

General Tab

- Name Company Long Name.
- Short Name Company Short Name

Bank Info Tab

- Name Bank name.
- ABA/Routing Bank routing number
- Account # Bank account number
- Company ID typically the company EIN number
- Next Control # EFT Number
- Balanced Batches Check this to ensure batch debit and credit amounts are equal

EFT Tab

- A/P Description What vendors see when they receive the EFT on their bank statement.
- A/P File Prefix Starting characters of the file name when saved.

- Extension Extension of the A/P file.
- A/P Directory Location of the file on the local machine when saved.
- E/R Description What Employees see when they receive the EFT on their bank statement.
- E/R File Prefix Starting characters of the file name when saved.
- Extension Extension of the E/R file.
- E/R Directory Location of the file on the local machine when saved.
- Override Procedure EFT Override

4.9.4 Financial Statements

Overview

The Financial Statements applet allows you to run reports that have been created using the Financial

Statement Designer. More on the Financial Statement Designer

Key Concepts

- Three sample financial statements are included in InFocus:
 - Classified Income & Expense
 - Itemized Income & Expense
 - o Classified Balance Sheet.
- These designs are based on the Chart of Accounts established by Quick Start. Even if Quick Start was not run, the samples may be installed as a reference.
- To install them, follow these steps:
 - Step 1 Launch the SQL Query applet. This is located in the Utilities module. More on the SQL Query applet
 - Step 2 In the query box, type fssample_sav.
 - Step 3 Click on the Run Query button. In a few seconds the message Query Execution Complete will
 appear in the upper right corner of the SQL Query screen. Once that is done, the above Financial
 Statements will appear in the drop-down.

4.9.5 GL Budgets

Overview

The G/L Budgets applet allows the user to set budgets for both cash and accrual accounts within the Chart of Accounts for a fiscal year (see below). Budgets can be maintained for any and all General Ledger accounts per accounting period. Budgets for both accrual and cash balances can be entered. Budgets can appear and be part of calculations in financial statements.

Note - Budgets are put in per accounting period. If you want to distribute an annual budget evenly across a year's periods right-click on the first period cell of a G/L account and choose allocate. It will ask you for the annual amount to allocate.

Field Descriptions

- Description All columns can be both pinned (column does not scroll) and filtered (only rows with
 designated column value will show). The push pin in the column header controls pinning and the funnel in
 the column header controls filtering.
- · Show Budgets For Choices are Accrual, Cash, or Both
- Fiscal Year Designates fiscal year for budgeting.

4.9.6 General Journal

Overview

The General Journal holds both accounting adjustments and special transactions such as Labor

Distributions, Revenue Recognition and End of Year (EOY) closings.

Key Concepts

- While transactions that affect Project Management Figures can be made, these transactions cannot be
 part of Invoicing, Accounts Receivable, or Accounts Payable reporting. Project-related transactions can,
 however, appear on Project Management reports.
- The General Journal is the only journal where there is no header control account or amount. Instead, the sum of all line items must zero out. Unlike other journals, no assumption is made about debits and credits. Debits are positive values, while credits are negative values.
- Entry rules, as far as type of account and organizational unit, are relaxed in this journal.

4.9.6.1 General Journal Toolbar

Overview

The General Journal toolbar gives the user (with appropriate permissions) a number of capabilities within the journals of InFocus. A list of those capabilities follows.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. More on Toolbar Options

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- View
 - Labor Posting Report The option is enabled only when a Labor Distribution entry has been recalled to the screen. The report displays detailed breakdown of what makes up the journal entry. When selected the Labor Distribution Report is run. More on the Labor Distribution Report

4.9.6.2 General Journal Header

Overview

The General Journal header section contains all common data for an Adjustment transaction.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar Options</u>

Field Descriptions

- Transaction ID The unique identification number of this transaction. This displays in the header next to "General Journal".
- Transaction Date The Transaction Date is relevant only for Project Management reports, Otherwise, it is informational.
- Cash Accrual Type The three choices are Cash, Accrual, or Both.
- G/L Comments Comments to appear in G/L report. The comments will show on the control side and, if

no G/L comment is entered on the line item, will also print on those as well.

- Closing Entry When checked, this entry is considered a Closing Entry. Closing Entries can be excluded
 on financial statements, if desired (usually done on P & L). More on End of Year Closing
- Ignore In Rev. Rec. Ignore in Revenue Recognition. When this entry is flagged, revenue recognition
 does not include this transaction in calculations. More on Revenue Recognition
- Rev. Rec. Entry When checked, this entry was posted by Revenue Recognition. Revenue Recognition
 can delete any entries for the current period when run. This flag identifies the entry as a candidate for
 deletion. This is a read-only field. More on Revenue Recognition
- Labor Dist. Entry When checked, this entry was posted by Labor Distribution. Deleting or voiding this
 transaction will cause all time sheets that were associated with it to an un-posted state. This is a readonly flag. Click on the icon next to the check box to see a breakdown to the employee level of the
 automated posting. More on Labor Distribution
- G/L Period General ledger period for this transaction or revision to effect. Defaults to current period and only open periods are allowed.

4.9.6.3 General Journal Detail

Overview

The General Journal Detail section displays the detail of how the journal is distributed.

Field Descriptions

Default Columns

- 1 of ? This shows the version of the journal entry that you are currently viewing. This is enabled by checking "Journals" at Global Settings>General Tab>Full Audits.
- Current GL Period The GL Period that the current version of the transaction falls in. A "Change Period for Current Revision" option is located under Tools in the toolbar, allows you to change the current period.
- Show Audit Trail When checked, all entries (including reversing entries) will display. It will also include a
 line for the header section of the transaction. Auto-reversals and header lines will be grayed out and
 cannot be altered. This also displays the Create By, Create Date, Modify By and Modify Date of the
 transaction.
- GJLineID Unique Line id of the General Journal entry.
- Rev. No. The number of the revision of the Journal entry. The original entry is 1.
- Project Path WBS path (Optional).
- Expense Code Expense code (Optional). More on Expense Codes

- G/L Account General Ledger account. More on G/L Accounts
- Amount Line item amount.
- G/L Comments General ledger comments. Will print on G/L reports in place of comments on header of transactions for this line item.
- PM Comments Project Management comments appear on Project Management reports and invoices. Available only when the payee type is Client and the G/L account is Accounts Receivable.

Optional Columns

- Project Name
- Expense Code Name
- G/L Period
- Debits & Credits When selected, the Amount column disappears and is replace with a Credit column and a Debit column.
- Create By
- Create Date
- Modify By
- Modify Date

4.9.7 MC Revaluations

Overview

A new journal has been added to host multi-currency revaluations. Transactions in this journal are marked as realized or unrealized gains and losses. Any revaluation transaction has only two G/L accounts: the sub-ledger account that is being revalued; and the offsetting gains and losses account. Transactional lines include the gain or loss, and can optionally identify the project. A positive value represents a gain while a negative value a loss. For complete instructions go here: More on Multi-Currency

Key Concepts

This journal does not utilize a debits verses credits approach as a recorded positive value will act as a
debit against the sub-ledger (Balance Sheet) account while simultaneously acting as a credit to the gains
and losses (P&L) account. While this journal is used by automated system utilities with pre-posting
reports to generate realized and unrealized gains and losses, manual entry in this journal is also

supported.

Field Descriptions

- · Manual Marked if entering the transaction manually
- Balance Sheet Account Sub-ledger account being revalued
- Profit / Loss Account Offsetting Gains and Losses account
- GL Period G/L posting period for the revaluation
- Evaluation Date Date used in evaluating the exchange rate
- Realized Indicates a realized or unrealized (unchecked) gain and loss.
- GL Comments (header) General notes for the revaluation.

MC Revaluations Grid

- Base Amount Amount in Base System Currency
- Company Amount Amount in Company Currency
- Project Specifies the project (optional)
- GL Comments (detail) General notes for the line item

4.9.8 Multi-Currency

Overview

The General Journal toolbar gives the user (with appropriate permissions) a number of capabilities within the journals of InFocus. A list of those capabilities follows. For complete instructions go here: More on Multi-Currency

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar</u>
Options

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- New Currency When selected, the Currency pop-up comes up so that you can enter a currency. <u>More on the Currency Utility</u>
- Edit Currency When selected, the Currency pop-up comes up with the selected currency so that you
 can edit the currency. More on the Currency Utility
- · Save Saves the current changes.
- Delete Currency Deletes the selected Currency.
- Refresh Refreshes the applet.
- Rate Tester Brings up the Rate Tester. More on the Rate Tester

4.9.8.1 Multi-Currency Detail

Overview

Multi-Currency detail gives the Field description of the Multi-Currency Applet.

Field Descriptions

Currencies Tab

Description - The grid below holds the following general information for each currency defined. Double click the line to launch the Currency utility as described below.

- Active Indicates that the currency is active
- Base Indicates the system base currency
- Currency Symbol Assigns the associated currency symbol
- Currency Code Currency code used to drive the currency exchange rate
- Currency Name Indicates the associated currency name

Currency Pairs Tab

Description - This tab defines the exchange relationship between currencies and contains the Currency Rates set up tool. Exchange rates can be altered on a daily basis. Both triangulation and inverse (reciprocal) exchanges are supported.

- From The originating currency in the exchange.
- To The destination currency in the exchange.

- Triangulating Currency The interim currency in the exchange if required. A triangulation is used when no
 direct exchange rate exists between currencies. For instance, if an exchange from Yens to Euros did not
 exist but Yen to USD and USD to Euro exchanges did exist, the currency pair for Yens to Euros could be
 defined, triangulated via USD. Please note to utilize a triangulating currency, there must be accompanying
 currency pairs to define the exchange relationship between the From and Triangulating currency and the
 Triangulating and To currencies.
- Use Reciprocal Indicates the defined exchanges relationship can be utilized inversely.
- Rates Launches the Currency Rates Utility set up tool (defined below).

Currency Utility (Toolbar)

Description - This utility is used to define or edit detailed system settings for new or existing currencies respectively.

- Base Currency Checked if designated as the Base System Currency in Administration>Global Settings>Currencies tab.
- Active Indicates system status of the selected currency
- Culture Configures the base culture the business is operating in and drives system report formats.
- Symbol Represents the system wide currency symbol.
- Code International three character monetary code. This important setting drives the import of system exchange rates.
- Name Required Field containing the selected culture's currency name.
- Precision Defines columns to the right of the decimal place and drives system rounding. Example: Precision 2 rounds to the nearest hundredth (5.248 = 5.25).
- Unit Represents the smallest unit in the selected currency. Example: For USD, 1 represents the Penny (the system will round to the nearest penny).
- Major Denomination Defines the singular and plural cases for check printing. For example, USD major labels are "dollar" and "dollars".
- Minor Denomination Defines the singular and plural cases for check printing. For example, USD minor labels are "cent" and "cents".

Rate Tester Utility (Toolbar)

Description - This utility is used to test currency conversion rates.

- From Currency Source currency to convert from.
- To Currency Destination currency to convert to.
- Amount Amount to convert.
- As of As of date to convert from.

Currency Rates Utility

This utility defines the rate to use for the selected currency pair- notice the selected pair is displayed at the top of the utility. Current and Historical rates can be set manually or imported directly from openexchangerates.org and can then be tested for a given Amount/As of Date. An exchange rate must be defined for each exchange relationship in the Currency Pairs grid.

- Amount Originating currency amount to test. Test functionality only.
- As of Date Date by which to test the rate exchange. Test functionality only.
- Start Date Effective date of defined exchange rate
- Rate Exchange rate to be applied to the exchange relationship
- Current Rate When selected, imported rates will be based on currently designated rates
- Historic Rate When selected, imported rates will be based on the selected Historic Rate Date.

4.9.9 Organizational Units

Overview

InFocus uses a Parent/Child system to represent the levels of hierarchy within an organization. They are referred to as Organizational Units (aka Profit Centers). Org Units are classified by Org Labels and can represent entities such as: Office, Department, Division, etc. To learn more about Organizational Units follow this link: More on Understanding Organizational Units

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar Options</u>

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

• Org Labels - When selected, the Org Labels pop-up is displayed. More on Org Labels

4.9.9.1 Organizational Units Detail

Overview

The Org Units applet is where you manage Organizational Units. This sections gives the detail of the Organization Units applet.

Field Descriptions

 Window - The Organizational Units window displays the Org. Tree. Click on any level of the Org Tree to populate the fields on the right.

Org. Unit

- · Active When selected, the Org. Unit is active for use.
- Code Org. Unit Code.
- Name Org Unit Name.
- Org Path Org Unit Path. This is the concatenation of the parent and child.
- Currency Currency used by the Org. Unit. Company currency can be defined on a Level One
 Organizational Unit ONLY. This configuration is only necessary when operating in a Multi-Company
 environment where an individual company currency differs from the Base System Currency. For complete
 instructions on setting up a Multi-Currency environment, go here: More on Multi-Currency

4.9.9.2 Org Labels

Overview

Organizational units represent the corporate structure. Here you manage the Labels that classify that structure. They can contain an infinite number of levels, such as Division, Office, Discipline, or Department.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Or. Labels pop-up.

- · Level Org Level. One is the first level.
- Singular Name Singular form of level name.
- Plural Name Plural form of level name.

4.9.10 Procurement End of Month

Overview

Procurement End of Month is a supporting applet to the <u>Purchasing module</u>. Depending on the accounting controls your firm has in place, you may be required to reverse <u>pre-bills</u> at month-end. Typically this will be for firms who wish to exclude non-invoiced expenses from their Financial Statements. This can be done using the Procurement End of Month applet where you'll manage the reversal of PO Liability and Expense.

Based on a set of filters, described below, Procurement End of Month posts a General Journal entry that debits Expense and credits PO Liability Accounts used in <u>pre-billed Purchase Journals</u> (e.g. Purchase Journals marked Is Purchase Order) that fall within the specified filters.

Field Descriptions

- As of Date As of Date used for determining which pre-billings to include. This is compared against the Purchase Journal Invoice Date.
- GL Period Accounting Period used for determining which pre-billings to include. This is compared
 against the GL Period attributed in the detail of the Purchase Journal.
- Reverse Period Account Period to which the reversing entry is posted
- Vendors Used to filter the posting criteria
 - o All Vendors Include Purchase Journals, marked Is Purchase Order, for all vendors
 - Subconsultant Vendors Include Purchase Journals, marked Is Purchase Order, for all vendors linked to an Employee marked Subconsultant.
 - Selected Vendors Includes only selected vendor(s)
 - Add (button) Adds the loaded vendor to the filter list below
- Post (button) Posts the filtered reversal to the General Journal. View the transaction by browsing to GA>General Journal and hitting F3 from the transaction lookup (upper-right).

4.10 Marketing

4.10.1 Activities

Overview

Activities are an appointment system. While listed under Marketing, they can be used by anyone in the system (with permissions). Activities can be entered directly into the calendar or when recording notes.

The main navigation for activities is a **Calendar**. The type of calendar (Today, Day, Work Week, Week, or Monthly) can be toggled from the toolbar

Field Descriptions

Toolbar Options

Aside from the <u>standard toolbar options</u> this applet has the following options:

- File Additional button(s) on the File drop-down
 - o New Activity When clicked, the Activity pop-up displays, allowing you to create a new Activity.
- View Additional button(s) on the View drop-down

- o Day Switches the Activity screen to Day mode.
- o Work Week Switches the Activity screen to Work Week mode.
- Week Switches the Activity screen to Week mode.
- o Month Switches the Activity screen to Month mode.
- New Activity When clicked, the Activity pop-up displays, allowing you to create a new Activity.
- Refresh Refreshes the Calendar to update screen.
- Day Switches the Activity screen to Day mode.
- Work Week Switches the Activity screen to Work Week mode.
- Week Switches the Activity screen to Week mode.
- Month Switches the Activity screen to Month mode.

Activities (Left Sidebar)

- Small Calendars Display the current month an the next month. You can click on a date to quickly navigate to that time frame.
- Show All Activities check-box When checked, the calendar will show all activities, including those marked complete.
- Group By Owner When checked, A different calendar for each selected owner will appear.
- Activity Owners When checked, you will see the activities of the selected users.

Calendar

Activity Calendar - Double click on the desired time frame to bring up the Activity Editor. More on the
 <u>Activity Editor</u>

Activities (Right Sidebar)

- Upcoming Activities This window displays all upcoming Activities. If you check the box next to the activity, the Activity will be marked complete.
- Recently Expired This window displays all Activities that have passed their Activity Date. If you check
 the box next to the activity, the Activity will be marked complete.
- Recently Completed This window displays all Activities that recently been marked as complete. If you
 un-check the box next to the activity, the Activity will be reactivated.

4.10.1.1 Activity Editor

Overview

The Activity Editor allows you to enter/edit Activities.

Field Descriptions

- Subject Activity subject line
- · Date Date of the scheduled activity
- Time Time of the scheduled activity
- Duration Duration of the scheduled activity
- Type Type of Activity. A User Defined Field. The Activity Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u>

Management>Activity Types

- Show Until Marked Complete When checked, the activity will appear in the Upcoming Events list until it
 is marked complete. Otherwise, it will no longer show in the list once the date has expired.
- Contact Contact associated with activity
 - Work Phone Work Phone of selected Contact
 - Cell Phone Cell Phone of selected Contact
 - o Home Phone Home Phone of selected Contact
 - Fax Fax of selected Contact
 - Work Email Work Email of selected Contact
 - Home Email Home Email of selected Contact
- Employee Employee to assign the activity to. Only enabled with <u>Can Assign Other Employees</u> special right assigned via AD>Permissions.
- · Firm Firm associated with the scheduled activity
- Project Project associated with the scheduled activity.
- Completed Marks the Activity as Complete. If "Show Until Marked Complete" flag is checked, the Activity will no longer show on the calendar.

4.10.2 Contact Queries

Overview

There are seven query applets in InFocus: Client, Contacts, Firms, Opportunities, Vendors, Projects, and Employees. The concept of the query tools is to allow the user to define lists of data based on a user query definition. The list can then be used to navigate to the individual records within the list or can be exported to Excel. More on the Query Applets

4.10.3 Contacts

Overview

Contracts are located in the following Modules: *Project Administration, Human Resources, Accounts Payable, Accounts Receivable, Marketing.*

Contacts, in general, are people. They can be either employees of the user's company or employees of a firm with which the user does business. Contacts can also be associated with projects, but only contacts for that project's client. Contacts cannot exist for a project that does not already exist for that project's client.

The Marketing navigation screens are laid out like a Rolodex with alphabetic tabs representing the first letter in the name of the marketing item. An All tab contains all of the marketing items.

Key Concepts

- Double-click on a contact inside the grid to bring up the "Contact Detail" pop-up. Data can be viewed or changed, depending on the user's permissions.
- Within the "Contact Detail" pop-up, there are multiple tabs that show specific data about the contact, such as name or main phone.
- Only contacts and employees can be added from this form.

Field Descriptions

Active Status

Active Status - Filters your Contacts by their status (Active, Inactive or Both).

Show

- Contacts (check-box) When checked, the display grid will include all Contacts.
- Employees (check-box) When checked, the display grid will include all Employees.

Marketing Lists

Marketing Lists - A marketing list is a list of Contacts, Firms, or Opportunities that are created in
 <u>Marketing>Marketing Lists</u>. A Marketing List is used to filter the grid on the right. When a Marketing list is
 selected, the grid will display only the Contacts that were imported into the Marketing list. <u>More on</u>
 <u>Marketing Lists</u>

Views

 Views - Views allow you to filter your grid even further. Views allow you to save the current Filter settings (Funnel icons at the top of each column) of the marketing screen. What that means is that you can use the different column filters to display your data just right in the grid, and save it as a View.

Note - Views are available only available in Contacts, Firms, and Opportunities.

Quick Filter

- Quick Filter A real time filter that reduces the list of Contacts as you type into the cell.
- Clear Clears out the contents of the Quick Filter

Buttons (top-right of grid)

- Columns (paper icon) Displays a "Column Selector" pop-up that allows the user to select only those columns they wish to view. In the pop-up, there is a check box labeled "Set As Global Default" (granted by a Permission) that allows that user to set a default view for all users that use this Marketing List.
- Email (envelope icon) Displays an email pop-up that allow you to create an email to send to everyone within the Marketing List. More on Marketing Emails
- Export (arrow icon) Allows the user to export the list to a file.
- Refresh Refreshes the data in the grid.

Contacts Grid

- The grid displays all of the recorded information for each contact as a single row.
- Double-Click on a row to bring up the Contact Detail.
- The Column Selector allows users to select only those columns that they wish to view.
- The header of each column gives the name of the data field.
- A Funnel icon at the top of each column represents a filter. By clicking on the filter, the user is able to filter down the grid to only the information that they would like to view.

4.10.3.1 Contacts Toolbar

Overview

The Contacts toolbar gives the user (if given appropriate permissions) various capabilities within the Contacts applet. Below is a list of those capabilities.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar Options</u>

Additional Toolbar Options

- Tools Lists advanced options
 - Clear Cache Files The Contacts cache is a used to store files temporarily to shorten data access time, reduce latency and improve input/output. The Clear Cache button clears empties out the cache.
 - Send Email When clicked, InFocus looks at the Personal Tab of the Contact to see if they have a Work Email or Home Email. If they do, then InFocus will prompt you to open up the default email service on the users workstation.
 - Merge Records When clicked a Merge Email pop-up will open and allow for you to select 2 Contacts to merge.
 More on Merging Contacts
- Send Email Sends an email from the default email service on the workstation
- Merge Records Will bring up the Merge Contacts utility. More on the Merge Contacts Utility
- UDF Designer Brings up the UDF Designer. More on User Defined Fields.

4.10.3.2 General Tab

Overview

The General Tab contains many of the fundamental fields involved in contact setup.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the General Tab.

** Indicates a required field

Name

- · Active Check this box to make this an active contact.
- Prefix A title that can be added before the employees name. A User Defined Field. The Prefix list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Name Prefixes</u>.
- ** First Employee first name
- Middle Employee middle name
- ** Last Employee last name
- Suffix A title that can be added to the end of the employees name. A User Defined Field. The Suffix list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Name Suffixes</u>.
- DOB Date of Birth
- Title Position held
- Preferred Name The contact's preferred name, possibly a nickname or middle name.
- Proper Name All of the above linked together (for example, Mr. John Doe, Sr.). Can be used as an alternate on mailings.
- Attention Attention line for mailings.
- Spouse Name of Spouse.

Firm / Employee Association

- ** Firm/Employee Firm or Employee associated with this contact.
- ** Relationship Type A title that can be added before the employees name. A User Defined Field. The Relationship Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Firm Contact Types</u>.

Office Address

- Office Address Named address. Not available for employee contacts.
- Street 1 Address line 1
- Street 2 Address line 2
- Street 3 Address line 3
- Street 4 Address line 4
- Phone Telephone number
- City City
- State State

- Zip/Postal Zip Code
- Country Country
- Fax Fax number

4.10.3.3 Personal Tab

Overview

The Personal Tab contains personal information specific to the selected Contact.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Personal Tab.

Email & Phone

- Work Phone Work phone
- Work Ext. Work phone extension
- Home Phone Home telephone number
- Mobile Phone Mobile phone number
- Fax Fax number
- Work Email Work email address associated with the Firm. The Marketing Email functionality uses this
 email if configured correctly. More on Marketing Emails
- Home Email Home email address associated with the Firm. The Marketing Email functionality uses this
 email if configured correctly. More on Marketing Emails

Home Address

- Street 1 Address line 1
- Street 2 Address line 2
- Street 3 Address line 3
- Street 4 Address line 4
- Phone Telephone number

- City City
- State State
- Zip/Postal Zip code
- Country Country
- Phone Telephone number
- Fax Fax number

4.10.3.4 Marketing Tab

Overview

The Marketing Tab contains marketing information specific to the selected Contact.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Marketing Tab.

Email Subscriptions

- · Gift Receives a holiday gift
- Email Receives email marketing pieces
- Mailing Receives mailed marketing materialWork Phone Work phone
- Newsletter Receives a newsletter
- Holiday Card Receives a holiday card

Lead Source

Lead Source - Name of the source who generated the lead. Lead sources are useful for marketing
purposes and, therefore, generally used with firm contacts. Lead sources refer to where this contact was
for (for example, a magazine, trade show, etc.). A User Defined Field. The Lead Source list is managed
under Administration>List Management>Lead Sources.

Interests

- Social Activity The contact's favorite social activity. A User Defined Field. The Social Activity list is managed under Administration>List Management>Social Types
- Sports Activity The contact's favorite sports activity. A User Defined Field. The Sport Activity list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Sport Types</u>.
- Gift The type of gift the contact should receive. A User Defined Field. The Gift Type list is managed under Administration>List Management>Gift Types.
- Event The type of event the contact should be invited to. A User Defined Field. The Event Type list is managed under Administration>List Management>Event Types.

4.10.3.5 Project Associations Tab

Overview

The Project Associations Tab associates a contact with a particular project.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the General Tab.

** Indicates a required field when adding to the list

Name

- ** Project Path Unique Path of the Project associated with the Contact.
- · Name Name of the Project associated with the Contact.
- ** Relationship The contact's relationship with the Project. A User Defined Field. The Relationship list is managed under Administration>List Management>Project Contact Types

4.10.3.6 Employee Associations Tab

Overview

The Employee Associations Tab associates a contact with a particular Employee.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the General Tab.

** Indicates a required field when adding to the list

Name

- ** Employee Name of the Employee associated with the Contact.
- ** Relationship The contact's relationship with the Employee. A User Defined Field. The Relationship list is managed under Administration>List Management>Contact Employee Types

4.10.3.7 Notes Tab

Overview

Notes can be entered against a Contacts, Firms, and Projects (including Opportunities). More on Notes

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Notes Tab.

** Indicates a required field

Note Details

- Comment Body of the Note
- Note Type Type of Note Posting (ex. Phone Call, Meeting, E-Mail, Appointment, Lunch, and Dinner are the choices). A User Defined Field. The Note Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u> <u>Management>Contact Note Types</u>
- Firm Firm associated with the note.
- Project Project associated with the note.

Add a follow-up Activity?

- Add Create a a follow-up activity that appears on the Activity Calendar. More on Activities
- Require Complete When checked, the follow-up activity shows up on the Activity calendar until it is marked complete.
- Type Type of Activity. A User Defined Field. The Activity Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Activity Types</u>
- Date Date of follow-up Activity.
- Time Time of follow-up Activity.
- Duration Duration of follow-up Activity.

Existing Notes

 Notes associated with the Contacts, Firms, or Projects that have been created. Double-click on them to bring into focus.

4.10.3.8 System Info Tab

Overview

The System Info gives you useful read-only information about the selected Contact.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the System Info Tab.

Record Details

- Contact ID: Internal ID number of the selected Contact.
- · Created By The creator of the selected Contact.
- Create Date The date that the selected Contact was created.

- Modified By The last person to modify data on the selected Contact.
- Modify Date The last date that the selected Contact was modified.

4.10.3.9 Custom Fields (UDF) Tab

Overview

User-definable fields (UDFs) can be created for Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects, Project Level2 and Contacts. More on User Defined Fields.

4.10.3.10 Merge Contacts

Overview

The Merge Contacts utility is used to merge two contacts into one contact.

Key Concepts

• Two contacts are selected, a Master Contact and a Merge Contact. Next, the different data items are selected and the contact is then merged into one contact.

Note: Even though employees display in this applet, they cannot be merged.

Column Descriptions

Below are descriptions for the Items located on the Merge Contacts pop-up.

- Master Contact The Primary contact that will become the only contact after the merge.
- Merge Contact The Secondary contact that will be merged into the Master Contact.
- <-> button Switches the selected Master and Merge Contacts.
- Grid Groups The grid columns are grouped into the following classifications (Personal, Email, Firm Association, Office Address, Home Address, Lead Source, Marketing)
- Field Column Name of the Field
- Checkbox (left) Selected Master Contact fields. If checked, the data will be retained from the Master Contact and the Merge Contact data will be deleted.
- Checkbox (right) Selected Merge Contact fields. If checked, the data will be retained from the Merge Contact and the Master Contact data will be deleted.
- "Select fields with data. If both have data, use Master record" link Selects all fields that have data. In the case of both Contacts having data, the Master Contacts data will be used.
- Preview Shows you which fields are going to be merged.
- Merge By pressing merge, the 2 records become one and any data not selected is deleted.
- Cancel Cancels the Merge

4.10.3.11 Marketing Emails

Overview

Marketing Emails a user to create an email within the Marketing applets and send them to everyone in the Marketing List. More on Marketing Lists

Keys to Setup

- A valid email addresses must be associated with any Employee, Contact, Firm or Opportunity that is
 intended to receive the email. The Valid email must be entered in the Main Email, Work Email or Home
 Email associated field located in the "Detail" pop-up of the Marketing applet.
- The SMTP needs to be setup correctly for this option to function. More on setting up SMTP and emailing within InFocus
- SMTP should be configured by an internal IT person. This is not handled by Clearview.

Field Descriptions

- SMTP Relay Account SMTP Accounts that are configured in Global Settings>SMTP Relay Servers.
- Email Address Field This is the email address that you would like to send the email to. Typical selections may be:
 - Contact Home Email (Contacts)
 - Contact Work Email (Contacts)
 - Main Email (Firms & Opportunities)

Message Tab

- Subject This will be the Subject of the email that is sent.
- Body This will be the Body of the email that is sent.
- [...] button This allows for a file to be attached to the email.
- Preview button Displays a preview of what the email will look like (Preview Tab)
- Send button Sends the email.
- Cancel Cancels the email

Preview Tab

Displays a preview of what the email will look like

4.10.4 Firm Queries

Overview

There are seven query applets in InFocus: Client, Contacts, Firms, Opportunities, Vendors, Projects, and Employees. The concept of the query tools is to allow the user to define lists of data based on a user query definition. The list can then be used to navigate to the individual records within the list or can be exported to Excel. More on the Query Applets

4.10.5 Firms

Overview

Firms are organizations the user has done or would like to have business with. They can be vendors, clients, or prospects. Any entry in Firms is also accessible from the Client and Vendor applets. The Marketing navigation screens are laid out like a Rolodex with alphabetic tabs representing the first letter in the name of the marketing item. An All tab contains all of the marketing items.

Key Concepts

- Double-click on a firm inside the grid to bring up the "Firm Detail" pop-up. Data can be viewed or changed, depending on the user's permissions.
- Within the "Firm Detail" there are multiple tabs that show specific data about the firm, such as firm name
 or main phone.
- Only clients and prospects can be added from this form. By default, the system assumes prospect.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. More on Toolbar Options

Field Descriptions

Active Status

Active Status - Filters your Firms by their status (Active, Inactive or Both).

Marketing Lists

Marketing Lists - A marketing list is a list of Contacts, Firms, or Opportunities that are created in
 <u>Marketing>Marketing Lists</u>. A Marketing List is used to filter the grid on the right. When a Marketing list is
 selected, the grid will display only the Firms that were imported into the Marketing list. <u>More on</u>
 <u>Marketing Lists</u>

Views

Views - Views allow you to filter your grid even further. Views allow you to save the current Filter settings
(Funnel icons at the top of each column) of the marketing screen. What that means is that you can use
the different column filters to display your data just right in the grid, and save it as a View.

Note - Views are available only available in Contacts, Firms, and Opportunities.

Quick Filter

- Quick Filter A real time filter that reduces the list of Firms as you type into the cell.
- Clear Clears out the contents of the Quick Filter

Buttons (top-right of grid)

- Columns (paper icon) Displays a "Column Selector" pop-up that allows the user to select only those columns they wish to view. In the pop-up, there is a check box labeled "Set As Global Default" (granted by a Permission) that allows that user to set a default view for all users that use this Marketing List.
- Email (envelope icon) Displays an email pop-up that allow you to create an email to send to everyone
 within the Marketing List. More on Marketing Emails
- Export (arrow icon) Allows the user to export the list to a file.
- Refresh Refreshes the data in the grid.

Firms Grid

- The grid displays all of the recorded information for each firm as a single row.
- The Column Selector allows users to select only those columns that they wish to view.
- The header of each column gives the name of the data field.
- A Funnel icon at the top of each column represents a filter. By clicking on the filter, the user is able to
 filter down the grid to only the information that they would like to view.

4.10.5.1 General Tab

Overview

The General Tab contains many of the fundamental fields involved in firm setup.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the General Tab.

** Indicates a required field

Name

- Active Check this box to make this an active firm.
- Prospect When checked, designates this is a prospect, rather than a billable client.
- ** Code Unique Code of the Firm.
- ** Name Name of the Firm.
- · Website Website of the Firm.
- Main Email Main Email to be associated with the Firm. The Marketing Email functionality uses this email
 if configured correctly. More on Marketing Emails

Firm Type / Specialty

- ** Type Type of Firm. A User Defined Field. The Firm Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Client Types</u>.
- ** Specialty Specialty of Firm. A User Defined Field. The Specialty list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Client Specialties</u>.

General Note

The General Note is used for internal notes that are specific to the Firm.

Internal Contacts

- Internal Contacts are internal contacts that are associated with the Firm.
- Main Contact Contact that is classified as the Main Internal Contact.
- Comments Internal notes that are specific to Main Contact.
- Sales Contact Contact that is classified as the Sales Contact.
- Comments Internal notes that are specific to Sales Contact.
- Marketing Contact Contact that is classified as the Marketing Contact.
- Comments Internal notes that are specific to Marketing Contact.
- Other Contact Contact that is classified as an Other Contact.
- Comments Internal notes that are specific an Other Contact.

4.10.5.2 Addresses Tab

Overview

The Addresses Tab contains the addresses of the selected firm. Clicking on a field in a Firm row will expose the Addresses Tab.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Addresses Tab.

Main Address

- Street 1 Address line 1
- Street 2 Address line 2
- Street 3 Address line 3
- Street 4 Address line 4
- Phone Telephone number
- Fax Fax number
- · City City
- State State
- Zip/Postal Zip Code
- Country Country
- Geocode When clicked, the Latitude and Longitude are filled in with the location of the Main Address.
 This can be used in the Map Viewer applet. More on the Map Viewer.
- · Latitude Latitude of Address
- Longitude Longitude of Address

Additional Addresses

- Additional addresses that you would like to associate with the Firm can be entered here. The data entered is the same as above.
- Pencil icon Opens up a pop-up box that asks for the same information above.

4.10.5.3 Contacts Tab

Overview

The Contacts Tab associates a Firm with a particular Contact.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Contacts Tab.

** Indicates a required field when adding to the list

- Create Contact Brings up the Contact Detail page that allows you to create a New Contact.
- ** Contact Name of the Contact associated with the Firm.
- ** Relationship The contact's relationship with the Firm. A User Defined Field. The Relationship list is managed under Administration>List Management>Firm Contact Types

4.10.5.4 Projects Tab

Overview

The Projects Tab displays associations of a Firm with a particular project.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Projects Tab.

Name

- Project Path Unique Path of the Project associated with the Firm.
- Name Name of the Project associated with the Firm.
- Project Type Charge Type of the Project. The charge type is configured in <u>Project</u>
 Administration>Projects>General Tab.
- Stage Marketing Stage that the Opportunity is currently at. A User Defined Field. The Stage list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Lead Stages</u>.

4.10.5.5 Marketing Lists Tab

Overview

The Marketing Lists Tab shows you a list of Marketing Lists that are that have a "List Type" of Opportunity. You must also have the appropriate "Access Level" access. More on Marketing Lists

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Marketing Lists Tab.

- Quick Filter A real time filter that reduces the list of Opportunities as you type into the cell.
- Clear Clears out the contents of the Quick Filter.
- Check All Selects all of the available Marketing Lists in the Grid.
- Check-box Checked if a member of the Marketing List.
- Name Name of the Marketing List.
- Date Added Date that the Opportunity Project was added to the Marketing List.

4.10.5.6 Notes Tab

Overview

Notes can be entered against a Contacts, Firms, and Projects (including Opportunities). More on Notes

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Notes Tab.

** Indicates a required field

Note Details

- Comment Body of the Note
- Note Type Type of Note Posting (ex. Phone Call, Meeting, E-Mail, Appointment, Lunch, and Dinner are the choices). A User Defined Field. The Note Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u> <u>Management>Contact Note Types</u>
- Contact Contact associated with the note.
- Project Project associated with the note.

Add a follow-up Activity?

- Add Create a a follow-up activity that appears on the Activity Calendar. More on Activities
- Require Complete When checked, the follow-up activity shows up on the Activity calendar until it is marked complete.
- Type Type of Activity. A User Defined Field. The Activity Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Activity Types</u>
- Date Date of follow-up Activity.
- Time Time of follow-up Activity.
- Duration Duration of follow-up Activity.

Existing Notes

 Notes associated with the Contacts, Firms, or Projects that have been created. Double-click on them to bring into focus.

4.10.5.7 Documents Tab

Overview

Documents tab allows you to upload, view, modify and delete archived documents in relation to the loaded record. Uploaded documents and related information will be listed in the grid. More on Document Management

4.10.5.8 System Info Tab

Overview

The System Info gives you useful read-only information about the selected Firm.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the System Info Tab.

Record Details

- Firm ID: Internal ID number of the selected Firm.
- Created By The creator of the selected Firm.
- Create Date The date that the selected Firm was created.
- Modified By The last person to modify data on the selected Firm.
- Modify Date The last date that the selected Firm was modified.

4.10.5.9 Custom Fields (UDF) Tab

Overview

User-definable fields (UDFs) can be created for Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects, Project Level2 and Contacts. More on User Defined Fields.

4.10.6 Map Viewer

Overview

The Map Viewer is where you are able to view queried data using Bing Maps.

Key Concepts

- The Map Viewer incorporates Bing Maps to display queried data.
- To gain full access to this applet, you need to set up a Bing Maps account. The account information is

managed in Global Settings>Mapping Tab

There are some standard queries that come with InFocus to demonstrate the Map Viewers capabilities.
 More on Map Queries

Field Descriptions

Map Viewer Window

- Queries Drop-down Displays the current query in use. If you look in the drop-down, you will see a list of all available Map Queries. More on Map Queries
- Check/Uncheck All Checks or Unchecks all of the items in the Results Grid.
- Quick Filter Filters the items in the Results Grid.

Results Window

Description - Displays the results of the query selected in the Queries Drop-down.

4.10.7 Marketing Lists

Overview

A marketing list is a named list of either Contacts, Firms, or Opportunities.

Field Descriptions

Header

- Mine Gives only the creator of the list access to the marketing list.
- · Shared Gives selected users access to the marketing list.
- Public Gives all users access to the marketing list.

Marketing List Grid

- Icon Icon that represents the access type of the Marketing List. Access types are Personal, Shared, or Public.
- · Market List Name of the Market List.
- Type .Applet that the Marketing list is accessible.
- Owner User that created the Marketing List.
- Member Count Number of members that are in the Marketing List.

4.10.7.1 Marketing Lists Editor

Overview

The Marketing List Editor allows you to create/edit Marketing Lists. A marketing list is a named list of either Contacts, Firms, or Opportunities. It allows a user to filter their returned results in the Contacts, Firms, or Opportunities applets. For example, you may have thousands of contacts, however, you may have 50 main contacts that you need to gain access to quickly. A marketing list allows you to create a filter to show only that group of users.

Field Descriptions

Header

- Name Name of the Marketing List
- List Type The applet that the Marketing List is used in.
- Access Level The access type of the Marketing List. Access types are Personal, Shared, or Public.
- Active When checked, the Marketing List is Active.

Members Tab

- Description The Members Tab is where you build the list of users who have access to the Marketing List.
- Arrow Button (Import) The Marketing List Import Button allows you to create filtering options to import contacts. The options are:
 - Import All All records (users) will be imported. If a record is already a part of a list, it will not be imported a second time.
 - Import from another List By selecting an existing list, you can bring over the same list of records.
 - o Import by Query By uing the selection options, you can build a query that will import the records.
- Plus Sign Button The plus button gives you a list of contacts that you can import to this Marketing List.

Permissions Tab

 Description - When the Access Level is "Shared", you are able to set permissions that grant access to certain Users/Groups. More on Permissions

4.10.8 Notes

Overview

Notes can be entered against a Contacts, Firms, and Projects (including Opportunities).

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

Print - Prints the comments in the Notes window

Field Descriptions

Note Window (Top Window)

• Description - The notes window contains the running notes conversation.

Note - Hover over a comment to Edit, View or delete a specific item.

Note Window (Bottom)

• Description - In this window you are able to compose or edit a note.

Regarding

- Contact Contact associated with the note. More on Contacts
- Firm Firm associated with the note. More on Firms
- Project Project associated with the note. <u>More on Projects</u>

Schedule Follow Up Activity

- Type Type of Note Posting (ex. Phone Call, Meeting, E-Mail, Appointment, Lunch, and Dinner are the choices). A User Defined Field. The Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u>
 Management>Activity Types
- Date Date of follow-up Activity.
- Time Time of follow-up Activity.
- Duration Duration of follow-up Activity.
- Show Until Marked Complete When checked, the activity remains on the Upcoming Activities List until
 marked complete. If not completed, it comes off the Upcoming Activities list once the date has expired.
 More on Activities Activities
- Drop-down Type of Note Posting (ex. Phone Call, Meeting, E-Mail, Appointment, Lunch, and Dinner are the choices). A User Defined Field. The Note Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u>
 Management>Note Types

4.10.9 Opportunities

Overview

Opportunities are a specific type of project. Opportunities are typically a marketing effort.

The Marketing navigation screens are laid out like a Rolodex with alphabetic tabs representing the first letter in the name of the marketing item. An All tab contains all of the marketing items.

Key Concepts

- Double-click on a opportunity inside the grid to bring up the "Opportunity Detail" pop-up. Data can be viewed or changed, depending on the user's permissions.
- Within the "Opportunity Detail" pop-up, there are multiple tabs that show specific data about the
 opportunity, such as name or main phone.
- Only Opportunities and employees can be added from this form.
- Time and expense can be charged to Opportunities.
- Opportunities are treated as indirect projects.
- The Opportunity applet is a streamlined view of Opportunity projects. Opportunities can also be accessed from the main Project Setup Applet.
- The Opportunity applet exposes certain columns of a project that are relevant to Opportunity projects. For instance, billing/invoice information does not appear because it is not applicable.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar Options</u>

Field Descriptions

Active Status

Active Status - Filters your Opportunities by their status (Active, Inactive or Both).

Marketing Lists

Marketing Lists - A marketing list is a list of Contacts, Firms, or Opportunities that are created in
 <u>Marketing>Marketing Lists</u>. A Marketing List is used to filter the grid on the right. When a Marketing list is
 selected, the grid will display only the Opportunities that were imported into the Marketing list. <u>More on</u>
 <u>Marketing Lists</u>

Views

Views - Views allow you to filter your grid even further. Views allow you to save the current Filter settings
(Funnel icons at the top of each column) of the marketing screen. What that means is that you can use
the different column filters to display your data just right in the grid, and save it as a View.

Note - Views are available only available in Contacts, Firms, and Opportunities.

Quick Filter

- Quick Filter A real time filter that reduces the list of Opportunities as you type into the cell.
- Clear Clears out the contents of the Quick Filter

Buttons (top-right of grid)

- Columns (paper icon) Displays a "Column Selector" pop-up that allows the user to select only those
 columns they wish to view. In the pop-up, there is a check box labeled "Set As Global Default" (granted
 by a Permission) that allows that user to set a default view for all users that use this Marketing List.
- Email (envelope icon) Displays an email pop-up that allow you to create an email to send to everyone
 within the Marketing List. More on Marketing Emails
- Export (arrow icon) Allows the user to export the list to a file.
- Refresh Refreshes the data in the grid.

Opportunities Grid

- The grid displays all of the recorded information for each Opportunity as a single row.
- Double-Click on a row to bring up the Opportunity Detail.
- The Column Selector allows users to select only those columns that they wish to view.
- The header of each column gives the name of the data field.
- A Funnel icon at the top of each column represents a filter. By clicking on the filter, the user is able to
 filter down the grid to only the information that they would like to view.

Card View

- The Card View all Opportunities in "Swim Lanes" that are made up of the Lead Stages. The Stage list is managed under Administration>List Management>Lead Stages.
- Double-Click on an Opportunity "Card" to bring up the Opportunity Detail.
- Active Status, Marketing lists and Views filter the Card View.

4.10.9.1 General Tab

Overview

The General Tab contains many of the fundamental fields involved in the setup of Opportunities.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the General Tab.

** Indicates a required field

Name

- Active Check this box to make this an active firm.
- ** Code Unique Code of the Firm.
- ** Name Name of the Firm.
- ** Firm Firm assigned to this Opportunity.
- Org. Unit Organizational Unit assigned to project. More on Organizational Units

Opportunity Info

- Stage Marketing Stage that the Opportunity is currently at. A User Defined Field. The Stage list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Lead Stages</u>.
- Lead Source Lead Source of the Opportunity. A User Defined Field. The Lead Source list is managed under Administration>List Management>Lead Sources.

Chat Handle

Chat Handle - User handle for instant messaging applications like Slack, Skype, etc.

Opportunity Dates

- Start Anticipated Start Date of the Opportunity.
- End Anticipated End Date of the Opportunity.
- Proposal Due Estimated Due Date of the Proposal.
- Expected Close Estimated Close Date.

Market Sectors

Market Sectors associated with the Opportunity. More on Market Sectors

4.10.9.2 Internal Contacts Tab

Overview

The Internal Contacts Tab contains internal contacts associated with the Firm.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Internal Contacts Tab.

Internal Employee Contacts

- Internal Contacts are internal contacts that are associated with the Firm.
- Principal Contact that is classified as the Principal in Charge Contact.
- Comments Internal notes that are specific to Main Contact.
- Project Manager Contact that is classified as the Project Manager Contact.
- Comments Internal notes that are specific to Sales Contact.
- Marketing Contact Contact that is classified as the Marketing Contact.
- Comments Internal notes that are specific to Marketing Contact.
- Other Contact Contact that is classified as an Other Contact.
- Comments Internal notes that are specific an Other Contact.

4.10.9.3 Comment Tab

Overview

The Comment tab is used for internal comments that are specific to the Opportunies.

4.10.9.4 Addresses Tab

Overview

The Addresses Tab contains the addresses of the selected firm. Clicking on a field in a Firm row will expose the Addresses Tab.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Addresses Tab.

Main Address

- Name Named address. Not available for employee contacts.
- Street 1 Address line 1
- Street 2 Address line 2
- Street 3 Address line 3
- Street 4 Address line 4
- City City
- State State
- Zip Zip Code
- State State

- Country Country
- Phone Telephone number
- Fax Fax number
- Latitude Latitude of Address
- · Longitude Longitude of Address
- Copy to Clipboard Copies address to the clipboard of the local workstation.
- Geocode When clicked, the Latitude and Longitude are filled in with the location of the Main Address.
 This can be used in the Map Viewer applet. More on the Map Viewer.

4.10.9.5 Contacts Tab

Overview

The Contacts Tab associates an Opportunity with a particular Contact.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Contacts Tab.

- ** Indicates a required field when adding to the list.
- ** Contact Name of the Contact associated with the Opportunity.
- ** Relationship The Opportunities's relationship with the Contact. A User Defined Field. The Relationship list is managed under Administration>List Management>Project Contact Types

4.10.9.6 Marketing Lists Tab

Overview

The Marketing Lists Tab shows you a list of Marketing Lists that are that have a "List Type" of Opportunity. You must also have the appropriate "Access Level" access. More on Marketing Lists

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Marketing Lists Tab.

- Quick Filter A real time filter that reduces the list of Opportunities as you type into the cell.
- Clear Clears out the contents of the Quick Filter.
- Check All Selects all of the available Marketing Lists in the Grid.
- Check-box Checked if a member of the Marketing List.

- Name Name of the Marketing List.
- Date Added Date that the Opportunity Project was added to the Marketing List.

4.10.9.7 Notes Tabs

Overview

Notes can be entered against a Contacts, Firms, and Projects (including Opportunities). More on Notes

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the Notes Tab.

** Indicates a required field

Note Details

- · Comment Body of the Note
- Note Type Type of Note Posting (ex. Phone Call, Meeting, E-Mail, Appointment, Lunch, and Dinner are the choices). A User Defined Field. The Note Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u> <u>Management>Contact Note Types</u>
- Firm Firm associated with the note.
- Contact Contact associated with the note.

Add a follow-up Activity?

- Add Create a a follow-up activity that appears on the Activity Calendar. More on Activities
- Require Complete When checked, the follow-up activity shows up on the Activity calendar until it is marked complete.
- Type Type of Activity. A User Defined Field. The Activity Type list is managed under Administration>List Management>Activity Types
- Date Date of follow-up Activity.
- Time Time of follow-up Activity.
- Duration Duration of follow-up Activity.

Existing Notes

 Notes associated with the Contacts, Firms, or Projects that have been created. Double-click on them to bring into focus.

4.10.9.8 System Info Tab

Overview

The System Info gives you useful read-only information about the selected Opportunity Project.

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions for the System Info Tab.

Record Details

- Record ID: Internal ID number of the selected Opportunity Project.
- Created By The creator of the selected Opportunity Project.
- Create Date The date that the selected Opportunity Project was created.
- Modified By The last person to modify data on the selected Opportunity Project.
- Modify Date The last date that the selected Opportunity Project was modified.

4.10.9.9 Custom Fields (UDF) Tab

Overview

User-definable fields (UDFs) can be created for Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects, Project Level2 and Contacts. More on User Defined Fields.

4.10.10 Opportunity Queries

Overview

There are seven query applets in InFocus: Client, Contacts, Firms, Opportunities, Vendors, Projects, and Employees. The concept of the query tools is to allow the user to define lists of data based on a user query definition. The list can then be used to navigate to the individual records within the list or can be exported to Excel. More on the Query Applets

4.11 Utilities

4.11.1 Analytic Dashboard Designer

Overview

Analytic Dashboard Designer applet features an intuitive, interactive design environment that displays your dashboards in real time as you build them.

Each design uses a **Data Source** (defaults to InFocus) and a **Query** (typically an **Analytic Model** - managed via UT>Dashboard Queries Manager). When clicking **New**, you'll be prompted to select an Analytic Model-the data source will default to InFocus. That said, you'll note that the designer supports multiple data sources and multiple models per design (advanced designs).

Once selected, you're ready to being using the design tools.

Getting Started

Before jumping into your first designs, you'll want to begin by taking a moment to understand the moving parts and setup for Analytic Dashboards if you haven't already.

Analytic Dashboard Overview and Setup

4.11.1.1 Designer Layout

The designer itself is organized into three sections: **Toolbar**, **Data** browser/pane and the **Dashboard** surface.

In short, you'll use the **toolbar** options in conjunction with your **data** to build your **dashboard view** on the surface.

4.11.1.1.1 Designer Toolbar

Overview

The Analytic Dashboard Designer toolbar offers powerful options for working with designs and is where primary tools are made available.

The toolbar contains both standard options (always visible) and item-specific options, visible when working with the item. While item specific options will be discussed in context, below is a list of standard toolbar options.

Field Descriptions

Below is a list of standard applet fields/buttons/elements used in the Analytic Dashboard Designer.

Menu Options

File/Help - Lists standard InFocus File and Help options

Toolbar Options

Pinned Options

- Save Saves the loaded dashboard
- Undo Reverses edits made
- Redo Add back Undone changes
- Update Updates the dashboard with the latest modifications. This could be used if two users were working on the same dashboard design.

Home Tab

- · New Click to create a new dashboard
- · Open Opens an existing dashboard
- Save Saves the loaded dashboard
- Undo Reverses edits made
- Redo Adds back Undone changes

- Inserts Section Dashboard Items used in designing an Analytic Dashboard. Supported items are as follows:
 - Pivot
 - o Grid
 - o Chart
 - Scatter Chart
 - o Pies
 - o Gauges
 - o Cards
 - Choropleth Map
 - Geo Point Map
 - o Range Filter
 - Filter Elements (e.g. Combo Box, List Box, Tree View)
 - o Images
 - o Text Box
 - Groups
- Item Section Hidden until an Item (listed above) is inserted. Available options include
 - o Duplicate Duplicates the highlighted item on the dashboard
 - o Delete Deletes the highlighted item
 - o Convert To Used for converting one item to another (e.g. convert a Grid to a Chart).
 - o Remove Data Items Removes Data Items from the dashboard
 - o Edit Rules Launches dialogue to work with conditional format rules added to the dashboard item
- Dashboard Section Settings global to the loaded dashboard
 - o Title Click to configure dashboard title options
 - o Currency Configure currency options
 - o Edit Colors Edit global dashboard colors
 - Parameters Used to managed dashboard parameters
 - o Automatic Updates Click to enable automatic updates for the dashboard
 - Update Use to manual update the dashboard. Disabled when using Automatic Updates.
 - o Add Variable Parameters Add additional dashboard parameters

Data Source Tab

- Add InFocus Data Source Click to add an InFocus data source
- Add External Data Source Click to add an external data source- configured in <u>Global Settings</u>
 (AD>Global Settings>External Data Sources)
- Add Custom Data Source Click to add a custom data source (e.g. Excel, CSV, etc.)
- Edit Connection Use to edit the currently loaded data source connection information.
- Rename Renames the loaded data source
- Delete Removes the loaded data source
- Server Mode Enables server mode. In short, when enabled, data related operations (e.g. grouping, filtering, etc.) are performed on the server. Alternatively, when not enabled, processing is done client side in-memory. Generally, Server Mode only supports SQL Data Sources and may or may not impact performance.
- Add Calculated Field Launches the Expression editor for creating calculated fields.
- Add Analytic Model Click to add Analytic Models to the Query dropdown. Multiple data sources are supported.
- · Add Query Launches the Query Editor for developing queries from the designer
- Edit Edits the currently loaded query (Analytic Model)
- Rename Renames the currently loaded query
- Filter Edits the currently loaded query filter
- Delete Deletes the currently loaded query from the data source
- Model Info Displays Field/List Descriptions for the loaded Analytic Model. Note, descriptions for the

model are entered for each model via UT>Dashboard Queries Manager.

4.11.1.1.2 Data Browser/Pane

Overview

The **Data Browser** is where you'll interact with your Data Source and Analytic Model. Once a model is loaded to the dashboard (done by clicking refresh above the model field list), you can bind fields to Dashboard Items by dragging and dropping fields into the **Data Items Pane** as appropriate for the Dashboard Item (e.g. Grid, Chart, Pie, etc).

Field Descriptions

Data Browser

- Data Source Lists the currently loaded data source. Supports multiple data sources (advanced designs).
- Query/Model Lists the currently loaded Analytic Models. Supports multiple models (advanced designs).
- Group Button Groups field list by data type (e.g. datetime, nvarchar, int, etc.)
- AZ Button Sorts field list alphabetically
- ZA Button Sorts field list alphabetically (descending order)
- Refresh Refreshes the field list. Note, when starting a new design, you must first click refresh to perform an initial data load. Otherwise your data will not display.
- Change Binding Currently not in use

Data Items Pane

As mentioned above, Dashboard Items (e.g. Grids, Charts, etc) are bound to data fields via the Data Items pane.

While options will in the Data Items pane will vary based on the Dashboard Item, below is a list of available options.

- Command Buttons Listed in the upper-right of the Data Items pane, command buttons allow you to run various operations like adding a new pane to a chart dashboard item.
- Data Item Placeholders (e.g. Values, Columns, Rows, Arguments, Series, etc.) Used to bind data fields to the dashboard item. Available placeholders are determined by the selected dashboard item.
- Hidden Data Items Data items being used by the dashboard (e.g. filters, etc) that don't appear in any
 displayed dashboard item. For instance, you could use a Grid to display Employee Name and Hours and
 then use a hidden field to filter out time against indirect projects based on the Charge Type. Fields can be
 used as either Dimensions or Measures based on the intended use for the field.
 - Dimensions Represent data items that can be added to the dashboard as they are- with no required aggregation. Dimensions can further be sorted and/or grouped. (e.g. Project Code, Employee Name, etc).
 - Measures Represent data items that are added to the dashboard only as summaries (e.g. Sum of Hours, Max Work Date, etc).

4.11.1.3 Dashboard Surface

Overview

The Dashboard Surface is your primary design space and reflects added items. Dashboard Items can be configured, re-sized and reorganized as needed. The "**Dashboard**" title can be renamed, removed, etc. by clicking Title from the Home Toolbar.

In short, what you see on the surface (in terms of design), is what your end users will experience when viewing the Analytic Dashboard.

Field Descriptions

- Title Defaults to "Dashboard". Configure by clicking Title from the Home Toolbar.
- Export To Exports the design to Print Preview, PDF or Image. For example, this can be a great option if publishing a dashboard for one-time analysis.
- Dashboard Parameters Button Reflects the available parameters available to the design and subsequently the end user.

4.11.1.2 Data Shaping and Formatting

Overview

Data is automatically formatted when added to a <u>dashboard item</u>, based on the data type (e.g. Number, Currency, etc.). That said, formats can be edited by hovering over the data item and clicking the data item menu **drop-down**.

Each data item will list several options for data shaping including: **Summarizing**, **Calculations**, **Formatting**, etc.

4.11.1.2.1 Summarization

Apply various forms of summary to data items as necessary by selecting the appropriate summarization from the list.

For instance if viewing a total number of Hours, you would choose **Sum**.

To change the Summarization method:

- 1. Hover over the field in the Data Items pane
- 2. Click the data item menu drop-down
- 3. Select the appropriate Summarization

4.11.1.2.2 Calculations

Calculations can be applied over the data item in use.

For instance, instead of an actual sum of Hours, you could display the Percent of Hours in relation to the grand total (etc.)

To apply a Calculation:

- 1. Hover over the field in the Data Items pane
- 2. Click the data item menu drop-down
- 3. Select Calculation
- 4. Select the appropriate calculation. Custom calculations are also supported.

4.11.1.2.3 Formats

While defaulting to Auto, standard formatting for measures can be adjusted by selecting **Format...** from the data item menu drop-down.

For instance, if using a percentage value, you would likely need to change the format to: Percent.

Numbers / Currency

To change the format for numbers or currency:

- 1. Hover over the field in the Data Items pane
- 2. Click the data item menu drop-down
- 3. Select Format...
- 4. Configure settings as appropriate (see below)
- 5. Click OK
- Format Type Defaults to Auto. Options include: General, Number, Currency, Scientific, Percent.
- Unit Unit to which values should be converted
- Precision Defines the decimals to display
- Currency Defaults to Dashboard global currency setting. Specific currency settings can be set here.
- Culture Defines the currency cultures for currencies with multiple cultures
- Include group separator Displays a comma between each numeric group (e.g. 1,000,000.00)

Date Values

Date Values have several display options, listed when clicking the Options button. To change display settings:

- 1. Hover over the field in the Data Items pane
- 2. Click data item menu **drop-down**
- 3. Select the Date type (e.g. Year, Quarter, etc)
- 4. Optionally set the **Format**
 - o Default
 - Full (e.g. Month = October, etc.)
 - Abbreviated (e.g. Month = Oct, etc.)
 - Numeric (e.g. Month = 10, etc.)
 - o Long (e.g. Date-Hour = Saturday, October 15, 2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Short (e.g. Date-Hour = 10/15/2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - o Time Only (e.g. Date-Hour = 10:57pm (en-US))

4.11.1.2.4 Conditional Formatting

Once data is added to the pivot, it can be formatted in a variety of ways to help visualize otherwise static data points. For instance, you can highlight cells that meet certain defined criteria.

Formatting can be added, edited and cleared/deleted by clicking Edit Rules from the toolbar or by hovering

over the data item and clicking the data item menu drop-down.

Format Rules include:

- Value Add a formatting rule based on an evaluation of static value (e.g. >, <, <=, >=, etc.)
- Top/Bottom Add formatting based on the evaluation of the topmost or bottommost value
- Average Add formatting rule based on an evaluation of average (e.g. >, <, <=, >=, etc.)
- Expression Build an expression to apply formatting (advanced)
- Icon Ranges Apply icons to items based on an evaluation of a range
- · Color Ranges Apply colors to items based on an evaluation of a range
- Gradient Apply a color gradient to items based on an evaluation of a range
- Bar Displays a visual representation of a value using a bar. Bars can be colored based on positive or negative values.
- Bar Color Ranges Displays a visual representation of a value using a bar. Bars are colored with the color set based on an evaluation of range
- Bar Gradient Ranges Displays a visual representation of a value using a bar. Bars are colored with the gradient color set based on an evaluation of range

4.11.1.3 Dashboard Interactivity

Overview

Analytic Dashboards support interactivity between Dashboard Items. The following is a discussion of supported options and settings related to

- Master Filters
- Drill Down

4.11.1.3.1 Master Filters

Overview

Included in the Analytic Dashboard feature set is the ability to filter dashboard items by another when similar values are used by each. For instance, a chart displaying information by employee name, could be used to filter a grid displaying other employee information.

This is done by setting the dashboard item you wish to filter by as a **Master Filter-** of which there are two types.

Master Filter Types

Single Master Filter

Single Master Filter sets the selected dashboard item as a filter for all other dashboard items governed by the data source. Using a Single Master Filter you can filter by **one value** in the selected item (e.g. a single Employee Name cell in the Grid)

Single Master Filters can be further defined by Target Dimensions (Argument, Series, Point).

Multiple Master Filter

Multiple Master Filters work similarly to Single Master Filters with the exception that by using a Multiple Master Filter you can filter by **one or more values** in the selected item (e.g. multiple Employee Name cells in the Grid)

Multiple Master Filters can be further defined by the Target Dimension (Argument, Series, Point).

Master Filter Settings

Cross Data-Source Filtering

As mentioned above, by default setting an item as a Master Filter applies filtering to other dashboard items using the same data source.

Enabling **Cross Data-Source Filtering** allows a Master Filter to affect data items displaying data from <u>other data sources</u>. When using this setting, the full names of data fields must match between data sources (e.g. "Employee_Code" field, for instance, must exist in both data sources)

Ignore Master Filter

Enable this setting on any dashboard item you wish to to exclude from Master Filtering

4.11.1.3.2 Drill Down

Overview

Analytic Dashboard Items can be configured for **Drill Down** which allows the user to click into greater details for the values being displayed.

For example, if you designed a Chart to display Utilization by Year, configuring Drill Down would allow you to click into the details for each Quarter, Month (etc.) of each year.

Drill Down can be further defined by <u>Target Dimensions</u>.

Tutorial

Drill Down is configured by following these steps:

- 1. Select the Dashboard Item you wish to configure
- 2. Browse to the Data tab on the toolbar
- 3. Click Drill Down
- 4. Configure the **Target Dimension** as needed
- 5. Drag-and-Drop data items to the Data Items pane in order of detail- least to greatest (e.g. WorkDate (Year), WorkDate (Quarter), WorkDate (Month), etc.)

4.11.1.3.3 Target Dimensions

Overview

Master Filters and Drill Down can be further defined by a Target Dimension. Target Dimension (**Argument**, **Series**, **Points**) determines the data items to be used as filters/drill down.

For example, if configuring a Chart as a Master Filter, setting the Target Dimension to Argument allows the user to filter other Dashboard Items by Arguments displayed on the Chart. Likewise, if configuring a Chart with Drill Down, setting the Target Dimension to Series would leverage the data items listed under Series when drilling into further detail.

4.11.1.4 Dashboard Design Items

Overview

Analytic Dashboards are built using the dashboard items available from the toolbar. Items include:

- Pivot
- Grid
- Chart
- Scatter Chart
- Pies
- Gauges
- Cards
- Choropleth Map
- Geo Point Map
- Range Filter
- Filter Elements (e.g. Combo Box, List Box, Tree View)
- Images
- Text Box
- Groups

To work with an item, simply **select it from the toolbar** and the designer will add it to the Dashboard Surface for further configuration.

4.11.1.4.1 Pivots

Overview

Pivots offer data visualization in a hierarchical grid.

Data can be added to the pivot, nested into a hierarchy, formatted and configured to interact with other Dashboard Items.

Adding Data

Data fields are bound to the Pivot by dragging them to the Data Items Pane as a Value, Column or Row.

Additionally, **Hidden Data Items** can be used for additional configurations, such as filtering, without displaying the field in the Pivot.

Working with Pivot Data

Each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it. Pivots use Values, Columns and Rows.

- Values Used to calculate data (e.g. the Sum of all Hours)
- · Columns Used to label the grid columns
- Rows Used to label grid rows

For example, to view the total hours for each project by year, add:

Values	Columns	Rows
Hours (Sum)	Work Date (Year)	Project Name

Columns can be further broken out by adding additional fields to Values.

Values	Columns	Rows
Hours (Sum)	Work Date (Year)	Project Name
Bill_Dollars (Sum)		

Hierarchy can be added to the pivot by binding additional fields to Columns or Rows. Once hierarchy is added, the pivot will display expand/collapse icons which can be used to view or hide the added hierarchy.

Values	Columns	Rows
Hours (Sum)	Work Date (Year)	Project Name
Bill_Dollars (Sum)	Work Date (Month)	Employee Name

TIP: If you've added data to the Pivot but don't see it reflected, click the Refresh button above the Field List in the Data Browser (left-hand pane of the designer).

Conditional Formatting

Once data is added to the pivot, it can be <u>formatted</u> in a variety of ways to help **visualize** otherwise static data points, highlighting cells that meet certain defined criteria.

Pivots support conditional formatting on Values, Columns and Rows.

Formatting can be added by clicking **Edit Rules** from the toolbar or by clicking **Options>Add Format Rule** from the data item (Options Button- down arrow - becomes visible when hovering over the data field in the Data Items pane).

For example, to color a cell green if the sum of hours exceeds 100 hours on a given project:

- 1. Hover over the Hours field
- 2. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 3. Select Add Format Rule>Value>Greater Than. The Greater Than dialogue will appear.
- 4. Enter 100 in the <enter a value> text box
- 5. Select **green** to set the appearance. Note, you could also choose to add an Icon to the cell by selecting the Icon tab.
- 6. Use the Auto Intersection Mode.

- Intersection Mode defines the level at which the condition should be applied. Auto will typically default to the highest level of hierarchy. If selecting Specific level, you can then specify a level based on Row or Column to apply the conditional formatting to.
- 7. Use Hours as the **Apply to**. While this defaults to the selected field, you can add the formatting to the cell of your choosing.
- 8. Apply to Row/Column can be left unchecked. Checking either will apply the format to the entire column/ row in which the evaluated cell resides.
- 9. Click Apply to preview results
- 10. Click OK

Pivot Tools

Pivots feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the pivot).

Data

The Data Tab includes several options for shaping your data.

- Edit Filter Use to add filters to the pivot based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- Ignore Master Filter Pivot Grids can interact with other dashboard items marked as a Master Filter (e.g. data displayed on the pivot is filtered by, for instance, a bar chart). Clicking Ignore Master Filter removes interactivity.
- Initial State Sets the default state of grid hierarchy (expanded or not).
- Totals Shows/Hides row and/or column totals
- Grand Totals Shows/Hides grand totals
- · Font Adjust font options for the data results in the pivot

Design

Pivots allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the Pivot caption (e.g. "Pivot 1" displayed at the top left of the pivot).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item and Values

4.11.1.4.2 Grids

Overview

Grids are a flexible way to view data.

Data can be added to the grid in columns, configured based on column types, formatted and configured to interact with other Dashboard Items.

Adding Data

Data fields are bound to the Grid by dragging them to the Data Items Pane as a Column or Sparkline.

Additionally, **Hidden Data Items** can be used for additional configurations, such as filtering, without displaying the field in the Grid.

Working with Grid Data

Each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it. Grids use Columns and Sparklines

- Columns Used to label and provide data to the grid columns. Grids support multiple column types which
 can be edited by clicking the column type indicator (right-aligned icon in the New Column placeholder).
 Below is a description of each column type:
 - Dimension Represent data items that can be added to the dashboard as they are- with no required aggregation. Dimensions can further be sorted and/or grouped. (e.g. Project Code, Employee Name, etc).
 - Measures Represent data items that are added to the dashboard only as summaries (e.g. Sum of Hours, Max Work Date, etc). Can be displayed as the value or as a Bar.
 - Delta Calculates the difference between the sum of two measures and can display a visual indicator of the difference. Actual represents the first measure and Target represents the second. Deltas can be displayed as a Value or a Bar. Values can be further configured to evaluate the following
 - Value Type How the calculated result is represented
 - Result Indication Condition that defines the visual indicator (e.g. Greater is good will display a green up arrow if the Actual exceeds the Target)
 - Threshold Type Further rules can be applied to when a visual indicator will be displayed in the result (e.g. display a green up arrow only if the Actual exceeds the target by 15% or \$1500.00).
 Threshold Type defines the type of threshold to apply- percent or absolute value.
 - Threshold Value Sets the value for the threshold (e.g. 15%).
 - Sparkline Used to display the variation in summary values over time. The Sparkline column should contain the summary value (e.g. Sum of Hours). Additional Sparkline options include
 - Show start/end values
 - Sparkline view type Defines how the sparkline should be visually represented
 - Highlight min/max points When checked, places a corresponding dot on the sparkline
 - Highlight start/end points When checked, places a corresponding dot on the sparkline
- Sparkline Sparklines calculate and display the variation of summary values over time. While the
 Sparkline Column represents the equation's value, this Data Item represents the argument in the
 equation. For example, to view an employee's direct hours over time, set the Sparkline Argument to
 WorkDate (Month, etc.) and add a Sparkline Column (discussed above) for Direct Hours (Sum)

Consider the following example for viewing Employee Utilization.

Column	Column Type	Sparkline (Argument)
Employee Name	Dimension	
Direct Hours Pct (Avg)	Measure	
Direct Hours Pct (Avg)	Delta - Actual	
Target Pct	Delta - Target	
Direct Hours (Sum)	Sparkline	WorkDate (Month)

TIP: If you've added data but don't see it reflected, click the Refresh button above the Field List in the Data Browser (left-hand pane of the designer).

Conditional Formatting

Once data is added to the grid, it can be <u>formatted</u> in a variety of ways to help visualize otherwise static data points, highlighting cells that meet certain defined criteria.

Grids support conditional formatting on Columns and Sparkines.

Formatting can be added by clicking **Edit Rules** from the toolbar or by clicking **Options>Add Format Rule** from the data item (Options Button- down arrow - becomes visible when hovering over the data field in the Data Items pane).

For example, to color a cell green if the average percentage exceeds 25% for a given employee:

- 1. **Hover over** the field in the Data Items pane
- 2. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 3. Select Add Format Rule>Value>Greater Than. The Greater Than dialogue will appear.
- 4. Enter .35 in the **<enter a value>** text box
- 5. Select **green** to set the appearance. Note, you could also choose to add an Icon to the cell by selecting the Icon tab.
- 6. Use the selected field (default) as the Apply to. While this defaults to the selected field, you can add the formatting to the cell of your choosing.
- 7. Apply to Row can be left unchecked. Checking either will apply the format to the entire row in which the evaluated cell resides.
- 8. Click Apply to preview results
- 9. Click **OK**

Grid Tools

Grids feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the grid).

All toolbar items feature tool tips which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

- Edit Filter Use to add/edit filters on the grid based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- Clear Clears all filters
- Single Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Grid, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all other dashboard items. Using a Single Master Filter you can only filter by one element in the selected item (e.g. a single Employee Name cell in the Grid)
- Multiple Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Grid, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all
 other dashboard items. Using a Mulitple Master Filter you can filter by one or more elements in the
 selected item (e.g. multiple Employee Name cells in the Grid)
- Drill Down Enables <u>drill-in details</u> for the Dashboard Item. For Grids, list dimension columns at the top of the Data Items Pane in order of detail least to most. When enabled the grid will reflect data for the top dimension, allowing you to click through to each subsequent dimension, displaying measures (e.g. summary columns) in relation to each dimension.
- Cross Data Filtering Allows a Master Filter to affect data items displaying data from other data sources.
- Ignore Master Filter Dashboard Items can interact with other dashboard items marked as a Master Filter. Clicking Ignore Master Filter removes interactivity

Design Tab

Grids allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item and Columns, Values, etc.
- Horizontal Lines Show/Hide horizontal grid lines
- Vertical Lines Show/Hide vertical grid lines
- Banded Rows Color alternating rows
- Merge Cells Merges adjacent cells with identical data
- Column Headers Show/Hide column headers
- Word Wrap Enable word wrapping which will display cell content on multiple lines in one cell.
- Font Configure font settings for the dashboard item
- Padding Configure cell padding for grid cells. Padding is the amount of space between the border of the cell and the value displayed therein
- AutoFit to Contents Automatically adjusts the column width to display all cell contents- regardless of the grid size
- AutoFit to Grid Automatically adjusts the column width to best fit the size of the grid- regardless of the cell content
- Manual Gives you control over each column in the grid. Right-click the column header to define each column as appropriate

Column Header Options

Grids feature additional per-column settings, available by right-clicking the column header.

- Fit to Content Automatically adjusts the column width to display all cell contents- regardless of the grid size
- Fixed Width Select to fix the width of the column to the current width
- Column Width Define an exact column width
- Add Format Rule Apply conditional formatting to the column
- Edit Rules Edit existing conditional formatting for the column
- Clear Rules Clear conditional formatting added to the column
- Add Totals Adds the specified aggregation(s) to the footer of the grid for the column.

4.11.1.4.3 Charts

Overview

Charts offer several options for rich data visualization.

Data can be added to the Chart in the form of Values, Arguments and Series. Charts can then be formatted and configured to interact with other Dashboard Items.

Adding Data

Data fields are bound to the Chart by dragging them to the Data Items Pane as **Values**, **Arguments** or a **Series**.

Additionally, Hidden Data Items can be used for additional configurations, such as filtering, without

displaying the field on the Dashboard Item.

Working with Chart Data

Each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it. Charts use Values, Arguments and Series displayed, typically, on two axes: X-Axis and Y-Axis.

Each Data Item can be formatted by hovering over the item and clicking the options icon (right aligned down arrow).

- Values Data items which are calculated and displayed against the Y-Axis. Multiple values are supported
 and can be be visualized using different Series Types (e.g. Bar, Point/Line, Area, Range, Bubble,
 Financial).
- Arguments Data items displayed along the X-Axis. A Value is displayed on the chart for each Argument.
- Series Data items used to create chart series, typically used for categorizing arguments. A Value is
 displayed on the chart for each Series within each argument. How that Value is represented depends on
 the Series Type.

Series Types

Series Types provide options for visualizing chart series. Additional functionality is also made available to the chart through the Series Type (e.g. plotting on a secondary axis, labeling, etc.)

Series Options are accessed by clicking the **series icon** located to the right of the Values Placeholder in the Data Items pane.

Series Types include:

Bar

- Bar Displays a bar representing each Value
- Stacked Bar Displays the contribution of each Value in relation to the whole
- Full-Stacked Bar Shows the percentage of each Value's contribution to the whole

Point/Line

- Point Plots a point representing each Value
- Line Plots points, connected by a straight line for each series across each argument
- Stacked Line Shows the trend of the contribution for each value
- Full-Stacked Line Shows the trend of the percentage for each value
- Step Line Connects plotted point using horizontal and vertical lines only
- Spline Plots points, along a fitted curve

Area

- Area Displays a straight line connecting data points for each Value across each argument, shading the
 area between the plotted line and the X Axis. Areas display a line and shading for each Series bound to
 the Chart.
- Stacked Area Shows the trend of contribution for each Value, shading the area between the plotted line and then next Series.
- Full-Stacked Area Shows the trend of percentage for each Value, shading the area between the plotted line and then next Series.
- Step Area Displays a straight line connecting data points for each Value across each argument using

horizontal and vertical lines only, shading the area between the plotted line and the X Axis.

- Spline Area Displays a fitted curve connecting data points for each Value across each argument, shading the area between the plotted line and the X Axis.
- Stacked Spline See Stacked Area
- Full-Stacked Spline See Full Stacked Area

Range

- Range Displays a bar representing each Value in relation to a specified range, typically timeframe.
- Range Area Displays a straight line connecting data points for each Value across each argument, shading the area between a specified range, typically timeframe.

Bubble (Weighted Series)

• Bubble - Similar to Points, Bubbles plot a point representing each Value. The difference, however, is that bubbles evaluate a third dimension: Weight. Weight determines the size of of series points.

Financial

Typically used to show stock prices across time periods.

- High-Low Close Displays a representation of three required measures: High, Low, Close
- Candle Stick Displays a representation of four required measures: Open, High, Low, Close
- Open-High-Low-Close (Stock) Displays a representation of four required measures: Open, High, Low, Close

Financial Series Measure types

- Open Price at the begging of a specified timeframe
- High Maximum price during a specified timeframe
- Low Minimum price during a specified timeframe
- Close Price at the end of a specified timeframe

Chart Example

Consider the following example for visualizing Employee Utilization with a Chart.

Values	Arguments	Series	Series Type
Hours (Sum)	Work Date (Month)	Charge Type	Stacked Bar

The chart will display a bar for each month that shows a breakdown of direct and indirect hours. Using the Stacked Bar, displays each hours amounts in relation to the total hours for the given month.

TIP: If you've added data but don't see it reflected, click the Refresh button above the Field List in the Data Browser (left-hand pane of the designer).

Chart Panes

Charts allow you to add multiple panes which gives you the ability to view different Values (Y-Axis) against similar Arguments (X-Axis) and Series.

Panes have unique Y Axes but share the X-Axis and Series.

To add a pane:

- 1. Click the Add Pane Icon (upper-right of the Data Items Pane). An additional Values section will appear.
- 2. Drag and Drop values to the placeholder as appropriate. A new pane will display

Formatting

Data added to charts are automatically formatted based on their data type. That said, <u>formats</u> can be edited by clicking **Options** from the data item (Options Button- down arrow - becomes visible when hovering over the data field in the Data Items pane).

For instance, if using a currency value, you would likely need to change the format to: Currency.

Numbers / Currency

To change the format for numbers or currency:

- 1. Hover over the field in the Data Items pane
- 2. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 3. Select Format...
- 3. Configure settings as appropriate (see below)
- 4. Click OK
- Format Type Defaults to Auto. Options include: General, Number, Currency, Scientific, Percent.
- Unit Defines how the currency value should be converted
- Precision Defines the decimals to display
- Currency Defaults to Dashboard global currency setting. Specific currency settings can be set here.
- Culture Defines the currency cultures for currencies with multiple cultures
- Include group separator Displays a comma between each numeric group (e.g. 1,000,000.00)

Date Values

Date Values have several display options, listed when clicking the Options button. To change display settings:

- 1. Hover over the field in the Data Items pane
- 2. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 3. Select the Date type (e.g. Year, Quarter, etc)
- 4. Optionally set the Format
 - Default
 - Full (e.g. Month = October, etc.)
 - Abbreviated (e.g. Month = Oct, etc.)
 - Numeric (e.g. Month = 10, etc.)
 - Long (e.g. Date-Hour = Saturday, October 15, 2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Short (e.g. Date-Hour = 10/15/2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Time Only (e.g. Date-Hour = 10:57pm (en-US))

Chart Tools

Charts feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the chart).

All toolbar items feature tool tips which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

- Edit Filter Use to add/edit filters on the grid based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- Clear Clears all filters
- Single Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all other dashboard items. Using a Single Master Filter you can only filter by one element in the selected item.
 - Single Master Filter is further defined by the Target Dimension which determines which Data Items
 can be used as filters. For example, setting the Target Dimension to Argument allows the user to filter
 other Dashboard Items by Arguments displayed on the Chart.
- Multiple Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all other dashboard items. Using a Multiple Master Filter you can filter by one or more elements in the selected item.
 - Multiple Master Filter is further defined by the Target Dimension which determines which Data Items
 can be used as filters. For example, setting the Target Dimension to Argument allows the user to filter
 other Dashboard Items by Arguments displayed on the Chart.
- Drill Down Enables <u>drill-in details</u> for the Dashboard Item. For Charts, list multiple **Arguments** or **Series** in order of detail least to most. When enabled the chart will reflect data for the top argument or series, allowing you to click through to each subsequent argument or series, displaying values in relation to each.
 - Drill Down is further defined by the Target Dimension which determines which Data Items can contain drill-in detail. For example, setting the Target Dimension to Argument allows the user to drill down to additional arguments.
- Cross Data-Source Filtering Allows a Master Filter to affect data items displaying data from other data sources.
- Ignore Master Filter Dashboard Items can interact with other dashboard items marked as a Master Filter. Clicking Ignore Master Filter removes interactivity.
- Arguments Sets the target dimension for filters and/or drill down to displayed Arguments
- Series Sets the target dimension for filters and/or drill down to displayed Series
- Points Sets the target dimension for filters (only) to displayed Points

Design Tab

Charts allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item
- Rotate Rotates the X and Y Axes
- X-Axis Settings
 - o Reverse Reverses the order of the X-Axis arguments
 - o Enables Zooming Enables zooming on the X-Axis
 - Show X-Axis Show/Hide the axis labeling
 - o Show Title Configures the title by default or as Custom Text
 - Limit visible points Limits the number of arguments to display on the X Axis. If the total number exceeds the visible points, a scroll bar appears and can be used to scroll through the arguments. This is a great option if using multiple dashboard items in a design and extra space is needed.
- Y-Axis Settings
 - o Pane Drop Down Selects the Chart Pane (see below) to apply the settings to
 - o Always show zero level Show/Hide the zero point on the Y-Axis.

- Reverse Reverses the order of the Y-Axis Values
- Show Grid lines Show/Hide grid lines
- Show Axis Show/Hide the axis labeling
- Show Title Configures the title by default or as Custom Text
- Logarithmic scale Check to show numerical values using a logarithmic scale. Set the logarithmic base with the drop down to the right.
- Show Legend Show/Hide the chart legend. Legend placement can additionally be defined using the legend drop down for certain series types.
- Series Type Similar to the series icon, you can set the series type from the design tab
- Global Colors Use to set colors for identical data items across all dashboard items
- Local Colors Use to set colors for items on the selected dashboard item
- · Edit Colors Edits the Global or Local Color Scheme

4.11.1.4.4 Scatter Charts

Overview

Scatter Charts allow you to see weighted points plotted along two axes. Each axis contains it's own measurement by which a specified argument is evaluated.

Data can be added to a Scatter Chart in the form of X-Axis measures, Y-Axis measures, Weight and Arguments. Scatter Charts can then be formatted and configured to interact with other Dashboard Items.

Adding Data

Data fields are bound to the Chart by dragging them to the Data Items Pane as the **X-Axis**, **Y-Axis**, **Weight** or **Argument**.

Additionally, **Hidden Data Items** can be used for additional configurations, such as filtering, without displaying the field on the Dashboard Item.

Working with Scatter Chart Data

Each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it.

As mentioned above, Scatter Charts place a weighted point plotted along two axes- against which the specified value is calculated.

Each Data Item can be formatted (e.g. Number, Currency, etc.) by hovering over the item and clicking the options icon (right aligned down arrow).

- X-Axis Data Item to be used for evaluating the Argument along the X-Axis
- Y-Axis Data Item to be used for evaluating the Argument along the Y-Axis
- Weight Data Item to be used for evaluating the size of the plotted point
- · Argument Data Item to be evaluated

Consider the following example for viewing an Employee's total Direct Hours, their percent of Billable Time and those, weighted by their actual direct billings.

X-Axis	Y-Axis	Weight	Argument
Direct Hours (Sum)	Direct Hours Percent	Direct Billings (Sum)	Employee Name

X-Axis	Y-Axis	Weight	Argument
	(Average)		

TIP: If you've added data but don't see it reflected, click the Refresh button above the Field List in the Data Browser (left-hand pane of the designer).

Formatting Data

Data added to scatter charts is automatically formatted based on their data type. That said, <u>formats</u> can be edited by clicking **Options** from the data item (Options Button- down arrow - becomes visible when hovering over the data field in the Data Items pane).

For instance, if using a percentage, you would likely need to change the format to type: Percent. Likewise, if using a date as your argument, you may want to see that broken out in to quarters or months (etc.).

Numbers / Currency

To change the format for numbers or currency:

- 1. Hover over the field in the Data Items pane
- 2. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 3. Select Format...
- Configure settings as appropriate (see below)
- 4. Click OK
- Format Type Defaults to Auto. Options include: General, Number, Currency, Scientific, Percent.
- Unit Defines how the currency value should be converted
- Precision Defines the decimals to display
- Currency Defaults to Dashboard global currency setting. Specific currency settings can be set here.
- Culture Defines the currency cultures for currencies with multiple cultures
- Include group separator Displays a comma between each numeric group (e.g. 1,000,000.00)

Date Values

Date Values have several display options, listed when clicking the Options button. To change display settings:

- 1. **Hover over** the field in the Data Items pane
- 2. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 3. Select the Date type (e.g. Year, Quarter, etc)
- 4. Optionally set the Format
 - Default
 - Full (e.g. Month = October, etc.)
 - Abbreviated (e.g. Month = Oct, etc.)
 - Numeric (e.g. Month = 10, etc.)
 - Long (e.g. Date-Hour = Saturday, October 15, 2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Short (e.g. Date-Hour = 10/15/2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Time Only (e.g. Date-Hour = 10:57pm (en-US))

Color By

Scatter Charts, by default, will display your argument using a single color.

For some scenarios, this can cause confusion. For instance, using Employee Name as the argument will result, by default, in a single-colored point and a legend option of: Employee Name.

This can be changed by hovering over your Argument and completing the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button
- 2. Select Color by>Hue

Plotted points will now be colored by employee as listed in the legend.

Scatter Chart Tools

Scatter Charts feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the chart).

All toolbar items feature tool tips which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

- Edit Filter Use to add/edit filters on the grid based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- Clear Clears all filters
- Single Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Scatter Chart, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all other dashboard items. Using a Single Master Filter you can only filter by one element in the selected item.
- Multiple Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Scatter Chart, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all other dashboard items. Using a Multiple Master Filter you can filter by one or more elements in the selected item.
- Drill Down Enables <u>drill-in details</u> for the Dashboard Item. For Scatter Charts, list multiple **Arguments** in order of detail least to most. When enabled the chart will reflect data for the top argument or series, allowing you to click through to each subsequent argument, displaying results in relation to each.
- Cross Data-Source Filtering Allows a Master Filter to affect data items displaying data from other data sources.
- Ignore Master Filter Dashboard Items can interact with other dashboard items marked as a Master Filter (e.g. data displayed on the pivot is filtered by, for instance, a bar chart). Clicking Ignore Master Filter removes interactivity.

Design Tab

Scatter Charts allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item
- Rotate Rotates the X and Y Axes
- X-Axis Settings
 - o Reverse Reverses the order of the Y-Axis Values
 - Show Grid lines Show/Hide grid lines

- Show Axis Show/Hide the axis labeling
- Show Title Configures the title by default or as Custom Text
- Logarithmic scale Check to show numerical values using a logarithmic scale. Set the logarithmic base with the drop down to the right.
- Y-Axis Settings
 - o Always show zero level Show/Hide the zero point on the Y-Axis.
 - o Reverse Reverses the order of the Y-Axis Values
 - Show Grid lines Show/Hide grid lines
 - Show Axis Show/Hide the axis labeling
 - Show Title Configures the title by default or as Custom Text
- Logarithmic scale Check to show numerical values using a logarithmic scale. Set the logarithmic base with the drop down to the right.
- Point Label Settings Show/Hide Point labels which will display defined content in labels as configured for plotted points.
- Show Legend Show/Hide the chart legend. Legend placement can additionally be defined using the legend drop down for certain dashboard items.
- Global Colors A global color scheme colors identical data items similarly across all dashboard items
- Local Colors A local color scheme sets colors for the selected data item only
- Edit Colors Edits the Global or Local Color Schemes

4.11.1.4.5 Pies

Overview

Pies can be used to reflect segments of values and their contribution to a whole.

Adding Data

Data fields are bound to Pie Charts by dragging them to the Data Items Pane as **Values**, **Arguments** or a **Series**.

Additionally, **Hidden Data Items** can be used for additional configurations, such as filtering, without displaying the field on the Dashboard Item.

Working with Pie Data

Each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it. Pie Charts use Values, Arguments and Series.

Each Data Item can be formatted by hovering over the item and clicking the **options icon** (right aligned down arrow).

- Values Represent the measure used in determining pie segments (e.g. how the pie is divided)
- Argument Data Item for which the value is calculated (e.g. how the pie is labeled)
- Series Data Item for which the pie chart is displayed. This allows you to see the contribution of value per argument across multiple pies.

Consider the following example for viewing Employee Utilization.

Value	Argument	Series
Hours (Sum)	Charge Type	Employee Name

This will reflect a pie chart showing each employee's sum/percent of hours broken out by charge type.

TIP: If you've added data but don't see it reflected, click the Refresh button above the Field List in the Data Browser (left-hand pane of the designer).

Formatting

Data added to pie charts is automatically formatted based on their data type. That said, <u>formats</u> can be edited by clicking **Options** from the data item (Options Button- down arrow - becomes visible when hovering over the data field in the Data Items pane).

For instance, if using a percentage, you would likely need to change the format to type: Percent. Likewise, if using a date as your series, you may want to see that broken out in to quarters or months (etc.)

Numbers / Currency

To change the format for numbers or currency, hover over the data item in the Data Items pane and complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 2. Select Format...
- 3. Configure settings as appropriate (see below)
- 4. Click OK
- Format Type Defaults to Auto. Options include: General, Number, Currency, Scientific, Percent.
- Unit Unit to which values should be converted
- Precision Defines the decimals to display
- Currency Defaults to Dashboard global currency setting. Specific currency settings can be set here.
- Culture Defines the currency cultures for currencies with multiple cultures
- Include group separator Displays a comma between each numeric group (e.g. 1,000,000.00)

Date Values

Date Values have several display options, listed when clicking the Options button. To change display settings, hover over the data item in the Data Items pane and complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 2. Select the **Date type** (e.g. Year, Quarter, etc)
- 3. Optionally set the Format
 - o Default
 - Full (e.g. Month = October, etc.)
 - o Abbreviated (e.g. Month = Oct, etc.)
 - Numeric (e.g. Month = 10, etc.)
 - Long (e.g. Date-Hour = Saturday, October 15, 2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Short (e.g. Date-Hour = 10/15/2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Time Only (e.g. Date-Hour = 10:57pm (en-US))

Transpose

Pie Charts support the ability to transpose arguments and series. This effectively swaps data items listed as

Arguments and Series (and vice versa).

To transpose, simply click the Transpose button located on the toolbar in the Items section of the Home Tab.

Pie Chart Tools

Charts feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the chart).

All toolbar items feature **tool tips** which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

Note, for Master Filters and Drill Down, Pie Charts support filtering and drill down by **Argument** or **Series**.

- Edit Filter Use to add/edit filters on the grid based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- Clear Clears all filters
- Single Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Pie Chart, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all
 other dashboard items. Using a Single Master Filter you can only filter by one element in the selected
 item (e.g. a pie segment)
 - Single Master Filter is further defined by the Target Dimension which determines which Data Items
 can be used as filters. For example, setting the Target Dimension to Argument allows the user to filter
 other Dashboard Items by Arguments represented on the Pie Chart.
- Multiple Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Pie Chart, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all other dashboard items. Using a Multiple Master Filter you can filter by one or more elements in the selected item (e.g. multiple segments in a pie chart)
 - Multiple Master Filter is further defined by the Target Dimension which determines which Data Items
 can be used as filters. For example, setting the Target Dimension to Argument allows the user to filter
 other Dashboard Items by Arguments represented on the Pie Chart.
- Drill Down Enables <u>drill-in details</u> for the Dashboard Item. For Pie Charts, list multiple **Arguments** or **Series** in order of detail least to most. When enabled the pie will reflect data for the top argument or series, allowing you to click through to each subsequent argument or series, displaying values in relation to each. Whether to drill down using Argument or Series is determined by the **Target Dimension**.
- Cross Data-Source Filtering Allows a Master Filter to affect data items displaying data from other data sources.
- Ignore Master Filter Dashboard Items can interact with other dashboard items marked as a Master Filter. Clicking Ignore Master Filter removes interactivity.
- Arguments Sets the target dimension for filters and/or drill down to displayed Arguments
- Series Sets the target dimension for filters and/or drill down to displayed Series
- Points Sets the target dimension for filters (only) to displayed Points

Design Tab

Pie Charts allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item
- Auto Arrange Automatically arranges the pie series to fit the dimensions of the dashboard item.
- Arrange in Columns Arranges the pie charts in a defined number of columns- configured by the Count

ticker.

- Arrange in Rows Arranges the pie charts in a defined number of rows- configured by the Count ticker.
- Data Labels Defines if (and if so how) labels should display on the pie chart(s)
- Tooltips Defines if (and if so how) tooltips should display on the pie chart(s). Tooltips contain information
 displayed only when hovering over a segment of the pie chart.
- Show Pie Captions Show/Hide the series label (e.g. label listed above the pie chart)
- Pie & Donut Defines if the Pie Chart should be displayed as a pie or a donut.
- Global Colors A global color scheme colors identical data items similarly across all dashboard items
- Local Colors A local color scheme sets colors for the selected data item only
- Edit Colors Edits the Global or Local Color Scheme

4.11.1.4.6 Gauges

Overview

Gauges can be used to reflect up to two values and can be used, for instance, to see the performance of a measure compared to a target.

Adding Data

Data fields are bound to Gauges by dragging them to the Data Items Pane as an Actual, Target or a Series.

Additionally, **Hidden Data Items** can be used for additional configurations, such as filtering, without displaying the field on the Dashboard Item.

Working with Gauge Data

Each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it.

As mentioned above, Gauges use Actuals, Targets (optional) and Series.

The aggregated value is compared to the target, and when using a target, the Gauge can also reflect a defined Delta.

Each Data Item can be formatted by hovering over the item and clicking the **options icon** (right aligned down arrow).

- Actual Actual data to display on the Gauge
- Target Target data to display on the Gauge
- Series Data Item for which the Gauge is displayed. Using a Series allows you to see multiple Gauges across several data items- Years, Projects, Employees, etc).

Consider the following example for viewing Employee Performance (or Utilization).

Actual	Target	Series
Direct Hours PCT (Avg)	Target field (Max)	Employee Name

This would reflect a Gauge for each employee indicating their billable percentage in relation to the target. You'll also see an indicator representing the Delta - the difference between the actual and the target.

Multiple Gauges

Gauge Dashboard Items allow you to build multiple gauges per dashboard item.

When filling the Actual and Target placeholders, you'll notice a new set of empty placeholders appear. If applicable, drag and drop a new set of comparisons and the gauge will create a Value icon (stack seen in the upper-right hand corner of the dashboard item) which you can use to switch between gauges.

TIP: If you've added data but don't see it reflected, click the Refresh button above the Field List in the Data Browser (left-hand pane of the designer).

Formatting

Data added to Gauges is automatically formatted based on the data type. That said, formats can be edited by clicking **Options** from the data item (Options Button- down arrow - becomes visible when hovering over the data field in the Data Items pane).

For instance, if using a percentage, you would likely need to change the format to type: Percent. Likewise, if using a date as your series, you may want to see that broken out in to quarters or months (etc.)

Numbers / Currency

To change the format for numbers or currency, hover over the data item in the Data Items pane and complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 2. Select Format...
- 3. Configure settings as appropriate (see below)
- 4. Click OK
- Format Type Defaults to Auto. Options include: General, Number, Currency, Scientific, Percent.
- Unit Unit to which values should be converted
- Precision Defines the decimals to display
- Currency Defaults to Dashboard global currency setting. Specific currency settings can be set here.
- Culture Defines the currency cultures for currencies with multiple cultures
- Include group separator Displays a comma between each numeric group (e.g. 1,000,000.00)

Date Values

Date Values have several display options, listed when clicking the Options button. To change display settings, hover over the data item in the Data Items pane and complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 2. Select the **Date type** (e.g. Year, Quarter, etc)
- 3. Optionally set the Format
 - o Default
 - Full (e.g. Month = October, etc.)
 - Abbreviated (e.g. Month = Oct, etc.)
 - Numeric (e.g. Month = 10, etc.)
 - o Long (e.g. Date-Hour = Saturday, October 15, 2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Short (e.g. Date-Hour = 10/15/2016 10:57pm (en-US))

Time Only (e.g. Date-Hour = 10:57pm (en-US))

Gauge Scale

Gauge data is represent based on a gauge scale which can be auto-assigned or customized.

This can be configured by clicking the **Gauge Options icon** (gear to the right of the Actual/Target placeholders in the Data Items pane).

Scale Options include:

- Minimum value Min value for the gauge- typically zero (0).
- Maximum value Max value for the gauge
- Auto Automatically sets min and max based on the displayed values.

Delta

As mentioned above, Deltas represent the **difference between the Actual and the Target** used on the Gauge.

Deltas will reflect in the form of an indicator (whether the actual exceeds the target or not) and a number.

Deltas can be configured by clicking the Gauge Options icon (gear to the right of the Actual/Target placeholders in the Data Items pane).

Delta Options include:

- Value Type Specifies which value type should be displayed as the Delta on the Gauge
- Result Indication Sets the logic for the delta indicator. Indicators include a green up-arrow (positive result), a red down-arrow (negative result) and a yellow warning circle.
 - o Greater is good Displays positive if the actual exceeds the target
 - Less is good Displays positive if the actual doesn't exceed the target
 - Warning if greater Displays a warning if the actual exceeds the target
 - o Warning if less Displays a warning if the actual does not exceed the target
 - No indication
- Threshold Type Further rules can be applied to when a visual indicator will be displayed in the result (e.g. display a green up-arrow only if the actual exceeds the target by 15% or \$1500.00, etc.). Threshold Type defines the type of threshold to apply- percent or absolute value.
- Threshold Value Sets the value for the threshold (e.g. 15%, \$1500, etc.).

Gauge Tools

Gauges feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the chart).

All toolbar items feature **tool tips** which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

- Edit Filter Use to add/edit filters on the grid based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- Clear Clears all filters
- Single Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Gauge, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all
 other dashboard items. Using a Single Master Filter you can only filter by one element in the selected
 item
- Multiple Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Gauge, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all
 other dashboard items. Using a Multiple Master Filter you can filter by one or more elements in the
 selected item. Multiple items can be selected by using Ctrl+Click.
- Drill Down Enables <u>drill-in details</u> for the Dashboard Item. For Gauges, list multiple Series in order of detail - least to most. When enabled the gauge will reflect data for the top series, allowing you to click (double-click if also using Master Filter) through to each subsequent series, displaying values in relation to each.
- Cross Data-Source Filtering Allows a Master Filter to affect data items displaying data from other data sources.
- Ignore Master Filter Dashboard Items can interact with other dashboard items marked as a Master Filter. Clicking Ignore Master Filter removes interactivity.

Design Tab

Gauges allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item
- Auto Arrange Automatically arranges the gauge to fit the dimensions of the dashboard item.
- Arrange in Columns Arranges the gauges in a defined number of columns- configured by the Count ticker.
- Arrange in Rows Arranges the gauges in a defined number of rows- configured by the Count ticker.
- Full Circular Sets the Gauge style to full circle
- Half Circular Sets the Gauge style to half circle
- Left/Right Quarter Sets the Gauge style to quarter circle
- Three Fourths Circular Sets the Gauge style to 3/4 circle
- Linear Horizontal Displays the gauge on a horizontal line
- Linear Vertical Displays the gauge on a vertical line
- Show Gauge Captions Show/Hide the series label (e.g. label listed above the gauge)

4.11.1.4.7 Cards

Overview

Cards are used to reflect data actuals and can be used in conjunction with additional comparative visualizations.

Each card can display up to three values: The Actual Value and, if using a target, two Delta values. Cards can additionally reflect a Sparkline.

Adding Data

Data fields are bound to Cards by dragging them to the Data Items Pane as an **Actual**, **Target**, **Series** or **Sparkline**.

Additionally, **Hidden Data Items** can be used for additional configurations, such as filtering, without displaying the field on the Dashboard Item.

Working with Card Data

Each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it.

As mentioned above, Cards use Actuals, Targets (optional), Series and Sparklines.

When using a target, the aggregated value is compared to the target, displaying defined Delta values.

Each Data Item can be formatted by hovering over the item and clicking the **options icon** (right aligned down arrow).

- · Actual Actual data to display on the Card
- Target Target data to display on the Card
- Series Data Item for which the Card is displayed. Using a Series allows you to see multiple Cards across several data items- Years, Projects, Employees, etc).
- Sparkline Sparklines calculate and display the variation of summarized values over time. For Cards, the sparkline argument (date-time) will make this calculation based on the defined Actual (e.g. not the Target).

Consider the following example:

Actual	Target	Series	Sparkline
Direct Hours PCT (Avg)	Target field (Max)	Employee Name	Work Date (Month)

This will reflect a Card for each employee indicating their billable percentage in relation to the target. You'll also see indicators representing the Delta - the difference between the actual and the target.

Multiple Cards

Card Dashboard Items allow you to build multiple cards per dashboard item.

When filling the Actual and Target placeholders, you'll notice a new set of empty placeholders appear. If applicable, drag and drop a new set of comparisons and the card will create a Value icon (stack seen in the upper-right hand corner of the dashboard item) which you can use to switch between cards.

TIP: If you've added data but don't see it reflected, click the Refresh button above the Field List in the Data Browser (left-hand pane of the designer).

Formatting

Data added to Cards is automatically formatted based on the data type. That said, <u>formats</u> can be edited by clicking **Options** from the data item (Options Button- down arrow - becomes visible when hovering over the data field in the Data Items pane).

For instance, if using a percentage, you would likely need to change the format to type: Percent. Likewise, if using a date as your series, you may want to see that broken out in to quarters or months (etc.)

Numbers / Currency

To change the format for numbers or currency, hover over the data item in the Data Items pane and complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 2. Select Format...
- 3. Configure settings as appropriate (see below)
- 4. Click OK
- Format Type Defaults to Auto. Options include: General, Number, Currency, Scientific, Percent.
- · Unit Unit to which values should be converted
- Precision Defines the decimals to display
- Currency Defaults to Dashboard global currency setting. Specific currency settings can be set here.
- Culture Defines the currency cultures for currencies with multiple cultures
- Include group separator Displays a comma between each numeric group (e.g. 1,000,000.00)

Date Values

Date Values have several display options, listed when clicking the Options button. To change display settings, hover over the data item in the Data Items pane and complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 2. Select the **Date type** (e.g. Year, Quarter, etc)
- 3. Optionally set the Format
 - o Default
 - Full (e.g. Month = October, etc.)
 - Abbreviated (e.g. Month = Oct, etc.)
 - Numeric (e.g. Month = 10, etc.)
 - Long (e.g. Date-Hour = Saturday, October 15, 2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Short (e.g. Date-Hour = 10/15/2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Time Only (e.g. Date-Hour = 10:57pm (en-US))

Delta Options

As mentioned above, Deltas represent the **difference between the Actual and the Target** used on the Card.

In addition to the Actual Value, each card consists of a **primary** and **secondary** delta value. The primary delta includes an indicator (whether the actual exceeds the target or not) and a number. The secondary, simply reflects a number.

Deltas can be configured by clicking the **Gauge Options icon** (gear to the right of the Actual/Target placeholders in the Data Items pane).

Delta Options include:

- Value Type Specifies which value type should be displayed as the Delta. For Cards, this is the Primary Delta. When setting the value type, the following secondary deltas are used:
 - Actual Value Absolute Variation, Percent Variation
 - o Absolute Variation Absolute Value, Percent Variation
 - o Percent Variation Absolute Value, Absolute Variation
 - Percent of Target Absolute Value, Absolute Variation
- Result Indication Sets the logic for the delta indicator. Indicators include a green up-arrow (positive

result), a red down-arrow (negative result) and a yellow warning circle.

- o Greater is good Displays positive if the actual exceeds the target
- Less is good Displays positive if the actual doesn't exceed the target
- Warning if greater Displays a warning if the actual exceeds the target
- o Warning if less Displays a warning if the actual does not exceed the target
- No indication
- Threshold Type Further rules can be applied to when a visual indicator will be displayed in the result (e.g. display a green up-arrow only if the actual exceeds the target by 15% or \$1500.00, etc.). Threshold Type defines the type of threshold to apply- percent or absolute value.
- Threshold Value Sets the value for the threshold (e.g. 15%, \$1500, etc.).

Sparkline Options

As mentioned above, Sparklines calculate and display the variation of summarized values over time. For Cards, the sparkline argument (date-time) will make this calculation based on the defined Actual (e.g. not the Target).

Sparklines can be configured by clicking the **Gauge Options icon** (gear to the right of the Actual/Target placeholders in the Data Items pane).

Sparkline Options include:

- Visible Show/Hide the sparkline
- Sparkline view type Defines how the sparkline should be visually represented
- Highlight min/max points When checked, places a corresponding dot on the sparkline
- Highlight start/end points When checked, places a corresponding dot on the sparkline

Card Tools

Cards feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the chart).

All toolbar items feature **tool tips** which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

- Edit Filter Use to add/edit filters on the grid based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- · Clear Clears all filters
- Single Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Cards, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all
 other dashboard items. Using a Single Master Filter you can only filter by one element in the selected
 item.
- Multiple Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Card, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all
 other dashboard items. Using a Multiple Master Filter you can filter by one or more elements in the
 selected item. Multiple items can be selected by using Ctrl+Click.
- Drill Down Enables <u>drill-in details</u> for the Dashboard Item. For Cards, list multiple Series in order of detail least to most. When enabled the gauge will reflect data for the top series, allowing you to click (double-click if also using Master Filter) through to each subsequent series, displaying values in relation to each.
- Cross Data-Source Filtering Allows a Master Filter to affect data items displaying data from other data sources.

• Ignore Master Filter - Dashboard Items can interact with other dashboard items marked as a Master Filter. Clicking Ignore Master Filter removes interactivity.

Design Tab

Cards allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item
- Auto Arrange Automatically arranges the cards to fit the dimensions of the dashboard item.
- Arrange in Columns Arranges the cards in a defined number of columns- configured by the Count ticker.
- Arrange in Rows Arranges the cards in a defined number of rows- configured by the Count ticker.

4.11.1.4.8 Cloropleth Maps

Overview

Maps allow you to visualize location-based data using colors to reflect proportional results.

For instance, if viewing Project Revenue by State or Province on a color scale from Blue to Red, areas would be colored as follows (areas falling in between would be a combined shade):

- Low Revenue = Blue
- Mid Revenue = Purple
- High Revenue = Red

While Analytic Dashboard Designer uses a set of default maps, you can also load custom maps with a Shapefile (typically contains an .shp and .dbf).

Adding Data

Data fields are bound to Maps by dragging them to the Data Items Pane as an **Attribute**, **Value**, **Target**, or **Measure**.

Additionally, **Hidden Data Items** can be used for additional configurations, such as filtering, without displaying the field on the Dashboard Item.

Working with Data

Each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it.

As mentioned above, Maps use Attributes, Values, Targets (if using a Delta), and/or Measures

Each Data Item can be formatted by hovering over the item and clicking the down arrow.

- Attribute Used to associate map shapes with a data item (e.g. StateCode ME = PostalCode ME)
- Value Map Values can be added as singularly aggregated values or as Deltas. If formatted to use Value, the map will color based on the calculation of value alone, if formatted as a Delta, the map will color based on the difference between the value and the target.
- Target Target data to use in calculating a Delta
- Measures Maps allow for customized tooltips which displays when hovering over areas on the map.

When defined, tooltip information will include the added Measures.

Consider the following example:

Attribute	Value	Measure
State Code field bound to the map	Hours (Sum)	Projects (Count)
attribute: POSTAL		

This will result in color coded areas on the US Map (for example) based on the total number of hours per state. Hovering over each state will reflect the sum of hours and the number of projects per state.

TIP: If you've added data but don't see it reflected, click the Refresh button above the Field List in the Data Browser (left-hand pane of the designer).

Binding Map Attributes

As mentioned above, **Attributes** are used to bind map shapes to data items. For example, a data item with state codes (e.g. ME, VA, etc.) can be bound to the POSTAL map attribute.

To do this:

- Click the Attribute's options icon (link icon next to the Attributes placeholder)
- 2. Select the Map Attribute that corresponds to the Data Item
- 3. Click Ok

Map Options

Map values can be calculated based on a Value (only) or a Delta.

This is set by clicking the **options icon** (to the right of the Value placeholders in the Data Items pane).

Value

When selecting **Value**, the map will calculate results based on the value alone. For example, Countries would be colored based on their position on the scale of results.

A Value's Scale and Color settings include the following options:

- Color Palette Start and End Color used in associating color with points along the range (e.g. from dark to light). Defaults to Auto, but can be customized.
- Scale Settings Defines whether to use a Percent or Absolute scale for defining colors. Number of levels, which correlate to the number of colors used on the map, can also be customized.
- Preview Shows the proposed output of colors against the scale. To edit the Rage stop, check Allow Edit.
 Edits also allow you to append, delete, end edit and cancel edit.

Click **Apply** to preview the selected options on the map.

Deltas

As mentioned above, Deltas represent the difference between the Actual and the Target.

When selected, Maps will color based on the Delta and will include the Value Type in the map's tooltip.

Deltas can be configured by clicking the options icon (to the right of the Value placeholders in the Data

Items pane).

Delta Options include:

- Value Type Specifies which value type should be displayed as the Delta.
- Result Indication Sets the logic for the delta indicator. For Maps, the indicator is the color of the location (e.g. State, County, etc.) and include green (positive result), red (negative result) and yellow (warning) coloring.
 - o Greater is good Displays positive if the actual exceeds the target
 - Less is good Displays positive if the actual doesn't exceed the target
 - Waring if greater Displays a warning if the actual exceeds the target
 - o Warning if less Displays a warning if the actual does not exceed the target
 - No indication
- Threshold Type Further rules can be applied to when a visual indicator will be displayed in the result
 (e.g. display green if the actual exceeds the target by 15% or \$1500.00, etc.). Threshold Type defines the
 type of threshold to apply- percent or absolute value.
- Threshold Value Sets the value for the threshold (e.g. 15%, \$1500, etc.).

Multiple Maps

Map Dashboard Items allow you to build multiple maps per dashboard item.

When filling the Map Values, you'll notice a new set of empty placeholders appear. If applicable, drag and drop a new value or new set of comparisons (Delta) and the map will display a **Value icon** (stack seen in the upper-right hand corner of the dashboard item) which you can use to switch between maps.

Formatting

Data added to Maps is automatically formatted based on the data type. That said, each Data Item can be <u>formatted</u> by hovering over the item and clicking the **down arrow**.

For instance, if using a percentage, you would likely need to change the format to type: Percent.

Numbers / Currency

To change the format for numbers or currency, hover over the data item in the Data Items pane and complete the following:

- 1. Click the down arrow
- 2. Select Format...
- 3. Configure settings as appropriate (see below)
- 4. Click OK
- Format Type Defaults to Auto. Options include: General, Number, Currency, Scientific, Percent.
- Unit Unit to which values should be converted
- Precision Defines the decimals to display
- Currency Defaults to Dashboard global currency setting. Specific currency settings can be set here.
- Culture Defines the currency cultures for currencies with multiple cultures
- Include group separator Displays a comma between each numeric group (e.g. 1,000,000.00)

Map Tools

Maps feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the chart).

All toolbar items feature tool tips which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

- Edit Filter Use to add/edit filters on the grid based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- Clear Clears all filters
- Single Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Maps, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all
 other dashboard items. Using a Single Master Filter you can only filter by one element in the selected
 item.
- Multiple Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Maps, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all
 other dashboard items. Using a Multiple Master Filter you can filter by one or more elements in the
 selected item. Multiple items can be selected by using Ctrl+Click.
- Cross Data-Source Filtering Allows a Master Filter to affect data items displaying data from other data sources.
- Ignore Master Filter Dashboard Items can interact with other dashboard items marked as a Master Filter. Clicking Ignore Master Filter removes interactivity.

Design Tab

Cards allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item
- Load Map Loads a map Shapefile. Using this option provides the Dashboard with a path to the Shapefile. This means if other users try to view the map and don't have access to the location of the Shapefile, the map will not load.
- Import Map Imports a map Shapefile. Unlike the Load Map option, Import actually adds the map to the definition (XML) of the Dashboard.
- Default Map Sets the default map for the dashboard item
- Lock Navigation Locks the current scroll/zoom of the map in the viewer. Un-clicked, the map can be navigated with scroll (click, hold and drag), zoom (double-click) and other navigational features.
- Full Extent Sets the map back to center
- Shape Labels Settings used to define map titles and tooltips
- Show Color Legend Shows/Hides the color scale

4.11.1.4.9 Geo Point Maps

Overview

Geo Point maps allow you to visualize location-based data based on latitude and longitude coordinates.

Select from one of the three map types:

- Geo Point Adds callouts to the map based on location
- Bubble Map Similar to a Scatter Chart, this map adds bubbles to the map, reflecting both weight (in size)

and color

Pie Map - Adds location-aware Pie Charts to the map

While Analytic Dashboard Designer uses a set of default maps, you can also load custom maps with a Shapefile (typically contains an .shp and .dbf).

Adding Data

Data fields are bound to Geo Point Maps by dragging them to the Data Items Pane. While each map type relies on different data items, they each utilize **Latitude** and **Longitude**.

Additionally, **Hidden Data Items** can be used for additional configurations, such as filtering, without displaying the field on the Dashboard Item.

Working with Data

Each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it.

In addition to **Latitude** and **Longitude** coordinates, below is a list of each map type and the data they accept.

Each Data Item can be formatted by hovering over the item and clicking the down arrow.

- Geo Point Utilize a Value field in relation to the geographic points. For instance, sum of revenue per location.
- Bubble Map Use both Weight and Color to plot points on the map. Weight determine the size of the bubble and Color determine the color based on a color scale.
- Pie Map Using Pie Charts, Pie Maps display a value's contribution to the whole. This is done through Values and Arguments. Values represent the measure used in determining pie segments (e.g. how the pie is divided). Arguments represent the Data Item for which the value is calculated (e.g. how the pie is labeled)

Consider the following examples:

Geo Point Map

Map Type	Latitude/Longitude	Value
Geo Point	Bound data items that contain	Hours (Sum)
	coordinates for lat/long	

Callouts are added to the designated map for each data point

Bubble Map

Map Type	Latitude/Longitude	Weight	Color
Bubble Map	Bound data items that contain coordinates for lat/ long	` '	Employee Name

Bubble points are plotted on the map for each data point, colors are weighted based on the relative settings.

Pie Map

Мар Туре	Latitude/Longitude	Value	Argument
Pie Map	Bound data items that	Hours (Sum)	Project
	contain coordinates for lat/		
	long		

Pies are added to the map for each location representing the breakout of hours spent on each project in the area.

TIP: If you've added data but don't see it reflected, click the Refresh button above the Field List in the Data Browser (left-hand pane of the designer).

Map Options

Bubble and Pie Maps allow for additional options for view each type.

Clustering

When displaying Geo Point Maps, there are instances where the number of plotted points (callouts, bubbles or pies) are close together and make it difficult to distinguish the individual points.

This can be avoided by grouping points near to each other using **Enable Clustering**, located on the Data Tab of the toolbar.

When enabled Geo Point callouts will be grouped into a single bubble. Bubble and Pie Maps will display grouped bubbles and pies respectively.

Bubble Maps

Bubble Maps allow you to configure the Color Palette and Scale (mentioned above).

To edit, click the options button next to the Color placeholder and configure the following options from the **Color Scale Options** dialogue.

- Color Palette Start and End Color used in associating color with points along the range (e.g. from dark to light). Defaults to Auto, but can be customized.
- Scale Settings Defines whether to use a Percent or Absolute scale for defining colors. Number of levels, which correlate to the number of colors used on the map, can also be customized.
- Preview Shows the proposed output of colors against the scale. To edit the Rage stop, check Allow Edit.
 Edits also allow you to append, delete, end edit and cancel edit.

Click **Apply** to preview the selected options on the map.

Pie Maps

Pie Maps allow you to build multiple map layers per dashboard item.

When filling the Map Values, you'll notice a new set of empty placeholders appear. If applicable, drag and drop a new value or new set of comparisons (Delta) and the map will display a **Value icon** (stack seen in the upper-right hand corner of the dashboard item) which you can use to switch between maps.

Additionally, Pie Maps can be weighted to display in size relative to their summary values. To enable, click

Weighted Pies, located on the Design Tab of the toolbar.

Formatting

Data added to Maps is automatically formatted based on the data type. That said, each Data Item can be formatted by hovering over the item and clicking the **down arrow**.

For instance, if using a percentage, you would likely need to change the format to type: Percent.

Numbers / Currency

To change the format for numbers or currency, hover over the data item in the Data Items pane and complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 2. Select Format...
- 3. Configure settings as appropriate (see below)
- 4. Click OK
- Format Type Defaults to Auto. Options include: General, Number, Currency, Scientific, Percent.
- Unit Unit to which values should be converted
- Precision Defines the decimals to display
- Currency Defaults to Dashboard global currency setting. Specific currency settings can be set here.
- Culture Defines the currency cultures for currencies with multiple cultures
- Include group separator Displays a comma between each numeric group (e.g. 1,000,000.00)

Date Values

Date Values have several display options, listed when clicking the **Options** button. To change display settings, hover over the data item in the Data Items pane and complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- Select the **Date type** (e.g. Year, Quarter, etc)
- 3. Optionally set the **Format**
 - Default
 - Full (e.g. Month = October, etc.)
 - Abbreviated (e.g. Month = Oct, etc.)
 - Numeric (e.g. Month = 10, etc.)
 - Long (e.g. Date-Hour = Saturday, October 15, 2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Short (e.g. Date-Hour = 10/15/2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Time Only (e.g. Date-Hour = 10:57pm (en-US))

Map Tools

Maps feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the chart).

All toolbar items feature tool tips which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

- Edit Filter Use to add/edit filters on the grid based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- Clear Clears all filters
- Single Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Maps, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all
 other dashboard items. Using a Single Master Filter you can only filter by one element in the selected
 item.
- Multiple Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Maps, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all
 other dashboard items. Using a Multiple Master Filter you can filter by one or more elements in the
 selected item. Multiple items can be selected by using **Ctrl+Click**.
- Cross Data-Source Filtering Allows a Master Filter to affect data items displaying data from other data sources.
- Ignore Master Filter Dashboard Items can interact with other dashboard items marked as a Master Filter. Clicking Ignore Master Filter removes interactivity.
- Enable Clustering Groups nearby objects together on the map.

Design Tab

Cards allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item
- Load Map Loads a map Shapefile. Using this option provides the Dashboard with a path to the Shapefile. This means if other users try to view the map and don't have access to the location of the Shapefile, the map will not load.
- Import Map Imports a map Shapefile. Unlike the Load Map option, Import actually adds the map to the definition (XML) of the Dashboard.
- Default Map Sets the default map for the dashboard item
- Lock Navigation Locks the current scroll/zoom of the map in the viewer. Unclicked, the map can be navigated with scroll (click, hold and drag), zoom (double-click) and other navigational features.
- Full Extent Sets the map back to center
- Shape Title Settings used to define map titles (e.g. titles displayed inside map shapes)
- Show Color Legend Shows/Hides a color legend, displaying the range of colors with associated values.
- Weighted Legend Shows/Hides a weighted legend which displays bubble/pie sizes and associated values.
- Global Colors A global color scheme colors identical data items similarly across all dashboard items
- Local Colors A local color scheme sets colors for the selected data item only
- Edit Colors Edits the Global or Local Color Scheme

4.11.1.4.10 Range Filters

Overview

Range Filters display chart information and allow you to integrate dynamic master filtering for other dashboard items.

Chart Data, displayed on the Range Filter, can be added in the form of Values, Arguments and Series.

Adding Data

Data fields are bound to the Range Filter by dragging them to the Data Items Pane as **Values**, **Arguments** or a **Series**.

Additionally, **Hidden Data Items** can be used for additional configurations, such as filtering, without displaying the field on the Dashboard Item.

Working with Range Filter Data

Each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it. Similar to Charts, Range Filters use Values, Arguments and Series displayed, typically, on two axes: X-Axis and Y-Axis.

Each Data Item can be formatted by hovering over the item and clicking the **options icon** (right aligned down arrow).

- Values Data items which are calculated and displayed against the Y-Axis. Multiple values are supported and can be be visualized using different Series Types (see below).
- Arguments Data items displayed along the X-Axis. A Value is displayed on the chart for each Argument.
 Range Filters use this data for filtering.
- Series Data items used to create chart series. A Value is displayed on the chart for each Series within each argument. How that Value is represented depends on the Series Type.

Series Types

Series Types provide options for visualizing chart series.

Series Options are accessed by clicking the **series icon** located to the right of the Values Placeholder in the Data Items pane.

Range Filters support the following Series Types:

Bar

- Bar Displays a bar representing each Value
- Stacked Bar Displays the contribution of each Value in relation to the whole
- Full-Stacked Bar Shows the percentage of each Value's contribution to the whole

Point/Line

- Line Plots points, connected by a straight line for each series across each argument
- · Stacked Line Shows the trend of the contribution for each value
- Full-Stacked Line Shows the trend of the percentage for each value

Area

- Area Displays a straight line connecting data points for each Value across each argument, shading the
 area between the plotted line and the X Axis. Areas display a line and shading for each Series bound to
 the Chart.
- Stacked Area Shows the trend of contribution for each Value, shading the area between the plotted line and then next Series.
- Full-Stacked Area Shows the trend of percentage for each Value, shading the area between the plotted line and then next Series.

Consider the following example for filtering other items that visualize Employee Utilization.

Values	Arguments	Series	Series Type
Hours (Sum)	Work Date (Month)	Charge Type	Stacked Bar

The Range Filter will display a bar for each month that shows a breakdown of direct and indirect hours. Using the Stacked Bar, displays each hours amounts in relation to the total hours for the given month.

TIP: If you've added data but don't see it reflected, click the Refresh button above the Field List in the Data Browser (left-hand pane of the designer).

Predefined Ranges

The Range Filter uses **selection thumbs** (window bar) to filter out data by adjusting the size and moving across the X-Axis (timeline in most cases). The size of the selection thumb represents the range by which data is filtered.

Predefined Ranges can be added to the Range Filter right-click options menu for quick selection.

To add a predefined range:

- 1. Click the **Design Tab** from the toolbar
 - o Optionally, right-click the Range Filter
- 2. Select Edit Periods
- 3. From the dialogue, **double-click** the periods listed in the left hand pane of the dialogue as appropriate. Note, Custom Periods (see below) can be added/edited as needed.
 - o Add Adds a custom period (see below)
 - o Edit Edits the highlighted period (see below)
 - o Delete Removes the highlighted period
 - o Default Click to make this range the default range for the Range Filter.
 - o Caption Caption to display when right-clicking the period. Editable by typing over the listed value.
 - o Period Shows the effective timeframe
 - o Type Shows the type of endpoints associated with the timeframe
 - <—> Float. Endpoint date is relative to the current date.
 - |—| Fixed. Endpoint date is Defined.

The items listed will now reflect when right-clicking the Range Filter.

Custom Periods

Periods can be customized or created as needed from the Edit Periods dialogue by clicking Add/Edit as appropriate. In either case, the Period dialogue will display where you can define a custom period as follows. Note, the Period dialogue displays the resulting period below the options.

- · Year A period defined in years
 - o Previous Year Entire previous year
 - This Year Entire current year. Note, this would include values beyond the current date for the current year (e.g. through 12/31 of the current year)
 - Next Year Entire next year
 - o Last Years Defined number of previous years
 - o Next Years Defined number of subsequent years
 - o Include Current Includes the current year in the definition of Last Years and Next Years.
- Quarter A period defined in quarters

- o Previous Quarter Entire previous quarter
- This Quarter Entire current quarter. Note, this would include values beyond the current date for the current quarter
- Next Quarter Entire next quarter
- Last Quarters Defined number of previous quarters
- Next Quarters Defined number of subsequent quarters
- o Include Current Includes the current quarter in the definition of Last Quarters and Next Quarters.
- Month A period defined in months
 - o Previous Month Entire previous year
 - This Month Entire current month. Note, this would include values beyond the current date for the current month
 - Next Month Entire next month
 - o Last Months Defined number of previous months
 - Next Months Defined number of subsequent months
 - o Include Current Includes the current month in the definition of Last Months and Next Months.
- Custom A custom period
 - o None Period spans the enter visible range
 - o Fixed Defines a fixed start and end date (right to left respectively)
 - Flow Defines a relative start and end date (right to left respectively)
 - Interval Defines the interval from the current date
 - Offset Defines the offset from the current date
 - Example: Year (Interval), -1 (Offset) = 2015 assuming a current year of 2016.

Formatting

Data added to range filters is automatically formatted based on the data type. That said, <u>formats</u> can be edited by clicking the **Options button** (down arrow) seen when hovering over the data item.

Date Values

Date Values have several display options. To change display settings, hover over the data item and complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 2. Select the **Date type** (e.g. Year, Quarter, etc)
- 3. Optionally set the Format
 - o Default
 - Full (e.g. Month = October, etc.)
 - Abbreviated (e.g. Month = Oct, etc.)
 - Numeric (e.g. Month = 10, etc.)
 - Long (e.g. Date-Hour = Saturday, October 15, 2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Short (e.g. Date-Hour = 10/15/2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Time Only (e.g. Date-Hour = 10:57pm (en-US))

Range Tools

Range Filters feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the chart).

All toolbar items feature tool tips which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

- Edit Filter Use to add/edit filters on the grid based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- Clear Clears all filters
- Cross Data-Source Filtering Allows a Master Filter to affect data items displaying data from other data sources
- Ignore Master Filter Range Filters can interact with other dashboard items marked as a <u>Master Filter</u>
 (e.g. data displayed on the pivot is filtered by, for instance, a bar chart). Clicking Ignore Master Filter
 removes interactivity.

Design Tab

Range Filters allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item
- Series Type Similar to the series icon, you can set the series type from the design tab
- Edit Periods Used to add predefined ranges (discussed above)
- Global Colors A global color scheme colors identical data items similarly across all dashboard items
- Local Colors A local color scheme sets colors for the selected data item only
- · Edit Colors Edits the Global or Local Color Scheme

4.11.1.4.11 Filter Elements

Overview

Filter Elements, like Range Filters, act as master filters for other items on the dashboard.

Use Filter Elements singularly or in conjunction with others to create filtering for the dashboard.

Filter Elements include:

- Combo Box Drop-down that contains a pick list of items. Each item in the drop-down is made up of one
 or many dimensions.
- List Box Presents a list of values
- Tree View Presents a list of values in a collapsible tree structure

Working with Filter Element Data

Each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it.

Filter Elements rely on **Dimensions** used for filtering other dashboard items by the corresponding values, such as Employee Name, Project Path, etc.

Additionally, **Hidden Data Items** can be used for additional configurations, such as filtering, without displaying the field on the Dashboard Item.

Grouping

Filter Elements can be used hierarchically by creating a **Group** (available from the toolbar) and then adding the Filter Elements to it. This would allow you to filter, for instance, based on a hierarchy like Project>Employee>Work Date. Note, **Ignore Master Filters** (see below) would have to be disabled for subservient Filter Elements (the filter elements holding Employee and Work Date in the example listed here).

Formatting

Data added to range filters is automatically formatted based on the data type. That said, <u>formats</u> can be edited by clicking the **Options button** (down arrow) seen when hovering over the data item.

Date Values

For instance, Date Values have several display options. To change display settings, hover over the data item and complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 2. Select the **Date type** (e.g. Year, Quarter, etc)
- 3. Optionally set the **Format**
 - o Default
 - Full (e.g. Month = October, etc.)
 - Abbreviated (e.g. Month = Oct, etc.)
 - Numeric (e.g. Month = 10, etc.)
 - Long (e.g. Date-Hour = Saturday, October 15, 2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Short (e.g. Date-Hour = 10/15/2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Time Only (e.g. Date-Hour = 10:57pm (en-US))

Filter Element Tools

Filter Elements feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the chart).

All toolbar items feature **tool tips** which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

- Edit Filter Use to add/edit filters on the grid based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- Clear Clears all filters
- Cross Data-Source Filtering Allows a Master Filter to affect data items displaying data from other data sources.
- Ignore Master Filter Filter Elements can interact with other dashboard items marked as a <u>Master Filter</u>.
 Clicking Ignore Master Filter removes interactivity.

Design Tab

Filter Elements allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item
- Standard Configures pick lists with radio buttons. This limits the filter to a single value
- Checked Configures pick lists with check boxes. This allows multiple values per filter.
- Show 'All' Value Enables the "All" option in pick lists.

4.11.1.4.12 Images

Overview

Analytic Dashboard Designer supports the use of images when building dashboard views.

Images can be **Static** (image file) or **Bound Images** (e.g. images pulled in from a data source). Static images are displayed on the dashboard. Bound Images must be bound to a data source, and can be used like a normal data item with support for Master Filtering.

That said, static images will be the most typically used image type.

Working with Images

To load a static Image, complete the following:

- 1. Select **Images>Image** from the toolbar
- 2. Click the Design Tab from the toolbar
- 3. **Load** or **Import** your image (see below)
- 4. Set the **size mode**. Options include: Clip, Stretch, Squeeze and Zoom
- 5. Set the image's **alignment** in relation to the image data item container.
- 6. Click Save

For information on using Bound Images, please contact Clearview Support.

Image Tools

Images feature a specific set of design tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the image).

All toolbar items feature tool tips which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Design Tab

Images allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item
- Load Image Loads an Image. Using this option provides the Dashboard with a path to the image file.
 This means if other users try to view the image and don't have access to the location of the image file, the image will not load.

- Import Image Imports an Image. Unlike the Load Image option, Import actually saves the image file to the Dashboard.
- Size Modes Determines how the image will be displayed if the image size falls outside the borders of the data item container.
- Alignment Sets how the image should be aligned inside the data item container.

4.11.1.4.13 Text Boxes

Overview

Text Boxes can be used to display static text and/or text bound to a data item.

Static text is simply written, or loaded using the Text Box Editor (toolbar). Bound Text is loaded from a data source

Working with Text Box Data

Static Text can be written by clicking the **Design Tab** and selecting **Edit**. Use the **Text Box Editor** (rich-text editor located next to the Design Tab in the toolbar) to format as appropriate.

For Bound Text, data fields are bound to the Text Box by dragging them to the Data Items Pane. While each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it, Text Boxes use **Values** only.

Formatting Text

Each Data Item can be formatted by hovering over the item and clicking the **options icon** (right aligned down arrow). That said, while the designer will default to aggregating the field, this may not be appropriate (e.g. for plain text fields). In this case, simply format the data item as a Min.

For instance, if adding a **comments** field to the text, you would **hover over** the field, click the **options icon** and select **Min**.

Inserting a Field

As mentioned above, data can be bound to text boxes. To display a bound field, complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Design Tab** (toolbar)
- 2. Click Edit
- 3. Select Insert Field. You'll see a highlighted Select value placeholder in the text box
- 4. Click the **Select value** placeholder
- 5. Pick one of the bound data items from the drop-down
- 6. Click Save

TIP: If you've added data but don't see it reflected, click the Refresh button above the Field List in the Data Browser (left-hand pane of the designer).

Text Box Tools

Text Boxes feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also

available by right-clicking the chart).

All toolbar items feature tool tips which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

- Edit Filter Use to add/edit filters on the grid based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- · Clear Clears all filters
- Ignore Master Filter Text Boxes can interact with other dashboard items marked as a <u>Master Filter</u>.
 Clicking Ignore Master Filter removes interactivity.

Design Tab

Text Boxes allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- · Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item
- Edit Edits the Text Box
- Insert Field Inserts a data item to the Text Box

4.11.1.4.14 Groups

Overview

Dashboard Items can be combined together into a group, allowing you to manage how they interact with other dashboard items- both in and outside the group.

For instance, a group could be used to isolate it's members from outside <u>Master Filter</u>. Likewise, items within the group could be filtered by each other.

To create a group, complete the following:

- 1. Click **Group** from the toolbar
- 2. Drag-and-drop dashboard items into the group

From the group, each dashboard item is managed by clicking the item and configuring as appropriate.

Group Tools

Groups feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the chart).

All toolbar items feature tool tips which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

Master Filter - When enabled, items configured as <u>Master Filters</u> inside the group can filter items outside

the group

Ignore Master Filters - Ignore Master Filters from outside the group

Design Tab

Groups allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Grid 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item

4.11.1.4.15 Treemaps

Overview

Treemaps can be used to visualize data in individual slices or squares.

Adding Data

Data fields are bound to Treemaps by dragging them to the Data Items Pane as Values or Arguments.

Additionally, **Hidden Data Items** can be used for additional configurations, such as filtering, without displaying the field on the Dashboard Item.

Working with Treemap Data

Each Dashboard Item has different requirements for the data you add to it. Treemaps use Values and Arguments.

Each Data Item can be formatted by hovering over the item and clicking the **options icon** (right aligned down arrow).

- Values Represent the measure for determining treemap tiles
- Argument Data Item by which the value is calculated (e.g. how the treemap is labeled)

Consider the following example for viewing Employee Utilization.

Value	Argument
Hours (Sum)	Charge Type

This will reflect a treemap showing a breakdown of the amount of hours by charge type.

Multiple Values

Treemaps also support measuring multiple values per Argument by dragging additional Values into the Data Items Pane. For example, a Treemap could measure Hours and Cost by Charge Type

Value	Argument
Hours (Sum)	Charge Type
Cost (Sum)	

In this example, the Treemap will display a stacked icon in the caption of the treemap (upper right) which you

could use to toggle between the Hours (Sum) and Cost (Sum) values.

Grouping

Treemap data can be grouped by nested arguments. For example, a Treemap could reflect Hours by Charge Type- grouped by Organizational Unit.

Value	Argument
Hours (Sum)	Organizational Unit
	Charge Type

In this example, the Treemap would reflect a breakdown of hours by charge type grouped by Organizational Unit. Grouping can be enabled by:

- 1. Drag multiple Arguments into the Data Items Pane in the order they should be grouped
- 2. Click the options icon
- 3. Select Group Tiles

TIP: If you've added data to the Treemap but don't see it reflected, click the Refresh button above the Field List in the Data Browser (left-hand pane of the designer).

Formatting

Data added to Treemaps is automatically formatted based on the data type. That said, <u>formats</u> can be edited by clicking **options icon** from the data item (down arrow - becomes visible when hovering over the data field in the Data Items pane).

For instance, if using a percentage, you would likely need to change the format to type: Percent. Likewise, if using a date as your series, you may want to see that broken out in to quarters or months (etc.)

Numbers / Currency

To change the format for numbers or currency, hover over the data item in the Data Items pane and complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 2. Select Format...
- 3. Configure settings as appropriate (see below)
- 4. Click OK
- Format Type Defaults to Auto. Options include: General, Number, Currency, Scientific, Percent.
- Unit Unit to which values should be converted
- Precision Defines the decimals to display
- Currency Defaults to Dashboard global currency setting. Specific currency settings can be set here.
- Culture Defines the currency cultures for currencies with multiple cultures
- Include group separator Displays a comma between each numeric group (e.g. 1,000,000.00)

Date Values

Date Values have several display options, listed when clicking the Options button. To change display settings, hover over the data item in the Data Items pane and complete the following:

- 1. Click the **Options** button (down arrow)
- 2. Select the **Date type** (e.g. Year, Quarter, etc)
- 3. Optionally set the Format
 - o Default
 - Full (e.g. Month = October, etc.)
 - Abbreviated (e.g. Month = Oct, etc.)
 - Numeric (e.g. Month = 10, etc.)
 - Long (e.g. Date-Hour = Saturday, October 15, 2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Short (e.g. Date-Hour = 10/15/2016 10:57pm (en-US))
 - Time Only (e.g. Date-Hour = 10:57pm (en-US))

Treemap Tools

Treemaps feature a specific set of design and data tools, available from the toolbar (some options are also available by right-clicking the Treemap).

All toolbar items feature tool tips which explain (in short) the core functionality of the toolbar option.

Data Tab

The Data Tab includes several options for data shaping.

Note, for Master Filters and Drill Down, Treemaps support filtering and drill down by Argument.

- Edit Filter Use to add/edit filters on the grid based on displayed or Hidden Data Items.
- · Clear Clears all filters
- Single Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Treemap, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all other dashboard items. Using a Single Master Filter you can only filter by one element in the selected item (e.g. single segments in a treemap)
- Multiple Master Filter This sets the selected Dashboard Item (e.g. Treemap, etc) as a <u>Master Filter</u> for all other dashboard items. Using a Multiple Master Filter you can filter by one or more elements in the selected item (e.g. multiple segments in a treemap)
- Drill Down Enables <u>drill-in details</u> for the Dashboard Item. For Treemaps, list multiple **Arguments** in order of detail least to most. When enabled the Treemap will reflect data for the top argument or series, allowing you to click through to each subsequent argument, displaying values in relation to each.
- Cross Data-Source Filtering Allows a Master Filter to affect data items displaying data from other data sources.
- Ignore Master Filter Dashboard Items can interact with other dashboard items marked as a Master Filter. Clicking Ignore Master Filter removes interactivity.

Design Tab

Treemaps allow the following design options.

- Show Caption Shows/Hides the caption (e.g. "Treemap 1" displayed at the top left of the dashboard item).
- Edit Names Used to configure display name for the Dashboard Item
- Slice and Dice Sets the layout to display in linear bars based on the value size
- Squarified Sets the layout to display in tiles
- Striped Similar to Squarified the layout is set to display in tiles, however the tiles are displayed by

columns or rows

- Layout Direction Specifies the order of layout for the Treemap
- Labels Defines if (and if so how) labels should display on the Treemap
- Tooltips Defines if (and if so how) tooltips should display when hovering your mouse over the Treemap.
- Group Labels Defines if (and if so how) group labels should display on the Treemap
- Group Tooltips Defines if (and if so how) group tooltips should display when hovering your mouse over a Treemap Group.
- Global Colors A global color scheme colors identical data items similarly across all dashboard items
- Local Colors A local color scheme sets colors for the selected data item only
- Edit Colors Edits the Global or Local Color Scheme

4.11.1.5 Adding Data Sources (Advanced)

Overview

Advanced Users

Each Analytic Model relies on a data source for the data it contains. Analytic Dashboards support both native (InFocus) and third party data sources- selected when building the design. This means that, in addition to your InFocus data, you can now visualize outside data across other areas of business- making InFocus a central hub for business analysis.

Third party data sources are considered either **External** (e.g. SQL Database, etc.) or **Custom** (e.g. SQL, OLAP, Microsoft Excel / CSV, etc.). **External Data Sources** can be configured globally in AD>Global Settings for use in the designer or the SQL Query applet. Custom Data Sources are only added when designing with the Analytic Dashboard Designer.

Once a data source is added to a dashboard view and saved, that data source and it's connection info is embedded in the dashboard definition. Until the data source is removed from the design, the connection will be preserved. If a dashboard view is exported for use in another InFocus database, the connection info is preserved in the new dashboard definition file (.dashboard) until otherwise removed from it.

Please Note: Most users will simply use the default InFocus data source.

4.11.1.5.1 Using External Data Sources

Overview

<u>External Data Sources</u> allow you to reach outside of InFocus and draw from third-party data sources for analysis.

External Data Sources and their connection settings are configured in AD>Global Settings and thereby made available to applets such as SQL Query and Analytic Dashboard Designer

Tutorial

To add an external data source, complete the following from the Analytic Dashboard Designer (UT>Analytic Dashboard Designer):

- 1. Click the **Data Source tab** from the toolbar
- 2. Click Add External Data Source. A list of data sources configured in Global Settings will appear.
- 3. Select the Data Source

Once loaded, you can add an Analytic Model for use in the design.

4.11.1.5.2 Using Custom Data Sources

Overview

Custom Data Sources allow you to reach outside of InFocus and draw from third-party data sources for analysis.

Custom Data Sources differ from <u>External Data Sources</u> in that the connection to the data source is established from within the Analytic Dashboard Designer. Custom Data Sources feature a wizard walk through and a native Query Builder.

Supported data sources include:

- Database SQL Database connection
- Olap Connect to an OLAP cube in a MS Analysis Services database
- Microsoft Excel workbook / CSV File Excel or CSV connection
- Data extract Used to work with data extracts

Tutorial

To add a Custom Data Source, complete the following from the Analytic Dashboard Designer (UT>Analytic Dashboard Designer):

- 1. Click the Data Source tab from the toolbar
- 2. Click Add Custom Data Source. The Data Source Wizard will launch.
- 3. Complete the steps in the wizard to establish connection to the data source.
- 4. Click Finish

The data source will load with the related query outputs (e.g. SQL Query, Excel Sheet info, etc.).

4.11.1.5.3 Edit/Deleting Data Sources

Overview

Once added, Data Sources can be edited and/or deleted when working in the Analytic Dashboard Designer.

Tutorial

Edit a Data Source

- 1. Click the **Data Source tab** from the toolbar
- 2. Click Edit Connection
- 3. Complete the Connection Editor dialogue

- 4. Click Finish
- 5. Click Save

Delete a Data Source

- 1. Click the **Data Source tab** from the toolbar
- 2. Click Delete

Please note: This removes the Data Source from the dashboard view. Use Caution.

4.11.1.5.4 Multiple Data Sources

Overview

Data Sources can be used singularly or in conjunction with other data sources when building dashboard views. Accessed from the **Data Source** tab on the toolbar, you can add additional **InFocus** (default), <u>External</u> or <u>Custom</u> data sources.

When designing, it's important to note that Dashboard Items (Charts, Grids, Maps, etc.) can be bound to only one data source. That said, interactivity can be established between dashboard items across multiple data sources.

Master Filtering (optional)

When using multiple data sources in Dashboard View, <u>Master Filters</u> can be applied across all data sources using the **Cross Data-Source Filtering** setting, listed under the Data Tab on the toolbar. This means, for instance, a Chart sourced from InFocus could be used to filter a grid sourced from an Excel spreadsheet or other third party data source.

For this to work, there must be a similarly named data item (field) in each data source by which the sources can be joined for filtering purposes.

For example, the following would support Master Filtering across data sources:

- Data Source 1 | Field: Employee Code
- Data Source 2 | Field: Employee Code

The following would not

- Data Source 1 | Field: Employee Code
- Data Source 2 | Field: EmpCode

4.11.1.6 Creating an Analytic Dashboard

Overview

With a good understanding of how the Designer is laid out and the moving parts, you're ready to walk through the process of creating an Analytic Dashboard design.

Please note, dashboard designs use a Data Source (defaults to InFocus) and a Query (typically an Analytic

Model - managed via UT>Dashboard Queries Manager). When clicking **New**, you'll be prompted to select an <u>Analytic Model</u>- the data source will default to InFocus.

Tutorial

Please complete the following steps

- 1. Browse to UT>Analytic Dashboard Designer
- 2. Click New. For our purposes here, we'll use the default InFocus dataset.
- 3. When prompted for an Analytic Model, click Yes.
- 4. Select a **model** from the list. Your model will load into the left hand pane.
- 5. Click the **Refresh icon** (circular arrows) above the Query list. This populates your analytic model with data from the data source and makes it available to the design.
- 6. Design your Dashboard
 - o Insert an item (Pivot, Grid, Chart, etc.)
 - Drag-and-Drop your data fields into the Design Items pane as appropriate
 - o Your dashboard will populate as you add fields and other items.
 - Shape and format the data as appropriate
- 7. Click **Save** and complete the dialogue that appears
 - Grouping is used to organize similar Analytic Dashboards together for display purposes.

4.11.2 Analytic Dashboards

Overview

Analytic Dashboards are designed with the Analytic Dashboard Designer (UT>Analytic Dashboard Designer).

Once created, Analytic Dashboards are managed here, in the Analytic Dashboards applet (UT>Analytic Dashboards). Similar to other reporting applets, Analytic Dashboards allow you to **Edit, Copy, Delete, Import and Export** your dashboard. Other management options include activate/deactivate, grouping, titles, etc.

Additionally, **designer permissions** can be granted for others to work with the dashboard design.

Key Concepts

Below is a discussion of key concepts to understand when managing Analytic Dashboards.

Permissions

Analytic Dashboards consist of data and design. Permissions granted here are for purposes of **editing designs**.

That said, when given access to edit a design, that user will inherently have access to work with the data source connection information and query contained in the design definition.

Import/Export

Analytic Dashboards are comprised by a dashboard definition, which, at a high-level, consists of the design

definition (XML), data source connection information and the query.

When exported, these attributes are packaged into a .dashboard file which can be then imported.

While this is a powerful feature for sharing dashboards, it should be used with caution as the .dashboard file contains data source connection and query information. Granting permission to work with an imported dashboard, effectively grants permission to view and work with the underlying query/data.

Use Case

This feature could be used, for instance, if you run InFocus across multiple databases and wish to share dashboard designs between them.

Limitations

While imported dashboards expose the attribute definitions needed to design and consume the dashboard view, it does not expose the data source or query to the applets used for managing them (e.g. Global Settings and Dashboard Queries Manager respectively).

Grouping

Grouping helps in the organization of dashboard views for display purposes in the Dashboard applet. For instance, it may be helpful to group different views by type of analysis (e.g. Financials, Utilization, Project Analysis, etc.).

Grouping can be established while designing (via Analytic Dashboard Designer) and subsequently edited here as needed. Changing the grouping, will directly impact how the dashboard view is displayed on the Dashboard.

Field Descriptions

Menu

File/Help - Lists standard InFocus File and Help options

Toolbar

- Save Saves changes made to loaded dashboard
- Edit Loads the dashboard in to the Analytic Dashboard Designer applet for editing
- Copy Copies the loaded dashboard. Similar to custom reports, this feature can be used for test-editing
 or to begin building a new dashboards with similar dashboard items already created.
- Delete Deletes the loaded dashboard
- Import Imports a previously exported dashboard definition
- Export Exports the dashboard definition to a .dashboard file.
- Refresh Refreshes the applet

Dashboard Views List Pane

Located on the left hand side of the applet, the Dashboard Views List Pane lists all available dashboard views. Saving a dashboard view when designing via the Analytic Dashboard Designer, adds the dashboard to

this list.

- · Group label Grouping assigned during Save dialogue in Analytic Dashboard Designer
- Active Check if the Dashboard view should be available to other users
- Name Name of the dashboard view

Settings & Permissions Pane

Below is a list of ways dashboard views can be configured.

- Active Check if the Dashboard view should be available to other users
- Allow Action Processing Certain Dashboard Items can be configured to process Actions when interacting with the item. For more information on using Actions with Analytic Dashboards, please contact Clearview Support.
- Grouping Groups the dashboard view and is used when displaying Analytic Dashboards in the Dashboards applet. This can be overwritten or left blank.
- · Auto Refresh Sets how often the dashboard view should refresh
- Dashboard Name Internal name
- Title Title seen when presented in the Dashboard applet.
- Designer Permissions Grants permissions for groups and/or users to edit the dashboard view.
- Project Central Permissions Permissions Granted here grant access to Analytic dashboards in Project Central to be used in place of the Chart Pack layout. <u>More on Project Central Configuration with Analytic Dashboards</u>
- Description tab Enter a description for the dashboard view

4.11.3 Comment Templates

Overview

The Comment Templates applet allows you to create and manage commet templates that can be used on time and expense sheets. The Comment Template allow for the entry of specific data in the Comment box. This can be required either through using Labor Code Groups, Expense Code Goups or associating a level of the WBS of a project with a Comment Template. More on Adding Comment Templates to Projects.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

• Preview - This allows you to see the prompt that the user will see when they go to enter data for the selected Comment Template.

Field Descriptions

Comment Templates Window

Name - This column contains the name of the Comment Templates. To create a Comment Template, click

"New". Once saved, the name will appear in this column.

- Template Name Name of the Comment Template. Name can be edited here.
- Active When checked, the Comment Template is active for use.

Comment Template Grid

- · Field Name User Defined Field Name.
- Label that will show in the pop-up when the user is prompted to enter data.
- Data Type Data Type of the field that is to be entered by the user.
- Required When checked, this Comment Template will require an answer for the field.

Comment Layout

- Comment Layout The layout of the comment when it us displayed in the PM Comments box.
- Generate Generates the comment layout.

Note - A Comment Template must have a Comment Layout before you hit "Save", so click the Generate link before saving.

4.11.4 Custom Reports

Overview

The Custom Reports applet allows the end user to construct Custom Reports (Reports, Data Grids, Actions, Warnings) that will be housed in the application and will appear on the InFocus menus. There are several Custom Reports available out of the box and are designated as System (i.e. Standard custom reports created by Clearview). Please note: Access to this applet is permissions based and knowledge of SQL is required.

Key Concepts

- You can find a description of system Custom Reports in the InFocus System Reports chapter of this manual. <u>More on InFocus System Custom Reports</u>
- Many of the project related custom reports are designed with project leader security.
 - o Project Accountants can see all projects.
 - o Principals-In-Charge can see projects where they are the principal or project manager.
 - Project Managers can see only projects where they are the project manager.
 - o Employees with no job type in their employee setup cannot see any projects.

- Access to these reports are granted through the Permissions Tab in Custom Reports, they are granted on the Permissions Tab. More on the Permissions Tab
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it.
- There is a Help Center article that talks about these reports. To view that, follow this link: More on Custom Reports

Note - Knowledge of using the Microsoft BIDS tool is required. All customizations NOT completed by a Clearview technician are NOT supported by Clearview Support.

Customizing a Custom Report

- To create a custom Custom Report, first select the report in the Custom Report applet using the list on the left part of the form. These designs, or a previously made custom reports, can be copied.
- The Copy function is located in the toolbar menu, click Copy.
- When clicked, it will prompt for a report name that must be unique. Add the name and click OK.
- After copying a report, it can be downloaded (*Download* button located on the toolbar) to a local disk
 folder and modified using Microsoft Report Designer.
- When done, use the Upload function in the Report Management applet to save your design. <u>More on</u>
 Uploading a report

4.11.4.1 Custom Reports Toolbar

Overview

Below is a description of toolbar functionality in Custom Reports.

Field Descriptions

Menu Options

File>New - Focus cursor to define the title of the new Report, Action, Data Grid or Warning.

Tool Bar Options

New - Focus cursor to define the title of the new Report, Action, Data Grid or Warning.

- Save Saves the current changes on the Report, Action, Data Grid or Warning
- Copy Copies the current Report, Action, Data Grid or Warning to a new item.
- Delete Deletes the current Report, Action, Data Grid or Warning
- · Preview Report Launches the currently selected Report, Action, Data Grid or Warning
- Script Disabled. This functionality is available through the Item Scripter applet.
- Manage Parameter Manages the parameters in use for the currently selected Report, Action, Data Grid
 or Warning
- Generate RDL Generates a report file (.rdl) for the currently selected Report, Action, Data Grid or Warning
- · Upload Launches the upload .rdl dialogue
- Downloads Downloads report files for the currently selected Report, Action, Data Grid or Warning
- Configure Prompt Overrides Launches the Additional options dialogue which allows the user to customize prompt forms
- Refresh Refreshes the applet
- Launch Report Builder Launches InFocus Report Builder
- Edit Section Images/Settings Launches a dialogue where the user can edit images and settings used on custom reports. More info

4.11.4.2 Settings Tab

Overview

This tab contains general information related to the selected Custom Report type (Custom Report, Action, Data Grid or Warning).

Field Descriptions

- Active Defines whether the selected item is active (checked)
- Stored Procedure Indicates that the Query below is a stored procedure
- Use in Project Roles Displays the Custom Report, Action, Data Grid or Warning in Administration>Project Roles
- Allowed in Widget Allows use of Custom Report, Action, Data Grid or Warning in the Dashboard Report
 Widget
- Prompt Style Sets the stye of prompt to be utilized
- Prompt Layout Sets the layout of the prompt parameters

- Output Type Defines the output of the selected item
- Query Contains the defined query to execute
- View Variables Displays a list of allowed InFocus Variables for query writing
- Update RDL Dataset(s) & Parameters Adds created Parameters to the RDL
- Manage Parameters Launches the Report Parameters dialogue

4.11.4.3 Sections/Steps Tab

Overview

This tab defines the each step to be displayed by the report prompt. For Single prompt style, only one Section needs to be defined, Tabbed and Wizard styles my require additional sections.

Field Descriptions

- Section / Step Title Title to be displayed at the top of the prompt
- Description Description of the section/step
- Validation Script SQL Validation can be performed at load of each section.

4.11.4.4 Sub-Reports Tab

Overview

Sub reports are added in the Sub Reports tab. A subreport is a control embedded inside the body of a parent report and is rendered inside the parent report that contains it. Both reports are processed and displayed simultaneously.

Field Descriptions

- Name Title of sub-report
- Dataset Indicates the data set to utilize in the sub-report.
- Upload RDL Uploads a report file (.rdl) to be utilized as the sub-report
- Generate RDL Generates an RDL for the sub-report

4.11.4.5 Drill-Downs Tab

Overview

Drill-Downs define drill through reports housed in your custom Report.

Field Descriptions

- Name Title of drill-down
- Query Store procedure to run for the drill-down
- Upload RDL Uploads a report file (.rdl) to be utilized as the drill-down
- · Generate RDL Generates and RDL for the drill-down
- · Rebuild Refreshes changes made to the drill-down query

4.11.4.6 Permissions Tab

Overview

The Permissions Tab gives a list of Users/Groups that may be granted access to the selected Custom Report type. The concept is similar to system Permissions. More on Permissions

4.11.4.7 Modules/Applets Tab

Overview

This tab defines from which Module(s) and/or Applet(s) the selected Custom Report type can be accessed.

Field Descriptions

- Module Indicates the module from which the custom report type can be accessed
- Applet Indicates the applet from which the custom report type can be accessed
- Type Indicates where the custom report type is accessed from within the selected applet or upon what
 action the report type is launched. This setting is required when selecting an applet.
 - Toolbar Adds a toolbar option for the custom report type
 - o On Create Launches the custom report type on creation of an applet record
 - On Save Launches the custom report type upon saving an applet record
 - o On Delete Launches the custom report type upon deletion of an applet record
 - On Load Launches the custom report type upon the successful load of the selected applet
 - o On Deactivate Launches the custom report type upon the deactivation of the loaded record

- o On Submit Launches the custom report type upon submitting a Timesheet or Expense Sheet
- On Reject Launches the custom report type upon the rejection of a Timesheet or Expense Sheet
- On Approve Launches the custom report type upon approval of a Timesheet or Expense Sheet
- Reload Indicates an applet screen reload upon completion of the report type in the selected applet

4.11.5 Dashboard Groups

Overview

Dashboards are distributed to Employees using Dashboard Groups.

Configured in Utilities>Dashboard Groups, each group defines the Widgets and Dashboards (Classic and Analytic) available to the employees assigned to the group. Dashboards created here are available to each employee assigned to the Dashboard Group via the Dashboards menu option within the Dashboard applet.

Key Concepts

- Employees are assigned a Dashboard Group which thereby governs what they can view and customize on their personal Dashboard.
- Once the Dashboard Group has been given access to a specific set of Widgets, the group can be
 configured with predefined Dashboards (Classic and Analytic). These Dashboards are made available to
 users who are a part of the group. When such a user logs in they will see the "Default" Dashboard
 defined by the Dashboard Group.
- When a user is viewing Widgets that are part of the "Default" Dashboard for a group, they cannot alter the specific settings of the Widget; they can only organize them on the Dashboard and choose whether or not to show them upon login. Alternatively, a user can customize/create other Dashboards by clicking Configure>Dashboards from the Toolbar on the Dashboard applet. This will allow them to configure and personalize their own Dashboards- using only the Widgets that are allowed to them by their respective Dashboard Group.

Note: If there are queries or alerts that reveal sensitive information, make sure they are not allowed, except to specific Dashboard Groups.

Field Descriptions

Dashboard Groups Pane

- Dashboard Groups This column contains the name of the Dashboard Groups. To create a Dashboard Groups, click "New". Once saved, the name will appear in this column.
- Name Name of the Dashboard Groups. Name can be edited here.
- Description Internal description that describes the Dashboard Group.

Allowable Items Grid

The Allowable Items grids allow you to select the widgets available to the Dashboard Group. Not all of the items have to be displayed on a <u>Dashboard</u>. The following sections discuss the different Tabs within the Allowable Items grid.

4.11.5.1 Dashboard Groups Toolbar

Overview

Dashboard Groups toolbar offers several options for working with Dashboard Groups. Among them is the ability to Manage certain widgets for Classic Dashboards.

Field Descriptions

Menu Options

- File/Help Lists standard InFocus File and Help options
- Manage This brings up a pop-up that allows you to manage the following items:
 - Chart Queries When selected, a pop-up will display all system and custom Chart Queries. Here you
 are able to manage query charts.
 - Alerts When selected, a pop-up will display all system and custom Alerts. Here you are able to manage Alerts.
 - Tiles When selected, a pop-up will display all system and custom Tiles. Here you are able to manage Tiles.
 - Gridgets When selected, a pop-up will display all system and custom Gridgets. Here you are able to manage Gridgets.

Note While the widgets listed above can be worked with from Dashboard Groups, you can manage all Dashboard Widgets/Queries (including Analytic Models used in Analytic Dashboards) through the <u>Dashboard Queries Manager</u> applet.

Toolbar Options

- New Creates a new Dashboard Group
- Save Saves the loaded dashboard group
- Delete Deletes the loaded Dashboard Group
- Configure Dashboards Used to configure Dashboards for the Dashboard Group

4.11.5.2 Widgets Tab

Overview

The Widgets tab grants access to all Widgets available to a Dashboard Group.

To allow a Widget to a Dashboard Group, simply check the box listed under **Allow**. Once the widget type is allowed, items available to that widget are then allowed in the corresponding tabs (e.g. Queries, Alerts, Tiles, Gridgets, Analytic Dashboards, etc.). The information displayed on a user's Dashboard is ultimately governed by the widgets they have access to.

Field Descriptions

Check All - When selected, all of the Widgets in the grid will be set to "Allowed".

- Icon Column The icon column displays the icon that represents the item type.
- Allowed When checked, the item will be available for use when configuring a Dashboard for the Dashboard Group
- Widget List of Widgets that are available for use in either Classic or Analytic Dashboards. Note the only widget used by Analytic Dashboards is the Analytic Container widget.
 - Activities Provide the ability to load a user's (or another specified user's) <u>Activities</u>.
 - o Alerts The Alerts widget provides a list of predefined notifications (aka Alerts).
 - Analytic Container Widget used to display <u>Analytic Dashboards</u> in the Dashboard applet. This is the only widget used by Analytic Dashboards.
 - Clients Allows the user to look up and add existing <u>clients</u> to a list for quick reference. Double clicking on the client name will bring up a Business Card View, while clicking on the Search button next to the client code will bring up the specific client record.
 - Contacts The contacts widget allows a user to look up and add an existing <u>contact</u> to a list for quick reference. Double clicking on first name will bring up a "business card" view, while clicking on the search button will bring up the specific contact record. Note: If a user does not have permission to view the client's applet, he will not see the Search button.
 - Expense Sheet The Expense Sheet widget lists an employee's expense sheets and color codes
 them based on current status. Double clicking a particular expense sheet will transfer the user to the
 Expense Sheet applet, with that expense sheet already loaded.
 - Gridget Provides the ability to utilize Data Grid Charts. <u>Gridgets</u> allow users to interact with data in an Excel-like, editable grid and enables interactive reporting with drill-through. Gridgets can be used to drive other Dashboard charts, work flows and other processes.
 - My Projects The My Projects widget provides Project Managers, Project Accountants, and Principals a high level view of their respective <u>projects</u>. The widget provides a split view with a data grid containing project values and a column chart for easy viewing. Some of the columns can be drilleddown upon for further analysis.
 - Query Chart The Query Chart widget provides a generic chart interface for predefined queries. Twelve different chart types are supported, including: Area, Bar, Column, Doughnut, Funnel, Line, Pie, Point, Spline, Stacked Area, Stacked Bar, Stacked Column. Depending on the type of chart, the query must return columns in a particular manor.
 - Area Similar to a Line or Plot chart, the Area chart type is used to show cumulative totals over a period of time. The area between the axis and the line is filled with color. This makes it especially helpful to compare multiple sets of data and the relationships between them.
 - Bar Graph- Shows the changes in a data series over time or compares multiple items. Types of items are arranged vertically, while data values are plotted horizontally to emphasize variation over time. Each row is drawn separately as a group of vertical columns. These groups are called a

- series. The first string column is used as the series label. Every numeric column is displayed in the chart.
- Column Shows the changes in a data series over time or compares multiple items. Types of items are arranged horizontally, while data values are plotted vertically to emphasize variation over time. Each row is drawn separately as a group of vertical columns. These groups are called a series. The first string column is used as the series label. Every numeric column will be displayed in the chart.
- Doughnut Similar to the Pie Chat, this shows the size of items that make up a data series
 proportional to the total of the items in the series.
- Funnel Shows the size of the percentage of a given series in comparison to the total value being compared. Each series is stacked and ordered proportionally.
- Line Emphasizes the amount of change over a period of time or compares multiple items. Data points are plotted in series, using evenly-spaced intervals and connected with a line to emphasize the relationships between the points. Each row is drawn as a single line (or area) on the chart, with a number of points in the line equal to the count of numeric columns in the data set. Every numeric column is displayed in the chart. The first numeric column encountered in the data is used for the value of the first point, the second column for the second point, and so on.
- Pie Shows the size of items that make up a data series proportional to the total of the items in the series. A pie chart always shows a single data series, and is useful for determining which item or items in the series is/are most significant. The first strong column in the resulting query will be used as the label. The first numeric column in the resulting query will be used for the slice value.
- Point Similar to the Line Chart, the Point chart emphasizes the amount of change over a period of time or compares multiple items. The main difference visually is that the Point chart only plots the points of the numeric columns in the data set- with no lines connecting the points in the series.
- Spline Similar to the Line Chart the Spline chart emphasizes the amount of change over a period
 of time or compares multiple items. The main difference visually is that the Spline chart strikes a
 curved line between each point in the series.
- Stacked Area This chart is identical to the Area chart (described above) except that the fill colors do not intersect when comparing multiple series- they are stacked, one on top of the other. This can be helpful in clearly seeing the variance when comparing multiple series.
- Stacked Bar This chart is identical to the Bar chart (described above) except that the series data
 is combined into a single bar per vertical type. This can be helpful in seeing variance when
 comparing multiple series.
- Stacked Column This chart is identical to the Column chart (described above) except that the data series are combined into a single column per horizontal type. This can be helpful in seeing variance when comparing multiple series.

- Reports The reports widget allows you to launch reports from the Dashboard.
- o RSS Feed The RSS Feed widget is used to consume RSS 2.0 or Atom 1.0 feeds. The feeds can be any valid RSS URL. Double clicking one of the items in the feed will navigate the default web browser to the particular article.
- Tiles The Tile widget provides a predefined list of numeric outputs. Examples include: Active
 Employees, Bank Balance and Revenue this Period.
- Timesheet The time sheet widget offers a summarized view of an employee's most current time sheet with the ability to "jump" to that time sheet for completion or submission.

4.11.5.3 Queries Tab

Overview

Queries are utilized by the Query Chart Widget and come in two types- System or Custom. The system queries cannot be changed, but may be copied in order to customize in some way.

Key Concepts

• To Create New Queries click **Manage>Chart** Queries from the toolbar. The name of the query, the chart type, and the query itself can be specified there.

Field Descriptions

- Check All When selected, all of the Queries in the grid will be set to "Allowed".
- Allowed When checked, the item will be available for use when configuring a Dashboard for the Dashboard Group
- Query List of Queries that are available for use.
- System When checked, the item is a system item. When unchecked, it is a custom item.

4.11.5.4 Alerts Tab

Overview

The Alerts widget provides a list of predefined notifications (aka Alerts). Alerts are utilized by the Alerts Widget and come in two types- System or Custom. The system Alerts cannot be changed, but may be

copied in order to customize in some way.

Key Concepts

To Create New Alerts click Manage>Alerts from the toolbar. The name of the Alert, and the query itself
can be specified there. The Alerts widget assumes the first column of the resulting set of data is a string
that is itself the alert.

Field Descriptions

- Check All When selected, all of the Alert in the grid will be set to "Allowed".
- Allowed When checked, the item will be available for use when configuring a Dashboard for the Dashboard Group
- Alert List of Alerts that are available for use.
- System When checked, the item is a system item. When unchecked, it is a custom item.

Alerts Descriptions

Below is a description of a sampling of Alerts system alerts:

- Warn on Use of At Risk An Alert will be generated if a project is assigned to an At Risk client (any client displaying a stop sign in the Warnings tab in client setup).
- My Scheduled Projects for Today This will alert the logged-in user of all projects he or she is scheduled for on the current day.
- Accounts Receivable Balances This alert will display the as of the moment balance in all A/R general ledger accounts.
- Accounts Payable Balances This alert will display the as of the moment balance in all A/P general ledger accounts.
- New Projects Without a Bill Rate Schedule at The top level This alert will report projects that do not have a bill rate schedule assigned at the project level.
- New Receipts for My Projects The alerts the PM or PIC of new receipts on their projects.
- New Sale Invoices for My Projects The alerts the PM or PIC of new sales on their projects.
- New Consultant Invoices for My Projects The alerts the PM or PIC of new consultant invoices on their projects.
- Recent Projects Where I Have Been Added as a Team Member This alerts the logged in user of projects they have been recently added to as a team member.
- Change Orders Waiting Approval This Alert displays any Change Orders that are waiting for approval in Project Planning.

- My New Work Orders This Alert displays new Work Orders created for the user.
- My Processed Expense Sheets This Alert shows the user when a payment has been made for their expenses.

4.11.5.5 Tiles Tab

Overview

The Tile widget provides a predefined list of numeric outputs. Examples include: Active Employees, Bank Balance and Revenue this Period. Tiles are utilized by the Tiles Widget and come in two types- System or Custom. The system Tiles cannot be changed, but may be copied in order to customize in some way.

Key Concepts

• To Create New Alerts click Manage>Tiles from the toolbar. The name of the Tile, and the query itself can be specified there.

Field Descriptions

- Check All When selected, all of the Alert in the grid will be set to "Allowed".
- Allowed When checked, the item will be available for use when configuring a Dashboard for the Dashboard Group
- Tile List of Tiles that are available for use.
- System When checked, the item is a system item. When unchecked, it is a custom item.

4.11.5.6 Gridgets Tab

Overview

Gridgets provide the ability to utilize Data Grid Charts on the Dashboard.

Key Concepts

- To Create New Gridgets click Manage>Gridgets from the toolbar. The name of the Gridget, and the query/ additional options can be specified there.
- Gridgets allow users to interact with data in an Excel-like, editable grid and enables interactive reporting with drill-through.
- Gridgets can be used to drive other Dashboard charts, work flows and other processes. More on Gridgets

Field Descriptions

- Check All When selected, all of the Gridget in the grid will be set to "Allowed".
- Allowed When checked, the item will be available for use when configuring a Dashboard for the Dashboard Group
- Gridget List of Gridget that are available for use.
- System When checked, the item is a system item. When unchecked, it is a custom item.

Gridget Descriptions

Below is a description of a sampling of system Gridgets:

- Clients-Active Displays a dynamic list of active Clients and can be filtered by Client Code or Name.
 Double clicking in either the Code or Name fields launches the Client applet and loads the selected Client record.
- Employees-Active Displays a dynamic list of active Employees and can be filtered by Employee Code or Name. Double clicking in either the Code or Name fields launches the Employee applet and loads the selected Employee record.
- Expense Sheet-Approver Displays a list of all submitted but unapproved Expense Sheets for employees
 where the logged in user is the Time/Expense Approver- default or alternate. Double clicking the listed
 Expense Sheet loads the detail in the Expense Sheet Approver Detail Gridget. Other options include:
 - o Open Opens the listed Expense Sheet in the Expense Sheets Applet
 - Approve Approves the selected Expense Sheet
 - o Reject Prompts for a rejection reason and, if given, Rejects the selected Expense Sheet
- Expense Sheet-Approver Detail This is a dynamic child of the Expense Sheet Approver Gridget and displays the detail for the currently selected row.
- Projects-Recent This displays Project information for projects added to InFocus within the past week.
 Other options include:
 - Edit Launches a prompt which allows the user to quickly update project information from the Dashboard.
 - o View Launches the selected Project in the Projects applet
 - Plan Launches the selected Project in Project Planning
 - o Central Launches the selected Project in Project Central
- Time Sheet-Approver Displays a list of all submitted but unapproved Time Sheets for employees where
 the logged in user is the Time/Expense Approver- default or alternate. Double clicking the listed Time
 Sheet loads the detail in the Time Sheet Approver Detail Gridget. Other options include:

- o Open Opens the listed Time Sheet in the Timesheets Applet
- Approve Approves the selected Time Sheet
- o Reject Prompts for a rejection reason and, if given, Rejects the selected Time Sheet
- Time Sheet-Approver Detail This is a dynamic child of the Time Sheet Approver Gridget and displays
 the detail for the currently selected row.
- Trial Balance-Summary Clicking the Refresh button on this Gridget launches a dialogue that allows the user to run a Trial Balance summary for a specified date range. Filter options include:
 - Org Unit
 - Consolidated
 - o Accrual or Cash Basis
 - o Include End of Year entries
- Trial Balance-Detail This is a dynamic child of the *Trial Balance Summary* Gridget and displays the
 detail of the selected account. Additionally, this Gridget includes clickable links to the Journal line items
 displayed on the grid.
- Utilization by Org-Summary Clicking the Refresh button on this Gridget launches a dialogue that returns
 Utilization information grouped by Organizational Unit. Filter options include:
 - Start Date Starting work date as compared to time sheets
 - End Date Starting work date as compared to time sheets
 - Method Work hours or bill hours as store in time sheets
 - o Group By Level of org structure
 - Exclude Holidays Exclude time entries on date in holiday calendar
 - Exclude Benefit Projects Exclude time entries against projects set up in benefit accrual

Note - Gridget results are based off of employee home org. stored in time sheet that is derived from employee setup at time of time sheet entry. Exclude options exclude those hours from both actual and goal amounts

- o Summary Grid Columns include:
- Org Path
- Org Name
- Goal % Target Pct from employee set up
- o Actual % Total hours against direct projects divided by total hours
- Direct Total hours against projects with a charge type of billable
- Total Total, hours regardless of project charge type
- Goal Amount Weeks day (Monday thru Friday) multiplied by standard hours from Global Settings
- o multiplied by target PCT. Only weekdays with hours entered are included

- o Goal Variance Direct less goal amount
- Utilization by Org-Detail This is a dynamic child of the Utilization by Org Summary Gridget and displays
 the detail of the selected row- by Employee.

4.11.5.7 My Project Columns Tab

Overview

The My Project Columns Widget provides Project Managers, Project Accountants, and Principals a high level view of their respective projects. The Widget provides a split view with a data grid containing project values and a column chart for easy viewing. Some of the columns can be drilled down for further analysis. The columns available to this Widget are defined here on the My Project Columns Tab.

Field Descriptions

- Check All When selected, all of the Gridget in the grid will be set to "Allowed".
- Allowed When checked, the item will be available for use when configuring a Dashboard for the Dashboard Group
- Column List of Columns that are available for use.

4.11.5.8 Analytic Dashboards Tab

Overview

The Analytic Dashboards tab displays a list of <u>Analytic Dashboard</u> views available to the Dashboard Group. To use when configuring a Dashboard, simply check the box listed under **Allow**.

Field Descriptions

- Check All When selected, all of the Analytic Dashboard views in the grid will be set to "Allowed"
- Allowed When checked, the item will be available for use when configuring a Dashboard for the Dashboard Group
- Grouping Defines the grouping for the view when displayed on the Dashboard
- Name Name of the Analytic Dashboard view

4.11.5.9 Employees Tab

Overview

The Employees tab displays those employees who are assigned to the Dashboard Group in their Employee File (HR> Employees> Employee Information Tab> Company Information Section).

Field Descriptions

- Emp Code Employee Code
- Emp Name Employee Name

4.11.5.10 Configure Dashboards

Overview

Once the Dashboard Group has been created and Widgets allowed, Dashboards can be configured for the Dashboard Group. Dashboards created here are available to each employee assigned to the Dashboard Group via the Dashboards menu option within the Dashboard applet. Each group can have multiple dashboards configured as Classic or Analytic.

Dashboards can be configured by clicking **Configure Dashboards** from the Dashboard Groups toolbar. From the dialogue that loads, you'll use the Dashboards pane (left-hand) pane to create, edit and/or remove dashboards available to the group.

Once a dashboard has been selected from the drop-down, widgets can be added to it and configured as appropriate.

Tutorials

Below are the basic steps for configuring Classic and Analytic Dashboards.

Classic Dashboards

- 1. Click Configure Dashboards from the toolbar. The dialogue will load.
- 2. Create a new Dashboard by clicking + from the Dashboards drop-down
- 3. Select Classic Dashboard
- 4. Add Widgets to the Dashboard
 - Click the + at the bottom left of the dialogue
 - o Select a Widget
 - o Click Ok
- 5. **Double-click** the newly added Widget. The Widget can be renamed by clicking the Rename button.
- 6. Configure the Widget as appropriate
- 7. Click Save

Additional Widgets can be added/removed as appropriate.

Analytic Dashboards

- 1. Click Configure Dashboards from the toolbar. The dialogue will load.
- 2. Create a new Dashboard by clicking + from the Dashboards drop-down
- 3. Select Analytic Dashboard

- 4. Click **Show** for each view you wish to include on the Analytic Dashboard.
- 5. Click Save

Field Descriptions

Dashboards Pane (left-hand)

- Drop-down Lists already configured dashboards by name. Default is listed if no other dashboards have been configured.
- Add a Dashboard (+) Adds a new dashboard to display in the Dashboards applet
- Delete (X) Deletes the currently loaded dashboard
- Edit (pencil) Edits the name of the currently loaded dashboard
- Widgets pane Lists the widgets displayed on the loaded dashboard. Double click the listed widget to configure.
- Add a Widget (+ lower left) Adds a new widget to the loaded dashboard
- Delete a Widget (X lower left) Removes the widget from the currently loaded dashboard
- Rename Edits the name of the currently loaded widget

Widget Configuration Pane (right-hand)

The right hand pane is used to configure selected widgets. **Double-click** the widget in the Dashboards pane to configure.

- · Save Saves widget configurations for the loaded dashboard
- Close Closes the dialogue

4.11.6 Dashboard Queries Manager

Overview

Dashboard Widgets are fed by queries, which can be managed, centrally, in Dashboard Queries Manager. Accessed via **UT>Dashboard Queries Manager**, queries are categorized by the type of widget they support.

- Alerts
- Analytic Models
- Chart Queries
- Gridgets
- Tiles

Queries can be managed and/or created by selecting the type from the primary dropdown. You'll note, toolbar options and available queries are listed based on the selected type and can be filtered as System, Custom or Both.

Creating a Query

Advanced users only

- 1. Select a **query type** from the dropdown
- 2. Click + New (Query Type) from the toolbar
- 3. Enter the query
- 4. Configure type-specific settings (discussed in the articles that follow)

- 5. **Preview** the results if supported by the type
- 6. Click Save

Managing Queries

- 1. Select a query type from the dropdown
- 2. **Double-click** the query you wish to manage
- 3. Configure type-specific settings (discussed in the articles that follow)
- 4. Click Save

Field Descriptions

Below is a list of standard fields/buttons and their descriptions.

Menu

· File/Help - Lists standard InFocus File and Help options

Toolbar

- New Click to add a new query from the list of types
 - o New (Query Type) Click to create a new query for the selected query type
- Save Saves work completed in the applet
- Delete Deletes the loaded query
- View Variables List Lists the set of <u>InFocus Variables</u> and associated descriptions

4.11.6.1 Alerts

Overview

Alert queries are used to feed Alerts build for Classic Dashboards and simply consist of a title and query.

Field Descriptions

- Title
- Query SQL query. Must include a return labeled retmsg which defines what displays in the alert widget.

4.11.6.2 Analytic Models

Overview

Analytic Models (or queries) are used to feed dashboards designed with the <u>Analytic Dashboard Designer</u>. Generally, models are written for performing business analysis and should be written with the end user in mind (e.g. using decipherable return names, etc.). In addition to the **query**, you can leverage **Parameters**, **Field/List Descriptions** and **Permissions**.

Permissions to Analytic Models allow the designated users access to the model when using the <u>Analytic Dashboard Designer</u>.

Note - Clearview has made several InFocus-optimized models available via InFocus Marketplace. For more information on installing Analytic Models from the InFocus Marketplace, click here.

Tutorials

Managing Analytic Models

Below is a tutorial for managing Analytic Models and making them available to your designers.

- 1. Browse to Utilities>Dashboard Queries Manager
- 2. Select Analytic Models from the drop-down
 - Note, if Analytic Models have not been installed, <u>download one from InFocus Marketplace to get</u> started.
- 3. Double-click the model you wish to manage
- 4. Edit the model as appropriate (see descriptions below)
 - Most users will simply work with distributing pre-written models (as discussed above)
 - If writing your own model, as a best practice use Field Lists/Descriptions to describe the fields contained in the model. This will be helpful when designing the dashboards.
- 5. Distribute the Model for use in the designer
 - o Click the Model Permissions tab
 - o Assign permissions as appropriate
- 6. Click Save

Creating Analytic Models

Advanced Users Only

If you've been tasked with creating Analytic Models for your firm, below is a step-by-step guide for building them.

- 1. Browse to UT>Dashboard Queries Manager
- 2. Select Analytic Model from the query type drop-down
- 3. Click + New Analytic Model from the toolbar
- 4. Enter the query
- 5. Configure settings (see descriptions below)
- 6. Assign Permissions
- 7. Click Save

Your Analytic Model will now be available for use in the Analytic Dashboard Designer.

Field Descriptions

- Title
- Description Model description
- Query SQL Query
- Parameters Parameters can be mapped to and used to define undeclared query variables at runtime.
 Default Values can be configured and will be used when processing the query (server-side). Parameters can be defined by the user at runtime by checking Create Dashboard Param.

- Param Name Parameter name as it appears in the query. Note, SQL syntax is not needed here (e.g. @AsOf should be listed as AsOf).
- o Data Type Associated data type
- o Default Value Sets the default value to be used by the SQL variable
- Create Dashboard Param When checked, the parameter will be automatically added to designs
 using the model. Users will be able to set the parameter while designing dashboards using the model
 and when viewing in the Dashboard applet.
- Field List/Descriptions Lists fields used in the query and their descriptions. This can be referenced when using the model in the Analytic Dashboard Designer.
 - Generate Field List Generate a field list from the query. Once generated, you can then add associated descriptions.
- Model Permissions When checked, users can access the model when designing dashboards with the Analytic Dashboard Designer.

4.11.6.2.1 Variables List

InFocus supports custom variables for use in advanced query applets like SQL Query, Custom Reports and Dashboard Queries Manager. Variables are referenced in queries using the following syntax @variable@

Variable Type	Description	Example
Accounting		
	<u> </u>	
10	Current Period Code	2019-12
ODCODE@		
	Current Period End Date	2019/12/31
ODEND@		
10	Current Period Month	12
ODMONTH@	0 10 101 10 1	2040/40/04
10	Current Period Start Date	2019/12/01
ODSTART@	O	2040
10	Current Period Year	2019
ODYEAR@	Invaising Davied Code	2010 12
DCODE@	Invoicing Period Code	2019-12
	Invoicing Period End Date	2010/12/21
DEND@	Invoicing Feriod End Date	2019/12/31
•	Invoicing Period Month	12
DMONTH@	inversing remed internal	1-2
	Invoicing Period Start Date	2019/12/01
DSTART@	3	
@INVOICEPERIO	Invoicing Period Year	2019
DYEAR@	Ü	
@LASTPERIODC	Last Period Code	2019-11
ODE@		
@LASTPERIODE	Last Period End Date	2019/11/30
ND@		
@LASTPERIODM	Last Period Month	11
ONTH@		
	Last Period Start Date	2019/11/01
ART@		
@LASTPERIODYE	Last Period Year	2019
AR@		

Company

@COMPANYNAM C	Company Name	Pulls the Company Name from Global Settings> General Tab>
E@		Company Name & Log-in Type section> Name

Date/Time

@AMPM@	AM or PM	PM
@DAY@		27
@DAY2@	Current Day of the Month (Padded)	
@HOUR@	Current Hour	6
@HOUR2@	Current Hour (Two Digits)	06
@LASTMONTHEN D@	End of the Month	2019/11/30
@LASTMONTHST ART@	Start of the Month	2019/11/01
@MINUTE@	Current Minute	33
@MINUTE2@	Current Minute (Two Digits)	33
@MONTH@	Current Month Number	12
@MONTH2@	Current Month Number (Padded)	12
@MONTHEND@	End of the Month	2019/12/31
@MONTHSTART @	Start of the Month	2019/12/1
@NEXTMONTHEN	End of the Month	2020/01/31
@NEXTMONTHST ART@	Start of the Month	2020/01/01
@NOW@	Current Date and Time on the Server	Dec 27 2019 6:33PM
@SECOND@	Current Second	3
@SECOND2@	Current Second (Two Digits)	03
@TIME@	Current Time	6:33 PM
@YEAR@	Current Year	2019
@YEAR2@	Current Year (Two Digits)	19
@YEAREND@	End of the Year	2019/12/31
@YEARSTART@	First of the Year	2019/1/1

Global Variables

@EBBT@	
@EBITDA@	
@EmptyName@	Unspecified
@ProjectAddressN ame@	Project Location

User

@MYCODE@	Logged in user's	
	Employee Code	

-	Logged in user's Employee ID	
1 -	Logged in user's Employee ID	
@MYUSERID@	Logged in user's User ID	
@MYUSERNAME	Logged in user's	
@	Username	

4.11.6.3 Chart Queries

Overview

Chart Queries feed charts built for Classic Dashboards. Charts can be designed and previewed, here in Dashboard Queries Manager.

Field Descriptions

- Title
- Chart Type Defines the type of chart used to display the query
- Colors Used to defines colors used in the chart. Pick from the color picker (Colors link) or simply enter hex codes (e.g. F2F2F2, FF0080FF, etc).
- Action Source Used to bind the chart to an Action (e.g. UT>Custom Reports).
- Show Chart Legend When checked a legend will be displayed on the chart
- Stored Procedure Check if the query references a stored procedure
- Preview Dataset Click to preview the raw output of the guery
- Preview Chart Click to preview the chart
- Query Text Box SQL Query or stored procedure reference
- Additional Options Used to define additional attribute for the Chart Query

4.11.6.4 Gridgets

Overview

Gridget queries feed Gridgets (grid-widgets) built for Classic Dashboards. Gridgets present queried data in grid form, but can be highly customized using a variety of additional options.

Field Descriptions

- Title
- Action Source Used to bind the chart to an Action (e.g. UT>Custom Reports).
- Stored Procedure Check if the query references a stored procedure
- Preview Gridget Click to preview the Gridget
- Query Text Box SQL Query or stored procedure reference
- · Reset Additional Options Resets selections made in the Additional Options dialogue to default values
- Generate Column Settings ???
- Additional Options Used to define additional attribute for the Gridget

4.11.6.5 Tiles

Overview

Tile queries feed Tiles built for Classic Dashboards.

Field Descriptions

- Title
- Tile Text Default text for the tile
- Tile Size Tile Text size
- Caption Default caption to display on the tile
- Caption Size Caption text size
- ForeColor Text color
- BackColor Tile background color
- Format Formatting to apply to the tile text (e.g. c = currency)
- Preview Click to preview the tile
- Stored Procedure Check if the query references a stored procedure
- Query SQL query. Must include a return labeled tiletext and caption which defines/overrides the Tile Text and Caption respectively.

4.11.7 Document Manager

Overview

Document Manager makes it easy to upload relevant documents to InFocus. Use Automated Invoicing to archive invoices directly to InFocus or attach receipts on the go with InFocus Mobile Expense Sheets.

Next: Document Manager - Moving Parts

4.11.7.1 Moving Parts

Document Manager uploads documents to the **server** where the documents are stored and made available to InFocus. Based on the **type of document** you're uploading, InFocus makes your documents available throughout the application right where you need them.

Additionally, you can configure **permissions** to each document so the right staff as access.

- Permissions Governs user access to Document Manager applet and defines who can view your documents
- Server Setup If you're self-hosting InFocus, you'll need to ensure InFocus can communicate with your server. If you're on InFocus Cloud, you're all set- we take care of this for you.
- Document Types Define the types of documents you'll upload and where they're made available in InFocus

Next: Permissions Setup

4.11.7.2 Permissions Setup

Overview

There are two types of permissions when working with Document Manager: **Access** permissions to the Document Manager applet (discussed here) and **View** rights assigned to Document Types.

Access Permissions for working with Document Manager are assigned in AD>Permissions.

Tutorial

Please complete the steps below to grant access permissions as appropriate.

- 1. Browse to Administration>Permissions
- 2. Select the Groups and/or Users you wish to grant permissions to
- 3. On the row next to the Group/User, click the lockbox. A dialogue will display.
- **4.** From the Groups and/or Users Permissions tab, grant permissions as appropriate. Below is a list of permissions and what they grant access to.
- 5. Once the permissions have been selected, click Save.

Module	Applet	Special Rights	Description
Utilities	Document Manager	n/a	Used to manage
			Document Types and
			user view rights

Next: Server Configuration (Self-Hosted)

4.11.7.3 Server Configuration (Self-Hosted)

Overview

If you're **self-hosting** InFocus, you'll need to complete server setup to ensure InFocus can communicate with your server. This requires two points of configuration: **Server** and **InFocus** setup.

Note! This article is only for firms who self-host InFocus. If you're on InFocus Cloud, you're all set- we take care of this for you.

Server Setup

From the server, you'll configure the document repository.

The document repository can be found in the InFocus installation directory commonly located at C:\Program Files\Clearview Software\InFocus\Client\Documents.

Please ensure the following configuration from your InFocus Server:

- 1. Browse to the **Documents folder** within your InFocus installation directory (e.g. C:\Program Files \Clearview Software\InFocus\Client\Documents)
- Establish Modify permissions to the Documents folder for the IIS user. Typically this is Local System, however this can be verified by checking the Log On As user for the World Wide Web Publishing service (services.msc). Alternatively this requirement can be met by granting Modify access to the Everyone user.

InFocus Setup

Document Manager is enabled for InFocus via Global Settings where you'll turn on the feature and **establish a connection** to the document repository.

Heads up! If you're currently using Document Manager with the Use Legacy Document Management (deprecated) option selected, please Upgrade Document Manager before moving forward.

- 1. Browse to AD>Global Settings>Document Management tab
- 2. Click the On button under Document Management Features
- 3. Select the Use HTTP Document Management (recommended)
- **4.** Enter your **InFocus Launch URL**, replacing the Document Base URL with your InFocus Launch page URL (e.g. http://_server_name_/infocus)
- 5. Click verify
- 6. You should receive a Verification Succeeded message
- 7. If so, click Remove Legacy Document Repository Settings

Next: Configuring Document Types

4.11.7.4 Configuring Document Types

Introduction

Documents are uploaded to InFocus organized by type (e.g. Invoices, Receipts, Contracts, etc).

Types work like folders. Each folder (type) has **permissions** and **applet** settings to define who can view/ upload documents to it and from where those documents can be accessed/uploaded.

Document type permissions include the following options:

- View enables the user to upload and view documents
- Modify inherits view access with the additional ability to overwrite existing documents

TIP! When uploading documents, you can set additional permissions per document

Note! If you're not on <u>InFocus Cloud</u> you'll need to <u>enable Document Management</u> if you haven't done so already.

Configuring Document Types

InFocus comes out-of-the-box with the listed system types, but you can create additional custom types to organize your documents.

System Types

Let's configure the system types.

- 1. Browse to Utilities>Document Manager
- 2. Click **Permissions** next to the Invoices system type
- 3. Set permissions as appropriate
- 4. Click Save to close the dialog
- 5. Click Applets
- **6.** For this tutorial, review the preconfigured Applets where Invoices can be accessed (e.g. uploaded, downloaded, etc.)
- 7. Make any changes as appropriate
- 8. Click Save
- 9. Click Save from the Document Manager toolbar

Custom Types

Next, let's configure a Custom Type.

For this tutorial, we'll configure a Document Type for **Expense Receipts** which can be used for attaching receipts to Expense Sheets (etc.).

The same setup principles below can be applied when creating any Custom Type.

- 1. Browse to Utilities>Document Manager
- 2. Enter Receipts as the type name
- 3. Click Save from the toolbar
- 4. Back on the Receipts line, click Permissions
- 5. When prompted, set permissions as appropriate
- 6. Click Save to close the dialog
- 7. Click Applets
- 8. When prompted, select **Expense Sheets**. This will make document uploads available for this type via **InFocus Mobile Expense Sheets** and **Personal>Expense** Sheets in InFocus Desktop.
- 9. Click **Save** to close the dialogue
- 10. Click Save from the Document Manager toolbar

Setup Complete

Read more tutorials on working with Documents in the <u>Clearview Support Help Center</u> (click and scroll down to Document Manager section)

4.11.7.6 Document Manager - Applet

Overview

Document Manager applet is used to <u>manage Document Types</u>. Below are key concepts and definitions related to the options contained in this applet.

Key Concepts

Documents are uploaded to InFocus organized by type (e.g. Invoices, Receipts, Contracts, etc).

Types work like folders. Each folder (type) has **permissions** and **applet** settings to define who can view/ upload documents to it and from where those documents can be accessed/uploaded.

Document type permissions include the following options:

- View enables the user to upload and view documents
- Modify inherits view access with the additional ability to overwrite existing documents

InFocus comes out-of-the-box with a system type for Invoices, but you can create additional custom types to organize your documents.

Field Descriptions

- Name Name of the Document Type (e.g. Receipts, Contracts, etc.) Note that document type does **not** refer to the document extension such as .pdf, .xlsx, etc.
- Permissions This is where permissions are assigned to this Document Type.
- Applets This is where you designate the applets that the selected Document Type can be accessed through.

4.11.7.7 Documents Dialog

Overview

Once <u>Document Manager has been setup</u> and <u>Document Types</u> have been configured, uploading a document is straightforward.

When working in an applet that supports Document Manager you'll see a **Documents button** in the toolbar. Clicking will load the Documents dialog through which you can manage documents attached to the open applet.

Below are field definitions related to the Documents dialog.

Field Descriptions

Buttons

- Add (+) Launches document upload dialogue
- Delete (x) Deletes the selected document
- Magnifying Glass Displays information related to the selected document
- Up Arrow Launches document upload dialogue
- Down Arrow Launches document download dialogue
- Email (envelope icon) Launches document Email dialogue
- · Refresh Refreshes the view

Document Drop

Allows you to drag and drop documents into InFocus

Document List

- File Name File name
- Notes Notes added during document upload
- File Size Size of the file (kb)
- Owner User name of the employee who uploaded the document
- Date Added Date the document was uploaded

4.11.8 EFT Files

Overview

The EFT Files applet is where you are able to view/edit generated EFT files.

Key Concepts

 In order to see the files here, the EFT must have been generated using A/P or E/R Check writing in InFocus.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

• Preview - This allows you to see the prompt that the user will see when they go to enter data for the selected Comment Template.

Field Descriptions

Dates

- All EFT Creation Dates You will see all EFTs in the grid on the bottom half of the page.
- EFT Creation Date Range -You are to select a Date Range to filter the EFTs in the grid on the bottom half of the page.

Bank Accounts

- All Bank Accounts You will see all EFTs in the grid on the bottom half of the page.
- EFT Creation Date Range -You are to select a Bank Account to filter the EFTs in the grid on the bottom

half of the page.

Bottom Grid

Description - In this grid you will see the list of EFTs. When you expand the detail line you can view the Type, Payee, Transaction, EFT #, and Amount of the EFT.

- Bank Account,
- Account Name
- File Name
- File Amount
- File Date

4.11.9 End of Year Closing

Overview

End of Year Closing in InFocus is an automated journal entry. The purpose is to take the year-to-date amounts in all income and expense accounts and reverse them into retained earnings. This effectively zeros out the income and expense accounts for a fiscal year.

Key Concepts

- The journal entry is made to the General Journal and is flagged as a closing entry. This allows the entry
 to be ignored for profit and loss type financial statements. The entry is posted in the last period of the
 fiscal year in question with a transaction date equal to that periods end date.
- For cash base conversion, the utility must be run twice once for cash and once for accrual. <u>More on Cash Basis Conversion</u>
- This utility can be run as many times as needed for a given year. If all amounts are zero, no entry will be
 posted.
- For complete instructions on End of Year processes follow this link: More on End of Year Processes

Field Descriptions

- · Fiscal Year Fiscal year to close
- Retained Earnings Account Offset account for income and expense.
- Cash Accrual Option for closing books for cash or accrual.

Org. Unit - Organizational Unit that the EOY closing is being run for. More on Organizational Units

4.11.10 Exchange Synchronization

Overview

Exchange Contact Synchronization

This utility is part of the setup for Microsoft Exchange Sync (MES). If you are interested in using MES, please contact Clearview Support.

Important: Detailed Setup Requirements can be found <u>here</u>.

Field Descriptions

Settings/Subscribers

- Service Account: Exchange Service Account used for MES
- Account Password: Service Account password
- Exchange EWS URL (Specify): Exchange Web Service URL
- Polling Interval: Interval the system is polled for changes
- Enable (Employees): Flag to allow selected employees to subscribe to MES

4.11.11 Financial Statement Designer

Overview

Financial Statement Designer provides for flexible statement generation. Balance Sheets, Profit & Loss (consolidated and by profit center), and other statements can be created here. This allows a group of G/L accounts to be combined to appear on a financial statement design. Any line item can contain up to fifteen columns, so comparatives between periods and/or budgets can be achieved. Financial statements can use accrual or cash figures.

Financial Statement Designer allows you to utilize Sample Financial Statements, or create custom statements. When creating custom statements, you'll define <u>Lines</u> and <u>Columns</u> to hold the rows of **G/L Accounts** and **G/L Periods** respectively.

Sample Financial Statements

InFocus comes out of the box with a set of sample Financial Statements, described in under <u>InFocus System Reports</u>. These designs are based on the Chart of Accounts established by QuickStart. Even if QuickStart was not run, the samples may be installed by following the steps below.

Installing Sample Financial Statements

- 1. Browse to UT>SQL Query. More on the SQL Query applet
- 2. In the guery box, enter: fssample sav.

3. Click Run Query from the toolbar. Please note: SQL Queries can directly affect the InFocus database. Use caution.

Once the query has completed, **Query Execution Complete** will appear in the upper right corner of the SQL Query screen. The installed Financial Statements will be available to Financial Statement Designer.

4.11.11.1 Designer Layout

The designer itself is organized into three sections: **Toolbar**, **Header**, and the Design tabs- **Lines** and **Columns**.

In short, you'll create new Financial Statements by clicking **New** from the toolbar, and then defining the **Header** info, **Lines** (G/L Account rows) and **Columns** (G/L Periods) to display on the statement.

4.11.11.1.1 FS Designer Toolbar

Financial Statement Toolbar can be leveraged to create new, copy system, save changes, delete and edit common settings for statements.

Field Descriptions

Below is a list of options available from the toolbar:

Menu Options

File/Help - Lists standard InFocus File and Help options

Toolbar Options

- New Click to create a new Financial Statement
- Save Save changes to the loaded FS
- Copy Copies the loaded FS
- Delete Deletes the loaded FS
- Edit Images/Settings Edits common report settings

4.11.11.1.2 FS Designer Header

Overview

The Header section contains the common data for a Financial Statement design.

Field Descriptions

- Statement Name Name of the financial statement
- Divide By Number to divide all figures by. Commonly used for reporting in the, for instance, millions of dollars (e.g. \$10,000,000 / 1,000,000 = \$10)
- Include Closing Entries When checked, closing entries from the General Journal are included.

- Upload Button Allows the user to upload custom Financial Statement Designs.
- Download Button Allows the user to download custom Financial Statement Designs.
- Rebuild Rebuilds the Dataset of the Financial Statement.
- Modify Sectors Allows you to select Market Sectors for the line selected. A User Defined Field. The
 Market Sector list is managed under <u>Administration>List Management>Market Sectors</u>. It is assigned on
 the Project at Projects>Market Sectors. More on Modifying Sectors
- Modify Ranges When selected, the Line Ranges screen comes up that allows you to filter the lines.
 More on Modifying Ranges

4.11.11.1.3 Lines Tab

Overview

The Lines tab defines the **rows** to be displayed on the Financial Statement. Lines (or rows) can be added by tabbing though each cell in the grid (descriptions below) and entering information as appropriate.

Command Types

Each row will either display static text or a listing of G/L Accounts based on one of four command types:

- Text Prints plain text entered in the Line Label column (see below)
- Summarize Prints one summarized line based on G/L Account ranges established with the Modify Ranges Button
- Itemize Prints one line for every G/L Account retrieved from the ranges established with the <u>Modify</u> <u>Ranges Button</u>
- Consolidate Used to consolidate rows of G/L Accounts with multiple Org. Units, this type prints one
 consolidated line for every G/L Account retrieved from the ranges established with the Modify Ranges
 Button. Note, only G/L Accounts marked with Can Consolidate will be consolidated.

Field Descriptions

- Line Order Numerical order to print lines. Does not have to be continuous but must be unique within the design
- Line Label Text to print on line; used only on Text and Summarize types.
- Command Type Line type; choices are text, summarize, itemize, and consolidate. Descriptions above.
- Indentation Number of units to indent the line text; size of unit is determined in the report layout.
- Subtotal Subtotal column to print figure. Choices are 1,2 or 3. Each column in the design can be subdivided into three columns.
- % of line Percent of line to compare to (ratio); typically used to show percent, total revenue, or expense. A line that references itself will be 100%.
- Format Group User-definable value that can be used for conditional print operations in the design.
- Bold Flag to indicate line should be bolded.
- Top Border Border to be used on top edge of figures. Typically only used on summarized lines.
- Right Border Border to be used on top right edge of figures. Typically only used on summarized lines.
- Bottom Border Border to be used on bottom edge of figures. Typically only used on summarized lines.
- Left Border Border to be used on left edge of figures. Typically only used on summarized lines.

4.11.11.1.4 Columns Tab

Overview

The Columns tab defines the **columns** to be displayed on the Financial Statement. Each column consists of a specified calculation type and period. Columns can be added by tabbing through the grid and entering appropriate info. Financial Statement Designer supports up to fifteen columns.

The Columns tab is also used to define which Organizational Units should be included on the Financial Statement using the Modify Org Units button.

Key Concepts

Calculation Types

InFocus supports the following calculation types

- Transactions Figures represent account balance (actual)
- Budgets Figures represent account budgets
- Variance Budget less Actual
- Percent Variance (Budget less Actual / Budget) x 100
- Inverse Variance Actual less Budget
- Inverse Percent Variance (Actual less Budget / Budget) x 100

Period Types

Period Types define both the **G/L Periods** to include on the statement and the how those periods should be calculated at run-time.

When running Financial Statements (via GA>Financial Statements) an as-of G/L Period is selected. This period acts as the anchor point by which other period types are defined.

For instance, if selecting G/L Period = **2016-12** at run-time, a column defined by the period type **Current Period Minus 1** would yield a column of **2016-11**.

Column Headers

Column Headers are defined for each column on the statement.

Column Headers support either plain text or a formula.

Formulas

To trigger a formula, the header text must be wrapped in brackets (e.g. [...]).

Within the brackets you can have two values. For example: [-1|yyyy-MM].

The first value, **-1**, calculates which period to use for the formula. In this case, the negative one calculates to the period before the selected period.

The second value is an optional format string for the **Start Date** of the calculated period. If none is specified, the period code will be returned.

Field Descriptions

- Column Order Order of column, ranging from 1 through 15 (max).
- · Cash/Accrual Specify if Cash or Accrual figures are used.
- Calculation Type Specifies the calculation type (described above)
- Period Type Specifies the G/L Period to include based on a singular period entered at run time. There
 are over fifty period types, the naming of which, should make their use self evident.

4.11.11.1.5 Permissions Tab

Overview

Permissions for Financial Statements are assigned here.

Permissions

- Users Assign Permissions to a specific User to see a specific Financial Statement here.
- Groups Assign Permissions to a specific Group to see a specific Financial Statement here.

4.11.11.2 Modify Options (Buttons)

Overview

Financial Statement lines and columns can be further defined by <u>Market Sectors</u>, <u>Filter Ranges</u> and <u>Org Units</u>.

4.11.11.2.1 Modify Sectors

Overview

All line types except for Text can have **sector filters**. Sector filters are used to weight a financial statement (revenue and expense) by **Market Sectors**.

When projects are set up, they can be assigned to market sectors, each at a certain percentage totaling 100%. For instance, a project can be assigned 70% to Government and 30% to Commercial.

By using a sector filter, figures in the financial statement are multiplied by the percentage on the project.

One or more market sectors can be included in the filter.

4.11.11.2.2 Modify Filter Ranges

Overview

Modify Filter Ranges gives you the ability to define a group of accounts to be included on the line in question. Included accounts can be Added or Subtracted from the grand total. Any line can have an unlimited number of Filter Ranges.

For instance, using Filter Ranges, one line with the Command Type: **Itemize**, could return all accounts between 4000 and 4999.

All line types, except Text, support Filter Ranges.

Tutorial

- 1. Select the Line you wish to add the Filter Range to
- 2. Click Modify Filter Ranges. The Line Filter Criteria dialogue will launch.
- 3. Add **Line Filters** as appropriate using the dialogue (descriptions below)
- 4. Click Save
- 5. Click Close to exit the dialogue
- Click Save from the toolbar to save the Financial Statement Design

Field Descriptions

Below are field descriptions when defining Filter Ranges.

Filter Title

Filter Title - Names the filter

Math

- · Add Values When checked, account figures are added to this range as a positive
- Subtract Values When checked, accounts figures are added to this range as a negative

Codes/Orgs Tab

Base Codes

- No Criteria When selected, no base code ranges are established
- Use Mask When selected, a mask is used (e.g. 4???). A mask works by placing a question mark (wild card) in one or more positions of the base code. For example, 4???, would include all base accounts beginning with 4 (e.g. 4000, 4001, etc). Likewise, 4??5 would include all base codes beginning with a 4 and ending with a 5 (e.g. 4005, 4105, etc.). Question mark means any value can appear in that position.
- Use Range When checked, the range of base codes entered is used (e.g. 4000 to 4999).

Org Units / Companies

- All Orgs When checked, all org units are included
- Specific Org Unit When checked, only the supplied org unit is included
 - Use Child Orgs Available only when specific org unit is checked. When checked, children of the specified org unit are also included.
- Custom Org Units When checked, org units can be combined with a like code at a specified level.
 - Org Level Org level where the code is found; available only when Custom Org Unit is checked.
 - o Org Code The code on which to combine; available only when Custom Org Unit is checked.

System Types Tab

System Types can be used to include G/L Accounts that meet a certain configuration. The following settings can be used singularly or together.

- Metric Types When checked, the list of metric types selected are included
- Financial Types When checked, the list of financial types selected are included
- Cost types When checked, the list of Cost types selected are included
- PM Types When checked, the list of PM types selected are included

FS Groups

FS Groups include only those G/L Accounts assigned to the designated FS Group.

4.11.11.2.3 Modify Org Units

Overview

The Columns tab is used to define which Organizational Units should be included on the Financial Statement using the Modify Org Units button.

To define Organizational Units:

- 1. Click Modify Org Units
- 2. Check Use to include the Org Unit
- 3. Click Save
- 4. Click Save from the toolbar to save the Financial Statement Design

4.11.11.3 Creating a new Financial Statement

Overview

With a good understanding of the Financial Statement Designer <u>layout</u> and <u>options</u>, let's discuss creating a new Financial Statement.

Financial Statements can be created by **copying** an existing or **creating new** statements.

Tutorials

Copy an Existing Financial Statement

To copy an existing statement:

- 1. Load the Financial Statement using the Financial Statements drop-down.
 - o Don't see any? Read about how to Install Sample Financial Statements.
- 2. Click Copy from the toolbar
- 3. Enter a **name** for the new template
- 4. Edit the Financial Statement as appropriate
- 5. Click Save

Creating a new Financial Statement

To create a new statement:

- 1. Click **New** from the toolbar. The New Financial Statement dialogue will launch.
- 2. Name the Financial Statement
- 3. Optionally Include Closing Entries
- 4. Optionally Divide By a denominator
- 5. Select a Financial Statement Template
- 6. Click Create. Your statement will load in the designer.
- 7. Edit the Financial Statement as appropriate
- 8. Click Save

Field Descriptions

New Financial Statement Dialogue

- Financial Statement Name Name of the financial statement
- Include Closing Entries When checked, closing entries from the General Journal are included.
- Divide By Number to divide all figures by. Commonly used for reporting in the, for instance, millions of dollars (e.g. \$10,000,000 / 1,000,000 = \$10)
- Financial Statement Templates (see below)

Financial Statement Templates

InFocus features several Financial Statement templates that can be used for building custom Financial Statements. Each template has been designed to meet ANSI printing standards and can range from 1-15 columns.

- Two-Column System Default
- ANSI A 8.5X11 Letter (1 Column)
- ANSI A 8.5X11 Letter (2 Columns)
- ANSI A 8.5X11 Letter (3 Columns)
- ANSI A 8.5X11 Letter (4 Columns)
- ANSI A 8.5X11 Letter (5 Columns)
- ANSI A 8.5X11 Letter (6 Columns)
- ANSI B 11X17 (7 Columns)
- ANSI B 11X17 (8 Columns)
- ANSI B 11X17 (9 Columns)
- ANSI B 11X17(10 Columns)
- ANSI B 11X17(11 Columns)
- ANSI B 11X17(12 Columns)
- ANSI C 17X22 (13 Columns)
- ANSI C 17X22 (14 Columns)
- ANSI C 17X22 (15 Columns)

4.11.11.4FS Dataset (Advanced)

Overview

Advanced Users

While most Financial Statement requirements can be met using the Financial Statement Designer, some designs will require editing the underlying report definition, contained in a .RDL file. The RDL design affects the data that will be output to the report layout. While the actual figures and lines that appear vary by design, the columns or fields of the Dataset are always the same.

If you are in need of such custom statements, typically this will involve <u>Clearview Support</u>. That said, the following is a list of the Dataset available in the Financial Statement designs (RDL File).

Field Descriptions

- Line Type Command type
- Line Text Text to print on line. This has already been processed to be either the G/L account name or the line text from the design depending on line type.
- Line Order Sort order.
- Base Code Base code. Only relevant on types itemize and consolidate.
- Org Path Org unit path. Only relevant on type itemize.
- Org Name Org Name. Only relevant on type itemize.
- Indents Number of units to indent line text.
- Subcol Subtotal column.
- IsBold True or False; indicates if line should be bolded.
- Left Border Left border style for figures.
- Right Border Right border style for figures.
- Top Border Top border style for figures.
- Bottom Border Bottom border style for figures.
- Format Group User definable codes to use for conditional formatting.
- Col1 thru Col15 Column one through fifteen calculated figures.
- Col1Pct thru Col15Pct Column one through fifteen calculated percent of lines or rations.

4.11.12 Import Tools

Overview

Import Tools is a powerful applet that can be used to import data from external sources to InFocus. Please note: This is considered a part of the Advanced User Toolkit and should be used carefully as it writes directly to your InFocus database.

Key Concepts

- Best Practice In that Import Tools writes directly to your InFocus database, it's a best practice to run
 test imports in a Sandbox prior to running on production.
- Microsoft.ACE.OLEDB Import Tools leverage Microsoft data access technologies. In short, the
 architecture of the local workstation's Microsoft Office products must match the architecture (32-bit vs 64bit) of the local instance of Windows. More on this...
- Permissions Permissions to Import Tools is granted via <u>Administration>Permissions</u>. Please note,

permissions to Import Tools circumvents permissions to the applets used for import. So, while a user may not have access to the Clients applet, they could Add and/or Update Client records via Import Tools.

For a detailed description of import tools, follow this link: More on Import Tools

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- File Additional File options
 - o Reset Import Resets the import settings.
- · Script Scripts the selected import.
- Test Import Runs a test of the import and displays the results on a pop-up.

4.11.12.1 Import Tools Header

Overview

The Header section is where the name for a new import is established and the Table to be used during the import.

Field Descriptions

- Import Name User definable name of the import.
- InFocus Data Table The drop-down contains a list of all applets that can be imported to.
- Comments Internal Comments.

4.11.12.2General Tab

Overview

The General Tab is where the Data Table is chosen (available tables are displayed in the drop down), as well as the File Type (Delimited, Excel XLS, Access MDB, or ODBC Datasource) that will be imported.

Field Descriptions

- File Type Data Source that is being used for the import. there are 4 options:
 - o Delimited VBScript
 - o Excel (xls & xlsx) VBScript
 - o Access (MBD & AccDB) Access SQL
 - ODBC Contingent upon the driver. (ex. MS SQL = T-SQL, Oracle = Oracle SQL)
- Use Column Headers Use with Delimited & Excel Data Sources. When selected, the header row of the source data will be brought in as a record.
- Delimiter Use with Delimited Data Source. When using the Delimited import, this represents the delimiter that is used on the source data to separate the records for import.
- Import File Used with Delimited, Excel and Access Data Sources. The location of the file to be imported.
- Table Used with Excel & Access Data Sources. The name of the table that is being used as the source
 data.
- Data Source Used with ODBC Data Source. Source of the data.
- User Username to access the Data Source.
- Password Password to access the Data Source.

4.11.12.3 Custom Query Tab

Overview

Custom Query tab is used to shape source data being used in the import.

Key Concepts

- By default, when reading the data from your source, Import Tools is effectively reading: select * from [your data source]. Using Custom Query, you can customize the return set that gets pushed to Field Mappings.
- In short, Import Tools passes your query to Microsoft.ACE.OLEDB.12.0 which then communicates to the source. The syntax used in the query is dependent upon the File Type (Data Source) configured on the General Tab. Typically
- Delimited VBScript
- Excel VBScript
- Access Access SQL

• ODBC - Contingent upon the driver. (ex. MS SQL = T-SQL, Oracle = Oracle SQL)

Field Descriptions

- Query Window Custom Query is entered here. Knowledge of SQL is required.
- Test Query Returns a test result of the SQL Query.

4.11.12.4Field Mapping Tab

Overview

Field Mapping Tab. Used to map the fields of the source data to the appropriate InFocus Field.

Key Concepts

- Fields listed reflect the supported fields for import
- Fields in red are required. Note, the InFocus Data Table may have additional requirements. (e.g. Sales Journal requires a project on entries using Revenue accounts).
- Default Values may be added in the absence of a source field.
- Columns can be excluded from the import

Field Descriptions

- Source Field Field from the source document that will be brought over to InFocus.
- InFocus Field Destination InFocus field that the Source Field will be imported to.
- InFocus Field Description Description of the InFocus Field. This is used to assist when trying to determine which field to use.
- Default Value Optional. Default value of field.
- Exclude When checked, the item is excluded from the import.

4.11.12.5 Review Tab

Overview

Review Tab. Used to map the fields of the source data to the InFocus fields.

Field Descriptions

Import Mode

- · Add Adds new records to the database
- Update Only updates existing records
- Add & Update Adds new records or updates existing records
- Custom Custom mode allows you to edit the import grid and gives you the ability to skip records as appropriate.

Import Grid

• Skip - When selected, the item will be skipped when the import is executed.

4.11.12.6Summary Tab

Overview

Summary Tab. Displays the number of records imported and Records skipped when the utility was run. A *Skipped Record* is a record that did not have a match or was designated to be skipped (Review Tab) when the utility was run.

Field Descriptions

- Records Imported The number of records imported .
- Skipped Records The number of records skipped.

4.11.13 Invoice Design

Overview

The Invoice Design applet is where Invoice Designs are customized in InFocus.

Key Concepts

- An invoice is composed of 2 parts, the UI (InFocus) and the RDL (Microsoft Buisness Intelligence Studio).
 A typical customization request is to add a logo to an invoice design. Here is an article that walks you through that process, introducing you to to the concept of the UI and RDL in a hands on way. More on Adding a Logo to an Invoice
- InFocus comes with 13 system invoice designs that are available in the Main Invoice Dropdown located
 at <u>Projects>Billing Tab</u>. If you want to alter a system invoice design, you must use the *System Invoice*Design Copy button located on the toolbar. This will bring a copy if the selected invoice design into the
 Invoice Design section. <u>More on the Invoice Design Tab</u>
- InFocus has a unique "snap together" format that makes it easy to tailor invoices to the invoicing needs of your firm. An invoice design is segmented into sections. Each section controls a particular area of an invoice. The sections are managed on the Section Designs Tab. More on the Section Design Tab
- An invoice design can have an unlimited number of sections. All section types, except for the Border, can
 appear multiple times on an invoice; however, no section design can appear twice. The number of
 sections that are on an invoice and the order of those sections are managed on the Invoice Design Tab.

 More on the Invoice Design Tab
- Section designs can be reused between multiple invoice designs. For example, one Header section can be used throughout many invoice designs.
- Invoices can be categorized as labor/combined or expense only. This allows for expenses to be invoiced separately. The Style is controlled on the Invoice Designs Tab. More on the Invoice Design Tab
- Invoice designs are assigned to projects on the Bill Terms node (Project Level) at Projects>Billing Tab.
- One section, the Coversheet, is used to create a summary of multiple projects on the same invoice. This
 is accomplished by assigning multiple projects to an *Invoice Group (Clients Applet)*. Coversheet designs
 are in turn assigned to an *Invoice Group*. More on Invoice Groups
- Each section has both a Layout and Dataset component. Each section has a Dataset that exposes
 database fields in one or more rows. Some sections, such as Labor, ODC, and OCC, vary the Dataset
 based on user-selected options.
- Other sections, such as Header and Summary, have preset Datasets.
- Can flag sections as Do Not Post to allow backup reports to be generated with the invoice.
- Can restrict sections to use transactions based on the invoice filter. More on Invoice Filters

4.11.13.1Invoice Design Toolbar

Overview

The Invoice toolbar gives the user (with permission) numerous capabilities within the Invoice Design applet. Below is a list of those capabilities.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar</u>
Options

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- System Invoice Copy Located under the Tools button; allows the user to copy a standard invoice design from the system so that it can be modified.
- System Invoice Management Gives you the ability to deactivate system invoice designs so they do not
 show in the list of possible invoices when you click the Main Invoice drop-down at Projects>Billing Tab
- Section Copy Wizard Located under the Tools button; allows the user to copy a specific standard invoice section (for example, Labor, ODC, etc.) from the system. For a description on what the sections display follow this link: More on Invoice Descriptions
- Rebuild All Invoices This is used when fields are added to an invoice and need to be added to the RDL (Invoice Report). Typically this is done when user-definable fields are exposed to invoices. In this case, when a user-definable field is added to clients or projects, all invoice designs must be rebuilt. To allow Project and Client UDFs you must first enable them at Global Settings>Invoicing Tab. More on User Defined Fields.
- Edit Section Images / Settings Reports and Invoice Designs installed from InFocus Marketplace or
 written with ReportBuilder can be easily customized using the Edit Section Images / Settings option from
 the toolbar in reporting and Invoice Design applets. The tutorials below will walk you through how to add a
 company logo and how to make a simple edit to the settings of your invoice design/custom report. More
 on Editing Section Images / Settings
- Copy Creates a copy of the currently loaded invoice design. Launches the Copy Invoice dialogue which prompts for a name to use for the new invoice design.

4.11.13.2Invoice Designs Tab

Overview

The Invoice Design Tab serves many functions within the Invoice Design Applet. Invoice designs are *Deleted*, *Saved*, and *Created* here.

Key Concepts

- The window on the left contains all the "Custom" invoice designs that are currently available. Remember, System Invoice Designs are not accessible. To modify one, you must use the *System Invoice Copy* button located on the toolbar.
- There are many System Sections that can be copied and added to an invoice design. To access those
 use the Section Copy Wizard button located on the toolbar. For descriptions on what each section
 contains, follow this link: More on Invoice Section Descriptions
- Invoice designs can be altered by using the "Snap Together" feature in the Design Sections grid described below.
- The Scripting out (Copying) of Invoice designs are done here by using the *Script* button located at the bottom of the applet. Scripting is used when you want to copy or move the designs from one database to another.

Field Descriptions

Invoice Design Name

Text Box - This text box contains the name of the invoice design. The invoice name can be edited here.

Invoice Design Border

Drop-down - This drop-down contains the Border of the selected invoice design. Only one Border can be
a part of an invoice. The Border section controls invoice attributes like Margins and Header items that
repeat on every page (ie. Page Numbers).

Style

Combined - When selected, the invoice design is flagged as a Combined invoice. An invoice design with
this selected will show up in the Main Invoice drop-down located at Projects>Billing Tab>Invoicing
Section.

- Labor Only When selected, the invoice design is flagged as a Labor invoice. An invoice design with this
 selected will show up in the Labor Invoice drop-down located at Projects>Billing TabInvoicing Section. In
 order to see this option, the Separate Expense Invoice check-box must be checked.
- Expense Only When selected, the invoice design is flagged as a Expense invoice. An invoice design
 with this selected will show up in the Labor Invoice drop-down located at Billing Tab>Invoicing Section">Projects>Billing Tab>Invoicing Tab>Invoicing Section. In order to see this option, the Separate Expense Invoice check-box must be checked.

Invoice Posting Action

 Drop-down - An invoice posting action allows for an action to be called after the posting action in Automate Invoicing.

Design Sections Header

Description - The Section Design grids is where you assemble your invoice design. No customization is don here, you simply select the sections that you would like to use and Add them to the design. Once you have added them, you can use the up and down arrows to put them in the right order. After that, click save and the design has been assembled. Specific Customization is done in the Section Designs Tab. More on the Section Designs Tab

- Section Type This drop-down displays the Section Type that you want to drop into the design. Options
 are Header, Labor, ODC, OCC, Combined, SQL Query, Summary Statement and Taxes.
- Section This drop-down displays the available sections and are dependent on the selection from the
 Section Type drop-down. In order for an item to show in the drop-down, it must exist in the Section
 Designs Tab. An item displays on the Section Design tab either by copying or creating a new section.
 More on the Section Designs Tab
- Do Not Print When checked, the section will not print on the rendered invoice.
- Add When clicked, the section selected from the Section drop-down will be added to the Design Sections grid.
- Up button Moves the highlighted section up in the *Design Sections* grid.
- Down button Moves the highlighted section down in the Design Sections grid.

Note - To Delete an item from this grid, click on the left side of the item and click the delete key on your Keyboard. DO NOT click Delete at the bottom of the applet. This will delete the whole invoice design and associated project links.

Design Sections Grid

- Type The type of section added. This is from the Section Type drop-down.
- Name The Name of section added. This is from the Section drop-down.

• Do Not Print - When checked, the section will not print on the rendered invoice.

Design Sections Buttons (bottom)

- New Click to start a new invoice design.
- Save Saves the current progress of the invoice.
- Delete This will delete the whole invoice design and associated project links. DO NOT click this button to remove items from the Design Sections grid.
- Script Scripting is used when you want to copy or move the designs from one database to another.

4.11.13.3 Section Designs Tab

Overview

The Section Designs Tab is where you customize the properties of an invoice section.

Key Concepts

- By selecting the fields located in the *Columns* section, you can customize what data is brought back in the invoice section's Dataset. Keep in mind, this still requires the user to download and customize the report to see the newly selected fields.
- A typical customization request is to add a logo to an invoice design. Here is an article that walks you
 through that process, introducing you to other customization concepts during the process. More on Adding a Logo to an Invoice

Field Descriptions

Invoice Design Name

- Drop-down The drop-down displays the available custom invoice sections. The options are: Header,
 Labor, ODC, OCC, Combined, Summary, Statement, Border, Taxes, and Coversheet.
- Design Box (Below the Drop-down) Once a type has been selected, all available custom sections will
 display here. In order for an item to show here, you either have to Copy a System Invoice, Copy a
 Section Design or create from New.
- Section Details Depending on the section type selected on the drop-down, you will get different details.
 See the following Invoice Sections of this manual for details on those properties.

Design Sections Buttons (bottom)

- New Click to start a new invoice section.
- Save Saves the current progress of the invoice section.
- Delete This will delete the whole invoice section.
- Script Scripting is used when you want to copy or move the section from one database to another.
- Upload Uploads the RDL back into the system.

Note - This overwrites the old design and cannot be undone.

Download - Downloads a copy of the RDL to a specified location.

4.11.13.3.1 Header Section

Overview

The Header section is typically the first page of an invoice. Only project-level type data is exposed here.

Key Concepts

- An Invoice can have multiple Invoice Header sections, the section used for the beginning of the invoice to hold textual type information, such as Bill-to Address, Project Description, Invoice Date, and Company Logo.
- The fixed Dataset for this section contains exactly one row.
- The Dataset will have all fields from the Bill-Terms Project (project facts, print criteria, project UDF's, client UDF's, and bill-to and remit-to addresses).
- If all of a user's invoices have the same first page header, he may have only one header section design in his system.

Field Descriptions

Name

Textbox - The name of the Header section can be edited here. Must be unique.

4.11.13.3.2 Labor Section

Overview

An invoice design can have multiple Labor sections, either hourly based or fixed fee (this includes percent

complete).

Key Concepts

- Labor Sections control both hourly and fixed fee (or Lump Sum) sections of an invoice.
- There can be as many labor sections as desired.
- Labor sections usually are set to post values, but there are times when the user will not want to have a section post data. For example, government contracts use a multi-schedule invoice. The agency sometimes requires labor to be listed and summed by discipline (job title) and then listed and summed by phase. This would require two labor sections, but since the designs cover the same timesheets, only one would be posted. If you want a section to NOT post, simply uncheck the boxes located in the Post section of an Invoice Section.

Field Descriptions

Name

- Textbox The name of the Labor section can be edited here. Must be unique.
- Invoice Filter The Invoice Filter variable is set here. More on Invoice Filters
- Print When Zero When checked, the section will print regardless if there are any current amounts to be billed.

Mark Billed

- Mark Labor as Billed Available only when Is Hourly Based is NOT checked. When checked, all labor transactions for the project are flagged as billed.
- Mark ICC as Billed When checked, associated ready to bill ICC charges will be flagged as billed.
- Mark ODC as Billed When checked, associated ready to bill ODC charges will be flagged as billed.
 This should be used when ODC are not being passed through to your client. Please note that only expense projects nodes with a non-zero fixed fee amount will be flagged.
- Mark OCC as Billed When checked, associated ready to bill OCC charges will be flagged as billed.
 This should be used when OCC are not being passed through to your client. Please note that only expense projects nodes with a non-zero fixed fee amount will be flagged.

Options

- Is Hourly Based When checked, the labor section is an hourly section. When unchecked, the section is either Fixed Fee of Lump sum (depending on the *Use Lump Sum* flag).
- Use Bill Rates When checked, Bill Rates are used rather than multipliers. Note in the field descriptions
 that some fields are shown/hidden depending on this check-box.
- Process when Zero PC When checked, the invoice will Process the Fixed Fee even when the Percent Complete is zero.

Lump Sum

 Use Lump Sum – When checked, the system will look at the lump sum field value, rather than the percent complete.

Note - Lump sum is a way to bill a lump fee instead of a Percent Complete of fee. In order to use this feature, you must use an invoice design whose labor section has been designated to use this field. Two new invoice formats that support lump sum billing have been added. Lump Sum Level 1 works at the project level while Lump Sum Level 2 works at the phase level (e2nd level).

- Ignore Previously Billed When checked, the system will not look at previously billed amounts when
 calculating the current amount. In normal fixed fee billing, the calculated current amount plus the
 previously billed is compared to the contract amount to determine the amount to be invoiced. This can be
 useful for cycle type billings, where a set amount is to be invoiced each month.
- Reset Lump Sum to Zero on Post When checked, the system will zero out the entered lump sum amount, when the invoice is posted.

Use Hourly Labor For

- Premium Time When checked, premium time (Overtime) is included.
- Non-Premium Time When checked, regular time is included.
- Principals When checked, principals are included. This looks at the Job Type of Principal In Charge located at Employees>Employee Information Tab>Company Information>Job Type
- Non-Principals When checked, non-principals are included. This looks at the Job Type of Principal In Charge located at <u>Employees>Employee Information Tab>Company Information>Job Type</u>
- Non-Exempt Employees When checked, non-exempt employees are included. Employees are considered exempt if the Hourly check-box IS selected in Pay History Tab">Employees>Pay History Tab.
- Exempt Employees When checked, exempt employees are included. Employees are not considered exempt if the Hourly check-box IS NOT selected in Employees>Pay History Tab.
- Subcontractors When checked, subcontractor are included. This looks at the Subcontractor flag located at Employees>Employee Information Tab>Company Information>Subcontractor
- Non-Subcontractors When checked, subcontractor are included.

Labor Cap

Description - Available only for hourly sections. Specifies what portion of labor is compared to an upset. Leave blank for No Upset.

Drop-down - This is where the labor cap is enforced. The options are Bill Amount (When "Use Bill Rates" flag is checked), Direct Labor, Direct Labor + DPE + Overhead, and Direct Labor + DPE + Overhead + Profit (When "Use Bill Rates" flag is unchecked). You can cap the cost or the billable value.

WBS Levels

Show - Number of levels below project level of the WBS to include.

Note - This is the level of the WBS that the Labor will be posted in the Sales Journal Entry. So in reporting, if you are posting to the top level (0), your billings will be recognized at the top level.

 Include Sublevels with No Billing - When checked, nodes with no billing info will be included in the Dataset. Typically this is used on Fixed Fee and Not to Exceed invoice designs.

Post

- Direct Labor Available for hourly sections. When checked, base portion of labor will be posted.
- DPE + Overhead Available for hourly sections. When checked, DPE and overhead of labor will be posted.
- Profit Available for hourly sections. When checked, profit portion of labor will be posted.
- Fixed Fee Available for fixed fee sections. When checked, fixed fee will be posted.

Columns Grid

Description - The Columns grid is only available for hourly sections. A list of Fields that can be added to the Dataset of the labor RDL file. Checking the box simply adds the field to the Dataset in the RDL file. It does not make the information show up on the section in the invoice. To have the information show up on the invoice, you must download the section, tweak it, and then upload it back into the system.

- EmpCode Employee code. More on Employees
- EmpName Employee name
- JobTitleCode Job Title Code. More on Job Titles
- JobTitleName Job Title Name
- LaborCode Labor Code. More on Labor Codes
- Labor Name Labor Name
- WorkDate Work Date
- BillHrs Bill Hours
- BillRate Bill Rate; Available only when Use Bill Rates is checked.
- BillBaseRate Base Rate. Available only when Use Bill Rates is not checked.

- BillBasePremMU Base Rate Premium Multiplier. Available only when Use Bill Rates is not checked.
- BillDPEMult DPE multiplier. Available only when Use Bill Rates is not checked.
- BillOHMult Overhead multiplier. Available only when Use Bill Rates is not checked.
- BillPRMult Profit multiplier. Available only when Use Bill Rates is not checked.
- IsHourly Flag indicating if time was recorded for an hourly employee.
- IsPremium Flag indicating if line item is premium (Overtime) time.
- PMComments Project management comments from time collection.
- Home Org Code The Code of the Org. Unit that the Employee is assigned to at <u>Employees>Employee</u>
 Information Tab>Company Information>Org. Unit. More on Org Units
- Home Org Path The Path of the Org. Unit that the Employee is assigned to.
- Home Org Name The Name of the Org. Unit that the Employee is assigned to.
- Home Org Long Name The Long Name of the Org. Unit that the Employee is assigned to. The Long Name contains a concatenation of the Parent Org.
- Charge Org Code The Code of the Org. Unit that the Project that the employee is putting time against.
 This is assigned at Projects>Members Tab>Organizational Charging
- Charge Org Path The Path of the Org. Unit that the Project that the employee is putting time against.
- Charge Org Name The Name of the Org. Unit that the Project that the employee is putting time against.
- Charge Org Long Name The Long Name of the Org. Unit that the Project that the employee is putting time against. The Long Name contains a concatenation of the Parent Org.
- Location Code Location Code. More on Locations
- Location Name Location Name.
- PEDate . This is the timesheet period end date.
- LineID . This allows for line items transactions to not be grouped based on the non-aggregate field chosen. For example if you design was showing payee name and date and you had two line items in purchases with the same payee and date the invoice design would automatically summarize them as one line. By adding this field to the selected columns in the section design the system would then not summarize these.
- TransID This is the transaction ID of the Journal that the transaction comes from. A prefix containing the
 first letter of the journal is attached to the returned field.

4.11.13.3.3 ODC Section

Overview

ODC sections control ODC transactions, but can also include OCC transactions when the Include OCC Charges box is checked. An invoice design can have multiple ODC (reimbursable) sections.

Field Descriptions

Name

- Textbox The name of the ODC section can be edited here. Must be unique.
- Invoice Filter The Invoice Filter variable is set here. More on Invoice Filters
- Print When Zero When checked, the section will print regardless if there are any current amounts to be billed.

WBS Level

• Show - Number of levels below project level of the WBS to include.

Note - This is the level of the WBS that the ODC will be posted in the Sales Journal Entry. So in reporting, if you are posting to the top level (0), your billings will be recognized at the top level.

Include Unworked Sub-Levels - When checked, nodes with no billing info will be included in the Dataset.
 Typically this is used in Not to Exceed invoice designs.

Expense Cap

• Drop-down - This is where the expense cap is enforced. The options are Direct Expense and Markup. You can cap the cost or the billable value.

OCC Charges

Include OCC Charges - When checked, OCC charges are included in the section. This means that that
the OCC will be posted in the Sales Journal Entry as ODCs. If you want them separate in the Sales
Journal, this box should remain unchecked.

Post

- Direct Expense When checked, the non-marked up portion of expense will be posted. The cap can be set on the Markup or the Direct Expense.
- Markup When checked, the marked-up portion of Expense will be posted.

Columns

Description - Checking the box simply adds the field to the Dataset in the RDL file. It does not make the information show up on the section in the invoice. To have the information show up on the invoice, you must

download the section, tweak it, and then upload it back into the system.

- ExpCode Expense Code. More on Expense Codes
- ExpName Expense name
- PayeeCode Vendor or employee code. <u>More on Vendors</u>
- PayeeName Vendor or employee name
- TransDate Transaction date
- TrackNum Vendor invoice number or employee reimbursable journal ID
- Qty Quantity
- UnitRate Unit Rate
- MarkUp -Markup. Depending on type, this can be a multiplier, flat amount, or add-on.
- MarkupType Markup Type. Possibilities are markup (multiplier), flat amount or add on.
- PMComments Project management comments.
- Org Code The Code of the Org. Unit of the Project that the Expense is Against. This is assigned at Projects>Members Tab>Organizational Charging
- Org Path The Path of the Org. Unit of the Project that the Expense is Against.
- Org Name The Name of the Org. Unit of the Project that the Expense is Against.
- Org Long Name The Long Name of the Org. Unit of the Project that the Expense is Against. The Long Name contains a concatenation of the Parent Org.
- LineID . This allows for line items transactions to not be grouped based on the non-aggregate field chosen. For example if you design was showing payee name and date and you had two line items in purchases with the same payee and date the invoice design would automatically summarize them as one line. By adding this field to the selected columns in the section design the system would then not summarize these.
- TransID This is the internal transaction ID.
- GLBaseCode Code of the Base Code assigned to the Expense.
- GLBaseName Name of the Base Code assigned to the Expense.

4.11.13.3.4 OCC Section

Overview

OCC sections control OCC transactions that pass through to the invoice. An invoice design can have multiple OCC (Out of Contract Consultant) sections.

Field Descriptions

Name

- Textbox The name of the OCC section can be edited here. Must be unique.
- Invoice Filter The Invoice Filter variable is set here. More on Invoice Filters
- Print When Zero When checked, the section will print regardless if there are any current amounts to be billed.

WBS Level

• Show - Number of levels below project level of the WBS to include.

Note - This is the level of the WBS that the OCC will be posted in the Sales Journal Entry. So in reporting, if you are posting to the top level (0), your billings will be recognized at the top level.

Include Unworked Sub-Levels - When checked, nodes with no billing info will be included in the Dataset.
 Typically this is used in Not to Exceed invoice designs.

Expense Cap

Drop-down - This is where the expense cap is enforced. The options are Direct Expense and Markup.
 You can cap the cost or the billable value.

Post

- Direct Expense When checked, the non-marked up portion of expense will be posted. The cap can be set on the Markup or the Direct Expense.
- Markup When checked, the marked-up portion of Expense will be posted.

Columns

Description - Checking the box simply adds the field to the Dataset in the RDL file. It does not make the information show up on the section in the invoice. To have the information show up on the invoice, you must download the section, tweak it, and then upload it back into the system.

- ExpCode Expense Code. <u>More on Expense Codes</u>
- ExpName Expense name
- PayeeCode Vendor or employee code. <u>More on Vendors</u>
- PayeeName Vendor or employee name
- TransDate Transaction date
- TrackNum Vendor invoice number or employee reimbursable journal ID

- Qty Quantity
- UnitRate Unit Rate
- MarkUp -Markup. Depending on type, this can be a multiplier, flat amount, or add-on.
- MarkupType Markup Type. Possibilities are markup (multiplier), flat amount or add on.
- PMComments Project management comments.
- Org Code The Code of the Org. Unit of the Project that the Expense is Against. This is assigned at Projects>Members Tab>Organizational Charging
- Org Path The Path of the Org. Unit of the Project that the Expense is Against.
- Org Name The Name of the Org. Unit of the Project that the Expense is Against.
- Org Long Name The Long Name of the Org. Unit of the Project that the Expense is Against. The Long Name contains a concatenation of the Parent Org.
- LineID . This allows for line items transactions to not be grouped based on the non-aggregate field chosen. For example if you design was showing payee name and date and you had two line items in purchases with the same payee and date the invoice design would automatically summarize them as one line. By adding this field to the selected columns in the section design the system would then not summarize these.
- TransID This is the internal transaction ID.
- GLBaseCode Code of the Base Code assigned to the Expense.
- GLBaseName Name of the Base Code assigned to the Expense.

4.11.13.3.5 Combination Section

Overview

The Combination section allows you to return data from multiple hourly, fixed fee, ODC, and OCC sections.

This allows for the grouping of project charges by project level and then by type of expense.

Key Concepts

- The Sections dropped into the Design Sections grid populate the Dataset. Even though you may see the
 field in the Dataset of the RDL, that item will not be returned until you go to the respective section and
 check that box.
- If you want to use the data in a SQL Query section, the data populates the Temp_Invoice_Combined table.

Field Descriptions

Name

- Textbox The name of the Combination section can be edited here. Must be unique.
- Print When Zero When checked, the section will print regardless if there is any current amount to be billed.

Cap Level

Drop-down - The level that the Combined Cap is set at

Note - The Contract Levels must be set at this level on Labor, ODC and OCC to use this cap. More on Contact Levels/ Caps. Also, all of the underlying sections must have the WBS Level set to the same level as this number.

Design Sections Header

Description - This grid works like the main *Invoice Designs Tab.* Select the Labor, ODC, and OCC sections that contain the fields that you would like to include in the Combinations Dataset. Add them to the grid (as seen above), and hit *Save.* Now you can download the combination section and alter the RDL as you would with any other section.

- Section Type This drop-down displays the Section Type that you want to drop into the design. Options
 are Header, Labor, ODC, OCC, Combined, SQL Query, Summary Statement and Taxes.
- Section This drop-down displays the available sections and are dependent on the selection from the
 Section Type drop-down. In order for an item to show in the drop-down, it must exist in the Section
 Designs Tab. An item displays on the Section Design tab either by copying or creating a new section.
- Add When clicked, the section selected from the Section drop-down will be added to the Design Sections grid.
- Up button Moves the highlighted section up in the *Design Sections* grid.
- Down button Moves the highlighted section down in the Design Sections grid.

Design Sections Grid

- Type The type of section added. This is from the Section Type drop-down.
- Name The Name of section added. This is from the Section drop-down.
- Cap Type The combined caps allow for combining different pm types (Labor, ODC and OCC) into a single cap for not-to-exceed type invoicing. The system will compared aggregate charged and previously billed against the aggregate cap. Please note that the caps must be setup at the same level for a given project.

4.11.13.3.6 SQL Query Section

Overview

The SQL Query section allows you to create custom invoice sections that can pull in data from any table that is accessible in the InFocus Database.

Key Concepts

- Queries are pasted into the Query window and you must use the variable 'projectpath' as the Parameter Variable.
- InFocus comes with 2 system SQL Query sections Receipts and AllocateICCRevenueByPCT.
 - Receipts This section allows for you to display an archived image that has been associated with a transaction being billed (i.e. Scanned .jpg image of a receipt) in an invoice. In order to use this section, you must be using the new HTTP Document Management. Currently the only supported image formats are jpg, jpeg, png, bmp and gif.
 - AllocateICCRevenueByPct This query section will allocate ICC Revenue based on the same percent completes used in a fixed fee invoice. For this new SQL section to work it needs to be added to your fixed fee designs and placed anywhere after the fixed fee section with respect to the order of the sections.

Field Descriptions

Name

- Textbox The name of the Combination section can be edited here. Must be unique.
- Stored Procedure When checked, a stored procedure is placed into the SQL Query Window. When unchecked, the query must be written in the Query window.

Query

Query Window - Custom SQL Code is added here. Knowledge of SQL is required.

4.11.13.3.7 Summary Section

Overview

Summary sections are used as subtotaling areas. They are single-record datasets that contain billing-to-date information, contractual amounts, and running totals.

Key Concepts

- Invoice Designs can have multiple summary sections.
- Summary sections are typically used to aggregate previous sections together. For instance, a total
 professional services plus reimbursable expense invoice line item would be an example of a summary
 section.
- Summary sections can be used with labor upsets. Sometimes it is preferable to perform an upset in a
 Summary section rather than in the Labor section. An example is when multiple labor schedules are used.
 When a cap is used in the Summary section, it overrides the current posting figures.

Field Descriptions

Name

Textbox - The name of the Header section can be edited here. Must be unique.

Apply Cap

Description - Controls the Labor upset. Remove any caps from Labor, ODC or OCC sections if you are applying a cap here. All caps here are applied at the top level of the project.

- None No Cap is applied.
- Separate Separate Caps are applied. Options are:
 - Labor The options are Bill Amount (When "Use Bill Rates" flag is checked), Direct Labor, Direct Labor + DPE + Overhead, and Direct Labor + DPE + Overhead + Profit (When "Use Bill Rates" flag is unchecked). You can cap the cost or the billable value.
 - ODC This is where the expense cap is enforced. The options are Direct Expense and Markup. You
 can cap the cost or the billable value.
 - o OCC This is where the expense cap is enforced. The options are Direct Expense and Markup. You can cap the cost or the billable value.
- Combined A combination cap is applied here.

Post Retainer / Retainage

- Post Retainage When checked, retainage (if any) will be posted.
- Post Retainer When checked, retainer (if any) will be posted.

Recalculate Amounts using Project Multipliers

- DPE / OH If a DPE/OH Multiplier is on the Project Rate Schedule Setup>Multipliers Section, the transaction cost will be multiplied with that to determine effort. <u>More on Project Setup</u>
- Profit If a DPE/OH Multiplier is on the Project Rate Schedule Setup>Multipliers Section, the transaction
 cost will be multiplied with that to determine effort.
- ODC Markup If an Overriding multiplier is on the Project Setup>Expense Markups / Codes, the transaction cost will be multiplied with that to determine effort. <u>More on Project Setup</u>
- OCC Markup If an Overriding multiplier is on the Project Setup>Expense Markups / Codes, the transaction cost will be multiplied with that to determine effort.

Note - Used for resolving Rounding Issues when multipliers are being applied at the project level.

Print If Non-Zero

Description - Section will print if any of the following checked values are non-zero.

- Hourly
- Fixed Fee
- ODC
- OCC
- Retainage
- Retainer
- Tax

4.11.13.3.8 Statement Section

Overview

Statements print A/R type statements. The statements are by client not project.

Key Concepts

 An Invoice can have multiple Invoice Statement sections, the section used for the beginning of the invoice to hold textual type information, such as Bill-to Address, Project Description, Invoice Date, and Company Logo.

- The fixed Dataset for this section contains exactly one row.
- The Dataset will have all fields from the Bill-Terms Project (project facts, print criteria, project UDF's, client UDF's, and bill-to and remit-to addresses).

Field Descriptions

Name

Textbox - The name of the Header section can be edited here. Must be unique.

Aging Method

- · By Invoice Date When checked the statement ages by invoice date
- · By Due Date When checked the statement ages by due date

Show

Show Fully Paid Invoices check-box - When checked, even fully paid invoices will print.

4.11.13.3.9 Border Section

Overview

An invoice design can have only one Border section. A border controls two things: the footer and the subsequent page header (page headers other than the first page).

Key Concepts

- Only a limited amount of data can appear on a border.
- Invoice Margins are enforced here.
- Due to report layout issues these fields are passed as report parameters instead of a Dataset.
- Like a header, there is nothing to define other than a border name.

Field Descriptions

Name

Textbox - The name of the Border section can be edited here. Must be unique.

4.11.13.3.10 Taxes Section

Overview

The Taxes section is used to pick up any Taxes/Surcharges when invoicing a project.

Key Concepts

- Taxes are created and managed in Global Settings under the <u>Taxes/Surcharges Tab</u>.
- Taxes are enabled on the Taxes & Surcharges Tab">Project>Taxes & Surcharges Tab.

Field Descriptions

Name

Textbox - The name of the Border section can be edited here. Must be unique.

Show & Post Taxes

- All When checked, any tax selected on the project is used.
- Custom When selected, any combination of the taxes selected in the grid can be used in combination with the tax selected on the project.
 - o Tax Code Code of the Tax.
 - o Tax Name Name of the Tax.
 - Show Show the tax only.
 - Post Post the tax only.

4.11.13.3.11 Coversheet Section

Overview

Coversheet sections are used to invoice multiple projects on one invoice. The fields exposed to the report writer are predetermined so no options need to be filled out. In general, the fields represent the billing information for the projects that are part of the invoice.

Key Concepts

Coversheets are used by utilizing Invoice Groups. More on Invoice Groups

Note: All projects within an invoice group belong to the same client.

Field Descriptions

Name

Textbox - The name of the Header section can be edited here. Must be unique.

4.11.13.3.12 Invoice Filters

Overview

Invoice Filters give InFocus the ability to support mixed-style billings on a single project without the need of creating a roll-up project or an invoice group.

Key Concepts

- A filter is a user-definable code that is used to denote which billing style will be used on a specific phase
 of a project. An example of their use might be a phased fixed fee plus additional services. In this example,
 the letter F would be placed on all phases that are Fixed Fee, and the letter H for all phases that are
 Hourly.
- Invoice Filters can only be set at the second-level of a projects WBS. That means that in a Task (Level 3) billing scenario, all of the children of the phase must bill in the same manner (ie. TandM, Fixed Fee, etc.)
- Invoice section designs (Labor, ODC and OCC) can use a filter.
- Invoice filters must be set in two places:
 - o On the project Setup> Invoice Filters section. More on Invoice Filters
 - o In the Invoice Section Design (Labor, ODC or OCC section). More on Section Designs

How to use Invoice Filters:

- Go to <u>Project Administration> Projects>Right</u> click on the project name in Project Explorer (within the Projects applet) and choose *Invoice Filters*. Place the filters in the appropriate places and click Save.
- Go to the Utilities module in the Invoice Designs applet. Once there, go to the Sections Design tab and choose the invoice section to filter to pick up the appropriate information. Place the corresponding filter in the Invoice Filter box, and click Save.

4.11.13.3.13 Invoice Sections Descriptions

Overview

Here are the descriptions of each section when using the *Section Copy Wizard*. An "X" in the column means that section includes that field.

Key Concepts

• Use the list below to determine what System Sections are available.

Head er
Heade w/ Firm
r01 Name
Heade w/o Firm
r02 Name

<u>Labo</u>

<u>r</u>

-	Fixed Fee	ProjN ame	Contr act Amt	Phase Fee	PrevB illed	<u>%</u> Co mpl ete	Fee Ear	ned Prior Billi ng	Curre nt Fee	<u>Invoice</u> <u>Amount</u>	<u>Notes</u>
FF01			Χ		X	X				Χ	No Groupings
FF02		Χ	X		X	Χ				Χ	No Groupings
FF03			X			Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		No Groupings
FF04		X		Χ		Χ	X	Χ	Χ		No Grouping / Designed for PFF
FF05	Х		Χ		Х	X				X	No Grouping / Fixed Fee (Name) is Hard coded in

All NE Invoice Designs are the same as the TM sections but Include a Footer section that includes Previously Billed, Maximum Allowable Services, and Net Professional Services.

		<u>Phase</u> <u>Emp</u> Name	<u>Job</u> Title	<u>Date</u>		Bill Rate	<u>Bill</u> Base	<u>DPE</u>	<u>OH</u>	<u>Profi</u> t	PM Comme	<u>Labor</u> Name	Amo unt	<u>Notes</u>
					_		Rate			-	nt			
TM01	NE01	Х			Χ	Χ					_		Χ	No Groupings
TM02	NE02	Х		Χ	Χ	Χ							Χ	No Groupings
TM03	NE03		X		Χ	Χ							Χ	No Groupings
TM04	NE04		X	Χ	Χ	Χ							Χ	No Groupings
TM05	NE05	Х		Χ	Χ	Χ					Χ		Χ	No Groupings
TM06	NE06	Х			Χ		X	X	Χ	Χ			Χ	No Groupings
TM07	NE07	Х		Χ	Χ		X	X	Χ	Χ			Χ	No Groupings
TM08	NE08		X		Χ		X	X	Χ	Χ			Χ	No Groupings
TM09	NE09		X	Χ	Χ		X	X	Χ	Χ			Χ	No Groupings
TM10	NE10	Х		Χ	Χ		X	X	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	No Groupings
TM11	NE11	Х			Χ		X		Χ				Χ	No Groupings
TM12	NE12	Х		Χ	Χ		X		Χ				Χ	No Groupings
TM13	NE13		X		Χ		X		Χ				Χ	No Groupings
TM14	NE14		Χ	Χ	X		Χ		Χ				Χ	No Groupings

TM15 TM16		X	X X		Χ	X X	Х	Х		Χ		X	X X	
														PorjCode2 & ProjName2 / Sort by Project Code2 & Emp
TM17	NE17	Х	Х		X	Х	X						Х	Name Grouping by Proj.
														Code2 & PojName2 / Sort by Proj Code 2, Emp Name, Work
TM18	NE18	Х		Х		X	X						Х	Date Grouping by Proj. Code2 & PojName2 /
														Sort by Proj Code 2, JobTitleName
TM19	NE19	Х		Х	Χ	Χ	Х						Х	Grouping by Proj. Code2 & PojName2 /
														Sort by Proj Code 2, JobTitleName, Workdate
TM20	NE20	Х	Х		Χ	Х	Х					X	Х	Grouping by Proj. Code2 & PojName2 /
TN04	NEO4	V	V			V		V	V	V	V		V	Sort by Proj Code 2, EmpName, Workdate
TM21	NEZ1	Χ	Х			Х		X	Χ	Х	Х		^	Grouping by PorjCode2 & ProjName2 / Sort by
TM22	NE22	X	Х		Х	Х		Х	Χ	Х	X		Х	Phase & Emp Name Grouping by Proj.
														Code2 & PojName2 / Sort by Proj Code 2,
														Emp Name, Work Date
TM23	NE23	Χ		Χ		X		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	Grouping by Proj. Code2 & PojName2 /
														Sort by Proj Code 2, Emp Name, Work
TM24	NE24	Х		Χ	Х	Х		Х	Х	Х	Х		Х	Date Grouping by Proj.
														Code2 & PojName2 / Sort by Proj Code 2,
														JobTitleName, Workdate
TM25	NE25	Х	Χ		Х	Χ		Χ	Х	Х	Х	X	Χ	Grouping by Proj. Code2 & PojName2 /
														Sort by Proj Code 2, EmpName, Workdate
TM26	NE26	Χ	Χ			Χ		Χ		Х			Х	Grouping by PorjCode2 &
														ProjName2 / Sort by Project Code2 & Emp
TM27	NE27	Χ	Χ		Х	Χ		Χ		Χ			Χ	Name Grouping by Proj.
														Code2 & PojName2 / Sort by Proj Code 2, Emp Name, Work
TM28	NE28	Х		Х		Χ		Х		Х			Х	Date Grouping by Proj.
														Code2 & PojName2 / Sort by Proj Code 2,
TM29	NE29	Χ		Х	Х	Χ		X		Х			Х	JobTitleName Grouping by Proj.
														Code2 & PojName2 / Sort by Proj Code 2,
														JobTitleName,

TM30	NE30	X	X		Х	X		Х		X		X		Х	Workdate Grouping by Proj. Code2 & PojName2 / Sort by Proj Code 2,
															Emp Name, Work
TM31	NE31		Х	Х		Х	Χ							Х	Date No Grouping
TM32			Χ	X		Χ	X								Grouped by JobTileName / Sorted by JT Name , Emp
						.,								.,	Name
TM33 TM34			X X			X X	X X						X X		No Groupings Grouped by
1 101 34	NE34		^			^	^						^	^	LaborName / Sorted by LaborName, Emp
TM35	NE35		Х	Х		Х		Х	Х	Х	Х			X	Name No Grouping
TM36			X	X		X		X	X	X	X				Grouped by
															JobtTitleName / Sorted by JTName,
TM37	NE37		Χ			Χ		Х	Χ	Х	Χ		Χ	Х	Emp Name No Groupings
TM38			Χ			Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ		Grouped by
															LaborName / Sorted by LaborName, Emp Name
TM39	NE39		Χ	Χ		X		Χ		Χ				Х	No Grouping
TM40	NE40		Х	Х		Х		Х		Χ				Х	Grouped by JobTileName / Sorted
															by JT Name , Emp Name
TM41	NE41		Χ			Χ		Χ		Χ			Χ	Χ	No Groupings
TM42	NE42		Χ			Χ		Χ		Χ			Χ	Χ	. ,
															LaborName / Sorted by LaborName, Emp Name
TM43	NE43	Χ	X	Х		Χ	Χ							Χ	Grouped by PhaseCode2 / Sorted
TM44	NF44	X	X	X		Х	X							X	by ProjCode2, EmpName, JTName 2 Groupings (Group1-
1 101-4-4	NL44	χ	^	^		^	Λ							,	ProjCode2/Sort1- ProjCode2)(Group2-
															JTName/Sort2-
TM45	NE45	Χ	Х			Χ	Х						Χ	Х	JTName,EmpName) Grouped by
															ProjCode2 / Sort by
															ProjCode2, EmpName,
						.,								.,	LaborName
TM46	NE46	X	Х			Х	Χ						Х	Х	2 Groupings (Group1- ProjCode2/Sort1-
															ProjCode2)(Group2-
															LaborName/Sort2- LaborName,EmpNam
TM 47	NE 47	X	Х	Х		Х		Х	Х	Χ	Х			v	e) Grouped by
TM47	NE4/	^	^	^		^		^	^	^	^			^	ProjCode2 / Sort by
															ProjCode2,
TM48	NE48	Χ	Х	Х		Χ		Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	EmpName, JTName 2 Groupings (Group1-
						•			-	•				-	ProjCode2/Sort1-
															ProjCode2)(Group2- JTName/Sort2-
															JTName,EmpName)

TM49	NE49	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	Grouped by PhaseCode2 / Sorted by ProjCode2, EmpName, LaborName
TM50	NE50	X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	
TM51	NE51	X	X	X	X	X		Х			Х	Grouped by ProjCode2 / Sort by ProjCode2, EmpName, JTName
TM52	NE52	X	X	X	Х	X		X			X	
TM53	NE53	X	X		X	X		X		X	X	
TM54	NE54	X	X		X	X		X		X	X	2 Groupings (Group1- ProjCode2/Sort1- ProjCode2)(Group2- LaborName/Sort2- LaborName,EmpNam e)
000												

<u>ODC</u>							_				
	<u>Phase</u>	Invoic e #	Unit Rate	<u>Qty</u>	Mark up	Am oun	<u>Exp</u> Nam	Paye Prev eNa Billed	<u>Max</u> <u>Allowable</u>	<u>Net</u> Reim	
ODC0		Х	Χ	Х	Х	<u>t</u> X	<u>e</u>	<u>me</u> X - Detail Line		<u>b</u>	No Groupings
ODC0 2		Х	Χ	X	Х	Х	X	X - Detail Line			Group by Expense Name
ODC0						Х	X - Detail Line				No Groupings
ODC0 4	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		X - Detail Line			Group by Project Code2, Project Name2
ODC0 5	Х	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X - Detail Line			GROUP 1 - Group by Project Code2, Project Name2 GROUP 2 - Expense Name
ODC0	Х					Х	X - Detail Line				Group by Project Code2, Project Name2
ODCN E01		Х	Χ	Х	Х	Х		X - X Detai I Line	X	Х	No Groupings
ODCN E02		Х	Χ	Х	Х	X	X	X - X Detai I Line	X	Х	Group by Expense Name
ODCN E03							X - Detail Line	X	X	Χ	No Groupings
ODCN E04	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		X - X Detai I Line	X	Х	Group by Project Code2, Project Name2

ODCN E05	Х	Х	X	X	X	Х	X		X - Detai I Line		X		
ODCN E06	X					Х		Detail ₋ine		X	X		
<u>occ</u>	<u>Phase</u>	Invoic e#	<u>Unit</u> Rate	<u>Qty</u>		<u>oun</u>	<u>Nam</u>	Payee Name				<u>Net</u> <u>Reimb</u>	
OCC0		X	Χ	Χ	Χ	<u>t</u> X	<u>e</u>	Х	<u>u</u>				
1 OCC0		X	Χ	Χ	X	X	Χ	Χ					
2 OCC0		X	Χ	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Х					
3 OCC0	Х	X	Χ	Χ	Х	Х		Х					
4 OCC0	Х	X	Х	Χ	Х	X	Χ	Х					
5 OCC0	Х					Х	Χ						
6 OCCN		Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х	Χ		X	
E01 OCCN		Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ		X	
E02 OCCN		Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ		X	
E03 OCCN	Х	X	Х	Χ	Х	Х		Х	Х	Χ		X	
E04 OCCN	Х	X	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	Χ		X	
E05 OCCN E06	X					Х	Х		Х	X		X	
Summ ary	<u>Contrac</u>	<u>illed</u>	<u>nt</u>	<u>to</u>	Rema								
Recap	Х	X	Billed X	<u>Date</u> X	Х	Inclu							
01 Labor Total0			X				ent D	oes irect La & Profit					
1 Total0 1			X					ımmary and ret		ding			
State ment	Project# <u>/ Name</u>		<u>ce</u>	<u>e</u> Amou			<u>30,</u> <u>31-</u>	<u>Sectio</u>	2				
AR01	Х	Χ	X	nt X	Χ	Χ	<u>60</u>			Client			
AR02			X			Х	X			amoun Client	it - 0-30	- grouped invoice no	

X GROUP 1 - Group by Project Code2, Project Name2 GROUP 2 - Expense

X Group by Project Code2, Project Name2

Name

AR03	Х	X	Χ			X	Χ		Client - grouped by project, invoice no., then trans type.
AR04	Х					Х		X	Client - broken down by metric
AR05	X	Χ	Х	Χ	X	Χ			type. Client - project
AR06	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ			same as AR05
AR07	Χ	Х	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ	Χ		**Project Only - 0- 30 format
AR08	X	Χ	Χ	Χ	X	X			**Project Only - broken down by metric type

4.11.13.4 Section Features Tab

Overview

The Section Features Tab is a tool used in Invoice Design to determine which section to use in an invoice design. By filtering each column a user can narrow down a section to copy. The funnel at the top of the columns can be used to filter the list.

Field Descriptions

- Section The name of the Section that can be copied from the Section Copy Wizard. More on <u>Invoice</u>
 <u>Section Descriptions</u>
- Hourly Based When checked, the section is an Hourly Section. When unchecked, it is a Fixed Fee or Lump Sum.
- Use Bill Rate Hourly Based Only. When checked, the section uses Bill Rates for it's labor effort. When
 unchecked, it uses Cost numbers with multipliers.
- Sublevels Denotes the level of the WBS the section displays. 0=Project, 1=Phase, 2=Task
- Labor Cap Type Denotes sections that enforce a labor cap.

4.11.14 Invoice Posting Groups

Overview

The Invoice posting groups allow you to override the normal G/L posting accounts in automated invoicing located at Accounts Receivable>Automated Invoicing>Posting Tab.

Key Concepts

- The accounts found on the Posting Accounts tab in Automated Invoicing are the same ones you can set up in an Invoice Posting Group.
- Once you have set one or more Groups you can then right click on any level of the WBS of the Project
 (More on Editing Project Settings) and select Invoice Posting Groups to assign the group. The system
 will hunt up the WBS tree (lowest level to top level) to find a G/L account. If none is found it uses the
 account found in Automated Invoicing. There are two exceptions.
 - The A/R account will only be looked at on the top level of the WBS. In other words it has no effect on phases and tasks.
 - If you are posting to the expense code and the expense code has either a billed revenue or markup revenue account assigned in expense codes or expense groups then that will override any assignment in the posting group.

Field Descriptions

Invoice Posting Groups Window

Name - This column contains the name of Invoice Posting Groups that exist in the system.

Title

Title - This column contains the name of Invoice Posting Groups that is selected. You can edit the title
here.

Accounts

- A/R Account A/R account to process. Required.
- Direct Labor Base account to which the base amount for hourly labor is posted.
- Overhead Base account to which the DPE plus OH amount for hourly labor is posted.
- Labor Profit Base account to which the profit portion for hourly labor is posted.
- Fixed Fee Base account to which the fixed fee is posted.
- Direct ODC Base account to which the non-marked up portion of OCC expenses is posted.
- Profit ODC Base account to which the marked-up portion of ODC expenses is posted to.
- Direct OCC Base account to post non-marked up portion of OCC expenses to.
- Profit OCC Base account to post marked-up portion of OCC expenses to. If not supplied, direct account
 is used.
- ICC Base account to which ICC portion of fixed fee is posted.

- Retainage Base account to use for retainage.
- Retainer Base account to use for retainers.

4.11.15 Item Scripter

Overview

Advanced Users

Item Scripter allows you to generate SQL scripts for custom items in InFocus.

Generated scripts can be used to **INSERT** or **UPDATE** the item in another InFocus database and are listed across tabs in the order of deployment (e.g. Script 1, Script 2, etc.).

Supported Item types include:

- Action/Reports Custom reports built in Custom Reports applet and with ReportBuilder
- Analytic Dashboard Analytic Dashboard views designed in Analytic Dashboard Designer
- · Analytic Model Queries entered as Analytic Models in Dashboard Queries Manager
- Chart Chart widgets built in Dashboard Queries Manager
- Gridget Gridgets built in Dashboard Queries Manager
- Invoice Invoice designs
- Tile Tile widgets built in Dashboard Queries Manager

When would I use this?

Item Scripter is generally only used to generate scripts for installing (or updating) supported items in another InFocus database.

Tutorial

To generate scripts for an item:

- 1. Browse to UT>Item Scripter
- 2. Select an item type from the drop-down
- 3. Double-click an Item from the list
- 4. Select **INSERT** or **UPDATE** as appropriate
- 5. Click Generate Scripts

Generated scripts are listed across tabs in the order of deployment. Scripts can be copied or exported as needed for deployment. Generally, scripts would be deployed in the destination InFocus database using <u>SQL</u> <u>Query applet</u>. Please note: SQL Queries can directly affect the InFocus database. Use caution.

Field Descriptions

- Item Type Drop-down displaying supported item types
- Item list List of available items
- INSERT Check to generate insert scripts
- UPDATE Check to generate update scripts
- Generate Scripts Click to generate scripts for the selected item
- Copy Tab to Clipboard Copies the text of the selected tab to the Clipboard
- Copy all Tabs to Clipboard Copies the text of all tabs to the Clipboard
- Export to a Single File Exports a single .sql file through a Save As dialogue
- Export to File per Tab Exports a .sql file for each tab using the Export Directory and File Name Mask (see below)
- Export Directory Sets the location for saving files when using Export to File per Tab
- File Name Mask Sets the variables for naming the files exported with Export to File per Tab.
 - o {name} Name of item
 - o {type} Chart, Tile, Report, etc.
 - o {state} INSERT or UPDATE
 - o {index} 1, 2,... order of script

4.11.16 Layout Manager

Overview

The Layout Manager gives you the ability to customize the layout of all master file applets (Clients, Contacts, Employees, Firms, Opportunities, Projects and Vendors).

Key Concepts

- With the Layout Manager, you have the ability to require that additional information be entered before you
 save, change the order and appearance of any tab (i.e. font color & size, location of sections, etc.) and
 incorporate UDF's into any tab.
- For more information on using the Layout Manager, follow this link: More on Working with the Layout Manager.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

Copy System Form - When selected, the Layout fills the selected Form with the default layout of the specified applet.

4.11.16.1 Layout Manager Detail

Overview

The Layout Manager detail gives you the ability to customize the layout of all master file applets (Clients,

Contacts, Employees, Firms, Opportunities, Projects and Vendors).

Field Descriptions

Side Window

- Forms Drop-down contains the applets that can be modified through the Layout Manager. Options are Clients, Contacts, Employees, Firms, Opportunities, Projects and Vendors.
- Custom Mode When selected, the applet in the Forms drop-down is in a Custom Mode. That means that you are not seeing the default layout in that applet.
- System Fields List of fields available in the specified applet.

Tabs Window

Description - The items in this grid list the Tabs available in the applet. You can Add/Delete a Tab by clicking on the green (+) or red (x). Double click on the row to change the any of the following fields.

- Name Name of the Tab.
- Columns Number of columns on the tab.
- Use Buffer Column When checked, a space is added between multiple columns.

Sections Window

Description - The items in this grid list the sections within a Tab. You can Add/Delete a Section by clicking on the green (+) or red (x). Double click on the row to change the any of the following fields.

- Name Section Name
- Columns Number of columns in the section.
- Tab Column Number of columns within the Tab.

Additional Columns when you double click on the row

- Hide Header When selected, the header will not display.
- Hide Label Column When selected, the Label will not display.
- Font Name Font Family used in the Section.
- · Font Size Font Size used in the Section.
- Bold When selected, the text is bold.
- Forecolor Forecolor of section.
- · Backcolor Backcolor of section.

Column 1 & 2 Fields Window

Description - The Columns in this grid list the the items that will be in the section. These are the data entry pieces. You can Add/Delete a Section by clicking on the green (+) or red (x). Double click on the row to change the any of the following fields.

- Label Label of the item
- · Width Width of the item
- Height Height of the item

Additional Columns when you double click on the row

- Format String Format of the data returned from the item
- Required When checked, the item must be filled out in order to Save.
- Show Label When checked, the label will display next to the item.
- Fill Check if you would like your field to expand to fit the content in the field. Fields can expand to fill the space within the boundaries of their section.
- Space Row when checked, it adds space above the field in the section. This is similar to inserting a row in Excel.
- Section Column Select the section column to display the field in
- Size Configure the size of the field (in pixels)

4.11.17 Map Queries

Overview

Map Queries manages the queries used by the Map Viewer. Here you can create custom queries that can be viewed in the Map Viewer. Hover over the Tool tip to see what variables are needed to create a custom map query.

Key Concepts

 All Master Files have Geocode buttons on their addresses that get the Latitude and Longitude of an address. These can be used in queries to develop your own custom map views.

4.11.18 Marketplace Purchases

Overview

InFocus Marketplace makes it easy to extend the functionality of InFocus. Reports, Invoice Designs, Dashboard Widgets, Actions and Analytic Models are all made readily available to download.

Purchases made from the Marketplace will automatically reflect in InFocus via Utilities>Marketplace

Purchases. From there you can install your items and manage them by linking through to their native applets.

Marketplace Items - Native Applets

- Reports (Custom, PM and Report Management Reports)
 - Custom Reports <u>Utilities>Custom Reports</u>
 - o PM Reports <u>Utilities>PM Report Designer</u>
 - Report Management Reports <u>Utilities>Report Management</u>
- Invoices <u>Utilities>Invoice Design</u>
- Widgets <u>Utilities>Dashboard Groups</u> (Advanced users can edit/customize installed widgets via Utilities>Dashboard Queries Manager)
- Actions Utilities>Custom Reports
- Analytic Models <u>Utilities>Dashboard Queries Manager</u>

Included in this Section

- Applet Field Descriptions (below)
- Marketplace Purchases Setup
- Installing Marketplace Items
- Managing Marketplace Items

Field Descriptions

Below is a list of standard applet fields/buttons/elements used in the Marketplace Purchases applet.

Menu Options

File/Help - Lists standard InFocus File and Help options

Toolbar Options

- Refresh Clicking refreshes the applet. This also checks for new installs or updates from the Marketplace.
- Install / Update Installs and Updates purchased items

Applet Options and Filters

- InFocus Marketplace link Launches a browser and directs to InFocus Marketplace
- Filter Options (listed on the left) Select to filter the purchased items displayed

Purchased Items Grid

- Status Instal/Update status
- Name Item Name
- Extension Type Types include Reports, Invoices, Widgets, Actions, Bundles
- Category Item category from the Marketplace

- Versions InFocus-Item Version associated with the item
- Purchase Date Date of original purchase
- Manage Opens the item for management in it's native applet
 - Reports (Custom, PM and Report Management Reports)
 - Custom Reports Utilities>Custom Reports
 - PM Reports Utilities>PM Report Designer
 - Report Management Reports Utilities>Report Management
 - o Invoices Utilities>Invoice Design
 - o Widgets Utilities>Dashboard Groups
 - Actions Utilities>Custom Reports

4.11.18.1 Marketplace Purchases Seup

Overview

By default, permissions to this applet are not allowed. Please ensure the following configurations to deploy this applet.

Permissions

Check the appropriate permissions via <u>Administration>Permissions</u>. As a best practice, these administrative features should only be allowed to those in an administrator group.

4.11.18.2Installing Marketplace Items

Overview

Once a Marketplace Item has been purchased, it can be installed via Marketplace Purchases applet by completing the following steps. Installed items can be accessed and managed from their <u>native InFocus</u> applet.

Tutorial

Once you've purchased the item

- 1. Browse to Utilities>Marketplace Purchases. Your purchased items will be displayed.
- 2. Select the item(s) to install
- 3. Click Install/Update from the toolbar.
- 4. Once installed, you can manage the item by clicking it's Manage link (gear icon)

4.11.18.3 Managing Marketplace Items

Overview

Once a Marketplace Item has been purchased, it can be <u>installed</u> via Marketplace Purchases applet by completing the following steps. Installed items can be accessed and managed from their <u>native InFocus applet</u>.

Tutorials

Below is a brief discussion for managing each item.

Reports

Reports include Custom, PM and Standard Reports and can be managed as follows:

- How to manage Custom Reports
- How to manage PM Reports
- How to manage Report Management Reports

Invoices

Invoices are managed via Utilities>Invoice Design

Widgets

Widgets are managed by adding them to a Dashboard Group via **Utilities>Dashboard Groups**. Read more via the article below.

Adding Widgets

Actions

Similar to Reports, Actions are managed via **Utilities>Custom Reports**.

How to manage Custom Reports

Analytic Models

Analytic Models are used when designing Analytic Dashboard views. They are managed via **Utilities>Dashboard Queries Manager**.

How to manage Analytic Models

Bundles

Bundles are made up of multiple items. Each item will install and can be managed in it's native applet.

4.11.19 Messages Manager

Overview

Messages Manager gives you the ability to communicate key information from InFocus. With support for onevent emailing, you'll be able to keep your staff and clients more connected through InFocus.

Note Messages Manager is developer tool. If additional assistance is needed, please contact Clearview Support.

Field Descriptions

Toolbar

- New Creates a new message under the selected message type
- Save Saves the selected message
- Copy Copies the selected message
- Delete Deletes the selected message
- Send Test Sends a test based on a provided KeyID

Messages Tab

Selections Pane

- Message Type (drop down) Used to categorize messages (e.g Email, Webhook, etc.)
- Name (selection pane) List of messages to select from

Messages Pane

- Name Name of the selected message
- Message Type Designates the message type for categorization
- Content Wrapper Specifies a content wrapper to define the design of the email
- IsActive When checked, message is active

Content Tab

Defines the content to be sent in the message. While messages can be used for purposes other than email, for context, the documentation below

- Subject Message subject
- SMTP Relay SMPT Relay used to send the message. Available relays are defined via AD>Global Settings>SMTP / Webhoook Relay Servers.
- HTML Body Body of the message, supports HTML markup.
- Body Body of the message, supports plain text. Only used if HTML Body is blank.
- Preview Click to render a preview of the message.

Queries Tab

Messages are dynamic in that they can be used to communicate a defined set of information to one or many recipients.

These parameters are defined on the Queries tab.

- Render Variables Used to return a result set for processing when rendering a message. The result set must contain two columns.
 - VariableName (nvarchar) Name of the variable. Must be defined in the query and should be returned as a string wrapped in braces (e.g. '{{Body}}'). The VariableName can be referenced in the content of the message. For instance, the HTML Body could contain a reference to {{Body}} which, upon render, would be replaced with the VariableValue.
 - VariableValue (nvarchar) Results returned in the variable. Must be declared in the query (e.g. @Body)

- KeyID Specifies the internal InFocus record ID to use in the query.
- Recipient List Query to define the recipients. The result set should return the following columns- one of which should be null.
 - o EmpID (int) Use to specify a single Employee
 - o Receipients (nvarchar) Use to supply a comma separated list of email addresses.
- Attachments Query to define documents to be sent with the message. The result set should return the the following columns
 - UniqueName (nvarchar)
 - FileName (nvarchar)
 - PdfFileName (nvarchar) If supplied, all files with matching values will be merged into a single PDF file. Optional.
 - o ZipFileName (nvarchar) If supplied, all matching values will be added to a .zip file. Optional.

Headers Tab

Optionally supply additional Headers. The header values will be processed by the Render Query as well as the Standard Variable Replacement.

- Name Header name
- Value Header value

Wrappers Tab

- Name Wrapper name
- Content Variable Variable Name, must be contained in braces (e.g. {{TEMPLATE-CONTENT}}
- Wrapper Text Style sheet to be used by the wrapper.

4.11.20 Navigator Queries

Overview

This is an extremely powerful search (navigation) function. It affects the most commonly used screens and makes finding transactions and/or records much easier. The selections available in the InFocus Navigator are driven by data queries. Each of these system queries can be edited as needed. Additionally, custom queries can be written to be utilized by the Navigator.

*Keystroke Note: Utilize the InFocus Navigator by clicking Ctrl + Tab and selecting Navigator in the Tools section of the pop up.

Field Description

<u>Queries Drop-down</u> - When you click on the drop-down, a list of both system and custom queries to select show up here. The queries in the list are specific to the applet that you are currently in (Fig. 1 is currently in the Projects applet).

Query Return Window - The window displays the results of the query selected in the Drop-down.

<u>Queue Window</u> - This window displays all items selected from the Query Return Window. To get items to display here, Left-click and highlight the items. Next, click the Add To Queue button. Once items are here, you are able to move through them using the arrows at the bottom of the window.

Note - You are able to export the queries to Excel for personal use.

Queries

Chart Of Accounts

- Active By Code
- Active By Cost Type
- Active By Financial Type
- Active By FS Group
- Active By Metric Type
- Active By Name
- Active By Org Unit
- Active By PM Type
- Active By Revenue Type
- Active Others
- By Code
- By Name
- By Register Type
- By Subledger
- Inactive By Code
- Inactive By Financial Type
- Inactive By FS Group
- Inactive By Name
- Inactive Others

Clients

- Active By Code
- Active By Name
- Active By Specialty
- Active By type
- By Code
- By Main Contact
- By Marketing Contact
- By Name
- By Sales Contact
- Inactive By Code
- Inactive By Name
- Inactive By Specialty
- Inactive By Type
- Open A/R
- Warnings

Disbursement Journal

- Book Marks
- By Bank Account, Check No
- By Payee
- By Payee Last 2 Weeks
- By Payee Last 6 Periods
- By Project
- By Project Last 2 Weeks
- By Project Last 6 Periods
- By Sales Invoice
- Cleared By Bank Rec Date
- Cleared By Check Number
- Error Suspense
- Last 2 Weeks
- Last 6 Periods
- This Period
- Unbilled By Payee, Check Number
- Unbilled By Payee, Project
- Unbilled By Project, Payee
- Uncleared By Check Number
- Zero Dollar Checks

Employee Reimbursables

- Book Marks
- By Employee
- By Employee Last 2 Weeks
- By Employee Last 6 Periods
- By Project
- By Project Last 2 Weeks
- By Project Last 6 Periods
- By Sales Invoice
- Emp Reim Open By Invoice Date
- Error Suspense
- Last 2 Weeks
- Last 6 Periods
- Open By Employee
- This Period
- Unbilled By Employee, Invoice Date
- Unbilled By Employee, Project
- Unbilled By Project, Employee

Employees

- Active By Code
- Active By Dashboard Group
- Active By Job Title
- Active By Job Type
- Active By Manager
- Active By Name
- Active By Org Unit

- Active By Payroll Group
- Active By Timesheet Group
- Birthdays
- By Anniversary Month
- By Code
- By Name
- Inactive By Code
- Inactive By Job Type
- Inactive By Manager
- Inactive By Name
- Inactive By Org Unit
- Last Review
- Open E/R

Expense Sheets

- My Expensesheets By Check No.
- My Expensesheets By Date
- My Expensesheets By Project Code
- My Expensesheets By Project Name
- My Unpaid Expensesheets
- Open By Approver
- Open By Date
- Open By Employee
- Unapproved Where I Am The Alt Approver
- Unapproved Where I Am The Approver
- Unpaid By Employee

General Journal

- Bank Adjustments
- Book Marks
- By Period
- Credit Card Cash Basis
- End of Year Closings
- Error Suspense
- Invalid Bank Transfers
- Labor Distributions
- Last 2 Weeks
- Last 6 Periods
- Rev Rec/Profit Sharing
- This Period

Project Central

- Active Projects
- Active Rollup Projects
- All Billable Projects
- By Client
- By Contract Type
- By Market
- By Org Unit
- By Principal

- By Project Accountant
- By Project Manager
- By Rate Schedule
- By Report Type
- · Consultant charged in last 5 days
- Dormant Projects
- Inactive Opportunities
- Inactive Projects
- Labor charged in last 5 days
- Open A/R
- Opportunities
- Opportunities By Stage
- Overbudget Projects
- Overdue by 45 Days or More
- Plan Templates
- Project Plans
- Projects Active This Year
- Projects with Backlog
- Projects with WIP
- Scheduled in next 5 days
- Unapproved Change Orders
- Unapproved Expense Sheets
- Unapproved Time

Project Planning

- Active By Billing Group
- Active By Client
- Active By Code
- Active By Contract Type
- Active By Expense Group
- Active By Invoice Design
- Active By Invoice Group
- Active By Market
- Active By Name
- Active By Org Unit
- Active By PIC
- Active By Prj Acct
- Active By Pri Mgr
- Active By Rate Schdule
- Active By Report Type
- Active Fixed Fee Projects
- Active Indirect
- Active Opportunities By Code
- Active Opportunities By Name
- Active Plans
- Active Projects With WIP
- Active With No Bill Rate Schedule
- By Code
- By Name
- Inactive By Prj Mgr
- Inactive By Client

- Inactive By Code
- Inactive By Contract Type
- Inactive By Market
- Inactive By Name
- Inactive By Org Unit
- Inactive By PIC
- Inactive By Prj Acct
- Inactive By Report type
- Inactive Indirect
- Inactive Opportunities By Code
- Inactive Opportunities By Name
- Inactive Plans
- My Active Projects
- My Inactive Projects
- Open A/R
- Plan Templates
- Scheduled in next 5 days
- Unapproved Change Orders
- Unapproved Time

Projects

- Active By Billing Group
- Active By Client
- Active By Code
- Active By Contract Type
- Active By Expense Group
- Active By Invoice Design
- Active By Invoice Group
- Active By Market
- Active By Name
- Active By Org Unit
- Active By PIC
- Active By Prj Acct
- Active By Prj Mgr
- Active By Rate Schdule
- Active By Report Type
- Active Fixed Fee Projects
- Active Indirect
- Active Opportunities By Code
- Active Opportunities By Name
- Active Plans
- Active Projects With WIP
- Active With No Bill Rate Schedule
- By Code
- By Name
- Inactive By Prj Mgr
- Inactive By Client
- Inactive By Code
- Inactive By Contract Type
- Inactive By Market
- Inactive By Name

- Inactive By Org Unit
- Inactive By PIC
- Inactive By Prj Acct
- Inactive By Report type
- Inactive Indirect
- Inactive Opportunities By Code
- Inactive Opportunities By Name
- Inactive Plans
- My Active Projects
- My Inactive Projects
- Open A/R
- Projects Active This Year
- Unapproved Change Orders
- Unapproved Time

Purchase Journal

- Book Marks
- By Project
- By Project Last 2 Week
- By Project Last 6 Periods
- By Sales Invoice
- By Vendor
- By Vendor Last 2 Weeks
- By Vendor Last 6 Periods
- Error Suspense
- Last 2 Weeks
- Last 6 Periods
- Open By Due Date
- Open By Vendor
- This Period
- Unbilled By Project, Vendor
- Unbilled By Vendor, Invoice
- Unbilled By Vendor, Project

Receipt Journal

- Book Marks
- By Bank Account, Deposit Date
- By Payer
- By Payer Last 2 Weeks
- By Payer Last 6 Periods
- By Project
- By Project Last 2 Weeks
- By Project last 6 Weeks
- Cleared By Bank Rec Date
- Cleared By Deposit Date
- Error Suspense
- Last 2 Weeks
- Last 6 Periods
- This Period
- Uncleared By Check Date

Sales Journal

- Book Marks
- By Client
- By Client Last 2 Weeks
- By Client Last 6 Periods
- By Project
- By Project Last 2 Weeks
- By Project Last 6 Periods
- Credit Memos
- Error Suspense
- Last 2 Weeks
- Last 6 Periods
- Open By Clients
- Open By Due Date
- This Invoicing Period
- This Period
- Zero Dollar Invoices

Time Sheet

- My Timesheets By P/E Date
- My Timesheets By Project Code
- My Timesheets By Project Name
- Open By Approver
- Open By Employee
- Open By P/E Date
- Unapproved Where I Am The Alt Approver
- Unapproved Where I Am The Approver

Timesheet Adjustments

- By Employee
- By Employee Last 12 Weeks
- By P/E Date
- By P/E Date Last 12 Weeks
- By Project, Employee
- By Project, P/E Date
- By Sales Invoice
- Unbilled By Project, Employee
- Unbilled By Project, P/E Date
- Unprocessed Time

Vendors

- Active By 1099 Type
- Active By Code
- Active By Name
- Active By Type
- By Code
- By Name
- Inactive By 1099 Type
- Inactive By Code

- Inactive By Name
- Inactive By Type
- Open A/P

4.11.21 OH Allocation Scripts

Overview

The OH Scripts applet is where you can Optionally build the scripts that will be run when using the Overhead Allocation utility. More on Overhead Allocation

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar Options</u>

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

- Script When selected, you get a are prompt to enter a New Script.
- Print Script Results Runs the OH Scripts Report. More on the OH Scripts Report

Field Descriptions

Name

Name - Name of the Overhead Allocation Script. Double-click on it to bring it into focus.

Header

- Script Name Name of the Overhead Allocation Script. It can be edited here.
- Calculation Type Calculation Type that will be used by the Allocation Script. Options are Single Period,
 Multi-Period and Balance Forward.
- Variance Account Account that the Variance will be posted to when the utility is run.

Settings

- Calc. Labor From Timesheet When checked, the Labor amounts will be calculated from Timesheet transactions when the Allocation Script is run.
- Clear Previous OH Allocation When checked, the previous Overhead Allocation will be deleted when the Allocation Script is run.
- Is DPE When checked, the script is used to calculate DPE.

- Only Use timesheets processed by labor distribution When checked, only timesheets processed by Labor Distribution utility will be used by the script. <u>More on Labor Distribution</u>
- Use Work Dates When checked, the Work Dates will be used when the Allocation Script is run.

Script Steps

Description - Double click to bring into focus. Line items here are entered through the Step Properties
when you click Add Step at the bottom of the grid. More on Step Properties

4.11.21.1 Step Properties

Overview

The *Step Properties* appears when you click *Add Step* at the bottom of the OH Allocation Scripts>Script Steps grid. More on OH Allocation Scripts

Field Descriptions

Header

- Step Number Step Number that the script will be run in the Overhead Allocation Script.
- Description Description of the Script.
- Method Method to be calculated by the script. Options are Direct Labor and Total Labor.
- From G/L Account Source G/L Account
- To Base Account Destination G/L Account
- Apply to Projects When checked, the step will apply to the projects.

Source Tab

Org Units

Org Units - When selected, the Org unit is used as a source Org Unit in the Script Step. More on Org
Units

Accounts

- Accounts When selected, the Accounts selected are used as a source Account in the Script Step. More
 on GL Accounts
- All Indirect When selected, all indirect Accounts will be used as a source Account in the Script Step.
- · Lines Lines to be called in the script
 - o Line No Order that the line will be calculated when the Script Step is run.
 - o Org. Path Org Path that the line will calculated when the Script Step is run.

Target Tab

- Use When selected, the Org Unit is considered a target for the Script Step
- Include Children When selected, the children of the Organizational Unit are included in the Script Step.
- · Org Path Path of the Organizational Unit.

4.11.22 Overhead Allocation

Overview

The Overhead Allocation applet manages how overhead is viewed. This is an Advanced feature offered by InFocus. It is recommended that you contact support to schedule a consultation before you implement this feature.

Toolbar

The InFocus Toolbar is dynamically built in accordance with the active applet on the screen. <u>More on Toolbar Options</u>

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

 Automate Allocations - When clicked, the Overhead Allocation Editor appears. More on the Overhead Allocation Pop-up

Field Descriptions

Display

- DPE Select this if the allocation is for DPE.
- Overhead Select this if the allocation is for overhead.

G/L Period

G/L Period - General ledger accounting period to use for posting and labor transaction evaluation.

Overhead Allocation Grid

Project Path - Path of Project to be included in Allocation when it is run.

- Project Path Path of Project to be included in Allocation when it is run.
- Project Name Name of Project to be included in Allocation when it is run.

4.11.22.1 Overhead Allocation Pop-up

Overview

The Overhead Allocations Editor is where you manage your Overhead Allocations.

Note - Clicking Run will make a transaction for all WBS bottom nodes worked on in the period. These can later be edited, deleted, or added to manually.

Field Descriptions

G/L Period

• G/L Period - General Ledger accounting period to use for posting and labor transaction evaluation.

Specified Multipliers

Options

- DPE When checked, this allocation is for DPE (Direct Personal Expense).
- Overhead When checked, this allocation is for Overhead.

G/L Period or Work Date

- Period When checked, only labor transactions processed by labor distribution for the given period are to be included.
- Work Date When checked, all labor transactions whose work date falls within the given period are to be included.
- Multiplier Multiplier used when the Overhead Allocation tool is run.
- OH Allocation Script When selected, an OH Allocation Script to run Overhead Allocation can be selected. More on OH Allocation Scripts

4.11.23 PM Report Designer

Overview

Project Management Reports are project-based reports.

Key Concepts

- You can find a description of system PM Reports in the InFocus System Reports chapter of this manual.
 More on InFocus PM Reports
- The Original PM report cannot be modified, however, if you would like to customize the report, you can do
 so by copying the system version of the report make changes through the Microsoft Business Intelligence
 Development Studio. A link to the tool is located on the support site here.
- To export the raw data of the report to Excel without including headers, footers, and grouping areas (i.e., a two-dimensional listing), click on the *View Data* button. The report data will appear in a grid that can then be exported.
- Only data related to projects is available. The data are grouped into these five categories:
 - Aggregates Aggregates are transaction data that CAN be accumulated (summed or totaled). An
 example is Hours Worked. While all aggregates are numeric, not all numeric's are aggregate. Bill Rate
 is not an aggregate because summing a bill rate is illogical. More on Aggregates
 - Non-Aggregates Non-aggregates are a transaction data that CANNOT be accumulated. Examples are Employee Name or Invoice Date. More on Non-Aggregates
 - Project Fact All fields that come from the Bill Terms Node (Project) are found here. Client name would be one example.
 - Project Fields that can be set at any level of the WBS are found here. Labor contract amount is one example.
 - o Project UDF Project user-definable fields.
- Up to three periods or data ranges can appear on a report. For instance, Current Hours and Project-to-Date Hours can be viewed. The periods affect the aggregate fields only. They create multiple copies of those fields in the dataset by appending a _1, _2, or _3 to the field name.
- There are two types of reports simple and intermediate.
 - Intermediate reports require downloading the report layout, modifying it in Microsoft Report Designer, and then uploading the layout.
 - Both Simple and Intermediate designs require selecting columns, configuring report parameter defaults, and setting security.
- The reports that come with InFocus are preserved in a separate table from those designed by the user. Shipped reports can be copied into the user's own custom designs.
- Here is a video that takes a deeper look into running InFocus reports: More on Running InFocus Reports.

Customizing a Project Management Report

• To create a custom PM report, first select the report in the PM Report Designer applet using the list on the left part of the screen.

- The Copy function is located in the toolbar menu, click Copy.
- When clicked, it will prompt for a report name that must be unique. Add the name and click OK.
- After copying a report, it can be downloaded (*Download* button located on the toolbar) to a local disk folder and modified using Microsoft Report Designer.

Note - Knowledge of using the Microsoft BIDS tool is required. All customizations NOT completed by a Clearview technician are NOT supported by Clearview Support.

When done, use the Upload function in the Report Management applet to save your design. <u>More on</u>
 Uploading a report

4.11.23.1PM Report Interface

Overview

This PM Report Designer allows the end user to Use/Construct his own PM Reports that will be housed in the application and appear on the Report List of the PM Reports. Knowledge of SQL is required.

Key Concepts

- Included with the PM Reports applet are nineteen pre-designed reports. The nineteen reports can be
 filtered by date range, project date, charge type, sector, report type, and status. Click the Edit Prompts
 Default button on the toolbar to set defaults. The user must have access to this applet in the permissions
 module to use this applet.
- On the Applet window at the left is a list of reports. Double-click a report to bring it up in the edit mode on the right. If it is a system report, it cannot be changed. The details will be grayed out.
- Print Expanded Project management reports use drill-down and are shown in a collapsed mode. When
 Print Expanded is checked, all drill-downs are expanded. To see the details in the drill-down in a printed
 copy, check this option.
- To export the raw data of the report to Excel without including headers, footers, and grouping areas (i.e., a two-dimensional listing), click on the View Data button. The data that comprise the report will appear in a grid, which can then be exported.

4.11.23.2 Report Details Tab

Overview

The Report Details Tab contains the main details of the PM Report.

Field Descriptions

Active - When checked, this is an active report.

Name & Title

- Report Name Name of report (No Spaces Allowed)
- Report Title Title to print on report
- Is Summary When checked, Employees with the "Is Summary" rate access (<u>Employees>Accounting</u>
 Rates Tab) can see those rates on the report.

Report Type

- Limit Project Leaders When checked, project leaders will see only the projects they are assigned to.
 This can be overridden for a project leader with the special permission Can Override Limit to Project Leader.
- Use Range For Period 1 When checked, period 1 will prompt for a start and end date; otherwise, only an end date is requested.
- Periods Number of periods on report. As you select a number, fields in the Period Prompts section are activated.

Period Prompts

- Period 1 Prompt Prompt text for period 1.
- Period 2 Type of Period. Choices are Calendar Year-to-Date, Fiscal Year-to-Date, Project-to-date, and Custom. All but Custom use a Period 1 end date and require no prompt. Custom prompts for a data range.
- Period 2 Prompt Prompt text for period 2.
- Period 3 Type of Period. Choices are Calendar Year-to-Date, Fiscal Year-to-Date, Project-to-date, and Custom. All but Custom use a Period 1 end date and require no prompt. Custom prompts for a data range.
- Period 3 Prompt Prompt text for period 3.
- Where Clause A SQL Where Clause can be added here. Knowledge of SQL is required.
- Description Description of report. Informational only.
- Results Override Additional SQL can be added here to extend the data returned. The PM Report
 designer returns a table named #results. The table can be joined against in this window. Knowledge of

SQL is required.

Show Advanced Options

- Eliminate Tx with Zero Balances For When checked, the report will not return transactions containing zero balance for the following types:
 - o Revenue
 - Cost
 - o Budget
- Group Data When checked, data is group based on all columns (except aggregates). This is the normal
 operation. Only uncheck it if you want to see individual records.
- Denormalize WBS When checked, the fields that breakdown the WBS are broken into separate fields.
 Ex. ProjectPath becomes ProjectPath1 (Project Level), ProjectPath2 (Phase Level), ProjectPath3 (Task Level), and ProjectPath4 (Subtask Level)
- Use v1.5.0+ Date Format If you are running a version of InFocus that is greater than version 1.5.0, this
 box should be checked.

4.11.23.3 Layout Tab

Overview

The Layout Tab. This tab is available only for simple reports. Simple reports allow for a fixed number of columns (based on a template) to be defined. The columns are limited to the aggregate columns.

Key Concepts

Access simple reports in the toolbar by clicking New in the Toolbar and then choosing Simple Report.

Field Descriptions

- Template Drop-down list of predefined shipped templates.
- Col # Column number. Order column appears to the left of fixed columns in template.
- Header Line 1 1st line of column header.
- Header Line 2 2nd line of column header.
- Period Period version of aggregate column.
- Column Aggregate column.
- Format Print numeric format. Choices determine number of decimal places, whether to print zero figures, and largest number allowed.

Leaving blank rows between the column definitions will leave blank spacing in the report.

4.11.23.4Columns Tab

Overview

The Columns tab is visible for intermediate reports. The available fields in the report are specified here.

Key Concepts

- Access Intermediate Reports in the toolbar by clicking New in the Toolbar and then choosing Intermediate Report.
- The screen has two lists:
 - Available Columns
 - o Current Columns
- To include a column To include a column, highlight it in the Available Columns list and click on the right arrow button.
- To remove a column To remove a column, highlight it in the Current Columns list and click on the left arrow button.
- Lists can be filtered by the type of field by using the Available Columns and Current Columns dropdown menus. The choices are aggregate, non-aggregate, project, project facts, and UDF (Project UDF's).
- Available Columns list can be additionally filtered by typing in the list filter (located at the top of the Available Columns list
- The following sections will give a definition of the aggregate and non-aggregate fields. Definitions for the other three types can be found in the online data dictionary.

4.11.23.5 Aggregates

Overview

The majority of aggregate fields follow a basic set of syntactical rules with a root word that can have multiple prefixes and suffixes. Understanding the syntax of the fields is key. Review the Key Concept on how to find what the fields represent.

Key Concepts

Root Words

- Cost Labor and expense cost values from transactions. In the case of labor it can be at pay rate or job cost rate depending on global settings.
- o Billed Billed Revenue
- o UnBilled Unbilled Revenue
- o Earned Earned Revenue. Billed revenue plus unbilled revenue.
- o Wip Work In Progress
- Budget Budget dollars
- Alloc Allocated Dollars
- First Prefix Only used with budget and alloc root words.
 - o BL Base line.
- Second Prefix Used with all root words
 - o Labor Project management type is labor
 - ODC Project management type is other direct charges
 - o OCC Project management type is out-of-contract consultants
 - ICC In-contract consultants
- First Suffix Used with cost root word.
 - o MU Marked-up value. For labor, it means bill rate; for expenses, it is the billable value.
- Second Suffix Used with cost root word.
 - Rnd Rounded to two decimal places value.
- Third Suffix Used with cost root word.
 - o A Adjustments. All versions of a cost transaction except its most recent.
 - o N Transactions with a bill status of Never Bill.
 - o B Transactions with a bill status of Billed.
 - R Transactions with a bill status of Ready to Bill.
 - H Transactions with a bill status of Hold.
 - o W Transactions with a bill status of Writeoff.
- Examples Variations of the root word cost.
 - o Cost Cost of all labor and expense transactions. Unrounded
 - o CostRND Cost of all labor and expense transactions. Rounded
 - LaborCost Cost of labor transactions unrounded.
 - ODCCostMU Marked up value of ODC transactions
 - OCCCostMUH Marked up value of OCC transactions that are on hold.

- AllocAmount Total allocated dollars
- BadDebt Bad debt
- Billed Total billed revenue
- BLHoursBudget Baseline budgeted hours
- BLICCBudget Baseline ICC budget dollars
- BLICCBudgetPA Baseline ICC budget percent allocated
- BLLaborBudget Baseline labor budget dollars
- BLLaborBudgetPA -Baseline labor budget percent allocated
- BLOCCBudget Baseline OCC budget dollars
- BLOCCBudgetPA Baseline OCC budget percent allocated
- BLODCBudget Baseline ODC budget dollars
- BLODCBudgetPA Baseline ODC budget percent allocated
- Budget Total budget dollars
- BudgetPA Total budget percent allocated
- Cost Total cost
- CostA Total cost of Non-Current Transactions
- CostB Total cost of Billed Transactions
- CostH Total cost of Hold Transactions
- CostMU Total marked-up Value Cost Transactions
- CostMUA Total marked-up Value of Non-Current Transactions
- CostMUB Total marked-up Value of Billed Transactions
- CostMUH Total marked up value Hold Transactions
- CostMUN Total marked-up value of Never Bill Transactions
- CostMUR Total marked-up value of Ready-to-Bill Transactions
- CostMURnd Total marked-up value of Cost Transactions; rounded
- CostMURndA Total marked-up value of Non-Current Transactions; rounded
- CostMURndB Total marked-up value of Billed Transactions; rounded
- CostMURndH Total marked-up value of Hold Transactions; rounded
- CostMURndN -Total marked-up value of Never Bill Transactions; rounded
- CostMURndR Total marked-up value of Ready-to-Bill Transactions; rounded
- CostMURndW Total marked-up value of Write Off Transactions; rounded
- CostMUW Total marked-up value of Write Off Transactions
- CostN Total cost of Never Bill Transactions

- CostR Total cost of Ready to Bill Transactions
- CostRnd Total Cost; rounded
- CostRndA Total cost of Non-Current Transactions; rounded.
- CostRndB Total cost of Billed Transactions; rounded
- CostRndH Total cost of Hold Transactions: rounded
- CostRndN Total cost of Never Bill Transactions; rounded
- CostRndR Total cost of Ready to Bill Transactions; rounded
- · CostRndW Total cost of Write-Off Transaction; rounded
- CostW Total cost of Write-Off Transactions
- Earned Total earned revenue (Billed revenue plus unbilled revenue)
- ETCAmount Estimate-to-complete dollars
- HoursBudget Budget hours
- ICCAllocAmount ICC allocated dollars
- ICCAllocQty ICC allocated units
- ICCBilled ICC billed revenue
- ICCBudget ICC budget dollars
- ICCBudgetPA ICC budget percent allocated
- ICCBudgetPC ICC budget percent complete
- ICCCost ICC total cost
- ICCCostA ICC cost of Non-Current transactions
- ICCCostB ICC cost of Billed Transactions
- ICCCostH ICC cost of Hold Transactions
- ICCCostMU ICC marked up value of Cost Transactions
- ICCCostMUA ICC marked up value of Non-Current Cost Transactions
- ICCCostMUB ICC marked up value of Billed Cost Transactions
- ICCCostMUH ICC marked up value of Hold Transactions
- ICCCostMUN ICC marked up value of Never Bill Cost Transactions
- ICCCostMUR ICC marked up value of Ready to Bill Transactions
- ICCCostMURnd ICC marked up value of cost transactions. Rounded
- ICCCostMURndA ICC marked up value of Non-Current Cost Transactions. Rounded
- ICCCostMURndB ICC marked up value of Billed Cost Transactions. Rounded
- ICCCostMURndH ICC marked up value of Hold Transactions. Rounded
- ICCCostMURndN ICC marked up value of Never Bill Cost Transactions. Rounded
- ICCCostMURndR ICC marked up value of Ready to Bill Cost Transactions. Rounded
- ICCCostMURndW ICC marked up value of Write Off Cost Transactions. Rounded

- ICCCostMUW ICC marked up value of Write Off Cost Transactions
- ICCCostN ICC cost of Never Bill Transactions
- ICCCostR ICC cost of Ready to Bill Transactions
- ICCCostRnd ICC cost, Rounded
- ICCCostRndA ICC cost of Non-Current Cost Transactions. Rounded
- ICCCostRndB ICC cost of Billed Transactions. Rounded
- ICCCostRndH ICC cost of Hold Transactions. Rounded
- ICCCostRndN ICC cost of Never Bill Transactions. Rounded
- ICCCostRndR ICC cost of Ready to Bill Transactions. Rounded
- ICCCostRndW ICC cost of Write Off Transactions. Rounded
- ICCCostW ICC cost of Write Off Transactions.
- ICCEarned ICC earned revenue. Billed revenue plus unbilled revenue
- ICCETCAmount ICC estimate to complete dollars
- ICCETCQty ICC estimate to complete units
- ICCQty ICC units from cost transactions
- ICCQtyA ICC units from Non-Current Cost Transactions
- ICCQtyB ICC units from Billed Cost Transactions
- ICCQtyH ICC units from Hold Cost Transactions
- ICCQtyN ICC units from Never Bill Cost Transactions
- ICCQtyR ICC units from Ready to Bill Cost Transactions
- ICCQtyW ICC units from Write Off Cost Transactions
- ICCUnbilled ICC unbilled revenue
- ICCWip ICC work in progress
- LaborAllocAmount Labor allocated dollars
- LaborAllocHrs Labor allocated hours
- LaborBilled Labor billed revenue
- LaborBilledDirect Labor billed revenue non-marked up portion
- LaborBilledDPEOH Labor billed revenue DPE plus overhead portion
- LaborBilledFixedFee Labor billed revenue for fixed fee
- LaborBilledProfit -Labor billed revenue for profit
- LaborBudget Labor budget dollars
- LaborBudgetPA -Labor budget percent allocated
- LaborBudgetPC Labor budget percent complete
- LaborCostBR Labor at the billing rate
- LaborCostBRA Labor at the billing rate for Non-Current Transactions

- LaborCostBRB Labor at the billing rate for Billed Cost Transactions
- LaborCostBRH Labor at the billing rate for Hold Transactions
- LaborCostBRN Labor at the billing rate for Never Bill Transactions
- LaborCostBRR Labor at the billing rate for Ready to Bill Transactions
- LaborCostBRRnd Labor at the billing rate. Rounded
- LaborCostBRRndA Labor at the billing rate for Non-Current Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostBRRndB Labor at the billing rate for Billed Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostBRRndH Labor at the billing rate for Hold Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostBRRndN Labor at the billing rate for Never Bill Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostBRRndR Labor at the billing rate for Ready to Bill Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostBRRndW Labor at the billing rate for Write Off Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostBRW Labor at the billing rate for Write Off Transactions
- LaborCostJC Labor at the job cost rate for Non-Current Transactions
- LaborCostJCA Labor at the job cost rate for Non-Current Transactions
- LaborCostJCB Labor at the job cost rate for Billed Transactions
- LaborCostJCH Labor at the job cost rate for Hold Transactions
- LaborCostJCN Labor at the job cost rate for Never Bill Transactions
- LaborCostJCR Labor at the job cost rate for Ready to Bill Transactions
- LaborCostJCRnd Labor at the job cost rate. Rounded
- LaborCostJCRndA Labor at the job cost rate for Non-Current Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostJCRndB Labor at the job cost rate for Billed Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostJCRndH Labor at the job cost rate for Hold Cost Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostJCRndN Labor at the job cost rate for Never Bill Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostJCRndR Labor at the job cost rate for Ready to Bill Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostJCRndW Labor at the job cost rate for Write Off Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostJCW Labor at the job cost rate for Write Off Transactions
- LaborCostPay Labor at the pay rate
- LaborCostPayA Labor at the pay rate for Non-Current Transactions
- LaborCostPayB Labor at the pay rate for Billed Transactions
- LaborCostPayH Labor at the pay rate for Hold Cost Transactions
- LaborCostPayN Labor at the pay rate for Never Bill Transactions
- LaborCostPayR Labor at the pay rate for Ready to Bill Transactions
- LaborCostPayRnd Labor at the pay rate. Rounded
- LaborCostPayRndA Labor at the pay rate for Non-Current Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostPayRndB Labor at the pay rate for Billed Transactions. Rounded

- LaborCostPayRndH Labor at the pay rate for Hold Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostPayRndN Labor at the pay rate for Never Bill Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostPayRndR Labor at the pay rate for Ready to Bill Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostPayRndW Labor at the pay rate for Write Off Transactions. Rounded
- LaborCostPayW Labor at the pay rate for Write Off Transactions
- LaborEarned Labor earned revenue. Billed plus unbilled revenue
- LaborETCAmount Labor estimate to complete dollars
- LaborETCHrs Labor estimate to complete hours
- LaborOTHrsBill Labor overtime hours. Wrote up or down
- LaborOTHrsBillA Labor overtime hours for Non-Current Transactions. Written up or down
- LaborOTHrsBillB Labor overtime hours for Billed Transactions. Written up or down
- LaborOTHrsBillH Labor overtime hours for Hold Cost Transactions. Written up or down
- LaborOTHrsBillN Labor overtime hours for Never Bill Transactions. Written up or down
- LaborOTHrsBillR Labor overtime hours for Ready to Bill Transactions. Written up or down
- LaborOTHrsBillW Labor overtime hours for Write Off Transactions. Written up or down
- LaborOTHrsWork Labor overtime hours actually worked
- LaborOTHrsWorkA Labor overtime hours actually worked for Non-Current Transactions
- LaborOTHrsWorkB Labor overtime hours actually worked for Billed Transactions
- LaborOTHrsWorkH Labor overtime hours actually worked for Hold Cost Transactions
- LaborOTHrsWorkN Labor overtime hours actually worked for Never Bill Transactions
- LaborOTHrsWorkR Labor overtime hours actually worked for Ready to Bill Transactions
- LaborOTHrsWorkW Labor overtime hours actually worked for Write Off Transactions
- LaborOverallCap Overall cap amount as specified on the Project Profit Center Sharing screen.
- LaborOwnerCap Cap amount as specified on the Project Profit Center Owner screen.
- LaborOwnerLevel Project Level where ownership is established. Specified on Project Profit Center Owner screen.
- LaborOwnerMethodName Labor revenue recognition method for project owner.
- LaborOwnerPC Labor revenue recognition percent complete for project owner.
- LaborRegHrsBill Labor non-overtime hours. Written up or down
- LaborRegHrsBillA Labor non-overtime hours for Non-Current Transactions. Written up or down
- LaborRegHrsBillB Labor non-overtime hours for Billed Transactions. Written up or down
- LaborRegHrsBillH Labor non-overtime hours for Hold Cost Transactions. Written up or down
- LaborRegHrsBillN Labor non-overtime hours for Never Bill Transactions. Written up or down
- LaborRegHrsBillR Labor non-overtime hours for Ready to Bill Transactions. Written up or down
- LaborRegHrsBillW Labor non-overtime hours for Write Off Transactions. Written up or down

- LaborRegHrsWork Labor non-overtime hours actually worked
- LaborRegHrsWorkA Labor non-overtime hours actually worked for Non-Current Transactions
- LaborRegHrsWorkB Labor non-overtime hours actually worked for Billed Transactions
- LaborRegHrsWorkH Labor non-overtime hours actually worked for Hold Cost Transactions
- LaborRegHrsWorkN Labor non-overtime hours actually worked for Never Bill Transactions
- LaborRegHrsWorkR Labor non-overtime hours actually worked for Ready to Bill Transactions
- LaborRegHrsWorkW Labor non-overtime hours actually worked for Write Off Transactions
- LaborUnbilled Labor unbilled revenue
- LaborWip Labor work in progress
- LateFee Late fee revenue
- OCCAllocAmount OCC allocated dollars
- OCCAllocQty OCC allocated units
- OCCBilled OCC billed revenue
- OCCBilledDirect OCC billed revenue not marked up portion
- OCCBilledMarkup OCC billed revenue marked up portion
- OCCBudget OCC budget dollars
- OCCBudgetPA OCC budget percent allocated
- OCCBudgetPC OCC budget percent complete
- OCCCost OCC total cost
- OCCCostA OCC cost of Non-Current Transactions
- OCCCostB OCC cost of Billed Transactions
- OCCCostH OCC cost of Hold Cost Transactions
- OCCCostMU OCC marked up value of cost transactions
- OCCCostMUA OCC marked up value of Non-Current Cost Transactions
- OCCCostMUB OCC marked up value of Billed Cost Transactions
- OCCCostMUH OCC marked up value of Hold Transactions
- OCCCostMUN OCC marked up value of Never Bill Transactions
- OCCCostMUR OCC marked up value of Ready to Bill Transactions
- OCCCostMURnd OCC marked up value of cost transactions. Rounded
- OCCCostMURndA OCC marked up value of Non-Current Cost Transactions. Rounded
- OCCCostMURndB OCC marked up value of Billed Cost Transactions. Rounded
- OCCCostMURndH OCC marked up value of Hold Transactions. Rounded
- OCCCostMURndN OCC marked up value of never bill cost transactions. Rounded
- OCCCostMURndR OCC marked up value of Ready to Bill Transactions. Rounded
- OCCCostMURndW OCC marked up value of Write Off Transactions. Rounded

- OCCCostMUW OCC marked up value of Write Off Transactions.
- OCCCostN OCC cost of Never Bill Transactions
- OCCCostR OCC cost of Ready to Bill Transactions
- OCCCostRnd OCC cost. Rounded
- OCCCostRndA OCC cost of Non-Current Cost Transactions. Rounded
- OCCCostRndB OCC cost of Billed Transactions. Rounded
- OCCCostRndH OCC cost of Hold Transactions. Rounded
- OCCCostRndN OCC cost of Never Bill Transactions. Rounded
- OCCCostRndR OCC cost of Ready to Bill Transactions. Rounded
- OCCCostRndW OCC cost of Write Off Transactions. Rounded
- OCCCostW OCC cost of Write Off Transactions
- OCCEarned OCC earned revenue. Billed revenue plus unbilled revenue
- OCCETCAmount OCC estimate to complete dollars.
- OCCETCQty OCC estimate to complete units
- OCCQty OCC units from cost transactions
- OCCQtyA OCC units from Non-Current Cost Transactions
- OCCQtyB OCC units from Billed Cost Transactions
- OCCQtyH OCC units from Hold Cost Transactions
- OCCQtyN OCC units from Never Bill Cost Transactions
- OCCQtyR OCC units from Ready to Bill Cost Transactions
- OCCQtyW OCC units from Write Off Cost Transactions
- OCCUnbilled OCC unbilled revenue
- OCCWip OCC work in progress
- ODCAllocAmount ODC allocated dollars
- ODCAllocQty ODC allocated units
- ODCBilled ODC billed revenue
- ODCBilledDirect ODC billed revenue not marked up portion
- ODCBilledMarkup ODC billed revenue marked up portion
- ODCBudget ODC budget dollars
- ODCBudgetPA ODC budget percent allocated
- ODCBudgetPC ODC budget percent complete
- ODCCost ODC total cost
- ODCCostA ODC cost of Non-Current Cost Transactions
- ODCCostB ODC cost of Billed Transactions
- ODCCostH ODC cost of Hold Transactions

- ODCCostMU ODC marked up value of cost transactions
- ODCCostMUA ODC marked up value of Non-Current Cost Transactions
- ODCCostMUB ODC marked up value of Billed Cost Transactions
- ODCCostMUH ODC marked up value of Hold Transactions
- ODCCostMUN ODC marked up value of Never Bill Cost Transactions
- ODCCostMUR ODC marked up value of Ready to Bill Transactions
- ODCCostMURnd ODC marked up value of cost transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostMURndA ODC marked up value of Non-Current Cost Transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostMURndB ODC marked up value of Billed Cost Transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostMURndH ODC marked up value of Hold Transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostMURndN ODC marked up value of Never Bill Cost Transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostMURndR ODC marked up value of Ready to Bill Cost Transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostMURndW ODC marked up value of Write Off Cost Transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostMUW ODC marked up value of Write Off Cost Transactions
- ODCCostN ODC cost of Never Bill Transactions
- ODCCostR ODC cost of Ready to Bill Transactions
- ODCCostRnd ODC cost. Rounded
- ODCCostRndA ODC cost of Non-Current Cost Transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostRndB ODC cost of Billed Transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostRndH ODC cost of Hold Transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostRndN ODC cost of Never Bill Cost Transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostRndR ODC cost of Ready to Bill Transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostRndW ODC cost of Write Off Transactions. Rounded
- ODCCostW ODC cost of Write Off Transactions
- ODCEarned ODC earned revenue. Billed revenue plus unbilled revenue
- ODCETCAmount ODC estimate to complete dollars.
- ODCETCQty ODC estimate to complete units
- ODCQty ODC units from cost transactions
- ODCQtyA ODC units from Non-Current Cost Transactions
- ODCQtyB ODC units from Billed Cost Transactions
- ODCQtyH ODC units from Hold Cost Transactions
- ODCQtyN ODC units from Never Bill Cost Transactions
- ODCQtyR ODC units from Ready to Bill Cost Transactions
- ODCQtyW ODC units from Write Off Transactions
- ODCUnbilled ODC unbilled revenue

- ODCWip ODC work in progress
- ProjectDPE DPE dollars applied
- ProjectOH Overhead dollars applied
- Recvd Received dollars
- Retainage Retainage revenue
- Retainer Retainer revenue
- Unbilled Unbilled revenue
- Wip Work in progress

4.11.23.6 Non-Aggregates

Overview

Non-aggregates are transaction data that cannot be accumulated. Employee name or invoice date are examples of non-aggregates.

- BillDPEMult DPE multiplier used for bill rate from labor transactions
- BillOHMult Overhead multiplier used for bill rate from labor transactions
- BillPrMult Profit multiplier used for bill rate from labor transactions
- BillRate Bill rate from labor transaction
- BillStatus Bill status from cost transactions. See List Management for possible values
- ChargeOrgCode Charged organization unit code from labor transaction
- ChargeOrgLongName Charged organization unit long name from labor transaction
- ChargeOrgName -Charged organization unit name from labor transaction
- ChargeOrgPath Charged organization unit path from labor transaction
- ClientCode Client code assigned to project
- ClientName Client name assigned to project
- CostRate Cost rate from labor transactions. Is either the pay rate or job cost rate, depending on Global Settings
- ExpenseCode Expense code from non-labor transactions
- ExpenseName Expense code name from non-labor transactions
- GLCode General ledger base account code

- GLName General ledger base account name
- HomeOrgCode Employee home organization unit code from labor transaction
- HomeOrgLongName Employee home organization unit long name from labor transaction
- HomeOrgName Employee home organization unit name from labor transaction
- HomeOrgPath Employee home organization unit path from labor transaction
- JCDPEMult DPE multiplier used for job cost rate from labor transactions
- JCOHMult Overhead multiplier used for job cost rate from labor transactions
- JCPrMult Profit multiplier used for job cost rate from labor transactions
- JobCostRate Job cost rate from labor transactions
- JobTitleCode Job title code from labor transactions
- JobTitleName Job title from labor transactions
- LaborCode Labor code from labor transactions
- LaborName Labor code name from labor transactions
- LineID Transaction line item ID. If selected, every line item, including prior versions and reversals, will appear in dataset. This will prevent any grouping of data
- MasterName Master name. Can be employee, vendor, or client, depending on transaction type
- MetricType Metric type (see List Management for possible values)
- OrgCode Organization unit code assigned to project
- OrgLongName Organization unit long name assigned to project
- OrgName Organization unit name assigned to project
- OrgPath Organization path assigned to project
- Periodcode General Ledger period code
- PEDate Period End Date
- PMComments Project Management comments from transactions
- PMTypecode Project Management type code (see List Management for possible values)
- PMTypename Project Management type name (see List Management for possible values)
- PMTypeOrder Project Management type sort order (see List Management for possible values)
- Principal Principal assigned to the project
- PrjAcct Project accountant assigned to the project
- PriMgr Project Manager
- Source Source of transaction; typically, the journal name
- TimePEDate Time Period End Date
- TimePSDate Time Period Start Date
- TransCode Transaction code; key transaction ID that varies by journal. Can be invoice number, check number, etc.

- Transdate Transaction Date; varies by journal. Can be invoice date, check date, work date, etc.
- TransID Transaction ID; system-generated ID that groups the transaction
- UnitBill Unit bill rate for non-labor transactions; cost rate with markup
- UnitCost Unit cost rate for non-labor transactions
- UnitMarkup Unit markup for non-labor transactions; markup can be multiplier, flat amount, or add-on.

4.11.23.7 Permissions Tab

Overview

The Permissions Tab gives a list of Users /Groups that may be granted access to the selected PM Reports. The concept is the same as system Permissions. More on Permissions

4.11.23.8 Multi-Currency Tab

Overview

Reports designed in the PM Report Designer support Base, Project, and Invoicing currencies. The user can filter PM reports by designated currency. For example, a report could be filtered to show results only for projects where the Project currency is set to U.S. Dollars (see below). Please note, the underlying report compiler has been modified to support multi-currency.

Field Descriptions

- Currency Type -
- Currency -

4.11.23.9 Filters Tab

Overview

The PM Reports Filters Tab - On this tab, general filters are selected.

Date Ranges - Up to three date periods can be used for a report. Date ranges are controlled by the
definition of the report. The date periods can be an as-of date, or a predefined periods, such as project-todate. The date period labels are also based on the report definition.

Projects Dates

- Start Project start dates work in conjunction with project end dates. When filled out, only projects whose start date is on or after the entered start date and whose end date is one or before the entered end date are included.
- End Project start dates work in conjunction with project end dates. When filled out, only projects whose start date is on or after the entered start date and whose end date is one or before the entered end date are included.

Project Status

- Active When checked, active projects are included.
- Inactive When checked, inactive projects are included.

Charge Types

- Billable When checked, billable projects are included.
- Indirect When checked, indirect projects are included.
- Projection When checked, projection projects are included.
- Opportunity When checked, opportunity projects are used.
- Plan When checked, plan projects are used.

Sectors

Market Sectors - If no items are selected, then a filter is not used. Otherwise, checked market sectors are included. Name of the Market Sector. A User Defined Field. The Market Sector list is managed under Administration>List Management>Market Sectors.

Report Types

 Report Type - Report types are reporting groups that can act as filters when printing project management reports. A User Defined Field. The Report Type list is managed under <u>Administration>List</u> <u>Management>Project Report Types</u>.

Sort & Group By

 1st - First field to sort by. Choices are client code, client name, org path, principal, project manager, project accountant, and org level. 2nd - Second field to sort by. Choices are client code, client name, org path, principal, project manager, project accountant, and org level.

Footer

- Print Expanded Project Management reports use drill down and are rendered in a collapsed mode.
 However, when print expanded is checked, all drill downs are expanded. To view these details in a printed hard copy, check this option.
- View Data To export the raw data of the report to Excel without including headers, footers, and grouping
 areas (i.e., a two-dimensional listing), click on the View Data button. The data that comprises the report
 will appear in a grid that can then be exported.
- Print Renders the PM Report.
- · Cancel Cancels the action.

4.11.23.1 Settings Tab

Overview

The PM Reports Settings Tab - On this tab, additional filters are selected.

Field Descriptions

Includes

- Unsubmitted Time When checked, unsubmitted time is included.
- Unapproved Time When checked, unapproved time is included.
- Grand Total When checked, report grand total will print.
- Roll Up Nodes When checked, project roll-up nodes will print.
- Work Breakdown Structure When checked, project WBS below the bill terms project will print.

Organizational Units

- No Org When checked projects owning org unit is not used as a filter. More on Org Units
- Org Path When entered, projects owned by this org path are included.
- Include Org Children When checked, projects owned by children of the entered org path are included.
- Org Code/Level When checked, projects with the same org code at the same level as that entered in the next two fields are included.
- Org Code Org code to include
- Org Level Org level to include

Date Range Evaluation Methods Labor

- Transaction Date When checked the transaction date will be used for date range evaluation of labor transactions.
- G/L Period End Date When checked the transaction period end date will be used for date range evaluation of labor transactions.

Date Range Evaluation Methods Non-Labor

- Transaction Date When checked, the transaction date is used for date range evaluation of non-labor transactions.
- G/L Period End Date When checked, the transaction period end date is used for date range evaluation
 of labor transactions.

Footer

- Print Expanded Project Management reports use drill down and are rendered in a collapsed mode.
 However, when print expanded is checked, all drill downs are expanded. To view these details in a printed hard copy, check this option.
- View Data To export the raw data of the report to Excel without including headers, footers, and grouping
 areas (i.e., a two-dimensional listing), click on the View Data button. The data that comprises the report
 will appear in a grid that can then be exported.
- Print Renders the PM Report.
- Cancel Cancels the action.

4.11.23.1Team Leaders Tab

Overview

The PM Reports Team Leaders Tab. On this tab, team leader filters are selected.

Field Descriptions

Project Accountants

Description - Project accountants to include; if empty, filter is not used.

Project Managers

Description - Project managers to include; if empty, filter is not used.

Principals

Description - Project principals to include; if empty, filter is not used.

Projects

Description - Projects to include; if empty, filter is not used. You can also select all projects based on a Rollup Node.

Clients

Description - Project clients to include; if empty, filer is not used.

Footer

- Print Expanded Project Management reports use drill down and are rendered in a collapsed mode.
 However, when print expanded is checked, all drill downs are expanded. To view these details in a printed hard copy, check this option.
- View Data To export the raw data of the report to Excel without including headers, footers, and grouping
 areas (i.e., a two-dimensional listing), click on the View Data button. The data that comprises the report
 will appear in a grid that can then be exported.
- Print Renders the PM Report.
- · Cancel Cancels the action.

4.11.23.1UDF Tab

Overview

The PM Reports Team Leaders Tab. On this tab, team leader filters are selected.

- UDF Field Drop-down includes any Project UDFs. More on User Defined Fields
- Operator Choices are =, <>, >, <, >=, <=, between, and is not null. Is not null is synonymous with a blank or empty field.
 - Value 1 Used with all filter operators except is not null. This is the value that completes the filter operation (except in the case of the between operator). In the case of the between this represents the lower range.
 - Value 2 Used only with the between operator. This represents the upper range.

Footer

- Print Expanded Project Management reports use drill down and are rendered in a collapsed mode.
 However, when print expanded is checked, all drill downs are expanded. To view these details in a printed hard copy, check this option.
- View Data To export the raw data of the report to Excel without including headers, footers, and grouping
 areas (i.e., a two-dimensional listing), click on the View Data button. The data that comprises the report
 will appear in a grid that can then be exported.
- Print Renders the PM Report.
- Cancel Cancels the action.

4.11.23.1 Edit Prompt Defaults Button

Overview

The Edit Prompt Defaults option allows you to modify the PM Report prompt.

Key Concepts

- Edit Prompt Defaults has three purposes:
 - To set the initial value of a report prompt so when a user runs the report the most common value for a prompt is preset.
 - o To disable prompts, that, if changed, would result in an improper meaning to a report design.
 - o To avoid confusion of a user changing the value when the prompt has no effect on the report.
- How to access the default prompts:
 - o Step 1 Select the Edit Prompt Defaults option from the main menu.
 - o Step 2 Complete the Standard Project Management Report parameter form that appears.
 - Step 3 Next to most fields (or groups of fields) will be a check box. If the check is removed from a
 box, it will disable the associated field from the report user while retaining the default value.

4.11.24 Project History

Overview

Project history is used to enter historical labor against a project. All other metrics can be entered through the accounting journal (typically using the general journal). A special screen is needed for labor since it would be

difficult (sometimes impossible) to enter this in timesheet adjustments without going down to the detail level.

Key Concepts

- Entries in this screen are transferred into the time sheet tables.
- They are flagged as historical entries so that will not appear in time sheet adjustments, nor can they be invoiced or be part of labor distribution.
- They will appear on Project Management reports.
- Historical labor transactions can be entered, viewed, and deleted through this screen.

Additional Toolbar Options

Aside from the standard toolbar options this applet has the following options:

Add Entry - When selected, an entry is made if the correct fields are filled out.

4.11.24.1 New Entry Tab

Overview

New Entry Tab. New historical entries are made on this tab. The amount of detail I up to the user.

Key Concepts

• Click on *Add Entry* in the toolbar to post the entry.

Field Descriptions

Options

- Project WBS Path; required field.
- Employee Employee. Required. If you do not wish to record to the employee level, then add an inactive
 employee and name it something like "History".
- Job Title Optional.
- Home Org Unit Optional
- Charge Org Unit Optional
- Labor Code Optional

Hours

- Work Hours worked
- Bill Hours to charge client. Typically same as work hours.
- Bill Status Bill Status of transaction. Options are Never Bill, Write-off and Billed. Required
- Is Hourly Employee When checked, the timesheet entry is flagged as being an hourly employee; optional.
- Is Overtime/Premium When checked, timesheet is flagged as overtime.

Work Date

• Work Date - Date of work. can be an As-of date.

Extended Dollar Amounts

- Pay Extended pay amount
- Job Cost Extended job cost amount.
- Bill Extended bill amount
- Comments Comments to appear in Project Management reports.

4.11.24.2 History Tab

Overview

The History tab is used to find already existing historical entries. Entries can be filtered by date, employee, or no filter (all). A list of historical entries appears when a search is run.

Field Descriptions

Find Entries

- All When selected, all historical entries will appear in the Entries grid.
- Date When selected, any transactions that match the specified date will appear in the Entries grid.
- Employee When selected, any transactions that match the specified Employee will appear in the Entries
 grid.

Entries Grid

- Employee The Employee proper name.
- Period End Transaction date of the historical entry.

Transactions Grid

- Project Path Project Path of the entry.
- Project Name Project Name of the entry.
- Work Hours worked
- Bill Hours to charge client. Typically same as work hours.

4.11.25 Rate Tester

Overview

The Rate Tester allows the user to test how a rate will be calculated. Enter a project, employee, date, etc., and it will calculate the rates.

Field Descriptions

Filters Window

- Project Path Project Path that is being analyzed.
- Employee Employee that is being analyzed.
- Job Title Job Title that is being analyzed.
- Work Date Work Date that is being analyzed
- Is Overtime When selected, the OT Type box is enabled to change the Overtime type being analyzed.
- OT Type The Overtime type being analyzed. More on Overtime Types
- Get Rates button Runs the Utility.

Results Window

- Pay Rate Pay Rate
- OT Multiplier Overtime multiplier
- OT Rate Overtime rate
- JC Base Rate Base rate used when calculating job cost rates.
- JC Base Prem. Mult. Multiplier applied against base rate for premium time. If changed, it auto-calculates
 Job Cost base premium rate.
- JC Rate Job Cost Rate
- JC DPE Mult. Direct personnel expense multiplier.
- JC OH Mult. Overhead multiplier.
- JC Profit Mult. Profit Multiplier.

- JC Base Prem. Rate Base premium rate used for calculating premium job cost rate. When changed, it auto-calculates premium multiplier.
- Bill Base rate Base rate used when calculating bill rates.
- Bill Base Prem. Mult. Multiplier applied against base rate for premium time. If changed, it auto-calculates billing base premium rate.
- Bill Rate Billing Rate
- Bill DPE Mult. Direct personnel expense multiplier.
- Bill OH Mult. Overhead multiplier.
- Bill Profit Mult. Profit Multiplier.
- Bill Base Prem. Rate Base premium rate used for calculating premium bill rate. When changed, it autocalculates premium multiplier.
- Is Hourly When checked, indicates that employee was classified non-exempt on this work date.

4.11.26 Report Builder

Overview

ReportBuilder is a stand alone report building application which launches from within Utilities>Custom Reports or directly from Utilities>ReportBuilder (if permissions are granted). Like other custom reports, reports created through ReportBuilder are housed and displayed in InFocus and governed by designated permissions.

Reports designed in ReportBuilder inherit the same set of user/role based permissions that govern InFocus reporting.

Navigation

ReportBuilder is easily navigated and walks the user through each element in the report design process. Generally speaking, the elements of report design include the compilation of Data and the organization of that data by means of Design.

4.11.26.1 Datasets

Overview

Datasets is the first step in selecting the information for the report being built. Each dataset represents a range of related data. Descriptions are provided for each dataset.

4.11.26.2 Fields

Overview

Select the fields to be used on the report. Fields available to the chosen dataset are listed on the left and can be searched by scrolling or typing. Selecting a field displays it's definition at the bottom of the screen.

Field Descriptions

Fields

- Lists available fields contained in the selected Dataset
- · Search by scrolling, opening/closing categories or typing
- · Select fields using one of the following methods
 - o Double-Click
 - Single Click + Arrow Button
 - Mouse Highlight + Arrow Button (multiple selections)
 - Ctrl + Click + Arrow Button (multiple selections)
- Field Descriptions are displayed below the container when the field is highlighted

Selected Fields

Lists the Fields selected for the report in the default order they will appear on the report.

Buttons

- Right Button: Moves fields to Selected Fields container
- Left Button: Moves fields from Selected Fields container
- Up and Down Arrows: Used to reorder fields in the Selected Fields Container

4.11.26.3 Calculated Fields

Overview

Create calculated fields by naming, configuring and building the supporting expressions.

Header

- Use Calculated Fields: Enables features of the screen when checked
- Field Name: Label to be displayed on the report
- Data Type: This governs the typing validation and initial formatting of the returned value from the Field Expression
 - o Yes/No
 - o Date
 - o Whole Number
 - o Number
 - o Text
- · Auto-Sum: When checked, ReportBuilder will include the calculated field in group footers
- Delete (icon): Removes the calculated field from the report

Field Expression

- Container where the field expression can be entered
- Operands available to the expression
- Fields available for use in the expression

4.11.26.4Sorts

Overview

Determine the sorting rules (if any) to apply the report. Fields are selected from a drop down list and then configured appropriately.

Field Descriptions

- · Field Name: Field to be sorted on
- Descending: When checked, the report will be sorted in Descending order. Report sorting defaults to Ascending (1,2,3; A,B,C).
- Sort Order: Defines the order in which fields will be sorted when multiple fields are in use. For example:
 Sort by Project (Sort Order=1), then by Employee (Sort Order=2)
- Delete (icon): Removes the sort from the report

4.11.26.5Filters & Prompts

Overview

ReportBuilder supports two methods of filtering data: Explicit Filters and User Prompts. Each method can be applied here. Fields are selected from a drop down list and configured appropriately. Select the field and operand by which to filter. Explicit filters will be applied when a Value is provided for evaluation. A User Prompt is created in the absence of a Value.

Field Descriptions

- Field: Field to be filtered.
- Label: Label to display on the report if creating a prompt
- ?: Operand to be used in the filter
- Value: Value to apply for explicit filters. Leave blank to create a User Prompt
- Require: When checked, a value will be required at run-time (User Prompts only)
- Delete (icon): Removes the filter/prompt from the report

4.11.26.6Template

Overview

Choose a Template. Templates are the starting place of Report Design in ReportBuilder and are easy to choose. Scroll through the list of available templates and choose the one that best meets the needs of the report.

Field Descriptions

- Template Images: Reflect a preview of the template
- Use This Template: Click to select the template
- Load a custom template: Clicking this link opens a file upload dialogue. Select the .RDL you wish to utilize and click Open.

4.11.26.7 Settings

Overview

Configure the selected template by customizing the Template Options and uploading an Image for "With Logo" templates.

Field Descriptions

Template Options

- Report Title Settings
 - o Report Text: Text to display in the title of the report. This is the text displayed at the top of the report.
 - Show Title: When unchecked, the report title will be hidden
 - Title Forecolor: Defines the color of the title text Example
 - Title Backcolor: Defines the color of the title text background Example
 - o Title Align: Sets the alignment of the title on the report
 - Title Format: Sets the format of the title using standard .NET formatting Read More
 - o Title Font Family: Sets the title font
 - Title Font Size: Sets the title font size
 - Bold Report Title: When checked, title text appears bold
- Subtitle Settings
 - Subtitle Name: Text to display in the subtitle of the report. This is the text displayed under the title.
 - Show Subtitle: When unchecked, the report subtitle will be hidden
 - Subtitle Forecolor: Defines the color of the subtitle text Example
 - Subtitle Backcolor: Defines the color of the subtitle text background Example
 - Subtitle Align: Sets the alignment of the subtitle on the report
 - o Subtitle Format: Sets the format of the subtitle
 - Subtitle Font Family: Sets the subtitle font
 - o Subtitle Font Size: Sets the subtitle font size
 - Bold Subtitle: When checked, subtitle text appears bold
- Header/Footer Settings
 - Repeat Page Header: When checked, the report header will be displayed on each page of the report
 - Page Number Top: When checked, the page number will be displayed at the top of each page in the report
 - Page Number Bottom: When checked, the page number will be displayed at the bottom of each page in the report
 - Page Number format: Sets the format of the page numbers
 - o Page Number Align: Sets the alignment of the page number on the report
 - Execution Time Top: When checked, the run-time stamp of the report will be displayed at the top of the report
 - Execution Time Bottom: When checked, the run-time stamp of the report will be displayed at the bottom of the report
 - Execution Time Format: Sets the format of the execution run-time stamp

Execution Time Align: Sets the alignment of the run-time stamp on the report

Line Settings

- Show Header Top Line: When checked, a horizontal line will be displayed in the report header above the report title
- Show Header Middle Line: When checked, a horizontal line will be displayed in the report header between the title and subtitle
- Show Header Bottom Line: When checked, a horizontal line will be displayed in the report header beneath the subtitle
- Show Footer Line: When checked, a horizontal line will be displayed at the top of the report footer
- Line Width: Sets the width of the header and/or footer lines
- Line Color: Sets the color of the header and/or footer lines

Logo

- Use Rectangle Logo: When checked, the report will use the image uploaded as the rectangle logo placeholder
- Use Square Logo: When checked, the report will use the image uploaded as the square logo placeholder
- o Logo Align: Sets the alignment of the logo on the report

Images

- Logo Placeholder (Square): Upload a square logo by clicking the ellipsis (...), selecting a supported file and clicking open
- Logo Placeholder (Rectangle): Upload a rectangular logo by clicking the ellipsis (...), selecting a supported file and clicking open

4.11.26.8 Groups

Overview

Report Groupings. Determine the grouping rules (if any) to apply the report. Fields are selected from a drop down list and configured appropriately.

- Field: Field to be grouped by
- Sort Descending: When checked, the group will be sorted in Descending order. Group sorting defaults to Ascending (1,2,3; A,B,C).
- Show Header: When checked, the group header will be displayed. This typically reflects the value of the field being grouped by.
- Show Footer: When checked, the group footer will be displayed. This typically reflects the total value of the items within the group.

- Show Map: When checked, Group will have associated navigation when the report is rendered in InFocus.
- Delete (icon): Removes the group from the report

4.11.26.9 Table Layout

Overview

Table Designer is used to define the attributes of the table displayed on the report. The table contains the data reflected by the report and can be formatted to present that data in a meaningful way.

Field Descriptions

Table Designer

- Section T: This is the Title section of the table and is defined by configurations made in Templates and Settings
- Section H: This is the Header section of the table and is defined by configurations made in Settings.
 Header labels can be edited.
- Section gh: This is the Group Header section of the table and is defined by configurations made in Groups. The table will display one gh section per group in use (gh0, gh1, gh2, etc). Group Headers can be edited.
- Section D: This is the Detail section of the table and is defined by configurations made in Datasets, Fields and Calculated Fields. Detail fields can be edited.
- Section gf: This is the Group Footer section of the table and is defined by configurations made in Groups. The table will display one gf section per group in use (gf0, gf1, gf2, etc). Group Footers can be edited.
- Section F: This is the Footer section of the table and is defined by configurations made in Settings. Footer values can be edited.
- Add:
 - o Row Below: Adds a new row below the selected row in the Table Designer
 - o Row Above: Adds a new row above the selected row in the Table Designer
 - Column: Adds a new column to the table
- Remove:
 - o Row: Removes the row of the selected row or field in the Table Designer
 - o Column: Removes the column of the selected field in the Table Designer

Preview Sample Report

Preview Sample Report: This button launches a report viewer that displays a mock-up of the report as
defined by all steps in ReportBuilder including the Table Designer. Data displayed on the preview is
generated sample data.

Cell Styling

Description - The following options are applied to the selected cell in the Table Designer.

- Alignment: Sets the alignment of the value within the cell (Left, Center or Right)
- Font Size: Sets the font size of the value within the cell
- Font Family: Sets the font of the value within the cell
- Font: When checked, sets the font weight and/or style of the value within the cell
- Format Code: Sets the format of the value within the cell
- Foreground: Sets the color of the text within the cell
- Background: Sets the background color of the cell
- Top Border: Sets the weight and color of the top border line of the cell. A weight of "0" denotes a transparent (hidden) line.
- Right Border: Sets the weight and color of the right border line of the cell. A weight of "0" denotes a transparent (hidden) line.
- Bottom Border: Sets the weight and color of the bottom border line of the cell. A weight of "0" denotes a transparent (hidden) line.
- Left Border: Sets the weight and color of the left border line of the cell. A weight of "0" denotes a transparent (hidden) line.
- Apply Settings to All Cell on Row: Applies the configured setting for each cell in the row of the selected cell in the Table Designer

Row Settings

Description - The following options are applied to the selected row in the Table Designer.

- Merge all Cells on Row: Creates one cell from all the cells in a given row and clears all values contained by the cells in that row. The merged cell can then be reassigned a value selection.
- Row Height: Sets the row height of the selected row
- Row Hidden Expression: Row visibility expression. Ex: =iif(fields!column.Value>0,True,False)

Table & Group Options

- Table Sections
 - o Show Header: When unchecked, the header section (Section H) is hidden and values are cleared
 - Show Detail Rows: When unchecked, the detail section (Section D) is hidden and values are cleared

- o Show Footer: When unchecked, the footer section (Section F) is hidden and values are cleared
- Table Repeating
 - Repeat Header: When checked, the header section (Section H) is displayed on each page of the report
 - o Repeat Footer: When checked, the footer section (Section F) is displayed on each page of the report
- Column Sizing
 - Auto Size: When checked, the columns will be automatically sized by the maximum length of the value(s) it contains
- Group Sections
 - o Show Header: When unchecked, the group header selection is hidden and values are cleared
 - o Show Footer: When unchecked, the group footer selection is hidden and values are cleared
- Group Left Indentation: Sets the indentation of the selected group
- Group Repeating
 - o Repeat Header: When checked, the selected group header is displayed on each page of the report
 - o Repeat Footer: When checked, the selected group footer is displayed on each page of the report
- Page Breaking
 - Page Break After Grouping: When checked, a page break is inserted on the report after the selected group
- Designer Actions
 - Reset Table Layout: Clears all modifications made to the Table Designer. The user is prompted for verification.
 - o Copy Report Definition to Clipboard: This copies the report JSON and XML to the clipboard
 - o Copy Report RDL to Clipboard: This copies the report XML to the clipboard

4.11.26.1Finish

Overview

Finish Your Report. Name the report and install it to InFocus. Reports are imported to Custom Reports via an InFocus Exchange Import Code. Import Codes are unique to the report being created. When Saving and Installing a report to InFocus, please ensure InFocus is open and that the Custom Reports applet is launched.

Field Descriptions

Report Name: Name of the Report to be displayed in the Custom Reports list

- Save and Install in InFocus: Launches the InFocus Exchange Import dialogue and generates a unique code for the report or iteration thereof
- Generate a Separate Install Code: Note: This will not be used by the general user. This option should
 only be used when sharing a created report outside of the user's deployment of InFocus. If using, this
 option generates a separate install code which can be used to allow others to have their own copy of the
 report. When clicked, the install code will be displayed below. This code can be copied to the clipboard
 and shared.
 - Make Installation Code Single Use: When checked, the install code will only be able to be used once, by one party.
 - o Install Code Copy Button: Copies the install code to your clipboard
- Show InFocus Exchange Install Code: When clicked, this link shows or hides the InFocus Exchange Install Code, Install Code Copy Button and "Make Installation Code Single Use" checkbox
- New Report: Creates a new report
- Feedback: Launches a dialogue through which you can provide feedback to Clearview regarding ReportBuilder

4.11.26.1 Save & Install

Overview

ReportBuilder reports are imported into InFocus via the InFocus Exchange Item Import dialogue. This allows the user to conduct one-click imports to InFocus. The dialogue displays the Import Code and Name/Type of report. To complete the import, simply click Start Import. The report scripts will be downloaded to InFocus where the report can then be configured with Module/Applet availability and User/Group permissions.

4.11.27 Report Management

Overview

All reports not covered under one of the three specific report designers are called standard reports. Examples of standard reports are A/R, A/P, The Journal reports, General Ledger reports, Utilization reports, Checks, etc.

Key Concepts

- You can find a description of system Report Management Reports in the InFocus System Reports chapter of this manual. <u>More on InFocus Report Management Reports</u>
- The Original report cannot be modified, however, if you would like to customize the report, you can do so
 by copying the system version of the report make changes through the Microsoft Business Intelligence
 Development Studio. A link to the tool is located on the support site here.
- To export the raw data of the report to Excel without including headers, footers, and grouping areas (i.e., a two-dimensional listing), click on the View Data button. The report data will appear in a grid that can then be exported.
- Here is a video that takes a deeper look into running InFocus reports: More on Running InFocus Reports.

Note - Knowledge of using the Microsoft BIDS tool is required. All customizations NOT completed by a Clearview technician are NOT supported by Clearview Support.

Customizing a Report Management Report

- To create a custom standard report, first select the report in the Report Management applet using the drop-down list on the upper left part of the form. Each report has at least one report design flagged as System. These designs, or a previously made custom design, can be copied.
- The Copy function is located in the toolbar menu, click Copy.
- When clicked, it will prompt for a report name that must be unique. Add the name and click OK.
- After copying a report, it can be downloaded (*Download* button located on the toolbar) to a local disk
 folder and modified using Microsoft Report Designer.
- When done, use the Upload function in the Report Management applet to save your design. <u>More on Uploading a report</u>

4.11.29 SQL Query

Overview

Advanced Users Only

SQL Query applet allows you to write, review and run SQL Queries against InFocus (default), or other external data source.

In summary, queries are written in the **editor** using additional **tools** available from the menu and toolbar. **Results** are reviewed below the query editor.

SQL Queries can be written ad hoc or for use in other applets such as <u>Dashboard Queries Manager</u>, <u>Custom Reports</u>, etc.

Query Builder makes building SQL Queries accessible to users who are unfamiliar with writing queries in SQL syntax.

Data & View Rights

SQL Query applet does not inherit view rights to sensitive information (e.g. Can view Pay Rate set in HR>Employees>Account & Rates tab), nor does it inherit Project viewing rights (e.g. Project filtering based on Employee Job Types or Project Roles). Results displayed reflect the raw output of the query.

Please note: SQL Queries can directly affect the InFocus database. Use caution.

Tutorial

Below is a brief tutorial for working with SQL Query applet.

- 1. Browse to UT>SQL Query
- 2. Select a data source (defaults to- and is typically- InFocus)
- 3. Using the editor, write the query
 - o Optionally load the query from a .SQL File by clicking Open File from the toolbar.
- 4. Once the query is complete, click Run Query. Please note: SQL Queries directly affect the InFocus database. Use caution.
- 5. Review the Results

Once satisfied with the Results, they can by exported to excel, word, .pdf, etc. The query itself can be copied for use in other InFocus applets such as:

- <u>Dashboard Queries Manager</u> Used for building Classic Dashboard widgets and Analytic Models
- Custom Reports Used for building customized reports

Field Descriptions

Menu

In addition to standard toolbar options, SQL Query makes the following available:

File

- Open File Launches browse dialogue for opening a file in the SQL Query editor
- Open Stored Procedure Launches a dialogue where a stored procedure can be loaded by name
- Open New SQL Query Instance Opens a new instance of the SQL Query applet. This can be helpful, for instance, when working with queries against different data sources.

Tools

- Generate Create Table Statement Generates a create (#temptable) statement from the last run query
- Generate Insert Table Statement Generates an insert (#temptable) statement from the last run query
- Doc / Undock Window Docs or Undocks the SQL Query applet from the primary InFocus window

More on SQL Query Developer Tools

Toolbar Buttons

- Open File Launches browse dialogue for opening a file in the SQL Query editor
- Run Query Executes the query entered in the editor
- Clear Query Clears the guery entered in the editor

Editor and Results

- Query Datasource Sets the data source the query is to be run against. Defaults to InFocus but can include external data sources defined in Global Settings.
- Process Query as Action Result
- Replace Variables before Execution Check to indicate that the script uses <u>InFocus Variables</u> which should be inserted at run-time.
- Editor Used for entering and editing SQL queries
- Results tab Displays the results of the query
- Dataset Info tab Generates an alphabetical fields list based on the result columns. <u>More on the Dataset</u> Info tab.
 - Common Statements Used to generate template SQL commands against a temp table (e.g. #TableName) for the columns included in the results set
 - o Copy to Clipboard Copies the text of the generated common statement to the clipboard
- Export Results Click to export the results of the query to, for instance, excel (e.g. .xlsx, etc.)

4.11.29.1SQL Query Developer Tools

Overview

Advanced Users Only

SQL Query applet makes several developer tools available.

Developer Tools

Dataset Info Tab

Located below the editor, the Dataset Info tab generates an alphabetical fields list based on the result columns. In that results are not listed alphabetically, this can be very useful in locating fields in a large result set.

Double-clicking the field in the fields list will jump to that field in the Results tab.

Additionally, the **Common Statements** drop-down can be used to generate template SQL commands against a temp table (e.g. #TableName) for the columns included in the results set. Click **Copy to Clipboard** to copy the contents of the generated common statement.

Tools Menu Options

Generate Create Table Statement

Available from the **Tools Menu**, this options generates a create (#temptable) statement from the last run query.

For example, if **select * from firms** was run, this option could be used to generate the following statement (or similar)

```
CREATE TABLE #temptable
firmcode nvarchar(max)
CREATE TABLE #temptable
FirmID int.
FirmName nvarchar(max),
FirmCode nvarchar(max),
ParentFirmID int.
MainAddressID int,
ModifyDate datetime,
ModifyBy nvarchar(max),
CreateBy nvarchar(max),
CreateDate datetime.
WebSite nvarchar(max),
FirmNote nvarchar(max),
ARNote nvarchar(max)
)
```

Generate Insert Table Statement

Available from the **Tools Menu**, this options generates an insert (#temptable) statement from the last run query.

For example, if **select * from firms** was run, this option could be used to generate the following statement (or similar)

```
FirmID,FirmName,FirmCode,ParentFirmID,MainAddressID,ModifyDate,ModifyBy,CreateBy,CreateDate,Web Site,FirmNote,ARNote ) select
```

INSERT INTO #temptable (

@FirmID,
@FirmName

@FirmName,

@FirmCode, @ParentFirmID,

@MainAddressID,

@ModifyDate, @ModifyBy,

@CreateBy,

@CreateDate,

@WebSite,

@FirmNote, @ARNote

Dock / Undock Window

Available from the **Tools Menu**, this option undocks the SQL Query applet from the primary InFocus window. This allows the user to continue running InFocus procedures while working with SQL Query in a dedicated window.

4.11.30 SQL Watcher

Overview

SQL Watcher; used to monitor SQL transactions within the program.

4.11.31 Updates

Overview

The Update applet allows Clearview Software to release minor updates directly to InFocus without the need for a formal release. Click Check for Updates on Login in Global Settings to allow InFocus to check for any available updates. If updates are available, users who have been given access to the Updates applet will be notified. It is also possible to go directly to the Updates applet in the Utilities module to check for updates or rerun particular updates.

To apply these updates, click Apply Selected Updates (located at the bottom of the window).

4.11.32 Query Builder (Beta)

Beta

Please note, this applet is currently in Beta please use with the understanding that results should be closely reviewed.

Overview

Advanced applets in InFocus leverage the power and flexibility of SQL queries, where the user can directly query their InFocus Data.

Query Builder visualizes query writing and dynamically builds InFocus-optimized queries for use in applets like Dashboard Queries Manager, Custom Reports, etc.

Please note: SQL Queries directly affect the InFocus database. Use caution.

Key Concepts

Datasets

Queries written with Query Builder begin with a Dataset. As such, each query can only reference one dataset.

Fields to be used in the query are selected from the Available Fields list based on the Dataset and can then be leveraged as Selected field, Calculated Columns, and Filters.

SQL Statements

Simplified SQL statements are build on the following commands: **SELECT**, **FROM** and **WHERE**. Query Builder compiles these as follows:

- SELECT Built from Selected Fields and Calculated Columns based on the dataset
- FROM Dynamically built from the selected Dataset
- WHERE Built from defined Filters

Additional keywords such as **GROUP BY** and **ORDER BY** are dynamically built from the dataset.

Generated SQL can be further customized as necessary in the editor.

Field Descriptions

Datasets/Fields

- Datasets Lists available data sets. Each data set contains a list of available fields that can be selected for use in the query
- Available Fields Displays a list of fields per dataset. Fields can be filtered by typing in the search box
 and selected for use in the query by checking the box next to each field. Field descriptions are displayed
 at the bottom of the pane when clicking the field.
- Clear Selected Clears all sections made in the Datasets field list.

Toolbar

- Build Query Generates the query based on Dataset selections, calculated Columns and Filters. Clicking this will overwrite previous builds.
- Build & Execute Query Generates the query as described above and then runs the SQL Query as
 displayed in the editor. Note, SQL Queries directly affect the InFocus database. Use caution.
- Execute Query Executes the query only. Note, SQL Queries directly affect the InFocus database. Use caution.
- Copy Copies the text of the generated query
- Clear Clears the generated query
- Export Query Exports the text of the query to a .sql file.

Query Options

- Selected Fields Displays a running list of selected fields from the dataset
- Calculated Columns Adds calculated columns using selected fields from the dataset. Calculated columns use standard SQL formatting.
- · Filters Adds filters to the query using selected fields from the dataset
- Results Displays the results of an executed query

4.11.32.1 Building a SQL Query

Tutorial

Below is a brief tutorial for building a query with Query Builder.

- 1. Browse to UT>Query Builder
- 2. Select a Dataset
- 3. Select fields for use in the query form the Available Fields list
 - a. Add Calculated Columns and/or Filters as appropriate
- 4. Click Build Query
- 5. Click Execute Query
- 6. Review the Results from the Results tab

Once satisfied with the Results, the query can be **Copied** or **Exported** (to a .sql file) for use in other InFocus applets such as:

- Dashboard Queries Manager Used for building Classic Dashboard widgets and Analytic Models
- Custom Reports Used for building customized reports
- SQL Query Used to write and run queries against a data source (typically InFocus).

4.11.32.2Building an Analytic Model (Query Builder)

Overview

<u>Analytic Models</u> (or queries) are used to feed dashboards designed with the Analytic Dashboard Designer. Generally, models are written for performing business analysis and should be written with the end user in mind (e.g. using decipherable return names, etc.). In addition to the **query**, you can leverage Parameters, Field/List Descriptions and Permissions.

Query Builder makes building Analytic Models accessible to users who are unfamiliar with writing SQL.

Tutorial

- 1. Browse to UT>Query Builder
- 2. Select a Dataset
- 3. Select fields for use in the query form the Available Fields list
 - a. Add Calculated Columns and/or Filters as appropriate
- 4. Click Build Query
- 5. Click Execute Query
- 6. Review the Results from the Results tab
- 7. Once satisfied with the results, click Copy
- 8. Browse to UT>Dashboard Queries Manager
- 9. Select Analytic Model from the guery type drop-down
- 10. Click + New Analytic Model from the toolbar
- 11. Paste in the copied query
- **12.** Configure settings (see descriptions)
- **13.** Assign Permissions
- 14. Click Save

Your Analytic Model will now be available for use in the **Analytic Dashboard Designer**.

4.12 Administration

4.12.1 API Management

4.12.1.1 Overview

API Management Applet is an administrative applet used by developers to create and/or manage consumable API's for InFocus.

In addition to management, the API Management applet provides a framework for creating API's to support the specific needs of your firm. With <u>auto-generated documentation</u>, developers can leverage the applet to create secure and robust integrations.

What is an API?

By definition, an API is an Application Programming Interface where the application receives requests and sends responses.

An API uses a set of protocols to deliver these **requests and responses** between an outside party and the application server.

For InFocus this means you can create an interface between your system and other third parties. So, for instance, you could create an API to integrate InFocus and an application like HubSpot.

How does an API Work?

Imagine, for a moment, you visit your favorite restaurant. You sit down and order from the menu. Your waiter delivers your order to the kitchen which responds in kind with the requested dish.

In this example, your waiter is like an API. They provide a way for you (the customer) to communicate with the kitchen, whom you would otherwise not have access to.

Based on the **request**, delivered by your waiter, the kitchen serves back a **response**- in this case, your Chicken Parmesan!

Similarly, the InFocus API delivers **requests and responses** between a third party and the InFocus server.

Next Steps

In the topics that follow, we'll discuss how to get started with the InFocus API and the API Management Applet.

4.12.1.2 Getting Started with the InFocus API

4.12.1.2.1 Database Requirements

InFocus' API leverages <u>SQL JSON Functions</u> with the following server prerequisites.

- SQL Server 2016
- Database Compatibility Level = 130

If you're on <u>InFocus Cloud</u>, you're all set. However, if you self-host InFocus, work with your IT to ensure these requirements are met.

4.12.1.2.2 Setup and Permissions

Overview

To begin working with API Management, you'll assign permissions to the appropriate groups and/or users.

Permissions are available for the following applets, defined in the tutorial below:

API Management

Tutorial

Please complete the steps below to grant access permissions as appropriate.

- 1. Browse to Administration>Permissions
- 2. Select the Groups and/or Users you wish to grant permissions to
- 3. On the row next to the Group/User, click the lockbox. A dialogue will display.
- **4.** From the Groups and/or Users Permissions tab, grant permissions as appropriate. Below is a list of permissions and what they grant access to.
- 5. Once the permissions have been selected, click Save.

Module	Applet	Special Rights	Description
Administration	API Management	n/a	API Management is an administrative applet used to create and manage API Endpoints and their defined Methods

4.12.1.2.3 API Framework Reference

Overview

While the InFocus API supports native endpoints (e.g. written by Clearview) it also provides a framework for **building custom API's**.

Using the API Management applet, developers can create custom endpoints to meet the specific requirements of their firm's integrations.

The InFocus API is a **REST API** that uses standard HTTP to process requests. When creating a custom API, you'll need to consider the following.

Resources

Resources are used to group endpoints together. For example, an Employees resource might be created to organize all endpoints that handle requests for employee data.

• Employees (Resource)

- o /employees (Endpoint)
- o /employees/{employee_code} (Endpoint)

API Documentation, which is self-generated by the API Management applet, is organized by Resource group. As required, Resources and their endpoints can be hidden from documentation.

Endpoints

An Endpoint is a unique URL through which a request can be made for an object or set of objects.

Each Endpoint can be configured with a Secure and Public route, allowed request methods and full object control.

For example /employees could be an endpoint that supports GET methods and returns an object that includes Employee Code and Employee Name for all active employees (e.g. https://cascowilson.infocusapp.com/employees)

Alternatively, /employees/{employee_code} could be an endpoint that supports GET, PUT and DELETE methods for returning, updating or deleting an employee specified in the request (e.g. https://cascowilson.infocusapp.com/employees/LJC01).

Endpoint requests and responses are sent in a JSON object (e.g. {"employee_code"="LJC01"}).

Routes

Routes define the URL used for submitting requests to an Endpoint. Each Endpoint can support Secure and Public (optional) routes.

- Secure Route Requests made on this URL require an API Key
- Public Route Requests made on this URL are public

Request Methods (HTTP)

The InFocus API is a REST API that supports the following standard HTTP Request Methods:

- GET Retrieves data as specified by the request
- POST Creates data as specified by the request
- PUT Updates data as specified by the request
- DELETE Deletes data as specified by the request

Responses

Successful requests will return a JSON object.

For instance, using the /employees example above, a GET request would return:

```
{
    "employee_code": "LJC01",
    "employee_name": "Lewis James Casco"
},
{
    "employee_code": "EPF01",
    "employee_name": "Erwin P. Fletcher"
}
```

Sample responses can be viewed when testing via the API Management application or in the self-generated API documentation.

HTTP Status Codes

When making requests of the InFocus API, the following is an index of status codes returned.

- 200's Success Indicates a successful request
 - o 200 OK
- 400's Client Error Indicates an error in the request from the client making the request
 - o 400 Bad Request
 - o 403 Forbidden
 - o 409 Conflict
 - o 401 Unauthorized
 - o 404 Not Found
- 500's Server Error Indicates an error from the server
 - o 500 Internal Sever Error

Documentation

An API Reference is generated when installing or creating API's through the API Management applet.

The InFocus API is **self-documenting** in that it generates firm specific end-user documentation for each Endpoint organized by Resource group unless explicitly hidden.

Your unique API Reference is published to the route path of your InFocus API (e.g. https://company_name/infocusapp.com/api) and includes the following sections.

- Introduction
- Authentication
- Errors
- Resource/Endpoints Each Resource and it's available Endpoints are described in detail with examples.

4.12.1.2.4 API Authentication and Security

Overview

In the context of REST, authentication is the means by which a requester is identified and given access.

The InFocus API uses **Basic Authentication**, where an API Key is passed in the Authorization Request Header.

```
Authorization: Basic {authkey:}
```

API Keys

API Keys can be managed within InFocus using the <u>API Management</u> applet. Each key (32bit unique key) created can be assigned access independently to the various resources of the API.

As API Keys grant access to the various resources and endpoints, you should never share your secret API Keys in publicly accessible areas.

Secure vs Public Routes

When working with API's in the API Management applet, each endpoint can be assigned a Secure and, optionally, Public Route.

Secure Routes are secure in that they are governed by an API Key, as discussed above.

Public Routes are publicly accessible. As such, great caution should be used when enabling public routes.

All API requests should be made over HTTPS.

4.12.1.2.5 API Conventions

Overview

Under the principles of REST, here are some general conventions used by the InFocus API.

Endpoint Best Practices

Naming Conventions

Endpoints are nouns (e.g. Employee, Project, etc.) and should be listed in order of plural to singular based on specificity.

- /employees
- /employees/{employee_code}

Respones

Similarly, the data returned in an endpoint response should follow respectively from generic to detailed.

For example, a GET request to /employees would have a more generic response than the same request to /

employees/{employee code}

- GET /employees Generic information for many records. (e.g. many rows, fewer columns).
- GET /employees/{employee code} Detailed information for one record (e.g. single row, many columns).

HTTP Methods

HTTP Methods are verbs and should follow these general conventions when making endpoint requests.

- GET Retrieves records. Requests can be made to both plural and singular endpoints. As discussed above, responses should be generic or detailed respectively.
- POST Creates records. Requests are made to plural endpoints only and must define the criteria for INSERT in the body of the request.
- PUT Updates records. Requests are made to singular endpoints and must define the criteria for UPDATE in the body of the request. While it is possible to make a PUT request to a plural endpoint, this should be done with great caution.
- DELETE Deletes records. Requests are made to singular endpoints and must define the criteria for the DELETE in the body of the request. While it is possible to make a DELETE request to a plural endpoint, this should be done with great caution.

4.12.1.3 API Management Applet

Overview

API Management is an administrative applet used to create and manage <u>API Endpoints</u> and their defined Request Methods.

For developers, API Management is a framework for creating API's to support the needs of your firm. With auto-generated documentation, developers can leverage this applet to create secure integrations.

Non-developers who wish to leverage InFocus' API can request custom solutions via Clearview Support.

Field Descriptions

Toolbar

- New Endpoint Creates an API endpoint
- Save Saves the currently loaded record
- Manage Resources Launches the Resources dialogue where the following can be managed:
 - o Name Name of the resource (e.g. Employees, Projects, etc.)
 - $\circ\quad \mbox{Hide Documentation}$ Hides generated documentation for the selected endpoint
- Manage Keys Used to create and manage API Keys. Launches the API Keys dialogue.
 - Active Key is Active when checked
 - o Key API Key. Click the refresh icon to generate.
 - o Issue Date Date created
 - Expire Date Date to expire
 - o Description Key description

Resources

The Resources pane allows you to select a <u>resource</u> and displays a list of <u>endpoints</u> that can be loaded and managed.

- Dropdown Lists all available resources for management
- Refresh (button) Refreshes the list

Endpoint Settings

Endpoint Settings are used to configure how requests can be made to a given endpoint.

- Active Endpoint is active when checked
- Hide Endpoint Documentation Hides generated documentation for the selected endpoint
- Endpoint Group Resource group or category to which the endpoint belongs
- Name Endpoint name (e.g. Employees)
- Secure Route URL for requests governed by API Key permissions
- Public Route URL for public requests
- Generate Private Link Click to generate a Public Route
- Allowed HTTP Methods Defines the allowable request methods (e.g. GET, POST, PUT, DELETE).
 Check to allow.
- Description Endpoint description and internal notes.

Methods/Query

Methods and Query tab is used to define each available request method and it's attributes.

Header

- Method List <u>available request methods</u>. Click to configure.
- Query Arguments Defines a list of available arguments to be passed into the call.
 - Name Argument name
 - Parent Used to group arguments
 - Data Type SQL Data type
 - o Default Value Default value to use if NULL or blank is returned
 - o Sample Value Sample Value for documentation
 - Query Parameter Enable as a parameter available to the guery
 - o Required Required for resource requests using the selected method
 - o Description Argument description for documentation

Query Tab

Defines the script that executes when requesting the selected request method.

- Stored Procedure Query is a stored procedure (e.g. z_my_storedproc).
- Hide Query Documentation Hides generated documentation for the selected query
- Name Name of the guery
- Query (text box) Enter your query here
- Data Source Data Source for the query
- Generate Query Parameters Click to generate Query Arguments (Query Parameter = Checked) for parameters found in the query.

Documentation Tab

The Documentation tab is used to generate and review <u>documentation</u> for the loaded Method (e.g. GET, POST, etc.).

Documentation can be used by developers authorized to leverage the API.

- Description Query description for documentation. Markdown Formatting is supported.
- JSON Request Sample request for POST, PUT and DELETE methods.
- Response Sample response produced by the query

Permissions Tab

Permissions tab is used to manage API Keys available to the loaded Method.

- · Enable Key is enabled when checked
- Key API Key
- Description Key description
- Set Test Key (wizard) Generates a temporary key for use in testing. Pre-fills the Auth. Key on the Testing tab.

Testing Tab

Testing tab is used to validate API setup and view the results of your method.

Warning Queries executed will be processed on the database specified in the Route Base. Use caution for POST, PUT and DELETE methods.

- Route Base Base URL to call for testing purposes. Database is specified here and can be set to run on a [Sandbox](https://support.clearviewsoftware.net/articles/6118). (e.g. http://mycompany.infocusapp.com/api/database name)
- Parameters Query parameters defined above under Query Arguments. Parameter default can be overridden for testing.
- Secure Route Pre-fills the Endpoint's Secure Route when checked
- Public Route Pre-fills the Endpoint's Public Route when checked
- Auth. Key API Key to use for test. Generated with the Set Test Key wizard on the Permissions tab.
- URL Fully defined URL to call for testing. Route Base + Secure or Public Route
- Request tab Request attributes. Used for POST, PUT and DELETE methods.
 - Querystring Query parameters to append to the request URL (e.g. ?emp_code=cw01)
 - JSON Body JSON formatted body of the request
- Response tab Displays the formatted JSON Response
- Exec Querystring (button) Executes the request Querystring
- Exec Body (button) Executes the body of the request
- Executes Request (button) Executes the loaded method using the settings defined here on the Testing
 tab. Once executed, InFocus will display the HTTP response code and the API response in the tab above.
- Copy Output Copies the JSON object from the Response tab to the clipboard

4.12.2 Database Backups

Overview

Database Backups can be used to take on-demand backups of your self-hosted InFocus database from the InFocus user interface. While convenient for one-time backups, this feature should not replace a company

controlled backup plan.

Read more in this Help Center article and/or browse to the 2:52 mark in the video below.

4.12.3 Event Manager

Overview

Event Manager is an administrative applet used to track and optionally process WebHooks against InFocus events.

InFocus events include items related to user actions (e.g. record created, saved, deleted, etc.) and/or processes (e.g. login, recalculated, etc.).

Available events are listed, categorized by module, in the Event Manager applet.

Tracking Events

Each event listed can be selected for tracking. When tracking an event, InFocus will post the **Event**, associated **User**, **KeyID** and **Date** to the Logs tab in the Event Manager applet.

Processing Webhooks

Additionally, listed events can call a Webhook for processing. Similar to event tracking, InFocus will post the **Event**, associated **User**, **KeyID** and **Date** to a specified WebHook URL (or multiple URL's).

Using Webhooks, you can notify third-party applications that an event has occurred and supply that application with the associated event data.

Event data is passed to the Webhook URL in the body of the HTTP POST request. This content can be overridden as required using the Content Override column in the Settings/Webhooks display grid.

InFocus supports an infinite number of Webhook URL's per event and will post to each URL in the order it is listed on the Settings/WebHooks tab.

Additionally, InFocus Jobs (AD>InFocus Jobs) can be triggered by events listed in Events Manager via Webbook.

All Webhooks should be processed using HTTPS.

Setup

To begin working with Event Manager, you'll assign permissions to the appropriate groups and/or users. Please complete the steps below to grant access permissions as appropriate.

1. Browse to Administration>Permissions

- 2. Select the Groups and/or Users you wish to grant permissions to
- 3. On the row next to the Group/User, click the **lockbox**. A dialogue will display.
- **4.** From the Groups and/or Users Permissions tab, grant permissions as appropriate. Below is a list of permissions and what they grant access to.
- 5. Once the permissions have been selected, click Save.

Module	Applet	Special Rights	Description
Administration	Event Manager		Event Manager is an administrative applet used to track and optionally process WebHooks against InFocus events

Field Descriptions

Toolbar

· Save (button) - Saves the loaded record

Events Drop-down/Grid

- Event Manager Drop-down Lists available modules. Select to view and work with related events.
- Refresh (button) Click to refresh the events grid
- Events Grid InFocus events available for tracking and/or processing
 - Tracking Events When checked, InFocus will post the Event, associated User, KeyID and Date to the Logs tab in the Event Manager applet.
 - o Processing Hooks When checked, InFocus will post the Event, associated User, KeyID and Date to a specified WebHook URL (or multiple URL's).

Settings/WebHooks tab

The Settings/WebHooks tab is used to manage settings and WebHook URL's for the selected event.

- Track Event Indicates if the selected event is being tracked
- Process WebHooks Indicates if the selected event is being processed by WebHooks
- WebHooks Grid
 - o Order Defines the posting order for WebHook processing. So, Order # 1 is posted to first.
 - WebHook URL URL to which the event data is posted
 - o Content Override The body of the HTTP POST can be overridden with content entered here.

Logs tab

The Logs tab reflects the events being tracked. Additionally, if an event is being processed by a WebHook, the event will be marked as processed or not.

- Processed When checked, the posted event has been processed by an application listening on a WebHook URL.
- Username User associated with the event
- Key ID Record ID associated with the event (e.g. Timesheet ID)

- Date Data/Time of the event
- Clear History (link) Clears the log history

4.12.4 Global Settings

Overview

Global Settings contains all system-wide settings for InFocus.

Key Concepts

- Settings are configuration switches for the application and are typically set during the initial installation of the application.
- Global Settings can also be set as needed modules are brought into use. Many of the settings can be set
 up immediately upon installation; however, some settings must be configured after their corresponding
 module has been initialized, in particular, those settings that act as default values. The following sections
 of the manual take you through the different tabs within that section.

4.12.4.1 General Tab

Overview

General Tab contains miscellaneous settings that do not fall under any major category.

Field Descriptions

Company Name & Login Type

- Company Name The name of the company using InFocus. This will show up on My system reports and invoice designs.
- Login Mode InFocus supports 3 login modes. More on InFocus Login Modes
 - InFocus Only this is the default. Requires the user to login with just the InFocus user name and password.
 - Windows Only this requires the Domain\Username be added to the user record. If present, when the login screen comes up, it will look up the InFocus user based on the Windows user when logging in.
 - o Both If both, you will be able to log in with either login button.

Delimeters

Description - A single character that separates the node codes with a path. Delimiters used in InFocus are period, hyphen, and colon.

 Organization Break Down Structure (OBS) - Character that delimits, or separates, the levels or the organizational breakdown structure. The character chosen as the delimiter cannot be used in any OBS Codes. For eexample - In a two-level OBS, where departments exist within offices, there may be an OBS code of NY-AR (where NY is the code for the New York Office and AR is the code for the architectural department, and the hyphen is the delimiter). This is called an OBS Path.

- Organization Name Character that delimits the concatenated OBS name (also known as the long name).
 The delimiter can appear in the long name. For example. In a two-level OBS, where departments exist within offices, there may be an OBS long name of New York-Architectural (where New York is the name of the office, architectural is the name of the department, and a hyphen is the delimiter).
- G/L Account Delimiter The character that separates a G/L Base account from an OBS structure. This character is not allowed in the base account code. A G/L base account and an optional OBS path form the G/L Account. For example. A typical office A/R account may be 1200-NY (where 1200 is the base account for Accounts Receivable, NY is the OBS path, and a hyphen is the delimiter). G/L accounts are always listed with the base account first, followed by an optional OBS path.

Full Audits

Description - Full audits store a Version of journals and time sheets when enabled. If unchecked, no audit trail of transaction changes will be stored. It is recommended that this be enabled.

- Timesheets When checked, full audits are used in time sheet adjustments. In full audit mode, any
 change to critical information (project, work date, hours, or pay amount) will result in a background
 system-generated reversing entry. When not checked, the reversing entry will be made only if the line
 item in question has already been processed by Labor Distribution in addition to a change in critical
 information.
- Journals When checked, full audits are used in all Accounting journals. In full audit mode, any change to
 critical information (project, G/L Account, or amount) will result in a background system-generated
 reversing entry. When not checked, the reversing entry will occur only if a change in account period has
 occurred in addition to a change in critical information.

Calculate Labor Cost Using

- Pay Rate When selected, the Pay Rate will be used when calculating cost in many different areas throughout the system. Some examples are Project Figures Report, PM Reports and Project Central.
- Job Cost When selected, the Job Cost Rate will be used when calculating cost in many different areas throughout the system. Some examples are Project Figures Report, PM Reports and Project Central.

Fiscal Calendars

Seed Start Date - Starting date of earliest fiscal year in system for which to maintain transactions. <u>More on Accounting Periods</u>

- Seed Start Year Year of earliest fiscal year in system to maintain transactions for.
- 13th Period in Quarter In the event that a 13-period fiscal year is used, this is the quarter in which the
 13th period should appear. This affects only financial statements.
- Fiscal Year Type Type of Fiscal Year. There are various 12- and 13-period options allowed. See the Accounting Periods section in this manual for further instructions.

Look up Settings

 Max. Recent Results - This setting allows you to limit the number of returned results in the system look ups.

G/L Accounts

- Retained Earnings G/L Account Account to be used for end-of-year automated posting. More on G/L
 Accounts
- Error G/L Account Account to be used when an automated process cannot derive a G/L account. A
 derived account is one where the process asks for a base account and uses relevant employee or project
 OBS paths to derive a true G/L account. Some processes that include this method are revenue
 recognition, labor distribution and automated invoicing.

Misc.

- Enable Margin Skew Certain print drivers render the margins on printed reports incorrectly. When
 experiences these issues with margins, enable the Margin Skew to fix this.
- Auto-Fill Look ups Automatically populate look up forms with default list. When not checked, user
 optionally enters search criteria first and then clicks on the SEARCH button.
- Check for Updates on Login When checked, InFocus will automatically check for updates as a user logs
 in. If there are available updates, the user will be notified.
- Use Batch Entries In Journals When checked, batch entry options are available in journal entry.
- Use Deposit Dates for Reports When checked, InFocus will use the deposit date instead of the check date when running many system reports.
- Disable Project Auto-Complete When selected, the Auto-fill option in the Project Path entry cells will be turned off in the journals and time sheets.
- Mark New Entries As posted New Entries can be flagged automatically as posted. When checked, the
 post option is not available in journals.
- Allow Disbursements to Payees not on File. Disbursements can be made to employees, vendors and clients. When this option is checked, disbursements can also be made to user entered payees.

Password Settings

- Min password Length Minimum number of characters required for a valid login password.
- Password Expire Days If a number is entered here, all passwords will expire if the specified number of days have passed since the last time the password was changed by the user.
- Require Number Requires a number be in a password when it is created.
- Require Special Character Requires a special character (i.e. @,*,^ etc.) be in a password when it is created.
- Require Lower Case Letter Requires a lower case letter be in a password when it is created.
- Require Upper Case Letter Requires an upper case letter be in a password when it is created.

Organizational Units

 Uses Organizational Units - When checked, Org units can be used and all related fields will display throughout the system. More on Org. Units

User Session Tracking

- Enable Sessions When checked, The User Sessions applet will be enabled. This tracks the user sessions to see who is logged in. <u>More on User Sessions</u>
- Enable Session Detail When checked, The detail portion of the User Sessions applet will be enabled.
 This tracks the number of times an applet opens and closes.
- Cycle This is the session check-in frequency in seconds. The default is 60seconds.

4.12.4.2 A/R Tab

Overview

The A/R Tab. Settings on this tab relate mostly to the Accounts Receivable processes.

Field Descriptions

Overpayments

- Type Determines how over-payments are aged on Receivable reporting. Options are "Keep in Current",
 "Last Check Date" and "Invoice Date".
- Label Label to print in Accounts Receivable reporting for over-payments.

Aging Periods

 Number of Periods - Number of aging periods to appear on Accounts Receivable reporting. Up to five periods can be specified. The system automatically adds a final period that is all transactions older than

- the final period specified.
- 1st Period Maximum number of days old for an invoice to fall into this period. The calculated minimum is automatically zero.
- 2nd Period Maximum number of days old for an invoice to fall into this period. The calculated minimum
 is one day past 1st Period.
- 3rd Period Maximum number of days old for an invoice to fall into this period. The calculated minimum is one day past 2nd Period.
- 4th Period Maximum number of days old for an invoice to fall into this period. The calculated minimum is
 one day past 3rd Period.
- 5th Period Maximum number of days old for an invoice to fall into this period. The calculated minimum is one day past 4th Period.

Receipt Wizard Breakdowns

- Breakdown Receipts to WBS Controls whether or not the receipt wizard will break down receipts to levels below the project (top node) level.
- Breakdown Receipts to Revenue Type Controls whether or not the receipt wizard will break down receipts to the revenue type. Revenue Types include the following:
 - o F Fixed Fee
 - o L Labor
 - O Other Direct Charges
 - C Out of Contract Consultants
 - o I In Contract Consultants
 - o R Retainer
 - o G Retainage
 - o B Bad Debt

Default Bill Review Report

- PM Bill Review Selects the default Bill Review Report that is accessed by clicking "Bill Review Report" on the toolbar in PA Bill Review.
- PA Bill Review Selects the default Bill Review Report that is accessed by clicking "Bill Review Report"
 on the toolbar in PM Bill Review.

Percent Complete Calculation Default Formula

- Drop-down Box Gives you a list of Percent Complete Formulas that have been created using the "Manage Formulas" link.
- Manage Formula When clicked, you will get the "Percent Complete Formulas" pop-up. The Percent
 Complete Calculation Formula box allows you to define formulas that can be used to calculate Percent
 Complete numbers in PA Bill review. The available columns are listed in the "Available Fields" column. A
 sample formula is provided in the pop-up, but note that column names need to be enclosed with []. An

example of a formula for calculating the percent complete based on labor effort is: [LaborEffort]/ [LaborFixedFee]

PA/PM Bill Review Settings

- Never Bill When selected, Never Bill (N) charges will appear in PA/PM billing review. They will also show up in the system Bill Review reports.
- Write Off When selected, Write Off (W) charges will appear in PA/PM billing review. They will also show
 up in the system Bill Review reports.
- ICC WIP When selected, ICC WIP charges will appear in PA/PM billing review. They will also show up
 in the system Bill Review reports.

4.12.4.3 A/P Tab

Overview

The A/P Tab. Settings on this tab relate mostly to the Accounts Payable processes.

Field Descriptions

Aging Periods

- Number of Periods Number of aging periods to appear on payables reporting. Up to five periods can be specified. The system automatically adds a final period that is all transactions older than the final period specified.
- 1st Period Maximum number of days old for an invoice to fall into this period. The calculated minimum is automatically zero.
- 2nd Period Maximum number of days old for an invoice to fall into this period. The calculated minimum
 is one day past 1st Period.
- 3rd Period Maximum number of days old for an invoice to fall into this period. The calculated minimum is one day past 2nd Period.
- 4th Period Maximum number of days old for an invoice to fall into this period. The calculated minimum is
 one day past 3rd Period.
- 5th Period Maximum number of days old for an invoice to fall into this period. The calculated minimum is one day past 4th Period.

Default Credit Card Clearing Account

Default Credit Card Clearing Account - The default account used when running credit card clearing utility.

Default AP Account

Default AP Account - Default AP account when none is specified.

Credit Cards and Cash Basis

- Summarize Disbursements to Invoice Level for Cash Basis Conversion When checked, the
 Disbursement numbers will be summarized to the same level as the Invoice when the Cash Basis
 Conversion tool is run. More on Cash Basis Conversions
- Separate Credit Card Charges on Expense Sheet Import When checked, credit card charges will appear
 as separate line items on the ER Journal entry made after the Expense Sheet Import is used in the
 Employee Reimbursables Journal. More on the ER Journal Toolbar options

4.12.4.4 Invoicing Tab

Overview

The settings on this tab relate to the automated invoicing process.

Field Descriptions

Current Invoicing G/L Period

Drop down Box - Default G/L period used by automated invoicing.

Invoicing Design Options

- Expose Client UDFs in Invoice Design When checked, client user-definable fields can be used in Invoice Design. More on User Defined Fields
- Expose Project UDFs in Invoice Design When checked, project user-definable fields can be used in Invoice Design.

Invoice Numbering

- Incrementing Method Determines how invoice numbers are incremented in the system. The choices are by Company, A/R account, Client and Project.
- Next Invoice Group Number The next invoice number is used only when the incrementing method is set to PROJECT, and then only when an invoice group is used. Invoice groups allow multiple projects to be combined under one invoice.

Invoice Email

- SMTP Relay Account The SMTP Account that will be used to send emails using Automated Invoicing.
 More on SMTP Setup
- Subject The subject of the email that will be sent using Automated Invoicing. More on Emailing from Automated Invoicing
- Body The body of the email that will be sent using Automated Invoicing.

Cutoff Dates

- Expenses What date will be used as a cutoff when looking at expenses in invoicing.
 - G/L Period End Date When selected, all reimbursable transactions through the specified G/L will be included.
 - Transactions Date When selected, the transaction date will be compared with the specified as-of date.
- Billed and Received What date will be used as a cutoff when looking at billed and received numbers in invoicing.
 - o G/L Period End Date When selected, the billed-to-date and received-to-date calculations will include all transactions through the specified G/L period.
 - Transaction Date When selected, the transaction date will be compared with the specified As-of date.
 - No Cutoff When selected, billed and received amounts will be calculated, regardless of any transaction cut-off date. This is the preferred method for most clients.
 - Disbursements Journal
 --> Check Date
 - E/R Journal --> Transaction Date
 - General Journal --> Transaction Date
 - Purchase Journal--> Invoice Date
 - Receipts Journal--> Check Date
 - Sales Journal --> Invoice Date
 - Time sheets --> Work Date

Additional Settings

- Convert "Holds" to "Ready to Bill" after invoicing post When checked, all transactions flagged as Hold will be changed to Ready-to-Bill after the invoice has been posted.
- Allow PM to Edit Invoice Comments When checked, the PM can edit the Invoice Comments on a project.
- Allow PM to Apply Fixed Fee When checked, PM is able to make changes to the "Current % Complete" and "Current ICC to Apply" fields in PM Bill Review without Project Accountant approval.

 Mark All Fixed Fee Transactions as Billed Regardless of Current Bill Amount - This feature works in conjunction with settings on the Fixed Fee design. Specifically, Invoice Filters, Show Un-worked Levels, and the Labor, ODC, OCC and ICC flag-as-billed check boxes.

Remit To Address

- Office -Named address that comes from the Office tab in Global Settings. The remit-to address can appear in invoices to clients.
- · Street 1 First address line of Remit-to.
- Street 2 Second address line of Remit-to.
- Street 3 Third address line of Remit-to.
- Street 4 Fourth address line of Remit-to.
- City Remit-to City
- State Remit-to State
- Zip Remit-to Address
- Attn Remit-to attention.

4.12.4.5 Time and Expense Tab

Overview

The the items on the Time and Expense Tab can affect personal time and expense entry.

Field Descriptions

Allow users to Edit Time sheets

- Job Titles When checked, users can change their job title to an allowable job title. More on Job Titles
- Overtime When checked, true users can specify overtime on time sheets.
- Location When checked, users can specify a location on time sheets. More on Locations

Misc.

- Use Labor Codes When checked, labor codes will be accessible in time entry. More on Labor Codes
- Require Expense Codes In Expense When checked, users must supply an expense code in expense sheet entry. Checking this requires expense groups to be used on all projects. More on Expense Codes
- Enable Estimate-to-Complete In Time sheets When checked, estimate-to-complete requests can appear when a user submits a timesheet. If not checked, no request will occur, whether one was requested via project setup or through a work order.
- Allow Users to Edit Bill Status In Time and Expense When checked, bill status is accessible to users in

time and expense entry.

- Allow Work Orders in Time and Expense When checked, work orders are available in time and expense entry. More on Work Orders
- Default Separate Checks For Employees When set, will cause a separate check to be issued for each
 invoice (Employee Reimbursement) for an individual employee, rather than combining multiple invoices on
 an e-check. Regardless of this setting, the behavior can be overridden when processing E/R checks.
- Allow Labor Code Org. Override Override allows individuals to use labor codes that are assigned to org units other than their home org. More on Labor Codes
- Auto Approve Timesheet on Submit When this option is checked, the approval process is removed from the system. Submitted time sheets will be flagged automatically as approved.
- Auto Approve Time / Exp. Sheet When Owner Approver When submitting a time or expense sheet, where the employee was also listed as an approver, the time or expense sheet would auto-approve. This check box allows you to optionally prevent auto-approval.
- Show Zero Hours in Time sheets You have the ability to hide or show the zeros in the time sheet window. This is controlled in Global Settings > Time and Expense Tab by selecting the "Show Zero Hours in Time Sheets" check box.
- Auto-Compress Mobile Time Sheet On Save Checking this box will compress multiple entries with similar attributes (e.g. Project, Labor Code, Job Title) into one entry line for time entries made via InFocus Mobile.

Pay Rates

- Used Diluted Pay Rates Enables the diluted pay rates module for use.
- Set Bill Base Rate To Diluted Rate Causes the system to use the diluted rate as the base rate for calculating the bill rate, rather than the average pay rate. Base rates are used in cost plus invoicing.
- Set Job Cost Base Rate To Diluted Rate Causes the system to use the diluted rate as the base rate for calculating the job cost rate, rather than the average pay rate.

Timesheet Timer Rounding

• Round to the nearest ??minute(s) - This controls the time rounding in the time sheet Stopwatch. Here you set the accuracy of the timer in minutes.

Default Time & Expense Template

Default Time & Expense Template - When selected, this will be the default Time & Expense template
assigned to newly created employees. More on Time & Expense Templates

Required Comment Defaults For Project Types

- Direct When checked, a user entering a time sheet must enter a PM Comment before he can submit a time sheet on Direct Projects.
- Indirect When checked, a user entering a time sheet must enter a PM Comment before he can submit a time sheet on Indirect Projects.
- Opportunity When checked, a user entering a time sheet must enter a PM Comment before he can submit a time sheet on Opportunity Projects.

Required Comment Prompts

- Timesheets The "Require Comments Prompts" determines when you are going to require that the Time Sheet comment be entered. Options include; On Save, On Submit, or On Line Create (when the user leaves the line).
- Expense Sheets The "Require Comments Prompts" determines when you are going to require that the Expense Sheet comment be entered. Options include; On Save, On Submit, or On Line Create (when the user leaves the line).

Additional Settings

Allow Audit Trail Posting in Rate Recalculation - When checked, You get the options to post an audit trail
for Pay Rate, Job Cost Rate, and Bill Rate when you run the Recalculate Rates Utility.

Default Timesheet Report

- System Timesheet Report Uses the Time Sheet report located under Report Management.
- Custom Timesheet Report Allows user to select a custom time sheet report.

Time Sheet Header Mask

 Allows you to optionally set a Time Sheet Header Mask. This mask will allow you to customize the header format for the days of a timesheet period. For Example, with the mask "MM/dd/yyyy", the date will appear as 01/05/2012.

Require Rejection Reason

- Time Sheets You can require a reason for a rejected Time Sheet. An optional reason box has been added for rejected Time Sheets. Upon rejecting a time sheet, the approver will get a pop-up requiring a reason to be entered for the rejection. When a Time sheet has been rejected, a red banner will show up in the header of the Employee's time sheet. The banner goes away when the sheet is re-submitted.
- Expense Sheets You can require a reason for a rejected Expense Sheet. An optional reason box has
 been added for rejected Expense Sheets. Upon rejecting a expense sheet, the approver will get a pop-up
 requiring a reason to be entered for the rejection. When a Expense sheet has been rejected, a red
 banner will show up in the header of the Employee's expense sheet. The banner goes away when the

sheet is re-submitted.

Time Sheet Adjustment Hours Precision

Drop-down - The drop-down sets the precision for hours Time Sheet Adjustments. <u>More on Timesheet</u>
 Adjustments

Time Line Item Approval

- Use Time Line Approval When selected, the line item approval feature for Time Sheets will be enabled.
 More on Line Item Approval
- Project Approval Default The Default Line-Item Approval setting on projects. If "Default" is selected on
 the project, the selection will be honored. Required, requires that all time entries against the project be
 approved by line item. Not Required does not a require that each line item be approved for the time sheet
 before the Time Sheet, as a whole, can be approved.
- Allowed Line Approvers Options are Principal In Charge, Project Manager and Project Accountant.
 When selected, the Corresponding Button will appear on the Line Item Tab and the individual assigned to that role on the project will see the Time sheet line item(s) for individuals that have entered time against that project.

Expense Line Item Approval

- Use Expense Line Approval When selected, the line item approval feature for Expense Sheets will be enabled. <u>More on Line Item Approval</u>
- Project Approval Default The Default Line-Item Approval setting on projects. If "Default" is selected on
 the project, the selection will be honored. Required, requires that all expense entries against the project
 be approved by line item. Not Required does not a require that each line item be approved for the
 expense sheet before the Expense Sheet, as a whole, can be approved.
- Allowed Line Approvers Options are Principal In Charge, Project Manager and Project Accountant.
 When selected, the Corresponding Button will appear on the Line Item Tab and the individual assigned to that role on the project will see the Expense sheet line item(s) for individuals that have entered time against that project.

4.12.4.6 Global Settings Electronic Signature Tab

Overview

The items on the Electronic Signature Tab enables a Customizable Prompt when submitting both Time and Expense Sheets.

Field Descriptions

Time Sheet Electronic Signature

 Require Electronic Signature Confirmation - When selected, a prompt comes up after clicking submit that displays the comment that is entered into the "Electronic Signature Text" textbox.

Expense Sheet Electronic Signature

 Require Electronic Signature Confirmation - When selected, a prompt comes up after clicking submit that displays the comment that is entered into the "Electronic Signature Text" textbox.

4.12.4.7 Currency Tab

Overview

The root setup of Multi-Currency is completed here. Here the Base System Currency and Multi-Currency functionality is defined.

Key Concepts

Complete MultiCurrency Setup is located at this link: More on Multi-Currency

Field Descriptions

Base System Currency

Description - This defines the base currency InFocus operates from. All systems will have one base currency. This is the currency that all companies within a single database will consolidate to. Although this setting defaults to the U.S. Dollar (USD), it can be customized to reflect any given company's base operating currency.

- Culture Configures the base culture the business is operating in and drives system report formats.
- Symbol Represents the system wide currency symbol.
- Code International three character monetary code. This important setting drives the import of system exchange rates.
- Name Required Field containing the selected culture's currency name.
- Precision Defines columns to the right of the decimal place and drives system rounding. Example: Precision 2 rounds to the nearest hundredth (5.248 = 5.25).

- Unit Represents the smallest unit in the selected currency. Example: For U.S. Dollars, 1 represents the Penny (the system will round to the nearest penny).
- Major Denomination
 - Singular Defines the singular cases for check printing. For example, USD major labels are "dollar".
 - o Plural Defines the plural cases for check printing. For example, USD major labels are "dollars".
- Minor Denomination -
 - Singular Defines the singular cases for check printing. For example, USD minor labels are "cent".
 - Plural Defines the plural cases for check printing. For example, USD minor labels are "cents".

Multi-Currency

Description - This section is only defined when the system should operate across multiple currencies. The configurations herein define the dates that drive configured exchange rates for sub ledger journals.

- Use Multi-Currency When checked, this enables the system to operate across multiple currencies.
- Default Evaluation Date Settings Here you select which date will be used when evaluating currency in the Purchase, Disbursement, E/R, Sales, Receipt and General Journals.
 - Transaction Date Journal based MC Effective date
 - o Period End Date End date of the G/L Period of the transaction
 - Period Start Date Start date of the G/L Period of the transaction
 - Today's Date The system date of the transaction

4.12.4.8 Labels Tab

Overview

The Labels Tab allows you to enable Overtime Types and customize selected column headers in the time sheet.

Field Descriptions

Overtime Labels

Description - You have the option of selecting up to 4 different overtime types. When you add a name to the Overtime label box, it is activated. You can then go to the Pay History Tab">Employees>Pay History Tab and enter the overtime rates. When more than one Overtime Type is activated, the employees will be required to select an Overtime Type when they enter overtime in a time sheet. If you delete the name from the box, the Overtime type will be deactivated.

Overtime 1 - When a label is entered in this box the Overtime 1 type is activated.

- Overtime 2 When a label is entered in this box the Overtime 2 type is activated.
- Overtime 3 When a label is entered in this box the Overtime 3 type is activated.
- Overtime 4 When a label is entered in this box the Overtime 4 type is activated.

Timesheet Labels

Description - In Time Sheets, you are able to customize the column name of the Work Order, Job Title, Bill Status, Labor Code and Location Columns by just filling in the new name on this tab. If you delete the name, it defaults to the original.

- Work Order When a label is entered here, the Work Orders column will display the label instead of the default name. <u>More on Work Orders</u>
- Job Title When a label is entered here, the Job Title column will display the label instead of the default name. More on Job Titles
- Bill Status When a label is entered here, the Bill Status column will display the label instead of the default name.
- Labor Code When a label is entered here, the Labor Code column will display the label instead of the default name. More on Labor Codes
- Location When a label is entered here, the Location column will display the label instead of the default name. More on Locations

4.12.4.9 Project Admin Tab

Overview

The Project Administration Tab is where you configure default settings that will assist with project setup.

Field Descriptions

Default Labor Multipliers

Description - Multipliers that are entered here will be the default labor multipliers in the Rate Schedules section on any projects that are created in the Projects applet. More on where the Multipliers (in Rate Schedules) is set on the Project

- Direct Personnel Expense (DPE) Default DPE multiplier for projects.
- Overhead Default overhead multiplier for projects. If only a combined multiplier is used, use this and set DPE and Profit to 1.
- Profit Default profit multiplier for projects.

Direct Non-Labor Multipliers

Description - Multipliers that are entered here will be the default non-labor multipliers in the Expense Markups/Codes section on any projects that are created in the Projects applet. More on where the

Multipliers (in Expense Markups/Codes) is set on the Project

- Other Direct Charges (ODC) Default ODC multiplier for projects.
- Out-Of-Contract-Consultants (OCC) Default OCC multiplier for projects.

Default Rate Schedules

Description - The Rate Schedules entered here will be the default Rate Schedule in the Rate Schedules section on any projects that are created in the Projects applet. More on where the Multipliers (in Rate Schedules) is set on the Project

- Direct Job Cost Default job cost rate schedule for Direct (Billable) projects.
- Direct Bill Default bill rate schedule for Direct (Billable) projects.
- Indirect Job Cost Default job cost rate schedule for Indirect projects.
- Indirect Bill Default bill rate schedule for Indirect projects.
- Opportunity Job Cost Default job cost rate schedule for Opportunity projects.
- Opportunity Bill Default bill rate schedule for Opportunity projects.

Default Project Figures Report

Drop-down - Selects the default Project Figures Report to run for Projects

Project Central Default Overhead Calculation Method

- Drop-down Defines the default calculation method in Project Central for Overhead, according to one of the following options. <u>More on Project Central</u>
 - Job Cost less Pay Calculates Overhead using Job Cost minus Pay
 - Overhead Allocation Utilizes per project Overhead Allocation amounts defined in <u>Utilities>Overhead</u>
 Allocation
 - o None

Delimiters

- Description Delimeters are character that delimit or separate the codes at different levels of the WBS. It
 is used for separation between all codes except for the roll-up node of a project. This character cannot be
 contained in any code.
- Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) Delimiter that will be used to separate the Work Breakdown Structure in the project.
 - For example. 9801-10-A would represent Project 9801 / Phase 10 / Task A with a hyphen used as the delimiter. The hyphen between the 10 and the A is the WBS delimiter.
- Project Name Character that separates the project names at different levels of the WBS.
 - For example. 9801-10-A would represent Project 9801 / Phase 10 / Task A with a hyphen used as the delimiter. The hyphen between the 9801 and the 10 is the Project Name delimiter.

- Roll up Node Character that delimits a roll up node from the project node. It can use the same delimiter
 as the rest of the WBS. It cannot be contained in any code.
 - For example. RU:9801-10-A would represent Roll up node RU / Project 9801 / Phase 10 / Task A with a colon used as the delimiter. The colon between the RU and the 9801 is the Roll up Node delimiter.

Profit Centers

- Project Sharing Profit Center Level Organization level at which profit sharing can be assigned. Example Office, Department or Division. When you have the Project Sharing Profit Center set to the lowest node
 this will enable you to set the Project's owning Org at any level. Please note that this will allow both
 Billable and Indirect projects to carry an owning org at any level. More on Profit Sharing
- Allow multiple profit centers per project Enables profit sharing between profit centers within a project.

Default Expense Groups

- Description The Expense Groups entered here will be the default Expense Groups on the Expense & G/
 L Tab on any projects that are created in the Projects applet. More on Expense Groups
- Direct Defines the default Expense Group for Direct Projects
- Indirect Defines the default Expense Group for Indirect Projects
- Opportunity Defines the default Expense Group for Opportunity Projects

Labor Codes

 Required by Default Check Box - When checked, Labor Codes are required by default on Projects that are created. More on Labor Codes

Default Opportunity Bill Status

• Drop-down - You are able to select the Default Bill Status for Opportunity projects. These features do not limit the statuses; they simply specify the default value on a new transaction.

4.12.4.10 Taxes and Surcharges Tab

Overview

The Taxes and Surcharges Tab control the settings that relate to applying taxes and surcharges to an invoice.

Field Descriptions

Taxes and Surcharges Grid

General Section

- Active When checked, the tax will appear on the "Taxes and Surcharges" tab in the Projects applet.
- Tax Code Tax code used to differentiate between tax codes.
- Tax Name Tax Name
- Tax 1 % Percentage of 1st tax in the Tax Invoice Section.
- Invoice Text1 Name of 1st Tax as it appears on the invoice.
- Tax 2 % Percentage of 1st tax in the Tax Invoice Section (optional).
- Invoice Text2 Name of 1st Tax as it appears on the invoice (optional).
- Base Account Base account for this tax.
- Base Account (Tax 2) You can post tax amount 2 to a separate G/L account.
- Use in Rev. Rec. When checked, the tax will be used in the Rev. Rec. feature in InFocus.

"Apply Tax To" Section

- Labor When checked, the tax will be applied to the Labor section of the invoice.
- ODC When checked, the tax will be applied to the Other Direct Charges (ODC) section of the invoice.
- OCC When checked, the tax will be applied to the Out of Contract Consultants (OCC) section of the invoice.

4.12.4.11 Auto Codes Tab

Overview

Auto-Coding allows InFocus to auto generate codes for Projects, Opportunities, Firms, Employees and Purchase Orders. When enabled, an auto-code icon (blue wand) will appear in the Code field of the respective applet.

Using Auto Codes, you'll designate a prefix for your code, seed number and length of the code. For instance, using the following settings, InFocus would generate the code **E0000** for your first entered employee.

- Prefix E
- Seed 0
- Pad Length 4

Click <u>here</u> and go to the 3 minute 57 seconds mark to learn more about the Auto Coding Tab in Global Settings.

Field Descriptions

Auto Codes Header

- Enable Project Auto Codes When checked, the auto code feature will be available in the Projects applet. More on Projects
- Enable Opportunity Auto Codes When checked, the auto code feature will be available in the Opportunities applet. <u>More on Opportunities</u>
- Enable Firm Auto Codes (Client and Vendor) When checked, the auto code feature will be available in both the Client and Vendor applets. More on Clients More on Vendors
- Enable Employee Auto Codes When checked, the auto code feature will be available in the Employees applet. More on Employees
- Enable Purchase order Auto Codes When checked, the auto code feature will be available in the Purchase Orders applet.

Auto Codes Grid

- Type The applet where Code is being generated.
- Name Name of Code
- Prefix Text that will appear before any Auto-Generated code. You can use Global Variables to generate these. For example, @YEAR@ will append the current year to the code. More available Global Variables
- Seed The first code that will be used.
- Pad Length The length of the code. For example, with a pad of 4, if the code is 1, Auto-Coding will
 generate 0001.
- Custom When checked, the Code will require a custom query.
- Custom Query A custom query can be entered here to generate a custom code.

4.12.4.12 Document Management Tab

Overview

The Document Management Tab controls the settings that deal with the configuration of Document

Management.

Key Concepts

Document Management is HTTP. What this means is that documents live in the same installation folder as InFocus
(<drive>:\program files\Clearview Software\InFocus\Client\Documents). When you upgrade to version 1.4.7 or greater,
a Documents folder is created. This is where all documents will reside. All previously archived documents will need to
be moved into this folder. Additionally, you will need to modify the permissions on the folder to allow Read/Write access
to the folder. (See this article or a more detailed explanation.)

Field Descriptions

Document Management Features

- On/Off buttons The On/Off buttons are used to enable and disable on Document Management.
- Disallow Document Updates When checked, users are unable to upload changes to documents that have been added.

Document Management Type

• Use HTTP Document Management (recommended)

Note - Once you select "Use HTTP Document Management", you are unable to go back to "Legacy Document Management".

- Document Base URL This URL is the URL that you use to launch InFocus (typically http://server_name/infocus).
- o "Verify" link Verifies a connection with the Document Base URL.
- o Max File Size (KB) This limits the size of the documents to be uploaded.
- "Remove Legacy Document Repository Settings" link Used after moving from the old Document Management setup to the HTTP Document Management setup. This removes the old repository settings.
- Use Legacy Document Management (depricated).

 **Clearview does not configure this way any more. All

new Clients must use HTTP Document Management*

Deployment Server FTP Settings

Description - These settings are generated by the DTA Config utility when Document Management is configured.

- · User InFocus DTA is the default user.
- Password A default password is generated during setup. To properly change the password, go to your
 FTP provider and change it. Then change the password here to the corresponding password.
- Confirm Password Password used to confirm the new password to be entered.
- Port The port being used by the FTP service to communicate with InFocus.

Email Relay Settings

- Host SMTP Email Host
- User Who the email will be delivered from (ex. noreply@clearviewsoftware.net)
- Password Email password
- Confirm Password Password used to confirm the new password to be entered.
- Port SMTP Port
- Use SSL / TLS
- "Send Test E-mail To" link A test email will be sent when you enter a valid email address and click on the link.

4.12.4.13 Multi-Company_Tab

Overview

Multi-Company (Inter Company Transfers aka. ICT) is used for advanced multi-company support. More on Multi-Company Setup

Note - Additional setup and training is required to use this feature as well as an associated cost. If you are interested in using ICT, please contact support.

Field Descriptions

Settings

- Use Multi-Company When checked, the Multi-Company feature is enables and all related fields are available.
- · Post Inter-Company Transfers Using Automated Invoicing -

Methods

- Labor Method to be used when calculating Labor.
- ODC (Other Direct Charges) Method to be used when calculating Other Direct Charges.
- OCC (Out of Contract Consultants) Method to be used when calculating Out of Contract Consulting charges.
- ICC (In Contract Consultants) Method to be used when calculating In Contract Consulting charges.

Cross-Company TX Settings by Journal

Description - For each journal you can specify how the system handles the attempt of a transaction to reference two or more companies. The Drop-down options are Allow, Disallow and Warn.

- General Specifies how the system will handle this in the General Journal.
- Sales Specifies how the system will handle this in the Sales Journal.
- Receipt Specifies how the system will handle this in the Receipt Journal.
- Purchase Specifies how the system will handle this in the Purchase Journal.
- Employee Reimbursable Specifies how the system will handle this in the Employee Reimbursable Journal.
- Disbursement Specifies how the system will handle this in the Disbursement Journal.

Enable Inter-company Transfers by Journal

- Purchase When checked, the inter-company transfer option is turned on in the Purchase Journal.
- Employee Reimbursable When checked, the inter-company transfer option is turned on in the Employee Reimbursable Journal.

- Disbursement When checked, the inter-company transfer option is turned on in the Disbursement Journal.
- Receipt When checked, the inter-company transfer option is turned on in the Receipt Journal.

Base Accounts

Revenue

Description - Here you select the Revenue Base Accounts to be used for Multi-Company

- Labor Select the Labor Revenue Base Account.
- ODC (Other Direct Charges) Select the ODC Revenue Base Account.
- OCC (Out of Contract Consultants) Select the OCC Revenue Base Account.
- ICC (In Contract Consultants) Select the ICC Revenue Base Account.

Expense

Description - Here you select the Expense Base Accounts to be used for Multi-Company

- Labor Select the Labor Expense Base Account.
- ODC (Other Direct Charges) Select the ODC Expense Base Account.
- OCC (Out of Contract Consultants) Select the OCC Expense Base Account.
- ICC (In Contract Consultants) Select the ICC Expense Base Account.

4.12.4.14 Offices Tab

Overview

The Office tab allow is where the address of the company using InFocus.

Key Concepts

- Office addresses can be used in employee setup and in invoicing for remit-to addresses.
- When entering an address, the user enters the addresses name (referred to as Address Name). Later, this address can be applied to items such as an employee, by referencing the named address.
- Addresses can be NAMED to categorize them for reuse. For instance, a client can have many offices with an address for each office, as well as associate client contacts with a particular office address. If the information of the NAMED address changes, you can cascade those changes to all associated (linked) addresses in entirety, or only for fields that have a value.
- Sometimes addresses have specific uses, as in the case of bill to, pay to, and remit to addresses. These
 can be unassociated addresses or linked addresses. Typically, they will be linked addresses, which
 means they must first be entered as a named address, prior to referencing them as a bill to, pay to, or
 remit to.

Field Descriptions

Offices Grid

- Pencil icon When clicked, the Address Editor pop-up appears for easy data entry.
- Name Named address. Not available for employee contacts.
- Street 1 Address line 1
- Street 2 Address line 2
- Street 3 Address line 3
- Street 4 Address line 4
- City City
- State State
- Zip Zip Code
- State State
- Country Country
- Phone Telephone number
- Fax Fax number
- · Latitude Latitude of Address
- Longitude Longitude of Address
- Copy to Clipboard Copies address to the clipboard of the local workstation. (Only seen in Address Editor)
- Geocode When clicked, the Latitude and Longitude are filled in with the location of the Main Address.
 This can be used in the Map Viewer applet. More on the Map Viewer. (Only seen in Address Editor)

4.12.4.15 Revenue Posting Accounts Tab

Overview

The Revenue Posting Accounts Tab controls the default Revenue Posting Accounts used in Automated Invoicing. These accounts can me overridden in <u>Automated Invoicing>Posting Tab</u> and when using Invoice Posting Groups. <u>More on Invoice Posting Groups</u>

Field Descriptions

- A/R Account A/R account to process. Required.
- Direct Labor The base account to which the base amount for hourly labor is posted.
- Overhead Base account to which the DPE plus OH amount for hourly labor is posted. If not supplied,

direct labor is used.

- Labor Profit Base account to which the profit portion for hourly labor is posted. If not supplied, direct labor is used.
- Fixed Fee Base account to which fixed fee is posted. If not supplied, direct labor is used.
- Direct ODC Base account to which non-marked up portion of ODC expense is posted.
- Profit ODC Base account to which marked-up portion of ODC expense is posted. If not supplied, direct
 account is used.
- Direct OCC Base account to which non-marked up portion of OCC expense is posted.
- Profit OCC Base account to which marked-up portion of OCC expense is posted. If not supplied, direct
 account is used.
- ICC Base account to which ICC portion of fixed fee is posted.
- Retainage Base account to use for retainage.
- Retainer Base account to use for retainers.

4.12.4.16Labor Distribution Tab

Overview

The Labor Distribution Tab manages the settings that control Labor Distribution postings. More on Labor

Distribution

Key Concepts

- The purpose of labor distribution is to post labor to the General Ledger and mirror payroll.
- Labor Distribution posts labor figures to the General Ledger based on time sheet entries.
- The process scans time sheets that have been approved, but not yet processed by this utility. In general,
 labor is divided between direct and indirect labor cost accounts.
- To understand how Labor Distribution G/L Accounts are derived <u>click here</u>.

Field Descriptions

Base Codes

Description - These are the default base codes that will automatically fill into the Labor Distribution utility when launched. They can be overridden by base codes on the job title, and those can be overwritten by base codes at the project level. More on Job Titles

• Direct Salary - Direct Labor base account for salaried employees. It is combined with the charged

- organization to derive a valid G/L account. The metric type is cost; the cost type is direct; and the project management type is labor. It cannot be flagged as a subcontractor base account.
- Overhead Salary Indirect Labor base account for salaried employees. It is combined with the charged organization to derive a valid G/L account. The metric type is cost; the cost type is indirect; and the project management type is labor. It cannot be flagged as a subcontractor base account.
- Direct Hourly Indirect Labor base account for non-exempt employees. It is combined with the charged organization to derive a valid G/L account. The metric type is cost; the cost type is indirect; and the project management type is labor. It cannot be flagged as a subcontractor base account.
- Overhead Hourly Indirect Labor base account for non-exempt employees. It is combined with the
 charged organization to derive a valid G/L account. The metric type is cost; the cost type is indirect; and
 the project management type is labor. It cannot be flagged as a subcontractor base account.
- Direct Subcontractor Direct Labor base account for subcontractors (timekeepers who are not employees). It is combined with the charged organization to derive a valid G/L account. The metric type is cost; the cost type is direct; and the project management type is labor. It must be flagged as a subcontractor base account.
- Overhead Subcontractor Direct Labor base account for markup portion. It is combined with the charged
 organization to derive a valid G/L account. The metric type is cost; the cost type is direct; and the project
 management type is labor. It is used only when a marked-up value (not pay rate) is used.
- Markup Debit Direct Labor base account for markup portion. It is combined with the charged
 organization to derive a valid G/L account. The metric type is cost; the cost type is direct; and the project
 management type is labor. It is used only when a marked-up value (not pay rate) is used.
- Markup Credit Direct Labor base account for the offset of the markup portion. It is combined with the
 employee home organization to derive a valid G/L account. The metric type is cost; the cost type is direct;
 and the project management type is labor. It cannot be flagged as a subcontractor base account and is
 used only when a marked-up value (not pay rate) is used.

Base Codes

- Salary Variance G/L account to post the difference between an exempt employees salary and their distributed pay rate amount.
- Payroll Clearing Offset or suspense G/L account for direct and indirect labor (non- subcontractor).
- Subcontractor Clearing Offset or suspense G/L account for direct and indirect subcontractor labor.

Misc.

 Posting Method - Rate method used for posting labor. There are four Posting Methods to use to calculate the amount to post:

- o Pay Rate Labor is calculated at the pay rate value in timesheets.
- o Job Cost Rate Labor is calculated at the job cost rate value in timesheets.
- o Bill Rate Labor is calculated at the bill rate value in timesheets.
- Pay Rate X Supplied Multiplier Labor is calculated at the pay rate value in timesheets and then multiplied by the supplied multiplier when this utility is run.

Note - When using any method except pay rate, you can split the difference between pay rate and the select method into two debit and credit base accounts. This allows the user to transfer an overhead portion in cross-charge scenarios from one organization to another, and maintain visibility of that overhead transfer in the General Ledger.

Hours In A Work Day - Standard number of hours in a work day. In Labor Distribution, it is used salary
variance calculations, if compensatory time is not booked. It is also used in resource management
projections.

Compensatory Time Project

• Look-up Box - Project to which compensatory time is posted. When posting compensatory time, salaried variance is washed through a compensatory project.

Next: Back to the Labor Distribution Overview

4.12.4.17 Revenue Recognition Tab

Overview

The Revenue Recognition Tab controls the initial settings of automated Revenue Recognition postings.

Key Concepts

- Revenue recognition is to used to meet the GAAP principle of recognizing revenue in the same accounting period that the expense was incurred. When this utility is run, labor and expense transactions are calculated based on user-set rules to obtain an earned revenue value on a project-by-project basis. The system then calculates the previous earned revenue. The difference is posted to Unbilled Revenue and offset to WIP. When automated invoicing is used, whatever gets posted to Billed Revenue is relieved from WIP and offset against Unbilled Revenue.
- Rules can be established for each PM type (Labor, ODC, OCC, and ICC) on a project. Rules can analyze
 expense transactions at cost or marked up (billable value), and analyze labor at any of the three rates
 (pay, job cost, or bill). Values can then be compared to maximums of upsets to prevent over-valuing. The

rules can also earn revenue based on user-entered percent completion. <u>More on Revenue Recognition</u>

Project Setup

- All billing statuses (except for Never Bill) are included.
- When upsets occur, the overage is posted against an upset G/L account. This allows for a separation from the standard unbilled revenue account. You can make this the same as the standard. In other words, you could use one unbilled labor revenue account for both the labor revenue and the upset labor revenue. This technique is also useful regarding expenses. Expense revenue will post by expense code if available. In the case of a cap, you can post the overage to a separate account without randomly penalizing any expense code.

Field Descriptions

Unbilled Revenue Base Codes

- Labor Account for Labor Gross Earned Revenue. Base account must have a metric type of unbilled revenue and a project management type of Labor.
- Other Direct Charges (ODC) Account for ODC Gross Earned Revenue. Base account must have a
 metric type of unbilled revenue and a project management type of ODC.
- Out-Of-Contract Consultants (OCC) Account for OCC Gross Earned Revenue. Base account must have a metric type of unbilled revenue and a project management type of OCC.
- In-Contract Consultants (ICC) Account for ICC Gross Earned Revenue. Base account must have a
 metric type of unbilled revenue and a project management type of ICC.
- Labor Upset Account for Labor Overrun Earned Revenue. Base account must have a metric type of unbilled revenue and a project management type of Labor. When a cap is exceeded, this account will be debited for the amount of the overrun.
- ODC Upset Account for ODC Overrun Earned Revenue. Base account must have a metric type of unbilled revenue and a project management type of ODC. When a cap is exceeded, this account will be debited for the amount of the overrun.
- OCC Upset Account for OCC Overrun Earned Revenue. Base account must have a metric type of unbilled revenue and a project management type of OCC. When a cap is exceeded, this account will be debited for the amount of the overrun.
- ICC Upset Account for ICC Overrun Earned Revenue. Base account must have a metric type of unbilled revenue and a project management type of ICC. When a cap is exceeded, this account will be debited for the amount of the overrun.
- Subcontractor Account for Subcontractors.

WIP Base Codes

- Labor Base account for Labor work-in-progress.
- Other Direct Charges (ODC) Base account for ODC work-in-progress.
- Out-Of-Contract Consultants (OCC) Base account for OCC work-in-progress.
- In-Contract Consultants (ICC) Base account for ICC work-in-progress.

Misc.

- Use Revenue Recognition Indicates whether Revenue Recognition screens will be available in the system.
- Post single journal entry per period Flag indicating if only one entry should be used per period for Revenue Recognition postings. When checked, any previous entry in the same accounting period as the current processing period will first be deleted.

Effort Calculation

- Include Never-Bill Transactions for Owning Profit Centers Flag indicating if transactions with a never-bill status should be included in the calculation of effort in Revenue Recognition formulas for owning profit centers.
- Include Never-Bill Transactions for Sharing Profit Centers Flag indicating whether transactions with a never-bill status should be included in the calculation of effort in Revenue Recognitions formulas for owning profit centers.
- Include Write-Off Transactions for Owning Profit Centers Flag indicating if transactions with a write-off status should be included in the calculation of effort in Revenue Recognition formulas for owning profit centers.
- Include Write-Off Transactions for Sharing Profit Centers Flag indicating if transactions with a write-off status should be included in the calculation of effort in Revenue Recognition formulas for sharing profit centers.

4.12.4.18SMTP / Webhook Relay Servers Tab

Overview

The SMTP / Webhook Relay Servers is where most SMTP / Webhook relay information is stored for use in emailing. The only exception is with Document Management Read more on Configuring InFocus for Emailing

Field Descriptions

SMTP Relay Servers Grid

- Active When checked, the SMTP server is active and can be used in the emailing processes.
- Is Public When checked, the SMTP server is accessible in the application by users who have been granted Permissions to those applets. <u>More on Permissions</u>
- Name User defined name of the SMTP Server.
- From Address Email address that any email sent from this SMTP Server will be from.
- From Name Name in the email that any email sent from this SMTP Server will be from.
- SMTP Server Email Server information.
- User ID User ID used to access the SMTP Server
- · Password Password used to access the SMTP Server
- Port Port that the SMTP Server is using.
- SSL/TLS Is SSL or TL are required by the email service provider, check this box.

Webhook Relays Grid

- Name Webhook Name
- Method HTTP Method with which the webhook is being sent (POST, PUT, DELETE, etc.)
- URL Webhook URL
- Use Basic Auth Check to use basic authentication
- Username User name to be passed (optional)
- · Password Password to be passed (optional)
- Headers Headers to be passed (optional)

All Webhooks should be processed using HTTPS.

4.12.4.19 External Data Sources Tab

Overview

InFocus supports the use of External Data Sources when using advanced query applets such as: SQL Query and Analytic Dashboard Designer.

Global Settings provides one, central place for managing external data sources and their connection information.

Generally, connections entered here are configured for connecting to SQL databases. That said, use the Custom CX option for connecting to other third party data source (e.g. Access, Oracle, etc.)

Field Descriptions

- Name Name to appear throughout InFocus in data source drop-downs
- Server Name SQL server name
- Database SQL Database
- Use Integrated Security Check to use Windows Authentication
- User Id SQL Server user id to use in the connection string
- Password SQL Server password to use in the connection string
- Use Encryption Check to encrypt communication to/from the SQL Server. Defaults to checked.
- Connect Timeout Defines the number of seconds InFocus will attempt to connect to the data source before dropping the connection
- Custom CX Used for writing your own connections to SQL, Access, Oracle, etc.

4.12.4.20 Mapping Tab

Overview

The Mapping Tab holds the Bing Maps API Key that is required to use the Map Viewer. It also contains the default settings for the Map Viewer applet.

Note - The Map Viewer incorporates Bing Maps to display queried data. To gain full access to this applet, you need to set up a Bing Maps account. There are some standard queries that come with InFocus to demonstrate the Map Viewers capabilities.

Field Descriptions

Map Settings

- Bing Maps Key Bing Maps API Key. This is obtained by setting up a Bing Maps account.
- Bing Maps URL The Bing Maps URL if you would like to override the default. Default is used if left blank.
- Default Latitude The Latitude that the map will default to when the Map Viewer is launched.
- Default Longitude The Longitude that the map will default to when the Map Viewer is launched.

4.12.4.21 Global Variables Tab

Overview

In addition to system scripting variables, InFocus supports custom variables for use in advanced query applets like SQL Query, Custom Reports and Dashboard Queries Manager.

Created in Global Settings, these variables are assigned a value is inserted into the query at execution.

Global Variables are referenced in queries using the following syntax: **@variable@**.

Field Descriptions

- Variable Name
- Value Default value for the variable. Note, value should be formatted according to the field type (e.g int = plain text (5), varchar = single-quote text ('LJC01'), etc.)
- Variable Automatically builds the the variable, with added syntax (e.g. @variable@)

More on using InFocus Variables

4.12.4.22UDF Tab

Overview

The UDF Tab controls the label that is viewed on the Tab in the different applets.

Field Descriptions

Employee UDF Tab

• Text Box - Text that should appear in the Employee Setup form for the User Defined Fields tab.

Vendor UDF Tab

Text Box- Text that should appear in the Vendor Setup form for the User Defined Fields tab.

Client UDF Tab

Text Box- Text that should appear in the Client Setup form for the User Defined Fields tab.

Project UDF Tab

Text Box - Text that should appear in the Project Setup form for the User Defined Fields tab.

4.12.4.23 Miscellaneous Tab

Overview

This tab contains Miscellaneous settings that do not fall under any of the other tabs.

Field Descriptions

G/L and Invoice Period Code Display

Text Box - Allows you to display G/L periods in other formats. This is useful for people whose accounting
periods are not the same as the calendar year. Formats are in the tab to aid you in setup.

4.12.4.24 Purchasing Tab

Overview

The Purchasing tab governs global setup and configuration for the Purchasing Module. Applets affected by these settings include:

- Purchasing applets
- HR>Employees
- AP>Vendors
- PA>Projects

Field Descriptions

- Use Purchase Orders Enables the use of the Purchasing Module and related applets and fields
- Enable Receipt of Goods Enables the Receipt of Goods feature with the ability to mark ordered items as received.
- Enable Vendor Shipping Address Enables the use of Vendor Allowable Ship To rules for defining Shipping addresses available to Purchase Orders. Defined via AP>Vendors>Purchasing tab.
- Enable Employee Shipping Address Enables the use of Employee Allowable Ship To rules for defining Shipping addresses available to Purchase Orders. Defined via HR>Employees>Purchasing tab.
- Custom Comment Box 1 Label Defines the InFocus label text for the top custom comment box in the PO>Purchase Order applet
- Custom Comment Box 2 Label Defines the InFocus label text for the bottom custom comment box in the PO>Purchase Order applet
- Use Purchase Order Approval Enables approvals for Purchase Order items. Left unchecked, all Purchase Orders are auto-approved.
 - Employee PO Approver Approvals are made by an employee-assigned approver. Defined via HR>Employees>Purchasing.
 - Employee Timesheet Approver Approvals are made by an employee-assigned Timesheet Approver(s). Defined via HR>Employees>Accounting/Rates.
 - Project Responsible Approvals are made by the project-assigned Project Leader (e.g. Project Manager, Project Accountant, Principle-in-charge). Defined via PA>Projects>Members.
- Allow Purchase orders to be included in Sales Enables the ability to pre-bill Purchase Orders
 - o ICC Allow for ICC expense. Default Bill Status is also defined.
 - o OCC Allow for OCC expense. Default Bill Status is also defined.
 - ODC Allow for ODC expense. Default Bill Status is also defined.
 - o PO AP Account Default AP Account to use in the Purchase Journal entry
 - o PO Liability Account Default PO Liab. Account to use in the Purchase Journal entry
- Default Bill To Bill To address to include on Purchase Orders
 - Overridable on Purchase Order When checked, Default Bill To can be overridden on the Purchase Order
- Default Allow Shipping To Defines where a Purchase Order item can be shipped to. Alternatively, a Specific Address can also be listed. This can be further defined per Employee and/or Vendor.

- Overridable on Purchase Order When checked, Default Bill To can be overridden on the Purchase Order
- Global Approval Rules Defines a set of criteria for determining if a Purchase Order item requires approval. Rules can be further defined per Employee and/or Purchase Item.
 - o Approval Require All When checked, all criteria must be met to require approvals

4.12.5 InFocus Jobs

Overview

Advanced Users Only

InFocus Jobs applet allows you to enter scripts to be run on a schedule from the SQL Server.

Available from Administration>InFocus Jobs, SQL Queries or Powershell scripts are entered as steps that define the order in which they are run. Once entered, a schedule is defined for the job which governs when, how and by whom the queries are executed (details below). A running History can be reviewed for each job.

Technical Note

Self-Hosted Clients

InFocus Jobs are processed using a single stored procedure, **InFocusJobs_Process_Sav**, on the SQL Server. To enable this feature, you'll need to complete <u>InFocus Jobs Server Setup</u>.

If you're on InFocus Cloud, you're all set- we manage this for you.

Key Concepts

Permissions

Access Permissions to InFocus Jobs applet are established to this new applet via Administration>Permissions.

Steps

As stated above, scripts are entered as steps and listed in the order of execution.

InFocusJobs_Process_Sav iterates through each script in the steps and reports back successes or failures for the job through the History Tab.

Executing InFocus Jobs

InFocus Jobs can be run on demand, according to a schedule or triggered via webhook.

On Demand

Jobs can be run on demand by selecting the Job and clicking Execute Job from the toolbar.

Scheduled Jobs

Jobs can be run on a schedule as often as every 5 minutes. Jobs can also be run as a designated employee-if your script uses employee variables (e.g. @MYID@).

Missed Runs

In that InFocus Jobs are processed on an automated schedule, a plan must be in place for scenarios where the job cannot be executed (e.g. power outage, etc.).

InFocus Jobs run on a counter system, where each run increments the Next Run Date based on a defined recurrence (e.g. Recurring every 1 Day(s)). When a run is missed (e.g. the stored procedure is not executed), the Next Run Date is not incremented until the next time the job is run. At that time the Next Run Date will be incremented according to one of two settings: **Skipped Missed Runs** or **Process Missed Runs**.

- Skipped Missed Runs Default setting. Increments the Next Start Date from the current date of the run based on the defined recurrence
- Process Missed Runs Increments the Next Start Date from the previously successful run's Next Start
 Date based on the defined recurrence

Webhook

Jobs can be triggered via incoming webhook. To configure, each job will need to be configured with the following

- Webhook Code Each job must be assigned a unique code to be contained in the webhook URL.
 Webhook codes can be generated or entered manually- however if entering manually they should be secure.
- Expiration Date Expiration date for the webhook
- Webhook URL The URL used to execute the job. The request should use the POST HTTP Method. It can also include a JSON Body that the job can access through the \$infocus.input parameter.

Tutorials

Creating an InFocus Job

- 1. Browse to AD>InFocus Jobs
- 2. Click New from the toolbar
- 3. Name and Describe the Job
- **4.** From the Steps tab, add SQL Scripts to be processed by the job. As needed, this can be spread across multiple steps.
 - a. Click the (+) button
 - b. Name the Script
 - c. Note, jobs default to a type of **SQL**. If using Powershell, designate this using the Powershell radio button
 - d. Enter the SQL/Powershell Script
 - e. Additional Steps can be added
 - f. Steps can be ordered/reordered using the up and down arrows (^, v) located at the bottom of the Steps tab.
- 5. Click Save

Manually Running a Job

Once entered and saved, an InFocus Job can be kicked off manually from the InFocus Jobs applet by clicking **Execute Job** from the toolbar.

Field Descriptions

Menu

• File/Help - Lists standard InFocus File and Help options

Toolbar Buttons

- New Creates a new InFocus Job
- Save Saves the InFocus Job
- Copy Copies the InFocus Job
- Delete Deletes the InFocus Job
- · Refresh Refreshes the applet
- Execute Job Executes the currently loaded job

InFocus Jobs Grid

InFocus Jobs Grid - Lists all InFocus Jobs and the next scheduled run date

Jobs Header

- Active Defaults to checked. Check if the job is active
- SQL Defaults to checked. Check if using SQL Scripts
- Powershell Check if using Powershell Scripts
- Clear History Clears history displayed in the History tab for the loaded job
- Job Name Name of the job
- Descriptions Job description

Steps Tab

- Steps Grid Lists the SQL Scripts to be run in the order of execution (e.g. Step 1, Step 2, Step 3, etc.)
- Add Button (+) Adds a new step
- Delete Button (x) Deletes the currently loaded step
- Up/Down Arrows (^, v) Used to reorder the currently loaded step
- Step Name Name of the step
- Stored Procedure Check if the script is a call to a stored procedure
- Replace System Variables Check to indicate that the script uses <u>InFocus Variables</u> which should be inserted at run-time.
- · Script Editor Used for entering and editing SQL queries

Schedule Tab

- Next Run Date / Time Check to enable. Enter the next date/time the job should be run
- Recurring Every Defines how often the job should be run. Supports as often as every 5 minutes.
- Employee Context Employee to insert if the job utilizes employee variables

- Skip Missed Runs Default setting. Increments the Next Start Date from the current date of the run based on the defined recurrence
- Processed Missed Runs Increments the Next Start Date from the previously successful run's Next
 Start Date based on the defined recurrence
- No End Date (Job Duration) The job will be processed indefinitely
- End Date (Job Duration) Sets an end date for job processing

Webhook Tab

- Webhook Code Unique code to be used in the webhook URL. Webhook codes can be generated or entered manually- however if entering manually they should be secure.
 - o generate (link) Generates a unique 32bit code
- Expiration Date Expiration date for the webhook. Once passed, the listed webhook will no longer trigger the job.
- Process Webhook as GET When checked, the loaded InFocus Job will be triggered by HTTP GET
 requests to the listed webhook URL. By default the InFocus Job can only be triggered by POST requests
 made to the webhook URL.
- Webhook URL The URL used to execute the job. The request should use the POST HTTP Method. It can also include a JSON Body that the job can access through the \$infocus.input parameter.
- View linked Events Click to view <u>Event Manager</u> events calling the listed webhook.

History Tab

- Job Log ID Internal log ID
- Start Date Job Start Date
- End Date Job End Date
- Completed When the job was completed
- Completed (Checkbox) Job Completion status (True/False)
- Error (Checkbox) Job Error status (True/False)
- Message Job results message (e.g. Compete, Error message, etc.)

4.12.6 List Management

Overview

List Management is where lists within InFocus reside and are managed. Nearly every drop-down box in InFocus (or wherever there are more than two selections) contains a list.

Key Concepts

- Lists can be of two types System and User.
- System lists cannot be added to, edited, or deleted. They are viewable for reference purposes only.
- User lists are completely controlled by the user. They can be added to, edited, deleted, and reordered.

Field Descriptions

System Lists Management Window

- Drop-down The drop-down allows you to filter the list of Lists. Options are System, User and Both.
- Window Displays the List Names

System Lists Management Grid

- ID Unique Identifier generated by InFocus after saving.
- Display Text Text the user will see when they click on the list.
- Code (not on all items) Code of item. Must be unique.
- Unique (not on all items) Flags the item in the list as unique.

4.12.6.1 List Management User Lists

Overview

There are different lists that are used throughout **InFocus**. There are 2 types of Lists; System and User. User Lists can be changed at any time. Below you will see a description of each User list with sample detail Items.

Note - If the "Quickstart" scripts were run on your system, you may have the items below.

Key Concepts

- Most User Lists are referenced lists. That means, if the text of a list item is changed after other records in the system have been assigned to the changed list item, those records will pick up the new text. The Non-Referenced lists are Name Suffixes, Name Prefixes, and Postal States.
- A list is Non-Referenced if it is possible to type in a value in the associated drop-down that is not in the list.
- User lists are completely controlled by the user. They can be added to, edited, deleted, and reordered.

Field Descriptions

Activity Types

Description - The Activity Types list is used in both Activities and Notes throughout the system. You can supply an Activity Type when creating a follow-up activity. To find the Activity Types list go to Activities>Activity">Marketing>Activities>Activity (double-click on Calendar Time slot) OR got to the Notes Tab in the Clients, Vendors or Projects applets.

Detail Item 1: Phone Calls

Detail Item 2: Email

Detail Item 3: AppointmentDetail Item 4: Service Issue

Billing Groups

Description - The Billing Group list is typically used to group projects together by Billing Type. This list can be used as a grouping tool when invoicing. Projects that have been assigned the same Billing Group can be invoiced at the same time. To find the Billing Groups list go to Projects>Billing Tab>Billing Group Section.

Detail Item 1: 1st Week
Detail Item 2: 2nd Week
Detail Item 3: 3rd Week
Detail Item 4: 4th Week

Billing Term

Description - The Billing Terms list used in both the Client and Project applets. This is a list of terms of payment. The list is for display purposes only, and can be configured to display on an invoice. To find the Billing Groups list go to Projects>Billing Tab>Billing Terms Section OR go to Accounts Receivable>Clients>Billing Tab>Payment Terms Section.

Detail Item 1: Net 30Detail Item 2: C.O.D.

Client Specialties

Description - The Client Specialties list used in the Clients applet. This is a list of specialty areas of your clients. The list is for display purposes only, and can be configured to display on an invoice. To find the Client Specialties list go to Accounts Receivable>Clients>General Tab>Client Type / Specialty Section.

Detail Item 1: Transportation
 Detail Item 2: Graphic Design
 Detail Item 3: Graphic Design
 Detail Item 4: Architecture
 Detail Item 5: Engineering

Detail Item 6: Geotechnical Engineers
 Detail Item 7: Environmental Engineers

Detail Item 8: Electrical Engineers

Client Types

Description - The Client Types list used in the Clients applet. This is a list of the types of clients that you may work with. The list is for display purposes only, and can be configured to display on an invoice. The list is for display purposes only. To find the Client Types list go to Clients>General Tab>Client">Accounts Receivable>Clients>General Tab>Client Type / Specialty Section.

Detail Item 1: Federal Government

Detail Item 2: State Government

Detail Item 3: Local Government

• Detail Item 4: Non-Profit

Detail Item 5: Health Care

• Detail Item 6: Education

Detail Item 7: Commercial

• Detail Item 8: Residential

Contact Employee Type

Description - The list of Contact Employee Types is typically used to classify the Relationship Type the contact represents at their Firm. To find the Contact Employee Type list go to Contacts>Contact">Marketing>Contacts>Contact Detail (double-click on the contact)>Employee Associations Tab>Relationship Column.

Detail Item 1: Billing

Detail Item 2: Human Resources

Detail Item 3: Marketing

Contract Type

Description - The list of Contract Types used to classify the Billing Type of your project. It is typically used for internal classification and does not control the actuall Billing Terms of a project. The list is for display purposes only. To find the Contract Type list go to Projects>General Tab>Project Types Section.

• Detail Item 1: Time and Materials

Detail Item 2: Time and Materials to Max

Detail Item 3: Cost Plus

Detail Item 4: Cost Plus to Max

Detail Item 5: Fixed Fee

Detail Item 6: Phased Fixed Fee

Detail Item 7: Percent of Construction

Employee Contact Type

Description - The list of Employee Contact Type is used to classify the relationship between the Employee and the Contact. It is typically used for internal classification and is assigned when you add a Contact through the Employees applet. To find the Employee Contact Type list go to <a href="https://www.human.com/human.com

Detail Item 1: Friend

Detail Item 2: Associate

Detail Item 3: Former Co-worker

Detail Item 4: Relative

Detail Item 5: Business Associate

Detail Item 6: Fellow Board Member

Event Types

Description - The Event Types list is used to specify an Event Type when creating a Contact. To find the Event Types list go to Marketing>Contacts>Contact Detail(double-click on the contact)>Marketing
Tab>Interests Section.

• Detail Item 1: Conference

Detail Item 2: Seminar

Detail Item 3: Meeting

Detail Item 4: Trade Show

Firm Contact Type

Description - The list of Firm Contact Type is used to classify the relationship between the Firm and the Contact. It is typically used for internal classification and is assigned when you add a Contact through the Firms applet. To find the Firm Contact Type list go to Firms>Contact Detail">Marketing>Firms>Contact Detail (double-click on firm) >General Tab>Relationship Type.

• Detail Item 1: Project Manager

Detail Item 2: Lead Engineer

Detail Item 3: Principal

Detail Item 4: Accounting

FOB Terms

Description - Used by Purchase Orders to define terms of responsibility for the safety and quality for Freight On Board (FOB).

FS Groups

FS Groups gives the user the ability to group G/L Accounts for use in designing Financial Statements. Each FS Group (e.g. FS Group 1, 2, 3, 4) can have an unlimited number of designations. FS Groups defined here are assigned to G/L Accounts via the FS Groups tab (GA>Chart of Accounts) and leveraged when designing Financial Statements that use a Filter Range.

Gift Types

Description - The Gift Types list is used to specify a Gift Type when creating a Contact. To find the Gift Types list go to Marketing Tab.

Detail Item 1: Memorial
 Detail Item 2: Honorary
 Detail Item 3: Retirement
 Detail Item 4: Maternity

Lead Sources

Description - The Lead Sources list is used to classify the source of a Lead when creating a Contact or Opportunity. To find the Lead Sources list go to Contacts>Marketing Tab">Marketing>Opportunities>General Tab>Opportunity Info Section.

Detail Item 1: Mailing
Detail Item 2: Advertising
Detail Item 3: Trade Show
Detail Item 4: Personal Contact
Detail Item 5: Client Referral

Associations

Lead Stages

Detail Item 6:

Description - The Lead Stages list is typically used to designate the stage of a Lead when creating a Contact.

To find the Lead Stages list go to Marketing>Opportunities>General Tab>Opportunity Info Section.

• Detail Item 1: Lead

Detail Item 2: Proposal

• Detail Item 3: Pending

Detail Item 4: Short Listed

• Detail Item 5: Won

• Detail Item 6: Lost

Market Sectors

Description - The Market Sectors list is typically used to designate the percentage of a Market Sector that a Project or Opportunity represents. To find the Market Sectors list go to Opportunities>General">Marketing>Opportunities>General Markets Sectors Section">Tab>Markets Sectors Section OR Projects>Market Sectors">Projects>Market Sectors.

Detail Item 1: Federal Government

Detail Item 2: State Government

Detail Item 3: Local Government

Detail Item 4: Non-Profit

Detail Item 5: Health Care

Detail Item 6: Education

Detail Item 7: Commercial

• Detail Item 8: Residential

MessageTypes

Message Types are used by UT>Messages Manager to categorize messages.

Messages Types - Categorizes types of messages

Name Prefixes

Description - The Prefixes that are used when creating Names throughout InFocus.

Detail Item 1: Mr.

Detail Item 2: Ms.

Detail Item 3: Mrs.

Detail Item 4: Miss

Detail Item 5: Dr.

Detail Item 6: Col.

Detail Item 7: Gen.

Name Suffixes

Description - The Suffixes that are used when creating Names throughout InFocus.

• Detail Item 1: Jr.

Detail Item 2: Sr.

Detail Item 3:

Detail Item 4: AIA

Detail Item 5: PE

• Detail Item 6: CPA

• Detail Item 7: CFA

Detail Item 8: PhD

Note Types

Description - The Note Types list is used when creating Notes throughout the system. You can supply a Note Type when creating a Note. To find the Note Types list go to the Notes Tab in the <u>Clients</u>, <u>Vendors</u> or <u>Projects</u> applets.

Detail Item 1: Phone Calls

• Detail Item 2: Meeting

• Detail Item 3: e-mail

Detail Item 4: Appointment

Detail Item 5: Lunch

Detail Item 6: Dinner

Payment Terms

Description - The Payment Terms for vendors as they are set up. To find the Payment Terms list go to Accounts Payable>Vendors>General Tab>Payment Terms Section.

Detail Item 1: 15 Days

• Detail Item 2: 30 Days

Detail Item 3: 45 Days

Detail Item 4: 60 Days

Detail Item 5: Next

Detail Item 6: Hold

Detail Item 7: PWP

Payroll Groups

Description - The Payroll Groups are used to group together employees when running the Payroll export. Payroll Groups are a user-defined list that allows for multiple runs of the Labor Distribution posting procedure. More on Labor Distribution To find the Payroll Groups list go to Human

Resources>Employees>Employee Information Tab>Company Information Section.

If you were navigating from the setup page, click here to return to <u>Labor Distribution Setup</u>

Detail Item 1: Weekly
 Detail Item 2: Bi-Weekly
 Detail Item 3: Semi-Monthly

Detail Item 4: Monthly

PO Item Receipt Status

Description - Used by the Purchasing module to define available statuses for receiving goods and services related to a Purchase Order.

Postal States

Description - The Postal States are used when creating Addresses. The Postal States lists are used in Addresses throughout InFocus.

Detail Items: The 50 US States

Project Contact Types

Description - The list of Project Contact Types is used to classify the relationship between the Project and the Contact. It is typically used for internal classification and is assigned when you add a Contact through the Projects applet. To find the Project Contact Types list go to Projects>Contacts

Tab>Contact Detail (double-click on Contact)>Relationship Column.

Detail Item 1: Project ManagerDetail Item 2: Lead Engineer

Detail Item 3: Principal

Detail Item 4: Accounting

Project Report Types

Description - The Project Report Types list is typically used to group projects together by a user defined Report Type. To find the Project Report Types list go to Projects>General Tab>Project Types Section.

Detail Item 1: CommercialDetail Item 2: Residential

• Detail Item 3: Environmental

Detail Item 4: Medical

Detail Item 5: Office Building

Detail Item 6: Sports and Recreation

Detail Item 7: Transportation
 Detail Item 8: Government

Project Roles

Description - The Project Roles list is typically used to grant Project Manager access using the Project Roles Applet. To find the Project Roles list go to <u>Administration>Project Roles</u>.

Detail Item 1: Alternate Project Manager

Detail Item 2: Project Team Lead

• Detail Item 3: Junior Project Manager

Shipping Terms

Description - Used by Purchase Orders to define terms for shipping goods

Social Types

Description - The Social Types list is used to specify a Social Event Type when creating a Contact. To find the Social Types list go to Marketing>Contacts>Contact Detail(double-click on the contact)>Marketing Tab>Interests Section.

• Detail Item 1: Dancing

Detail Item 2: Wine Tasting

Detail Item 3: Bridge

Sport Types

Description - The Sport Types list is used to specify a Sport Type when creating a Contact. To find the Sport Types list go to Marketing>Contacts>Contact Detail(double-click on the contact)>Marketing Tab>Interests

Section.

• Detail Item 1: Baseball

Detail Item 2: Basketball

Detail Item 3: Soccer

Detail Item 4: Football

• Detail Item 5: Tennis

• Detail Item 6: Golf

Unit Types

Description - Unit of measurement an Item represents (e.g. Each, Dozen, Box, Day, etc.). Note, this is not used in calculating extended cost on the Purchase Order.

Vendor 1099 Types

Description - The Vendor 1099 Types list is used to specify a specific group of Vendors as a 1099 Type. This allows you to load the specific group when running 1099-MISC forms through InFocus. To find the Vendor 1099 Types list go to Accounts-Payable-Vendors-Settings-Tab-Vendor-Types-Section-1099-Morp-down.

• Detail Item 1: Rent

Detail Item 2: Non-EmployeeDetail Item 3: Compensation

Vendor Types

Description - The Vendor Types list is used to specify a specific group of Vendors as a user defined Vendor Type. To find the Vendor Types list go to Accounts Payable-Vendors-Settings Tab-Vendor Types Section-Standard drop-down.

• Detail Item 1: Trade

• Detail Item 2: Non-Trade

Detail Item 3: Subcontractor

4.12.7 Permissions

Overview

Permissions are used to control access for both Users and Groups in InFocus

Key Concepts

- Permissions can be assigned to one of two entities users or groups.
- Permissions are additive, meaning a user has permissions assigned directly to him, as well as rights assigned to groups of which the user is a member.
- Groups usually are established based on common departmental requirements. For instance, the user may
 establish an Accounts Receivable group and assign all personnel who perform client billing to that group.
 When doing so, assign least common denominator rights to that group, since one member of the group is
 likely a manager and will receive more rights. For that manager, either set up a second group, or give him
 more rights.
- A user can belong to as many groups as necessary.
- User Permissions are assigned per applet. Applets are the subcategories shown by clicking on the sidebar. For example, clicking Personal, the following applets appear--Expense Sheets, My Work Orders, and Timesheets. Each applet has four basic rights.
 - View Gives users permission to view records.
 - Edit Gives users permission to modify records.
 - Add Gives users permission to add records.
 - Delete Gives users permission to delete records.
- If no right is selected, the applet does not appear on the Main Menu for that user. If no applets are viewable within a given module. Likewise, if no applets are viewable within a given module, that module will not appear in the Main Menu for that user. Some applets have special rights in addition to the standard four. The right, or permission name, should be indicative of what it controls (see Special Rights for more information).

4.12.7.1 Users Tab

Overview

The Users Tab displays the list of users that have been created. Here you can create users and manage both password settings and Domain Accounts.

Key Concepts

- When an employee is added to the system in Employee Setup, assuming he was given a login name at that time, he will be added automatically as a user.
- You can add a user by entering a new login here, then associate an employee to that login and click Save.

Field Descriptions

- Include Inactive When selected, the list includes Users that have been flagged as Inactive. This is done through the Employees applet or the InFocus Permissions Editor. More on Employees
- Lock icon When clicked, the InFocus Permissions Editor is opened. More on the InFocus Permissions
 Editor
- Login This is the login name that the user will access InFocus with.
- Employee Code Employee Code of the employee associated with the Login.
- Employee Name Employee Name of the employee associated with the Login.
- Require Reset When checked, the employee is required to reset their password once the number of days specified in Global Settings have passed in comparison to the Last Password Change date. <u>More</u> on Passwords
- Last Password Change Date used to determine when an employee is required to change their password.
- Windows Domain Account Required when Windows Mode or Both is selected as the Login Type in Global Settings>General Tab.
- Enter New Line Type in a User Name here, fill out the additional info and click Save I to add a new User.

4.12.7.2 Groups Tab

Overview

The Groups Tab displays the list of Groups that have been created. Group Permissions are created to restrict access throughout **InFocus** to a Group of users.

Key Concepts

Permissions are additive, meaning a user has permissions assigned directly to them, as well as rights

- assigned to groups of which the user is a member.
- Groups usually are established based on common departmental requirements. For instance, the user may
 establish an Accounts Receivable group and assign all personnel who perform client billing to that group.
- In a typical setup, you want to use Group Permissions only. Group Permissions are easier to manage than individual user permissions.

Field Descriptions

- Lock icon When clicked, the InFocus Permissions Editor is opened. <u>More on the InFocus Permissions</u>
 <u>Editor</u>
- Group Name Name of the Permission Group.
- Enter New Line Type in a Group Name here and click Save I to add a new Group.

4.12.7.3 Permission Editor (Pop-up)

Overview

When you click on the Lock icon next to either the Login or the Group Name, you will bring up the InFocus Permissions Editor. Here you can manage your Permissions.

4.12.7.3.1 General Tab

Overview

The General Tab displays when the User/Group was created. In User mode, the General Tab allows you to manage User Status and Passwords. In Group Mode, you are able to edit the Group Name.

Field Descriptions

User Mode (When you click the lock icon on the User Tab)

- Created Date and time user account was created. Informational only and cannot be modified.
- Employee Code Employee code assigned to this user account. Informational only and cannot be modified here. More on Employees
- Password Reset This is where a user can change their passord.
 - New Password New user account password

- Confirm Password Confirmation of new user account password
- Change Password Commits the password change

Note - Click Save to save any changes made on this tab.

Group Mode (When you click the lock icon on the Group Tab)

- Name Contains the name of the group. (It can be changed here).
- Created Date and time that the group was created. Informational only and cannot be modified.

Note - Click Save to save any changes made on this tab.

4.12.7.3.2 Members (of) Tab

Overview

The Members (of) Tab displays what members are in a User/Group. In User mode, the *Member of Tab* displays the Groups that the user is a member of. In Group Mode, the *Members Tab* displays the Users that are included in the Group.

Field Descriptions

User Mode (When you click the lock icon on the User Tab)

- Member When checked, the User is a member of the selected Group.
- Group The name of the group. (It can be selected here).

Note - Click Save to save any changes made on this tab.

Group Mode (When you click the lock icon on the Group Tab)

- Is Member When checked, the User is a member of the selected Group.
- Username The Username of the Employee. More on Employees
- Employee Code The Code of the Employee.
- Employee Name The Proper Name of the Employee.

Note - Click Save to save any changes made on this tab.

Overview

The Members Tab. This tab contains a list of all users setup in the system. Information cannot be modified on this box.

Location - How to assign Members to a Group:

- Step 1 Go to the Permissions Applet located in the Administration Module. Click on the Groups Tab.
- Step 2 Click on the Lock located next to the "Admin" group.
- Step 3 A "Permissions for Administrators" box will pop up. Click on the Members Tab.
- Step 4 Check the Is Member box next to the desired users to be included in the group, and click Save.

Is Member - When checked, this user is a member of this group.

Overview

Members Of Tab.

Location - Use the path given in the Users' Overview section of the manual. First, click on the lock. Next, a pop-up box (illustrated below) called InFocus Permissions for "User Name" will appear (descriptions below).

- Description This tab will contain a list of all users setup in the system. Information cannot be modified on this box.
- Is Member When checked, this member is a part of this group.

Click Save to save any changes.

4.12.7.3.3 User/Group Permissions Tab

Overview

The User Permissions Tab contains permissions for every applet organized by module.

Key Concept

Depending on whether you access this tab through Users or Groups, it will be named accordingly; User
 Permissions from the Users Tab and Group Permissions from the Groups Tab.

Field Descriptions

Columns

- View When checked, a User can View the item.
- Edit When checked, a User can Edit an existing item.
- · Add When checked, a User can Add a new item.
- Delete When checked, a User can Delete an existing item.
- Special Rights Within some applets special rights may exist. To view "Special Rights" go to the <u>Special Rights</u> section of this manual.

Set... For... To...

Description - Permissions can be set quickly for a module or all applets in the system from the General tab in the user and group pop-ups. The mass setting fields are as follows:

- Set This drop-down gives the user a choice of which standard right to set, as well as an All option.
- For This drop-down gives the user a choice of which module to set, as well as an All option.
- To When checked, the rights are enabled, based on the Set and For options. Otherwise, the rights are revoked.

Note - Click Save to save any changes made on this tab.

4.12.7.3.4 Impersonate Tab

Overview

The Impersonate tab provides the ability to support scenarios where one user needs to log into InFocus as another.

Administrators can generate unique impersonation tokens which can then be used in the place of user credentials at login.

Each generated token has a specified expiration.

Getting Started

To enable, an administer can **click the lock box next to the user to be impersonated**, and establish impersonation settings for distribution.

At login, users with the Impersonation Token will find an option for **Token Login** exposed by clicking **advanced database options** from the InFocus login screen.

Users will be prompted to provide the token. Once provided the user will **re-click advanced database options** and click **Login**.

That user will inherit all rights of the impersonated user for the duration of the current session and/or any subsequent sessions logged in prior to expiration.

Field Descriptions

- Expire Minutes Sets the expiration of the generated token
- Generate New Impersonation Token Generates a new token
- Impersonation Token Generated token to be used at login
- Copy (link) Copies the token to your clipboard
- Expiration Timestamp set for the expiration of the generated token. Note, time refers to the internal clock of the InFocus server, typically UTC.
- Clear Token Clears and the generated token and deactivates impersonation for the selected user

4.12.7.3.5 Special Rights

Overview

Special Permissions. To assign Special Permissions to both Users and Groups, follow the following steps:

User's Special Rights Location - Use the path given in the Users Overview section of the manual. Next, click on the Lock icon. An InFocus permissions for Username box will pop up. Click the User Permissions tab. The following graphic shows the Users' Permissions pop-up.

Groups Special Rights Location - Next, click on the Lock icon. A Permissions for Administrators box will pop up. Click the Group Permissions tab. The following graphic shows the User's Permissions pop-up, which looks similar to the Group Permissions Box. It is, however, labeled as Permissions for Administrators.

- Certain applets have special rights.
- Special rights are specific permissions that cannot be properly ascertained with the standard Add, Edit,

View, and Delete rights.

Special rights are additive in that they give the user or group more rights.

4.12.7.3.5.1 Activities

Overview

The following Special Rights can be applied.

Field Descriptions

• Can Assign Other Employees - When checked, the user can assign Activities to other employees. Without this right, employees can only create personal Activities.

4.12.7.3.5.2 A/R Collections

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

 Can Override Project Leader - When checked, the user can limit project leaders to projects they are assigned to.

4.12.7.3.5.3 Approver

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Can Force Approve When selected, the user with this permission can Force Approve a Time Sheet without completing the Line Item process. Note that this approves all line items on the time sheet.
- Can Force Reject When selected, the user with this permission can Force Reject a Time Sheet without completing the Line Item process. Note that this rejects all line items on the time sheet.
- Can Force Submit When selected, the user with this permission can Force Submit a Time Sheet without completing the Line Item process. Note that this submits all line items on the time sheet.

4.12.7.3.5.4 Automated Invoicing

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

Can Clear Invoice Sessions - Invoice sessions are run per user. If a user is running an invoice for a
project, he can tie up other users wanting to run the same invoice. When this box is checked, the user
can clear invoice sessions that other users are running within the system.

4.12.7.3.5.5 Bank Reconciliation

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

Can Modify Reconciled Statements - Gives the user the ability to reconcile statements.

4.12.7.3.5.6 Chart Of Accounts

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

Execute Cash Conversion - When checked, the user can run Convert-to-Cash procedure.

4.12.7.3.5.7 Clients

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- · Edit UDFs When checked, the user can define user-defined fields.
- View Recent When checked, the user can view recent client transactions.

4.12.7.3.5.8 Client Queries

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Can View Private Queries When checked, the user can view queries marked private.
- Is Administrator When checked, the user can create public and private queries.

4.12.7.3.5.9 Contacts

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

· Edit UDFs - When checked, the user can define user-defined fields.

4.12.7.3.5.10 Dashboard Groups

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

Can set Default Layout - Allows the user to configure a default layout for a Dashboard Group

4.12.7.3.5.11 Disbursements Journal

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Allow Post Closing Adjustments When checked, users can make adjustments to transactions in closed periods that have been marked to Allow Adjustments in the <u>Accounting Periods</u> applet (GA>Accounting Periods).
- Can Override Expense Markups Exposes markup fields so they can be overwritten
- Can Override Linked Invoice Exposes link to sales journal so it can be removed
- Can Override X-rates Exposes exchange rate (multi-currency) so it can be overwritten
- Change Key Fields Allows key fields (payee and check) to be modified
- Change Period When checked, the user can change the period of a transaction without leaving and an trail
- Change Period All Versions When checked, the user can change the G/L Period for any version of the journal entry
- Edit Grid When checked, the user can edit information in the grid if he does not already have the Standard Edit right checked for the Disbursement journal. Not checking the Standard Edit, but instead checking the Edit Grid right, allows Accounts Receivable personnel to modify transaction line items without affecting the overall balance or header information of the transaction. When the Standard Edit is already checked, the Edit Grid right is of no consequence.
- Show/Post Unposted Transactions When checked, the user can see and post all unposted transactions regardless of user who entered transaction.

4.12.7.3.5.12 Employees

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Edit UDFs When checked, the user can define user-defined fields.
- Is Human Resources When checked, all of the information in the Personal section of the Company tab is visible.
- View Pay Rates Allows the user to view pay rates.

4.12.7.3.5.13 Employee Reimbursables

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Allow Post Closing Adjustments When checked, users can make adjustments to transactions in closed periods that have been marked to Allow Adjustments in the <u>Accounting Periods</u> applet (GA>Accounting Periods)
- Can Delete Cash Posting Linked Items When Credit Card Cash Posting is processed the system makes a General Journal entry that is linked to individual E/R line items. When checked, this special right allows the user to delete an E/R Line item associated with the General Journal cash entry
- Can Override Expense Markups Exposes markup fields so they can be overwritten
- Can Override Linked Invoice Exposes link to sales journal so it can be removed
- Change Key Fields Allows key fields (payee and check) to be modified
- Change Period When checked, the user can change the period of a transaction without leaving an audit trail
- Change Period All Versions When checked, the user can change the G/L Period for any version of the journal entry
- Clear All Pending Expense Sheet Transactions When checked, the user can delete any transactions that have been flagged but not yet posted in the Generate Transactions process
- Create Recurring Entries When checked, the user can create an entry that is recurring for a given number of cycles
- Edit Grid When checked, the user can edit information in the grid if he does not already have the
 Standard Edit right checked for the Employee Reimbursable journal. Not checking the Standard Edit, but
 instead checking the Edit Grid right, allows Accounts Receivable personnel to modify transaction line
 items without affecting the overall balance or header information of the transaction. When the Standard
 Edit is already checked, the Edit Grid right is of no consequence.
- Generate Expense Sheet Transactions When checked, the user can create Employee Reimbursable transactions from expense sheet transactions

4.12.7.3.5.14 Employee Queries

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Can View Private Queries When checked, the user can view queries marked private.
- Is Administrator When checked, the user can create public and private queries.

4.12.7.3.5.15 Expense Sheets

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

Expense Sheet Administrator - Gives the user Expense Sheet administrator rights. Expense Sheet administrators can enter expense for other employees. They can create and modify Expense Sheet coverage periods. They can also submit, approve, and reject any expense. In addition, they can navigate to expense sheets from other employees.

4.12.7.3.5.16 General Journal

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Allow Post Closing Adjustments When checked, users can make adjustments to transactions in closed periods that have been marked to Allow Adjustments in the <u>Accounting Periods</u> applet (GA>Accounting Periods)
- Can Override X-rates Exposes exchange rate (multi-currency) so it can be overwritten
- Change Period When checked, the user can change the period of a transaction without leaving an audit trail
- Change Period All Versions When checked, the user can change the G/L Period for any version of the journal entry
- Create Recurring Entries When checked, the user is allowed to create an entry that is recurring
- Show/Post Unposted Transactions When checked, the user can see and post all unposted transactions regardless of user who entered transaction

4.12.7.3.5.17 My Work Orders

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

Can Print Other Employee Work Orders - Allows the user to print other employee work orders.

4.12.7.3.5.18 Organizational Units

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

Modify Org. Labels - When checked, the user can change the labels for organizational levels.

4.12.7.3.5.19 PA Bill Review

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

 Override Project Accountant Restriction - When checked, the Employee type of Project Accountant is not required.

4.12.7.3.5.20 PM Bill Review

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

Can Override Project Leader - When checked, this gives the user the ability to override the project

leader.

4.12.7.3.5.21 PM Reports

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Can Override PM leader restriction When checked, the user can designate (or change) the PM Leader field on any reports where Limit to PM Leader has been set. This right applies only to principals, project managers, and project accountants.
- Can View Sensitive Data When checked, the user can view reports that are marked as containing sensitive data.

4.12.7.3.5.22 Projects

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Edit UDFs When checked, the user can define user-defined fields.
- Modify Project Level Labels When checked, the user can change the labels for project levels.

4.12.7.3.5.23 Project Central

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- · Addresses Can Modify Allows the user to modify the Address Tab
- Bill Review Can Change Bill Status Allows user to change the bill status on transactions listed on the Bill Review Tab
- Bill Review Can Move Transactions Allows user to move transactions listed on the Bill Review Tab

- Budget Save as Baseline Allows the user to save Budgets to baseline budget on the Budgets Tab
- Can Manage Fields and Formulas Allows the user to manage Fields and Formulas on the Overview Tab
- Can Use System Chart-Packs Allows the user to work with system Chart-Packs in Project Central
- Contacts Can Modify Allows the user to make modifications on the Contact Tab
- Contract Can set amount Allows the user to set contract amounts on the Contract Tab
- Contract Can Set Contract=Budget Allows the user to set contracts equal to budgets from the Contract
 Tab
- Contract Can Set Level Allows the user to set contract levels on the Contract Tab
- Contract Can Set Percent Complete Allows the user to set percent complete amounts on the Contract
 Tab
- Team Members Can Modify Allows the user to modify team members

4.12.7.3.5.24 Project Planning

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Approve Change Orders When checked, the user can approve change orders.
- Can Edit Project Details when NOT Plan When checked the user can edit the details of a Project with a charge type not equal to Plan. Access to edit details extends to the following:
 - o Project Planning Edit (pencil) icon
 - Project Central Settings button located on the toolbar
- Can Edit Project Details when Plan When checked the user can edit the details of a Project with a charge type equal to Plan. Access to edit details extends to the following:
 - Project Planning Edit (pencil) icon
 - Project Central Settings button located on the toolbar
- Edit Budgets on All Projects When checked, the user can modify budgets on direct and indirect projects without issuing a change order.
- Save Baseline When checked, the user has permission to save a plan as a baseline.

4.12.7.3.5.25 Project Queries

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Can View Private Queries When checked, the user can view queries marked private.
- Is Administrator When checked, the user can create public and private queries.

4.12.7.3.5.26 Purchasing Special Rights

Field Descriptions

Below is a list of special rights for applets found in the Purchasing module.

- Can create Purchase Journal Enables Convert to Purchase Journal toolbar button
- Can issue Purchase Order Enables the Issue toolbar button
- Can set Not Received Allows the user to edit line-item receipt status
- Can set Received Enables the Received toolbar button
- Can cancel a Purchase Order Enables the Cancel toolbar button, allowing the user to cancel an Issued Purchase Order.
- · Can edit after Issued Allows a user to edit the Purchase Journal after it has been issued for fulfillment
- Can Override X-rates Allows a user to manually override exchange rates for multi-currency environments
- Change Key Fields Allows a user to change required fields on a Purchase Order after it has been Issued
- Edit Grid When checked, the user can edit information in the grid if he does not already have the Standard Edit right checked for the applet. Not checking the Standard Edit, but instead checking the Edit Grid right, allows personnel to modify transaction line items without affecting the overall balance or header information of the transaction. When the Standard Edit is already checked, the Edit Grid right is of no consequence.

4.12.7.3.5.27 Purchase Journal

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Allow Post Closing Adjustments When checked, users can make adjustments to transactions in closed periods that have been marked to Allow Adjustments in the <u>Accounting Periods</u> applet (GA>Accounting Periods)
- Can Override Expense Markups Exposes markup fields so they can be overwritten

- · Can Override Linked Invoice Exposes link to sales journal so it can be removed
- Can Override X-rates Exposes exchange rate (multi-currency) so it can be overwritten
- Change Key Fields Allows key fields (payee and check) to be modified
- Change Key field When checked, the user can change the transaction key fields, as well as the vender and invoice number
- Change Period When checked, the user can change the period of a transaction without leaving an audit trail
- Change Period All Versions When checked, the user can change the G/L Period for any version of the journal entry
- Create Recurring Entries When checked, the user can create an entry that is recurring for a given number of cycles
- Edit Grid When checked, the user can edit information in the grid if he does not already have the
 Standard Edit right checked for the applet. Not checking the Standard Edit, but instead checking the Edit
 Grid right, allows personnel to modify transaction line items without affecting the overall balance or header
 information of the transaction. When the Standard Edit is already checked, the Edit Grid right is of no
 consequence.
- Show/Post Unposted Transactions When checked, the user can see and post all unposted transactions regardless of user who entered transaction

4.12.7.3.5.28 Rate Tester

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

View Pay Rates - Allows the user to view pay rates when using the Rate Tester.

4.12.7.3.5.29 Receipts Journal

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

Allow Post Closing Adjustments - When checked, users can make adjustments to transactions in closed

periods that have been marked to Allow Adjustments in the <u>Accounting Periods</u> applet (GA>Accounting Periods)

- Can Override X-rates Exposes exchange rate (multi-currency) so it can be overwritten
- Change Key Fields Allows key fields (payee and check) to be modified
- Change Period When checked, the user can change the period of a transaction without leaving and audit trail
- Change Period All Versions When checked, the user can change the G/L Period for any version of the journal entry
- Show/Post Unposted Transactions When checked, the user can see and post all unposted transactions regardless of user who entered transaction

4.12.7.3.5.30 Report Management

Overview

The special rights listed here give design rights to the various reports in the system. These reports do not include reports designed under the specialty designers: invoices, project management reports, and financial statements. When checked, the Users and Groups are given design permissions to the following reports:

Field Descriptions

- A/P Check
- A/P Check Labels
- A/P Long Stubs
- Accounts Payable Reports
- Accounts Receivable Reports
- Data Dictionary
- Disbursement Journal Reports
- E/R Check
- E/R Check Labels
- E/R Long Stubs
- Employee Reimbursable Journal Reports
- Expense Sheet
- Form 1099
- Form 1099 Labels
- General Journal Reports

- General Ledger Reports
- Invoice Labels
- Manual Check
- Pay When Paid Reports
- Purchase Journal Reports
- Receipt Journal Reports
- Sales Journal Reports
- Time sheet
- Time Utilization Reports
- Trial Balance

4.12.7.3.5.31 Sales Journal

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Allow Post Closing Adjustments When checked, users can make adjustments to transactions in closed periods that have been marked to Allow Adjustments in the <u>Accounting Periods</u> applet (GA>Accounting Periods)
- · Can Add Linked Transactions Allows the ability to link transactions to a Sales Journal entry
- Can Delete Linked Transactions Allows the ability to remove a linked transaction from the Sales Journal
- Can Override X-rates Exposes exchange rate (multi-currency) so it can be overwritten
- Change Key Fields Allows key fields (payee and check) to be modified
- Change Key field When checked, the user can change the transaction key fields, as well as the client and invoice number
- Change Period When checked, the user can change the period of a transaction without leaving an audit
- Change Period All Versions When checked, the user can change the G/L Period for any version of the journal entry
- Create Recurring Entries When checked, the user can create an entry that is recurring for a given number of cycles
- Show/Post Unposted Transactions When checked, the user can see and post all unposted transactions regardless of user who entered transaction

4.12.7.3.5.32 Time Sheets

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

 Timesheet Administrator - When checked, Time Sheet administrators can enter time sheets for other employees. They can create and modify time sheet coverage period. They can also submit, approve, and reject any time sheet. In addition, they can navigate to time sheets from the Employee Setup Recent tab.

4.12.7.3.5.33 Timesheet Adjustments

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Can Access Overrides When checked, the user can override system-calculated information such as rates.
- Can Modify Original Totals When checked, the user can modify the timesheet in such a way that the worked hours and pay amount is different than the original version.
- Can See Pay Rates When checked, the user can see pay rates.
- Delete version 1 Timesheets When checked, the user can delete the original version of the timesheet leaving no record of the timesheet.

4.12.7.3.5.34 Vendors

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

Edit UDFs - When checked, the user can define user-defined fields.

View Recent - When checked, the user can view recent vendor transactions.

4.12.7.3.5.35 Vendor Queries

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

- Can View Private Queries When checked, the user can view queries marked private.
- Is Administrator When checked, the user can create public and private queries.

4.12.7.3.5.36 Work Orders

Overview

Here are Special Rights that can be granted.

Field Descriptions

Can Print Other Employee Work Orders - Allows the user to print other employee work orders.

4.12.8 Project Roles

Overview

The Project Roles applet allows you give other members of the same project access similar to the standard Project Roles (Project Manager, Principal-in-Charge, and Project Accountant).

Key Concepts

- The Project Roles applet allows you give other members of the same project access similar to the standard Project Roles (Project Manager, Principal-in-Charge, and Project Accountant). For Example, you may want to have two members of a project have Project Manager Rights. You can do this by going to Project > Members > Team Members.
- When you assign members, you can assign a "Role" to a member that has the same access as a Project Leader.
- Project Roles are first created under Administration>List Management and are managed in the Project

Roles applet.

Field Descriptions

Role Window

Role - Displays all Project roles that have been created in List Management. More on List Management

Applets Tab

- Description This Tab allows you to grant PM access to the different applets throughout the system.
- Act as PM When checked, anyone assigned to this Role will have Project Manager access to this item.
- Name Name of the Applet that PM access is granted to.

PM Reports Tab

- Description This Tab allows you to grant PM access to the different PM Reports throughout the system.
- Act as PM When checked, anyone assigned to this Role will have Project Manager access to this item.
- Name Name of the PM Reports that PM access is granted to.

Custom Reports Tab

 Description - This Tab allows you to grant PM access to the different Custom Reports throughout the system.

Note - Custom reports MUST have the "Use in Project Roles" check-box checked in order for them to appear in this list.

- Act as PM When checked, anyone assigned to this Role will have Project Manager access to this item.
- Name Name of the Custom Reports that PM access is granted to.

Alerts Tab

- Description This Tab allows you to grant PM access to the different Alerts throughout the system.
- Act as PM When checked, anyone assigned to this Role will have Project Manager access to this item.
- Name Name of the Alerts that PM access is granted to.

Queries Tab

- Description This Tab allows you to grant PM access to the different Queries throughout the system.
- Act as PM When checked, anyone assigned to this Role will have Project Manager access to this item.
- Name Name of the Queries that PM access is granted to.

Widgets Tab

Description - This Tab allows you to grant PM access to the different Widgets throughout the system.

- Act as PM When checked, anyone assigned to this Role will have Project Manager access to this item.
- Name Name of the Widgets that PM access is granted to.

Processes Tab

- Time Sheet Line-Item Approval Designates the role can approve/reject Time Sheets governed by <u>Project</u>
 Leader approvals
- Expense Sheet Line-Item Approval Designates the role can approve/reject Expense Sheets governed
 by <u>Project Leader approvals</u>

4.12.9 UDF Designer

Overview

User-definable fields (UDFs) can be created for Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects, Project Level2 and Contacts. UDFs are used to create important information that you would like to collect and associate with one of the previously listed applets.

A UDFs Designer allows you to create UDFs that will be used in the Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects, Project Level2 and Contacts applets. You can access the UDFs Designer in 2 places:

- 1) A dedicated applet located at Administration>UDFs Designer.
- 2) On the toolbar in the Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects and Contacts applets, there is a toolbar button labeled UDFs Designer. When you click on the UDFs Designer in the specific applet, the focus of the designer will be on the UDF for that specific location.

To see a list of the UDFs that have been created, go to the respective applets and click on the "Custom Fields" Tab. The label of the "Custom Fields" Tab can be changed at <u>Administration>Global Settings>UDF Tabs</u>. UDFs can also be used in conjunction with the Layout Manager to incorporated them into the main tabs of the applets.

Note: Project Level2 UDFs are accessed by right-clicking on the WBS node of the project and selecting "Sub Level UDFs". There you can Create, Edit and Enter data into them. Project Level2 UDFs are not available on the Custom Tabs nor are they available in the Layout Manager.

Field Descriptions

The following fields are located on the UDFs pop-up.

- Label This is the field label that will appear on the form next to the field.
- Name This is the name of the field as it will appear in the associated UDF table in the database. Names cannot include punctuation marks (including spaces).
- Data Type Type of data that is expected: Character, Integer, Numeric, Boolean (True/False), Date, Date Time (includes both date and time), Long Text, Bill Status, Client, Employee, Expense Code, G/L Base Code, Labor Code, Org Unit, Project and Vendor.
 - Note: Bill Status, Client, Employee, Expense Code, G/L Base Code, Labor Code, Org Unit, Project

and Vendors all give you selections from the respective areas when selected. For example, if you use a Data Type of Employee, the UDF will be a look-up containing the list of Employees.

- Default Default value for new records (optional).
- Min Minimum allowed value (optional).
- Max Maximum allowed value (optional).
- List UDF List to use for quick entry. UDF Lists must be created before you create a UDF. To see UDF lists, look at the top of the UDF pop-up. You will see a tab labeled UDF Lists.
- - o The SQL script must return at least three values:
 - reterr (>=0 equals no error, <0 equals error)
 - retmsg (the error message if reterr <0)
 - retvalue (this can either be the same as the value passed in or it can be a new value. In either case, whatever is returned will be the value in the UDF field.
- Display Format Display Format controls the output format of the UDF. Here is a list of a few built in formats that can format data. Just put the number and the brackets (ex. {1}) in the column and hit save. The result will show the ID.
 - o {1} ID
 - o {2} Code
 - o {3} Name Path
 - {4} LongName
 - o Date, Currency and Numeric formats are supported.

4.12.9.1 UDF Lists Tab

Overview

UDF Lists provide drop down lists for UDF fields. Lists are not restrictive in that a user can still enter a value that is not contained in the list. Lists for UDFs are managed here.

Key Concepts

UDF Lists need to be created before any UDF that will be using a List.

Field Descriptions

System Lists Management Window

- Lists Text Box The Lists Text Box is used to create a list. Enter a list name in the Lists box, and click
 Add. That will create the Named List. You will still need to go to the "Static List" or "SQL List" on the right to populate the list.
- Static List The Static List allows you to enter the options that you would like to see in the drop-down.
 For example, If the UDF was named State, your Static List could be ME, NC, VA, etc.
- SQL List The SQL List allows you to enter a query that will return the selections in the UDF List. For example, If you wanted a list of States from the List Management list, you could use the following SQL Query:

```
Select
    DisplayText=StateName,
    DisplayValue=StateCode
From
    PostalStates
```

Note - You must alias the fields that you want to use with DisplayText (What you see in the drop-down) and DisplayValue as you see above.

Preview - Allows you to see what the returned fields will look like in the query.

4.12.9.2 UDF Fields Tab

Overview

The UDF is where all UDFs are managed.

Field Descriptions

- Label This is the field label that will appear on the form next to the field.
- Name This is the name of the field as it will appear in the associated UDF table in the database. Names
 cannot include punctuation marks (including spaces).
- Data Type Type of data that is expected. Choices include Character (text), Integer, Numeric, Boolean (true/false), Date, and Date Time (includes both date and time).
- Default Default value for new records (optional).
- Min Minimum allowed value (optional).
- Max Maximum allowed value (optional).
- List UDF List to use for quick entry. More on UDF Lists
- Validation Script A field has been added to the UDFs called Validation Script. The purpose of this field is
 to validate the value entered into the UDF field via SQL script.
 - o The script can use two variables:
 - ^udfvalue^ (the value being validated)

- ^keyid^ (the primary key of the record holding the udf)
- o The SQL script must return at least three values:
 - reterr (>=0 equals no error, <0 equals error)
 - retmsg (the error message if reterr <0)
 - retvalue (this can either be the same as the value passed in or it can be a new value. In either case, whatever is returned will be the value in the UDF field.
- Display Format Display Format controls the output format of the UDF. Here is a list of a few built in formats that can format data. Just put the number and the brackets (ex. {1}) in the column and hit save. The result will show the ID.
 - o {1} ID
 - o {2} Code
 - {3} Name Path
 - o {4} LongName
 - o Date, Currency and Numeric formats are supported.

4.12.10 UDF Table Designer

Overview

User-definable (UDFs) Tables can be created for Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects, Project Level2 and Contacts. UDF Tables are used to create tables to hold important information that you would like to collect and associate with one of the previously listed applets.

The UDF Table Designer helps you create a UDF Table that can then be used in the standard UDF as an interface to hold data and A UDFs Designer allows you to create UDFs that will be used in the Clients, Employees, Vendors, Projects, Project Level2 and Contacts applets.

Field Descriptions

Toolbar

The following fields are located on the UDF Tables Toolbar

- Import Table The Import Table button allows you to import an already existing z_ table into the UDF Table Manager. **Note:** All custom tables must have a pre-fix of z_ so that they do not get deleted during a version upgrade.
- New Creates a New UDF Table
- Save Saves the current progress of the UDF Table you are working on.
- Delete Deletes the Currently selected UDF Table. Note: This action cannot be undone!

Workspace

The following fields are the fields available in the UDF Table Workspace.

- Tables List of the UDF Tables that have been created and/or imported.
- Display Name The Name that will appear when selecting the UDF Table in the UDF Designer and the Layout Manager.
- Database Name The Name of the Table as seen from the Database (ie. The name you would use when writing a query for this table).

Columns Tab

Name - This is the name of the field as it will appear in the associated UDF table in the database. Names

cannot include punctuation marks (including spaces).

- Caption This is the field label that will appear on the form next to the field.
- Data Type Type of data that is expected: Character, Integer, Numeric, Boolean (True/False), Date,
 Date Time (includes both date and time), Long Text, Bill Status, Client, Employee, Expense Code, G/L
 Base Code, Labor Code, Org Unit, Project and Vendor.
 - Note: Bill Status, Client, Employee, Expense Code, G/L Base Code, Labor Code, Org Unit, Project
 and Vendors all give you selections from the respective areas when selected. For example, if you use
 a Data Type of Employee, the UDF will be a look-up containing the list of Employees.
- Size Size of the Datatype (optional). Used to limit the size of the data that can be entered.
- Identity ID Field. This is used to create a unique key value for this table.
- Hidden When checked, the column will be hidden when used. Typically this is checked with an Identity column
- Allow Null Allows a blank value to be stored in the field.
- Cascade Action When the value is linked to another objetc (for example, Project, Employee, etc.) The behavior of what you want the cell to store.
- Applet Key Field When checked, the grid will filter by the pulled up record in the location that the UDF Table is used. For Example, If this is used to record certifications per employee, you will check this box so that you will only see the records for the Employee that you are looking at.
- Default Value Default value for new records (optional).
- Read Only When checked, this value cannot be edited.
- Required When checked, the field will require a value when saving.
- Auto Sum When selected, a sum will be displayed for this column.
- Multi Line Allows the cell to have multiple text line in the Layout Manager.

Data Tab

The Data Tab is where you establish the "Edit-ability" you want users to have with the Table, Additionally, you can view the data that currently exists in the table.

- Allow Insert Allows users to insert a new data row into the table.
- Allow Update Allows users to update current data that exists in the table.
- Allow Delete Allows users to delete data rows from the table.
- Fit Column Stretches the table to fill up all of the remaining space in its current location.
- Load Data Loads the current contents of the grid.
- Update Gridget After creating the Columns and setting the Edit-ability, click "Update Gridget" to build the Gridget with the correct columns and settings.

Steps to Creating & Using UDF Tables

- 1. Create a UDF Table Using the UDF Table Designer, create the UDF Table to the specifications of what you need.
- 2. Create a UDF Create a UDF Field in the area that you want to use it. The UDF has to have a Data Type of Gridget and you must select the Table you just created in the "Gridget" column.
- 3. Use the Layout Manager to insert the UDF Table into the location that you would like to use it.

4.12.11 User Sessions

Overview

User Sessions allow InFocus administrators to view login history and associated activity for users in InFocus. While, this feature is most useful for determining who's logged in at a given time, the applet can be configured to allow further insight to a user's session history and per-session events. More on User Sessions

Setup

Description - By default, permissions to this applet are not allowed. Please ensure the following configurations to deploy this applet.

Permissions

Description - Check the appropriate permissions via Administration>Permissions. As a best practice, these administrative features should only be allowed to those in an administrator group.

Global Settings

Description - Once permissions have been granted, please review and configure the following Global Settings as appropriate via Administration>Global Settings>General Tab.

Field Definitions

- Enable Sessions Enables the Session History pane which reflects a login history for a selected user
- Enable Session Detail Enables the Session Events pane which reflects the events of a selected session
- Cycle Sets the Auto-Refresh cycle time frame in seconds (e.g. 60 = Applet refreshes each minute).

Tutorial

Description - Administrators with appropriate configuration, can view an event-level history of an InFocus User.

- Browse to Administration>User Sessions. At a minimum, the Users pane will display each users login status and last check-in.
- To view the Session History for the listed User: Select a User from the list by clicking the row. The selected user's Session History will be displayed.
- To view the events of a given session: Select the Session in the Session History Tab. The events of that session will display in the Session Events tab.

User Session Field Definitions

User Sessions Toolbar

- Refresh Clicking this refreshes the applet
- Purge Inactive Session History Click to remove the history of inactive users listed in the Users Pane.
 Purged History cannot be rebuilt.
- Session Tracking Enabled label Reflects Global Settings configuration Enable Sessions (described above)
- Session Events Enabled label Reflects Global Settings configuration Enable Session Detail (described above)

Users Pane

Grid Fields

Description - Below is a list of required fields in alphabetical order. Additional fields can be added/removed from the detail using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid. All fields can be reordered in the grid.

- Logged In Reflects the user's logged in status
- User Name User Name

Standard Column Fields

Description - Fields can be selected using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid.

- Active Sessions Number of active sessions for the user. While typically this will be 1, users can be logged into multiple InFocus sessions at once.
- Code InFocus Employee Code associated with the user
- IPAddr IP Address associated with the user session
- Last Check In Last reported check for all user sessions
- Last Seen Difference between the last reported check in and the current date/time
- Machine Name Computer name associated with the user session
- Name InFocus Employee Name associated with the user
- OSVer Version of operating system for the computer associated with the user session
- Session Last Report Date of last session report
- · Session Start Date the session started

Session History Pane

Description - Below is a list of required fields in alphabetical order. Additional fields can be added/removed from the detail using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid. All fields can be reordered in the grid.

Grid Fields

Active - Reflects if the selected user's session is active

- Session ID Internal ID counter of the user's session history
- Start (UTC) Start time of the session

Standard Column Fields

Description - Fields can be selected using the column chooser (gear icon) in the upper left of the detail grid.

- Computer Computer name associated with the session
- IP IP Address associated with the session
- Is Active Reflects if the selected user's session is active
- Last Report (UTC) Last reported check in for the individual session
- OS Version Version of operating system for the computer associated with the session
- Session Code Unique code for the session

Session Events Pane

Description - Below is a list of required fields in alphabetical order. All fields can be reordered in the grid.

Grid Fields

- · Applet InFocus applet associated with the event
- Event type Event reported
 - o Load Applet load
 - o Open InFocus Opened
 - o Close InFocus Closed
- Date Date stamp of the event

5 InFocus System Reports

Overview

InFocus comes with many reports embedded in the application. The following chapters show you how to find those reports and gives a brief explanation of the reports. Don't see what you want, visit the Clearview Marketplace.

Custom Reports

 This designer allows the end user to construct their custom reports that will be housed in the application and will appear on InFocus menus. Knowledge of SQL is required.

Note - For more information about Custom Reports, see the Custom Reports section of this manual.

Project Management Reports

• Project management reports are project-based. Only data related to projects are available.

Note - For more information about PM Reports, see the PM Report Designer section of this manual.

Report Management Reports

All reports not covered under one of the three specific report designers are called standard reports.
 Examples of standard reports are journal reports, general ledger reports, utilization reports, checks, etc.
 All standard reports can be copied and modified using the Report Management applet. You cannot modify the original report, but you can mark it inactive.

Note - For more information about Standard Reports, see the Report Management section of this manual.

Financial Statements

Financial statement designer provide for very flexible statement generation. Balance sheets, profit & loss
(consolidated and by profit center), and other statements can be created here. The basic premise is that
and group of G/L accounts can be combined to appear on a financial statement design.

Note - For more information about Financial Statements, see the <u>Financial Statement Designer</u> section of this manual.

5.1 Custom Reports

Overview

Custom Reports are miscellaneous reports that can be used throughout the system. Custom Reports reside in InFocus at Utilities>Custom Reports.

Key Concepts

- Here is a video that takes a deeper look into running InFocus reports: More on Running InFocus Reports.
- If you do not see what you want you can search the InFocus Marketplace or Submit a Custom Work Request through the Request Custom Work button at the Clearview Support Website.

5.1.1 Custom Report Descriptions (System)

Overview

Here are the system Custom Reports with a brief description.

Report Descriptions

- Account Inquiry by Date The Account Inquiry By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the Sales Journal, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursables Journal, Receipt Journal (cash and accrual), Disbursement Journal(cash and accrual), General Journal for a particular Date Range.
- Account Project Inquiry by Date The Account Project Inquiry By Date Report allows you to search
 against all transactions that go against the Sales Journal, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursables
 Journal, Receipt Journal, Disbursement Journal, General Journal for a particular Date Range, Grouped by
 Project. The second level of detail groups on the Client, Employee or Vendor.
- <u>Accounting Timesheet</u> The Accounting Timesheet Report report reflects the most current version of the
 time sheet, reflecting any changes made in Timesheet Adjustments. The layout is similar to what you see
 in the Time Sheets applet for a specific Time Sheet Period End date.
- Accounts Payable By Project The Accounts Payable by Project Report gives you a list of unpaid vendor
 invoices grouped by Project. Additionally, you are given the ability to see all AP by selecting the "Include
 Closed Invoices" option. In that case it displays both paid and unpaid invoices (i.e. the entire history).

This report uses the G/L period as the cutoff period so it is basically inception to date.

- Accounts Payable Check Batch Report The Accounts Payable Check Batch report allows you to print
 the details of a check batch from <u>AP Check Writing</u> after the batch has been saved using the "Save to
 Batch" option located on the toolbar.
- Aged WIP The Aged WIP Report gives you an Aging list of transactions with a Bill Status of R (Ready to Bill) and H (Hold) that go against Billable (and optionally Opportunities) projects. This report displays five aging periods that are fixed. Additionally, you have the ability to "Drill-through" to the individual transactions.
- Balance Sheet (Rolling 12 Month) The Balance Sheet (Rolling 12 Month) Report is a statement of the companies financial position, which states the Assets, Liabilities and Owner's Equity (Capital) for a 12 month period (G/L Period). When you select a G/L Period, that period, and the prior 11 periods, are displayed on the report. Additionally, you are given the ability to see all "drill-down" into each account on the report. The blue hyperlink indicates where you can do this.
- <u>Balance Sheet with Drill down</u> The Balance Sheet with drill-down Report is a statement of the
 companies financial position, which states the Assets, Liabilities and Owner's Equity (Capital) at a
 particular point in time (G/L Period). Additionally, you are given the ability to see all "drill-down" into each
 account on the report. The blue hyperlink indicates where you can do this.
- <u>Bank Register By Date Report</u> The Bank Register by Date Report is a data sensitive report providing a
 running balance of a single bank account. There are four different report styles to choose from that sort
 and group by By Date, By Journal/Date, By Journal/Control Number, By Journal/Control Number/Date.
 You can optionally select which journals to include.
- <u>Benefit Accrual Status Report</u> The Benefit Accrual Status Report gives you the benefit amounts for the selected Benefit Project in the current Beneft Year.
- <u>Bill Review</u> The report must be enabled in Global Settings in the A/R tab to enable this feature. This
 report provides the necessary information for project managers to determine billing.
- <u>Bill Review Batch</u> The Bill Review Report provides the necessary information for project managers to determine billing. This report is the same as the Bill Review Report, but can be run in batches.
- <u>Billing Status</u> The Billing Status report allows you to search through all transactions that can have a
 billing status (Time Sheets, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursable Journal and the Disbursement
 Journal) for a specified date range. You are given the option to filter by Project, Journal and Billing
 Status.
- <u>Billings</u> The Billings Report gives you Hourly, Fixed Fee, ODC, OCC, ICC, Retainer, Retainage and

Other revenue numbers for a specified Period Range.

- <u>Billings by State</u> -The Billings by State report receipts broken down by Sales Revenue, grouped by State for a selected Period Range.
- <u>Budget Backlog Report</u> The Budget Backlog is a report that compares Budget Amounts (Labor, ODC, OCC & ICC) to Billed and Unbilled WIP (billing status of R or H).
- <u>Cash Requirements Report</u> This report allows you to run an outstanding Payables report, filtering by a
 Due Date range.
- <u>Change Orders</u> The Change Orders Report shows all Change Orders (approved/unapproved) that have been submitted against all projects (active/inactive) for a given date range. Note: Change Orders are Requested in <u>Project Planning</u>> <u>Projects window</u>.
- <u>Change Transaction Period Utility</u> The Change Transaction Period Utility is used to move a specific
 Journal Transaction from one G/L Period to another. You can optionally select a single version or move
 all versions to the new G/L Period.
- <u>Charge Organization Analysis</u> This report allows you to do an analysis of the charge org recorded in
 time sheets versus what the system currently would assign based on project setup rules. This report has
 an option so you can retroactively update time sheets. This report is useful if you set up the project rules
 after time sheets have already been entered.
- <u>Clients</u> The Firms report gives you a list of Firms with additional contact information.
- <u>Client Inquiry</u> This report displays both A/R and non-A/R transactions per Client. Options are available to display varying levels of detail such as project, WBS, invoice number and transaction detail. You can also run the report for open invoices only. If you do not supply a Client code it runs for all Clients.
- <u>Client Pay Performance</u> This report shows that average number of days it takes for a client to pay an
 invoice. You can set a minimum number of invoices required before a client appears on the report.
- Consultant Tracking by Project then Sales Invoice Unlike the Pay When Paid report only consultant
 charges that have been linked to a Sales Journal entry are included. Also, only A/R invoices with links to
 consultant purchases are included.
- Consultant Tracking by Project then Vendor Unlike the Pay When Paid report only consultant charges
 that have been linked to a Sales Journal entry are included. Also, only A/R invoices with links to
 consultant purchases are included.
- Consultant Tracking by Vendor then Project Unlike the Pay When Paid report only consultant charges
 that have been linked to a Sales Journal entry are included. Also, only A/R invoices with links to

consultant purchases are included.

- Contacts The Contacts report gives you a list of Contacts with additional contact information.
- <u>Contract Backlog</u> The Contract Backlog is a report that compares Fixed Fee and Contract Amounts
 (Labor,ODC,OCC & ICC) to Billed and Unbilled WIP (billing status of R or H). It automatically filters based
 on project leader designation. Employees with the designation of Project Accountant can see all projects.
- <u>Currency Exchange Rates</u> The Currency Exchange Rates Report is used when using InFocus Muli-Currency. The report gives you the Currencies currently configured in your system as well as the "Currency Pairs" that are configured in your system This information comes from <u>General Accounting></u> <u>Multi-Currency</u>. More on <u>Multi-Currency</u>
- <u>Disbursement Journal Single Transaction Report</u> The Disbursement Journal Single Transaction Report gives you the ability to sprint out a specific Disbursement Journal Entry for a specific Version. When in the Disbursement Journal applet, you can launch this report by simply clicking "Print" on the toolbar. The version showing is the one that will be displayed. Additionally, if "Show Audit Trail" is checked, you will see an audit trail of the changes made on that entry.
- <u>Disbursements by Date</u> The Disbursements By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the Disbursement Journal(cash and accrual) for a particular Date Range.
- <u>Employee Benefit Report</u> The Employee Benefit Report give an employee a detailed summary of their Benefit balances. You must be using the Benefit Accrual feature for this to populate with data.
- <u>Employee Inquiry</u> This report is sorted by employee and allows for inquiry of time and expense for a given date range. You can also set filters for an employee, project or labor code.
- Employee Job Titles The Employee Job Titles Report shows you the allowable Job Titles for your employees, including the Default Job Title. This report can be run for all active employees or one employee. Additionally, it points out Inactive Job Titles that are assigned to Employees. Group / Sort options include by Employee Name or Job Title Name. When run for a single project the report uses the project member tab overrides otherwise it uses employee setup information.
- Employee Reimbursable Journal Single Transaction Report The Employee Reimbursable Journal Single Transaction Report gives you the ability to sprint out a specific Employee Reimbursable Journal Entry for a specific Version. When in the Employee Reimbursable Journal applet, you can launch this report by simply clicking "Print" on the toolbar. The version showing is the one that will be displayed. Additionally, if "Show Audit Trail" is checked, you will see an audit trail of the changes made on that entry.
- Employee Reimbursables by Date The Employee Reimbursables By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the Employee Reimbursables (E/R) Journal for a particular Date Range.
- Expense Check Stub This report is designed to be run by the employee who receives a check. It will
 detail what expense sheet items are being paid on a given check. To make this available to all employees

first give permissions to a group that includes all employees and then assign the report to appear in the Personal module.

- <u>Expense Code Listing</u> This report lists all the Expense Codes set up in the system. You are able to filter by Type, Status and by those only viewable in Expense Sheets.
- <u>Expense Group Assignment</u> This report lists the Expense Groups with all Projects that are using that Expense Group listed below.
- Expense Group Detail This report lists the expense group setup including expense codes and markups.
- Expense Sheet Status Report This report is designed to be run by the individual employee. It will give a status report on expense sheets for a given date range. Possible statuses are paid, processed (imported and approved by accounting but not yet paid), declined (rejected by accounting), mgr approved (approved by manager), submitted (by employee), and unsubmitted. To make this available to all employees first give permissions to a group that includes all employees and assign the report to appear in the Personal module.
- <u>Financial Statement Analysis Report</u> This report is used to Analyze the structure of Financial
 Statements built using the Financial Statement Designer. It displays three tables of information. The first
 table shows what accounts per statement line will be used. The second table shows what accounts are
 not referenced in the design. The third table shows what lines reference an account more than once.
- <u>Form 1099 Detail Backup</u> This custom report's print options are identical to Form 1099's load options. The report provides a detailed and summarized backup of the 1099's.
- General Journal by Date The General Journal By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that
 go against the General Journal (cash and accrual) for a particular Date Range.
- General Journal Single Transaction Report The General Journal Single Transaction Report gives you the ability to sprint out a specific General Journal Entry for a specific Version. When in the General Journal applet, you can launch this report by simply clicking "Print" on the toolbar. The version showing is the one that will be displayed. Additionally, if "Show Audit Trail" is checked, you will see an audit trail of the changes made on that entry.
- General Ledger by Date The General Ledger Report shows you the details of every transaction going in
 and out of your accounts using a Date Range as a filter. This report can help ensure that all your
 Accounts balance.
- Home Organization Analysis This report allows you to an analysis of the home org recorded in time
 sheets versus what the system currently would assign based on employee setup. This report has an
 option so you can retroactively update time sheets. This report is useful if you set up the employee org

after time sheets have already been entered.

- Income Statement with Budgets The Income Statement is also called a Profit and Loss Statement (P&L).
 The purpose of the Income Statement is to show managers and investors whether the company made or lost money during the reported period. Income Statements represent a period of time, whereas the Balance Sheet represents a single moment in time.
- Income Statement with Drill-Down The Income Statement is also called a Profit and Loss Statement (P&L). The purpose of the Income Statement is to show managers and investors whether the company made or lost money during the reported period. Income Statements represent a period of time, whereas the Balance Sheet represents a single moment in time. Additionally, you are given the ability to see all "drill-down" into each account on the report. The blue hyperlink indicates where you can do this.
- Inter company Transfers By Date The Inter-company Transfers By Date report returns all Revenue from the Sales & General Journals posted against G/L Accounts with a Metric Type of either Inter-company Revenue or Inter-company Expense for a given date range.
- <u>Invoice For Retainage (Style 1)</u> The Invoice for Retainage is a way to invoice a client for retainage at the end of the project. You have the option create a posting entry against the Retainage account in the Sales Journal. Style 1 looks similar to the standard invoice designs that come "out of the box" with InFocus.
- Invoice For Retainage (Style 2) The Invoice for Retainage is a way to invoice a client for retainage at the
 end of the project. By running the report, a posting entry is created against the Retainage account in the
 Sales Journal. Style 2 looks similar to the Sales Journal Single Transaction report that come "out of the
 box" with InFocus.
- <u>Job Titles</u> The Job Title list report give you a list of Job Titles that live in the Job Titles Applet The report can be filtered by status and sorted by Job Code or Title. More on Job Titles
- <u>Labor By Location</u> The Labor by Location Report report reflects data the most current version of submitted Time Sheets. The primary purpose of this report is to Filter/ Group by Locations that can optionally be used. Locations are assigned to the Employee and are typically used to identify where the actual work was done, for insurance reasons. More on Locations
- <u>Labor Code Listing</u> This report lists the labor codes set up in the system.
- <u>Labor Distribution Detail</u> This report shows the breakdown for labor distribution entries for a given G/L period range. You are able to specify up to five (5) sorting/grouping levels.
- <u>Labor Estimates</u> This report requires that you have Require Estimates-to-Complete turned on in Projects
 > General Tab. The report gives you the ETC hours the employee entered upon submitting their time sheet.

- MC Consolidated Balance Sheet (FASB) The MC Balance Sheet Report is a statement of the
 companies financial position, which states the Assets, Liabilities and Owner's Equity (Capital) for a
 specific period (G/L Period).
- MC Revaluations Report Journal report for MC Revaluations journal used when running Multi-Currency.
- My Hours This report is meant for access to be given all employees in the company. It allows the
 employee to list all their hours for any project date range they wish.
- No Project Reference Reports transactions with no project reference for a specified Time Frame, Journal Type(s), Metric(s). Additional filters include G/L Account, Org Unit and G/L Financial Type (Income and Expense or All). This report is useful when trying to tie out Project Profit to the Income Statement.

 Transactions that do not reference a project can cause variance.
- Note Search This report searches the text of marketing notes.
- Opportunities The Opportunities Report gives you a list of Projects that have a Charge Type of "Opportunity".
- Pay History This report shows employee pay history which can be useful when performing employee reviews.
- Pay When Paid By Project This report is similar to consultant tracking with a few notable exceptions besides format. Purchases not linked on a sales journal will appear on the report. There is an okay to pay columns. The okay to pay only applies to linked purchases and is based on monies received. In the case of partial payments, the receipts are prorated accordingly. This report also considers the new revenue type in cash receipts when computing consultant dollars received.
- Pay When Paid By Vendor Same as Pay When Paid By Project except sorted by vendor.
- Pay When Paid By Receipt This report operates off of a deposit date range. It requires that purchases
 be linked to Sales Journal and requires that breakdown receipt by revenue type is used. A unique feature
 of this report is it can create an A/P check batch based on the report's results.
- <u>Print a Check</u> The Print a Check Report allows you to Print a New Check or enter the previous check number and re-print a check.
- Project Earnings by Org. Unit The Project Earnings by Org. Unit report gives Current, Year To Date and
 Project To Date figures including Billed Revenue, Total Revenue, Spent, Profit, Profit Pct, Fee, Received,
 A/R, Un-billed and Effective Multiplier. The project summary report can be grouped by organizational unit.
 It also can filter based on a common org code at a given level.
- Project Figures Shows As of the Moment project metrics for a given project to all its WBS levels. It

automatically filters based on project leader designation. Employees with a designation of Project Accountant can see all projects. By default, this report shows labor cost as zero. To show labor cost, make a copy of the report, then click Manage Parameters. Note the parameters and their details. Next, click on the wand (). When prompted that previous parameters will be cleared out, click Yes. All exposed parameters will be visible. Restore the details of the Project Path and My id parameters. Click Apply after each. Change the prompt type of the Show labor cost report (at either Pay Rate or Job Cost Rate, depending on the setting of the Calculate Labor Cost option (in the General Tab of Global Settings).

- <u>Project Metrics for Project Managers</u> This is a summary level (project level) report that will display most
 project metrics. It is using a new SQL view called ev_projectmetrics_nolaborcost to make querying
 simpler for summary type reports. This view contains no labor cost.
- <u>Project Overhead Allocation Report</u> This report will show current period and year to date overhead allocations by project and org unit.
- Project Revenue by Type Report The Project Revenue by Type report sorts and groups revenue by Project Report Type or Market Sector. Many clients use either the report type or the market sector to identify the professional liability classification of a project. In this scenario you can run the report YTD to provide the necessary revenue breakdown. When you run the report you can either view billed or received. If you run the report using received the system uses the cash basis conversion to break down the receipts into its types of revenue (labor, ODC, OCC and ICC). When you run the report by market sector all metrics are factored by the market sector percentage entered on the project setup.
- <u>Project Scorecard</u> The Project Scorecard report gives you a comprehensive view of your project performance. It has drill-downs and charts to help dig into your data.
- <u>Purchases by Date</u> The Purchases By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the Purchase Journal for a particular Date Range.
- Purchase Journal Single Transaction Report The Purchase Journal Single Transaction Report gives you the ability to sprint out a specific Purchase Journal Entry for a specific Version. When in the Purchase Journal applet, you can launch this report by simply clicking "Print" on the toolbar. The version showing is the one that will be displayed. Additionally, if "Show Audit Trail" is checked, you will see an audit trail of the changes made on that entry.
- <u>Rate Schedule Assignment</u> The Rate Schedule Assignments report lists what rate schedules are assigned to what projects.
- Rate Schedule Detail The Rate Schedule Detail report lists the rate schedule setup including employees and job titles assigned and rates.
- Receipts by Date The Receipts By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the

Receipt Journal (cash and accrual) for a particular Date Range.

- <u>Receipts by State</u> This report will show receipts for a given period of time by State as listed on the Project Address.
- Receipt Journal Single Transaction Report The Receipt Journal Single Transaction Report gives you the ability to sprint out a specific Receipt Journal Entry for a specific Version. When in the Receipt Journal applet, you can launch this report by simply clicking "Print" on the toolbar. The version showing is the one that will be displayed. Additionally, if "Show Audit Trail" is checked, you will see an audit trail of the changes made on that entry.
- <u>Revenue Analysis</u> The Revenue Analysis report returns revenue transaction in detail and summarized at the WBS level. It automatically filters based on project leader designation. Employees with the designation of Project Accountant can see all projects.
- <u>Sales by Date</u> The Sales By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the Sales
 Journal for a particular Date Range.
- Sales Journal Single Transaction Report The Sales Journal Single Transaction Report gives you the
 ability to sprint out a specific Sales Journal Entry for a specific Version. When in the Sales Journal
 applet, you can launch this report by simply clicking "Print" on the toolbar. The version showing is the
 one that will be displayed. Additionally, if "Show Audit Trail" is checked, you will see an audit trail of the
 changes made on that entry.
- Sales Links The Sales Links returns a list of all transactions that are linked to the Sales Journal entry.
- Single Transaction Reports All Journals have a Print option on the toolbar that prints the current transaction. These reports can print out any version of that transaction and can be printed in Audit Trail mode.
- <u>Standard Hours</u> This report lists employee hours and variance for a date range versus an inputted standard hours. This can be useful in determining who should get overtime.
- Stored Procedure Code This report shows the code that is contained in a stored procedure. Most
 reports and queries that ship with InFocus use stored procedures. This can be useful if you want to
 construct your own SQL queries that are based off an existing InFocus report or query.
- <u>Timesheet</u> This can linked to the Personal Time sheet applet and will render a physical time sheet that visually is comparable to the entry screen. This can be enabled by selecting the Custom Time sheet Report option in Global Settings in the Time & Expense tab.
- <u>Time Sheet Batch</u> Time Sheet Batch report is a copy of the Time sheet custom report that prints in personal time sheet. It has been modified to accept a date range and an employee and/or project filter.

- <u>Time Sheet with Overtime Types</u> The Time Sheet with Overtime Types report can be linked to the Personal Time sheet applet and will render a physical time sheet that visually is comparable to the entry screen. This can be enabled by selecting the Custom Time sheet Report option in Global Settings in the Time & Expense tab. This report supports using multiple Overtime Types created in Administration> Global Settings> Labels and assigned in Employees> Pay History Tab.
- <u>Time Sheet with Overtime Types Batch</u> The Time Sheet with Overtime Types report can be linked to the Personal Time sheet applet and will render a physical time sheet that visually is comparable to the entry screen. The report can accept a date range and an employee and/or project filter. This can be enabled by selecting the Custom Time sheet Report option in Global Settings in the Time & Expense tab. This report supports using multiple Overtime Types created in Administration> Global Settings> Labels and assigned in Employees> Pay History Tab.
- <u>Trial Balance with Drill Down</u> Displays account balances based on user driven criteria. Includes click in details for debits and credits. This report also includes End of Year Closing click in details.
- <u>Unapproved Expense Sheets</u> This report lists expense sheets that have not been approved.
- Unapproved Time Sheets This report lists time sheets that have not been approved.
- Unbilled Summary by Org Unit This report is useful for companies that want to make general ledger entries to capture WIP. The report has an option to post WIP to the general journal. You must have the PM Bill Review special permission Can Override Project leader to post to the general ledger. In order to perform the post you will also need to set up the posting accounts in the Revenue Recognition tab in Global Settings. When you choose to post a messages section will appear at the end of the report. The messages will display the journal entry number if successful otherwise it will display error messages. The auto-reverse feature in the general journal can be used to reset the values to zero in the next period. The report has standard PM Leader restrictions so can be safely used by project managers.
- <u>User Security Settings</u> User Security Settings allows you the see the User/Group security setup of individuals and/or Groups.
- Vendor Inquiry Report This report displays both A/P and non-A/P transactions per vendor. Options are
 available to display varying levels of detail such as project, WBS, invoice number and transaction detail.
 You can also run the report for open invoices only. If you do not supply a vendor code it runs for all
 vendors.
- <u>Unprocessed Expense Sheets</u> This report lists expense sheets line items that have not been either imported into the employee reimbursable journal or have not been declined.
- WBS listing This report lists the WBS structure for projects.

WBS Node Inquiry - This report returns work hours, cost, effort and revenue for a specified node of a
project structure. For example, you can select Phase 001 and the report will return the data for all Phase
001's on all projects. It can be run for a date range or a G/L Period range.

5.1.1.1 Account Inquiry By Date

Description

The Account Inquiry By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the Sales Journal, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursables Journal, Receipt Journal (cash and accrual), Disbursement Journal (cash and accrual), General Journal for a particular Date Range.

Data: Sales Journal, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursables Journal, Receipt Journal (cash and accrual), Disbursement Journal(cash and accrual), General Journal

Note: This report is run for a date range. You may not see the same figures if you are trying to compare this to an Income Statement or a Balance Sheet that uses a GL Period as a Date Filter.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start & End Date Filters the data by the Date Type supplied in the next selection.
- Date Type (Required) Options are:
 - o Transaction Date The transaction date of the journal entry (ie. invoice date, check date or trans date)
 - o Create Date Create Date of the transaction
 - Modify Date Modify Date of the transaction

General

- Base Code (Required) Filters to a specific GL Base Code of the Transactions
- Org Unit Filters to a specific the Organizational Unit related to the GL Base Code of the Transaction.
- Include Org. Children Includes the Organization Units Children when filtering to a specific the Organizational Unit.
- Show Comments When checked, the report will show the GL Comments from the line-items of the Journals.
- Is Accrual When checked, the report looks at the Accrual Journals (Receipts & Disbursements) instead of the Cash Basis Journals (CBReceipts & CB Disbursements). **Note:** The Cash Basis Journals are populated by running the Cash Basis Conversion Utility.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Sorts

The Sorts section Groups & Sorts the report by Transaction Date, Create Date, Modify Date, Payee/Payer, Deposit No and Journal.

- Sort 1 Top Level Sort
- Sort 2 Second Level Sort.
- Sort 3 Third Level Sort

Report

Report Columns

- Transaction ID ID of the Journal
- Journal Name of the Journal
- Org. Unit Organizational Unit of GL Base Code related to the line item in the Transaction
- Control Number Invoice Number (Sales, Purchase), Check Number (Receipt, Disbursement), erid (Employee Reimbursables) or glid (General Journal) depending on the Journal being reported on.
- TransDate Invoice Date (Sales, Purchase, Employee Reimbursable), Check Date (Receipt, Disbursement), or TransDate (General Journal) depending on the Journal being reported on.
- Amount The Journal Amount for the General, Sales and Receipts Journals. The Cost Amount for the Purchases, Employee Reimbursables and Disbursement Journals.

Sample(s)

6/1/2013 to 10/30/20		e Casco and	Transaction Date		Accrual Bas
Account: 1210				Total:	\$0.0
Transaction ID	Journal	Org. Unit	Control Number	Trans. Date	Amour
Transaction ID		Org. Unit	Control Number	Irans. Date	\$2.051.8
95	Adjustment		95	8/31/2014	\$694.8
ODC Wip for No Org			**		
95	Adjustment		95	8/31/2014	\$717.2
ODC Wip for No Org					*****
95	Adjustment		95	8/31/2014	\$639.0
ODC Wip for No Org					
Transaction Date: 20					\$874.0
101	Adjustment		101	9/30/2014	\$694.8
ODC Wip for No Org					
101	Adjustment		101	9/30/2014	\$717.2
ODC Wip for No Org					
101	Adjustment		101	9/30/2014	\$639.0
ODC Wip for No Org					
101	Adjustment		101	9/30/2014	\$599.
ODC Wip for No Org					
101	Adjustment		101	9/30/2014	\$275.0
ODC Wip for No Org					
111	Adjustment		111	9/30/2014	(\$694.8
ODC Wip for No Org					
111	Adjustment		111	9/30/2014	(\$717.2
ODC Wip for No Org					
111	Adjustment		111	9/30/2014	(\$639.8
ODC Wip for No Org					
Transaction Date: 20					(\$2,925.8
112	Adjustment		112	10/30/2014	(\$694.8
ODC Wip for No Org					
112	Adjustment		112	10/30/2014	(\$717.2
ODC Wip for No Org					
112	Adjustment		112	10/30/2014	(\$639.8
ODC Wip for No Org					
112	Adjustment		112	10/30/2014	(\$599.0
ODC Wip for No Org					10075 0
112	Adjustment		112	10/30/2014	(\$275.0
ODC Wip for No Org					
2/20/2019 16:25:15		Currenc	v: USD		Page 1 of

5.1.1.2 Account Project Inquiry By Date

Description

The Account Project Inquiry By Date Report allows you to search against all transactions that go against the Sales Journal, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursables Journal, Receipt Journal, Disbursement Journal, General Journal for a particular Date Range, Grouped by Project. The second level of detail groups on the Client, Employee or Vendor.

Data: Sales Journal, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursables Journal, Receipt Journal, Disbursement Journal, General Journal

Note 1: This report is run for a date range. You may not see the same figures if you are trying to compare this to an Income Statement or a Balance Sheet that uses a GL Period as a Date Filter.

Note 2: This report only looks at the Accrual Journals and does not report on a Cash Basis.

Prompt

Date Ranges

Start & End Date - Filters the data by the transaction date on the Journal entry.

General

- G/L Base Code (Required) Filters to a specific GL Base Code of the Transactions
- Org Unit (blank=all) Filters to a specific the Organizational Unit related to the GL Base Code of the Transaction.
- Include Projects with No Balance When selected, projects that do not have outstanding balances will be included in the results.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

Report Columns

- JN Abbreviation of the Journal that the data is coming from. (SJ-Sales Journal, PJ-Purchase Journal, ER-Employee Reimbursables Journal, CD-Disbursements Journal, CR-Receipt Journal, GJ-General Journal)
- JNID ID of the Journal referenced in the JN column.
- TransDate Invoice Date (Sales, Purchase, Employee Reimbursable), Check Date (Receipt, Disbursement), or TransDate (General Journal) depending on the Journal being reported on.
- Invoice No Invoice Number from the respective Journals.
- Check No Check Number from the respective Journals.
- G/L Amount The Journal Amount for the General, Sales and Receipts Journals. The Cost Amount for the Purchases, Employee Reimbursables and Disbursement Journals.
- Effort This number is the Non-Labor Cost at the Marked-up Rate that comes from the Purchase, Employee Reimbursables and Disbursment Journals.
- PM Comments (only visible when present) The PM Comment from the respective Journals.

Sample(s)

Account Project Inquiry By Date - Casco and Wilson, Inc.	
Account 4001	From 11/1/2013 To 12/31/2014

JN	JN ID	Trans Date	Invoice No	Check No	G/L Amount	Effort
2013	0000 Million [Oollar Bridge				
Clier	nt POR01 City	ofPortland				
SJ	12	11/12/2013	10		-150,000.00	0.00
SJ	13	12/12/2013	11		-150,000.00	0.00
SJ	14	1/12/2014	12		-150,000.00	0.00
SJ	15	2/12/2014	13		-125,000.00	0.00
SJ	16	3/12/2014	14		-75,000.00	0.00
SJ	18	4/10/2014	16		-75,000.00	0.00
SJ	21	5/12/2014	19		-75,000.00	0.00
SJ	6	5/15/2014	4		-62,500.00	0.00
SJ	22	6/12/2014	20		-75,000.00	0.00
SJ	24	7/12/2014	22		-37,500.00	0.00
SJ	26	8/12/2014	24		-37,500.00	0.00
SJ	31	9/12/2014	29		-75,000.00	0.00
SJ	55	10/1/2014	48		-37,500.00	0.00
SJ	39	10/10/2014	37		-37,500.00	0.00
SJ	45	11/7/2014	43		0.00	0.00
				Project 20130000 Total	-1,162,500.00	0.00
2014	0000 Back Co	ve Pedestrian Bridg	ge			
Clier	nt BCT01 Back	Cove Trail Systems				
SJ	17	3/12/2014	15		-150,000.00	0.00
SJ	19	4/10/2014	17		-50,000.00	0.00
SJ	20	5/12/2014	18		-150,000.00	0.00
SJ	23	6/12/2014	21		-150,000.00	0.00
SJ	25	7/12/2014	23		-150,000.00	0.00
SJ	27	8/12/2014	25		-50,000.00	0.00
SJ	32	9/12/2014	30		-45,000.00	0.00
SJ	54	10/1/2014	49		-37,500.00	0.00
SJ	40	10/10/2014	38		-30,000.00	0.00
SJ	46	11/7/2014	44		0.00	0.00
				Project 20140000 Total	-812,500.00	0.00
2014	0001 Sailor's	Bay Pier Renovatio	n			
		o Bay Sailing Compa				
SJ	33	9/12/2014	31		-75,000.00	0.00
SJ	53	10/1/2014	50		-55,000.00	0.00
SJ	41	10/10/2014	39		-75,000.00	0.00
SJ	47	11/7/2014	45		0.00	0.00
				Project 20140001 Total	-205,000.00	0.00
2014	0003 Old Port	Nautical Supply De	esian (Lump Sum)	,		
		Port Nautical Supply				
SJ	43	10/10/2014	41		-15,000.00	0.00
SJ	49	11/7/2014	47		0.00	0.00
	-70	111112014	**	Project 20140003 Total	-15,000.00	0.00
				110,0002014000010101	-10,000.00	0.00

5.1.1.3 Accounting Timesheet

Description

The Accounting Timesheet Report report reflects the most current version of the time sheet, reflecting any changes made in Timesheet Adjustments. The layout is similar to what you see in the Time Sheets applet for a specific Time Sheet Period End date.

Data: The data is collected from the Time Sheets table.

Prompt

General

- Employee (Required) Selected Employee of the time sheet that is being reported on.
- Period End Date (Required) Period End date of the Time Sheet that is being reported n.

Employee: _____ Date: ____

Report

Report Columns

Header

- From Period Start Date of the Time Sheet
- To Period End Date of the Time Sheet
- Employee Name
- Employee Code (beneath Employee Name)

Detail

- Project Project Path of line item on the time sheet.
- JC Job Title Code of line item on the time sheet.
- LC Labor Code of line item on the time sheet.
- Date Columns Hours entered on a Time sheet per day. includes both Regular and Overtime hours.
- Reg Total of Regular hours for the day.
- *OT Total of Overtime hours for the day.
- Total Total hours for the day (Reg+OT).
- Comments The Project information of the comment and the PM Comment that was entered for the workdate.

Casco, Lewis James

Sample(s)

Timesheet

March Marc	rom: 1/19/2013									LJC01				
Project JC LC Sat Sun Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri 25 0001	To: 1/25/2013											Approver.	 Date:	
Million Dollar Bridge-Pre-Design 20 21 21 22 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	urs													
Admin	ect	JC	LC	Sat 19	Sun 20	Mon 21	Tue 22	Wed 23	Thu 24	Fri 25				Total
ARC0 2 2		ARC0				3	3	5	3	6				20
20130000001 ARC0 003 4 4 4 Million Dollar Bridge-Pre-Design 20130000001 ARC0 010 1 20130000001 ARC0 014 5 2 Million Dollar Bridge-Pre-Design 20130000001 ARC0 016 1 1 Million Dollar Bridge-Pre-Design 20130000001 ARC0 016 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		ARC0						2						2
20130000-001 ARC0 010 1			003			4	4							8
20130000001 ARC0 2 014 5 2 MIllion Dollar Bridge-Pre-Design Million Dollar Bridge-Pre-Design Reg: 8 8 8 8 8 8 8			010					1						1
Million Dollar Bridge-Pre-Design 20130000-001		ARC0	014						5	2				7
Million Dollar Bridge-Pre-Design Reg: 8 8 8 8 8		ARC0	016			1	1							2
	n Dollar Bridge-Pre-Design	2												
Total: 0 0 0 0 0			Reg:			8	8	8	8	8				40
Total: 0 0 0 0 0			Total:			8	8	8	8	8				40

5.1.1.4 Accounts Payable By Project

Description

The Accounts Payable by Project Report gives you a list of unpaid vendor invoices grouped by Project.

Comments

Additionally, you are given the ability to see all AP by selecting the "Include Closed Invoices" option. In that case it displays both paid and unpaid invoices (i.e. the entire history). This report uses the G/L period as the cutoff period so it is basically inception to date.

Data: That data is collected from the Purchase, Disbursement and Receipt Journals.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- G/L Period (Required) The GL Period is the Cut-off date for this report.
- Aging Date The Aging Date is used to drive the "Days Old" on the report.
- Age By Invoice Date When selected, the Invoice Date is used as the Age Date instead of the Due Date
 of the transaction.

General

- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Vendor Allows you to filter to a specific Vendor. When blank, All Vendors are returned.
- Vendor Type Allows you to filter the Report by the User Defined list of Vendor Types. <u>More on Vendor Types</u>
- A/P Account Allows you to filter to a specific Accounts Payable GL Account. When blank, All AP
 Accounts are returned.
- Include Closed Invoices When selected, the report displays both paid and unpaid invoices (i.e. the entire history).
- Print Invoices When selected, the Invoices are displayed on the report.
- Print Comments When selected, the A/P Comment from the Purchase Journal is displayed.
- Print Detail When selected, the Invoice & Payment detail is displayed.
- Print Adjustments When selected, this will give an additional layer of detail including check & invoice numbers.
- Sort Vendor By Options are Code & Name.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

Report Columns

- Invoice No Invoice Number from the Purchase Journal.
- Invoice Date Invoice Date of the Purchase Journal.
- Due Date Due Date of the Purchase Journal.
- Amount Due The "Amount" (cost amount) column from the detail of the Purchase Journal.
- Discount Amount Discount amount that is applied from the "Results" tab of A/P Check Writing.
- Amount to Pay Amount Due column minus the Discount column.

Sample(s)

A/P By Project - Casco and Wilson, Inc.

G/L Period: 2013-05

Vendor						
Invoice	Invoice Date	Due Date	Days old	Invoice Amount	Payment/Credits	Balanc
Project: 20130000 Million	Dollar Bridge					
Vendor: COE01 - Coastal	Electrical Bill Wa	itershed				
Vendor: COE01 Total:				5,000.00		5,000.00
Vendor: EZP01 - EZ Pass						
Vendor: EZP01 Total:				100.00		100.0
Vendor: JSC01 - JS Creati	ve Group					
Vendor: JSC01 Total:			-	10,000.00		10,000.0
Vendor: PTM01 - Peak Trai	ffic Management	Kyle Anderson				
Vendor: PTM01 Total:	The management	nyio maaraan	-	7.500.00		7,500.00
	Pridas Tatalı			22,600.00		22,600.00
20130000 Million Dollar	bridge rotal:			22,000.00		22,000.00
Grand Total						22,600.00

5.1.1.5 Accounts Payable Check Batch Report

Description

The Accounts Payable Check Batch report allows you to print the details of a check batch from <u>AP Check Writing</u> after the batch has been saved using the "Save to Batch" option located on the toolbar.

Prompt

General

- Employee Selected Employee that created the A/P Check Batch.
- Batch Date (Required) The date of the A/P Check Batch.
- Vendors Selected for Payment When selected, only Vendors that have "Pay" selected on the "Results" tab are returned.
- Print Detail When selected, the Vendor Invoice detail is displayed on the report.

5.1.1.6 Aged Wip

Description

The Aged WIP Report gives you an Aging list of transactions with a Bill Status of R (Ready to Bill) and H (Hold) that go against Billable (and optionally Opportunities) projects. This report displays five aging periods that are fixed. Additionally, you have the ability to "Drill-through" to the individual transactions.

Data: That data is collected from Time Sheets, Purchase Journals, Employee Reimbursables and Disbursement Journals.

Note: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article CLICK HERE.

Prompt

Date Ranges

As of Date - The As of Date is the Cut-off date for this report (Unless the Use G/L Period for... Options are

selected).

- Aging Date The Aging Date is used to drive the aging "buckets" on the report.
- Use G/L Period for Non-Labor When selected, all non-labor transactions (Purchase, Employee Reimbursables and Disbursement Journals) use the G/L Period as a time cut-off instead of the As-of Date
- Use G/L Period for Labor When selected, all labor transactions (Time Sheets) use the G/L Period as a time cut-off instead of the As-of Date. Note - You must be running <u>Labor Distribution</u> for this to work properly.

General

- Org. Unit Filters the report by the selected Organizational Unit.
- Org. Type Options are Charge & Project. This works in conjunction with the Org. Unit filter. When Project is selected, the report is filtered by the Org. Unit associated with the Project that is being charged against. When Charge is selected, the report is filtered by the Org. Unit associated with the Transaction in relation to how Profit Sharing was set up on the project.
- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Project Leader Allows you to filter to a specific Project Leader (Project Manager, Principle in Charge, Project Accountant) that is assigned on the Members Tab on the project.
- Show WBS When selected, the entire WBS (Work Breakdown Structure) is returned on the project.
- Include Opportunities When selected, Projects with a Charge Type of Opportunity are returned with the results.
- Include ICC When selected, Transactions that go against a G/L Code that have a Metric Type of Cost and a PM Type of ICC (In Contract Consultant) are included in the results.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. <u>More on Multi-Currency</u>

Sorts

- Sort 1 Top Level Sort. Options are Charge Company, Charge Org Unit, Project Company, Project Org Unit, Project Manager, Principal-In-Charge, Client Code, Client Name
- 1st Sort Subtotal When selected, the subtotal of Labor, ODC, OCC and ICC are broken out at the Sort level.
- Sort 2 Second Level Sort. Options are Charge Company, Charge Org Unit, Project Company, Project Org Unit, Project Manager, Principal-In-Charge, Client Code, Client Name
- 2nd Sort Subtotal When selected, the subtotal of Labor, ODC, OCC and ICC are broken out at the Sort level.

Report

Report Columns

- Type The PM Type of the WIP that is being reported on the row. Types include Labor, ODC (Other Direct Charges), OCC (Out-of-Contract Consultants) and ICC (In Contract Consultants)
- Aging Bucket (amounts) This report displays five aging periods that are fixed. The amounts reflected on this report are effort numbers. Meaning that Labor is reported at the Billing rate and Non-Labor is reported at the "marked-up" rate.
- Total Total of all aging buckets.

Drill-through Report

- Name Depending on the Journal being reported (Employee Name, Firm Name or Payee Name)
- Journal Journal that the reported data is coming from.

- TransID ID number of the transaction.
- TransDate Invoice Date (Purchase, Employee Reimbursable), Check Date (Disbursement), or WorkDate (Time Sheets) depending on the Journal being reported on.
- Units Hours for labor and units for non-labor.
- Amount The amounts reflected on this report are effort numbers. Meaning that Labor is reported at the Billing rate and Non-Labor is reported at the "marked-up" rate.

Sample(s)

Main Report

Aged WIP - Casco and Wilson, Inc.

	Туре	0-30	31-60	61-90	91-120	Over 120	Total
20130000 Million Dolla	ar Bridge						
	Labor		32,700.00				32,700.00
	ODC		694.80				694.80
	000		11,000.00				11,000.00
20140000 Back Cove F	Pedestrian Bridge						
	Labor		26,400.00				26,400.00
	ODC		717.20				717.20
	000		7,920.00				7,920.00
20140001 Sailor's Bay	Pier Renovation						
	Labor		79,537.50				79,537.50
	ODC		1,244.80				1,244.80
	occ		24,750.00				24,750.00
Grand Total	Labor		138,637.50				138,637.50
	ODC		2,656.80				2,656.80
	OCC		43,670.00				43,670.00
	Total		184,964.30				184,964.30

Drill Through

5.1.1.7 Balance Sheet (Rolling 12 Month)

Description

The Balance Sheet (Rolling 12 Month) Report is a statement of the companies financial position, which states the Assets, Liabilities and Owner's Equity (Capital) for a 12 month period (G/L Period). When you select a G/L Period, that period, and the prior 11 periods, are displayed on the report. Additionally, you are given the ability to see all "drill-down" into each account on the report. The blue hyperlink indicates where you can do this.

Data: That data is collected from the Sales, Receipt (Cash and Accrual), General, Purchase, Disbursement (Cash and Accrual), Employee Reimbursable and MC Revaluations (Multi-Currency only) Journals.

Prompt

Date Ranges

 G/L period - The cut-off G/L Period for the report. All returned data falls on or before the selected G/L Period.

General

- Org Unit When selected, the data is filtered to display only the specified Organizational Unit, and its children Orgs.
- Cash Basis When checked, the report reports on a Cash Basis. What that means is that the report looks at the the Cash Basis Journals (CBReceipts & CBDisbursements) instead of the Accrual Basis

Journals (Receipts & Disbursements). Note: The Cash Basis Journals are populated by running the <u>Cash Basis Conversion Utility</u>.

- Consolidate When selected, All of the Organizational Units are consolidated into one line instead of being broken out into their respective Org. Units.
- Show Base Code When selected, the Base Code of the G/L Account is displayed in addition to the Full GL Account Name.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency
- Include Realized Gains Losses When selected, Realized Gains Losses are includes in the returned data (Multi-Currency only). More on MC Revaluations
- Include Unrealized Gains Losses When selected, Unrealized Gains Losses are includes in the returned data (Multi-Currency only). More on MC Revaluations

Report

Report Columns

- Base Code Only displays when "Show Base Code" is checked. This is the G/L Code of the Account.
- Account Name The full Account Name of the G/L Account.
- Amount (per period) The amounts reflected on this report are cost amounts.

Drill-through Report

- Balance Forward The balance of the account coming into this G/L Period.
- TransID ID number of the transaction.
- TransDate Invoice Date (Purchase, Employee Reimbursable), Check Date (Disbursement), or WorkDate (Time Sheets) depending on the Journal being reported on.
- Invoice/Check Depending on the Journal, this column will display either the Invoice or Check Number.
 Invoice Number (Sales, Purchase), Check Number (Receipt, Disbursement).
- Description Firm Name, Employee Name or Payee Name depending on the Journal.
- Amount The amounts reflected on this report are cost numbers.
- Ending Balance The balance of the account going out of this G/L Period.

5.1.1.8 Balance Sheet with drill-down

Description

The Balance Sheet with drill-down Report is a statement of the companies financial position, which states the Assets, Liabilities and Owner's Equity (Capital) at a particular point in time (G/L Period). Additionally, you are given the ability to see all "drill-down" into each account on the report. The blue hyperlink indicates where you can do this.

Data: That data is collected from the Sales, Receipt (Cash and Accrual), General, Purchase, Disbursement (Cash and Accrual), Employee Reimbursable and MC Revaluations (Multi-Currency only) Journals.

Prompt

Date Ranges

 G/L period - The cut-off G/L Period for the report. All returned data falls on or before the selected G/L Period.

General

- Org Unit When selected, the data is filtered to display only the specified Organizational Unit, and its children Orgs.
- Cash Basis When checked, the report reports on a Cash Basis. What that means is that the report
 looks at the the Cash Basis Journals (CBReceipts & CBDisbursements) instead of the Accrual Basis
 Journals (Receipts & Disbursements). Note: The Cash Basis Journals are populated by running the <u>Cash</u>
 Basis Conversion Utility.
- Consolidate When selected, All of the Organizational Units are consolidated into one line instead of being broken out into their respective Org. Units.
- Show Base Code When selected, the Base Code of the G/L Account is displayed in addition to the Full GL Account Name.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency
- Include Realized Gains Losses When selected, Realized Gains Losses are includes in the returned data (Multi-Currency only). More on MC Revaluations
- Include Unrealized Gains Losses When selected, Unrealized Gains Losses are includes in the returned data (Multi-Currency only). More on MC Revaluations

Report

Report Columns

- Base Code Only displays when "Show Base Code" is checked. This is the G/L Code of the Account.
- Account Name The full Account Name of the G/L Account.
- Amount The amounts reflected on this report are cost amounts.

Drill-through Report

- TransID ID number of the transaction.
- TransDate Invoice Date (Purchase, Employee Reimbursable), Check Date (Disbursement), or WorkDate (Time Sheets) depending on the Journal being reported on.
- Invoice/Check Depending on the Journal, this column will display either the Invoice or Check Number. Invoice Number (Sales, Purchase), Check Number (Receipt, Disbursement).
- Description Firm Name, Employee Name or Payee Name depending on the Journal.
- Amount The amounts reflected on this report are cost numbers.

Balance Sheet - Casco and Wilson, Inc. (Accrual)

Period: 2013-10	
Assets	
Checking-Operating	<u>\$747.954.60</u>
Checking-Payroll	<u>\$17,309.98</u>
Accounts Receivable - Trade	<u>\$125,174.00</u>
Total Assets	\$890,438.58
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable - Trade	<u>\$27,600.00</u>
Employee Expenses Payable	\$84.00
Line of Credit	<u>\$250.000.00</u>
Total Liabilities	\$277,684.00
Capital	
Current Year Profit(Loss)	<u>\$612,754.58</u>
Total Capital	\$612,754.58
Total Liabilty + Capital	\$890,438.58

5.1.1.9 Bank Register By Date

Description

The Bank Register by Date Report is a data sensitive report providing a running balance of a single bank account. There are four different report styles to choose from that sort and group by By Date, By Journal/Date, By Journal/Control Number, By Journal/Control Number/Date. You can optionally select which journals to include.

Data: That data is collected from the Disbursement, Receipts and General Journals.

Note 1: This report is run for a date range. You may not see the same figures if you are trying to compare this to an Income Statement or a Balance Sheet that uses a G/L Period as a Date Filter.

Note2: If you do not select all journals the ending balance will reflect the journals that are included.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- End Date Ending Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.

- Bank G/L Code (Required) Bank G/L Account to be reported on.
- Org Unit Organizational Unit associated with the Bank G/L Account.
- Report Style There are four different report styles to choose from that sort and group by By Date, By Journal/Date, By Journal/Control Number, By Journal/Control Number/Date. You can optionally select which journals to include.
- Print Comments When selected, the G/L Comments from the transactions will display on the report.
- Include Receipts When selected, the data returned will include transactions from the Receipt Journal.
- Include Disbursements When selected, the data returned will include transactions from the Disbursement Journal.
- Include General Journal When selected, the data returned will include transactions from the General

Journal.

• Currency Type - The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.

Other

 Use All Version for Balance Forward - When selected, the report will bring back all versions of the transactions. Meaning that you will see all of the changes that took place on a transaction that resulted in a version change.

Report

Report Columns

- Opening Balance for [Selected G/L Code] All outstanding balances from the Journals mentioned above as of the Start Date that the report was run.
- Transaction Date The Transaction Date comes from the Journal where the transaction comes from: Receipt Journal (Deposit Date), Disbursement Journal (Check Date), General Journal (Trans Date)
- Control Num Deposit Number (Receipts), Check Number (Disbursements) and GLID (General Journal)
- Type Deposit (Receipts), Check (Disbursements) and Adj. (General Journal)
- Description Firm Name, Employee Name, Payer Name or G/L Comments, depending on the Journal.
- Debit Debit Amount of the Transaction
- Credit Credit Amount of the Transaction
- Balance A running total of the Opening Balance minus the Debits and Credits.
- Ending Balance Ending Balance of the report. The Grand Total of the Opening Balance minus the Debits and Credits on the entire report.

Sample(s)



*Denotes cleared transaction

5.1.1.10 Benefit Accrual Status

Description

The Benefit Accrual Status Report gives you the benefit amounts for the selected Benefit Project in the current Beneft Year.

Note: You must be using the Benefit Accrual functionality within InFocus for this report to return data.

Prompt

General

Benefit Project (Required) - The Benefit Accrual Project that the report is to be run for.

Report

Report Columns

- Accrue Type The Accrual Type from the Benefit Accrual Setup (Benefit Accrual> Edit (toolbar)> Accrual
 Type section). Options are Calendar (Anniversary, Calendar & Fiscal) and Hours Worked (allows project
 exclusions)
- Defaults The Defaults are from the Benefit Accrual Setup (Benefit Accrual> Edit (toolbar)> Benefit Year section).
- Maximums The Maximums are from the Benefit Accrual Setup (Benefit Accrual> Edit (toolbar)> Maximums section).
- Accrual Schedule The Accrual Schedules are from the Benefit Accrual Setup (Benefit Accrual> Edit (toolbar)> Accrual Schedule(optional) section). More on <u>Accrual Schedules</u>
- Employee Employees that are a part of the Accrual.
- Current Year The most recent Benefit Year that has been calculated on a specific Employee.
- Accrued YTD The amount of benefit hours that have been accrued to date. Note: You must manually "Run Accruals" for these numbers to update.
- Hours Taken Number of hours used by the Employee. This is calculated by time sheet hours entered
 against the Benefit Project.
- Balance Accrued YTD minus Hours Taken

5.1.1.11 Bill Review

Description

The Bill Review Report returns the pertinent information to assist Project Managers and Billers in reviewing their projects for billing purposed. The report must be enabled in Global Settings (<u>A/R tab</u>) to enable this feature.

Data: Transactional Data (Time Sheets, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursables Journal, Disbursement Journal), (A/R Data) Sales Journal, Receipt Journal, General Journal), Project Data (Projects/Project Planning)

Note: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article CLICK HERE.

Global Settings: There are number of Global Settings that have an effect on this report. Here is a list of those settings and the effect that they can have.

G/L Period End Date (Invoicing Tab) - When selected, all reimbursable (non-labor) transactions are "cut-off" through the Invoice G/L Period. When Transaction Date is used, those transactions are "cut-off" using the "As-of Date" when running the report.

Include: Never Bill (A/R Tab) - When selected, a section displaying Never Bill (N) charges will appear on the Bill Review report.

Include: Write Off (A/R Tab) - When selected, a section displaying Write Off (W) charges will appear on the Bill Review report.

Include: In-Contract Consultants (ICC) (A/R Tab) - When selected, a section displaying In-

Contract Consultants (ICC) charges will appear on the Bill Review report.

Prompt

General

- As of Date The As-of Date is the date used to cut-off the transactions being returned to the report.
- Project (Required) The Project that the data is being returned for.

Report

Report Columns

Header

- Project Project Code and Name.
- Client (info) When "Use Client's Bill-To" is selected on the <u>Projects Billing Tab</u>, the bill to address will come from <u>Clients General Tab Bill To section</u>. Otherwise, the address will come from <u>Projects Billing Tab Custom Bill To Address</u>
- Billing Description The Invoice Comments that come from either the Invoice Comments window in PA Bill Review or the Invoice Comments box from Projects> Billing Tab> Invoice Comments section.
- P.O.# The PO Number that comes from Projects> Billing Tab> Invoicing section.
- Prin. The Principal In Charge of the Project that comes <u>Projects> Members Tab> Project Leaders</u> section.
- P.M. The Project Manager of the Project that comes Projects > Members Tab > Project Leaders section.
- Rate Schedule The main Rate Schedule associated with the project. Note: This is the Top-Level only. If
 you have Rate Schdules assigned to lower nodes of the project, they will not show.
- Retainer Balance

Unbilled Detail section

- Job Title / Exp. Code The Job Title Name associated with the time sheet and Expense Code associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Ready to Bill (R) and Hold (H).
- Date The Work Date associated with the time sheet and Transaction Date associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Ready to Bill (R) and Hold (H).
- Hrs./ Units The Work Hours associated with the time sheet and Quantity (Units) associated with nonlabor transactions that have a Bill Status of Ready to Bill (R) and Hold (H).
- Rate The Bill Rate associated with the time sheet and Unit Rate associated with non-labor transactions
 that have a Bill Status of Ready to Bill (R) and Hold (H).
- Markup The Markup associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Ready to Bill (R) and Hold (H).
- Hold The Amount associated with the transactions with a status of Hold (H).
- Ready The Amount associated with the transactions with a status of Ready to Bill (R).

Never Bill / Write Off section

- Job Title / Exp. Code The Job Title Name associated with the time sheet and Expense Code associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Never Bill (N) or Write off (W).
- Date The Work Date associated with the time sheet and Transaction Date associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Never Bill (N) or Write off (W).
- Hrs./ Units The Work Hours associated with the time sheet and Quantity (Units) associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Never Bill (N) or Write off (W).
- Rate The Bill Rate associated with the time sheet and Unit Rate associated with non-labor transactions

that have a Bill Status of Never Bill (N) or Write off (W).

- Markup The Markup associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Never Bill (N) or Write off (W).
- Hold The Amount associated with the transactions with a status of Never Bill (N) or Write off (W).

Unbilled Summary

- Labor The summary of Unbilled Labor Bill Amounts (Bill Status of R and H) at the specific levels of the WBS (Work Breakdown Structure).
- ODC The summary of Unbilled Other Direct Charges (ODC) Bill Amounts (Bill Status of R and H) at the specific levels of the WBS (Work Breakdown Structure).
- OCC The summary of Unbilled Out-of-Contract Consulting Charges (OCC) Bill Amounts (Bill Status of R and H) at the specific levels of the WBS (Work Breakdown Structure).
- ICC The summary of Unbilled In-Contract Consulting Charges (OCC) Bill Amounts (Bill Status of R and H) at the specific levels of the WBS (Work Breakdown Structure).

Project-to-Date Labor Metrics

- % Comp. Fixed Fee Percent Complete. Only when there are Fixed Fee contract amounts.
- Contract Fixed Fee or Labor Contract amounts.
- Budget Labor Budget Amounts. These come from Project Planning.
- Effort Labor Cost at the Billing Rate.
- Billed Billed Amount. This is the amount posted to the Sales Journal, so this may not match the Effort column in the case of Fixed Fee or Labor Contract situations.

Project-to-Date Other Direct Charges (ODC) Metrics

- Contract Other Direct Charge (ODC) Contract amounts.
- Budget Other Direct Charge (ODC) Budget Amounts. These come from Project Planning.
- Effort Other Direct Charge (ODC) Cost at the Marked-up Rate.
- Billed Billed Amount. This is the amount posted to the Sales Journal, so this may not match the Effort column in the case of Other Direct Charge (ODC) Contract situations.

Project-to-Date Out-of-Contract Consultants (OCC) Metrics

- Contract Out-of Contract Consultant (OCC) Contract amounts.
- Budget Out-of Contract Consultant (OCC) Budget Amounts. These come from Project Planning.
- Effort Out-of Contract Consultant (OCC) Cost at the Marked-up Rate.
- Billed Billed Amount. This is the amount posted to the Sales Journal, so this may not match the Effort column in the case of Out-of Contract Consultant (OCC) Contract situations.

Project-to-Date In-Contract Consultants (ICC) Metrics

- Contract In Contract Consultant (ICC) Contract amounts.
- Budget In Contract Consultant (ICC) Budget Amounts. These come from Project Planning.
- Effort In Contract Consultant (ICC) Cost at the Marked-up Rate.
- Billed Billed Amount. This is the amount posted to the Sales Journal, so this may not match the Effort column in the case of In Contract Consultant (ICC) Contract situations.

Invoices

- Invoice No Invoice Number from the Invoice (Sales Journal)
- Date Invoice Date associated with the Invoice (Sales Journal)
- Billed Amount Billed on the Invoice (Sales Journal)
- Received Amount Received against the Invoice (Sales Journal)
- Balance Outstanding amount left for the client to pay on the Invoice (Sales Journal)
- Days Old The age of the outstanding Invoice (Sales Journal)

Sample(s)

5.1.1.12 Bill Review Batch

Description

The Bill Review Report returns the pertinent information to assist Project Managers and Billers in reviewing their projects for billing purposed. This report is the same as the Bill Review Report, but can be run in batches. The report must be enabled in Global Settings (A/R tab) to enable this feature.

Data: Transactional Data (Time Sheets, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursables Journal, Disbursement Journal), (A/R Data) Sales Journal, Receipt Journal, General Journal), Project Data (Projects/Project Planning)

Note: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article CLICK HERE.

Global Settings: There are number of Global Settings that have an effect on this report. Here is a list of those settings and the effect that they can have.

G/L Period End Date (Invoicing Tab) - When selected, all reimbursable (non-labor) transactions are "cut-off" through the Invoice G/L Period. When Transaction Date is used, those transactions are "cut-off" using the "As-of Date" when running the report.

Include: Never Bill (A/R Tab) - When selected, a section displaying Never Bill (N) charges will appear on the Bill Review report.

Include: Write Off (A/R Tab) - When selected, a section displaying Write Off (W) charges will appear on the Bill Review report.

Include: In-Contract Consultants (ICC) (A/R Tab) - When selected, a section displaying In-Contract Consultants (ICC) charges will appear on the Bill Review report.

Prompt

General

- As of Date The As-of Date is the date used to cut-off the transactions being returned to the report.
- Project (Required) The Project that the data is being returned for.

Report

Report Columns

Header

- Project Project Code and Name.
- Client (info) When "Use Client's Bill-To" is selected on the <u>Projects Billing Tab</u>, the bill to address will come from <u>Clients General Tab Bill To section</u>. Otherwise, the address will come from <u>Projects Billing Tab Custom Bill To Address</u>
- Billing Description The Invoice Comments that come from either the Invoice Comments window in PA Bill
 Review or the Invoice Comments box from <u>Projects> Billing Tab> Invoice Comments</u> section.

- P.O.# The PO Number that comes from Projects> Billing Tab> Invoicing section.
- Prin. The Principal In Charge of the Project that comes <u>Projects> Members Tab> Project Leaders</u> section.
- P.M. The Project Manager of the Project that comes Projects > Members Tab > Project Leaders section.
- Rate Schedule The main Rate Schedule associated with the project. **Note:** This is the Top-Level only. If you have Rate Schdules assigned to lower nodes of the project, they will not show.
- Retainer Balance

Unbilled Detail section

- Job Title / Exp. Code The Job Title Name associated with the time sheet and Expense Code associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Ready to Bill (R) and Hold (H).
- Date The Work Date associated with the time sheet and Transaction Date associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Ready to Bill (R) and Hold (H).
- Hrs./ Units The Work Hours associated with the time sheet and Quantity (Units) associated with nonlabor transactions that have a Bill Status of Ready to Bill (R) and Hold (H).
- Rate The Bill Rate associated with the time sheet and Unit Rate associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Ready to Bill (R) and Hold (H).
- Markup The Markup associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Ready to Bill (R) and Hold (H).
- Hold The Amount associated with the transactions with a status of Hold (H).
- Ready The Amount associated with the transactions with a status of Ready to Bill (R).

Never Bill / Write Off section

- Job Title / Exp. Code The Job Title Name associated with the time sheet and Expense Code associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Never Bill (N) or Write off (W).
- Date The Work Date associated with the time sheet and Transaction Date associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Never Bill (N) or Write off (W).
- Hrs./ Units The Work Hours associated with the time sheet and Quantity (Units) associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Never Bill (N) or Write off (W).
- Rate The Bill Rate associated with the time sheet and Unit Rate associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Never Bill (N) or Write off (W).
- Markup The Markup associated with non-labor transactions that have a Bill Status of Never Bill (N) or Write off (W).
- Hold The Amount associated with the transactions with a status of Never Bill (N) or Write off (W).

Unbilled Summary

- Labor The summary of Unbilled Labor Bill Amounts (Bill Status of R and H) at the specific levels of the WBS (Work Breakdown Structure).
- ODC The summary of Unbilled Other Direct Charges (ODC) Bill Amounts (Bill Status of R and H) at the specific levels of the WBS (Work Breakdown Structure).
- OCC The summary of Unbilled Out-of-Contract Consulting Charges (OCC) Bill Amounts (Bill Status of R and H) at the specific levels of the WBS (Work Breakdown Structure).
- ICC The summary of Unbilled In-Contract Consulting Charges (OCC) Bill Amounts (Bill Status of R and H) at the specific levels of the WBS (Work Breakdown Structure).

Project-to-Date Labor Metrics

- % Comp. Fixed Fee Percent Complete. Only when there are Fixed Fee contract amounts.
- Contract Fixed Fee or Labor Contract amounts.
- Budget Labor Budget Amounts. These come from Project Planning.
- Effort Labor Cost at the Billing Rate.
- Billed Billed Amount. This is the amount posted to the Sales Journal, so this may not match the Effort column in the case of Fixed Fee or Labor Contract situations.

Project-to-Date Other Direct Charges (ODC) Metrics

- Contract Other Direct Charge (ODC) Contract amounts.
- Budget Other Direct Charge (ODC) Budget Amounts. These come from Project Planning.
- Effort Other Direct Charge (ODC) Cost at the Marked-up Rate.
- Billed Billed Amount. This is the amount posted to the Sales Journal, so this may not match the Effort column in the case of Other Direct Charge (ODC) Contract situations.

Project-to-Date Out-of-Contract Consultants (OCC) Metrics

- Contract Out-of Contract Consultant (OCC) Contract amounts.
- Budget Out-of Contract Consultant (OCC) Budget Amounts. These come from Project Planning.
- Effort Out-of Contract Consultant (OCC) Cost at the Marked-up Rate.
- Billed Billed Amount. This is the amount posted to the Sales Journal, so this may not match the Effort column in the case of Out-of Contract Consultant (OCC) Contract situations.

Project-to-Date In-Contract Consultants (ICC) Metrics

- Contract In Contract Consultant (ICC) Contract amounts.
- Budget In Contract Consultant (ICC) Budget Amounts. These come from Project Planning.
- Effort In Contract Consultant (ICC) Cost at the Marked-up Rate.
- Billed Billed Amount. This is the amount posted to the Sales Journal, so this may not match the Effort column in the case of In Contract Consultant (ICC) Contract situations.

Invoices

- Invoice No Invoice Number from the Invoice (Sales Journal)
- Date Invoice Date associated with the Invoice (Sales Journal)
- Billed Amount Billed on the Invoice (Sales Journal)
- Received Amount Received against the Invoice (Sales Journal)
- Balance Outstanding amount left for the client to pay on the Invoice (Sales Journal)
- Days Old The age of the outstanding Invoice (Sales Journal)

Sample(s)

5.1.1.13 Billing Status

Description

The Billing Status report allows you to search through all transactions that can have a billing status (Time Sheets, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursable Journal and the Disbursement Journal) for a specified date range. You are given the option to filter by Project, Journal and Billing Status.

Data: That data is collected from the Time Sheets, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursable Journal and the Disbursement Journal

Note: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article CLICK HERE.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- End Date Ending Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.

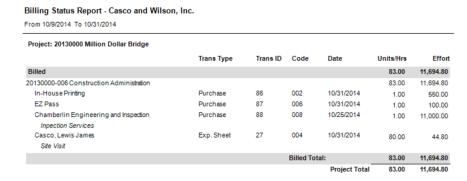
General

- Project When selected, the data is filtered for the specified Project. If left blank, all project data is returned.
- Include Inactive When selected, Inactive projects are returned in the report data.
- Include Billed When selected, transaction with a Bill Status of B (Billed), from the selected Journals, are returned in the report data.
- Include Ready to Bill When selected, transaction with a Bill Status of R (Ready to Bill), from the selected Journals, are returned in the report data.
- Include Hold When selected, transaction with a Bill Status of H (Hold), from the selected Journals, are returned in the report data.
- Include Never Bill When selected, transaction with a Bill Status of N (Never Bill), from the selected Journals, are returned in the report data.
- Include Write Off When selected, transaction with a Bill Status of W (Write-off), from the selected Journals, are returned in the report data.
- Include Indirect When selected, Projects with a Charge Type of "Indirect" are returned in the report data.
- Include Time Sheets When selected, Time Sheet transactions are included in the report data.
- Include Purchases When selected, Purchase Journal transactions are included in the report data.
- Include Emp. Reimbursables When selected, Employee Reimbursable Journal transactions are included in the report data.
- Include Disbursements When selected, Disbursement Journal transactions are included in the report data.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

Report Columns

- Bill Status (Group Header) The Billing Status of the transactions that are grouped below.
- Trans Type The location of the transaction (Time Sheet or Journal)
- Trans ID The ID number of the Time Sheet / Journal Entry. This can be used to look up the transaction in its respective location.
- Code Depending on the Source, the Code can mean different things. (Time Sheets=Labor Code, Purchase, Employee Reimbursables and Disbursement Journals=Expense Code)
- Date Depending on the Source, the date is the following (Time Sheets=Work Date, Purchase Journals=Invoice Date, Employee Reimbursables Journal =Trans Date, Disbursement Journal=Check Date)
- Units/Hrs Depending on the Source, the Units/Hrs are the following (Time Sheets=Bill Hours, Purchase, Employee Reimbursables and Disbursement Journals=Qty)
- Effort Effort amounts reflected on this report display labor at the Billing rate and Non-Labor at the "marked-up" rate.



5.1.1.14 Billings

Description

The Billings Report gives you Hourly, Fixed Fee, ODC, OCC, ICC, Retainer, Retainage and Other revenue numbers for a specified Period Range.

Data: That data in this report is collected from the Sales Journal against Billable Projects Only.

Note: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article <u>CLICK HERE</u>.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Starting Period Beginning G/L Period used to filter the Sales Journal transactions that are brought into this report.
- Ending Period Ending G/L Period used to filter the Sales Journal transactions that are brought into this
 report.

General

- Client When selected, the data is filtered for the specified Client. If left blank, all Client data is returned.
- Show Clients When selected, The associated client is displayed on this report.
- Show Projects When selected, The associated Project is displayed on this report.
- Show G/L Period When selected, the G/L Period associated with the Sales Journal Transaction is displayed.
- Show Invoices When selected, the Invoice Number associated with the Sales Journal Transaction is displayed.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

- Hourly Hourly Revenue Amount. Revenue that goes against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of "Billed Revenue" and a PM Type of "Labor" (except for Fixed Fee)
- Fixed Fee Fixed Fee Revenue Amount. Revenue that goes against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of "Billed Revenue" and a PM Type of "Labor" and a Revenue Type of "Fixed Fee".

- ODC Other Direct Charges Revenue. Revenue that goes against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of "Billed Revenue" and a PM Type of "Other Direct Charges".
- OCC Out-of-Contract Consultants. Revenue that goes against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of "Billed Revenue" and a PM Type of "Out-of-Contract Consultants".
- ICC In-Contract Consultants. Revenue that goes against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of "Billed Revenue" and a PM Type of "In Contract Consultants"
- Retainer Revenue that goes against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of "Retainer".
- Retainage Revenue that goes against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of "Retainage".
- Other Revenue that goes against a G/L Account with the Metrics Type of "Other Revenue", "Late Fee" and "Bad Debt".
- Total All of the above Revenue amounts combined.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.15 Billings By State

Description

The Billings by State report receipts broken down by Sales Revenue, grouped by State for a selected Period Range.

The Report gives you 2 State options to choose from when running it:

- 1. Project State (PA> Projects> Billing Tab> Bill To Address) For this method, check "Use Bill To Address" and leave the "Project Address" look-up blank on the Prompt. **Note:** If "Use Client's Bill-To" is selected on the Project OR the Project State is blank, the Client State will be used.
- 2. Specified Project State (PA> Projects> Addresses Tab) For this method, A specific Address is selected using the Project Address Look-up. The report will look for the Address with the specified name and group by the state associated with it. The result will give you a grouping of all Projects that have a Project Address with the selected name. All projects with a different name will be un-grouped.

Data: Sales Journal

Prompt

- Starting G/L Period (Required) The beginning G/L Period for the report. All returned data falls in or after the selected G/L Period.
- Ending G/L Period (Required) The ending G/L Period for the report. All returned data falls in or before the selected G/L Period.
- Use Billing Address When checked, the report looks at the state associated with the project (PA> Projects> Billing Tab> Bill To Address) If "Use Client's Bill-To" is selected on the Project OR the "Use Custom Bill-to" State field is blank, the Client State will be used. **Note:** you would not use this check-box when using the Project Address filter below.
- Project Address When using the look-up, you will select a specific Address Name to group. . The report will look for the Address with the specified name and group by the state associated with it. The result will give you a grouping of all Projects that have a Project Address with the selected name. All projects with a different name will be un-grouped. Note: If you want to use this to work for all projects, you will need to have a "named" address that has the same name. The addresses, however, do not have to

fall in the same state.

- Show Projects When selected, the Project Code and Name are broken out on the report.
- Show Invoices When selected, the Invoice Number associated with the Receipt entry is displayed.
- Show G/L Accounts When selected, the G/L Base Code, and Org. Unit (if used), are displayed on the report.
- G/L Account When a G/L Account is selected, the transactions detail is filtered to just the selected account. When blank, all accounts are selected.

Report

Report Columns

- State Depending on the selection option (above) used, the State will come from either the Project (Billing Tab), Client (General Tab) or Project (Address Tab)
- Invoice No. Invoice Number associated with the Payment received in the Receipt Journal.
- G/L Account G/L Account associated with the Payment received in the Receipt Journal.
- Amount Total Amount of Received Revenue.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.16 Budget Backlog

Description

The Budget Backlog is a report that compares Budget Amounts (Labor,ODC,OCC & ICC) to Billed and Unbilled WIP (billing status of R or H).

Data: Figures come from the following:

Budget - Labor/ODC/ODD/ICC Budget Amounts entered through Project Planning.

Unbilled - Transactions come from the Time Sheets, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursables Journal, Disbursement Journal applets. Unbilled only includes transactions with a Bill Status of R (Ready to Bill) and H (Hold).

Billed - Billed numbers come from the Sales Journal, Receipt Journal, General Journal applets.

Note: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article CLICK HERE.

Prompt

Date Ranges

• As of Date - The As of Date is the transaction cut-off date for this report. This number effects only the Billed and Unbilled number since Budgets are not date sensitive.

- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Include Inactive Projects When selected, Projects that are Inactive are returned in the report.
- Only Projects with Budgets When selected, only projects that have Budget Numbers from Project Planning populate the report.
- Project Currency The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-

Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

Report Columns

- Budget Amount Budget Amounts from Project Planning. Includes Labor, ODC (Other Direct Charges),
 OCC (Out-of-Contract Consultants) and ICC (In-Contract Consultants)
- Billed (Budget) Billed Revenue numbers from the Sales, Receipt and General Journals that go against project nodes that have a budget.
- Unbilled (Budget) -The Effort amount of transactions that have a Bill Status of R (Ready to Bill) and H
 (Hold) that go against project nodes that have a budget.
- Billed (Non-Budget) Billed Revenue numbers from the Sales, Receipt and General Journals that go against project nodes that do not have a budget.
- Unbilled (Budget) -The Effort amount of transactions that have a Bill Status of R (Ready to Bill) and H
 (Hold) that go against project nodes that do not have a budget.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.17 Cash Requirements

Description

This report allows you to run an outstanding payables report, filtering by a Due Date range.

Note: This report filters by the Due Date on the Transactions. So when you select a Start Due Date and an End Due Date, those will be compared to the Due Date on the transaction to filter the data.

Data: Figures come from the following:

Invoiced - Purchase Journal

Paid - looks at both the Disbursement and Receipt Journals

Prompt

Date Ranges

• Start & End Due Dates - Start Due Date and an End Due Date are compared to the Due Date on the transaction to filter the data.

- A/P Base Account Allows you to filter the transactions in the report by the AP G/L Account.
- A/P Org. Unit Allows you to filter the transactions by the Organizational Unit associated with the AP G/L Account
- Include Consultants When selected, Vendors with the "Consultant" check-box checked in the Vendor File will be included in the results of the report.
- Group by Due Date When selected, the report is grouped by the Due Date on the transactions.
- Show Invoices When selected, the report will display the Invoice Detail on the report.
- Transaction Currency The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the

Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

Report Columns

- Invoice Number The Invoice Number from the Purchase Journal.
- TransID The Purchase Journal ID number. This can be used when searching for the Journal.
- Due Date The Due Date of the Invoice (Purchase Journal). This is the date that is being used to filter when selecting the Start & End Due Dates.
- Invoice Date The Invoice Date of the Purchase Journal.
- Invoiced The Cost amount that was invoiced by the Vendor.
- Paid The amount paid to the vendor (Disbursement Journal).
- Balance Invoiced minus Paid.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.18 Change Orders

Description

The Change Orders Report shows all Change Orders (approved/unapproved) that have been submitted
against all projects (active/inactive) for a given date range. Note: Change Orders are Requested in Projects window. More on Change Orders

Note: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article CLICK HERE.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Change Order Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the work orders that are brought into this report.
- Change Order End Date Ending Date used to filter the work orders that are brought into this report.

General

- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Change Order # The Change Order Number can be entered to select a specific Change Order. When blank, or 0, all Change Orders are returned.
- Active Projects Only When selected, only Active projects are returned in the report.
- Project Currency The Project Currency to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

- Project Project Code and Name
- Status Status of the Work Order
- C.O.# The Change Order Number
- Date The Date of the Change Order
- Detail Description of the Work Order
- Labor Labor Budget Amount Requested with the Change Order.
- ODC ODC (Other Direct Charges) Budget Amount Requested with the Change Order.
- OCC OCC (Out of Contract Consultants) Budget Amount Requested with the Change Order.
- ICC ICC (In Contract Consultants) Budget Amount Requested with the Change Order.
- Total The total of the above Budget Amounts Requested with the Change Order.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.19 Change Transaction Period Utility

Description

The Change Transaction Period Utility is used to move a specific Transaction from one G/L Period to another. You can optionally select a single version or move all versions to the new G/L Period.

Prompt

General

- New G/L Period The G/L Period that you will be changing the selected Transaction to.
- Journal The Journal where the transaction resides. Options are Adjustments (General, Disbursements, Employee Reimbursables, Purchase, Receipt and Sales Journals
- Transaction ID The ID number of the Transaction to be modified.
- First Version The starting version to be modified. When "All Version" selected, this is ignored.
- Last Version The ending version to be modified. When "All Version" selected, this is ignored.
- All Version When selected, all versions of the transaction will be changed to the "New G/L Period.
- Only Open Periods When selected, only open accounting periods will be modified.
- Update Transaction When selected, the selected transaction is modified. If you would like to see a "Draft" for what the change will look like, un-check the box and run the report.

Report

- Messages If an error message is returned, it will show up in this box.
- Firm/Employee/Other Depending on the selected journal, this will display the Firm, Employee or other name associated with the transaction.
- Reference # This is different depending on the Journal. Invoice Number (Purchase Journal), Invoice Number (Sales Journal), ERID (Employee Reimbursables Journal), Check Number (Disbursements Journal), Check Number (Receipt Journal), GJID (General Journal)
- Transaction ID The Transaction ID of the Journal Transaction to be modified.
- Transaction Date This is different depending on the Journal. Invoice Date (Purchase Journal), Invoice

Date (Sales Journal), Invoice Date (Employee Reimbursables Journal), Check Date (Disbursements Journal), Check Date (Receipt Journal), Transaction Date (General Journal)

- Revision Revision(s) effected by the change.
- G/L Account G/L Account Associated with the modified transaction.
- Amount Amount associated with the modified transaction.
- Current Period Period associated with the transaction, before it was modified.
- Period Status Status of the Accounting period. If closed, it will be filtered out if you select "Only Open Periods" on the prompt.
- New Period New period that the transaction will be changed to when the utility is run.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.20 Charge Organization Analysis

Description

The Charge Organization Analysis report allows you to do an analysis of the Charge Org. (recorded in Time Sheets) versus what the system currently would assign based on project setup rules. This report is useful if you set up the project rules after time sheets have already been entered. This report has an option so you can retroactively update time sheets.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- End Date Ending Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.

General

- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Update Timesheets When selected, Time Sheets are updated, retroactively. The "Time Sheet Org." will be changed to the "Calculated Org."

Report

- Time ID The Time Sheet ID of the time sheet that has a mis-match of the Time Sheet Org. and the Calculated Org.
- Project The Project associated with the time sheet that has a mis-match of the Time Sheet Org. and the Calculated Org.
- Work Date The Work Date of the Time Sheet.
- Time Sheet Org. The Org. Unit that was assigned at the point of time entry with the project setup rules at that time.
- Calculated Org. The Org. Unit that would be assigned with the project setup rules at the current time.
- Employee Employee Code and Name
- PE Date The Period End Date of the Time Sheet

Sample(s)

5.1.1.21 Clients

Description

The Clients report gives you a list of Clients with additional contact information.

Prompt

General

- Client Type Type of Firm. Options are Client, Prospect and Both.
- Group / Sort By Allows you to Group and Sort the Report by Client Code and Client Name.
- · Active Firms When selected, Active Clients are returned in the report.
- Inactive Firms When selected, Inactive Clients are returned in the report.

Report

Report Columns

- Client Code
- Client Name
- Address Information

Sample(s)

5.1.1.22 Client Inquiry

Description

The Client Inquiry report allows you to search for invoices, amounts billed, and other cost amounts paid to vendors

Note: This report is run for a date range. You may not see the same figures if you are trying to compare this to an Income Statement or a Balance Sheet that uses a GL Period as a Date Filter.

Data: That data is collected from the Disbursements, Receipts, and the Sales Journals

Prompt

Date Ranges

• Start & End Date - Filters the data by the transaction date on the Journal entry.

- Client Code Allows you to filter to a specific Client. When blank, All Clients are returned.
- G/L Account Specifies the account to limit the report. When blank, all accounts are returned
- Transaction Type Allows you to filter report by Invoice or Payment types or to include both.
- Show Invoice If checked, will display invoiced amount in report.
- Show Project If checked, will display associated project with invoice.
- Show WBS If checked, will display the Work Breakdown Structure of the project.
- Show Transaction Detail If checked, will display invoice/check item detail
- Only Active Clients If checked, filters the report only for vendors marked "active" in the Vendors applet.
- Open Invoices Only If checked, only returns unpaid invoices
- Show Client Type When selected, the report will display Client Type in the results. Client Type is managed in Administration> List Managemment
- Sort by Client Type When selected, the report will sort/group by Client Type.
- Invoice Currency The Invoice Currency to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

Report Columns

- Trans Number Invoice # (Disbursement & Sales Journal) or Check # (Receipt)
- Transaction Type Invoice (Sales Journal) or Check (Disbursement & Receipt Journal).
- Project Amount The Cost Amount from the Disbursement Journals. The Amount from the Sales and Receipt Journals.
- Invoice Amount The detailed Cost Amount from the Disbursement Journals.
- Paid Amount The Cost Amount from the Disbursement Journals and the Amount from the Receipts Journals.
- Other Amount The Cost Amount from the Receipts Journals.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.23 Client Pay Performance

Description

The Client Pay Performance report gives you the average number of days it takes for a client to pay an invoice. A minimum number of invoices can be set before a client appears on the report.

Data: That data is collected from the Disbursements, Receipts, and the Sales Journals

Prompt

- Sort By Sorting Options (Firm Name, Fastest, Slowest)
- Client Allows you to filter to a specific Client. When blank, All Clients are returned.
- Include Inactive Clients When selected, Inactive clients are returned in the report.
- Minimum # of Invoices The minimum number of invoices to be sent to the client before showing up on the report.

Report

Report Columns

- Client Code
- Client Name
- Number of Invoices Number of invoices that make up the Average Days number.
- Average Days The number of days between the Invoice Date (Sales Journal) and the Deposit Date (Receipt Journal)

Sample(s)

5.1.1.24 Consultant Tracking By Project then Sales Invoice

Description

The purpose of the Consultant Tracking By Project then Sales Invoice report is for consulting pay when paid purposes. The display of this report is grouped by Project first, then by Sales Invoice number (SJID).

Data: That Transactional data is collected from the Purchase, Disbursements, Receipts, and the Sales Journals. The Budget information (optional) comes from Project <u>Planning> Scheduling</u>. The Schedule data, for consultants, is entered in the <u>OCC and/or ICC modes</u> when in Project Planning. Be sure to roll-up the Schedules to Allocations and Allocations to Budgets once you have established the correct amounts.

Note1: This report has been deprecated and was replaced by the Pay When Paid by Project, Vendor and Receipts Reports.

Note2: Only consultant charges in the Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice), that have been linked to a Sales Journal entry, are included in this report. Also, only A/R invoices with links to consultant purchases are included.

Note3: Vendors must be flagged as a "Consultant" in their Vendor File (<u>AP> Vendors</u>) to be pulled into this report.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Aging Date Used to calculate the "Days Old" column on the report.
- Age by Invoice Date Determine which date is used when calculating the "Days Old" column on the
 report. If "Age by Invoice Date" is selected, the days between the Age Date and the Invoice Date, of the
 Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice), make up the Days Old. Otherwise, the Due Date of the Purchase
 Journal (Vendor Invoice) is used.

- Vendor Allows you to filter to a specific Vendor. When blank, All Vendor are returned.
- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Project are returned.
- Open Vendor Invoices Only When selected, only Vendor Invoices that have an outstanding balance to be paid will show up on the report.
- Only Sales With Receipts When selected, only Sales Invoices that have received a payment (Receipt

- Journal) will show up on the report.
- Invoice Currency The Invoice Currency to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

Report Columns

- Project
- Project Budget The Total OCC and ICC Budget going against the project. This is applied in Project Planning, Project Window.
- Sales Invoice No. Invoice Number of the Sales Journal that was billed to the Client.
- Total Billed Total Bill Amount that was billed to the Client.
- Consultant Billed Total Consultant (OCC or ICC) Billed portion of the Sales Invoice. Note: Must be
 posted to a Billed Revenue Account with a PM Type of either Out-of-Contract Consultants (OCC) or InContract-Consultants (ICC).
- Received Total Amount Received against the specified Sales Invoice.
- Balance Total Billed minus Received
- Vendor The Vendor associated with the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal) that was billed on the Client invoice(Sales Journal) for work done on the project.
- Vendor Budget Scheduled Amount against the specific Vendor. This is applied in Project Planning, Schedule Window.
- Vendor Invoice Invoice number of the Purchase Journal that was received from the Vendor.
- Days Old If "Age by Invoice Date" is selected, the days between the Age Date and the Invoice Date, of the Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice), make up the Days Old. Otherwise, the Due Date of the Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice) is used.
- Invoice Amount Cost Amount of the Purchase Journal that was received from the Vendor.
- Total Payments Total of all payments (Disbursement Journal) made to the vendor in regard to the Vendor Invoice that was received.
- Cons. Cost The Cost amount of the Vendor Invoice.
- Cons. Effort The Effort (marked-up) amount of the Vendor Invoice.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.25 Consultant Tracking By Project then Vendor

Description

The purpose of the Consultant Tracking By Project then Vendor Invoice report is for consulting pay when paid purposes. The display of this report is grouped by Project first, then by Vendor.

Data: That Transactional data is collected from the Purchase, Disbursements, Receipts, and the Sales Journals. The Budget information (optional) comes from Project <u>Planning> Scheduling</u>. The Schedule data, for consultants, is entered in the <u>OCC and/or ICC modes</u> when in Project Planning. Be sure to roll-up the Schedules to Allocations and Allocations to Budgets once you have established the correct amounts.

Note1: This report has been deprecated and was replaced by the Pay When Paid by Project, Vendor and Receipts Reports.

Note2: Only consultant charges in the Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice), that have been linked to a Sales

Journal entry, are included in this report. Also, only A/R invoices with links to consultant purchases are included.

Note3: Vendors must be flagged as a "Consultant" in their Vendor File (<u>AP> Vendors</u>) to be pulled into this report.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Aging Date Used to calculate the "Days Old" column on the report.
- Age by Invoice Date Determine which date is used when calculating the "Days Old" column on the
 report. If "Age by Invoice Date" is selected, the days between the Age Date and the Invoice Date, of the
 Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice), make up the Days Old. Otherwise, the Due Date of the Purchase
 Journal (Vendor Invoice) is used.

General

- Vendor Allows you to filter to a specific Vendor. When blank, All Vendor are returned.
- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Project are returned.
- Open Vendor Invoices Only When selected, only Vendor Invoices that have an outstanding balance to be paid will show up on the report.
- Only Sales With Receipts When selected, only Sales Invoices that have received a payment (Receipt Journal) will show up on the report.
- Invoice Currency The Invoice Currency to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

- Project
- Project Budget The Total OCC and ICC Budget going against the project. This is applied in Project Planning, Project Window.
- Vendor The Vendor associated with the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal) that was billed on the Client invoice(Sales Journal) for work done on the project.
- Vendor Budget Scheduled Amount against the specific Vendor. This is applied in Project Planning, Schedule Window.
- Invoice (Vendor Invoice) Invoice number of the Purchase Journal that was received from the Vendor.
- Days Old If "Age by Invoice Date" is selected, the days between the Age Date and the Invoice Date, of the Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice), make up the Days Old. Otherwise, the Due Date of the Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice) is used.
- Invoice Amount Total Invoice (Cost) Amount of the Purchase Journal that was received from the Vendor.
- Total Payments Total of all payments (Disbursement Journal) made to the vendor in regard to the Vendor Invoice that was received.
- Cons. Cost The Cost amount of the Vendor Invoice.
- Cons. Effort The Effort (marked-up) amount of the Vendor Invoice.
- SJ (Sales Journal) Invoice No. Invoice Number of the Sales Journal that was billed to the Client.
- Total Billed Total Bill Amount that was billed to the Client.
- Cons. Billed Total Consultant (OCC or ICC) Billed portion of the Sales Invoice. Note: Must be posted to
 a Billed Revenue Account with a PM Type of either Out-of-Contract Consultants (OCC) or In-Contract-

Consultants (ICC).

• Received - Total Amount Received against the specified Sales Invoice.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.26 Consultant Tracking By Vendor then Project

Description

The purpose of the Consultant Tracking By Vendor then Project Invoice report is for consulting pay when paid purposes. The display of this report is grouped by Vendor first, then by Project.

Data: That Transactional data is collected from the Purchase, Disbursements, Receipts, and the Sales Journals. The Budget information (optional) comes from Project <u>Planning> Scheduling</u>. The Schedule data, for consultants, is entered in the <u>OCC and/or ICC modes</u> when in Project Planning. Be sure to roll-up the Schedules to Allocations and Allocations to Budgets once you have established the correct amounts.

Note1: This report has been deprecated and was replaced by the Pay When Paid by Project, Vendor and Receipts Reports.

Note2: Only consultant charges in the Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice), that have been linked to a Sales Journal entry, are included in this report. Also, only A/R invoices with links to consultant purchases are included.

Note3: Vendors must be flagged as a "Consultant" in their Vendor File (AP> Vendors) to be pulled into this report.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Aging Date Used to calculate the "Days Old" column on the report.
- Age by Invoice Date Determine which date is used when calculating the "Days Old" column on the
 report. If "Age by Invoice Date" is selected, the days between the Age Date and the Invoice Date, of the
 Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice), make up the Days Old. Otherwise, the Due Date of the Purchase
 Journal (Vendor Invoice) is used.

General

- Vendor Allows you to filter to a specific Vendor. When blank, All Vendor are returned.
- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Project are returned.
- Open Vendor Invoices Only When selected, only Vendor Invoices that have an outstanding balance to be paid will show up on the report.
- Only Sales With Receipts When selected, only Sales Invoices that have received a payment (Receipt Journal) will show up on the report.
- Invoice Currency The Invoice Currency to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

- Vendor The Vendor associated with the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal) that was billed on the Client invoice(Sales Journal) for work done on the project.
- Project
- Project Budget The Total OCC and ICC Budget going against the project. This is applied in Project Planning, Project Window.
- Vendor Budget Scheduled Amount against the specific Vendor. This is applied in Project Planning, Schedule Window.
- Invoice (Vendor Invoice) Invoice number of the Purchase Journal that was received from the Vendor.
- Days Old If "Age by Invoice Date" is selected, the days between the Age Date and the Invoice Date, of the Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice), make up the Days Old. Otherwise, the Due Date of the Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice) is used.
- Invoice Amount Total Invoice (Cost) Amount of the Purchase Journal that was received from the Vendor.
- Total Payments Total of all payments (Disbursement Journal) made to the vendor in regard to the Vendor Invoice that was received.
- Cons. Cost The Cost amount of the Vendor Invoice.
- Cons. Effort The Effort (marked-up) amount of the Vendor Invoice.
- SJ (Sales Journal) Invoice No. Invoice Number of the Sales Journal that was billed to the Client.
- Total Billed Total Bill Amount that was billed to the Client.
- Cons. Billed Total Consultant (OCC or ICC) Billed portion of the Sales Invoice. Note: Must be posted to a Billed Revenue Account with a PM Type of either Out-of-Contract Consultants (OCC) or In-Contract-Consultants (ICC).
- Received Total Amount Received against the specified Sales Invoice.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.27 Contacts

Description

The Contacts report gives you a list of Contacts with additional contact information.

Data: Contacts (Firms table)

Prompt

General

- Last Name Allows you to filter the report by the first letter of the Last Name of the Contacts list.
- Firm Allows you to filter the Contact list to a specific Firm. If left blank, all contacts are returned.
- Print Detail When selected, the contacts contact information is shown on the report (ie. Phone, Email & Address)

Report

5.1.1.28 Contract Backlog

Description

The Contract Backlog is a report that compares Fixed Fee and Contract Amounts (Labor,ODC,OCC & ICC) to Billed and Unbilled WIP (billing status of R or H).

Data: Figures come from the following:

Contract - Fixed Fee and Labor/ODC/ODD/ICC Contract Amounts.

Unbilled - Transactions come from the Time Sheets, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursables Journal, Disbursement Journal applets. Unbilled only includes transactions with a Bill Status of R (Ready to Bill) and H (Hold).

Billed - Billed numbers come from the Sales Journal, Receipt Journal, General Journal applets.

Note: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article CLICK HERE.

Prompt

Date Ranges

• As of Date - The As of Date is the transaction cut-off date for this report. This number effects only the Billed and Unbilled number since Budgets are not date sensitive.

General

- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Include Inactive Projects When selected, Projects that are Inactive are returned in the report.
- Only Projects with Contracts When selected, only projects that have Fixed Fee and Contract Amounts
 populate the report.
- Project Currency The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

Report Columns

- Contract Amount Fixed Fee and Labor, ODC (Other Direct Charges), OCC (Out-of-Contract Consultants) and ICC (In-Contract Consultants) Contract Amounts.
- Billed (Budget) Billed Revenue numbers from the Sales, Receipt and General Journals that go against project nodes that have a Contract Amount.
- Unbilled (Budget) -The Effort amount of transactions that have a Bill Status of R (Ready to Bill) and H
 (Hold) that go against project nodes that have a Contract Amount.
- Billed (Non-Budget) Billed Revenue numbers from the Sales, Receipt and General Journals that go against project nodes that do not have a Contract Amount.
- Unbilled (Budget) -The Effort amount of transactions that have a Bill Status of R (Ready to Bill) and H (Hold) that go against project nodes that do not have a Contract Amount.

5.1.1.29 Currency Exchange Rates

Description

The Currency Exchange Rates Report is used when using InFocus Muli-Currency. The report gives you the Currencies currently configured in your system as well as the "Currency Pairs" that are configured in your system This information comes from General Accounting> Multi-Currency. More on Multi-Currency.

Prompt

General

- Exchanges Rate From This Date Forward This date is used as a "Since" date and brings in all Currency Pairs since the date selected.
- Include Inactive Currencies When selected, Currencies that have been marked as Inactive will be brought into the report.

Report

Report Columns

- Name Required Field containing the selected culture's currency name.
- Code International three character monetary code. This important setting drives the import of system exchange rates.
- Symbol Represents the system wide currency symbol.
- Culture Configures the base culture the business is operating in and drives system report formats.
- Units Represents the smallest unit in the selected currency. Example: For U.S. Dollars, 1 represents the Penny (the system will round to the nearest penny).
- Precision Defines columns to the right of the decimal place and drives system rounding. Example: Precision 2 rounds to the nearest hundredth (5.248 = 5.25).
- Major Denomination Defines the singular and plural cases for check printing. For example, USD major labels are "dollar" and "dollars".
- Minor Denomination Defines the singular and plural cases for check printing. For example, USD minor labels are "cent" and "cents".

Detail

- From Currency The originating currency in the exchange.
- ToCurrency The destination currency in the exchange.
- Triangulating Currency The interim currency in the exchange if required. A triangulation is used when no direct exchange rate exists between currencies. For instance, if an exchange from Yens to Euros did not exist but Yen to USD and USD to Euro exchanges did exist, the currency pair for Yens to Euros could be defined, triangulated via USD. Please note to utilize a triangulating currency, there must be accompanying currency pairs to define the exchange relationship between the From and Triangulating currency and the Triangulating and To currencies.
- Use Reciprocal Indicates the defined exchanges relationship can be utilized inversely.
- Date Date the Exchange Rate was at that rate.
- Exchange Rate The Exchange Rate from the From Currency to the To Currency.

5.1.1.30 Disbursement Journal Single Transaction

Description

The Disbursement Journal Single Transaction Report gives you the ability to sprint out a specific Disbursement Journal Entry for a specific Version. When in the Disbursement Journal applet, you can launch this report by simply clicking "Print" on the toolbar. The version showing is the one that will be displayed. Additionally, if "Show Audit Trail" is checked, you will see an audit trail of the changes made on that entry.

Prompt

General

- Disbursement Journal ID Number ID number of the Journal entry. This can be entered in the look-up to pull the transaction up.
- Revision Number The Version of the number that you want to view.
- Show Audit Trail When selected, you will see the Create By, Create Date, Modify By, Modify Date and the changes that happened between versions of the transaction.

Report

Report Columns

- Bank The Bank G/L Account used on the transaction.
- Payee Type The type of the recipient of the disbursement. Options are Vendor, Employee Client and Other
- Pay To Recipient of the Disbursement.
- Check Number
- Check Date
- Current Period
- Revision The version of the transaction
- Project
- Invoice Number Invoice Number that the Disbursement is linked to.
- Expense Code
- G/L Account
- G/L Account Name
- G/L Period
- Status Options are Ready to Bill (R), Hold (H), Billed (B), Write Off (W) and Never Bill (N)
- Amount
- Comments
- Check Memo

5.1.1.31 Disbursements By Date

Description

The Disbursements By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the Disbursement Journal(cash and accrual) for a particular Date Range.

Data: Disbursement Journal (cash and accrual)

Note: This report is run for a date range. You may not see the same figures if you are trying to compare this to an Income Statement or a Balance Sheet that uses a GL Period as a Date Filter.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start & End Date Filters the data by the Date Type supplied in the next selection.
- Date Type (Required) Options are:
 - o Check Date The Check date of the journal entry.
 - o Create Date Create Date of the transaction
 - Modify Date Modify Date of the transaction

General

- Bank Base Code Filters to a specific GL Base Code of the Transactions.
- Use Bank Org. Filter When selected, the Bank Org. Unit selected is used to filter the report.
- Bank Org Unit Filters to a specific the Organizational Unit related to the GL Base Code of the Transaction.
- Include Org. Children Includes the Organization Units Children when filtering to a specific the Organizational Unit.
- Is Accrual When checked, the report looks at the Accrual Journals (Receipts & Disbursements) instead of the Cash Basis Journals (CBReceipts & CB Disbursements). **Note:** The Cash Basis Journals are populated by running the Cash Basis Conversion Utility.
- Hide Detail When selected, the detail of the Disbursement Journal is hidden.
- Show Comments When checked, the report will show the GL Comments from the line-items of the Journals.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. <u>More on Multi-Currency</u>

Sorts

The Sorts section Groups & Sorts the report by Check Date, Check No (Number), Create Date, Modify Date, Payee and Bank (Account).

- Sort 1 Top Level Sort
- Sort 2 Second Level Sort.
- Sort 3 Third Level Sort

Report

- Bank Account Bank G/L Account associated with the transaction.
- Check Number Check number associated with the transaction.

- Payee Name Name of the Check Recipient.
- Check Date The Check Date Associated with the transaction.
- Amount Amount of the Disbursement Transaction.
- Account G/L Account associated with the detail of the Disbursement Transaction.
- Project The Project associated with the detail of the Disbursement Transaction.
- Invoice Number The Purchase Journal Invoice Number associated with the detail of the Disbursement Transaction.
- Amount The amount of the line item in the detail of the Disbursement Transaction.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.32 Employee Benefit Report

Description

The Employee Benefit Report give an employee a detailed summary of their Benefit balances. You must be using the Benefit Accrual feature for this to populate with data.

Prompt

• Benefit Project - The Benefit to report on. You must be using the Benefit Accrual feature and be a member of the Accrual Project for this drop-down to populate with data.

Report

Report Columns

- Project Benefit Project. If using an overriding name, it will show, otherwise the standard project name is displayed.
- Current Benefit Year Displays the date range of the most recently run Benefit year.

Accrual Transactions

- Transaction Date Date of the transaction.
- Amount Hours of the transaction
- Type Type of Transaction. Options are Standard, Used, Adjustment and Carry-Over
- Comment Description of the transaction.

Summarized By Type

Transaction Date

Drill-through Report

- Transaction Type Type of Transaction. Options are Standard, Used, Adjustment and Carry-Over
- Amount Summarized hours by Transaction Type

5.1.1.33 Employee Inquiry

Description

The Employee Inquiry Report reports on Employee Time and Expense for a given date range.

Data: Time Sheets and the Employee Reimbursables Journal

Prompt

Date Ranges

• Start & End Date - Filters the data by the transaction date on the Time Sheet and Journal entries.

General

- Employee Allows you to filter to a specific Employee. When blank, All Employees are returned.
- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Labor Code Allows you to filter to a specific Labor Code used in an Employee Time Sheet. When blank,
 All Labor Codes are returned.
- Expense Code Allows you to filter to a specific Expense Code used in an Employee Expense Sheet. When blank, All Expense Codes are returned.
- Include Labor When selected, Time Sheet transactions will be included in the returned data.
- Include Expense When selected, Employee Reimbursable transactions will be included in the returned data.
- Show Detail When selected, the detail lines of the report are displayed (ie. Date, Charge Org, Labor/ Expense Code, Units, OT Type Cost and Effort)
- Show Comments When selected, PM Comments are displayed on the report.

Report

Report Columns

- Date WorkDate (Time Sheets) and TransDate (Employee Reimbursables Journal)
- Charge Org Organization that gets to recognize the Cost of Labor (Typically used in Labor Distribution).
- Labor/Expense Code Labor Code (Time Sheet) / Expense Code (Employee Reimbursable Journal)
- Hrs/Units Work Hours (Time Sheet) / Units (Employee Reimbursable Journal)
- OT Type Overtime Type. This is used when multiple Overtime Types are being used. More on <u>Overtime Types</u>
- Cost Labor Cost at the Pay Rate (Employee must have "<u>Can view Pay Rate</u>" selected for this to populate)
- Effort Labor Cost at the Billing Rate.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.34 Employee Job Titles

Description

Prompt

The Employee Job Titles Report shows you the allowable Job Titles for your employees, including the Default Job Title. This report can be run for all active employees or one employee. Additionally, it points out InActive Job Titles that are assigned to Employees. Group / Sort options include by Employee Name or Job Title Name. When run for a single project the report uses the project member tab overrides otherwise it uses employee setup information.

General

- Employee Select a single Employee or leave blank to see all employees.
- Project Select a single Project or leave blank to see all projects. **Note:** That when run for a single project the report uses the project member tab overrides instead of looking at the employee setup information.
- Job Title Select a single Job Title or leave blank to see all Job Titles.
- Group / Sort By Sort and Group the report by either Employee Name or Job Title Name.

Report

Report Columns

- Employee
- Job Title
- Work Pct. Work % assigned to the Job Title on the Employees> Job Titles Tab.
- Default Either the Job Title with the highest Work % on the Employees> Job Titles Tab OR the Default
 Job Title assigned on the Project> Members Tab. In the event of even percentages, the one that comes
 first, alphabetically, is the default.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.35 Employee Reimbursable Single Transaction

Description

The Employee Reimbursable Journal Single Transaction Report gives you the ability to sprint out a specific Employee Reimbursable Journal Entry for a specific Version. When in the Employee Reimbursable Journal applet, you can launch this report by simply clicking "Print" on the toolbar. The version showing is the one that will be displayed. Additionally, if "Show Audit Trail" is checked, you will see an audit trail of the changes made on that entry.

Prompt

- Employee Journal ID Number ID number of the Journal entry. This can be entered in the look-up to pull
 the transaction up.
- Revision Number The Version of the number that you want to view.
- Show Audit Trail When selected, you will see the Create By, Create Date, Modify By, Modify Date and

the changes that happened between versions of the transaction.

Report

Report Columns

- E/R Account The Employee Reimbursable G/L Account used on the transaction.
- Employee
- Invoice Date
- Current Period
- Revision The version of the transaction
- Proiect
- Expense Code
- G/L Account
- G/L Account Name
- G/L Period
- Status Options are Ready to Bill (R), Hold (H), Billed (B), Write Off (W) and Never Bill (N)
- Amount
- G/L Comments
- E/R Comments

Sample(s)

5.1.1.36 Employee Reimbursables By Date

Description

The Employee Reimbursables By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the Employee Reimbursables (E/R) Journal for a particular Date Range.

Data: Employee Reimbursables Journal

Note: This report is run for a date range. You may not see the same figures if you are trying to compare this to an Income Statement or a Balance Sheet that uses a GL Period as a Date Filter.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start & End Date Filters the data by the Date Type supplied in the next selection.
- Date Type (Required) Options are:
 - Invoice Date The Invoice date of the journal entry.
 - o Create Date Create Date of the transaction
 - o Modify Date Modify Date of the transaction

- E/R Base Code Filters to a specific GL Base Code of the Transactions.
- Use Org. Filter When selected, the Bank Org. Unit selected is used to filter the report.
- E/R Org. Unit Filters to a specific the Organizational Unit related to the GL Base Code of the Transaction.
- Include Org. Children Includes the Organization Units Children when filtering to a specific the Organizational Unit.
- Hide Detail When selected, the detail of the Disbursement Journal is hidden.
- Show Comments When checked, the report will show the GL Comments from the line-items of the

Journals.

- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Sorts

The Sorts section Groups & Sorts the report by Invoice Date, Create Date, Employee, E/R Account and Transaction No.

- Sort 1 Top Level Sort
- Sort 2 Second Level Sort.
- Sort 3 Third Level Sort

Report

Report Columns

- E/R Account Employee Reimbursable G/L Account associated with the transaction.
- Employee Name Employee associated with the transaction.
- Invoice Date The Invoice Date Associated with the transaction.
- Amount Amount of the Transaction.
- Account G/L Account associated with the detail of the E/R Transaction.
- Project The Project associated with the detail of the E/R Transaction.
- Expense Code The Expense Code associated with the detail of the E/R Transaction.
- Amount The amount of the line item in the detail of the E/R Transaction.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.37 Expense Check Stub

Description

The Expense Check Stub report is designed to be run by the employee who receives a check. It will detail what expense sheet items are being paid on a given check. To make this available to all employees first give permissions to a group that includes all employees and then assign the report to appear in the Personal module.

Data: Disbursement Journal, Employee Reimbursable's Journal and Expense Sheets

Note: Only checks run by the Logged in user are returned when the report is run.

Prompt

Check No (required) - The check number, from the Disbursement, that the employee wants to see the
detail for.

Report

Report Columns

 Check No. - Check Number (Disbursement) of the check that was posted to pay the reimbursable amount.

- Invoice No. The Employee Reimbursable ID Number that was created after importing Expense Sheets.
- Expense Sheet The Date and Expense Sheet Name of the Expense Sheet that was used to create the Employee Reimbursable Journal Entry.
- Date Transaction Date from the Expense Sheet.
- Project Path Project Path from the Expense Sheet.
- Project Name Project Name from the Expense Sheet.
- Exp. Code Expense Code from the Expense Sheet.
- Amount Reimbursable Amount from the Expense Sheet.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.38 Expense Code Listing

Description

This report lists all the Expense Codes set up in the system. You are able to filter by Type, Status and by those only viewable in Expense Sheets.

Prompt

General

- Type The type of Expense Code. This refers to the "Exp. Code Type" column in the Expense Code applet. Options are Other Direct Charge (ODC), Consultant, In-Contract Consultant (ICC), Out of Contract Consultant (OCC) and Any Type.
- Status Active Status of the Expense Codes. Options are Active, Inactive and All.
- Only Codes Viewable In Expense Sheets When selected, only expense codes that can be viewed in Expense Sheets are returned. This refers to the "Show in Expense Sheet" checkbox.
- Sort By Sorts the returned results. Options are Code and Name.

Report

Report Columns

- Expense Code
- Expense Name
- Type The type of Expense Code. This refers to the "Exp. Code Type" column in the Expense Code applet. Options are Other Direct Charge (ODC), Consultant, In-Contract Consultant (ICC) and Out of Contract Consultant (OCC).
- Status Active Status of the Expense Code. Options are Active, Inactive and All.
- Currency (optional) The Currency associated with the Expense Code.

5.1.1.39 Expense Group Assignments

Description

This report lists the Expense Groups with all Projects that are using that Expense Group listed below.

Prompt

General

- Expense Group Active Date Since Expense Groups are date sensitive, the Active Date is used to filter
 out Expense Groups that have period dates that include the Active Date.
- Project Status Filters out returned projects by that have the selected Status. Options include Active, Inactive and Both.

Report

Report Columns

- Rate Schedule Name
- Project Path
- Project Name

Sample(s)

5.1.1.40 Expense Group Detail

Description

The Expense Group Detail report lists the expense group detail and setup including expense codes and markups.

Prompt

General

- Expense Group Name (required) Name of the Expense Group
- Expense Group Active Date Since Expense Groups are date sensitive, the Active Date is used to filter
 out Expense Groups that have period dates that include the Active Date.

Report

- Code Expense Code
- Name Expense Name
- Type The type of Expense Code. This refers to the "Exp. Code Type" column in the Expense Code applet. Options are Other Direct Charge (ODC), Consultant, In-Contract Consultant (ICC) and Out of

Contract Consultant (OCC).

- MU Type Markup Type. The type of markup that calculates the Bill Rate for the expense. More on Expense Codes
- Markup Depending on the Markup Type, this is the number that is used to calculate the Bill Rate of the Expense.
- Unit Rate The Cost Rate of the expense. Depending on the Markup Type, this is the number that is as the "base" in the calculation of the Bill Rate of the Expense.
- Currency (optional) The Currency associated with the Expense Code.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.41 Expense Sheet Status

Description

This report is designed to be run by the individual employee. It will give a status report on expense sheets for a given date range. Possible statuses are paid, processed (imported and approved by accounting but not yet paid), declined (rejected by accounting), mgr approved (approved by manager), submitted (by employee), and unsubmitted. To make this available to all employees first give permissions to a group that includes all employees and assign the report to appear in the Personal module.

Prompt

General

- Range Start Date The Start Date used to filter out expense sheets by their Create Date.
- Range End Date The End Date used to filter out expense sheets by their Create Date.

Report

Report Columns

- Date Transaction Date of the line item in the Expense Sheet.
- Project Project Path
- Exp. Code Expense Code
- Reim. Amount- Amount to be Reimbursed to the employee.
- Invoice No. Employee Reimbursable ID number
- Check No. The Check Number associated with the check (disbursement) that was paid against the Employee Reimbursement.
- Status Status of the Expense. Statuses are Paid, Processed (imported and approved by accounting but not yet paid), Declined (rejected by accounting), Mgr. Approved (approved by manager), Submitted (by employee), and Unsubmitted.

5.1.1.42 Financial Statement Analyzer

Description

This report is used to Analyze the structure of Financial Statements built using the Financial Statement Designer. It displays three tables of information. The first table shows what accounts per statement line will be used. The second table shows what accounts are not referenced in the design. The third table shows what lines reference an account more than once.

Prompt

General

- Statement Name Name of the Financial Statement to be Analyzed.
- Show Org. Units When selected, Org. Units (Org Path) are displayed in a separate column on the report.
- Show Design When selected, the details of the FS Design are displayed.
- Show Unreferenced Accounts When selected, a "G/L Accounts Not Referenced" section will display at the bottom of the report showing what accounts are not referenced in the design.
- Show Duplicate References When selected, a "Duplicate References" section will display at the bottom of the report showing what lines reference an account more than once in the design.

Report

Report Columns

- Line # Line Order associated with the Financial Statement Designer
- Label Line Label associated with the Financial Statement Designer
- Line Type Command Type associated with the Financial Statement Designer
- Math Calculation used with the associated account.
- Base Account G/L Account
- Org Path Org. Unit Path associated with the G/L Account.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.43 Form 1099 Detail Backup

Description

This custom report's print options are identical to Form 1099's load options. The report provides a detailed and summarized backup of the 1099's.

Prompt

General

• 1099 Year - Calendar year that should be analyzed.

- 1099 Minimum Minimum amount paid out before a 1099 should be generated for a given vendor or employee.
- 1099 Style Options are Detailed, Summary and Both. Detailed gives a detailed breakdown of the 1099 items. Summary gives a Summarized line of the 1099 items.
- All Vendors When checked, all vendors are selected.
- Vendor If All Vendors is not checked, you can select individual vendor here.
- All Employees When checked, all employees are selected.
- Employee If All Employees is not checked, you can select individual employees here.
- Org. Unit You can select a specific Org. Unit to print the report on.
- Run Cash Basis Conversion When checked, the cash based conversion utility will be run prior to generating 1099's. Cash journals are used in 1099 calculations.
- Use All Accounts When checked, all G.L accounts are considered for 1099 pay amount; otherwise, only accounts that are flagged in the chart of accounts as 1099 accounts will be used.

Report

Report Columns

- Trans ID ID Number of the Transaction
- JN Abbreviation of the Journal that the transaction originates.
- Check Date Date of the Disbursement (Check)
- Check Number
- G/L Account G/L Account associated with the transaction.
- Amount Amount of the transaction.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.44 General Journal By Date

Description

The General Journal By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the General Journal (cash and accrual) for a particular Date Range.

Data: General (Adjustments) Journal (cash and accrual)

Note: This report is run for a date range. You may not see the same figures if you are trying to compare this to an Income Statement or a Balance Sheet that uses a GL Period as a Date Filter.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start & End Date Filters the data by the Date Type supplied in the next selection.
- Date Type (Required) Options are:
 - o Transaction Date The Transaction date of the journal entry.
 - Create Date Create Date of the transaction
 - Modify Date Modify Date of the transaction

General

• Org Unit - Filters to a specific the Organizational Unit related to the GL Base Code of the Transaction.

- Include Org. Children Includes the Organization Units Children when filtering to a specific the Organizational Unit.
- Is Accrual When checked, the report looks at the Accrual Journals (Receipts & Disbursements) instead of the Cash Basis Journals (CBReceipts & CB Disbursements). **Note:** The Cash Basis Journals are populated by running the Cash Basis Conversion Utility.
- Hide Detail When selected, the detail of the Disbursement Journal is hidden.
- Show Comments When checked, the report will show the GL Comments from the line-items of the Journals.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Sorts

The Sorts section Groups & Sorts the report by Transaction Date, Create Date, Modify Date, Transaction No.

- Sort 1 Top Level Sort
- Sort 2 Second Level Sort.
- Sort 3 Third Level Sort

Report

Report Columns

- Trans ID Identification number of the General Journal Entry
- Trans Date The Transaction Date Associated with the transaction.
- Comment G/L Comment associated with the transaction.
- Account G/L Account associated with the detail of the General Journal Transaction.
- Project The Project associated with the detail of the General Journal Transaction.
- Expense Code The Expense Code associated with the detail of the General Journal Transaction.
- Amount The amount of the line item in the detail of the General Journal Transaction.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.45 General Journal Single Transaction

Description

The General Journal Single Transaction Report gives you the ability to sprint out a specific General Journal Entry for a specific Version. When in the General Journal applet, you can launch this report by simply clicking "Print" on the toolbar. The version showing is the one that will be displayed. You also have the ability to separate the Debits and Credits into two separate columns on this report. Additionally, if "Show Audit Trail" is checked, you will see an audit trail of the changes made on that entry.

Prompt

General

- Disbursement Journal ID Number ID number of the Journal entry. This can be entered in the look-up to pull the transaction up.
- Revision Number The Version of the number that you want to view.

- Show Audit Trail When selected, you will see the Create By, Create Date, Modify By, Modify Date and the changes that happened between versions of the transaction.
- Separate Debits and Credits When selected, the Debits and Credits will be split into two separate columns on this report.

Report

Report Columns

- Transaction Type
- Transaction Date
- Cash/Accrual Type
- Closing Entry Denotes whether or not the transaction is an End of Year Closing Entry.
- Ignore in Rev. Rec. When selected, the entry is ignored when Revenue Recognition processes are run.
- Labor Dist. Entry Denotes whether or not the transaction is a Labor Distribution Entry.
- Current Period
- Revision The version of the transaction
- Project
- Expense Code
- G/L Account
- G/L Account Name
- Amount
- G/L Comments

Sample(s)

5.1.1.46 General Ledger By Date

Description

The General Ledger Report shows you the details of every transaction going in and out of your accounts using a Date Range as a filter. This report can help ensure that all your Accounts balance.

Data: Sales Journal, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursables Journal, Receipt Journal (cash and accrual), Disbursement Journal(cash and accrual), General Journal

Note: This report is run for a date range. You may not see the same figures if you are trying to compare this to an Income Statement or a Balance Sheet that use a GL Period as a Date Filter.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start & End Date Filters the data by the Date Type supplied in the next selection.
- Date Type (Required) Options are:
 - o Transaction Date The transaction date of the journal entry (ie. invoice date, check date or trans date)
 - o Create Date Create Date of the transaction
 - Modify Date Modify Date of the transaction

General

GL Account (comma delimited) - Filters to specific GL Accounts associated with the Transactions. A

comma delimited list of accounts can be entered here to bring in multiple accounts (for example: 10001,1000E, 10002)

- Org Unit Filters to a specific the Organizational Unit related to the GL Base Code of the Transaction.
- Include Org. Children Includes the Organization Units Children when filtering to a specific the Organizational Unit.
- Consolidate When selected, the Accounts will beconsolidated into a single line item per account. Otherwise, the accounts will be broken out by Org Unit (if applicable).
- Is Accrual When checked, the report looks at the Accrual Journals (Receipts & Disbursements) instead of the Cash Basis Journals (CBReceipts & CB Disbursements). **Note:** The Cash Basis Journals are populated by running the <u>Cash Basis Conversion Utility</u>.
- Print Comments When checked, the report will show the GL Comments from the line-items of the Journals
- Print Control Number When selected, the control number (ie. invoice date, check date or trans date) of the transaction will display on the report.
- Print Detail When selected, the details of the transactions will be displayed on the report.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Sorts

• Sort by Journal - When selected, the report will Group/Sort by the journal that the transaction originates in.

Report

Report Columns

- Journal Journal that the account originates from.
- · Transaction ID ID of the Journal
- Date Invoice Date (Sales, Purchase, Employee Reimbursable), Check Date (Receipt, Disbursement), or TransDate (General Journal) depending on the Journal being reported on.
- Description Depending on the Journal, this can be the Employee Name, Firm Name or Employee Name.
- Beginning Balance Balance of the account "As of" the Start Date of the Report.
- Ending Balance Balance after all debits and credits are factored in.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.47 Home Organization Analysis

Description

This report allows you to an analysis of the Home Org. recorded in time sheets versus what the system currently would assign based on employee setup. The Home Org Analysis report compares the Org. Unit set in the Employee File (Employee Information Tab> Company Information section) vs the Home Org. that is was calculated and stored in the time sheet at the point of entry. The report only displays time sheets that have a mismatch. This report has an option so you can retroactively update time sheets.

Note: This report is useful if you set up an Employee Org. after the time sheets have already been entered.

Data: The data is collected from the Time Sheets and Employee tables.

Prompt

General

- Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- End Date Ending Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- Update Time Sheets When selected, the time sheets that have a mismatch will be updated to reflect the
 Org. that the system currently would assign based on employee setup.

Report

Report Columns

- Time ID The ID number of the Time Sheet
- Project The Project that the Time Sheet is entered against.
- · Work Date The Time Sheet Work Date.
- Time Sheet Org. The Org. Unit that the Time Sheet is currently holding.
- Calculated Org. The Org. Unit that the system currently would assign based on employee setup.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.48 Income Statement with Budgets

Description

The Income Statement is also called a Profit and Loss Statement (P&L). The purpose of the Income Statement is to show managers and investors whether the company made or lost money during the reported period. Income Statements represent a period of time, whereas the Balance Sheet represents a single moment in time.

The Income Statement with Budgets report includes budgets that are entered through the G/L Budgets applet under General Accounting. More on G/L Budgets

Prompt

General

- G/L period (required) The selected G/L Period for the report. All returned data falls within the selected G/L Period.
- Org Unit When selected, the data is filtered to display only the specified Organizational Unit, and its children Orgs.
- Cash Basis When checked, the report reports on a Cash Basis. What that means is that the report looks at the the Cash Basis Journals (CBReceipts & CBDisbursements) instead of the Accrual Basis Journals (Receipts & Disbursements). Note: The Cash Basis Journals are populated by running the Cash Basis Conversion Utility.

- Consolidate When selected, All of the Organizational Units are consolidated into one line instead of being broken out into their respective Org. Units.
- Show Base Code When selected, the Base Code of the G/L Account is displayed in addition to the Full GL Account Name.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency
- Include Realized Gains Losses When selected, Realized Gains Losses are includes in the returned data (Multi-Currency only). More on MC Revaluations
- Include Unrealized Gains Losses When selected, Unrealized Gains Losses are includes in the returned data (Multi-Currency only). More on MC Revaluations

Report

Report Columns

- Code G/L Account Code
- Name G/L Account Name
- Current Current amount for the selected period.
- Current Budget G/L Budget for the selected period.
- Year to Date Amount for the year of the selected G/L Period, up to the selected period.
- YTD Budget Budget for the year of the selected G/L Period, up to the selected period.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.49 Income Statement with drill-down

Description

The Income Statement is also called a Profit and Loss Statement (P&L). The purpose of the Income Statement is to show managers and investors whether the company made or lost money during the reported period. Income Statements represent a period of time, whereas the Balance Sheet represents a single moment in time. Additionally, you are given the ability to see all "drill-down" into each account on the report. The blue hyperlink indicates where you can do this.

Prompt

- G/L period (required) The selected G/L Period for the report. All returned data falls within the selected G/L Period.
- Org Unit When selected, the data is filtered to display only the specified Organizational Unit, and its children Orgs.
- Cash Basis When checked, the report reports on a Cash Basis. What that means is that the report
 looks at the the Cash Basis Journals (CBReceipts & CBDisbursements) instead of the Accrual Basis
 Journals (Receipts & Disbursements). Note: The Cash Basis Journals are populated by running the <u>Cash</u>
 <u>Basis Conversion Utility</u>.

- Consolidate When selected, All of the Organizational Units are consolidated into one line instead of being broken out into their respective Org. Units.
- Show Base Code When selected, the Base Code of the G/L Account is displayed in addition to the Full GL Account Name.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency
- Include Realized Gains Losses When selected, Realized Gains Losses are includes in the returned data (Multi-Currency only). More on MC Revaluations
- Include Unrealized Gains Losses When selected, Unrealized Gains Losses are includes in the returned data (Multi-Currency only). More on MC Revaluations

Report

Report Columns

- Code G/L Account Code
- Name G/L Account Name
- Current Current amount for the selected period.
- Year to Date Amount for the year of the selected G/L Period, up to the selected period.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.50 Intercompany Transfers By Date

Description

The Inter-company Transfers By Date report returns all Revenue from the Sales & General Journals posted against G/L Accounts with a Metric Type of either Inter-company Revenue or Inter-company Expense for a given date range.

Prompt

General

- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- End Date Ending Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

- Project The Project that the Transaction is going against.
- Company The Org. Unit associated with the G/L Account used in the transaction.
- Transaction Number The Invoice Number of the Transaction (Sales Journal). If the transaction id from the General Journal, it is the GJID.
- Labor Labor Billed Revenue amount that goes against a G/L Accounts with a Metric Type of either Intercompany Revenue or Inter-company Expense
- ODC Other Direct Charges (ODC) Billed Revenue amount that goes against a G/L Accounts with a Metric Type of either Inter-company Revenue or Inter-company Expense
- OCC Out of Contract Consulting (OCC) Billed Revenue amount that goes against a G/L Accounts with a Metric Type of either Inter-company Revenue or Inter-company Expense
- ICC In Contract Consulting (ICC) Billed Revenue amount that goes against a G/L Accounts with a Metric Type of either Inter-company Revenue or Inter-company Expense

5.1.1.51 Intercompany Transfers By Period

Description

The Inter-company Transfers By Date report returns all Revenue from the Sales & General Journals posted against G/L Accounts with a Metric Type of either Inter-company Revenue or Inter-company Expense for a given Period range.

Prompt

General

- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Starting Period Beginning Period used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- Ending Period Ending Period used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

- Project The Project that the Transaction is going against.
- Company The Org. Unit associated with the G/L Account used in the transaction.
- Transaction Number The Invoice Number of the Transaction (Sales Journal). If the transaction id from the General Journal, it is the GJID.
- Labor Labor Billed Revenue amount that goes against a G/L Accounts with a Metric Type of either Intercompany Revenue or Inter-company Expense
- ODC Other Direct Charges (ODC) Billed Revenue amount that goes against a G/L Accounts with a Metric Type of either Inter-company Revenue or Inter-company Expense
- OCC Out of Contract Consulting (OCC) Billed Revenue amount that goes against a G/L Accounts with a Metric Type of either Inter-company Revenue or Inter-company Expense

 ICC - In Contract Consulting (ICC) Billed Revenue amount that goes against a G/L Accounts with a Metric Type of either Inter-company Revenue or Inter-company Expense

Sample(s)

5.1.1.52 Invoice For Retainage (Style 1)

Description

The Invoice for Retainage is a way to invoice a client for retainage at the end of the project. You have the option create a posting entry against the Retainage account in the Sales Journal. Style 1 looks similar to the standard invoice designs that come "out of the box" with InFocus.

Prompt

Accounts

- A/R (required) Accounts Receivable G/L Account to be used when creating the Retainage entry.
- Retainage (required) Retainage G/L Account to be used when creating the Retainage entry.

Project Info

Project (required) - Project that the Retainage Invoice is going against.

Sales Info

- Invoice No (required) Invoice Number to be used on the Invoice.
- Amount (required) Amount to be used on the Invoice. **Note:** This field auto-populates with the Total Amount going against the Retainage G/L Account on the selected project. This amount can be overridden.
- Invoice Date (required) Invoice Date to be used on the Invoice.
- G/L Period (required) G/L Period for the entry to fall within.
- Retainer Verbiage Test that will show up as a note on the invoice.
- Post Entry When checked, a Sales Journal entry will be created to reflect the invoice.

Report

Sample(s)

5.1.1.53 Invoice For Retainage (Style 2)

Description

The Invoice for Retainage is a way to invoice a client for retainage at the end of the project. By running the report, a posting entry is created against the Retainage account in the Sales Journal. Style 2 looks similar to the Sales Journal Single Transaction report that come "out of the box" with InFocus.

Note: A Sales Journal entry will be created to reflect the invoice when you click "Post".

Prompt

Enter Project and A/R Account

- Project (required) Project that the Retainage Invoice is going against.
- A/R (required) Accounts Receivable G/L Account to be used when creating the Retainage entry.

Enter Invoice Info

- Invoice No (required) Invoice Number to be used on the Invoice.
- Retainage Account (required) Retainage G/L Account to be used when creating the Retainage entry.
- Amount (required) Amount to be used on the Invoice. Note: This field auto-populates with the Total
 Amount going against the Retainage G/L Account on the selected project. This amount can be
 overridden.
- Invoice Date (required) Invoice Date to be used on the Invoice.
- G/L Period (required) G/L Period for the entry to fall within.

Report

Sample(s)

5.1.1.54 Job Titles

Description

The Job Title list report give you a list of Job Titles that live in the Job Titles Applet The report can be filtered by status and sorted by Job Code or Title. More on Job Titles

Prompt

General

- Active Status The status of the Job Titles to be returned. Options are Active, Inactive and Both.
- Sort By The way in which you want the Job Titles to be sorted on the report. Options are Code & Name.

Report

Report Columns

- Job Code Job Title Code
- Job Title Job Title Name
- Status Status of the Job Title

Report

5.1.1.55 Labor By Location

Description

The Labor by Location Report report reflects data the most current version of submitted Time Sheets. The primary purpose of this report is to Filter/ Group by Locations that can optionally be used. Locations are assigned to the Employee and are typically used to identify where the actual work was done, for insurance reasons. More on Locations

Data: The data is collected from the Time Sheets table.

Note 1: Since this report displays Pay Cost and Job Cost, only employees that have the "Can View Pay Rates" and/or "Can View Job Cost Rates" special rights will be able see cost figures on this report. More on "Can View..." Special Rights.

Prompt

Date Ranges

Start & End Date - Filters the data by the transaction date on the Time Sheet.

General

- Location Filters by the Location Code associated with the Tim Sheet.
- Print Detail When selected, The TimeID, Work Date, Hours, Amount Detail will be displayed on the report.
- Print Comments When selected, the time sheet comments will be displayed on the report.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Sort

Sort By - Sort/Grouping options include, Employee / Project

Report

- Location Location that associated with the Employee at the Time of Time sheet Entry. This can be overridden on the actual Time Sheet.
- TimeID Time Sheet ID code
- · Date Work Date of the Time Sheet.
- Hours Work Hours associated with the Time Sheet.
- Pay Pay Cost associated with the Time Sheet.
- Job Cost Job Cost associated with the Time Sheet.
- Effort Effort (Bill Amount) associated with the Time Sheet.

5.1.1.56 Labor Code Listing

Description

The Labor Code Listing Report returns a list of Labor Codes that are in your system. Labor Codes are used to designate the "work" that an employee is doing. Labor codes can be subtotals in *Project Management* reports. They are not exposed in billing, nor do they have budgets. An employee is able to enter a Labor Code on the time Sheet. Examples of Labor Codes include site time, meetings, phone calls, etc. <u>Click Here</u> for more information about Labor Codes.

Prompt

General

- Org. Unit Allows you to filter by the Org. Unit associated with the Labor Code.
- Status The status of the Labor Code to be returned. Options are Active, Inactive and Both.
- Type Allows you to filter by Labor Code Type.
- Sort By The way in which you want the Labor Codes to be sorted on the report. Options are Code & Name.

Report

Report Columns

- Labor Code
- Labor Name
- Type Designates what type of project the labor code can be used with. Choices are Direct, Indirect, or Both. Note that Indirect refers to all non-direct project types.
- Status Status of the Labor Code.

5.1.1.57 Labor Distribution Detail Report

Description

The Labor Distribution Detail Report displays the breakdown for labor distribution entries for a given G/L period range. You are able to specify up to five (5) sorting/grouping levels.

Data: That data is collected from the Adjustment Journal, including only entries that have been flagged as a Labor Distribution Entry.

Note: For data to populate this report, you must be using the Labor Distribution functionality of InFocus. More on Labor Distribution.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Starting Period Beginning Period used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- Ending Period Ending Period used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.

General

- Org. Unit When selected, the report will return Labor Distributions that go against the specified Org.
- Consolidate G/L Accounts When selected, the GL Code will be consolidated to just the Base Code of the GL Account.
- Transaction Currency The Transaction Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Show Recap When selected, A GL Code summary will display at the bottom of the report.

Sorts

- 1st Sort When selected, the data will be grouped by the following options: Project, Employee, Transaction, G/L Period, G/L Account and <None>
- 2nd Sort Same as above
- 3rd Sort Same as above
- 4th Sort Same as above
- 5th Sort Same as above

Report

Report Columns

- Sort Name Option selected from the prompt.
- Sort Code Code of item selected from prompt.
- Sort Name Name of item selected from prompt.
- Amount Amount associated with the item selected from prompt.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.58 Labor Estimates

Description

This Labor Estimates report requires that you have Require Estimates-to-Complete turned on in Projects > General Tab. The report gives you the ETC hours the employee entered upon submitting their time sheet.

Note: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article CLICK HERE.

Prompt

General

 Project - When selected, The report only returns the specified project. When left blank, all projects are returned.

- Employee When selected, The report only returns the specified Employee. When left blank, all Employees with Labor Estimates are returned.
- Sort By Allows you to sort/Group the report by the selected item. Options are Employee or Project.
- Show WBS When selected, the lower levels of the Project WBS are displayed on the report.
- Show Job Title When selected, the Job Title associated with the Labor Estimate is displayed on the report.

Report

Report Columns

- Depending on "Sort By" selection, the first column is Employee Code when Employee and Project Path when Project.
- Depending on "Sort By" selection, the first column is Employee Name when Employee and Project Name when Project.
- ETC Hours Estimate to Complete (ETC) hourse entered by the employee on the time sheet before saving.
- Last Reported Last date that an Estimate to Complete was entered.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.59 MC Consolidated Balance Sheet (FASB)

Description

The MC Balance Sheet Report is a statement of the companies financial position, which states the Assets, Liabilities and Owner's Equity (Capital) for a specific period (G/L Period).

Prompt

General

- G/L Period (Required) Selected Period that the report is run for.
- Calculate Weight Average on YTD Basis
- Show Base Code When selected, the Account Code of the GL Account is displayed on the Statement.

Report

Sample(s)

5.1.1.60 MC Revaluation Journal

Description

Journal report for MC Revaluations journal used when running Multi-Currency.

Prompt

General

- Starting Period The selected Starting G/L Period for the report. All returned data falls within the selected G/L Period.
- Ending Period The selected Ending G/L Period for the report. All returned data falls within the selected G/L Period.
- Include Realized Gains and Losses When selected, Realized Gains Losses are includes in the returned data (Multi-Currency only). More on MC Revaluations
- Include Unrealized Gains and Losses When selected, Unrealized Gains Losses are includes in the returned data (Multi-Currency only). More on MC Revaluations
- Include Manual Entries When selected, transactions flagged as "Manual" in the MC Revaluations
 Journal will be included in the report.
- Include Automated Entries When selected, transactions NOT flagged as "Manual" in the MC Revaluations Journal will be included in the report.
- Balance Sheet Account A Balance Sheet Account can be selected to filter the report.
- Company Currency Code The Company Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options
 are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

Report Columns

- MC Trans ID ID Number of the MC Revaluation Journal Transaction.
- Project
- JN Journal that the transaction is going against. Options are PJ (Purchase Journal), ER (Employee Reimbursables) and SJ (Sales Journal)
- Base Realized Base Currency Amount that has been Realized.
- Base Unrealized Base Currency Amount that is Unrealized.
- Company Realized Company Currency Amount that has been Realized.
- Company Unrealized Company Currency Amount that is Unrealized.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.61 My Hours

Description

The My Hours report is meant for access to be given all employees in the company. It allows the employee to list all their hours for any project date range they wish.

Data: That data is collected from Time sheets.

Note: This report is designed to run for the logged in user.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- End Date Ending Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.

General

- Project When selected, The report only returns the specified project. When left blank, all projects are returned.
- Show Projects When selected, the report displays the Top Level of the Project that the time was entered against.
- Show WBS When selected, the report displays the Lower Levels of the Project that the time was entered against.
- Show Detail When selected, the report displays the lowest level detail of the time sheet including the Work Date and the PM Comments.

Sort

Sort By - Sorts the report by either Date (Work Date) or Project.

Report

Report Columns

- Work Date Date the Time Sheet was entered against
- Project Project Code & Name
- Hours Work Hours of the time sheets.
- Comments PM Comments entered on the time sheet.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.62 No Project Reference

Description

The No Project Reference Report returns transactions with no project reference for a specified Time Frame, Journal Type(s), Metric(s). Additional filters include G/L Account, Org Unit and G/L Financial Type (Income and Expense or All).

Note: This report is useful when trying to tie out Project Profit to the Income Statement. Transactions that do not reference a project can cause variance.

Prompt

General

- Starting Period (required) The selected Starting G/L Period for the report. All returned data falls within the selected G/L Period.
- Ending Period (required) The selected Ending G/L Period for the report. All returned data falls within the

selected G/L Period.

- Journal (required) Journal to be reported on. Options are the General, Sales, Receipt, Purchase, ER and Disbursement Journals.
- Metric (required) The Metric Type of the G/L Account to be reported on.
- G/L Account When selected, The report only returns the specified G/L Account Transactions. When left blank, all are returned.
- Organization Unit When selected, The report only returns the specified Org. Unit. When left blank, all are returned.
- Just Income and Expense Accounts When selected, only Accounts that have a Financial Type of Income or Expense (P&L Accounts) are included.

Report

Report Columns

- Journal Journal that the Transactions originates.
- Trans ID ID number of the Journal entry.
- Trans Date Date of the Transaction.
- Account Code G/I Account Code
- Master Name Firm Name, Payee Name or Employee Name depending on the Journal.
- Amount Cost Amount

Sample(s)

5.1.1.63 Note Search

Description

The Note Search report searches the text of marketing notes entered throughout InFocus Master Files.

Prompt

General

- Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- End Date Ending Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- Project When selected, The report only returns the specified project. When left blank, all are returned.
- Employee When selected, The report only returns the specified Employee. When left blank, all are returned.
- Firm When selected, The report only returns the specified Firm. When left blank, all are returned.
- Contact Name When selected, The report only returns the specified Employee. When left blank, all are returned.
- Text to Search For When text is entered here, the report looks for that specific line of text in the note comments.
- 1st Sort When selected, the report will sort by the following Project, Client, Contact Name, Create Date, Owner
- 2nd Sort Same as above

3rd Sort - Same as above

Report

Report Columns

- Date Date of Note
- Contact Contact Associated with Note
- Owner Creator of the Note
- Project Project Associated with the Note
- · Client Client Associated with the Note
- Note

Sample(s)

5.1.1.64 Opportunities

Description

The Opportunities Report gives you a list of Projects that have a Charge Type of "Opportunity".

Prompt

General

- Project Manager When selected, The report only returns the specified Project Manager. When left blank, all are returned.
- Principal-in-Charge When selected, The report only returns the specified Principal In Charge. When left blank, all are returned.
- Marketing Contact When selected, The report only returns the specified Contact. When left blank, all are returned.
- Other Contact When selected, The report only returns the specified Contact. When left blank, all are returned.
- Active Status Filters by Project Status. Options are Active, Inactive and Both.
- Invoice Currency The Type of Currency to be used when running the report.

Report

- Name Opportunity Name
- Code Opportunity Code
- Expected Close The Expected Close Date of the project. Located at Opportunitites> General Tab>
 Opportunity Dates section.
- Expected Revenue The Expected Revenue entered on the project. (Opportunitites> General Tab> Opportunity Info section)
- Win Probability The Win Probability assigned to the Opportunity. (Opportunitites> General Tab> Opportunity Info section)
- Projected Revenue Expected Revenue X Win Probability

5.1.1.65 Pay History

Description

The Pay History report shows employee pay history which can be useful when performing employee reviews.

Data: The information of this report comes from the Pay History tab located in tHR> Employees.

Prompt

General

- Employee When selected, The report only returns the specified Employee. When left blank, all are returned.
- Org. Unit When selected, The report only returns the specified Org. Unit associated with the Employees.
 When left blank, all are returned.
- Approver When selected, The report only returns the specified Employees where the selected Approver is the Approver of that employee. When left blank, all are returned.
- Active Employees Only When selected, only Active Employees are returned.
- Include Subcontractors When selected, Employees flagged as "Subcontractors" (HR> Employees>
 Employee Info Tab> Company Info Section) are included on the report.
- Latest Pay Rate Only When selected, only the most recent pay rate is returned in the report.

Report

Report Columns

- Employee Proper Name of the Employee
- Approver The Default Approver of the Employee.
- · Hired Hire Date
- Org. Org Unit assigned to the Employee.
- Terminated Termination Date
- Target % Target % Assigned to the Employee.

Pay History

- Start Date Start Date of the Pay Rate.
- End Date End Date of the Pay Rate.
- Salary Per Period The Salary Amount Paid per pay period.
- Regular Rate The Regular Pay Rate of an hourly employee.
- Overtime Rate The Overtime Pay Rate of an hourly employee.
- Pct Increase The Percent of Pay Increase since the last pay history range.
- Exempt When an employee is flagged as hourly, exempt equals no.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.66 Pay When Paid By Project

Description

The Pay When Paid By Project report can be used for consulting pay when paid purposes. The report layout of this report groups by Project.

Note1: Purchases not linked on a sales journal will appear on the report as long as the Vendor is flagged as a "Consultant".

Note2: "Okay to Pay" Column - There is an okay to pay columns. The okay to pay only applies to linked purchases and is based on monies received (Receipt Journal). In the case of partial payments, the receipts are prorated accordingly. This report also considers the Revenue Type in cash receipts when computing consultant dollars received. The Revenue Type option is turned on in Global Settings A/R Tab> Receipt Wizard Breakdowns.

Note3: Vendors must be flagged as a "Consultant" in their Vendor File (<u>AP> Vendors</u>) to be pulled into this report.

Data: That Transactional data is collected from the Purchase, Disbursements, Receipts, and the Sales Journals. The Budget information (optional) comes from Project <u>Planning> Scheduling</u>. The Schedule data, for consultants, is entered in the <u>OCC and/or ICC modes</u> when in Project Planning. Be sure to roll-up the Schedules to Allocations and Allocations to Budgets once you have established the correct amounts.

For detailed steps on paying your vendors through InFocus, walk through this <u>Help Center Course: Paying Your Vendors</u>

Prompt

Date Ranges

- As of Date Used as the Cut-off date for all transactions, unless "No Cut-Off Date" is selected.
- No Cut-Off Date When selected, the "As of Date" is ignored and the report is run for all time.

General

- Vendor Allows you to filter to a specific Vendor. When blank, All Vendor are returned.
- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- PM Leader Allows you to filter to a specific Project Leader. A Project Leader is either the Project Manager, Principal In Charge or Project Accountant assigned to a specific project on the Members Tab.
- Project Status Allows you to filter the returned projects by status. Status includes Active, Inactive and Both.
- Include Sales With No Consultant Revenue When selected, Sales Journals (Client Invoices) will be
 included, even if none of the Billed Revenue is going against accounts with a PM Type of Out of Contract
 Consultants (OCC) or In Contract Consultants (ICC).
- Include Distributed Sales When selected, Sales Journals that have already paid any associated Vendors, will be included in the report.
- Include Paid Vendor Invoices When selected, Vendor Invoices (Purchase Journals) that have been paid (Disbursement Journal) will be included in the report.

Display

Sort By - Gives you the ability to Sort/Group the report by Project, Client, Project Manager, Principal and

Org. Unit.

- Show Receipts When selected, Receipt Journal Entries that go against the Sales Journal (Client Invoice) will be displayed on the report.
- Show Payments When selected, Disbursement Journal Entries that go against the Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice) will be displayed on the report.
- Show Vendor Budgets When selected, Budgets entered in Project Planning against the specific Vendor, will display on the report.
- Invoice Currency The Invoice Currency to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

Report Columns

- Ref # Invoice Number (Purchase and Sales Journals), Check Number (Disbursements and Receipt Journals)
- JN PJ (Purchase Journal), SJ (Sales Journal), CD (Disbursements Journal) and CR (Receipts Journal)
- Date Invoice Date (Purchase and Sales Journals), Check Date (Disbursements and Receipt Journals)
- CNS (Billed) Portion of the Client Invoice (Sales Journal) that is classified as Consulting Revenue. That
 means that it goes against a Billed Revenue G/L Account that has a PM Type of Out of Contract
 Consultants (OCC) or In Contract Consultants (ICC).
- Total (Billed) Total Amount of the Client Invoice (Sales Journal).
- CNS (Charged) Portion of the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal) that is classified as Consulting Cost.
 That means that it goes against a Cost G/L Account that has a PM Type of Out of Contract Consultants
 (OCC) or In Contract Consultants (ICC).
- Total (Charged) Total Amount of the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal).
- CNS (Received) Portion of the Receipt that is classified as Out of Contract Consultants or In Contract Consultants.
- Total (Received) Total amount of the Receipt entry.
- Balance (Received) -
- CNS (Paid) Consultant portion that has been Paid (Disbursement Journal) in regard to the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal).
- Total (Paid) Total Invoice Amount that has been Paid (Disbursement Journal) in regard to the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal).
- Balance (Paid) Charged Total minus Paid Total
- Ok To Pay The "Okay to Pay" Column indicates the amount that you are able to pay your Vendor and
 only applies to linked purchases and is based on monies received (Receipt Journal). In the case of
 partial payments, the receipts are prorated accordingly. This report can also use the Revenue Type in
 cash receipts when computing consultant dollars received. The Revenue Type option is turned on in
 Global Settings> A/R Tab> Receipt Wizard Breakdowns.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.67 Pay When Paid By Receipt

Description

The Pay When Paid By Project report can be used for consulting pay when paid purposes. This report operates off of a deposit date range. It requires that purchases be linked to Sales Journal and requires that breakdown receipt by revenue type is used. A unique feature of this report is it can create an A/P check batch based on the report's results.

Data: That Transactional data is collected from the Purchase, Disbursements, Receipts, and the Sales Journals. The Budget information (optional) comes from Project <u>Planning> Scheduling</u>. The Schedule data, for consultants, is entered in the <u>OCC and/or ICC modes</u> when in Project Planning. Be sure to roll-up the Schedules to Allocations and Allocations to Budgets once you have established the correct amounts.

Note1: Only consultant charges in the Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice), that have been linked to a Sales Journal entry, are included in this report. Also, only A/R invoices with links to consultant purchases are included.

Note2: Vendors must be flagged as a "Consultant" in their Vendor File (AP> Vendors) to be pulled into this report.

Note 3: The PWP By Receipt uses a different algorithm than the other two PWP reports. In the PWP By Receipt a vendor invoice will not go into the Okay to Pay columns if it is connected to more than one sales entry. Basically, if your consultant vendors invoice for more than one project on an invoice the pay when pay by receipt will not show Okay to pay. It does not try to prorate the receipt in cases where the vendor invoice cites multiple SJ entries.

Prompt

General

- Starting Deposit Date Uses the Start Date to filter Receipt Journal entries by the Deposit Date.
- Ending Deposit Date Uses the End Date to filter Receipt Journal entries by the Deposit Date.
- Combine OCC and ICC Amounts When selected, both OCC and ICC Amounts are combined in the report.
- WBS Level When selected, the Code of the WBS level is displayed on the report.
- Create A/P Check Batch When selected, an A/P Check Batch is created to pay all of the "Okay to Pay" amounts in AP Check writing. Simply go to Accounts Payable> A/P Check Writing> Load from Batch (toolbar) to pull up the Batch.

Report

Top Grid

- JN PJ (Purchase Journal), SJ (Sales Journal), CD (Disbursements Journal) and CR (Receipts Journal)
- Trans. ID The ID number of the transaction
- Trans. Date Invoice Date (Purchase and Sales Journals), Deposit Date (Disbursements and Receipt Journals)
- Invoice Invoice Number (Purchase and Sales Journals)
- Project
- WBS The Code of the Work Breakdown Structure at the level selected in the reporting prompt.
- OCC (Received) Portion of the Receipt that is classified as Out of Contract Consultants.
- ICC (Received) Portion of the Receipt that is classified as In Contract Consultants.
- OCC (Charged) Portion of the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal) that is classified as Out of Contract Consulting Cost. That means that it goes against a Cost G/L Account that has a PM Type of Out of Contract Consultants (OCC).
- ICC (Charged) Portion of the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal) that is classified as In Contract
 Consulting Cost. That means that it goes against a Cost G/L Account that has a PM Type of In Contract
 Consultants (ICC).
- PJ Many Links If the Purchase Journal has multiple links, you will see a "Y" in this column.

- SJ Many Cons If the Purchase Journal has multiple Consultants, you will see a "Y" in this column.
- CR Covers All If the Received amount classified as ICC or OCC exceeds the Vendor Invoice, you will see a "Y" in this column.
- Ok To Pay The "Okay to Pay" Column indicates the amount that you are able to pay your Vendor and only applies to linked purchases and is based on monies received (Receipt Journal). In the case of partial payments, the receipts are prorated accordingly. This report can also use the Revenue Type in cash receipts when computing consultant dollars received. The Revenue Type option is turned on in Global Settings> A/R Tab> Receipt Wizard Breakdowns.

Vendor Summary

- · Vendor Vendor Code and Name
- Invoice Invoice Number from the Purchase Journal.
- Invoice Date Invoice Date from the Purchase Journal.
- Invoiced Total Amount of the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal).
- OCC + ICC Portion of the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal) that is classified as Consulting Cost. That
 means that it goes against a Cost G/L Account that has a PM Type of Out of Contract Consultants
 (OCC) or In Contract Consultants (ICC).
- Other Cost Portion of the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal) that is NOT classified as Consulting Cost.
- Paid Portion of the Vendor Invoice that has been paid (Disbursement Journal)
- Balance Invoiced minus Paid.
- Ok To Pay The "Okay to Pay" Column indicates the amount that you are able to pay your Vendor and only applies to linked purchases and is based on monies received (Receipt Journal). In the case of partial payments, the receipts are prorated accordingly. This report can also use the Revenue Type in cash receipts when computing consultant dollars received. The Revenue Type option is turned on in Global Settings> A/R Tab> Receipt Wizard Breakdowns.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.68 Pay When Paid By Vendor

Description

The Pay When Paid By Project report can be used for consulting pay when paid purposes. The report layout of this report groups by Vendor.

Note1: Purchases not linked on a sales journal will appear on the report as long as the Vendor is flagged as a "Consultant".

Note2: "Okay to Pay" Column - There is an okay to pay columns. The okay to pay only applies to linked purchases and is based on monies received (Receipt Journal). In the case of partial payments, the receipts are prorated accordingly. This report also considers the Revenue Type in cash receipts when computing consultant dollars received. The Revenue Type option is turned on in <u>Global Settings> A/R Tab> Receipt</u> Wizard Breakdowns.

Note3: Vendors must be flagged as a "Consultant" in their Vendor File (<u>AP> Vendors</u>) to be pulled into this report.

Data: That Transactional data is collected from the Purchase, Disbursements, Receipts, and the Sales Journals. The Budget information (optional) comes from Project <u>Planning> Scheduling</u>. The Schedule data, for consultants, is entered in the OCC and/or ICC modes when in Project Planning. Be sure to roll-up the

Schedules to Allocations and Allocations to Budgets once you have established the correct amounts.

For detailed steps on paying your vendors through InFocus, walk through this <u>Help Center Course: Paying</u> Your Vendors

Prompt

Date Ranges

- As of Date Used as the Cut-off date for all transactions, unless "No Cut-Off Date" is selected.
- No Cut-Off Date When selected, the "As of Date" is ignored and the report is run for all time.

General

- Vendor Allows you to filter to a specific Vendor. When blank, All Vendor are returned.
- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Project Status Allows you to filter the returned projects by status. Status includes Active, Inactive and Both.
- Include Sales With No Consultant Revenue When selected, Sales Journals (Client Invoices) will be
 included, even if none of the Billed Revenue is going against accounts with a PM Type of Out of Contract
 Consultants (OCC) or In Contract Consultants (ICC).
- Include Distributed Sales When selected, Sales Journals that have already paid any associated Vendors, will be included in the report.
- Include Paid Vendor Invoices When selected, Vendor Invoices (Purchase Journals) that have been paid (Disbursement Journal) will be included in the report.

Display

- Sort By Gives you the ability to Sort/Group the report by Project, Client, Project Manager, Principal and Org. Unit.
- Show Receipts When selected, Receipt Journal Entries that go against the Sales Journal (Client Invoice) will be displayed on the report.
- Show Payments When selected, Disbursement Journal Entries that go against the Purchase Journal (Vendor Invoice) will be displayed on the report.
- Show Vendor Budgets When selected, Budgets entered in Project Planning against the specific Vendor, will display on the report.
- Invoice Currency The Invoice Currency to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

- Ref # Invoice Number (Purchase and Sales Journals), Check Number (Disbursements and Receipt Journals)
- JN PJ (Purchase Journal), SJ (Sales Journal), CD (Disbursements Journal) and CR (Receipts Journal)
- Date Invoice Date (Purchase and Sales Journals), Check Date (Disbursements and Receipt Journals)
- CNS (Billed) Portion of the Client Invoice (Sales Journal) that is classified as Consulting Revenue. That
 means that it goes against a Billed Revenue G/L Account that has a PM Type of Out of Contract
 Consultants (OCC) or In Contract Consultants (ICC).
- Total (Billed) Total Amount of the Client Invoice (Sales Journal).
- CNS (Charged) Portion of the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal) that is classified as Consulting Cost.
 That means that it goes against a Cost G/L Account that has a PM Type of Out of Contract Consultants
 (OCC) or In Contract Consultants (ICC).
- Total (Charged) Total Amount of the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal).

- CNS (Received) Portion of the Receipt that is classified as Out of Contract Consultants or In Contract Consultants.
- Total (Received) Total amount of the Receipt entry.
- Balance (Received) -
- CNS (Paid) Consultant portion that has been Paid (Disbursement Journal) in regard to the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal).
- Total (Paid) Total Invoice Amount that has been Paid (Disbursement Journal) in regard to the Vendor Invoice (Purchase Journal).
- Balance (Paid) Charged Total minus Paid Total
- Ok To Pay The "Okay to Pay" Column indicates the amount that you are able to pay your Vendor and only applies to linked purchases and is based on monies received (Receipt Journal). In the case of partial payments, the receipts are prorated accordingly. This report can also use the Revenue Type in cash receipts when computing consultant dollars received. The Revenue Type option is turned on in Global Settings> A/R Tab> Receipt Wizard Breakdowns.

5.1.1.69 Print A Check

Description

The Print a Check Report allows you to Print a New Check or enter the previous check number and re-print a check.

Prompt

New or Existing Check

• Is this a new check? - When selected, a new check will be created and Posted to the Disbursement when the report is run.

Bank

 Bank Account - The G/L Account, with a Subledger Type of Bank, that is to be used when creating the Disbursement.

Check Number

 Check Number - When creating a new check, the check number to be used. When retrieving an old check, the check number that will be re-printed.

Type of Payee

• Payee Type - Payee Type to write the check to. Options are Vendor, Employee, Client and Other.

Payee (editable based on Payee Type)

- Payee Name Text box where a payee can be entered
- Client
- Employee
- Vendor

G/L Accounts

• G/L Account to Charge (required) - G/L Account to Charge the check to.

Check Info

- Check Amount Amount of check to be written.
- Check Date Check Date of check to be written.
- Check Memo Check Memo to be added to the check.
- G/L Period G/L Period the check is to be posted in.
- Project Project that the check goes against.
- Print Check Number on Face of Check When selected, the check number will be printed on the check.
- Street 1 Street information to be printed on the check.
- Street 2 Street information to be printed on the check.
- Street 3 Street information to be printed on the check.
- Street 4 Street information to be printed on the check.
- City City information to be printed on the check.
- State State information to be printed on the check.
- Zip Zip Code information to be printed on the check.
- Country Country information to be printed on the check.
- Attention Attention to be printed on the check.

Report

Sample(s)

5.1.1.70 Project Earnings By Org Unit

Description

The Project Earnings by Org. Unit report gives Current, Year To Date and Project To Date figures including Billed Revenue, Total Revenue, Spent, Profit, Profit Pct, Fee, Received, A/R, Un-billed and Effective Multiplier. The project summary report can be grouped by organizational unit. It also can filter based on a common org code at a given level.

Prompt

Date Ranges

As of Date - The Cut-Off Date for the information being returned to the report.

General

- Org. Code Filters the information being returned to the report to a specific Org Unit.
- Organization Level Filters the returned data to a specific Org. Unit Level.
- Combine Org. Unites with Like Codes When selected, the Org Units. are combined by Code on the report rather than Path.
- Use G/L Period for Non-Time sheet Transactions When selected, G/L Period is used to filter the non-

- labor transactions rather than transaction date.
- Use G/L Period for Timesheet Transaction When selected, G/L Period is used to filter the labor transactions rather than transaction date. (You must be using Labor Distribution for this to return data) More on Labor Distribution
- Overhead Method The method that Overhead is calculated on this report. Options are <u>Job Cost Rates</u> and <u>Overhead Allocation</u>.
- Earned Revenue Method Method of calculating the unbilled revenue. Options are General Ledger (Entries in the General Journal posted to an Unbilled Revenue account) and Unbilled Transactions (Transactions with a Bill Status of R or H).
- Project Status Status of Projects to be reported on. Options are Active, Inactive and Both
- Use Calendar Year for YTD When selected, The YTD Columns populated with data from January 1st of the selected year. Otherwise, the Start Date of the 01 GL Period of the selected year (ie. Fiscal Year)
- Include Transaction with No Org. Unit When selected, Transactions not associated with Org. Units are included in the data.
- Include Unsubmitted Time When selected, Time Sheets that have not been submitted are returned in the results.
- Include Unapproved Time When selected, Time Sheets that have not been approved are returned in the results.
- Include Proposals When selected, Opportunity projects are included in the returned data.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Sorts

- 1st Sort When selected, the report will Sort/Group by the selection. Options are Org. Unit, Client Project, Manager and Principal
- 2nd Sort When selected, the report will Sort/Group by the selection. Options are Org. Unit, Client Project, Manager and Principal

UDFs

- Project UDF Field User Defined Field that the results are to be filtered by
- UDF Operator The Operator that the User Defined Field is using to compare the UDF Value
- UDF Value The Value to be used as a filter in the results of the report

Report

- Fee Billed Labor Billed Revenue against the project. This is a combination of Direct and Fixed Fee. Figures come from the Sales Journal and the Adjustments Journal.
- Consult Billed OCC & ICC Billed Revenue against the project. Figures come from the Sales Journal and the Adjustments Journal.
- ODC Billed ODC Billed Revenue against the project. Figures come from the Sales Journal and the Adjustments Journal.
- Total Billed Total of all of the above Billed Revenue Items.
- Revenue Combination of the above billed items. Additionally includes Bad Debt, Other Revenue and subtracts Retainage and Unearned.
- Spent Burdened amount. (Cost + Overhead)
- Profit (Revenue Spent)
- Profit PCT (Revenue Spent) / Revenue
- Fee Fixed Fee + Labor Cap + ODC Cap + OCC Cap
- CurRcv Current Received Amount

- A/R Outstanding A/R (Billed Received)
- Unbilled -Depending on the selected Earned Revenue Method. General Ledger (Entries in the General Journal posted to an Unbilled Revenue account) and Unbilled Transactions (Transactions with a Bill Status of R or H).
- Eff Mult [(Effective Multiplier) (Labor Billed Revenue + Unbilled Labor)] / Labor Cost

5.1.1.71 Project Figures

Description

The Project Figures Report returns "As of the Moment" project metrics for a given project to all its WBS levels. It automatically filters based on project leader designation. Employees with a designation of Project Accountant can see all projects. By default, this report shows labor cost as zero. To show labor cost, make a copy of the report, then click Manage Parameters. Note the parameters and their details. Next, click on the wand (). When prompted that previous parameters will be cleared out, click Yes. All exposed parameters will be visible. Restore the details of the Project Path and My id parameters. Click Apply after each. Change the prompt type of the Show labor cost report (at either Pay Rate or Job Cost Rate, depending on the setting of the Calculate Labor Cost option (in the General Tab of Global Settings).

On this report, any figure, that is cased in blue and has an underline, will render a new detail report. When the Project Figures Report is selected, a blue back-arrow will appear in the Report Viewer tool bar when a drill thru report has been entered. Clicking on the back arrow will navigate back to the master report. The Project Figures report is accessible on the tool bar (View) in the Project Administration module (Projects applet) and the Project Management module (Project Planning applet). A permission under Project Management called View Labor Cost in Project Figures, determines whether a person can see labor costs on this report.

Note1: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article CLICK HERE.

Note2: The Project Figures report is "All Time", so be aware of that when comparing data to reports that use a Dare Range or As-of-Date.

Prompt

General

Project (required) - Project to be analyzed on the report.

Report

- Contract Fixed Fee and Contract (Labor, ODC, OCC, ICC) Caps assigned to the Project.
- Billed Billed Revenue posted to the Sales Journal or General Journal (Labor, ODC, OCC, ICC).
- Received Money Received through the Receipt Journal
- Effort Labor Cost at the Billing Rate OR Non-Labor transactions at the Marked-up Rate.
- Cost Labor Cost at the Pay (or JC) Rate, depending on <u>Global Setting> General Tab>Calculate Labor Cost Using</u>, OR Non-Labor transactions at the Cost Rate.
- Unbilled Unbilled Transaction (Transactions with a Bill Status of Ready to Bill (R) or Hold (H))
- Budget Budget amounts (Labor, ODC, OCC, ICC) from Project Planning.
- Non Reim/Write Off Transactions with a Bill Status of Never Bill (N) or Write-off (W))
- Other Revenue Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Other Revenue.
- Late Charges Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Late Fee.
- Retainage Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Retainage.
- Bad Debt Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Bad Debt.
- Unapplied Advances Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Other Retainer.
- Labor % Complete Fixed Fee % Complete
- Hours Work Hours from Time Sheets

5.1.1.72 Project Metrics For Project Managers

Description

The Project Metrics for Project Managers report is a summary level (project level) report that will display most project metrics. It is using a SQL view called ev_projectmetrics_nolaborcost to make querying simpler for summary type reports. This view contains no labor cost.

Prompt

General

- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Charge Type Allows you to filter projects by Charge Type. Options are Billable and Opportunity
- Is Active When selected, Active projects are returned. When unchecked, inactive projects are returned.

Report

- Budget Budget amounts (Labor, ODC, OCC, ICC) from Project Planning.
- Estimated % Comp Budget % Complete from Project Planning
- Estimated Expended Budget X Estimated % Comp
- Actual Expended Labor Cost at the Billing Rate OR Non-Labor transactions at the Marked-up Rate.
- Unbilled Effort Unbilled Transaction (Transactions with a Bill Status of Ready to Bill (R) or Hold (H))
- Written Off Effort Labor Cost at the Billing Rate OR Non-Labor transactions at the Marked-up Rate with a bill status of Write Off (W)
- Contract Amount Fixed Fee and Contract (Labor, ODC, OCC, ICC) Caps assigned to the Project.

- Billed Billed Revenue against the project (Labor, ODC, OCC, ICC). Figures come from the Sales Journal and the Adjustments Journal.
- Bill Adjustments Additional Revenue items that include Bad Debt, Other Revenue, Retainage and Late Fee.
- Received Money Received through the Receipt Journal
- Net Contract Amount Contract Billed

5.1.1.73 Project Overhead Allocation Report

Description

The Project Overhead Allocation report will show current period and year to date overhead allocations by project and org unit.

Prompt

General

- Current G/L Period (required) The G/L Period that you would like to view data for.
- Sort By Sort/Group By option for the report. Options are Project and Org. Unit

Report

Report Columns

- Project Path
- Project Name
- Org Path
- Org Name
- Current Amount Current amount of the Overhead Allocation.
- Year-To-Date Year to date amount of the Overhead Allocation.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.74 Project Revenue By Type

Description

The Project Revenue by Type report sorts and groups revenue by Project Report Type or Market Sector. Many clients use either the report type or the market sector to identify the professional liability classification of a project. In this scenario you can run the report YTD to provide the necessary revenue breakdown. When you run the report you can either view billed or received. If you run the report using received the system uses the cash basis conversion to break down the receipts into its types of revenue (labor, ODC, OCC and ICC). When you run the report by market sector all metrics are factored by the market sector percentage entered on the project setup.

Note1: Can be used for Professional liability Insurance renewal.

Note2: The Project Revenue By Type report when run for received runs on the cash basis. When it is run for billed it runs on the accrual basis. It does this because the report shows revenue by type (labor, ODC, OCC and ICC). So **if you want to view received first run Convert To Cash.**

Note3: Works if either the Report Type or Market Sectors. Basically if gives you preceding years revenue on a cash or accrual basis group by either market sector or report type which should represent your type of work.

Note4: The report uses data ranges not G/L periods. You need to compare with G/L by date report. Most likely this is where your difference lies.

Prompt

General

- Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- End Date Ending Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- Sort By Allows you to Sort/Group the report by Report Type or Market Sector
- Show Billed returned Revenue figures, Received Returns Received figures (Note, the received figures come from the Cash Basis Journals, so you have to run <u>Convert to Cash</u> before running the report).
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. <u>More on Multi-Currency</u>

Report

Report Columns

- JN Journal that the transaction comes from
- JN ID ID number of the transaction
- Date Date of the transaction
- Invoice Invoice Number
- Check Number Check number of the transaction.
- Labor Portion of the transaction that has a PM type of Labor
- ODC Portion of the transaction that has a PM type of ODC (Other Direct Charges)
- OCC Portion of the transaction that has a PM type of OCC (Out of Contract Consultants)
- ICC Portion of the transaction that has a PM type of ICC (In Contract Consultants)
- Misc Portion of the transactions that are classified as Other Revenue, Late Fee, Bad Deb, Retainage or Retainer.
- Total Total of all the above items.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.75 Project Scorecard

Description

The Project Scorecard report gives you a comprehensive view of your project performance. It has drill-downs and charts to help dig into your data.

Note: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article CLICK HERE.

Prompt

General

- Project Manager Allows you to filter the report to a specific Project Manager, or leave blank for all.
- Principal In Charge Allows you to filter the report to a specific Principal In Charge, or leave blank for all.
- Project Accountant Allows you to filter the report to a specific Project Accountant, or leave blank for all.
- Project Allows you to filter the report to a specific Project, or leave blank for all.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

- Project
- Client
- Principal
- Project Mgr.
- Active Status
- G/L Period Current Invoicing Period
- Organization Org. Unit assigned to the project
- Accountant Project Accountant
- Hours Work Hours (Time Sheets)
- Budget Labor Budget + ODC Budget + OCC Budget + ICC Budget
- Contract Fixed Fee + Labor Contract + ODC Contract + OCC Contract + ICC Contract
- Unbilled Transactions with a bill status of Ready To Bill (R) and Hold (H).
- Received Money received
- Other Billed Portion of the transactions that are classified as Other Revenue (Metric Type).
- Late Fee Portion of the transactions that are classified as Other Revenue (Metric Type)
- Net Billed Billed Revenue + Other Revenue + Late Fee + Bad Debt + Retainage
- Earned Portion of the transactions that are classified as Unbilled or Billed Revenue (Metric Type)
- Write Offs Transactions with a bill status of Write-off (W).
- Cost Labor Cost at the Pay Rate and Non-Labor at the Cost Rate.
- Labor Sched. Labor Scheduled Amount (Project Planning)
- Team Members Count of the number of employees assigned to the Team Members Tab of a project.
 Drill through to see a list.
- Bill Info. Information that is pertinent to billing setup.
- Change Orders Change Order Amount (Project Planning)
- Effort Labor Cost at the Bill Rate and Non-Labor at the Marked-Up Rate
- Billed Portion of the transactions that are classified as Billed Revenue (Metric Type)
- Accounts Receivable Outstanding A/R

- Consultant Effort OCC Transactions at the Marked up Rate.
- Bad Debt Portion of the transactions that are classified as Bad Debt (Metric Type).
- Retainage Portion of the transactions that are classified as Retainage (Metric Type).
- Retainer Portion of the transactions that are classified asRetainer (Metric Type).
- Overhead Labor at the Job Cost Rate MINUS Labor at the Pay Cost Rate
- Profit (Earned + Other Billed + Late Fee) Bad Debt Cost OH
- Work Orders Count of Work Orders. Drill through to see a list.
- Effective Multiplier Labor Effort / Labor Cost
- Contacts / Addresses Count of the number of contacts / addresses assigned to the project. Drill through to see a list.
- Tax / Surcharge Setup Information that is pertinent to tax setup for billing.

5.1.1.76 Purchase Journal Single Transaction

Description

The Purchase Journal Single Transaction Report gives you the ability to sprint out a specific Purchase Journal Entry for a specific Version. When in the Purchase Journal applet, you can launch this report by simply clicking "Print" on the toolbar. The version showing is the one that will be displayed. Additionally, if "Show Audit Trail" is checked, you will see an audit trail of the changes made on that entry.

Prompt

General

- Disbursement Journal ID Number ID number of the Journal entry. This can be entered in the look-up to pull the transaction up.
- Revision Number The Version of the number that you want to view.
- Show Audit Trail When selected, you will see the Create By, Create Date, Modify By, Modify Date and the changes that happened between versions of the transaction.

Report

- A/P Account The Accounts Payable G/L Account used on the transaction.
- Vendor
- Invoice Number
- Invoice Date
- Due Date
- Current Period
- Revision The version of the transaction
- Project
- Expense Code
- G/L Account
- G/L Account Name

- G/L Period
- Status Options are Ready to Bill (R), Hold (H), Billed (B), Write Off (W) and Never Bill (N)
- Amount
- G/L Comments
- A/P Comments

5.1.1.77 Purchases By Date

Description

The Purchases By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the Purchase Journal for a particular Date Range.

Data: Purchase Journal

Note: This report is run for a date range. You may not see the same figures if you are trying to compare this to an Income Statement or a Balance Sheet that uses a GL Period as a Date Filter.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start & End Date Filters the data by the Date Type supplied in the next selection.
- Date Type (Required) Options are:
 - Check Date The Check date of the journal entry.
 - o Create Date Create Date of the transaction
 - Modify Date Modify Date of the transaction

General

- Vendor Allows you to filter the report to a single vendor. If left blank, all vendors will be returned.
- A/P Base Code Filters transactions to a specific Accounts Payable G/L Base Code.
- Use Org, Filter When selected, the A/P Org, Unit selected is used to filter the report.
- A/P Org Unit Filters to a specific the Organizational Unit related to the G/L Base Code of the Transaction.
- Include Org. Children Includes the Organization Units Children when filtering to a specific the Organizational Unit.
- Show Comments When checked, the report will show the G/L Comments from the line-items of the Journals
- Hide Detail When selected, the detail of the Purchase Journal is hidden.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Sorts

The Sorts section Groups & Sorts the report by Invoice Date, Invoice No (Number), Create Date, Modify Date, Vendor and A/P Account.

Sort 1 - Top Level Sort

- Sort 2 Second Level Sort.
- Sort 3 Third Level Sort

Report

Report Columns

- A/P Account Accounts Payable G/L Account associated with the transaction.
- Firm Name Name of the Vendor associated with the transaction.
- Invoice Number Invoice number associated with the transaction.
- Due Date Due Date assigned to the Purchase Journal entry.
- Invoice Date The Invoice Date Associated with the transaction.
- Amount Amount of the Purchase Journal Transaction.
- Account G/L Account associated with the detail of the Purchase Journal Transaction.
- Project The Project associated with the detail of the Purchase Journal Transaction.
- Expense Code The Expense Code associated with the detail of the Purchase Journal Transaction.
- Amount The amount of the line item in the detail of the Purchase Journal Transaction.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.78 Rate Schedule Assignments

Description

The Rate Schedule Assignments report lists what rate schedules are assigned to what projects

Prompt

General

- Active Date Rate Schedules have a date associated with them. Select an Active Date to return Active Rate Schedules during that date.
- Schedule Type Rate Schedule Type. Options are Bill, Job Cost and Rate. More on Rate Schedules
- Project Status Status of Projects assigned to specific Rate Schedule. Options are Active, Inactive and Both.

Report

Report Columns

- Rate Name (Bold) Name of the Rate Schedule.
- Project Path
- Project Name
- Project Status

Sample(s)

5.1.1.79 Rate Schedule Detail

Description

The Rate Schedule Detail report lists the rate schedule setup including employees and job titles assigned and rates. A Rate Schedule can have multiple dates assigned to it, so the Active Date will return the Rate Schedule detail for the date range that the Active Date falls in.

Prompt

General

- Active Date A Rate Schedule can have multiple dates assigned to it, so the Active Date will return the Rate Schedule detail for the date range that the Active Date falls in.
- Schedule Name Rate Schedule to be reported on.

Report

Report Columns

- Job Title Job Title to be analyzed from the Time Sheet to get the rate. Leave Blank for all Job Titles.
- Employee Employee to be analyzed from the Time Sheet to get the rate. Leave Blank for all Employees.
- Reg Base Rate Overriding Regular Pay Rate (Rate Editor> Base Rates Section> Pay Rate) to be calculated against the DPE, Overhead and Profit Multipliers.
- OT Base Rate Overriding Overtime Pay Rate (Rate Editor> Base Rates Section> Premium Rate) to be
 calculated against the DPE, Overhead and Profit Multipliers. Note: Must have "Apply Multipliers on
 Premium Portion" checked in Rate Editor for this to calculate.
- Flat Reg Rate Overriding Regular Pay Rate (Rate Editor> Use Flat Rates Section> Regular)
- Flat OT Rate Overriding Overtime Pay Rate (Rate Editor> Use Flat Rates Section> Premium)
- Use Flat When selected, Flat Rates are used instead of Base Rates (Use Flat Rates is checked).
- Use MU on OT When selected, the Premium Rate will be calculated against the DPE, Overhead and Profit Multipliers. Note: Must have "Apply Multipliers on Premium Portion" checked in Rate Editor for this to calculate.
- Use OT When "Override Premium Multipliers" is selected, the Premium Multiplier will be used to calculate overtime against the Pay Rate.
- DPE Mult Direct Personal Expense (DPE) multiplier against the line item.
- OH Mult Overhead (OH) multiplier against the line item.
- PR Mult Profit (PR) multiplier against the line item.
- Currency Represents the transactional currency in which the rate is utilized. For example, if entering a Time Sheet (U.S. Dollars) only Rates of similar currency would be used in bill, cost or pay rate evaluation.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.80 Receipt Journal Single Transaction

Description

The Receipt Journal Single Transaction Report gives you the ability to sprint out a specific Receipt Journal

Entry for a specific Version. When in the Receipt Journal applet, you can launch this report by simply clicking "Print" on the toolbar. The version showing is the one that will be displayed. Additionally, if "Show Audit Trail" is checked, you will see an audit trail of the changes made on that entry.

Prompt

General

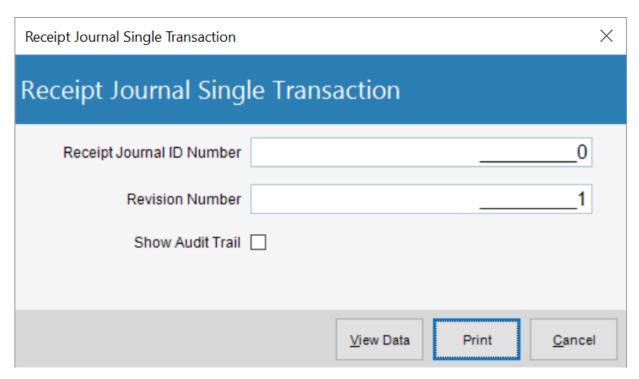
- Disbursement Journal ID Number ID number of the Journal entry. This can be entered in the look-up to pull the transaction up.
- Revision Number The Version of the number that you want to view.
- Show Audit Trail When selected, you will see the Create By, Create Date, Modify By, Modify Date and the changes that happened between versions of the transaction.

Report

Report Columns

- Bank The Bank G/L Account used on the transaction.
- Payee Type The type of the recipient of the disbursement. Options are Vendor, Employee Client and Other
- Payer Recipient of the Disbursement.
- Check Number
- Check Date
- Current Period
- Revision The version of the transaction
- Proiect
- Invoice No. Invoice Number that the Disbursement is linked to.
- G/L Account
- G/L Account Name
- G/L Period
- Revenue Type
- Amount
- Comments

Sample(s)



5.1.1.81 Receipts By Date

Description

The Receipts By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the Receipt Journal (cash and accrual) for a particular Date Range.

Data: Receipt Journal (cash and accrual)

Note: This report is run for a date range. You may not see the same figures if you are trying to compare this to an Income Statement or a Balance Sheet that uses a GL Period as a Date Filter.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start & End Date Filters the data by the Date Type supplied in the next selection.
- Date Type (Required) Options are:
 - Deposit Date The Deposit date of the journal entry
 - Check Date The Check date of the journal entry.
 - o Create Date Create Date of the transaction
 - o Modify Date Modify Date of the transaction

- Bank Base Code Filters to a specific GL Base Code of the Transactions.
- Use Bank Org. Filter When selected, the Bank Org. Unit selected is used to filter the report.
- Bank Org Unit Filters to a specific the Organizational Unit related to the GL Base Code of the Transaction.
- Include Org. Children Includes the Organization Units Children when filtering to a specific the Organizational Unit.
- Is Accrual When checked, the report looks at the Accrual Journals (Receipts & Disbursements) instead of the Cash Basis Journals (CBReceipts & CB Disbursements). **Note:** The Cash Basis Journals are

populated by running the Cash Basis Conversion Utility.

- Hide Detail When selected, the detail of the Disbursement Journal is hidden.
- Show Comments When checked, the report will show the GL Comments from the line-items of the Journals.
- Only Clients When selected, only Firms that are "Clients" will be returned in the report.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Sorts

The Sorts section Groups & Sorts the report by Check Date, Check No (Number), Create Date, Modify Date, Payee and Bank (Account).

- Sort 1 Top Level Sort
- Sort 2 Second Level Sort.
- Sort 3 Third Level Sort

Report

Report Columns

- Bank Account Bank G/L Account associated with the transaction.
- Check Number Check number associated with the transaction.
- Payer Name Name of the Check Payer.
- Check Date The Check Date Associated with the transaction.
- Amount Amount of the Receipt Journal Transaction.
- Account G/L Account associated with the detail of the Receipt Journal Transaction.
- Project The Project associated with the detail of the Receipt Journal Transaction.
- Invoice Number The Purchase Journal Invoice Number associated with the detail of the Receipt Journal Transaction.
- Amount The amount of the line item in the detail of the Receipt Journal Transaction.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.82 Receipts By State

Description

The Receipts by State report receipts broken down by revenue, grouped by State for a selected Period Range. This is typically for sales tax and "use tax" purposes to calculate Sales Taxed owed the different States in which the work has been performed. The Report gives you 2 State options to choose from when running it:

- 1. Project State (PA> Projects> Billing Tab> Bill To Address) For this method, check "Use Bill To Address" and leave the "Project Address" look-up blank on the Prompt. **Note:** If "Use Client's Bill-To" is selected on the Project OR the Project State is blank, the Client State will be used.
- 2. Specified Project State (PA> Projects> Addresses Tab) For this method, A specific Address is selected using the Project Address Look-up. The report will look for the Address with the specified name and group by the state associated with it. The result will give you a grouping of all Projects that have a Project Address with the selected name. All projects with a different name will be un-grouped.

Data: Cash Basis Receipt Journal

• **Note:** In order for this report to be accurate, the Cash Basis Conversion must be run before running the report. More on the Cash Basis Conversion Utility.

Prompt

General

- Starting G/L Period The beginning G/L Period for the report. All returned data falls in or after the selected G/L Period.
- Ending G/L Period The ending G/L Period for the report. All returned data falls in or before the selected G/L Period.
- Use Billing Address When checked, the report looks at the state associated with the project (PA> Projects> Billing Tab> Bill To Address) If "Use Client's Bill-To" is selected on the Project OR the "Use Custom Bill-to" State field is blank, the Client State will be used. Note: you would not use this check-box when using the Project Address filter below.
- Project Address When using the look-up, you will select a specific Address Name to group. . The
 report will look for the Address with the specified name and group by the state associated with it. The
 result will give you a grouping of all Projects that have a Project Address with the selected name. All
 projects with a different name will be un-grouped. Note: If you want to use this to work for all projects, you
 will need to have a "named" address that has the same name. The addresses, however, do not have to
 fall in the same state.
- Show Projects When selected, the Project Code and Name are broken out on the report.
- Show Invoices When selected, the Invoice Number associated with the Receipt entry is displayed.
- Show G/L Accounts When selected, the G/L Base Code, and Org. Unit (if used), are displayed on the report.
- G/L Account When a G/L Account is selected, the transactions detail is filtered to just the selected account. When blank, all accounts are selected.

Report

Report Columns

- State Depending on the selection option (above) used, the State will come from either the Project (Billing Tab), Client (General Tab) or Project (Address Tab)
- Invoice No. Invoice Number associated with the Payment received in the Receipt Journal.
- G/L Account G/L Account associated with the Payment received in the Receipt Journal.
- Amount Total Amount of Received Revenue.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.83 Revenue Analysis

Description

The Revenue Analysis report returns revenue transaction in detail and summarized at the WBS level. It

automatically filters based on project leader designation. Employees with the designation of Project Accountant can see all projects.

Data: Sales Journal, Receipt Journal and General Journal

Note: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article <u>CLICK HERE</u>.

Prompt

General

- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Include Inactive When selected, Inactive projects will be returned in the report results.
- Show WBS When selected, Lower nodes of the WBS will be returned in the project Work Breakdown Structure (WBS).
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report

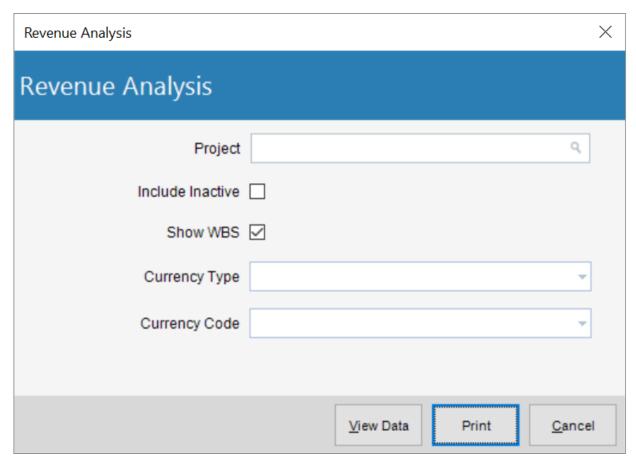
Report Columns

- WBS Project Path and Project Name
- Hourly Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Billed Revenue a PM Type of Labor and a Revenue Type of Direct, DPE, OH or Profit.
- Fixed Fee Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Billed Revenue a PM Type of Labor and a Revenue Type of Fixed Fee.
- ODC Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Billed Revenue and a PM Type of Other Direct Charges (ODC).
- OCC Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Billed Revenue and a PM Type of Out of Contract Consultants (OCC).
- ICC Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Billed Revenue and a PM Type of In Contract Consultants (ICC).
- Other Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Other Revenue.
- Bad Debt Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Bad Debt.
- Retainage Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Retainage.
- Retainer Journal transactions that go against a G/L Account with a Metric Type of Retainer.
- Received Received monies against the project. PM Type is determined by Revenue Type assigned in the receipt journal.

Revenue Detail

The revenue detail displaye the transactions that make up the revenue numbers.

Sample(s)



5.1.1.84 Sales By Date

Description

The Sales By Date Report allows you to look at all transactions that go against the Sales Journal for a particular Date Range.

Data: Sales Journal

Note: This report is run for a date range. You may not see the same figures if you are trying to compare this to an Income Statement or a Balance Sheet that uses a GL Period as a Date Filter.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start & End Date Filters the data by the Date Type supplied in the next selection.
- Date Type (Required) Options are:
 - o Invoice Date The Invoice date of the journal entry.
 - o Create Date Create Date of the transaction
 - o Modify Date Modify Date of the transaction

- A/R Base Code Filters transactions to a specific Accounts Receivable G/L Base Code.
- Use Org. Filter When selected, the A/R Org. Unit selected is used to filter the report.
- A/R Org Unit Filters to a specific the Organizational Unit related to the G/L Base Code of the

Transaction.

- Include Org. Children Includes the Organization Units Children when filtering to a specific the Organizational Unit.
- Show Comments When checked, the report will show the G/L Comments from the line-items of the Journals.
- Hide Detail When selected, the detail of the Sales Journal is hidden.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Sorts

The Sorts section Groups & Sorts the report by Invoice Date, Invoice No (Number), Create Date, Modify Date, Client and A/R Account.

- Sort 1 Top Level Sort
- Sort 2 Second Level Sort.
- Sort 3 Third Level Sort

Report

Report Columns

- A/P Account Accounts Payable G/L Account associated with the transaction.
- Firm Name Name of the Vendor associated with the transaction.
- Invoice Number Invoice number associated with the transaction.
- Due Date Due Date assigned to the Purchase Journal entry.
- Invoice Date The Invoice Date Associated with the transaction.
- Amount Amount of the Purchase Journal Transaction.
- Account G/L Account associated with the detail of the Purchase Journal Transaction.
- Project The Project associated with the detail of the Purchase Journal Transaction.
- Expense Code The Expense Code associated with the detail of the Purchase Journal Transaction.
- Amount The amount of the line item in the detail of the Purchase Journal Transaction.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.85 Sales Journal Single Transaction

Description

The Sales Journal Single Transaction Report gives you the ability to sprint out a specific Sales Journal Entry for a specific Version. When in the Sales Journal applet, you can launch this report by simply clicking "Print" on the toolbar. The version showing is the one that will be displayed. Additionally, if "Show Audit Trail" is checked, you will see an audit trail of the changes made on that entry.

Prompt

General

Disbursement Journal ID Number - ID number of the Journal entry. This can be entered in the look-up to

- pull the transaction up.
- Revision Number The Version of the number that you want to view.
- Show Audit Trail When selected, you will see the Create By, Create Date, Modify By, Modify Date and the changes that happened between versions of the transaction.

Report Columns

- A/R Account The Accounts Receivable G/L Account used on the transaction.
- · Bill To Client Info
- Invoice Date
- Invoice Number
- Due Date
- As of Date
- Current Period
- Revision The version of the transaction
- Project
- Expense Code
- G/L Account
- G/L Account Name
- G/L Period
- Amount
- G/L Comments

Sample(s)

5.1.1.86 Sales Links

Description

The Sales Links returns a list of all transactions that are linked to the Sales Journal entry.

Prompt

- Invoice Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- Invoice End Date Ending Date used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Client Allows you to filter to a specific Client. When blank, All Clients are returned.
- Show Comments When selected, PM Comments on the transactions are displayed.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report Columns

- Client Client Code & Name
- Invoice No Invoice Number of the Sales Journal
- Date: Invoice Date of the Sales Journal
- Trans ID SJID of the Sales Journal
- Project Project Path & Code of the project associated with the transaction.
- Trans Date Date of the of the line item in the transaction.
- Trans Number Journal ID Number of the transaction of the line item in the transaction.
- WBS The node level of the project where the transaction was entered.
- Employee/Payee Employee or Payee Name
- Labr/Exp. Code Labor or Expense Code that was entered on the transaction.
- Hrs/Units The amount of hours or units entered on the transaction.
- Effort Labor Cost at the Bill Rate or Non-Labor cost at the Marked up rate.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.87 Standard Hours

Description

The Standard Hours report lists employee hours and variance for a date range versus an input standard hours. This can be useful in determining who should get overtime.

Prompt

Date Ranges

- Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the time sheets that are brought into this report.
- End Date Ending Date used to filter the time sheets that are brought into this report.

- Org. Unit Filter by the Org. Unit assigned to the Employee
- Pay Type The Pay Type of the employee. This comes from the Employees> Pay History Tab> Hourly check box. Options are Hourly, Salary and Both.
- Standard Hours Number subtracted from the total hours returned to determine Variance. Total Hours are determined by Start & End Date.
- Include Subcontractors When selected, Employees with the "Subcontractor" check box checked will be included.
- Use Original Time sheet When selected, the original Time Sheet will be used to return hours. Otherwise, adjusted time sheets will be used.
- Group by Approver When Selected, the report will group by Time/Expense Approver. **Note:** This does NOT group by Alternate and Additional Approvers.
- Only Show Employees with Variance When selected, the report will only return Employees that have a variance other than 0

Report Columns

- Employee Code
- Employee Name
- Pay Type The Pay Type of the employee. This comes from the Employees> Pay History Tab> Hourly check box. Options are Hourly, Salary and Both.
- Hours Number of Work Hours returned for the given data range.
- Variance Hours minus Standard Hours (prompt)

Sample(s)

5.1.1.88 Stored Procedure Code

Description

This report shows the code that is contained in a stored procedure. Most reports and queries that ship with InFocus use stored procedures. This can be useful if you want to construct your own SQL queries that are based off an existing InFocus report or query.

Prompt

General

• Stored Procedure Name - Name of the Stored Procedure to be returned.

Report

Report Columns

Stored Procedure

Sample(s)

5.1.1.89 Timesheet

Description

The Time Sheet Report can linked to the Personal> Time sheet applet and will render a physical time sheet that visually is comparable to the entry screen. This can be enabled by selecting the Custom Time sheet Report option in Global Settings> Time & Expense tab.

Prompt

General

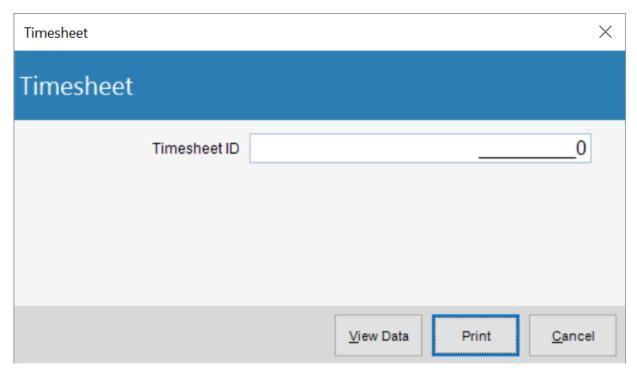
• Time sheet ID - The Time Sheet ID number

Report

Report Columns

- From Period Start Date for Time Sheet
- To Period End Date for Time Sheet
- Project
- JC Job Title Code
- LC Labor Code
- S Bill Status

Sample(s)



5.1.1.90 Timesheet Batch

Description

Time Sheet Batch report is a copy of the Time sheet custom report that prints in personal time sheet. It has been modified to accept a date range and an employee and/or project filter.

Prompt

General

- Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the time sheets that are brought into this report.
- End Date Ending Date used to filter the time sheets that are brought into this report
- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Employee Allows you to filter to a specific Employee. When blank, All Employees are returned.

Report

Report Columns

- From Period Start Date for Time Sheet
- To Period End Date for Time Sheet
- Project

Sample(s)

5.1.1.91 Timesheet with Overtime Types

Description

Time Sheet with Overtime Types can be linked to the Personal Time sheet applet and will render a physical time sheet that visually is comparable to the entry screen. This can be enabled by selecting the Custom Time sheet Report option in Global Settings in the Time & Expense tab. This report supports using multiple Overtime Types created in Administration> Global Settings> Labels and assigned in Employees> Pay History Tab.

Prompt

General

• Time sheet ID - The Time Sheet ID number

Report

Report Columns

- From Period Start Date for Time Sheet
- To Period End Date for Time Sheet
- Project
- JC Job Title Code
- LC Labor Code
- S Bill Status

Sample(s)

5.1.1.92 Timesheet with Overtime Types Batch

Description

The Time Sheet with Overtime Types report can be linked to the Personal Time sheet applet and will render a physical time sheet that visually is comparable to the entry screen. The report can accept a date range and an employee and/or project filter. This can be enabled by selecting the Custom Time sheet Report option in Global Settings in the Time & Expense tab. This report supports using multiple Overtime Types created in Administration> Global Settings> Labels and assigned in Employees> Pay History Tab.

Prompt

General

- Start Date Beginning Date used to filter the time sheets that are brought into this report.
- End Date Ending Date used to filter the time sheets that are brought into this report
- Project Allows you to filter to a specific Project. When blank, All Projects are returned.
- Employee Allows you to filter to a specific Employee. When blank, All Employees are returned.

Report

Report Columns

- From Period Start Date for Time Sheet
- To Period End Date for Time Sheet
- Project

Sample(s)

5.1.1.93 Transactions Transcending Companies

Description

Prompt

- Starting G/L Period -
- Ending G/L Period -
- Current Version Only -
- Include Sales -
- Include Receipts -
- Include Adjustments -

- Include Purchases -
- Include Disbursements -
- Include Employee Reimbursables -
- Group by G/L Period -

Report Columns

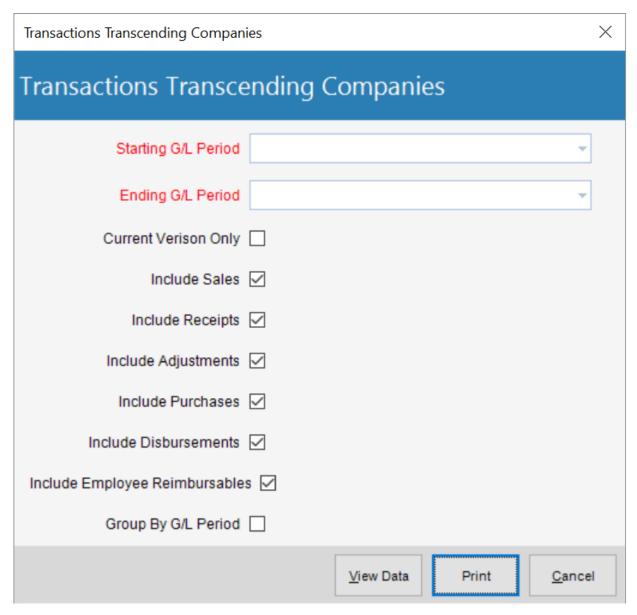
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•

Drill-through Report

•

Sample(s)



5.1.1.94 Trial Balance with drill-down

Description

The Trial Balance with Drill-down report displays account balances based on user driven criteria. Includes click in details for debits and credits. This report also includes End of Year Closing click in details.

Prompt

- Starting Period Beginning Period used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- Ending Period Ending Period used to filter the transactions that are brought into this report.
- Org. Unit When selected, the data is filtered to display only the specified Organizational Unit.
- Include Org. Children When selected, the Child Org. are included in the returned results.

- Consolidate When selected, All of the Organizational Units are consolidated into one line instead of being broken out into their respective Org. Units.
- Accrual When checked, the report reports on an Accrual Basis.
- Include Accounts with No Activity When selected, Accounts that have no activity will be returned in the
 results.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency
- Include Realized Gains Losses When selected, Realized Gains Losses are includes in the returned data (Multi-Currency only). More on MC Revaluations
- Include Unrealized Gains Losses When selected, Unrealized Gains Losses are includes in the returned data (Multi-Currency only). More on MC Revaluations
- Include End of Year Closing Entries When selected, EOY Closing entries are included in the returned results.

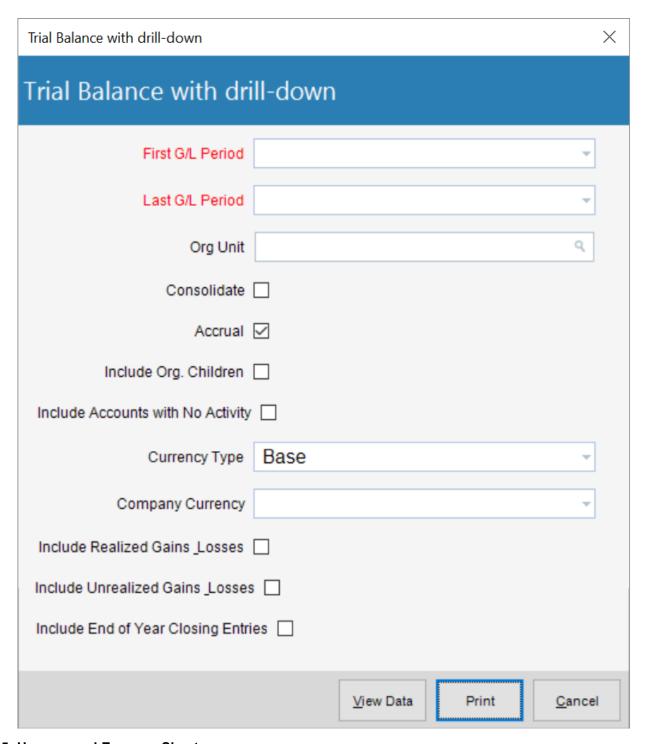
Report Columns

- Account Account Code & Name
- Beginning Balance Starting Balance for the specified Account.
- Current Debits Debits against the specific Account.
- Current Credits Credits against the specific Account.
- Ending Balance Ending Balance for the specified Account minus the Debits and Credits.

Drill-through Report

- TransID Transaction ID Number of the transaction.
- Trans Date Transaction Date of the transaction.
- Invoice / Check Number
- Description Client / Payee Name
- Amount

Sample(s)



5.1.1.95 Unapproved Expense Sheets

Description

The Unapproved Expense Sheets report lists expense sheets that have not been approved.

Prompt

General

- Org. Unit Filters by Org. Unit assigned to the Employee.
- Group by Approver When selected, the report will group by the primary approver.

Report

Report Columns

- ESID Expense Sheet ID Number
- Expense Sheet Expense Sheet Name
- Status Status of the Expense Sheet
- Reimburse Amount to be reimbursed to the employee.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.96 Unapproved Timesheets

Description

The Unapproved Expense Sheets report lists expense sheets that have not been approved.

Prompt

General

- Org. Unit Filters by Org. Unit assigned to the Employee.
- This P/E Date The PE (Period End) Date to filter the report by.
- All P/E Dates When selected, All PE dates are returned in the report.
- Group by Approver When selected, the report will group by the primary approver.

Report

Report Columns

- Employee Code
- Employee Name
- Period End Date
- Hours
- Status Status of Time Sheet

Sample(s)

5.1.1.97 Unbilled Summary By Org Unit

Description

The Unbilled Summary by Org Unit report is useful for companies that want to make general ledger entries to

capture WIP. The report has an option to post WIP to the General Journal.

Note1: You must have the PM Bill Review special permission "Can Override Project leader" to post to the general ledger.

Note2: In order to perform the post you will also need to set up the posting accounts in the Revenue Recognition tab in Global Settings.

Note3: When you choose to post a messages section will appear at the end of the report. The messages will display the journal entry number if successful otherwise it will display error messages. The auto-reverse feature in the general journal can be used to reset the values to zero in the next period.

Note4: The report has standard PM Leader restrictions so can be safely used by project managers.

Prompt

Date Ranges

As of Date - Cut-off Date for transactions to be returned/posted.

General

- Project When a project is selected, the report will be run for that individual project. Otherwise all projects will be included.
- Include Labor When selected, Labor WIP will be included (Time Sheets).
- Include ODC When selected, ODC WIP will be included (Purchase, ER, and Disbursement Journals)
- Include OCC When selected, OCC WIP will be included (Purchase, ER, and Disbursement Journals)
- Include ICC When selected, ICC WIP will be included (Purchase, ER, and Disbursement Journals)
- Post WIP to General Ledger When selected, WIP (Transactions with a Bill Status of R or H) will be
 posted to the general journal. You must have the PM Bill Review special permission Can Override Project
 leader to post to the general ledger.
- Post to Level Level for the WIP to be posted to when the entry is created.

Report

Report Columns

- Project Code & Name
- No Org Unit Distribution amount going against No Organizational Unit.
- Org Unit Distribution amount going against an Organizational Unit.
- Labor Distribution amount going against Labor.
- ODC Distribution amount going against ODC (Other Direct Charges).
- OCC Distribution amount going against OCC (Out of Contract Consulting Charges).
- ICC Distribution amount going against ICC (In Contract Consulting Charges).
- Total Total Distribution of WIP.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.98 Unprocessed Expense Sheets

Description

The Unprocessed Expense Sheets report lists expense sheets line items that have not been either imported into the employee reimbursable journal or have not been declined.

Prompt

General

- Org. Unit Filters by Org. Unit assigned to the Employee.
- Group by Approver When selected, the report will group by the primary approver.
- Show Detail When selected, the Transaction Detail is displayed on the report.

Report

Report Columns

- Approver When selected to display.
- Employee Code
- Employee Name
- ESID Expense Sheet ID Number
- Project Code and Name
- Date Date of the Expense Sheet
- Expense Sheet Expense Sheet Name
- Comment Expense Sheet Comment
- Charged Expense Amount
- Reimburse Expense Amount to be reimbursed to the employee.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.99 User Security Settings

Description

The User Security Settings report gives you the ability to see the Permission setup of both Users and Groups.

Prompt (Wizard Style)

- User or Group Permissions (Required) Select whether you would like to see the Permission Setup of the Users or Groups
- Show Applets When selected, Applet Permissions are brought into the report.
- Show Reports When selected, Report Permissions are brought into the report.
- Show Documents Folders When selected, Document Folder Permissions (Document Management) are brought into the report.
- Group Name (Must select one) When you are filtering by Group, this box will be enabled, allowing you to
 filter by a single Permission Group.

Employees (Leave blank for all) - When you are filtering by User, this box will be enabled, allowing you to
filter by a single/multiple Users.

Report

Report Columns

Applets Section

- Can View When "Yes", the User/Group has access AND the ability to View data in this applet.
- Can Edit When "Yes", the User/Group has access AND the ability to Edit/Modify data in this applet.
- Can Add Can Delete When "Yes", the User/Group has access AND the ability to Delete data in this
 applet.
- Special Right Displays Special Rights that have been granted in the specified location.

Reports Section

- Report Name Name of the Report that the User/Group has access to.
- Is Custom When "Yes", the report is not a system report that ships "out-of-the-box" with InFocus.

Document Folder Section

- Document Folder The Name of the Document Folder that the Permissions are referencing.
- Can Modify When "Yes", the User/Group are able to Modify the Documents in the Document Folder.
- Is Custom When "Yes", the Document Folder is not a system Document Folder that ships "out-of-the-box" with InFocus.

Sample(s)

AC01 Cruz, Theresa A				Job Type:	
pplet	Can View	Can Edit	Can Add	Can Delete	Special Right
ecalculate Exchange Rates					
ecalculate Markups					
ecalculate Rates					
eceipt Journal					
eceipt Journal Reports					
eport Management					
es our ce Groups					
es ource Projections					
esource Scheduler					
ales Journal					
ales Journal Reports					
et Bill Status					
nippet Manager	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
QL Query					
QL Watcher					
me & Expense Templates					
me Sheets	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
ne Sheets					Can View Used Hours
ne Sheets					View Approved Timesheets
me Transactions (Dollars)					
me Transactions (Hours)					
mesheet Adjustments					
ial Balance Reports					
OF Designer					
odates					
tilization Reports (Dollars)					
ilization Reports (Hours)					
ndor Queries					
ndors					
BS Templates					
/ork Orders					
eport	Report Type		Is Custom		
/ Hours	Custom Repo	orter.		_	

5.1.1.100 Vendor Inquiry

Description

The Vendor Inquiry report allows you to search for invoices, amounts billed, and other cost amounts paid to vendors

Note: This report is run for a date range. You may not see the same figures if you are trying to compare this to an Income Statement or a Balance Sheet that uses a GL Period as a Date Filter.

Data: That data is collected from the Disbursements, Receipts, and Purchase Journals

Prompt

Date Ranges

• Start & End Date - Filters the data by the transaction date on the Journal entry.

- Vendor Code Allows you to filter to a specific Vendor. When blank, All Vendors are returned.
- G/L Account Specifies the account to limit the report. When blank, all accounts are returned
- Transaction Type Allows you to filter report by Invoice or Payment types or to include both.
- Show Invoice If checked, will display invoiced amount in report.
- Show Project If checked, will display associated project with invoice.

- Show WBS If checked, will display the Work Breakdown Structure of the project.
- Show Transaction Detail If checked, will display invoice/check item detail
- Only Active Vendors If checked, filters the report only for vendors marked "active" in the Vendors applet.
- Open Invoices Only If checked, only returns unpaid invoices
- Include Consultants If checked, the report will display vendors marked "consultants" in the Vendors applet.
- Include Non-Consultants If checked, the report will display vendors not marked "consultants" in the Vendors applet.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. More on Multi-Currency

Report Columns

- Trans Number Invoice # (Purchase Journal) or Check # (Disbursement, Receipt)
- Transaction Type Invoice (Purchase Journal) or Check (Disbursement, Receipt). In Space after Invoice # (Purchase Journal) or Check Date (Disbursement, Receipt)
- Project Amount The Cost Amount for the Purchase & Disbursement Journals. The Amount of the Receipts Journals.
- Invoice Amount The detailed Cost Amount for the Purchase & Disbursement Journals.
- Paid Amount The Amount for the Receipts Journals.
- Other Amount The Cost Amount for the Disbursement and Receipts Journals.

Sample(s)

5.1.1.101WBS Listing

Description

WBS Listing details information regarding projects and displaying a breakout of each WBS node within the project.

Prompt

- Project Returns only the selected project. All projects are returned if left blank.
- Client Returns only the projects for selected client.
- Principal In Charge Returns all projects where the selected employee is assigned as the Principal In Charge on the Project (Members Tab).
- Project Manager Returns all projects where the selected employee is assigned as the Project Manager on the Project (Members Tab).
- Project Accountant Returns all projects where the selected employee is assigned as the Project Accountant on the Project (Members Tab).
- Org. Unit Returns all projects where the selected Organizational Unit is assigned to the Project (Members Tab).

- Active Status Returns all projects that have the selected status. Options are Active, Inactive and Both.
- Charge Type Returns all projects that have the selected Charge Type. Optiona are Billable, Indirect, Opportunity, Projection and All.

Report Columns

- Project Path and Name of the Project
- Client Client associated with the Project.
- PIC Principal In Charge assigned to the Project (Members Tab)
- Org. Unit Project's Organizational Unit
- Status Project Status
- Prj Mgr Project Manager assigned to the Project (Members Tab)
- Pri Acct Project Accountant assigned to the Project (Members Tab)
- Charge Type Project's Charge Type
- Expense Group Expense Group Assigned to the Project.
- Invoice Design Invoice Design Assigned to the Project.

Detail

- Project Code and Name
- Project Start Date Start Date of Project (General Tab)
- Project End Date End Date of Project (General Tab)
- Time Start Date Beginning Date for the Allowable Date Range for time entry. (Optional)
- Time End Date Ending Date for the Allowable Date Range for time entry. (Optional)
- Exp. Start Date Beginning Date for the Allowable Date Range for expense entry. (Optional)
- Exp. End Date Ending Date for the Allowable Date Range for expense entry. (Optional)

Sample(s)

5.1.1.102WBS Node Inquiry

Description

WBS Node Inquiry report allows you to view hours, cost, effort, billed and unbilled figures that go against a specific Level & Node (Code) of the Project WBS.

Example: An example usage of this report in the Casco and Wilson database would be to return transaction information related to "003 - Design Development" phases across all projects.

Note: This report honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article CLICK HERE.

Data: That data is collected from Time Sheets and the Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursables, Disbursements, Sales, Receipts and General Journals

Prompt

Date Ranges

• Start & End Date - Filters the data by the transaction date on the Time Sheet/Journal entry.

- Use G/L Period for Labor If checked, uses G/L period instead of date range to filter the time sheet Transactions. **Note:** This will only function correctly if you are using the <u>Labor Distribution</u> feature in InFocus.
- Use G/L for Non-Labor When selected, the G/L Periods from the prompt will be used to filter all of the Journals listed above.
- Start G/L Period Beginning period for range of transactions (if "Use G/L Period for Time Transactions" option is checked)
- End G/L Period Last period of range for transactions (if "Use G/L Period for Time Transactions" option is checked)

General

- WBS Level (Required) The level of the Project that you want the report to look at.
- WBS Codes Specific codes to return in the report. If you want to see more than one code, enter each of them in this box separated by a comma. For example, 001, 002, 005
- Project Status The Status of the projects that you want included in the returned data. Options are Active, Inactive or Both
- Show Detail displays transaction details if checked. If unchecked, shows aggregated information
- Show Transaction ID When selected, the Transaction ID of the transactions are displayed on the report.
- Show Comments When selected, the PM Comments from the transactions are displayed on the report.
- Include Unapproved Time When selected, Unapproved Time Sheets will be included in the data returned to the report.
- Include Time When selected, transactions from Time Sheets will be included in the report.
- Include Purchases When selected, transactions from Purchase Journal will be included in the report.
- Include Employee Reimbursables When selected, transactions from Employee Reimbursables Journal will be included in the report.
- Include Disbursements When selected, transactions from Disbursement Journal will be included in the report.
- Include Sales When selected, transactions from Sales Journal will be included in the report.
- Include Receipts When selected, transactions from Receipts Journal will be included in the report.
- Include Adjustments When selected, transactions from General Journal will be included in the report.
- Currency Type The Type of Currency to be used when running the report. Options are Base, Company, Project and Transaction.
- Currency Code The Currency Code to be used when running the report. Options are set in the Multi-Currency applet. <u>More on Multi-Currency</u>

Report

Report Columns

- Transaction ID ID that corresponds to the appropriate Journal or Time Sheet entry.
- Transaction Date Work Date (Time Sheets), Invoice Date (Sales, Purchase, Employee Reimbursable), Check Date (Receipt, Disbursement), or TransDate (General Journal) depending on the Journal being reported on.
- Hours The Hours entered through a Time Sheet. When "Include Unapproved Time" is selected, this will
 include unapproved time.
- Cost For Labor, the cost figure represents Labor Cost at the Pay Rate. For Non-Labor, the cost figure represents the Cost rate. The Cost Numbers come from the Time Sheets, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursable Journal, Disbursement and General Journals. Note: To see labor Cost, the employee must have the "Can View Pay Rate" box checked in their Employee File (Accounting Rates Tab)
- Effort For Labor, the efort figure represents Labor Cost at the Bill Rate. For Non-Labor, the effort figure represents the Marked-up rate. The Effort Numbers come from the Time Sheets, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursable Journal, Disbursement and General Journals.

- Billed The Billed numbers represent amounts coming from the Sales, Receipts and General Journals that go against G/L Accounts with a Metric Type of Billed Revenue, Other Revenue, Late Fee and Bad Debt. Additionally, any Account with a Sub-ledger type os Accounts Receivable is brought into this figure.
- Unbilled This figure represents Unbilled WIP (Work In Process). WIP are all Transactions that have a Bill Status of R (Ready to Bill) or H (Hold). For Labor, the Unbilled Effort figure represents Labor Cost at the Bill Rate. For Non-Labor, the cost figure represents the Marked-up rate. The Effort Numbers come from the Time Sheets, Purchase Journal, Employee Reimbursable Journal, Disbursement and General Journals.

Sample(s)

WBS Node Inquiry - Casco and Wilson, Inc.

WBS Level: Phase WBS Codes: 003		G/L From To		Transact Dates	Transact Dates From 7/3/2013 To 7/10/2013		
Transaction ID	Transaction Date	Hours	Cost	Effort	Billed	Unbilled	
20130000 Million Dollar Bridge	;	102.00	4,378.40	32,152.60	0.00	0.00	
Time		102.00	4,356.00	32,130.20	0.00	0.00	

Transaction ID	Transaction Date	Hours	Cost	Effort	Billed	Unbilled
20130000 Million Dollar Bridge		102.00	4,378.40	32,152.60	0.00	0.00
Time		102.00	4,356.00	32,130.20	0.00	0.00
Casco, Lewis James		28.00	1,680.00	15,400.00	0.00	0.00
239	7/3/2013	3.00	180.00	1,650.00	0.00	0.00
239	7/4/2013	3.00	180.00	1,650.00	0.00	0.00
239	7/5/2013	8.00	480.00	4,400.00	0.00	0.00
247	7/8/2013	8.00	480.00	4,400.00	0.00	0.00
247	7/9/2013	3.00	180.00	1,650.00	0.00	0.00
247	7/10/2013	3.00	180.00	1,650.00	0.00	0.00
Fletcher, Erwin P		12.00	720.00	6,600.00	0.00	0.00
240	7/3/2013	1.00	60.00	550.00	0.00	0.00
240	7/4/2013	1.00	60.00	550.00	0.00	0.00
240	7/5/2013	2.00	120.00	1,100.00	0.00	0.00
248	7/8/2013	6.00	360.00	3,300.00	0.00	0.00
248	7/9/2013	1.00	60.00	550.00	0.00	0.00
248	7/10/2013	1.00	60.00	550.00	0.00	0.00
Hernandez, George J		23.00	552.00	4,600.00	0.00	0.00
243	7/3/2013	5.00	120.00	1,000.00	0.00	0.00
243	7/4/2013	3.00	72.00	600.00	0.00	0.00
243	7/5/2013	5.00	120.00	1,000.00	0.00	0.00
251	7/8/2013	4.00	96.00	800.00	0.00	0.00
251	7/9/2013	3.00	72.00	600.00	0.00	0.00
251	7/10/2013	3.00	72.00	600.00	0.00	0.00
Kinney, Mary Louise		28.00	1,008.00	3,970.40	0.00	0.00
242	7/3/2013	4.00	144.00	567.20	0.00	0.00
242	7/4/2013	5.00	180.00	709.00	0.00	0.00
242	7/5/2013	6.00	216.00	850.80	0.00	0.00
250	7/8/2013	6.00	216.00	850.80	0.00	0.00
250	7/9/2013	3.00	108.00	425.40	0.00	0.00
250	7/10/2013	4.00	144.00	567.20	0.00	0.00
Wilson, Richard D		11.00	396.00	1,559.80	0.00	0.00
241	7/3/2013	1.00	36.00	141.80	0.00	0.00
241	7/4/2013	5.00	180.00	709.00	0.00	0.00
241	7/5/2013	4.00	144.00	567.20	0.00	0.00
249	7/10/2013	1.00	36.00	141.80	0.00	0.00
ER		0.00	22.40	22.40	0.00	0.00
Casco, Lewis James		0.00	22.40	22.40	0.00	0.00
11	7/5/2013	0.00	8.40	8.40	0.00	0.00
11	7/8/2013	0.00	14.00	14.00	0.00	0.00
Grand Total		102.00	4,378.40	32,152.60	0.00	0.00

5.1.2 **Action Descriptions (System)**

Overview

Here are the system Actions

Report Descriptions

- Add a Vendor: Action dialogue to add a new Vendor available from Purchase Journal and Vendor applet toolbars.
- Add G/L Accounts to New Org Unit: Inserts G/L Accounts for specified Organizational Unit to defined account types.
- Auto-create Expense Sheet from Time (Project Level): Creates Expense Sheet from Time Sheet at the Project level
- Auto-create Expense Sheet from Time (WBS Level): Creates Expense Sheet from Time Sheet at a specified Project level
- Bank Transfer Using Disbursement and Receipt: Completes a bank transfer using the Disbursements/ Receipts Journals
- Bank Transfer Using General Journal: Completes a bank transfer using two General Journal transactions.
- Change G/L Period (Any Period): Changes G/L Period for a specified Journal Transaction.
- Change G/L Period (Open Periods Only): Changes G/L Period for a specified Journal Transaction (only allows open G/L Periods)
- Change Mileage Rate: Versions all expense groups with a supplied effective date and updates the unit rate for the supplied expense code.
- Close Multiple Accounting Years: Closes accounting years by specified date range and accounting method
- Compress Time Sheet and Combine Comments: Creates summarized Time Sheet for specified TimeID
- Convert Project Fee Type: Converts fee type from Fixed Fee to Hourly or vice verse for specified Project
- Copy Projects From Timesheet (Project Level): Creates an expense sheet line item(s) for a specified
 Expense Sheet for the Projects (Bill Terms Level), Bill Statuses, Work Dates of a specified Time Sheet.
- Copy Projects From Timesheet (WBS Level): Creates an expense sheet line item(s) for a specified Expense Sheet for the Projects, Bill Statuses, Work Dates of a specified Time Sheet.
- Create a Simple PM Report: Action dialogue to create a PM Report.
- Deactivate Employee: Deactivates, resets password, ends pay history, removes from project teams, deletes group memberships and clears special rights for specified employee and termination date.
- Enter a Vendor Invoice: Action dialogue to create a Vendor Invoice
- Modify Previous Billed On A Project without Affecting the General Ledger: Creates General Journal entry to Project with offsetting entry to G/L Account
- Open an Historical Year: Creates G/L Period for specified historical Fiscal Year
- Open New G/L Period: As titled with relevant parameters.
- Override Employee Job Title on a Project: Adds job title override for specified employee/project. Will also
 update Time Sheets, Bill Rates if specified.

- Prevent expense sheet from being saved if amount to be reimbursed is different than charge amount: As titled.
- Prevent Overtime with less than 40 or 80 hours: Raises system error during time entry to govern the point at which overtime can be charged.
- · Quick Employee Add: Action dialogue to add an employee
- Quick G/L Account Add: Action dialogue to add a G/L account
- Quick Project Add: Action dialogue to add a Project
- Quick Project Add from Template: Action dialogue to add a Project from a WBS Template.
- Quick Vendor Add: Action dialogue to add a Vendor
- Refund Retainer: Action dialogue to refund an existing retainer.
- Reopen Expense Sheet: Reopens an unapproved expense sheet.
- · Reopen Time Sheet: Reopens an unapproved time sheet.
- Set Start and End Dates for a Level 2 Node: Establishes expense start and end dates for a specified
 Project Level two. Also updates the parent project expense start and end dates.
- Test Employee for Allowable Time Entry: Reports whether or not an employee can charge time to a specified Project node. Also reports charge organization information.
- Void a Check: Action dialogue to void a check.

5.1.2.1 Add a Vendor

Description

This action provides an easy way to add new vendors to your system. The prompt will ask for vendor code, name, and other pertinent information.

After running this action, a new vendor is created with the information provided. The new vendor can be found and edited within "Accounts Payable" -> "Vendors

Suggested Setup/Usage

This action can be added to the sidebar under various modules within InFocus (i.e., Accounts Payable). For more on adding this action to the sidebar, click here. Corresponding permissions must be added to the action to be visible to users.

Prompt

Enter Vendor Code and Name

 Vendor Code and Name - Intended code and name vendor. The next step will validate to make sure code is not already being used. Both items are required

Code Validation

Vendor Code - Checks to see if code is already being used by a firm.

Main Address

Address Information - Provides the main address information for vendor. Supports both Canadian and US postal codes. All fields are optional.

Pay To Address

 Pay to Address information - Can reuse same information from main address or enter new information. All fields are optional.

1099 Info

Vendor 1099 Information - Includes Federal ID and name needed for 1099 form

Defaults

- GL Account Codes Used for direct and indirect account codes related to vendor. Leaving blank will use
 default values per system configuration
- Expense Codes Determines default expense code related to vendor. Leaving blank will use default values per system configuration
- Net Days Net days to add to vendor invoice to calculate due date.
- Is Unit Biller When checked, a units (quantity) field will automatically show in the Purchase Journal for the selected vendor.

EFT Info

- Uses EFT Checking allows for the vendor EFT information provided to be used
- Company Info Typically the Federal EIN number
- · Company Name "Doing Business As" name
- Is account a Savings Account? When checked, flags account as an Savings account. Otherwise considered an Checking account.

Check Writing Info

- Check Memo memo for check for vendor when printed from AP Check Writing applet
- Discount Days Number of days past invoice date when a discount can be realized.
- Discount Percentage Percentage to apply against invoice amount to calculate discount. Entered as a percentage (2.00 = 2%)

Miscellaneous

- Is consultant- When checked, the vendor is flagged as a consultant. It is necessary when using pay when paid reports and it can also be used to filter results in other reports like the Vendor Inquiry. This has no effect on the Labor Distribution process.
- Vendor Type Pulls from Vendor Types list found in "Administration" -> "List Management"

5.1.2.2 Add G/L Accounts to New Org Unit

Description

After running the action, G/L accounts that have not already been added will be added to new org units. Will

throw an error message if unsuccessful.

Suggested Setup/Usage

This action can be added to the sidebar under various modules within InFocus (i.e., General Accounting). For more on adding this action to the sidebar, click here. Corresponding permissions must be added to the action to be visible to users.

Prompt

Add G/L Accounts

- Org Unit The Org Unit with which new G/L Accounts will be added
- Include Income Accounts Checking this includes all accounts marked as "Income". This can be found in "General Accounting" -> "Chart of Accounts" under "Financial Type"
- Include Expense Accounts Checking this includes all accounts marked as "Income". This can be found in "General Accounting" -> "Chart of Accounts" under "Financial Type"
- Only with a Project Metric If checked, only includes accounts that have a Metric Type assigned. This
 can be found in "General Accounting" -> "Chart of Accounts" under "Account Type" -> "Other/Metric
 Type"

5.1.2.3 Auto-create Expense Sheet from Time (Project Level)

Description

After running this action, a new unapproved, unsubmitted expense sheet will be created for the same time period as the time sheet. The new expense sheet will be created at the Project level, not to any underlying WBS levels. The items in the expense code will only generate to projects level that have hours associated in the Time Sheet.

Suggested setup for this action is to modify the action under "Utilities" -> "Custom Reports" -> "Modules / Applets". Checking the Time Sheets Applet and setting the Type to "On Create". No other item within "Custom Reports" can be set to "Time Sheets" -> "On Save" for this to work correctly.

Suggested Setup/Usage

This action can be launched after creating a time sheet. For more on adding this action to the sidebar, click here. Permissions must be added for the action to launch.

Prompt

[No prompts]

5.1.2.4 Auto-create Expense Sheet from Time (WBS Level)

Description

After running this action, a new unapproved, unsubmitted expense sheet will be created for the same time period as the time sheet. The new expense sheet will be created at the corresponding WBS level as the time sheet line. The items in the expense code will only generate to WBS levels that have hours associated in the Time Sheet.

Suggested setup for this action is to modify the action under "Utilities" -> "Custom Reports" -> "Modules / Applets". Checking the Time Sheets Applet and setting the Type to "On Create". No other item within "Custom Reports" can be set to "Time Sheets" -> "On Save" for this to work correctly.

Suggested Setup/Usage

This action can be launched after creating a time sheet. For more on adding this action to the sidebar, click here. Permissions must be added for the action to launch.

Prompt

[No prompts]

5.1.2.5 Bank Transfer Using Disbursement and Receipt

Description

Running this action will transfer bank funds within InFocus from one account to another using the Disbursements/Receipt Journals.

Suggested Setup/Usage

This action can be added to the sidebar under various modules within InFocus (i.e., General Accounting). For more on adding this action to the sidebar, click here. Corresponding permissions must be added to the action to be visible to users.

Prompt

Accounts

- From Bank Account (required) The bank account from which the amount will be moved
- To Bank Account (required) The bank account to which the amount will be moved
- Suspense Account (required) -

Transaction

- Transaction Date (required) The date which will be logged as the date the transfer occurred
- G/L Period (required) The period for which the transfer will be logged against
- Transfer Amount (required) Amount to be transferred.

5.1.2.6 Bank Transfer Using General Journal

Description

Running this action will transfer bank funds within InFocus from one account to another using two General Journal transactions.

Suggested Setup/Usage

This action can be added to the sidebar under various modules within InFocus (i.e., General Accounting). For more on adding this action to the sidebar, click here. Corresponding permissions must be added to the action to be visible to users.

Prompt

Accounts

- From Bank Account (required) The bank account from which the amount will be moved
- To Bank Account (required) The bank account to which the amount will be moved
- Suspense Account (required) -

Transaction

- Transaction Date (required) The date which will be logged as the date the transfer occurred
- G/L Period (required) The period for which the transfer will be logged against
- Transfer Amount (required) Amount to be transferred.

5.1.2.7 Change G/L Period (Any Period)

Description

After running this action, the indicated Journal transaction will be updated to the provided G/L Period. The action allows for any period to be selected.

Suggested Setup/Usage

This action can be added to the sidebar under various modules within InFocus (i.e., General Accounting). For more on adding this action to the sidebar, click here. Corresponding permissions must be added to the action to be visible to users.

Prompt

- Journal (required) The corresponding journal to the ID provided. Options: Disbursement Journal, Employee Reimbursables, General Journal, Receipt Journal, Purchase Journal, Sales Journal
- Transaction ID (required) The Transaction ID corresponding to the journal provided. The ID can be found within each journal in the header
- G/L Period (required) The period to which the transaction will be moved

5.1.2.8 Change G/L Period (Open Periods Only)

Description

After running this action, the indicated Journal transaction will be updated to the provided G/L Period. The action allows for only open periods to be selected.

Suggested Setup/Usage

This action can be added to the sidebar under various modules within InFocus (i.e., General Accounting). For more on adding this action to the sidebar, click here. Corresponding permissions must be added to the action to be visible to users.

Prompt

- Journal (required) The corresponding journal to the ID provided. Options: Disbursement Journal, Employee Reimbursables, General Journal, Receipt Journal, Purchase Journal, Sales Journal
- Transaction ID (required) The Transaction ID corresponding to the journal provided. The ID can be found within each journal in the header
- G/L Period (required) The period to which the transaction will be moved

5.1.2.9 Change Mileage Rate

Description

This action updates the mileage rate from the provided expense code.

From Doc: Versions all expense groups with a supplied effective date and updates the unit rate for the supplied expense code.

Prompt

Enter Information

- New Rate (required) New rate for the mileage
- Effective Date (required) The date the new mileage rate is implemented. Note: this is not intended for a

- date range and will be calculated for all dates going forward until the rate is changed again.
- Mileage Code (required) The corresponding expense code for mileage
- Set Markup to New Rate Checking this option will set both the new mileage rate and the markup to the new rate indicated above

5.1.2.10 Close Multiple Accounting Years

Description

From Doc: Closes accounting years by specified date range and accounting method Running this action will close multiple accounting years that are specified by accounting method.

Prompt

Accounts

• Retained Earnings - In multi-company mode, this account will automatically switch for each company using the base account of the G/L account designated here

Enter closing selections

- First Year (required)- The first inclusive year to close out
- Last Year (required) The last inclusive year to close out
- Accounting Method (required) Cash, Accrual, or Both

5.1.2.11 Compress Time Sheet and Combine Comments

Description

This action consolidates a timesheet by grouping rows by project path. For instance, if multiple lines have the same project path but hours on different rows, this action will bring those rows together, adding the hours together for each day. If a cell contains a comment for hours worked, it will leave those hours excluded from the remaining, uncommented hours.

Prompt

[no prompts]

5.1.2.12 Convert Project Fee Type

Description

This action changes the project fee type from Fixed Fee to Hourly or vice versa. This is accomplished by updating the Sales Journal, Receipts Journal, and the General Journal with the G/L account of the converted project fee type.

Note: If running multi-company, the new G/L account must be within the same company.

Prompt

Project Info

- Project Fixed fee or hourly project to be converted
- Change Choose from "From Hourly To Fixed Fee" or "From Fixed Fee to Hourly"
- Existing G/L Account The corresponding Hourly/Fixed Fee G/L account that the project currently uses
- New G/L Account The corresponding Hourly/Fixed Fee G/L account that the project should point to after conversion

5.1.2.13 Copy Projects From Timesheet (Project Level)

Description

This action is launched from "Personal" -> "Expense Sheets" and copies projects (at bill term level) from a time sheet to an expense sheet for the selected period. To add this action to expense sheets, click on the "Modules/Applets" tab in "Utilities" -> "Custom Reports" and select "Expense Sheets" and change the "Type" drop down to "Toolbar".

NOTE: The time sheet must be in a state of "Saved" or "Submitted" for the projects to be copied to the Expense Sheet.

Prompt

General

 Period End Date (required) - The last day of the time sheet period for which the new expense sheet will be copied

5.1.2.14 Copy Projects From Timesheet (WBS Level)

Description

This action is launched from "Personal" -> "Expense Sheets" and copies projects at the corresponding WBS level from a time sheet to an expense sheet for the selected period. To add this action to expense sheets, click on the "Modules/Applets" tab in "Utilities" -> "Custom Reports" and select "Expense Sheets" and change the "Type" drop down to "Toolbar".

NOTE: The time sheet must be in a state of "Saved" or "Submitted" for the projects to be copied to the Expense Sheet.

Prompt

General

 Period End Date (required) - The last day of the time sheet period for which the new expense sheet will be copied

5.1.2.15 Create a Simple PM Report

Description

This action creates a simple PM Report based on parameters provided through the prompt. After completing, permissions may still need to be adjusted in "Utilities" -> "PM Report Designer" on the "Permissions" tab.

Note: This action honors Project Roles Filtering. Form more details read this article CLICK HERE.

Prompt

General

- Title of the report (required) the new name given to the report
- Orientation (required) the direction in which the new report will print. Portrait or Landscape mode is supported
- Print Project Name on Line above Column Metrics (required)
- Only Print WBS (do not show transaction) the level of detail the report displays
- Periods or Time Frames Number of periods displayed in the report
- Date Range Choose between a date range or as-of date

Other Parameters

- Column Headings
- Column Metrics
- Column Periods

5.1.2.16 Deactivate Employee

Description

Deactivates, resets password, ends pay history, removes from project teams, deletes group memberships and clears special rights for specified employee and termination date.

Prompt

General

- Employee (required) The employee to be deactivated
- Termination Date termination date marked in "Human Resources" -> "Employees" and last date of in "Pay History"

5.1.2.17 Enter a Vendor Invoice

Description

This action creates a vendor invoice from the prompt. The invoice will appear as an entry in the purchase journal after completed

Prompt

General Info

- Vendor -
- Invoice Number -
- Invoice Date -
- Comments to appear in A/P Reports and/or check stubs -

Project Info

- Project -
- Comments to appear in project reports and/or invoices -

Amounts

- Units -
- Unit Rate -

Distribution

General Ledger Account to Charge -

5.1.2.18 Modify Previous Billed On A Project Without Affecting the General Ledger

Description

Creates General Journal entry to Project with offsetting entry to G/L Account

Prompt

General

- Project Project in which the previously billed needs to be adjusted
- Revenue Type The revenue type that the previously billed needs to be adjusted. Can choose from Labor, Other Direct Charges, Out of Contract Consultants, or In-Contract Consultants
- Labor Revenue Type Only applicable when "Labor" is selected for "Revenue Type". Choose from Fixed Fee or Hourly revenue type
- WBS Node (if any) choose which node of the WBS to create the General Journal entry against
- Amount to Record as Previously Billed Amount to adjust the previously billed by. A negative number will
 decrease the previously billed while a positive amount will increase it
- G/L Account account to which the previously billed will be recorded

5.1.2.19 Open an Historical Year

Description

From Doc: Creates G/L Period for specified historical Fiscal Year

Prompt

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.2.20 Open New G/L Period

Description

From Doc: As titled with relevant parameters.				
Prompt				
General •				
Sample(s)				
Outcome				

5.1.2.21 Override Employee Job Title on a Project

Description

From Doc: Adds job title override for specified employee/project. Will also update Time Sheets, Bill Rates if specified.

Prompt

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.2.22 Prevent expense sheet from being saved if amount to be reimbursed is different than charge amount

Description

From Doc: As titled.

	Prompt					
	General •					
	Sample(s)					
	Outcome					
5.1.2.23	Prevent Overtime with less than 40 or 80 hours					
	Description					
	From Doc: Raises system error during time entry to govern the point at which overtime can be charged.					
	Prompt					
	General •					
	Sample(s)					
	Outcome					
5.1.2.24	Project - Edit					
	Description					
	Data: Journal					
	Prompt					

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.2.25 Quick Employee Add

Description

From Doc: Action dialogue to add an employee

Prompt

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.2.26 Quick G/L Account Add

Description

From Doc: Action dialogue to add a G/L account

Prompt

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.2.27 Quick Project Add

Description

From Doc: Action dialogue to add a Project

Prompt

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.2.28 Quick Project Add From Template

Description

From Doc: Action dialogue to add a Project from a WBS Template.

Prompt

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

			_				
51	1.2.3	29	Ou	ick	Ven	dor	bbA

Description

From Doc: Action dialogue to add a Vendor

Prompt

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.2.30 Refund Retainer

Description

From Doc: Action dialogue to refund an existing retainer.

Prompt

General

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Sample(s)

Outcome

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From Doc: Reopens an unapproved expense sheet.

Prompt

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.2.32 Reopen Time Sheet

Description

From Doc: Reopens an unapproved time sheet.

Prompt

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.2.33 Set Start and End Dates for a Level 2 Node

Description

From Doc: Establishes expense start and end dates for a specified Project Level two. Also updates the parent project expense start and end dates.

P	ro	m	nt
ı	ı	111	ρι

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.2.34 Test Employee for allowable time entry

Description

From Doc: Reports whether or not an employee can charge time to a specified Project node. Also reports charge organization information.

Prompt

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.2.35 Time Sheet Work-dates All Allowable

Description

Prompt

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.2.36 Void a Check

Description

From Doc: Action dialogue to void a check.

Prompt

General

•

Sample(s)

Outcome

5.1.3 Data Grids (System)

Overview

Here is a list of the "Out of the box" system Data Grids. A Data Grid is a "grid" pop-up that displays raw data. Data Grids are located at Utilities> Custom Reports> System (System Drop-down)> Data Grids (Type Drop-down).

To activate follow these steps:

- 1. Double-click on the Data Grid that you want to activate and make sure that the "Active" flag is selected.
- 2. Click on the Permissions Tab and select the User/Groups that you want to activate the Data Grid for.
- 3. Click on the Modules/Applet Tab and select the Module that you want the Data Grid to be activated for.
- 4. Click "Save" and the Data Grid is activated.
- 5. Finally, Log out and back into InFocus. Go to the location and you will see the Data Grid there ready to launch like a Custom Report.

Data Grid Descriptions

- Employee Reimbursable Payment Meant to be Assigned to the Employee Reimbursable Applet, The
 Employee Reimbursable Payment Data Grid returns Disbursements and Receipt amounts that have been
 applied to the selected Employee Reimbursable Journal. It shows payment info for accrual entry
 associated with the loaded transaction. This is located in the tool bar under Reports.
- Fiscal Years Not Closed Displays unclosed Fiscal Years for specified Cash/Accrual type and Company.
 The underlying code looks at the General, Sales, Purchase, ER, Disbursement and Receipt Journals to make the determination.
- Purchase Payment Meant to be Assigned to the Purchase Journal Applet, this data grid shows payment
 info for accrual entry associated with the loaded transaction. This is located in the tool bar under
 Reports.
- Sale Payment Meant to be Assigned to the Sales Journal Applet, this data grid shows payment info for accrual entry associated with the loaded transaction. This is located in the tool bar under Reports.
- Transaction Audit Trail Can be assigned to the Sales, Receipt, General, Purchase, Disbursement, ER
 Journals or the Time Sheet Adjustments Applet. It shows a grid style audit trail report for the specified
 transaction
- Trial Balance Data Grid The Trial Balance Data Grid displays account balances based on user driven criteria. This data grid can optionally includes End of Year Closing entries.
- Utilization Detail By Org (Data Grid) An Employee Utilization Data Grid that returns standard utilization data.
- Utilization Summary By Org (Data Grid) An Org Unit Utilization Data Grid that returns standard utilization data.

5.1.4 Warnings (System)

Overview

Here is a list of the "Out of the box" system Warnings. A Warning is a "dismiss-able" pop-up that Warns a user before they perform a particular action. Warnings are located at Utilities> Custom Reports> System (System Drop-down)> Warnings (Type Drop-down).

To activate follow these steps:

- 1. Double-click on the warning that you want to activate and make sure that the "Active" flag is selected.
- 2. Click on the Permissions Tab and select the User/Groups that you want to activate the Warning for.
- Click on the Modules/Applet Tab and select the Applet and Type that you want the Warning to be activated for.
- 4. Click "Save" and the Warning is activated.
- 5. Finally, Log out and back into InFocus. Go to the location and test the scenario to confirm that it is configured correctly.

Warning Descriptions

- Warn on deletion of employee reimbursable that has a payment Warns user when deleting a Employee
 Reimbursable entry with an existing payment against it. This Warning is designed to be assigned to the
 Employee Reimbursables Applet with Type of "On Delete".
- Warn on deletion of purchase that has a payment Warns user when deleting a Purchase entry with an
 existing payment against it. This Warning is designed to be assigned to the Purchase Journal Applet with
 Type of "On Delete".
- Warn on deletion of sales that has a receipt Warns user when deleting a Sales entry with an existing
 payment against it. This Warning is designed to be assigned to the Sales Journal Applet with Type of "On
 Delete".
- Warn on modification of employee reimbursable that has a payment Warns user when editing a
 Employee Reimbursable entry with an existing payment against it. This Warning is designed to be
 assigned to the Employee Reimbursables Applet with Type of "On Save".
- Warn on modification of purchase that has a payment: Warns user when editing a Purchase entry with an
 existing payment against it. This Warning is designed to be assigned to the Purchase Journal Applet with
 Type of "On Save".

- Warn on modification of sales that has a receipt applied: Warns user when editing a Sales entry with an
 existing payment against it. This Warning is designed to be assigned to the Sales Journal Applet with
 Type of "On Save".
- Warn on Prepayments: Warns user if payment is being entered for a period prior to the invoiced period.
- Warn When Project has no Bill Rate Schedule: Warns user if a Bill Rate has not been assigned on the project in use.

5.2 Project Management Reports

Overview

Project Management Reports are project-based reports. PM Reports reside in InFocus at <u>Utilities>PM Report</u> <u>Designer</u>.

Key Concepts

- Here is a video that takes a deeper look into running InFocus reports: More on Running InFocus Reports.
- If you do not see what you want you can search the <u>InFocus Marketplace</u> or Submit a Custom Work Request through the Request Custom Work button at the <u>Clearview Support Website</u>.

5.2.1 PM Reports

Overview

The PM Reports allow you to look at Project Management information. These reports are run (consumed) at Project Management>PM Reports. By clicking on PM Reports, you will be redirected to the PM Reports drop-down where you can select the report to run.

- PM Reports are classified as Project Management Management reports, therefore reside at <u>Utilities>PM</u>
 Report Designer.
- Access to these reports are granted through the Permissions Tab in the PM Report Designer, they are granted on the Permissions Tab. More on the Permissions Tab
- · You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and

modify it. More on Customizing a Project Management Report

 There is a Help Center article that talks about these reports. To view that, follow this link: More on PM Reports

Report Descriptions

- Accounting Summary Summarized project metrics by General Ledger account.
- Accounting Transactions Itemizes project transactions grouped by General Ledger account.
- Expense Transactions Shows detailed non-labor expense transactions.
- Labor Transactions Shows detailed timesheet transactions.
- Market Analysis Summarized project metrics by market sector. When sorted by market sectors, this
 report will apply the market sector factor as established in the project setup to all metrics.
- Project Backlog This project calculates backlog (contract, less billed, less WIP). Used only when using revenue recognition to create General Ledger entries for WIP per project. For all other cases, use Custom Report Contract Backlog.
- Project Budget Analysis (Bill Amount) Compares Project Budget Amounts to Project Actuals at the billable rate (effort).
- Project Budget Analysis (Cost Amount) Compares Project Budget Amounts to Project Actuals at the
 cost rate. For labor transactions, cost is either pay rate, or job cost rate depending on the configuration in
 Global Settings.
- Project Cost Detail (Single Period) Cost transactions for a single period of time.
- Project Cost Detail (Two Periods) Cost transactions for two periods of time.
- Project History Five-section report that includes labor transactions for two periods of time, an ODC section for two periods of time, consultant transactions for two periods of time, budget amounts, and billing amounts (current and inception to date). Cost transactions are at pay rate.
- Project History (Job Cost) Same as Project History except cost transactions are shown at the job cost rate.
- Project Invoices Invoices broken down by metric type.
- Project Plan Budgetary information summarized at the allocation level (Job Title for Labor; Expense Code for Non-Labor) derived from Project Planning.
- Project Profit Summarized project metrics show project profitability. WIP on this report is calculated using general ledger entries against a WIP account.
- Project Profit (Non G/L) Summarized project metrics show project profitability. WIP on this report is calculated using transactions with a billing status of R or H.
- Resource Schedule This report shows scheduled work for a period of time. Its intent is to show

upcoming work.

- Schedule Analysis (Bill Rate) This report compared scheduled Work-to-Date versus Payroll Labor Costto-Date. Non-labor items use cost amount.
- Schedule Analysis (Job Cost Rate) This report compares scheduled Work-to-Date versus Job Cost Labor-to-Date.
- Schedule Analysis (Pay Rate) This report compared scheduled Work-to-Date versus Job Cost Labor-to-Date. Non-labor items use marked up amount.
- Unbilled Charges Project cost transactions with a billing status of R or H summarized at the payee level (employee/vendor).
- Unbilled Charges (Detail) Project cost transactions with a billing status of R or H summarized to the transaction date level.

5.3 Report Management Reports

Overview

All reports not covered under one of the three specific report designers are called standard reports. Report Management reside in InFocus at Utilities>Report Management.

Key Concepts

- Here is a video that takes a deeper look into running InFocus reports: More on Running InFocus Reports.
- If you do not see what you want you can search the <u>InFocus Marketplace</u> or Submit a Custom Work Request through the Request Custom Work button at the <u>Clearview Support Website</u>.

5.3.1 A/P Reports

5.3.1.1 AP Reports

Overview

The A/P Reports allow you to look at Accounts Payable information. These reports are ran (consumed) at Accounts Payable>Reports. By clicking on A/P Reports, you will be redirected to the A/P Reports drop-down where you can select the report to run.

- A/P Reports are classified as Report Management reports, therefore reside at <u>Utilities>Report</u>
 Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report
- There is a Help Center article that talks about these reports. To view that, follow this link: More on A/P
 Reports

Report Descriptions

- A/P Aged The A/P Aged report shows all of the aged balances for any Vendor and A/P Account. Age is shown by using user-defined aging periods that can be adjusted in Global Settings on the A/P Tab.
- A/P Balances The A/P Balances report shows you all of the balances for any Vendor and A/P Account.
 Similar to the A/P Aged, however, no age periods are shown and payments are shown.
- A/P Register This report is a cross between the A/P Balance and A/P Aged reports.

5.3.1.2 Disbursement Journal Report

Overview

The *Disbursement Journal Report* allows you to run different reports against the Disbursement Journal using the criteria below. This reports is ran (consumed) at Accounts Payable>Reports. By clicking on Disbursement Journal Reports, you will be redirected to the Disbursement Journal Reports drop-down where you can select the report to run.

- The Disbursement Journal Report is classified as an Report Management report, therefore reside at Utilities>Report Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

There is a Help Center article that talks about this report. To view that, follow this link: More on the
 Disbursement Journal Report

Filter Criteria

- Starting Period Starting G/L accounting period
- Ending Period Ending G/L accounting period
- All Bank Accounts When checked, all bank accounts are included.
- Single Bank Account When entered, only specified bank account is included.
- Accounts from this Org. When entered, only the specified bank account associated with the specified org. unit is included.
- Include Org. Children When checked, the org. children from the specified org. unit are included.
- Print Projects When checked, projects will print
- Print Periods When checked, the G/L accounting period will print for each transaction. When a
 transaction spans more than one period, the transactions lines are grouped within the appropriate period.
- Print G/L Comments When checked, G/L comments will print.
- Print PM Comments When checked, project management comments will print.
- Print Recap When checked, a summary section showing totals by G/L account will print.

5.3.1.3 ER Reports

Overview

The E/R Reports allow you to look at Employee Reimbursable information. These reports are ran (consumed) at Accounts Payable>Reports. By clicking on E/R Reports, you will be redirected to the E/R Reports dropdown where you can select the report to run.

- E/R Reports are classified as Report Management reports, therefore reside at <u>Utilities>Report</u>
 Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. <u>More on Permissions</u>
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

There is a Help Center article that talks about these reports. To view that, follow this link: More on E/R
 Reports

Report Descriptions

- E/R Aged The E/R Aged report shows you all of the aged balances for any Employee and E/R Account.
 Age is shown by using user defined aging periods that can be adjusted in Global Settings on the A/P Tab.
- E/R Balances The E/R Balances report shows you all of the balances for any Employee and E/R Account. Similar to the E/R Aged, however, no age periods are shown and payments are shown.
- E/R Register This report is a cross between the E/R Balance and E/R Aged reports.

5.3.1.4 Employee Reimbursables Report

Overview

The *Employee Reimbursable Report* (Emp. Reimb. Report) allows you to run different reports against the Employee Reimbursable Journal (Emp. Reimb. Journal) using the criteria below. This reports is ran (consumed) at Accounts Payable>Reports. By clicking on Employee Reimbursable Journal Reports, you will be redirected to the Employee Reimbursable Journal Reports drop-down where you can select the report to run.

Key Concepts

- The Employee Reimbursable Report is classified as an Report Management report, therefore reside at Utilities>Report Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. <u>More on Permissions</u>
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report
- There is a Help Center article that talks about this reports. To view that, follow this link: <u>More on the Employee Reimbursable Journal Report</u>

Filter Criteria

Starting Period - Starting G/L accounting period

- Ending Period Ending G/L accounting period
- All E/R Accounts When checked, all Employee Reimbursable accounts are included.
- Single E/R Account When entered, only specified E/R account is included.
- Accounts from this Org. When entered, only specified E/R account associated with the specified Org.
 Unit is included.
- Include Org. Children When checked, the Org. Children from the specified Org. Unit are included.
- Print Projects When checked, projects will print.
- Print Periods When checked, the G/L accounting period will print for each transaction. When a transaction spans more than one period, the transaction lines are grouped within the appropriate period.
- Print G/L Comments When checked, G/L comments will print.
- Print PM Comments When checked, project management comments will print.
- Print Recap When checked, a summary section showing totals by G/L account will print.

5.3.1.5 Purchase Journal Report

Overview

The *Purchase Journal Report* allows you to run different reports against the Purchase Journal using the criteria below. This reports is ran (consumed) at Accounts Payable>Reports. By clicking on Purchase Journal Reports, you will be redirected to the Purchase Journal Reports drop-down where you can select the report to run.

Key Concepts

- The Purchase Journal Report is classified as an Report Management report, therefore reside at Utilities>Report Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report
- There is a Help Center article that talks about this report. To view that, follow this link: More on the <u>Purchase Journal Report</u>

Filter Criteria

- Starting Period Starting G/L accounting period
- Ending Period Ending G/L accounting period
- All A/P Accounts When checked, all accounts payable accounts are included.
- Single A/P Account When entered, only specified payable account is included.
- Print Projects When checked, projects will print.
- Print Periods When checked, the G/L accounting period will print for each transaction. When a
 transaction spans more than one period, the transactions lines are grouped within the appropriate period.
- Print G/L Comments When checked, G/L comments will print.
- Print PM Comments When checked, project management comments will print.
- Print Recap When checked, a summary section showing totals by G/L account will print.

5.3.2 A/R Reports

5.3.2.1 A/R Reports

Overview

The A/R Reports allow you to look at Accounts Receivable Information.

Key Concepts

- A/R Reports are classified as Report Management reports, therefore reside at <u>Utilities>Report</u>
 <u>Management</u>.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report
- When running an A/R report across multiple A/R accounts, zero balance entries would appear if the Sales Journal used a different A/R account than the receipt.

Report Descriptions

A/R Aged - The A/R Aged Report shows you all of the aged balances for any Client and A/R Account.

Age is shown by using user-defined aging periods that can be adjusted in *Global Settings* on the *A/R* tab.

- A/R Aged By Project Similar to the standard A/R aged but the report does not show or group by client.
- A/R Balances The A/R Balances Report shows you all the balances for any Client and A/R Account. It is similar to the A/R Aged; however, no age periods are shown, but payments are shown.
- A/R Balances By Project Similar to the standard A/R Balances Report but the report does not show or group by client.
- A/R By Revenue Type The A/R by Revenue Type Report shows all balances for any Client and A/R
 Account. This report separates by Labor, ODC, OCC, ICC, Retainage, and Other.
- A/R By Revenue Type Project This report is similar to the standard A/R by Revenue Type, but it does
 not show or group by client.
- A/R Register This report is a cross between the A/R Balance and A/R Aged reports.
- A/R Register by Project This report is the same as the A/R Register report, but sorted by Project.
- Statement of Accounts Statement that shows the client a detailed summary of what they owe.
- Statement of Accounts Labels This report produces mailing labels for statements.

5.3.2.2 Receipt Journal Report

Overview

The Receipt Journal Report allows you to run different reports against the Receipt Journal using the following criteria. This reports is ran (consumed) at Accounts Receivable>Reports. By clicking on Receipt Journal Reports, you will be redirected to the Receipt Journal Reports drop-down where you can select the report to run.

Key Concepts

- The Receipt Journal Report is classified as an Report Management report, therefore reside at Utilities>Report Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. <u>More on Permissions</u>
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

Filter Criteria

- Starting Period Starting G/L accounting period.
- Ending Period Ending G/L accounting period.

- All Bank Accounts When checked, all bank accounts are included.
- Single Bank Account When entered, only specified bank account is included.
- Accounts from this Org. When entered, only specified bank account associated with the specified Org.
 Unit is included.
- Include Org. Children When checked, the Org. Children from the specified Org. Unit are included.
- Print Projects When checked, projects will print.
- Print Periods When checked, the G/L accounting period will print for each transaction. When a transaction spans more than one period, the transactions lines are grouped within the appropriate period.
- Print G/L Comments When checked, G/L comments will print.
- Print PM Comments When checked, project management comments will print.
- Print Recap When checked, a summary section showing totals by G/L account will print.

Basis

- Accrual When selected, receipts are recorded in the report as they occur, regardless of whether or not
 cash has actually changed hands.
- Cash When selected, receipts are recorded in the report when actual cash is received. Expenses are reported when they are actually paid.

5.3.2.3 Sales Journal Report

Overview

The Sales Journal Report allows you to run different reports against the Sales Journal using the following criteria. This reports is ran (consumed) at Accounts Receivable>Reports. By clicking on Sales Journal Reports, you will be redirected to the Sales Journal Reports drop-down where you can select the report to run.

- The Sales Journal Report is classified as an Report Management report, therefore reside at <u>Utilities>Report Management</u>.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

Filter Criteria

- Starting Period Starting G/L accounting period
- Ending Period Ending G/L accounting period
- All A/R Accounts When checked, all Accounts Receivable accounts are included.
- Single A/R Account When entered, only specified Accounts Receivable accounts are included.
- Accounts from this Org. When entered, only specified accounts associated with the specified Org. Unit is included.
- Include Org. Children When checked, the Org. Children from the specified Org. Unit are included.
- Print Projects When checked, projects will print.
- Print Periods When checked, the G/L accounting period will print for each transaction. When a transaction spans more than one period, the transactions lines are grouped within the appropriate period.
- Print G/L Comments When checked, G/L comments will print.
- Print PM Comments When checked, project management comments will print.
- Print Recap When checked, a summary section showing totals by G/L account will print.

5.3.2.4 Linked Transactions

Overview

Linked Transactions is a report of all the linked items in a Sales Journal entry.

Key Concepts

- This reports is run (consumed) at <u>Accounts Receivable>Sales Journal>Tools (toolbar)>Linked</u>
 <u>Transactions</u>. On the pop-up, you will see a Printer icon in the bottom left. This will run the report. You must first have a Sales Journal transaction pulled up.
- The Linked Transactions Report is classified as an Report Management report, therefore reside at Utilities>Report Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

5.3.2.5 Pre-Bill Report

Overview

This standard report will print the billing instructions entered by the project manager.

Key Concepts

- This reports is run (consumed) at <u>Accounts Receivable>PA Bill Review>Prebill (toolbar)</u>.
- When the Reviewed button is checked in PA or PM Bill review, the report column labeled Reviewed By
 will change to Marked Reviewed, signifying the PM has signed off on the changes. The intent of the report
 is to save hard copies of the PM change requests. This report is accurate only if it is printed prior to the
 changes being made.
- The Pre-Bill Report is classified as an Report Management report, therefore reside at <u>Utilities>Report</u>
 Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

5.3.3 Human Resources Reports

5.3.3.1 Cross Charge Reports

Overview

The *Cross Charge* report allows you to run a report to view cross charging for a Home Org. Cross charging in InFocus means that the organizations that charge to a project, that are not the owning organization and are not an established sharing organization, will have the cost of the charges transferred to the owning organization. Likewise, the owning organization receives all earned revenue for those charges.

- The Cross Charge Report is classified as Report Management report, therefore reside at <u>Utilities>Report</u>
 Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and

modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

5.3.3.2 Time Transactions (Dollars)

Overview

The Time Transactions (Dollars) Report allows a user to run a report, to see the pay amount for an employee on different projects within a specified date range.

Key Concepts

- The Time Transactions (Dollars) Report is classified as Report Management report, therefore reside at Utilities>Report Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

5.3.3.3 Time Transactions (Hours)

Overview

The Time Transactions (Hours) Report allows a user to run a report (using the criteria shown in Fig.1), to see the work hours for an employee on different projects within a specified date range.

Key Concepts

- The Time Transactions (Hours) Report is classified as Report Management report, therefore reside at Utilities>Report Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. <u>More on Permissions</u>
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

5.3.3.4 Utilization Reports (Dollars)

Overview

Time Utilization (Dollars) Report is used to analyze how profitable employees are. There are two categories for utilization reports: Hours and Dollars. This is done to allow permissions to be set separately for the type of information contained in the report.

Key Concepts

- There are two types of utilization report: Hours and Dollars. This is done to allow permissions to be set separately for the type of information contained in the report.
- Time Utilization (Dollars) Report is classified as Report Management report, therefore reside at Utilities>Report Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

5.3.3.5 Utilization Reports (Hours)

Overview

Time Utilization (Hours) Report is used to analyze how employees spend their time. There are two categories for utilization reports: Hours and Dollars. This is done to allow permissions to be set separately for the type of information contained in the report.

- There are two types of utilization report: Hours and Dollars. This is done to allow permissions to be set separately for the type of information contained in the report.
- Time Utilization (Hours) Report is classified as Report Management report, therefore reside at <u>Utilities>Report Management</u>.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. <u>More on Permissions</u>

 You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

5.3.4 General Accounting Reports

Enter topic text here.

5.3.4.1 Balance Sheets

Overview

The Balance Sheet is the summary of a company's financial condition at a specific point in time. A balance sheet, or statement of financial position, is a summary of a person's or organization's balances. Assets, liabilities, and ownership equity appear as of a specific date, such as the end of its financial year. A balance sheet is often described as a snapshot of a company's financial condition. Of the four basic financial statements, the balance sheet is the only statement that applies to a single point in time.

Key Concepts

- This is uses a pre-designed standard chart of accounts. InFocus summarizes all income and expense
 accounts into a single line called Current Year Profit (Loss).
- This report is not designed via the Financial Statement Designer. <u>More on the Financial Statement</u>
 Designer
- The Balance Sheet Report is classified as Report Management report, therefore reside at <u>Utilities>Report</u>
 Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report
- There is a Help Center article that discusses a scenario when there is a "Variance in totals between the Balance Sheet and the Income Statement". To view that article, follow this link: <u>More on Variance</u>
 Between Balance Sheet and Income Statement

5.3.4.2 General Journal Report

Overview

The General Journal Report allows you to run different reports against the General Journal using the following criteria.

Key Concepts

- The General Journal Report is classified as an Report Management report, therefore reside at Utilities>Report Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

Filter Criteria

- Starting Period Starting G/L accounting period.
- Ending Period Ending G/L accounting period.
- Limit Accounts by this Org. When entered, only the specified bank account associated with the specified
 Org. Unit is included.
- Include Org. Children When checked, the Org. Children from the specified Org. Unit are included.
- Print Projects When checked, projects will print.
- Print Periods When checked, the G/L accounting period will print for each transaction. When a
 transaction spans more than one period the transactions lines are grouped within the appropriate period.
- Print G/L Comments When checked, G/L comments will print.
- Print PM Comments When checked, project management comments will print.
- Print Recap When checked, a summary section showing totals by G/L account will print.
- Accrual Basis When checked, only transactions flagged accrual or both will be included.
- Cash Basis When checked, only transactions flagged cash or both will be included.

5.3.4.3 General Ledger Reports

Overview

The General Ledger report lists all the sub-ledger transactions for the selected criteria.

Key Concepts

- The General Ledger Report is classified as an Report Management report, therefore reside at Utilities>Report Management.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

5.3.4.4 Income Statements

Overview

The Income Statement is also called a Profit and Loss Statement (P&L). The purpose of the Income Statement is to show managers and investors whether the company made or lost money during the reported period. Income Statements represent a period of time, whereas the Balance Sheet represents a single moment in time.

- This report is not designed via the Financial Statement Designer. <u>More on the Financial Statement</u>
 <u>Designer</u>
- This report is not designed via the Financial Statement Designer. More on the Financial Statement
 Designer
- The Income Statement Report is classified as Report Management report, therefore reside at <u>Utilities>Report Management</u>.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report
- There is a Help Center article that discusses a scenario when there is a "Variance in totals between the Balance Sheet and the Income Statement". To view that article, follow this link: More on Variance

Between Balance Sheet and Income Statement

5.3.4.5 Trial Balance Reports

Overview

In accounting, the Trial Balance is a worksheet listing the balances of each ledger account in two columns, namely Debit and Credit, at a certain date. Under the double-entry system, the total of any debits in any transaction must equal the total of any credits. Therefore, the total of the debit side in a Trial Balance should always be equal to the total of the credit side. The Trial Balance thus serves as a tool to detect errors that can result in the totals not being equal. Credits are often represented as a negative, in which case the total of the Trial Balance should be zero.

Key Concepts

- The Trial Balance Report is classified as an Report Management report, therefore reside at Utilities>Report Management.
- This report is not designed via the Financial Statement Designer. <u>More on the Financial Statement</u>
 Designer
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. More on Permissions
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

5.3.5 Utilities Reports

5.3.5.1 Data Dictionary

Overview

The Data Dictionary report displays descriptions of every table, and column, that comprises the *InFocus* application. The names of the tables and columns in most cases should be self-evident. Running the report requires no parameters.

Key Concepts

- The Data Dictionary Report is classified as Report Management reports, therefore reside at <u>Utilities>Report Management</u>.
- Access to these reports are granted through Permission, they are granted on the User/Group Permissions
 Tab. <u>More on Permissions</u>
- You are unable to modify the Original version of a report, however, you are able to copy a report and modify it. More on Customizing a Report Management Report

5.3.6 Miscellaneous Report Management Reports

Overview

The Miscellaneous Report Management Reports section contains a description of all Miscellaneous Report Management reports not mentioned in the previous sections.

Report Descriptions

A/P Check

Description - The following can be selected as the Check Report on the *Selections Tab* in A/P Check Writing. More on A/P Check Writing

- A/P Check System A/P Check Stock.
- A/P Check Notes System A/P Check Stock including the A/P Comments from the Purchase Journal.
 More on the Purchase Journal
- A/P DLM-102 System A/P Check Stock. The default check layouts in InFocus are designed to work with check style DLM102 from a national stationery company called NEBS. You can purchase them online direct from <u>NEBS</u>.
- A/P DLM-102 Notes System A/P Check Stock including the A/P Comments from the Purchase Journal.
 The default check layouts in InFocus are designed to work with check style DLM102 from a national stationery company called NEBS. You can purchase them online direct from NEBS.

A/P Check Labels

Description - The following can be selected as the Label Report on the *Selections Tab* in A/P Check Writing.

More on A/P Check Writing

A/P Check Labels - Labels that can be printed on Address Labels to affix to an envelope for mailing.

A/P FFT

Description - The following can be selected as the EFT Report on the *Selections Tab* in A/P Check Writing.

More on A/P Check Writing

A/P EFT - EFT Transaction report

A/P Long Stub

Description - When the check count exceeds the "Max. Number of Invs." on the <u>Selections Tab</u>, the Long Stub can be printed on the <u>Post Tab</u> to accompany the check with detail. The following can be selected as the Long Stub Report on the <u>Selections Tab</u> in A/P Check Writing. More on A/P Check Writing

- A/P Long Stub Check Long Stub.
- A/P Long Stub Notes Check Long Stub containing the A/P Comments from the Purchase Journal.

Bank Reconciliation

 Bank Reconciliation - The Bank Rec Report can be launched from the toolbar of Bank Reconciliation applet. It displays information on Selected Bank Account Reconciliation sessions. <u>More on the Bank</u> Reconciliation Toolbar

Chart of Accounts List

Chart of Accounts List - The Chart of Accounts List Report can be launched from the toolbar of the Chart
of Accounts applet. It gives you the option to print a list of Active, Inactive or Both types of Chart of

Accounts. More on the Chart of Accounts Toolbar

Client List

• Client List - The Client List Report can be launched from the toolbar of the Clients applet. It gives you the option to print a list of Active, Inactive or Both types of Clients. More on the Clients Toolbar

Credit Card Reconciliation

 Credit Card Reconciliation - The Credit Card Reconciliation Report can be launched from the toolbar of Credit Card Reconciliation applet. It displays Credit Card Reconciliation information from selected filter criteria. More on the Credit Card Reconciliation Toolbar

CCRec

E/R Check

Description - The following can be selected as the Check Report on the *Selections Tab* in E/R Check Writing. More on E/R Check Writing

- E/R Check System E/R Check Stock.
- E/R Check Notes System E/R Check Stock including the E/R Comments from the Purchase Journal.
 More on the Employee Reimbursable Journal
- E/R DLM-102 System E/R Check Stock. The default check layouts in InFocus are designed to work with check style DLM102 from a national stationery company called NEBS. You can purchase them online direct from NEBS.
- E/R DLM-102 Notes System E/R Check Stock including the E/R Comments from the Purchase Journal.
 The default check layouts in InFocus are designed to work with check style DLM102 from a national stationery company called NEBS. You can purchase them online direct from NEBS.

E/R Check Labels

Description - The following can be selected as the Label Report on the *Selections Tab* in E/R Check Writing.

More on E/R Check Writing

E/R Check Labels - Labels that can be printed on Address Labels to affix to an envelope for mailing.

F/R FFT

- Description The following can be selected as the EFT Report on the Selections Tab in E/R Check Writing. More on E/R Check Writing
- E/R EFT EFT Transaction report

E/R Long Stub

Description - When the check count exceeds the "Max. Number of Invs." on the <u>Selections Tab</u>, the Long Stub can be printed on the <u>Post Tab</u> to accompany the check with detail. The following can be selected as the Long Stub Report on the <u>Selections Tab</u> in E/R Check Writing. <u>More on E/R Check Writing</u>

- E/R Long Stub Check Long Stub.
- E/R Long Stub Notes Check Long Stub containing the E/R Comments from the Purchase Journal.

Employee List

Employee List - The Employee List Report can be launched from the toolbar of the Employees applet. It
gives you the option to print a list of Active, Inactive or Both types of Employee. More on the Employees
 <u>Toolbar</u>

Expense Sheet

• Expense Sheet - The Expense Sheet Report can be launched from the toolbar of the Expense Sheet applet. It gives you a print out of the current Expense Sheet More on the Expense Sheet Toolbar

Form 1099

Form 1099 - The Form 1099 Report can be launched from the toolbar of the Form 1099 applet. It gives
you a print out of the current 1099 session. More on the Form 1099 Toolbar

Form 1099 Labels

Form 1099 Labels - The Form 1099 Labels Report can be launched from the toolbar of the Form 1099
applet. It gives you Labels that can be printed on Address Labels to affix to an envelope for mailing. More
on the Form 1099 Toolbar

Invoice Labels

• Invoice Labels - Labels that can be printed on Address Labels to affix to an envelope for mailing. To show up on the Labels report, the invoices must be Posted.

Labor Postings

• Labor Distribution - If you call up a labor distribution transact in the General Journal it will be available under the View menu option on the toolbar. More on The General Journal Toolbar

Linked Transactions

Linked Transactions - The Linked Transaction Report displays all transactions that are linked to the Sales
Journal. The Linked Transactions Report can be launched from the Linked Transactions pop-up that is run
from the toolbar of the Sales Journal applet. More on the Linked Transaction Menu Option

Manual Check

Description - The following can be selected as the Check Report on the <u>Disbursement Journal>Toolbar</u>. <u>More on the Disbursement Journal</u>

- Manual Check Manual Check Stock.
- Manual DLM-102 System Manual Check Stock. The default check layouts in InFocus are designed to
 work with check style DLM102 from a national stationery company called NEBS. You can purchase them
 online direct from NEBS.

OH Script Results

 OH Script Results - The OH Script Results Report can be launched from the toolbar of the OH Allocation Scripts applet. It gives you the results of the scripts run through Overhead Allocation. <u>More on Overhead</u> Allocation Scripts.

Project List

Project List - The Project List Report can be launched from the toolbar of the Project applet. It gives you
the option to print a list of Active, Inactive or Both types of Projects. More on the Projects Toolbar

Project Planning

Project Planning - The Project Planning Report can be launched from the toolbar of the Project Planning
applet. It gives you a print out of the current Project. You can optionall adjust the Date Ranges and view
Baseline numbers on this report. More on the Project Planning Toolbar

Time Sheet

Time Sheet - The Time Sheet Report can be launched from the toolbar of the Time Sheet applet. It gives
you a print out of the current Time Sheet. More on the Time Sheet Toolbar

Vendor List

Vendor List - The Vendor List Report can be launched from the toolbar of the Vendor applet. It gives you
the option to print a list of Active, Inactive or Both types of Vendors. More on the Vendors Toolbar

Work Order Reports

- Work Order Detail The Work Order Detail Report can be launched from the toolbar of the Work Orders or My Work Orders applets. It gives you the option to print Your Personal Work Orders or Work Orders for an individual. You can also filter by open and or closed Work Orders. More on the Work Orders
 Toolbar (Project Management>Work Orders)
 More on the Work Orders Toolbar (Personal>My Work Orders)
- Work Order List The Work Order Report can be launched from the toolbar of the Work Orders or My
 Work Orders applets. It gives you the option to print Your Personal Work Orders or Work Orders for an
 individual. You can also filter by open and or closed Work Orders. More on the Work Orders Toolbar
 (Project Management>Work Orders) More on the Work Orders Toolbar (Personal>My Work Orders)

5.4 Financial Statements

Overview

InFocus comes out of the box with a set of sample Financial Statements. These designs are based on the Chart of Accounts established by QuickStart. Even if QuickStart was not run, the samples may be installed by following the steps below.

Most Financial Statement requirements can be met using the sample statements, Financial Statements found in the InFocus Marketplace, or statements written using the Financial Statement Designer.

For further customizations, or for assistance with the designer, please contact <u>Clearview Support</u>.

Installing Sample Financial Statements

- 1. Browse to UT>SQL Query. More on the SQL Query applet
- 2. In the query box, enter: fssample_sav.
- 3. Click Run Query from the toolbar.

Once the query has completed, **Query Execution Complete** will appear in the upper right corner of the SQL Query screen. The installed Financial Statements will be available to Financial Statement Designer.

Report Descriptions

- Classified Income & Expense The Income Statement is also called a Profit and Loss Statement (P&L).
 The purpose of the Classified Income & Expense Statement is to show managers and investors whether the company made or lost money during the reported period in a summarized format.
- Itemized Income & Expense The Income Statement is also called a Profit and Loss Statement (P&L). The purpose of the Classified Income & Expense Statement is to show managers and investors whether the company made or lost money during the reported period in an itemized format.
- Classified Balance Sheet The Balance Sheet is the summary of a company's financial condition at a
 specific point in time. A balance sheet, or statement of financial position, is a summary of a person's or
 organization's balances. Assets, liabilities, and ownership equity appear as of a specific date, such as the
 end of its financial year. A balance sheet is often described as a snapshot of a company's financial
 condition.

7 InFocus Advanced

7.1 Actions

Overview

Actions take the power of custom reports and unlocks it to do just about anything. You can use actions to interact with third-party systems or automate complex workflows. There are also hooks throughout the system that allow you to trigger an action when almost anything–clients, vendors, projects–is created or updated.

Key Concepts

Note - Because Actions are so powerful it's easier explained through examples. Here are a few of the endless ways you could use Actions:

- Interact with a third-party system. For example, trigger an export to a project information management system whenever a project is created, or pull in information from a web-based time-tracking app.
- **Simplify multi-step processes.** For example, InFocus 2 comes with a "Refund Retainer" action. Run it, specify who and how much and you're done. Use one of the many built-in Actions or create your own and then put it on your Dashboard for quick access.
- Add warning prompts for specific business rules. For example, "this time sheet isn't over 40 hours, are you sure you want to submit it with overtime?"

Actions are SQL-based, so there is an immense amount of flexibility and power. Take them and run with them, or book someone on our team to write one for your firm.

For more on Custom Report Actions please refer to the Custom Reports section of this manual.

7.1.1 Actions - Overview

Overview

Actions are a platform for automating workflows and extending the functionality of InFocus. Actions can be launched explicitly by the user or called by an in-applet event type or other process (e.g. another Action, InFocus Job, etc.). When run, Actions can include wizard-driven user prompts for input or simply run in the background.

Below are some examples of how you could utilize Actions.

• Interact with a third-party system. For example, trigger an export to a project information management

- system whenever a project is created, or pull in information from a web-based time-tracking app.
- **Simplify multi-step processes**. For example, InFocus comes with a "Refund Retainer" action. Run it, specify who and how much and you're done. Use one of the many built-in Actions or create your own and then put it on your Dashboard for quick access.
- Add warning prompts for specific business rules. For example, "this time sheet isn't over 40 hours, are you sure you want to submit it with overtime?"

Setup

Actions are managed via Custom Report (UT>Custom Reports) where you can create, copy, edit and deploy as appropriate.

TIP Clearview makes several custom Actions available to you though the InFocus Marketplace.

Permissions

To begin, you'll need the following permissions to manage Actions. Permissions are configured through AD>Permissions.

Module	Applet	View	Edit	Add	Delete
Utilities	Custom Reports	X	X	X	X

Managing Actions

As stated above, Actions are managed through the Custom Reports applet (UT>Custom Reports). Similar to Reports, Actions can be of type System or Custom.

- System Actions created by Clearview and shipped with InFocus
- Custom Actions created/installed by your firm

Whether system or custom, all Actions are managed by determining who has **permission to use** them and how the Action should be **deployed**.

Note! As mentioned earlier, Actions (or other processes) can call other Actions. In this case, the called Action does not require permissions or deployment configuration.

Permission to Use

Access permissions govern which users have the right to run an Action and are granted from the Permissions tab in Custom Reports (UT>Custom Reports>Permissions tab). Whether launched by the user or run in the background, the logged in user must have permission to the Action in order for it to fire.

Permissions to an Action can be granted using the steps below:

- 1. Browse to UT>Custom Reports
- 2. Double-click the Action you wish to manage
- 3. Select the Permissions tab
- 4. Grant permissions to the appropriate users/groups
- 5. Click Save

Note! While User Permissions govern who can run the Action, Actions can contain scripting that executes at a level outside access permissions and therefore may not necessarily inherit those access restraints (e.g. the Action may perform commands your user could not otherwise perform). Deploy wisely

Deploying Actions

Actions can be placed throughout InFocus in any of the following locations:

- Module Listed in the main menu under a specified Module
- Applet Listed in-applet from the toolbar or called by an event type from the Applet
 - Toolbar Listed in-applet on the toolbar
 - o Event Type Automated using an in-applet event (e.g. Action launches when a new Project is created)

To deploy an Action,

- 1. Browse to UT>Custom Reports
- 2. Double-click the Action you wish to manage
- 3. Select the Modules/Applets tab
- 4. Deploy the Action as appropriate
 - Module (only) Check to list in the main menu under the selected Module
 - Applet Check to list on the toolbar or to call the Action from the selected Applet using an event type. More on Action Types.
- 5. Check Reload if the applet should reload after running the Action
- 6. Optionally re-title the Action for deployment
- 7. Click Save

Using Actions

Once Actions have been setup, users will simply work with them like any other applet or report in InFocus, in that they will be accessible to launch from their deployed location and/or run when called by the defined event type (etc.).

If the Action includes user prompts, they will display when launched in a wizard interface. If the Action includes an output message, the user will see those messages once the Action has completed.

Next up: Actions- Developing Actions

7.1.2 Actions - Developing Actions

Overview

Advanced

For developers, Actions are a platform to build customized solutions for InFocus and support both SQL and Powershell. Below are a few examples of the kinds of solutions you could build using Actions.

• **Interact with a third-party system**. For example, trigger an export to a project information management system whenever a project is created, or pull in information from a web-based time-tracking app.

- Simplify multi-step processes. For example, InFocus comes with a "Refund Retainer" action. Run it, specify who and how much and you're done. Use one of the many built-in Actions or create your own and then put it on your Dashboard for quick access.
- Add warning prompts for specific business rules. For example, "this time sheet isn't over 40 hours, are you sure you want to submit it with overtime?"

Heads up! Developing Actions requires knowledge of SQL and/or Powershell

Framework

Actions operate on a three-part framework that includes: Parameters, a Script and Return Types.

Parameters

Each Action collects a set of parameters which are then passed to the underlying Script. Parameters can be fed in programmatically (e.g. from InFocus) or sourced from end-user prompts.

Programmatic Parameters

Automated Actions pass two primary parameters: **AppletName** and **KeyID**.

- AppletName (nvarchar) Name of the InFocus Applet initiating the Action
- KeyID (int) The ID of the record loaded in the respective Applet

For example, if running an action to suppress zero-hour timesheet rows when the timesheet it saved, InFocus will programmatically pass the following

```
appletname='timesheetitems', keyid=[record id]
```

Prompts

Prompts can be used to collect parameter inputs from the end-user. Displayed in a modal window, prompts are configured with the following properties:

- Prompt Style (Settings tab) Sets the style of prompt (e.g. Single, Tabbed or Wizard)
- Prompt Type (Settings tab) Sets how information should be organized within the prompt (e.g. Stacked, Horizontal)
- Sections/Steps (tab) Defines the sections of the wizard and can optionally validate input
- Manage Parameters (button) Parameters are configured and assigned to each section/step as applicable. Actions support an unlimited number of parameters.

Once a prompt has been completed by the end-user, the Action will pass the entered parameters to the Script for processing.

Passing Parameters

Regardless of how parameters are collected, they are passed to the script at execution. As such, the script will need to include syntax for receiving the parameters passed. For example,

```
DECLARE @appletname nvarchar(250), @keyid int
-- Get the Applet and Record ID
-- Parameter syntax = '^parameter^'
SELECT @appletname='^appletname^'
```

SELECT @keyid='^keyid^'

Scripts

Scripts process the actual tasks of the Action. Supported query types include SQL and Powershell and are entered in the Query window via Custom Reports (UT>Custom Reports). While not required, as a best practice, Scripts should include a Return Type.

Return Types

When processed, Actions trigger system responses to a defined list of Return Types. An Action can return zero or more return type result sets. If more than one return type is returned, the system will respond to each item in the order returned.

Below is a listing of each Return Type, the response it triggers and allowable fields (data types, and field descriptions) to call.

Return Type	Description	Fields	Data Types	Field Description	Additional Information
Message	Displays a message box on the screen	reterr	numeric	Greater than 0=Success, Less than 0=Error	
		retmsg	nvarchar	The message to display on screen	
Applet	Opens an InFocus Applet	appletname	nvarchar	The name of the applet to open	Chart of Accounts, Clients, Disbursement Journal, Employee Reimbursables, Employees, General Journal, Projects, Project Planning, Purchase Journal, Receipt Journal, Sales Journal, Time Sheet, Vendors, Expense Sheets, Timesheet Adjustments
		keyid	int	The ID of the record to load in the respective applet	
DocID	Downloads a document from Document Manager	docid	int	The ID of the document record to download	Please note, this return type bypasses defined permissions set on the document(s).
Web Call	Makes a call to the web	BrowserWidth	int	If opening a browser, this sets the width	
		BrowserHeight	int	If opening a browser, this sets the width	
Clearview Software	e, li`c.	Content	nvarchar	The override data to post to the weburl	

Additional Considerations

Using SQL RAISEERROR

When processing Actions, it's worth noting that while Return Types define the output of an Action, they don't necessarily reflect the output of the event that fired the action.

So, if an On Save action errors out, the On Save event that fired it **still occurs**. For example: If you created an action to email Time Approvers after a submitted timesheet is saved (On Save) and the action errors out, the Timesheet is still saved. If you want to make your event contingent on the success of the Action, the Action must include an explicit **SQL RAISEERROR** (severity 11) which would then rollback the event.

Next up: Actions - Hello World Tutorial

7.2 API Management

Read more about API Management here.

7.3 Data Views

Overview

Every SQL table in the InFocus database is also represented by a SQL view. A SQL view is a stored query that appears in other applications as a table. This can simplify user queries since many of the standard joining between tables as already been completed.

- InFocus provides two classes of SQL views for end users to use for queries—standard views and extended views.
 - Standard view names are the same as the table name, but with a prefix of SV. Standard views contain all the columns of their table counterpart, as well as all code and title fields from related tables. For instance, querying timesheet items (holds timesheet line items), columns such as projected, jtid, etc. would appear. These are key fields relating to the projects and job titles tables. In standard view, code and title fields from the related table would be joined. The standard view also contains projectcode, projectname, projectpath, projectlongname, jtcode, and jtname.
 - Extended Views have a name beginning with EV_. Extended views are useful views created by InFocus.
 - EV_ProjectTransactions Gathers project related transactions. Field compliment is same as aggregate and non-aggregate in project management report designer.

- EV Marketing Marketing contact information
- EV_Wip Work-in-progress data.

7.4 InFocus Variables

Overview

InFocus gives the user the ability to leverage common variables when building gueries, reports, etc.

Leverage a list of **System Variables** or create custom **Global Variables**.

You can view a full list of available InFocus Variables when using query applets by clicking, for instance, **View Variables** link from Custom Reports or **View Variables** List from the toolbar of Dashboard Queries Manager.

Variables are referenced in queries using the following syntax: **@variable@**. For example: select periodcode, startdate, enddate from glperiods where periodcode='@CURRENTPERIODCODE@'

Next: System Variables

7.4.1 System Variables

Below is a list of System Scripting Variables

Accounting

- @CURRENTPERIODCODE@ Current Period Code, e.g. 2016-11
- @CURRENTPERIODEND@ Current Period End Date, e.g. 2016/11/30
- @CURRENTPERIODMONTH@ Current Period Month, e.g. 4
- @CURRENTPERIODSTART@ Current Period Start Date, e.g. 2016/11/01
- @CURRENTPERIODYEAR@ Current Period Year, e.g. 2016
- @INVOICEPERIODCODE@ Invoicing Period Code, e.g. 2014–11
- @INVOICEPERIODEND@ Invoicing Period End Date, e.g. 2016/11/30
- @INVOICEPERIODMONTH@ Invoicing Period Month, e.g. 4
- @INVOICEPERIODSTART@ Invoicing Period Start Date, e.g. 2016/11/01
- @INVOICEPERIODYEAR@ Invoicing Period Year, e.g. 2016

Company

@COMPANYNAME@ - Company Name, e.g. Casco and Wilson, Inc.

Date/Time

- @AMPM@ AM or PM, e.g. PM
- @DAY@ Current Day of the Month, e.g. 3
- @DAY2@ Current Day of the Month (Padded), e.g. 03
- @HOUR@ Current Hour, e.g. 2
- @HOUR2@ Current Hour (Two Digits), e.g. 02
- @LASTMONTHEND@ End of the Month, e.g. 2016/10/31
- @LASTMONTHSTART@ Start of the Month, e.g. 2016/10/01

- @MINUTE@ Current Minute, e.g. 25
- @MINUTE2@ Current Minute (Two Digits), e.g. 25
- @MONTH@ Current Month Number, e.g.11
- @MONTH2@ Current Month Number (Padded), e.g. 11
- @MONTHEND@ End of the Month, e.g. 2016/11/30
- @MONTHSTART@ Start of the Month, e.g. 2016/11/1
- @NOW@ Current Date and Time on the Server, e.g. Nov 3 2016 2:25PM
- @SECOND@ Current Second, e.g. 43
- @SECOND2@ Current Second (Two Digits), e.g. 43
- @TIME@ Current Time, e.g. 2:25 PM
- @YEAR@ Current Year, e.g. 2016
- @YEAR2@ Current Year (Two Digits), e.g. 16
- @YEAREND@ End of the Year, e.g. 2016/12/31
- @YEARSTART@ First of the Year, e.g. 2016/1/1

User

- @MYCODE@ Logged in user's Employee Code, e.g. LJC01
- @MYEMPID@ Logged in user's Employee ID, e.g. 1
- @MYID@ Logged in user's Employee ID, e.g. 1
- @MYUSERID@ Logged in user's User ID, e.g. 1
- @MYUSERNAME@ Logged in user's Username, e.g. demo

Next: Global Variables

7.4.2 Global Variables

Overview

In addition to system scripting variables, InFocus supports custom variables for use in advanced query applets like SQL Query, Custom Reports and Dashboard Queries Manager.

Created in Global Settings, these variables are assigned a value is inserted into the query at execution.

Global Variables are referenced in queries using the following syntax: @variable@.

Tutorial

In the following example, we'll variablize a specific project's internal ProjectID by creating the variable and utilizing it in the SQL Query applet.

Creating the Variable

- 1. Browse to AD>Global Settings
- 2. Select the Global Variables tab
- 3. Enter the Variable Name: **project**. The Variable calculated column will automatically build the variable **@project@**, which is the syntax for using the variable later.
- 4. Enter a Value of 5
- 5. Click Save

Using the Variable in SQL Query

- 1. Browse to UT>SQL Query
- 2. Enter the following: select projectid, projectpath from projects where projectid=@project@
- 3. Check Replace Variables Before Execution to enable the use of the variable
- 4. Click Run Query from the toolbar

7.5 Labor Distribution

Overview

The purpose of Labor Distribution is to post labor expense to the General Journal to mirror payroll. This is done for firms that need to see a detailed breakdown of their labor expense accounts on their General Ledger and Income Statement.

To learn more about Labor Distribution and understanding if it is right for your company, Click Here

Key Concepts

- When labor distribution is run, the Owning Org. (Profit Center) will receive the labor cost transferred to it.
 If Labor Distribution is run at a rate other than pay rate, the difference between that rate and pay rate will be debited against the Owning Org. of the project and credited against the Home Org. of the employee for employees outside of the Owning Org Unit.
- Labor Distribution posts labor expense figures to the General Ledger based on time sheet entries. The
 process scans time sheets that have been approved, but not yet processed by this utility. In general,
 labor is divided between direct and indirect labor cost accounts.
- Some initial configuration of Labor Distribution is required in Global Settings>Labor Distribution Tab
- When run, this utility makes a single entry for the pay period in the General Journal and marks it as a
 Labor Distribution entry. It then flags all time sheet entries that were a part of the run with the General
 Journal transaction ID. Deleting the General Journal transaction will erase the link to time sheets, allowing
 them to be reprocessed in a future run.
- By running Labor Distribution, you are associating the included time transactions with a G/L Period. If you are attempting to run Project Management Reports by G/L Period, you must be running this utility.
- Every time Labor Distribution is run, any time sheet items that exist prior to the start date (of the pay
 period) are processed and booked to the General Journal as a separate journal entry. This means that
 Labor Distribution could generate two entries. Salary variance is not calculated for prior pay period
 entries.

Note: The purpose of Prior Pay Period Booking is to capture any G/L changes between direct and indirect account that occur when timesheets are moved between projects after the pay period has been processed.

These adjustments usually balance to zero (no change in hours or dollars) but if they do not, the variances will be placed in the payroll and subcontractor clearing accounts accordingly.

Setup Basics

Description - Below is a list of the areas within InFocus that need to be configured in order for the Labor Distribution utility to function correctly. It is highly recommended that you schedule a consulting session with a consulting expert before you begin to use Labor Distribution.

- 1. The <u>Labor Distribution Tab</u> within Global Settings must be 100% configured, with all necessary accounts first created in the chart of accounts.
- Salary amounts must exist in the employee record in the <u>Pay History tab</u> with an amount that represents
 the time frame that is to be used for labor distribution e.g. a semi-monthly amount if the utility is to be run
 for a semi-monthly period.
- Employees must be assigned to a specific Pay Group (<u>Employees>Employee Information Tab</u>) when running the Labor Distribution Utility. Payroll Groups are managed through <u>Administration>List</u> Management>Payroll Groups
- 4. If the user wants to charge specific indirect accounts such as Vacation, PTO, etc., these must be first configured within Expense & G/L Tab">Projects>Expense & G/L Tab.
- 5. The <u>Labor Distribution utility</u> (applet) is used to run this process and is located in the Human Resources module.

7.5.1 Using Compensation Time

Overview

Optionally, Labor Distribution can record compensation time to a compensatory project.

- The compensatory project is specified in Global Settings>Labor Distribution Tab.
- Compensatory time pertains only to exempt employees. When this option is used, the utility will make
 timesheet entries for exempt employees to bring their hours to a standard day. For instance, if a standard
 day is eight hours, and an employee works six hours, then an entry for two hours is made against the
 compensatory project. If the employee works ten hours one day, a negative two hours is made against
 the compensatory project.
- A project management report can be designed to view the totals on this project.

- Negative balances mean the employee is in the hole.
- The variance between Standard Day and Worked Hours is used only on work week days. Weekend hours are booked as negative hours against the compensatory project.

Note - When using Compensatory Time Recording, the salary variance account should ideally go to zero.

Return to Labor Distribution Setup

7.5.2 Clearing and Variance Accounts

Overview

The offset of the direct and indirect postings are divided amount clearing and variance accounts

- There are two clearing accounts: Payroll and Sub-contractor. (Fig.1)
 - Payroll is the offset for employee time. The payroll clearing account represent the gross payroll burden.
 - Sub-contractor is the offset for sub-contractor time. Subcontractors are offset to their own clearing account since they are not part of payroll.
- These accounts are called clearing account because they are assumed to be zeroed-out by another entry
 (i.e. moving money out of the bank and against the clearing account and various payroll deduction
 accounts.
- The Salary Variance (seen in Fig.1) account deals with the variance between a salaried persons average pay rate and what that person actually gets paid. There are two methods for determining variance. These methods are located in the employee pay history table:
 - The Standard Day Method The standard day method allows for change of pay type (hourly or salaried) or salary amount within a pay period. The standard day is based on the average pay rate so the clearing account may not zero out due to rounding. The standard day method can also be used to split time between G/L periods when a payroll transcends two periods. This of course only makes sense in weekly and biweekly payroll and requires running the utility twice.
 - The Salary Amounts Method The salary amount method uses the salary amount and pay type at the start of the pay period only.

Note 1 - When running a semi-monthly or monthly posting, use the Salary Amount Method. When running weekly or biweekly, use either the Salary Amount Method or Standard Day Method.

Note 2 - The standard day method works as follows. The difference between non-premium time and the standard day is applied to the variance at the average pay rate for week days. The formula is (standard hours-hours worked) x pay rate. For weekends all non-premium time reduces the variance by using the formula (0-hours worked) x pay rate. All days with no time entries use the formula standard hours X pay rate.

An employee must have at least one time sheet line item within the work date range to be processed.

Return to Labor Distribution Setup

7.5.3 Use G/L Account derivation

Overview

This section describes how Labor Distribution derives a G/L Account.

Key Concepts

- There are two steps to obtaining G/L Accounts in Labor Distribution: 1) obtaining the Base Code, and then 2) obtaining the Organizational Unit.
 - o For Base Codes
 - Direct Projects The base code defaults to the supplied base codes when running the utility, but can be overridden by setting base accounts at the job title. Direct labor is further split between exempt and non-exempt employees and subcontractors.
 - Indirect Projects---the base code defaults to the supplied base codes when running the utility, but can be overridden by settings at the job title. In turn, accounts can be set up at the project level to override the previous two locations. This allows for separation of indirect cost to various types, such as admin, vacation, or R&D. Like direct labor, indirect labor can be further split between exempt and non-exempt employees and subcontractors.
 - o For Ora, Units
 - The organization unit is the charge organization from the time sheets.
 - This is usually the same as the employee home organization, but can be another organization in the case of cross-charging. The one exception is the markup credit account. This uses the home organization of the time sheets.

Next: Back to the Global Settings>Labor Distribution Tab

7.6 Messages Manager

Read more about Messages Manager here.

7.7 Multi-Company Tab

Overview

Multi-Company (Inter Company Transfers aka. ICT) is used for advanced multi-company support.

Note - Additional setup and training is required to use this feature as well as an associated cost. If you are interested in using ICT, please contact support.

- Multi-Company is Enabled in Global Settings>Multi-Company Tab.
- Multi-company transfers can be achieved through Automated Invoicing.
- When using Multi-Company, top level org units are considered companies.
- A link in the Help About screen allows you to change the active company name. When you change the company name you will see the new name you entered in the screen title bar and all reports will now use that name. This setting is relative to the logged in user and does not persist after you log out of InFocus. This means two different users can simultaneously be operating under different company names.
- A "Use Org Unit for Non-control accounts" has been added to all custom journal by date reports. This
 allows proper filtering in a multi-company scenario.
- Automatic Inter-company Transfers have been added to the Purchase, Disbursement, Employee
 Reimbursable and Receipt Journals, as well as A/P and E/R Check Writing, Labor Distribution, and the
 Import Expense Sheets utility.
- The automatic ICT's (inter-company transfers) are balance sheet line items using the appropriate due-to and due-from accounts as specified in Global Settings on the Multi-Company Tab.
- In Global Settings, four check boxes have been added to the Multi-Company tab to enable automatic ICT in the four aforementioned journals.
- In each journal, an option to Enable ICT has been added to allow user enable/disable automatic ICT.
- In the four processes (the two check writers, import expense sheets and labor distribution) a Post ICT check box has been added.
- In all cases the "Use Multi-Company" option must be enabled in Global Settings.

- When the "Enable ICT" is active in a journal, the automated lined entries made by the system are not editable.
- The use of G/L accounts with no assigned organization is not supported in automatic ICT. This means all of your G/L accounts involved in a transaction must have an associated org unit.
- When more than two companies exist, each company must have separate due-to and due-from accounts
 established in the Global Settings inter-company account settings (matrix). This means that one account
 appears more than once in the matrix.
- Additional setup and training is required to use this feature as well as an associated cost. If you are interested in using ICT, please contact support.

7.8 Multi-Currency

Overview

InFocus 2.0 and greater is currency aware and supports a multiple currency environment whereby a company can operate across multiple currencies. InFocus Multi-Currency (IMC) is configured in four primary modules: *Administration*, *General Accounting, Human Resources* and *Project Administration*. The sections that follow contain an in depth discussion of IMC configuration and utilization. Please note, for current clients wishing to convert to IMC please contact <u>Clearview Support</u> as there are initial procedures that must be followed for accurate setup.

7.8.1 Getting Started

Terms

The following terms are used throughout the manual and are foundational to understanding InFocus Multi-Currency.

<u>InFocus Multi-Currency (IMC)</u> – Refers to the multi-currency feature available in InFocus. This feature allows a system to operate across multiple currencies. Throughout the manual this is referred to as <u>IMC</u>.

<u>Currency Code</u> – International three character monetary code. For example, USD for U.S. Dollars.

<u>Base Currency</u> – All systems will have one base currency which is considered the base system operating currency. Systems not operating in IMC will default to a base currency of USD (U.S. Dollars). Exchange rates for cost and effort is based on system tables and is the rate of exchange from the transactional currency (defined below). The base currency is the currency used for purposes of consolidation. Accounting transaction debits and credits must equal for this currency. Exchange rates for cost and effort is based on system tables and is the rate of exchange from the transactional currency (defined below).

<u>Company Currency</u> – This is utilized when multiple companies or legal entities reside within a single database and those companies operate under differing currencies. This is designated at the first level of organizational units and defines the operating currency of that org. Accounting transaction debits and credits must equal for this currency. Exchange rates for cost and effort is based on system tables and is the rate of exchange from the transactional currency (defined below).

<u>Transactional Currency</u> – This is the real world currency of a given transaction. It is from this currency that monies are translated based on system configured rates of exchange. Transactional currency is derived from the sub-ledger account used on the transaction. For instance, if entering a Purchase Journal, using an AP account assigned a currency of USD, the transactional currency (or currency environment) for the transaction would be USD. As such, transactional currency is set at the sub-ledger account level. Accounting transaction debits and credits must equal for this currency. The existing monetary fields (prior to version 2.0) represent the transactional currency.

<u>Project Currency</u> – The currency used in project administration and project planning and is defined on the project. Project management reports can also optionally print using this currency. Accounting transaction debits and credits *do not* need to equal for this currency. Exchange rates for cost and effort can be overridden at the project level. Please note that project budget amounts are always entered in the Project Currency.

<u>Invoicing Currency</u> – The real world (or transactional) currency for the sales journal and is defined on the project. While multiple currencies can be represented on a single invoice, the Invoicing Currency is the real world currency for a given client invoice transaction. Time and expense journals will hold an invoicing currency at the transactional level. This value can be either the transactional currency (defined by the time sheet employee or sub-ledger respectively) or the project invoice currency. An exchange rate of exactly 1.0 dictates that the invoice currency designation on the transaction is set to the project invoicing currency.

<u>Evaluation Date</u> – The date used in the evaluation of exchange rates for a given transaction. This is represented in each InFocus journal by a date field titled "MC Effective Date".

Precision – Defines columns to the right of the decimal place for a given currency.

<u>Units</u> – This is the smallest unit in a given hard currency. For example, one (for one cent) would be the setting for USD. Units are assigned singular and plural labels for major and minor units. For example, "dollar" and "dollars" (or "cent" and "cents") would be the singular and plural labels respectively for the major and minor units in USD.

<u>Triangulation</u> – For purposes of currency conversion, triangulation is the means by which a currency can be converted to another currency in the absence of globally defined exchange rate. A triangulating currency acts as an interim currency between the two, otherwise relationally undefined, currencies.

<u>Reciprocal</u> – This method, often referred to as the inverse method, is used to define the inverse rate of exchange between two currencies.

Key Concepts

Supported Currencies

InFocus aligns with Microsoft's supported currencies. A full list can be found here.

Currency Pairs

Currency Pairs establishes the exchange relationship between two given currencies. This relationship is defined by an exchange rate as of a given start date and is configured in <u>General Accounting>Multi-Currency</u>. Additionally, the currency pair can act as an inverse partner (optional). For example, if a USD to Euro pair was setup with an inverse relationship, a pair defining Euro to USD would not be needed (and in fact would be not allowed). Inverse pairs use the reciprocal of the stated multiplier when converting in the reverse direction. A pair can also cite a triangulation currency. A triangulation is used when no direct exchange rate between currencies exist. For instance, if an exchange rate from Yen to Euro did not exist but exchanges between Yen and USD and USD to Euro did exist then a Yen to Euro pair could be entered that triangulated via USD.

Exchange Rates

Exchange rates are the vehicle by which monies in one currency are converted to another. InFocus supports Currency based and project-specific Project and/or Invoice exchange rate configuration where the Currency rate acts as a general system rate and the Project and/or Invoice rate acts as a project-specific rate override. Currency exchange rates, configured in Multi-Currency">General Accounting>Multi-Currency, can be set manually or imported from a system defined third party source. Both triangulation and inverse methods are supported. Project and/or Invoice exchange rates, configured in Projects">Projects, only affect the designated project and invoicing currencies. Configured exchange rates can be refreshed as needed.

Exchange Dates and Multipliers

Defined currency pairs include an effective start date for each exchange rate. This start date is utilized by the system to establish the proper exchange multiplier (rate) based on the evaluation date recorded on the transaction. InFocus compares the evaluation date to the currency pair that represents the transactional currency of a given transaction and returns the multiplier of the most recently precedent start date. In the event no exchange rate is found the system uses a multiplier of one (1.0) and colors the transaction currency-related columns red.

Evaluation Date Methods

In IMC, each journal includes a date field titled "MC Effective Date" which represents the evaluation date used to derive the transaction exchange rate, as described above. InFocus supports four methods for determining the default evaluation date:

- 1. Current Accounting Period start date
- Current Accounting Period end date
- 3. Transaction Date
- 4. Today's date (system date)

The default method is set per journal in Administration>Global Settings>Currency Tab.

Multi-Company

In a Multi-Company environment, all companies within a single database must consolidate to one currency-the Base Currency (defined above). Though each company may operate from a different *company currency*, only one currency can be defined when running a consolidated financial statement encompassing both companies. Accounting debits must equal credits for each company currency represented.

MC Revaluations

A new journal has been added to host multi-currency revaluations. Transactions in this journal are marked as realized or unrealized gains and losses. Any revaluation transaction has only two G/L accounts: the subledger account that is being revalued; and the offsetting gains and losses account. Transactional lines include the gain or loss, and can optionally identify the project. A positive value represents a gain while a negative value a loss. This journal does not utilize a debits verses credits approach as a recorded positive value will act as a debit against the sub-ledger (Balance Sheet) account while simultaneously acting as a credit to the gains and losses (P&L) account. While this journal is used by automated system utilities with pre-posting reports to generate realized and unrealized gains and losses, manual entry in this journal is also supported.

Reporting and Automation

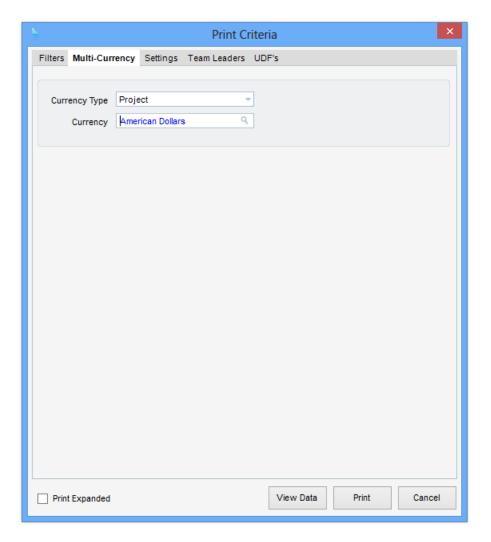
Accounting Reports

The following reports have been up-sized to support printing in Base, Company and Transactional currencies.

- General Ledger (optionally include realized and/or gains and losses)
- Trial Balance
- Financial Statements
- Journal Reports

Project Management Reports

Reports designed in the PM Report Designer support Base, Project, and Invoicing currencies. The user can now filter PM reports by designated currency. For example, a report could be filtered to show results only for projects where the Project currency is set to U.S. Dollars (see below). Please note, the underlying report compiler has been modified to support multi-currency. This new compiler can be utilized by checking "Use 2.0 + Data Format" in Utilities>PM Report Designer under Show Advanced Options.



Custom Reports

The following report has been added to the InFocus system Custom Reports list to support FASB reporting requirements for consolidated balance sheets converting multiple currencies.

MC Consolidated Balance Sheet (FASB)

Automated Accounting Processes

The following processes have been updated to support InFocus Multi-Currency.

- Labor Distribution
- A/P Check Writing
- A/R Check Writing
- Import of Expense Sheets
- Convert To Cash
- Automated Invoicing

7.8.2 Administration

Global Settings

The root setup of IMC is completed in <u>Administration>Global Settings>Currency Tab</u>. Therein Base System Currency and Multi-Currency functionality is defined.

Base System Currency

This defines the base currency InFocus operates from. All systems will have one base currency. This is the currency that all companies within a single database will consolidate to. Although this setting defaults to the U.S. Dollar (USD), it can be customized to reflect any given company's base operating currency.

- Culture Configures the base culture the business is operating in and drives system report formats.
- Symbol Represents the system wide currency symbol.
- Code International three character monetary code. This important setting drives the import of system exchange rates.
- Name Required Field containing the selected culture's currency name.
- Precision Defines columns to the right of the decimal place and drives system rounding. Example: Precision 2 rounds to the nearest hundredth (5.248 = 5.25).
- Unit Represents the smallest unit in the selected currency. Example: For U.S. Dollars, 1 represents the Penny (the system will round to the nearest penny).
- Major Denomination Defines the singular and plural cases for check printing. For example, USD major labels are "dollar" and "dollars".
- Minor Denomination Defines the singular and plural cases for check printing. For example, USD minor labels are "cent" and "cents".

Multi-Currency

This section is only defined when the system should operate across multiple currencies. The configurations herein define the dates that drive configured exchange rates for sub ledger journals.

- Use Multi-Currency Sets the system to operate across multiple currencies.
- Default Evaluation Date Settings
 - Transaction Date Journal based MC Effective date
 - o Period End Date End date of the G/L Period of the transaction
 - o Period Start Date Start date of the G/L Period of the transaction
 - o Today's Date The system date of the transaction

7.8.3 General Accounting

Multi-Currency

If operating across multiple currencies, each currency must be configured in <u>General Accounting>Multi-Currency</u>. This configuration is completed on the Currencies and Currency Pairs tabs.

Currencies

The grid below holds the following general information for each currency defined. Double click the line to

launch the Currency utility as described below.

- Active Indicates that the currency is active
- Base Indicates the system base currency
- Currency Symbol Assigns the associated currency symbol
- Currency Code Currency code used to drive the currency exchange rate
- Currency Name Indicates the associated currency name

Currency Utility

This utility is used to define or edit detailed system settings for new or existing currencies respectively.

- Base Currency Checked if designated as the Base System Currency in <u>Administration>Global</u> Settings>Currency Tab.
- Active Indicates system status of the selected currency
- Culture Configures the base culture the business is operating in and drives system report formats.
- Symbol Represents the system wide currency symbol.
- Code International three character monetary code. This important setting drives the import of system exchange rates.
- Name Required Field containing the selected culture's currency name.
- Precision Defines columns to the right of the decimal place and drives system rounding. Example: Precision 2 rounds to the nearest hundredth (5.248 = 5.25).
- Unit Represents the smallest unit in the selected currency. Example: For USD, 1 represents the Penny (the system will round to the nearest penny).
- Major Denomination Defines the singular and plural cases for check printing. For example, USD major labels are "dollar" and "dollars".
- Minor Denomination Defines the singular and plural cases for check printing. For example, USD minor labels are "cent" and "cents".

Currency Pairs

This tab defines the exchange relationship between currencies and contains the Currency Rates set up tool. Exchange rates can be altered on a daily basis. Both triangulation and inverse (reciprocal) exchanges are supported.

- From The originating currency in the exchange.
- To The destination currency in the exchange.
- Triangulating Currency The interim currency in the exchange if required. A triangulation is used when no direct exchange rate exists between currencies. For instance, if an exchange from Yens to Euros did not exist but Yen to USD and USD to Euro exchanges did exist, the currency pair for Yens to Euros could be defined, triangulated via USD. Please note to utilize a triangulating currency, there must be accompanying currency pairs to define the exchange relationship between the From and Triangulating currency and the Triangulating and To currencies.
- Use Reciprocal Indicates the defined exchanges relationship can be utilized inversely.
- Rates Launches the Currency Rates set up tool (defined below).

Currency Rates Utility

This utility defines the rate to use for the selected currency pair- notice the selected pair is displayed at the top of the utility. Current and Historical rates can be set manually or imported directly from openexchangerates.org and can then be tested for a given Amount/As of Date. An exchange rate must be defined for each exchange relationship in the Currency Pairs grid.

- Amount Originating currency amount to test. Test functionality only.
- As of Date Date by which to test the rate exchange. Test functionality only.
- Start Date Effective date of defined exchange rate
- Rate Exchange rate to be applied to the exchange relationship
- Current Rate When selected, imported rates will be based on currently designated rates
- Historic Rate When selected, imported rates will be based on the selected Historic Rate Date.

Organizational Units

Company currency can be defined on a level one organizational unit in <u>General Accounting>Organizational</u> <u>Units</u>. This configuration is only necessary when operating in a multi-company environment where an individual company currency differs from the Base System Currency.

Chart of Accounts

In IMC, each sub-ledger type account must be assigned an operating currency in <u>General</u> <u>Accounting>Chart of Accounts> Account Associations Tab</u>. The designated currency defines transactional currency where the account is used.

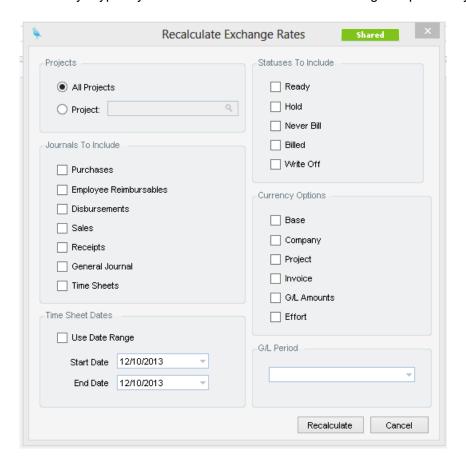
MC Revaluations

A new journal has been added to host multi-currency revaluations. Transactions in this journal are marked as realized or unrealized gains and losses. Any revaluation transaction has only two G/L accounts: the subledger account that is being revalued; and the offsetting gains and losses account. Transactional lines include the gain or loss, and can optionally identify the project. A positive value represents a gain while a negative value a loss. This journal does not utilize a debits verses credits approach as a recorded positive value will act as a debit against the sub-ledger (Balance Sheet) account while simultaneously acting as a credit to the gains and losses (P&L) account. While this journal is used by automated system utilities with pre-posting reports to generate realized and unrealized gains and losses, manual entry in this journal is also supported.

- Manual Marked if entering the transaction manually
- Balance Sheet Account Sub-ledger account being revalued
- Profit / Loss Account Offsetting Gains and Losses account
- GL Period G/L posting period for the revaluation
- Evaluation Date Date used in evaluating the exchange rate
- Realized Indicates a realized or unrealized (unchecked) gain and loss.
- GL Comments (header) General notes for the revaluation.
- Base Amount Amount in Base System Currency
- Company Amount Amount in Company Currency
- Project Specifies the project (optional)
- GL Comments (detail) General notes for the line item

Recalculate Exchange Rates

This utility is an extremely powerful, but important tool that allows the user to recalculate exchange rates historically. Typically this is used to recast rates of exchange for previously undefined exchange rates.



- Projects Defines the projects to include in the range of recalculation
- Journals Defines the journals to include in the range of recalculation
- Time Sheet Dates Defines the optional date range to utilize for Time Sheet recalculation.
- Statuses to Include Defines the bill statuses to include in the range of recalculation
- · Currency Options Defines the currency amounts to include in the recalculation
- G/L Period Defines the G/L Period to recalculate. Please note only single periods are supported.

7.8.4 Project Administration

Projects

In IMC, projects must be assigned designations for both Project and Invoicing Currency and can optionally include Project specific currency and exchange rate overrides. This configuration is completed at <u>Project Administration>Projects>Multi-Currency Tab</u>. These settings impact how the project and invoicing amount currencies are determined on a given transaction. For instance, when a Purchase Journal (USD) is entered against a project and a Currency override exists on the project for the specified Purchase Journal evaluation date and transactional currency, the defined rate override(s) will be used for the project and/or invoice currency amounts respectively. If this match is not found, these amounts will be determined using the currency exchange relationship defined between the transactional currency (Purchase Journal) and main project currency.

Settings

This section holds the Project and Invoicing currency designations. Note the designated currencies must be configured in *General Accounting>Multi Currency*.

- Project Currency The currency used in project administration and project planning for the selected project. Project Management reports can optionally print using this currency for the selected project.
- Invoice Currency The transactional, real world currency used in invoicing (Sales Journal) for the selected project- used for project contracts and invoicing.
- Project Equals Invoice Currency Indicates that the Project currency will always equal the Invoice currency and disables the ability to set Project currency and exchange rate overrides.
- Separate Exchange Rates Allows currency and exchange rate overrides for both Labor and Non-Labor

Currencies

This section defines the project specific currency and exchange rate overrides for the previously designated Project and Invoicing currencies. The available overrides are derived from the defined exchange relationships (General Accounting>Multi-Currency) and only affect project and invoicing currencies for the selected project.

- Use Indicates the ability to utilize the specified currency
- % Button Sets the exchange rate override.

Rate Tester

This utility provides an evaluation of the rate exchange between the specified originating currency and the destination Invoice and Project currencies accounting for configured overrides.

- Currency Originating currency to test.
- Amount Originating currency amount to test.
- As of Date Date by which to test the rate exchange.
- Invoice Labor Converted destination Invoice currency amount for Labor.
- Invoice Non-Labor Converted destination Invoice currency amount for Non-Labor.
- Project Labor Converted destination Project currency amount for Labor.
- Project Non-Labor Converted destination Project currency amount for Non-Labor.

Expense Codes

If utilizing IMC, a currency must be designated on each Expense Code in <u>Project Administration>Expense Codes</u>. This assignment governs the currency environment the code can be utilized in. Though the currency defaults to the Base System Currency, an expense code can be assigned any system-defined currency. Please note, each expense code's currency can also be overridden when adding the expense code to an Expense Group in <u>Project Administration>Expense Groups</u>. For instance, if there is an expense code TRAV for travel, an expense group could hold multiple TRAV expense codes with different currencies.

Currency - Represents the transactional currency in which the expense code is utilized. For example, if
entering a Purchase Journal using an AP Account (USD) only Expense Codes of similar currency would
be available to the transaction.

Rate Schedules

If utilizing IMC, a currency must be designated for each Rate in a Rate Schedule. This assignment governs the transactional currency the rate can be utilized in. Though the currency defaults to the Base System Currency, a Rate can be assigned any system-defined currency. This set up is completed from the Rate Editor in *Project Administration>Rate Schedules*.

Rate Editor

• Currency - Represents the transactional currency in which the rate is utilized. For example, if entering a Time Sheet (U.S. Dollars) only Rates of similar currency would be used in bill, cost or pay rate evaluation.

7.8.5 Human Resources

Employees

All employees must be assigned a currency (or currencies) in <u>Human Resources>Employees>Pay History</u> <u>Tab</u>. This configuration defines the transactional currency for employee time sheets.

Pay History

Each pay history period must have a designated currency. This designation drives the transactional currency of the employee's time sheets within the defined date range of the pay history period. Employees may optionally be assigned multiple pay histories to support additional currencies, however, time frames cannot overlap.

Currency - Designated currency utilized by the selected employee pay history. This designation
determines the transactional currency of the employee's time sheets and (therefore) the evaluation of
available Rate Schedule rates for time entered.

7.9 Organizational Units

Overview

InFocus uses a Parent/Child system to represent the levels of hierarchy within an organization. They are referred to as Organizational Units (aka Profit Centers). Org Units are classified by Org Labels and can represent entities such as: Office, Department, Division, etc.

- The Organization Units applet is where Org. Units (Profit Centers) are managed and ran. More on the Organizational Units applet
- Org. Units are used to define the management hierarchy of a company. Examples can be offices, disciplines, business markets, multiple companies.

- InFocus supports unlimited levels of org units.
- In a Multi-Company scenario, the top level must act as a company. More on Multi-Company
- Employees are assigned to the lowest level.
- Project ownership and sharing can be assigned at any level, but that level must be established databasewide.
- Revenue and Expense can be marked to follow the owner of the project, the employees assigned cost center, or a mixture of the two
- Org. units are integrated with the Chart of Accounts for Cost/Profit Center reporting.
- Org units are exposed in project management reporting to group project metrics (e.g. cost and revenue)
 by organizational unit within a project.

Additional Information

- Employees, G/L base accounts, and projects can be attached to org. units. Employees are assigned only
 to the lowest level of the org. structure to ensure proper Revenue Recognition calculations. More on
 Revenue Recognition
- Projects can be shared among org. units at the specified level established in <u>Global Settings>Project</u>
 <u>Admin Tab>Profit Centers</u>. They can be owned at any level equal to or above the share level. In the case
 of project charging, allowable org. units include not only the established owner or sharing org. unit, but all
 of its children as well.

Example - If a project was assigned to office NY (New York), an employee assigned to NY-AR (office NY-Department Architecture) could charge to it.

Organization Units are established in a tree structure, and each level of the tree is assigned a name.
 Each element on the tree (called a Node) is given a code. The code must be unique with respect to its parent. Since top nodes do not have a node parent, they must be unique with respect to all other top level nodes. The codes are separated by a single character (a delimiter) as specified in *Global Settings*.

Note: While not required, it is best to use the same code for the same thing. For instance, if the structure is office/department, it is best to give similar departments the same code across offices. By doing this they can be rolled together in project management reporting and financial statements.

Example - LA-AR and NY-AR would represent architectural departments in New York and Los Angeles. (Fig. 1)

In general, organization units allow for both profit center reporting and the segmentation of accounting.

7.10 Overhead Allocation

Overview

The Overhead Allocation applet manages how overhead is viewed. This is an Advanced feature offered by InFocus. It is recommended that you contact support to schedule a consultation before you implement this feature.

- The Overhead Allocation applet is where the Allocation scripts are managed and ran. <u>More on the</u>
 Overhead Allocation applet
- There are two ways to view overhead on project management reports.
 - Use the Job Cost Rate to include any overhead burden. This allows the user to view figures down to the transaction level (i.e., employee and work date). If the Job Cost Rate is used for other purposes, or if the Rate Calculations do not field the desired effect, use the Overhead Allocation Journal for this purpose.
 - Overhead Allocation can be made only to the bottom nodes of the WBS and to an accounting period. It cannot be applied to an employee or work date. Using this method allows the user to use the specific overhead variables in Project Management Report Design. These are not used in the default shipped reports.
- The overhead journal allows for two types of transactions: DPE (direct personnel expense) and OH (overhead).
- Overhead (or DPE) for a given period is calculated by multiplying the pay rate by an overhead factor and
 then adding that to all billable projects worked on in the period. This can be done automatically by using
 the Automate Allocation option in the toolbar. Selecting this option will produce a warning that it will delete
 all overhead transactions for the given period.

7.11 Profit Sharing

Overview

Profit Sharing or Profit Center Sharing is accomplished by assigning Organizational Units (aka Profit Centers) to share in a project's revenue and expense. The level of the organization that can be assigned as Sharing Profit Centers is established in Global Settings>Project Admin Tab>Profit Centers Section. When Organizational Units are assigned to a WBS, all employees of that organization (or their Children Org Units) can charge time to that portion of the WBS. More on Organizational Units (aka Org Units)

Profit Center Sharing Levels are established for the four PM types (*Labor, ODC, OCC*, and *ICC*). These levels not only dictate the part of the WBS to which org members can charge, but also represent where organizations can establish intra-profit center caps and rules for Revenue Recognition.

More specific cross-sharing can be established in Profit Center (Org. Unit) reporting where the department to receive cross-charges can be varied between nodes at the sharing level.

Revenue Recognition rules and upset amounts can be established for the owning Profit Center and Sharing Profit Centers. The level where these rules and caps exist must be established for both the owner and the Sharing Profit Centers. It is then calculated for the Owning Profit Center that receives any under-runs or absorbs any over-runs. The owner level cannot exist below the sharing level. More on Revenue Recognition

- The Profit Sharing applet is where the Profit Sharing is managed. More on the Profit Sharing applet
- This utility credits the effort amount (labor at a billing rate and expense at the marked up value) based on the charging profit center. It then debits the owning profit center of the project for the reverse amount.
 - Time and material projects this will yield a profit-sharing based on each center's effort amount.
 - Fixed Fee and Not-To-Exceed type projects all over-run and under-run will be attributed to the owning profit center.
- The second function of revenue recognition is profit sharing within projects. Multiple profit centers can earn revenue on a single project by establishing sharing profit centers on a project. This is done by opening a project and right-clicking on the project name. More on Project Setup
 - The sharing profit centers live at a specified level of the WBS on any given project.
 - This can be varied on a project-by-project basis.
 - Each node at the sharing level can have profit centers assigned for sharing. One of the sharing centers can be designated as the prime sharer.
 - In addition to sharing profit centers, one profit center can be designated as the project owner. This is set at the Bill Terms Node (Project). There are three types of profit centers: owners, primary sharers,

and other sharers. More on Profit Centers (aka Org Units)

All profit centers established at each node can have revenue methods set for the four PM types. In <u>Global Settings>Project Admin Tab>Profit Centers</u>, the level in the organization structure (OBS) project at which sharers live. The owners must then reside at the same level or above. For instance consider the following OBS.

Org Level 1 - Office Org Level 2

New York (NY) Architecture (AR)

Engineering (EN)

Los Angeles (LA) Architecture (AR)

Engineering (EN)

In this scenario, if sharers were designated to live at the 2nd level, shares could be one of four org units: NY-AR, NY-EN, LA-AR and LA-EN. Owners could not only be one of those four, but, in addition, the two offices NY and LA.

When revenue is calculated, it is done in three steps. First, the regular sharers are calculated, then the primary shares, and, finally, the owners. This allows primary sharers and owners can bear the brunt of overruns, or, in the case of owners, gain the benefit of under-runs. For instance, sharers can be set to earned revenue at billable values with no cap while the owner is set with a cap. If the overall project cap is exceeded only the owner would get penalized in this manner.

When the sharer's revenue is calculated, only transactions charged to that profit center are considered. Note that the primary will also be calculated.

The primary sharer for a project node is used only when an overall cap for the node has been established. Revenue calculated for the entire node and its children (after sharing has been calculated) is compared with the overall node cap. If the revenue exceeds the overall node cap then the primary will absorb the over-run.

After revenue has been calculated for sharer's, primary and other, revenue is again recalculated for the entire project using all transactions. Any variance between what has been calculated by the sharers and what is now calculated by the owner is applied to the owner.

7.12 Revenue Recognition

Overview

Revenue Recognition is used to recognize Unbilled Revenue and WIP on the General Ledger. This utility serves two purposes: 1) it posts Earned Revenue and 2) it performs Profit Sharing within projects.

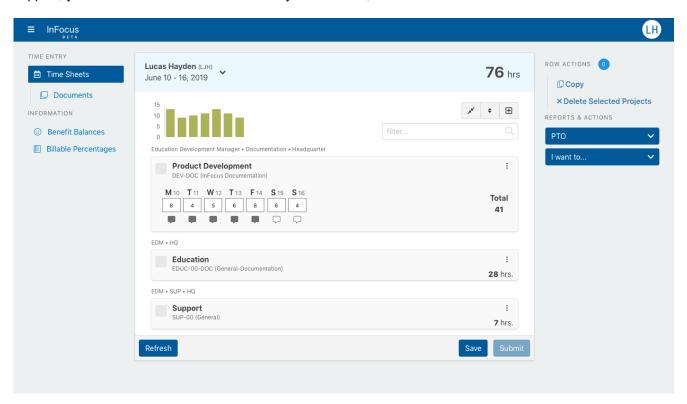
- There is Post Earned Revenue Utility that is used to do this. More on the Posting Earned Revenue Utility
- Revenue recognition is to used to meet the GAAP principle of recognizing revenue in the same

- accounting period that the expense was incurred.
- When the utility is run, labor and expense transactions are calculated based on user-set rules to obtain an earned revenue value on a project-by-project basis. The system then calculates the previous earned revenue. The difference is posted to unbilled revenue and offset to WIP. When automated invoicing is used, whatever gets posted to billed revenue is relieved from WIP and offset against unbilled revenue.
- Rules can be established for each PM type (*labor*, *ODC*, *OCC*, and *ICC*). Rules can analyze expense transactions at cost or marked up (billable value), and analyze labor at any of the three rates (*pay*, *job cost*, or *bill*). Values can then be compared to maximums of upsets to prevent over-valuing. The rules can also earn revenue based on user-entered percent completion.
- All billing statuses (except for *Never Bill*) are included. *Never Bill* is determined in <u>Global</u> Settings>Revenue Recognition Tab.
- When upsets occur, the overage is posted against an upset G/L account set on the Global
 Settings>Revenue Recognition Tab.
 This allows for a separation from the standard unbilled revenue account. You can make this the same as the standard. In other words, you could use one unbilled labor revenue account for both the labor revenue and the upset labor revenue. This technique is also useful regarding expenses.
- Expense revenue will post by expense code if available.
- In the case of a cap, you can post the overage to a separate account without randomly penalizing any expense code.

9 InFocus Web

9.1 Overview

InFocus Web is a browser based web application used for running InFocus. With cross-platform browser support, you can access InFocus Web on any device - PC, Mac or mobile device.



9.2 Getting Started with InFocus Web

9.2.1 Relationship to InFocus

InFocus Web is an accompaniment to InFocus Desktop (the InFocus application that installs and runs on your local PC). From a technical perspective, both applications run on the same database. Records entered or altered in InFocus Web reflect in InFocus Desktop and vise versa.

They are two applications that work in tandem.

For purposes of the documentation that follows, we'll generally refer to InFocus Web by the full product name, "InFocus Web" and InFocus Desktop as simply, InFocus.

9.2.2 Permissions for InFocus Web

User access and Permissions to InFocus Web are governed by <u>standard user permissions</u> configured in InFocus.

InFocus Users are created for each employee in your organization. Once created, users are then granted access to the various applets and reports found throughout InFocus. Permissions granted to a a user in InFocus are extended to that user in InFocus Web.

For instance, if you have permissions to PR>Timesheets in InFocus, you'll have access to Time Sheets in

InFocus Web. Similarly, if you have permission to a suite of analytic dashboards via UT>Dashboard Groups, you'll see those analytic dashboards in InFocus Web.

9.2.3 Responsive Design

InFocus Web is a responsive application which means it will respond to size of the screen you are viewing it in. Whether presenting analytics on a large screen or entering time on your mobile device, it's wired to give you the best viewing experience possible.

To accomplish this, InFocus Web uses intuitive designs geared for the following views.

- Mobile View Default view for accessing from a mobile device
- Full App View Default view for accessing from a larger device such as PC, Mac, etc. Note, Full View
 responds further to the size of your viewing space and will scale accordingly. If a smaller viewing space is
 detected (e.g. resizing your browser) you'll be prompted to refresh in Mobile View. The first time you login
 in Full View, take a moment to resize your browser (up and down) to get the feel for this.

9.2.4 Session Activity & Security

InFocus Web is responsive to session activity. This means that if your session becomes idle, InFocus Web will automatically log you out.

9.3 Logging into InFocus Web

InFocus Web is accessed using your standard InFocus Launch URL.

When browsing to the launch url mobile devices will be seamlessly routed to the InFocus Web login page and, if accessing from a local PC or Mac, you'll be given an additional link for logging into InFocus Web.

When prompted, enter the same username and password used for logging into InFocus. Note, usernames and passwords are governed in InFocus via AD>Permissions.

- Username InFocus username
- Password InFocus password

9.4 InFocus Web Home

Overview

The first thing you see when logging in is your home page where you'll find key information like how many hours you've entered and the current status of your time sheet.

From there you can drill-through to enter time or browse other applets from the Main Menu (upper left).

Note When logging into InFocus Web, you'll be presented with a view that is <u>responsive</u> to the size of your screen.

Navigating InFocus Web

Navigate InFocus Web using the navigation bar at the top of the screen.

From the upper left, the main menu (hamburger icon) is used to browse your available applets, and arrows to navigate from an applet back to the home screen.

From the upper right, you can access your profile information, a direct link to Clearview Support link and Log

out.

Field Descriptions

Main Menu

The Main Menu lists the following applets, based on your InFocus permissions.

- Dashboards Click to view your Analytic Dashboards. Permissions to Dashboards are governed by Dashboard Groups.
- Time Sheets Click to browse to the Time Sheets applet
- InFocus Desktop Launches InFocus Desktop. Note, this only launches when using a <u>supported</u> browser.
- InFocus Mobile Launches InFocus Mobile.

Profile Menu

- · User Name Displays the name of the logged in user
- Clearview Support Click to access Clearview Support
- Log Out Logs the current user out of InFocus Web

9.5 Time Sheets

Overview

Time entry is a core process in InFocus. Entered by each employee and/or consultant, timesheets have a direct impact on billing, project reporting and utilization. The Time Sheets applet gives you the tools you need to record time quickly and accurately.

Time Sheets in InFocus Web, gives you on-the-go access to submit hours timely and with ease.

Note Time Sheets available in InFocus Web are created by your administrator.

How to Enter/Submit Time

Time is entered by selecting a time sheet from the time sheet menu (described below) and using the project cards to enter hours and related comments.

Time Sheet rows are visualized as cards which provide you with basic project information and a clear space for entering time. Projects can be added, copied, edited or deleted from the list of available cards. Optionally, cards can be collapsed or expanded to optimize your viewing space.

- 1. Select a time sheet period
- 2. Add Projects to your time sheet
- 3. Enter hours and related comments for each day in the time sheet period as appropriate
- 4. Click Save
- 5. Once all time is entered and accurate, click Submit

Your time sheet has been submitted.

Field Descriptions

Time Sheet Header

Note Items listed here are presented as icons when viewing from a mobile device. Certain options will be accessed from the menu to the right of the time cards when working in <u>full app view</u>.

- Time Sheet Menu (hamburger icon) Selects a time sheet to load for time entry
- Time Sheet Summary Contains summary information for the loaded time sheet.
- Collapse (arrows icon) Collapses the project cards
- Add Project (plus icon) Adds a project to the time sheet. Projects are added by searching existing Work Orders or Projects. Projects can be searched by name or by project code.
- Group/Sort By (up and down arrows icon) Gives the ability to adjust the grouping and sorting of the project cards on the time sheet.
 - o Group by Client, Labor Code or Project
 - Sort by Project Path, Job Title, Labor Code or Location
- Search/Filter (magnifying glass) Filters the time sheet cards as specified.

Time Card Options

- Check Box (upper left) Selects the specified card for performing row actions such as Copy or Delete.
- Time Entry Boxes Used for entering hours
- Comments Used for entering comments for the associated hours. Optionally, comments can be applied to all weekdays in the week.
- Card Menu (upper right of card)
 - o Collapse Collapses the individual card
 - o Edit Edits the Card information (e.g. Work Order, Project, Job Title, Labor Core, Location).
 - Copy Copies the card
 - Delete Deletes the card

Time Sheet Footer

Note Items listed here are presented as icons when viewing from a mobile device. Certain options will be accessed from the menu to the right of the time cards when working in full app view.

- Refresh Refreshes the applet
- Reports & Actions (lightening icon) Used to access a list of your available reports and actions. Note, available reports and actions are governed by permissions in InFocus Desktop.
- Save/Submit Click to save and/or submit your time sheet. Note, these buttons are presented separately when viewing the full app.

Additional Options

When working in <u>full app view</u>, the following options are broken out as menu items to the right of the time cards.

Row Actions

Row Actions are listed to the right of the time cards when in full app view. These are accessed in mobile view by selecting a time card(s).

- Copy Copies the selected card(s) and adds copies to the bottom of the card view.
- Delete Deletes the selected card(s)

Grouping & Sorting

Gives the ability to adjust the grouping and sorting of the cards on the time sheet.

- Group by Client, Labor Code or Project
- Sort by Project Path, Job Title, Labor Code or Location

Reports & Actions

Used to access a dynamic list of available reports and actions. Note, available reports and actions are governed by permissions in InFocus via <u>UT>Custom Reports</u>.

9.6 Dashboards

Overview

<u>Analytic Dashboards</u> use rich data visualizations allowing you to perform business analysis and gain powerful insights into your data.

InFocus Web gives you real-time access to your analytics wherever your work takes you.

How to view an Analytic Dashboard

The Dashboards applet is accessed through the main menu (hamburger icon) in the upper left hand corner of the screen. Once loaded you'll select a specific analytic dashboard to view from the applet submenu (vertical ellipsis).

Note Your available dashboards are governed by your administrator in InFocus via UT>Dashboard Groups.

- 1. Browse to **Dashboards**
- 2. Select an Analytic Dashboard from the submenu (vertical ellipsis)

Your dashboard will load into view.

Interacting with your Dashboard

When viewing Analytic Dashboards - whether from a mobile device or local PC or Mac - you'll benefit from the following options.

- Expand Expand any item (Chart, Grid, etc.) for a more isolated view. Simply tap the item on your mobile
 device or, hover over the item when viewing from your local PC/Mac and you'll be presented with the
 option to expand.
- Export Analytic Dashboards can be exported in whole or in part by clicking/tapping the export icon (up arrow out of box icon). When available, the export icon is displayed in the upper right hand corner of the dashboard, expanded dashboard item or when hovering over a dashboard item. Supported exports include .PDF, Image and Excel.
- Filter Filters and ranges can be applied to various items on an Analytic Dashboard. For dashboards viewed on a mobile device, tap the filter icon (funnel) in the upper right hand corner to get a full status of all filters in use. From the filter view, tap the listed filters to adjust/apply as appropriate.

- Orientation (mobile view only) InFocus Web will rotate the dashboard to accommodate the orientation of your device
- Gestures (mobile view only) Use common gestures (e.g. double tab, unpinch, etc.) for viewing your Analytic Dashboards

Field Descriptions

Dashboard Header

Note Items listed here are presented in both mobile and full app view unless indicated.

- SubMenu (vertical eclipses) Used to select dashboards to load
- Expand (expand icon) Used to enter full screen mode. Only available from the header when working in full app view.
- Dashboard Title Title of the loaded dashboard
- Export (export icon) Used to export the full dashboard

Additional Options

- Filter (funnel icon) Used to filter results
- Clear Filter (funnel with red x icon) Used to clear filters for a specified item
- Date Range (two flags icon) Used to adjust a date range filter